#### SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1483

### **101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

#### INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE KELLEY (127).

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 9.010, 115.013, 115.081, 115.085, 115.105, 115.107, 115.151, 115.160, 115.225, 115.237, 115.257, 115.277, 115.279, 115.302, 115.417, 115.427, 115.447, 115.449, 115.637, and 115.960, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twenty-six new sections relating to elections, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 9.010, 115.013, 115.081, 115.085, 115.105, 115.107, 115.151, 115.160, 115.225, 115.237, 115.257, 115.277, 115.279, 115.302, 115.417, 115.427, 115.447, 115.449, 115.637, and 115.960, RSMo, are repealed and twenty-six new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 9.010, 21.1020, 28.960, 28.965, 115.013, 115.022, 115.081, 115.085, 115.105, 115.107, 115.151, 115.160, 115.178, 115.225, 115.237, 115.257, 115.277, 115.277, 115.279, 115.302, 115.417, 115.447, 115.449, 115.450, 115.637, and 115.960, to read as follows:

9.010. The first day of January, the third Monday of January, the twelfth day of February, the third Monday in February, the eighth day of May, the last Monday in May, the fourth day of July, the first Monday in September, the second Monday in October, the **Tuesday after the first Monday in November in even-numbered years,** the eleventh day of November, the fourth Thursday in November, and the twenty-fifth of December, are declared and established public holidays; and when any of such holidays falls upon Sunday, the Monday next following shall be considered the holiday. There shall be no holiday for state employees on the fourth Monday of October.

# **21.1020.** 1. There is hereby established a joint committee of the general assembly to be known as the "Joint Committee on Elections", to be comprised of seven

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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3 members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of 4 representatives and the minority floor leader of the house of representatives and seven 5 members of the senate to be appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate and 6 the minority floor leader of the senate. The appointment of each member shall continue 7 during the member's term of office or until a successor has been appointed to fill the 8 member's place when his or her term of office as a member of the general assembly has 9 expired. No party shall be represented by more than four members from the house of 10 representatives or more than four members from the senate. A majority of the joint 11 committee shall constitute a quorum, but the concurrence of a majority of the members 12 shall be required for a determination of any matter within the joint committee's duties.

13 2. The joint committee shall appoint an "Election Integrity Committee". The 14 committee shall be appointed for the first time before October 1, 2022, and reappointed following each general election thereafter. There shall be no limits on the number of 15 terms a committee member may serve. The committee shall be comprised of twenty 16 17 There shall be two members from each congressional district, one members. representing each of the two major political parties receiving the most votes in the 18 19 most recent gubernatorial election. The remaining four members shall be appointed at-20 large, two representing each of the two major political parties receiving the most votes 21 in the most recent gubernatorial election.

(1) Beginning January 1, 2023, the election integrity committee shall implement
 a random auditing system to audit the election results of two precincts, as described in
 this subsection.

(2) Each general election day, the joint committee on elections shall randomly
draw two precincts to audit. One precinct shall be in the largest five precincts by
number of votes received and one precinct shall be in the smallest one hundred precincts
by number of votes received.

(3) The random audits shall be conducted in an expeditious manner with the results reported to the house of representatives and the senate within thirty days. The results of the random audits shall be a public record under chapter 610.

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(4) At least two citizen volunteers shall be present during the audit.

33 (5) If any audit under this section shows clear and convincing evidence of a
34 discrepancy in vote count likely to affect the outcome of any local, state, or federal
35 election, a second audit shall be conducted by two independent teams.

(6) If the second audit confirms discrepancies, a statewide election investigation
 shall be conducted at the order of the joint committee on elections, the election integrity
 committee, or the secretary of state. The recount shall be conducted in the same manner
 as under section 115.601 and the results provided to the general public and candidates.

40 Such recount shall be paid for using the election integrity fund authorized under this 41 section.

42 (7) Any candidate may make use of an audit report to file an election contest of 43 any type as authorized under chapter 115.

**3.** The election integrity committee shall conduct a comprehensive risk assessments of each election authority in the state. The risk assessment may be conducted by an outside entity and shall identify security risks, the magnitude of such risks, and areas that require safeguards. The risk assessment shall include the following:

49 (1) Load testing and stress testing to ensure that the online voter registration
 50 system has sufficient capacity to accommodate foreseeable use, including during periods
 51 of high-volume website use in the week before the voter registration deadline;

52 (2) Screening computers and networks used to support the online voter 53 registration system for malware and other vulnerabilities;

54 (3) Evaluating database infrastructure, including software and operating 55 systems, in order to fortify defenses against cyber attacks; and

56 (4) Identifying any anticipated threats to the security and integrity of data 57 collected, maintained, received, or transmitted by the online voter registration system.

58 4. The requirements of this section shall be subject to appropriation from the 59 election integrity fund.

60 (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Election Integrity Fund", 61 which shall consist of moneys collected under this section. The state treasurer shall be 62 custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer 63 may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon 64 appropriation, moneys in this fund shall be used solely as provided in this section.

65 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys 66 remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the 67 general revenue fund.

(3) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as
other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be
credited to the fund.

28.960. 1. The secretary of state shall have the authority to, at his or her 2 discretion, audit the list of registered voters for any election authority to ensure 3 accuracy.

2. The secretary of state shall provide at least five business days' notice to the
election authority that he or she intends to inspect the list of voter registration records.
Such notice may be sent electronically.

7 **3.** The audits conducted by the secretary of state shall, at a minimum, verify the 8 following:

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(1) That a registered voter is alive;

10 (2) That a registered voter currently resides within the jurisdiction of the 11 election authority; and

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(3) That a registered voter is entitled to vote.

4. If names are found that do not meet the criteria under subsection 3 of this section, the secretary of state shall instruct the election authority to remove the names from the list of registered voters. The secretary of state may conduct a second audit to ensure the names were removed.

5. The election authority shall comply with the secretary of state's office in conducting the audit and shall remove the names identified by the secretary of state. If an election authority does not cooperate with the audit, the secretary of state's office may withhold funds from the election authority.

28.965. 1. The office of secretary of state shall have exclusive authority to promulgate rules pertaining to the use of election equipment, machines, programs, and systems involved with the tabulation and counting of votes. For the purpose of enhancing election security, the secretary of state's office shall be a member of the Center for Internet Security (CIS) and shall employ such security experts as necessary to conduct testing on proposed vendor machines, programs, and systems.

7 2. The office of secretary of state shall require that vendors entering into contracts with election authorities waive all objections to the examination and testing of 8 election equipment, machines, programs, and systems by the office or its employees or 9 agents. The office may examine and test hardware or software and may engage in 10 penetration testing of such vendor-provided equipment. The office shall not approve 11 12 any equipment, machine, program, or system that is capable of internet connection by modem, installed parts, or any other means, except that data transfer by disk or other 13 14 physical drive of any type shall be permissible.

3. The office of secretary of state may forbid the use of election equipment, machines, programs, or systems that violate this section or rules promulgated thereunder. Election authorities who fail to comply with any requirements of this section or rules promulgated thereunder shall be subject to an injunction by any court of proper jurisdiction and to the payment of any court costs and attorney's fees to the office of the secretary of state if such office is the prevailing party in a lawsuit to enforce this section or rules promulgated thereunder.

115.013. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly implies otherwise, the 2 following terms mean:

3 (1) "Automatic tabulating equipment", the apparatus necessary to examine and 4 automatically count votes, and the data processing machines which are used for counting 5 votes and tabulating results **and is air-gapped**, **not connected to a network**, **and unable to** 6 **be connected to the internet or receive outside communications**;

7 (2) "Ballot", the [ballot card,] paper ballot[,] or ballot designed for use with an 8 electronic voting system on which each voter may cast all votes to which he or she is entitled 9 at an election;

(3) ["Ballot card", a ballot which is voted by making a mark which can be tabulated
 by automatic tabulating equipment;

12 (4)] "Ballot label", the card, paper, booklet, page, or other material containing the 13 names of all offices and candidates and statements of all questions to be voted on;

14 [(5)] (4) "Counting location", a location selected by the election authority for the 15 automatic processing or counting, or both, of ballots;

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[(6)] (5) "County", any county in this state or any city not within a county;

17 [(7)] (6) "Disqualified", a determination made by a court of competent jurisdiction, 18 the Missouri ethics commission, an election authority or any other body authorized by law to 19 make such a determination that a candidate is ineligible to hold office or not entitled to be 20 voted on for office;

[(8)] (7) "District", an area within the state or within a political subdivision of the state from which a person is elected to represent the area on a policy-making body with representatives of other areas in the state or political subdivision;

24 [(9)] (8) "Electronic voting machine", any part of an electronic voting system on 25 which a voter is able to cast a ballot under this chapter;

[(10)] (9) "Electronic voting system", a system of casting votes by use of marking
devices, and counting votes by use of automatic tabulating or data processing equipment,
including computerized voting systems;

[(11)] (10) "Established political party" for the state, a political party which, at either of the last two general elections, polled for its candidate for any statewide office more than two percent of the entire vote cast for the office. "Established political party" for any district or political subdivision shall mean a political party which polled more than two percent of the entire vote cast at either of the last two elections in which the district or political subdivision voted as a unit for the election of officers or representatives to serve its area;

[(12)] (11) "Federal office", the office of presidential elector, United States senator, or
 representative in Congress;

37 [(13)] (12) "Independent", a candidate who is not a candidate of any political party
 38 and who is running for an office for which political party candidates may run;

39 [(14)] (13) "Major political party", the political party whose candidates received the
 40 highest or second highest number of votes at the last general election;

41 [(15)] (14) "Marking device", any approved device which will enable the votes to be 42 counted by automatic tabulating equipment;

43 [(16)] (15) "Municipal" or "municipality", a city, village, or incorporated town of this
44 state;

45 [(17)] (16) "New party", any political group which has filed a valid petition and is 46 entitled to place its list of candidates on the ballot at the next general or special election;

47 [(18)] (17) "Nonpartisan", a candidate who is not a candidate of any political party 48 and who is running for an office for which party candidates may not run;

49 [(19)] (18) "Political party", any established political party and any new party;

50 [(20)] (19) "Political subdivision", a county, city, town, village, or township of a 51 township organization county;

52 [(21)] (20) "Polling place", the voting place designated for all voters residing in one 53 or more precincts for any election;

54 [(22)] (21) "Precincts", the geographical areas into which the election authority 55 divides its jurisdiction for the purpose of conducting elections;

56 [(23)] (22) "Public office", any office established by constitution, statute or charter 57 and any employment under the United States, the state of Missouri, or any political 58 subdivision or special district thereof, but does not include any office in the Missouri state 59 defense force or the National Guard or the office of notary public or city attorney in cities of 60 the third classification or cities of the fourth classification;

61 [<del>(24)</del>] **(23)** "Question", any measure on the ballot which can be voted "YES" or 62 "NO";

[(25)] (24) "Relative within the second degree by consanguinity or affinity", a spouse,
 parent, child, grandparent, brother, sister, grandchild, mother-in-law, father-in-law, daughter in-law, or son-in-law;

[(26)] (25) "Special district", any school district, water district, fire protection district,
hospital district, health center, nursing district, or other districts with taxing authority, or other
district formed pursuant to the laws of Missouri to provide limited, specific services;

69 [(27)] (26) "Special election", elections called by any school district, water district,
70 fire protection district, or other district formed pursuant to the laws of Missouri to provide
71 limited, specific services; and

[(28)] (27) "Voting district", the one or more precincts within which all voters vote at
 a single polling place for any election.

115.022. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, neither the state of 2 Missouri nor any political subdivision thereof that conducts elections shall not receive or

3 expend private moneys for preparing, administering, or conducting an election,4 including registering voters.

115.081. 1. Each election authority shall appoint election judges for each polling place within its jurisdiction in accordance with the provisions of this section. The committee 2 3 of each major political party within the jurisdiction of the election authority is authorized to provide the election authority with a list of election judge candidates. The 4 5 candidates shall not be required to reside within the jurisdiction of the election authority. If a committee of a major political party does not provide the number of 6 qualified names required to fill all election judge positions before the date established by 7 the election authority, the election authority may fill the positions as provided in this 8 9 section. If the election authority determines that a name submitted by a committee of a major political party is not qualified to serve as an election judge, the election authority 10 shall allow the party to submit another name before filling the position. 11

In all primary and general elections, the election authority shall appoint [at least
 two] four judges from each major political party to serve at each polling place. No major
 political party shall have a majority of the judges at any polling place. No established party
 shall have a greater number of judges at any polling place than any major political party.

3. In any election that is not a primary or general election, the election authority shall appoint [at least one judge] two judges from each major political party to serve at each polling place. No major political party shall have a majority of the judges at any polling place. No established party shall have a greater number of judges at any polling place than any major political party.

4. The election authority shall designate two of the judges appointed for each polling place, one from each major political party, as supervisory judges. Supervisory judges shall be responsible for the return of election supplies from the polling place to the election authority and shall have any additional duties prescribed by the election authority.

25 5. Election judges may be employed to serve for the first half or last half of any 26 election day. Such judges shall be paid one-half the regular rate of pay. If part-time judges 27 are employed, the election authority shall employ such judges and shall see that a sufficient number for each period are present at all times so as to have the proper total number of judges 28 present at each polling place throughout each election day. The election authority shall 29 require that at each polling place at least one election judge from each political party serve a 30 full day and that at all times during the day there be an equal number of election judges from 31 32 each political party.

6. An election authority may appoint additional election judges representing other established political parties and additional election judges who do not claim a political

35 affiliation. Any question which requires a decision by the majority of judges shall only be 36 made by the judges from the major political parties.

115.085. No person shall be appointed to serve as an election judge who is not a registered voter in this state[; provided that, before any election authority may appoint judges 2 who are registered voters of another election authority's jurisdiction, the election authority 3 shall obtain the written consent of the election authority for the jurisdiction where the 4 5 prospective judges are registered to vote]. If an election authority is unable to fill all election judge positions with registered voters of its jurisdiction, the election authority 6 shall appoint judges who are registered voters of another election authority's 7 jurisdiction. Each election judge shall be a person of good repute and character who can 8 9 speak, read, and write the English language. No person shall serve as an election judge at any polling place in which his or her name or the name of a relative within the second degree, by 10 consanguinity or affinity, appears on the ballot. However, no relative of any unopposed 11 candidate shall be disqualified from serving as an election judge in any election jurisdiction of 12 13 the state. No election judge shall, during his or her term of office, hold any other elective 14 public office, other than as a member of a political party committee or township office, except any person who is elected to a board or commission of a political subdivision or special 15 16 district may serve as an election judge except at a polling place where such political subdivision or special district has an issue or candidate on the ballot. In any county having a 17 18 population of less than two hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, any candidate for the county 19 committee of a political party who is not a candidate for any other office and who is 20 unopposed for election as a member of the committee shall not be disqualified from serving 21 as an election judge.

115.105. 1. The chair of the county committee of each political party named on the ballot shall have the right to designate a challenger for each polling place, who may be 2 present from the time the election judges arrive at the polling place until all ballots are 3 cast on the day of election[, and]; a challenger for each location at which absentee ballots are 4 5 counted, who may be present while the ballots are being prepared for counting and counted; and a challenger for each location where ballots cast at each polling place are returned 6 and counted and results are verified, who may be present until all ballots are returned 7 and counted and results are verified. No later than four business days before the election, 8 9 the chair of each county committee of each political party named on the ballot shall provide signed official designation forms with the names of the designated challengers and substitutes 10 to the local election authority for confirmation of eligibility to serve as a challenger. The 11 12 local election authority, after verifying the eligibility of each designated and substitute challenger, shall sign off on the official designation forms, unless the challenger is found not 13 to have the qualifications established by subsection 5 of this section. If the election authority 14

15 determines that a challenger does not meet the qualifications of subsection 5 of this section, 16 the designating party chair may designate a replacement challenger and provide the local

17 election authority with the name of the replacement challenger before 5:00 p.m. of the18 Monday preceding the election. The designating chair may substitute challengers at his or her19 discretion during such hours.

20 2. Challenges may only be made when the challenger believes the election laws of 21 this state have been or will be violated, and each challenger shall report any such belief to the 22 election judges, or to the election authority if not satisfied with the decision of the election 23 judges.

3. Prior to the close of the polls, challengers may list and give out the names of those
who have voted. The listing and giving out of names of those who have voted by a challenger
shall not be considered giving information tending to show the state of the count.

4. In a presidential primary election, challengers may collect information about the
party ballot selected by the voter and may disclose party affiliation information after the polls
close.

5. All persons selected as challengers shall have the same qualifications required by section 115.085 for election judges, except that **each** such challenger shall be a registered voter in the jurisdiction of the election authority for which the challenger is designated as a challenger.

6. Any challenge by a challenger to a voter's identification for validity shall be made only to the election judges or other election authority. If the poll challenger is not satisfied with the decision of the election judges, then he or she may report his or her belief that the election laws of this state have been or will be violated to the election authority as allowed under this section.

115.107. 1. At every election, the chairman of the county committee of each political
party named on the ballot shall have the right to designate [a watcher] four watchers for each
place votes are counted.

2. Watchers are to observe the counting of the votes and present any complaint of irregularity or law violation to the election judges, or to the election authority if not satisfied with the decision of the election judges. No watcher may be substituted for another on election day.

8 3. No watcher shall report to anyone the name of any person who has or has not 9 voted.

4. A watcher may remain present until all closing certification forms are completed, all equipment is closed and taken down, the transportation case for the ballots is sealed, election materials are returned to the election authority or to the designated collection place for a polling place, and any other duties or procedures required under sections 115.447 to

14 115.491 are completed. A watcher may also remain present at each location at which [absentee] all ballots are counted and may remain present while such ballots are being 15 16 prepared for counting and counted.

5. All persons selected as watchers shall have the same qualifications required by 17 18 section 115.085 for election judges[, except that such watcher shall be a registered voter in the jurisdiction of the election authority for which the watcher is designated as a watcher]. A 19 20 candidate may select his or her own watchers at his or her own expense, provided that 21 the watchers meet the requirements of this section.

115.151. 1. Each qualified applicant who appears before the election authority shall be deemed registered as of the time the applicant's completed, signed and sworn registration 2 3 application is witnessed by the election authority or deputy registration official.

4 2. Each applicant who registers by mail shall be deemed to be registered as of the date the application is postmarked, if such application is accepted and not rejected by the election 5 authority and the verification notice required pursuant to section 115.155 is not returned as 6 7 undeliverable by the postal service.

8 3. Each applicant who registers at a voter registration agency or the division of motor vehicle and drivers licensing of the department of revenue shall be deemed to be registered as 9 10 of the date the application is signed by the applicant, if such application is accepted and not rejected by the election authority and the verification notice required pursuant to section 11 115.155 is not returned as undeliverable by the postal service. Voter registration agencies 12 [and the division of motor vehicle and drivers licensing of the department of revenue] shall 13 14 transmit voter registration application forms to the appropriate election authority not later than five business days after the form is completed by the applicant. The division of motor 15 vehicle and driver licensing of the department of revenue shall transmit voter 16 registration application forms to the appropriate election authority not later than three 17 business days after the form is completed by the applicant. 18

115.160. 1. All Missouri driver's license applicants shall receive a voter registration 2 application form as a simultaneous part of the application for a driver's license, renewal of driver's license, change of address, duplicate request and a nondriver's license. 3

4 2. If a single application form is used, the voter registration application portion of any application described in subsection 1 of this section may not require any information that 5 duplicates information required in the driver's license portion of the form, except a second 6 7 signature or other information required by law.

8 3. After conferring with the secretary of state as the chief state election official 9 responsible for overseeing of the voter registration process, the director of revenue shall adopt rules and regulations pertaining to the format of the voter registration application used by the 10 department. The director of revenue shall utilize electronic voter registration application 11

12 forms and provide for secure electronic transfer of voter registration information to 13 election authorities. The secretary of state and the director of revenue shall ensure the 14 confidentiality and integrity of the voter registration data collected, maintained, 15 received, or transmitted under this section.

4. No information relating to the failure of an applicant for a driver's license or
nondriver's license to sign a voter registration application may be used for any purpose other
than voter registration.

19 5. Any voter registration application received pursuant to the provisions of this 20 section shall be forwarded, in a secure and electronic manner, to the election authority located within that county or any city not within a county, or if there is more than one election 21 authority within the county, then to the election authority located nearest to the location where 22 23 the driver's license application was received. Voter registration information, including an 24 electronic image of the signature of the applicant, shall be transmitted in a format compatible with the Missouri voter registration system established under section 25 26 115.158 that allows for review by the election authority and does not require the election 27 authority to manually reenter the information. The election authority receiving the application forms shall review the applications and forward, in a secure and electronic 28 29 manner, any applications pertaining to a different election authority to that election authority.

30 6. A completed voter registration application accepted in the driver's licensing
31 process shall be transmitted to the election authority described in subsection 5 of this section
32 not later than five business days after the form is completed by the applicant.

7. Any person registering to vote when applying for or renewing a Missouri driver's
license shall submit with the application form a copy of a birth certificate, a Native American
tribal document, or other proof of United States citizenship, a valid Missouri driver's license,
or other form of personal identification.

115.178. An election authority may remove names from voter registration lists at 2 any time a review of such lists identifies an individual that is not entitled to vote under 3 the laws of this state.

115.225. 1. Before use by election authorities in this state, the secretary of state shall
approve the marking devices and the automatic tabulating equipment used in electronic
voting systems and may promulgate rules and regulations to implement the intent of sections
115.225 to 115.235.

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2. No electronic voting system shall be approved unless it:

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(1) Permits voting in absolute secrecy;

7 (2) Permits each voter to vote for as many candidates for each office as a voter is 8 lawfully entitled to vote for;

9 (3) Permits each voter to vote for or against as many questions as a voter is lawfully 10 entitled to vote on, and no more;

11 (4) Provides facilities for each voter to cast as many write-in votes for each office as a 12 voter is lawfully entitled to cast;

(5) Permits each voter in a primary election to vote for the candidates of only one 13 14 party announced by the voter in advance;

15 (6) Permits each voter at a presidential election to vote by use of a single mark for the 16 candidates of one party or group of petitioners for president, vice president and their 17 presidential electors;

18 (7) Accurately counts all proper votes cast for each candidate and for and against each 19 question;

20 (8) Is set to reject all votes, except write-in votes, for any office and on any question 21 when the number of votes exceeds the number a voter is lawfully entitled to cast;

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(9) Permits each voter, while voting, to clearly see the ballot label;

23 (10) Has been tested and is certified by an independent authority that meets the voting 24 system standards developed by the Federal Election Commission or its successor agency. The 25 provisions of this subdivision shall not be required for any system purchased prior to August 26 28, 2002.

27 3. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules and regulations to allow the use of a 28 computerized voting system. The procedures shall provide for the use of a computerized 29 voting system with the ability to provide a paper audit trail. Notwithstanding any provisions 30 of this chapter to the contrary, such a system may allow for the storage of processed ballot materials in an electronic form. 31

32 4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies 33 with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. 34 This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 35 36 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to 37 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 38 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid 39 and void.

40 5. If an election authority uses any touchscreen, direct-recording, or electronic 41 vote-counting machine, the election authority may continue to use such machine. Upon the removal of such voting machine from the election authority's inventory because of 42 43 mechanical malfunction, wear and tear, or any other reason, the machine shall not be 44 replaced and no additional direct-recording electronic voting machine shall be added to the election authority's inventory. Such machines shall not be used beginning January 45

46 1, 2023, except that election authorities may allow the machines to be used by voters who 47 are disabled for as long as the machines are functional. Replacement of equipment for 48 use by voters who are disabled shall be with paper ballot marking devices designed to 49 assist voters.

50 6. Election authorities shall be members of the Center for Internet Security 51 (CIS) and shall allow cyber security review of their office by the secretary of state. If an 52 election authority denies access for cyber security review, the secretary of state may 53 publicize a notice of noncompliance in a newspaper within the jurisdiction of the 54 election authority or in electronic format. The secretary of state is also authorized to 55 withhold funds from an election authority in violation of this section unless such funding 56 is a federal mandate or part of a federal and state agreement.

57 7. The secretary of state shall have the authority to require cyber security 58 testing, including penetration testing, of vendor machines, programs, and systems. 59 Failure to participate in such testing shall result in a revocation of vendor certification. 60 Upon notice from another jurisdiction of cyber security failures or certification 61 withholds or revocation, the secretary of state shall have authority to revoke or withhold 62 certification for vendors. The requirements of this section shall be subject to 63 appropriation for the purpose of cyber security testing.

115.237. 1. Each ballot printed or designed for use with an electronic voting system 2 for any election pursuant to this chapter shall contain all questions and the names of all offices and candidates certified or filed pursuant to this chapter and no other. Beginning January 1, 3 4 2023, the official ballot shall be a paper ballot that is hand-marked by the voter, or in the 5 case of voters with disabilities who need assistance, by a paper ballot marking device designed to assist voters, except as provided under subsection 5 of section 115.225. As 6 7 far as practicable, all questions and the names of all offices and candidates for which each voter is entitled to vote shall be printed on one page except for the ballot for political party 8 committee persons in polling places not utilizing an electronic voting system which may be 9 10 printed separately and in conformity with the requirements contained in this section. As far as practicable, ballots containing only questions and the names of nonpartisan offices and 11 candidates shall be printed in accordance with the provisions of this section, except that the 12 ballot information may be listed in vertical or horizontal rows. The names of candidates for 13 each office shall be listed in the order in which they are filed. 14

15 2. In polling places using electronic voting systems, the ballot information may be 16 arranged in vertical or horizontal rows or on a number of separate pages or screens. In any 17 event, the name of each candidate, the candidate's party, the office for which he or she is a 18 candidate, and each question shall be indicated clearly on the ballot.

19 3. Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed as prohibiting the use of a separate paper ballot for questions or for the presidential preference primary in any polling place using 20 21 an electronic voting system.

22 4. Where electronic voting systems are used and when write-in votes are authorized 23 by law, a write-in ballot, which may be in the form of a separate paper ballot, card, or 24 envelope, may be provided by the election authority to permit each voter to write in the names 25 of persons whose names do not appear on the ballot.

26 5. No ballot printed or designed for use with an electronic voting system for any 27 partisan election held under this chapter shall allow a person to vote a straight political party ticket. For purposes of this subsection, a "straight political party ticket" means voting for all 28 29 of the candidates for elective office who are on the ballot representing a single political party by a single selection on the ballot. 30

31 6. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules that specify uniform standards for 32 ballot layout for each electronic or computerized ballot counting system approved under the 33 provisions of section 115.225 so that the ballot used with any counting system is, where 34 possible, consistent with the intent of this section. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the format specified in this section if it does not meet the requirements of the ballot 35 36 counting system used by the election authority.

37 7. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies 38 with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. 39 40 This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to 41 42 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 43 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void. 44

115.257. 1. In jurisdictions where electronic voting machines are used, the election 2 authority shall cause the voting machines to be put in order, set, adjusted and made ready for 3 voting before they are delivered to polling places.

4

2. At least five days before preparing electronic voting machines for any election, 5 notice of the time and place of such preparation shall be mailed to each independent candidate and the chairman of the county committee of each established political party named on the 6 7 ballot. The preparation shall be watched by two observers designated by the election authority, one from each major political party, and shall be open to representatives of the 8 9 political parties, candidates, the news media and the public.

10 3. When an electronic voting machine has been examined by such observers and 11 shown to be in good working order, the machine shall be locked against voting. The 12 observers shall certify the vote count on each machine is set at zero.

4. After an electronic voting machine has been properly prepared and locked, its keys
shall be retained by the election authority and delivered to the election judges along with the
other election supplies.

16 5. For the purpose of processing absentee ballots[-] cast by voters in person in the 17 office of the election authority that is deemed a designated polling place, the election authority [may] shall cause voting machines, if used, to be put in order, set, adjusted, tested, 18 and made ready for voting within one business day of the printing of absentee ballots as 19 20 provided in section 115.281. The election authority shall have the recording counter except 21 for the protective counter on the voting machine set to zero (000). After the voting machines 22 have been made ready for voting, the election authority shall not permit any person to handle any voting machine, except voters while they are voting and others expressly authorized by 23 24 the election authority. The election authority shall neither be nor permit any other person to be in any position or near any position that enables the authority or person to see how any 25 absentee voter votes or has voted. 26

6. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the on-site storage of electronic voting machines and the preparation of the electronic machines for voting, provided the electronic voting machines are put in order, set, adjusted and made ready for voting as provided in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 of this section.

115.277. 1. Except as provided in subsections 2, 3, 4, and 5 of this section, any registered voter of this state may vote by absentee ballot for all candidates and issues for which such voter would be eligible to vote at the polling place if such voter expects to be prevented from going to the polls to vote on election day due to:

5 (1) Absence on election day from the jurisdiction of the election authority in which 6 such voter is registered to vote;

7 (2) Incapacity or confinement due to illness or physical disability, including a person
8 who is primarily responsible for the physical care of a person who is incapacitated or confined
9 due to illness or disability;

10

(3) Religious belief or practice;

(4) Employment as an election authority, as a member of an election authority, or byan election authority at a location other than such voter's polling place;

13

(5) Incarceration, provided all qualifications for voting are retained; or

14 (6) Certified participation in the address confidentiality program established under
 15 sections 589.660 to 589.681 because of safety concerns[; or

(7) For an election that occurs during the year 2020, the voter has contracted or is in
 an at-risk category for contracting or transmitting severe acute respiratory syndrome
 coronavirus 2. This subdivision shall expire on December 31, 2020].

19 2. Any covered voter who is eligible to register and vote in this state may vote in any election for federal office, statewide office, state legislative office, or statewide ballot 20 initiatives by submitting a federal postcard application to apply to vote by absentee ballot or 21 22 by submitting a federal postcard application at the polling place even though the person is not 23 registered. A federal postcard application submitted by a covered voter pursuant to this 24 subsection shall also serve as a voter registration application under section 115.908 and the election authority shall, if satisfied that the applicant is entitled to register, place the voter's 25 name on the voter registration file. Each covered voter may vote by absentee ballot or, upon 26 27 submitting an affidavit that the person is qualified to vote in the election, may vote at the 28 person's polling place.

3. Any interstate former resident may vote by absentee ballot for presidential and vicepresidential electors.

4. Any intrastate new resident may vote by absentee ballot at the election for presidential and vice presidential electors, United States senator, representative in Congress, statewide elected officials and statewide questions, propositions and amendments from such resident's new jurisdiction of residence after registering to vote in such resident's new jurisdiction of residence.

5. Any new resident may vote by absentee ballot for presidential and vice presidential
 electors after registering to vote in such resident's new jurisdiction of residence.

38 6. [For purposes of this section, the voters who are in an at-risk category for
 39 contracting or transmitting severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 are voters who:
 40 (1) Are sixty-five years of age or older;

41 (2) Live in a long-term care facility licensed under chapter 198;

42 (3) Have chronic lung disease or moderate to severe asthma;

43 (4) Have serious heart conditions;

44 (5) Are immunocompromised;

45 (6) Have diabetes;

46 (7) Have chronic kidney disease and are undergoing dialysis; or

47 (8) Have liver disease] A voter who casts an absentee ballot in person at the 48 election authority shall be required to show identification as required under section 49 115.427.

115.279. 1. Application for an absentee ballot may be made by the applicant in2 person, or by mail, or for the applicant, in person, by his or her guardian or a relative within3 the second degree by consanguinity or affinity. The election authority shall accept

4 applications by facsimile transmission and by electronic mail within the limits of its 5 telecommunications capacity.

6 2. Each application shall be made to the election authority of the jurisdiction in which the person is or would be registered. Each application shall be in writing and shall state the 7 applicant's name, address at which he or she is or would be registered, his or her reason for 8 9 voting an absentee ballot, the address to which the ballot is to be mailed, if mailing is requested, and for absent uniformed services and overseas applicants, the applicant's email 10 address if electronic transmission is requested. If the reason for the applicant voting absentee 11 is due to the reasons established under subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of section 115.277, the 12 applicant shall state the voter's identification information provided by the address 13 14 confidentiality program in lieu of the applicant's name, address at which he or she is or 15 would be registered, and address to which the ballot is to be mailed, if mailing is requested. Each application to vote in a primary election shall also state which ballot the applicant 16 wishes to receive. If any application fails to designate a ballot, the election authority shall, 17 within three working days after receiving the application, notify the applicant by mail that it 18 19 will be unable to deliver an absentee ballot until the applicant designates which political party 20 ballot he or she wishes to receive. If the applicant does not respond to the request for political 21 party designation, the election authority is authorized to provide the voter with that part of the 22 ballot for which no political party designation is required.

3. [Except as provided in subsection 3 of section 115.281,] All applications for 23 24 absentee ballots received prior to the sixth Tuesday before an election shall be stored at the 25 office of the election authority until such time as the applications are processed in accordance 26 with section 115.281. No application for an absentee ballot received in the office of the 27 election authority by mail, by facsimile transmission, by electronic mail, or by a guardian or 28 relative after 5:00 p.m. on the second Wednesday immediately prior to the election shall be 29 accepted by any election authority. No application for an absentee ballot submitted by the applicant in person after 5:00 p.m. on the day before the election shall be accepted by any 30 31 election authority, except as provided in subsections 6, 8 and 9 of this section.

32 4. Each application for an absentee ballot shall be signed by the applicant or, if the application is made by a guardian or relative pursuant to this section, the application shall be 33 signed by the guardian or relative, who shall note on the application his or her relationship to 34 the applicant. If an applicant, guardian or relative is blind, unable to read or write the English 35 36 language or physically incapable of signing the application, he or she shall sign by mark, witnessed by the signature of an election official or person of his or her own choosing. Any 37 38 person who knowingly makes, delivers or mails a fraudulent absentee ballot application shall 39 be guilty of a class one election offense.

5. (1) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any resident of the state of Missouri who resides outside the boundaries of the United States or who is on active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States or members of their immediate family living with them may request an absentee ballot for both the primary and subsequent general election with one application.

45 (2) The election authority shall provide each absent uniformed services voter and 46 each overseas voter who submits a voter registration application or an absentee ballot request, 47 if the election authority rejects the application or request, with the reasons for the rejection.

48 (3) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, if a standard oath regarding 49 material misstatements of fact is adopted for uniformed and overseas voters pursuant to the 50 Help America Vote Act of 2002, the election authority shall accept such oath for voter 51 registration, absentee ballot, or other election-related materials.

52 (4) Not later than sixty days after the date of each regularly scheduled general election for federal office, each election authority which administered the election shall 53 54 submit to the secretary of state in a format prescribed by the secretary a report on the 55 combined number of absentee ballots transmitted to, and returned by, absent uniformed 56 services voters and overseas voters for the election. The secretary shall submit to the Election 57 Assistance Commission a combined report of such information not later than ninety days after the date of each regularly scheduled general election for federal office and in a standardized 58 59 format developed by the commission pursuant to the Help America Vote Act of 2002. The 60 secretary shall make the report available to the general public.

61 (5) As used in this section, the terms "absent uniformed services voter" and "overseas
62 voter" shall have the meaning prescribed in 52 U.S.C. Section 20310.

63 6. An application for an absentee ballot by a new resident shall be submitted in person 64 by the applicant in the office of the election authority in the election jurisdiction in which 65 such applicant resides. The application shall be received by the election authority no later 66 than 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election. Such application shall be in the form of an affidavit, 67 executed in duplicate in the presence of the election authority or any authorized officer of the 68 election authority, and in substantially the following form:

69 "STATE OF

70 COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_, ss.

71 I, \_\_\_\_\_, do solemnly swear that:

72 (1) Before becoming a resident of this state, I resided at \_\_\_\_\_ (residence address) in
73 \_\_\_\_\_ (town, township, village or city) of \_\_\_\_\_ County in the state of \_\_\_\_\_;
74 (2) I moved to this state after the last day to register to vote in such general presidential

75 election and I am now residing in the county of , state of Missouri;

51

76	(3) I believe I am entitled pursuant to the laws of this state to vote in the presidential			
77	election to be held November, (year);			
78	(4) I hereby make application for a presidential and vice presidential ballot. I have not			
79	voted and shall not vote other than by this ballot at such election.			
80	Signed			
81	(Applicant)			
82				
83	(Residence Address)			
84	Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of,			
85	Signed			
86	(Title and name of officer authorized to administer oaths)"			
87	7. The election authority in whose office an application is filed pursuant to subsection			
88	6 of this section shall immediately send a duplicate of such application to the appropriate			
89	official of the state in which the new resident applicant last resided and shall file the original			
90	of such application in its office.			
91	8. An application for an absentee ballot by an intrastate new resident shall be made in			
92	person by the applicant in the office of the election authority in the election jurisdiction in			
93	which such applicant resides. The application shall be received by the election authority no			
94	later than 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election. Such application shall be in the form of an			
95	affidavit, executed in duplicate in the presence of the election authority or an authorized			
96	officer of the election authority, and in substantially the following form:			
97	"STATE OF			
98	COUNTY OF, ss.			
99	I,, do solemnly swear that:			
100	(1) Before becoming a resident of this election jurisdiction, I resided at			
101	(residence address) in (town, township, village or city) of county in			
102	the state of;			
103	(2) I moved to this election jurisdiction after the last day to register to vote in such			
104	election;			
105	(3) I believe I am entitled pursuant to the laws of this state to vote in the election to be			
106	held (date);			
107	(4) I hereby make application for an absentee ballot for candidates and issues on which			
108	I am entitled to vote pursuant to the laws of this state. I have not voted and shall not			
109	vote other than by this ballot at such election.			
110	Signed			
111	(Applicant)			

112 113 (Residence Address) Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of , 114 115 Signed 116 (Title and name of officer authorized to administer oaths)" 117 9. An application for an absentee ballot by an interstate former resident shall be received in the office of the election authority where the applicant was formerly registered by 118 5:00 p.m. on the second Wednesday immediately prior to the election, unless the application 119 is made in person by the applicant in the office of the election authority, in which case such 120 121 application shall be made no later than 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election. 122 10. No individual or organization, including local election authorities and boards 123 of election, shall distribute unsolicited applications for absentee ballots by mail, email, 124 or any other means. Violation of the provisions of this subsection shall be a class four 125 election offense. 115.302. [1. Any registered voter of this state may east a mail-in ballot as provided in this section. Nothing in this section shall prevent a voter from casting an absentee ballot, 2 provided such person has not cast a ballot pursuant to this section. Application for a mail-in 3 ballot may be made by the applicant in person, or by United States mail, or on behalf of the 4 applicant by his or her guardian or relative within the second degree of consanguinity or 5 affinity. 6 2. Each application for a mail-in ballot shall be made to the election authority of the 7 jurisdiction in which the person is registered. Each application shall be in writing and shall 8 state the applicant's name, address at which he or she is registered, the address to which the 9 10 ballot is to be mailed. 11 3. All applications for mail-in ballots received prior to the sixth Tuesday before an 12 election shall be stored at the office of the election authority until such time as the 13 applications are processed under section 115.281. No application for a mail-in ballot received 14 in the office of the election authority after 5:00 p.m. on the second Wednesday immediately prior to the election shall be accepted by any election authority. 15 4. Each application for a mail-in ballot shall be signed by the applicant or, if the 16 application is made by a guardian or relative under this section, the application shall be signed 17 by the guardian or relative, who shall note on the application his or her relationship to the 18 applicant. If an applicant, guardian, or relative is blind, unable to read or write the English 19 language, or physically incapable of signing the application, he or she shall sign by mark that 20 is witnessed by the signature of an election official or person of his or her choice. Knowingly 21

22	making, delivering, or mailing a fraudulent mail-in-ballot application is a class one election		
23	offense.		
24	5. Not later than the sixth Tuesday prior to each election, or within fourteen days after		
25	candidate names or questions are certified under section 115.125, the election authority sha		
26	cause to have printed and made available a sufficient quantity of ballots, ballot envelopes, and		
27	mailing envelopes. As soon as possible after a proper official calls a special state or coun		
28	election, the election authority shall cause to have printed and made available a sufficient		
29	quantity of mail-in ballots, ballot envelopes, and mailing envelopes.		
30	6. Each ballot envelope shall bear a statement in substantially the same form		
31	described in subsection 9 of this section. In addition, any person providing assistance to the		
32	mail-in voter shall include a signature on the envelope identifying the person providing such		
33	assistance under penalties of perjury. Persons authorized to vote only for federal and		
34	statewide offices shall also state their former Missouri residence.		
35	7. The statement for persons voting mail in ballots who are registered voters shall be		
36	in substantially the following form:]		
37	[State of Missouri]		
38	[County (City) of]		
39	[I, (print name), a registered voter of County (City of		
40	St. Louis, Kansas City), declare under the penalties of perjury that: I		
41	am qualified to vote at this election; I have not voted and will not vote		
42	other than by this ballot at this election. I further state that I marked the		
43	enclosed ballot in secret or that I am blind, unable to read or write		
44	English, or physically incapable of marking the ballot, and the person		
45	of my choosing indicated below marked the ballot at my direction; all		
46	of the information on this statement is, to the best of my knowledge		
47	and belief, true.]		
48			
49	[Signature of Voter] [Signature of Person]		
50	[Assisting Voter]		
51	[ <del>(if applicable)</del> ]		
52	[Subscribed and sworn to before me thisday of,		
53			
54			
55	[Signature of notary or other officer authorized to administer oaths.]		
56	[]		
57			

58 [Mailing addresses]

59 [(if different)]

60 [8. Upon receipt of a signed application for a mail-in ballot and if satisfied that the applicant is entitled to vote by mail-in ballot, the election authority shall, within three 61 working days after receiving the application, or, if mail-in ballots are not available at the time 62 the application is received, within five working days after such ballots become available, 63 deliver to the voter a mail-in ballot, ballot envelope and such instructions as are necessary for 64 the applicant to vote. If the election authority is not satisfied that any applicant is entitled to 65 66 vote by mail-in ballot, the authority shall not deliver a mail-in ballot to the applicant. Within three working days of receiving such an application, the election authority shall notify the 67 68 applicant and state the reason he or she is not entitled to vote by mail-in ballot. The applicant 69 may file a complaint with the elections division of the secretary of state's office under section <del>115.219.</del> 70 71 9. On the mailing and ballot envelopes for each covered voter, the election authority shall stamp the words "ELECTION BALLOT, STATE OF MISSOURI" and "U.S. Postage 72 73 Paid, 39 U.S.C. Section 3406". 74 10. No information which encourages a vote for or against a candidate or issue shall be provided to any voter with a mail-in ballot. 75 11. Upon receiving a mail-in ballot by mail, the voter shall mark the ballot in secret, 76 place the ballot in the ballot envelope, seal the envelope and fill out the statement on the 77 ballot envelope. The statement required under subsection 7 of this section shall be subscribed 78 and sworn to before a notary public or other officer authorized by law to administer oaths. If 79 80 the voter is blind, unable to read or write the English language, or physically incapable of voting the ballot, the voter may be assisted by a person of the voter's own choosing. Any 81 person who assists a voter and in any manner coerces or initiates a request or suggestion that 82 83 the voter vote for or against, or refrain from voting on, any question or candidate, shall be guilty of a class one election offense. If, upon counting, challenge, or election contest, it is 84 85 ascertained that any mail-in ballot was voted with unlawful assistance, the ballot shall be rejected. 86 87 12. Each mail-in ballot shall be returned to the election authority in the ballot envelope and shall only be returned by the voter by United States mail. 88 89 13. The secretary of state may prescribe uniform regulations with respect to the

90 printing of ballot envelopes and mailing envelopes, which shall comply with standards 91 established by federal law or postal regulations. Mailing envelopes for use in returning 92 ballots shall be printed with business reply permits so that any ballot returned by mail does 93 not require postage. All fees and costs for establishing and maintaining the business reply

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and postage-free mail for all ballots cast shall be paid by the secretary of state through state 95 appropriations. 96 14. All votes on each mail-in ballot received by an election authority at or before the 97 time fixed by law for the closing of the polls on election day shall be counted. No votes on any mail-in ballot received by an election authority after the time fixed by law for the closing 98 99 of the polls on election day shall be counted.

15. If sufficient evidence is shown to an election authority that any mail-in voter has 100 101 died prior to the opening of the polls on election day, the ballot of the deceased voter shall be rejected if it is still sealed in the ballot envelope. Any such rejected ballot, still sealed in its 102 ballot envelope, shall be sealed with the application and any other papers connected therewith 103 in an envelope marked "Rejected ballot of , a mail-in voter of voting district". 104 The reason for rejection shall be noted on the envelope, which shall be kept by the election 105 authority with the other ballots from the election until the ballots are destroyed according to 106 107 law.

108 16. As each mail-in ballot is received by the election authority, the election authority 109 shall indicate its receipt on the list.

110 17. All mail-in ballot envelopes received by the election authority shall be kept 111 together in a safe place and shall not be opened except as provided under this chapter.

112 18. Mail-in ballots shall be counted using the procedures set out in sections 115.297, 115.299, 115.300, and 115.303. 113

114 19. The false execution of a mail in ballot is a class one election offense. The 115 attorney general or any prosecuting or circuit attorney shall have the authority to prosecute such offense either in the county of residence of the person or in the circuit court of Cole 116

117 County.

118 20. The provisions of this section shall apply only to an election that occurs during the year 2020, to avoid the risk of contracting or transmitting severe acute respiratory 119 syndrome coronavirus 2. 120

121 21. The provisions of this section terminate and shall be repealed on December 31, 2020, and shall not apply to any election conducted after that date.] 122

123

124 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the use of mail-in ballots shall only be authorized by any executive or administrative order, and no authorization 125 126 for the use of mail-in ballots shall be inferred from any general law. This section shall not preclude the use of absentee ballots authorized under chapter 115. Any expansion of 127 128 the use of mail-in ballots subsequent to the effective date of this section shall require the repeal of this section by explicit reference thereto. 129

115.417. 1. Before the time fixed by law for the opening of the polls, the election authority shall deliver to each polling place a sufficient number of voter instruction cards 2 3 which include the following information: [if paper ballots or an electronic voting system is used, the instructions shall inform the voter on how to obtain a ballot for voting, how to vote 4 and prepare the ballot for deposit in the ballot box, and how to obtain a new ballot to replace 5 one accidentally spoiled. 6

7 2. The election authority at each polling place shall post in a conspicuous place voting instructions on a poster no smaller than twenty-four inches by thirty inches. Such instructions 8 9 shall also inform the voter that the electronic voting equipment can be demonstrated upon request of the voter. The election authority shall also publicly post during the period of time 10 in which a person may cast an absentee ballot and on election day a sample version of the 11 12 ballot that will be used for that election, the date of the election, the hours during which the 13 polling place will be open, instructions for mail-in registrants and first-time voters, general information on voting rights in accordance with the state plan filed by the secretary of state 14 15 pursuant to the Help America Vote Act of 2002, general information on the right to cast a 16 provisional ballot and instructions for provisional ballots, how to contact appropriate authorities if voting rights have been violated, and general information on federal and 17 18 Missouri law regarding prohibitions on acts of fraud and misrepresentation. The secretary of state may promulgate rules to execute this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated 19 20 pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated 21 pursuant to chapter 536.

22

3. The secretary of state may develop multilingual voting instructions to be made 23 available to election authorities.

115.427. 1. Persons seeking to vote in a public election shall establish their identity and eligibility to vote at the polling place or, if voting absentee in person under section 2 115.257, at the office of the election authority or other authorized location designated by 3 the election authority by presenting a form of personal photo identification to election 4 5 officials. No form of personal identification other than the forms listed in this section shall be accepted to establish a voter's qualifications to vote. Forms of personal identification that 6 satisfy the requirements of this section are any one of the following: 7

8

(1) Nonexpired Missouri driver's license;

9

(2) Nonexpired or nonexpiring Missouri nondriver's license;

10

(3) A document that satisfies all of the following requirements:

11 (a) The document contains the name of the individual to whom the document was 12 issued, and the name substantially conforms to the most recent signature in the individual's 13 voter registration record;

14

(b) The document shows a photograph of the individual;

15 (c) The document includes an expiration date, and the document is not expired, or, if 16 expired, the document expired after the date of the most recent general election; and

17 18

(d) The document was issued by the United States or the state of Missouri; or(4) Any identification containing a photograph of the individual which is issued by

19 the Missouri National Guard, the United States Armed Forces, or the United States 20 Department of Veteran Affairs to a member or former member of the Missouri National 21 Guard or the United States Armed Forces and that is not expired or does not have an 22 expiration date.

23 2. (1) An individual who appears at a polling place without a form of personal 24 identification described in subsection 1 of this section and who is otherwise qualified to vote 25 at that polling place [may execute a statement, under penalty of perjury, averring that the individual is the person listed in the precinct register; averring that the individual does not 26 27 possess a form of personal identification described in subsection 1 of this section; acknowledging that the individual is eligible to receive a Missouri nondriver's license free of 28 29 charge if desiring it in order to vote; and acknowledging that the individual is required to 30 present a form of personal identification, as described in subsection 1 of this section, in order 31 to vote. Such statement shall be executed and sworn to before the election official receiving 32 the statement. Upon executing such statement, the individual may cast a regular ballot, 33 provided such individual presents one of the following forms of identification: (a) Identification issued by the state of Missouri, an agency of the state, or a local 34 35 election authority of the state; 36 (b) Identification issued by the United States government or agency thereof; 37 (c) Identification issued by an institution of higher education, including a university, college, vocational and technical school, located within the state of Missouri; 38 39 (d) A copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or other government document that contains the name and address of the individual; 40 41 (e) Other identification approved by the secretary of state under rules promulgated 42 pursuant to this section. 43 (2) For any individual who appears at a polling place without a form of personal identification described in subsection 1 of this section and who is otherwise qualified to vote 44

45 at that polling place, the election authority may take a picture of such individual and keep it as
46 part of that individual's voter registration file at the election authority.

47 (3) Any individual who chooses not to execute the statement described in subdivision
48 (1) of this subsection may cast a provisional ballot. Such provisional ballot shall be counted,
49 provided that it meets the requirements of subsection 4 of this section.

50 (4) For the purposes of this section, the term "election official" shall include any
 51 person working under the authority of the election authority.

HE	3 1483 26
52	3. The statement to be used for voting under subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this
53	section shall be substantially in the following form:]
54	[ <del>"State of</del> ]
55	[County of]
56	[I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that my name is; that I reside
57	at; that I am the person listed in the precinet register under this
58	name and at this address; and that, under penalty of perjury, I do not
59	possess a form of personal identification approved for voting. As a
60	person who does not possess a form of personal identification approved
61	for voting, I acknowledge that I am eligible to receive free of charge a
62	Missouri nondriver's license at any fee office if desiring it in order to
63	vote. I furthermore acknowledge that I am required to present a form
64	of personal identification, as prescribed by law, in order to vote.]
65	[I understand that knowingly providing false information is a violation
66	of law and subjects me to possible criminal prosecution.]
67	[]
68	[Signature of voter]
69	[Subscribed and affirmed before me this day of, 20
70	
71	
72	[Signature of election official"]
73	[4. A voter] shall be allowed to cast a provisional ballot [under section 115.430 even
74	if the election judges cannot establish the voter's identity under this section]. The election
75	judges shall make a notation on the provisional ballot envelope to indicate that the voter's
76	identity was not verified.
77	(2) No person shall be entitled to receive a provisional ballot until such person
78	has completed a provisional ballot affidavit on the provisional ballot envelope. All
79	provisional ballots shall be marked with a conspicuous stamp or mark that makes them
80	distinguishable from other ballots.
81	(3) The provisional ballot envelope shall be completed by the voter for use in
82	determining the voter's eligibility to cast a ballot.
83	3. The provisional ballot envelope shall provide a place for the voter's name,
84	address, date of birth, and last four digits of his or her Social Security number, followed
85	by a certificate in substantially the following form:

86	I do solemnly swear that I am the person identified above and the		
87	information provided is correct. I understand that my vote will		
88	not be counted unless:		
89	(1) I return to this polling place today between 6:00 a.m. and		
90	7:00 p.m. and provide one of the following forms of		
91	identification:		
92	(a) A nonexpired Missouri driver's license;		
93	(b) A nonexpired or nonexpiring Missouri nondriver's license;		
94	(c) A document that satisfies all of the following requirements:		
95	(i) The document contains my name, in substantially the same		
96	form as the most recent signature on my voter registration		
97	record;		
98	(ii) The document contains my photograph;		
99	(iii) The document contains an expiration date and is not		
100	expired, or if expired, the document expired after the date		
101	of the most recent general election; and		
102	(iv) The document was issued by the United States or the state		
103	of Missouri; or		
104	(d) Identification containing my photograph issued to me by		
105	the Missouri National Guard, the United States Armed		
106	Forces, or the United States Department of Veteran Affairs		
107	as a member or former member of the Missouri National		
108	Guard or the United States Armed Forces that is not		
109	expired or does not have an expiration date; or		
110	(2) The election authority verifies my identity by comparing		
111	my signature on this envelope to the signature on file with		
112	the election authority and determines I was eligible to cast a		
113	ballot at this polling place; and		

114 115	(3	3) This provisional ballot of under the laws of the sta	therwise qualifies to be counted te of Missouri.	
116				
117		Signature of Voter	Date	
118				
119		Signatures of Election Of	fficials	
120				
121	Once voted,	the provisional ballot shall be	e sealed in the provisional ballot env	velope and
122	placed in a s	separate, secured container by	y the election judge.	•
123	4.	The provisional ballot cast by s	uch voter shall not be counted unless	5:
124	(1) (	a) The voter returns to the p	colling place during the uniform pol	ling hours
125	established by	y section 115.407 and provides	a form of personal identification that	allows the
126	election judg	es to verify the voter's identity	as provided in subsection 1 of this se	ection; or
127	(b) T	he election authority verifies t	he identity of the individual by comp	paring that
128	individual's s	ignature to the signature on file	e with the election authority and deter	mines that
129	the individua	l was eligible to cast a ballot at	the polling place where the ballot wa	s cast; and
130	(2) T	he provisional ballot otherwise	qualifies to be counted under section	n 115.430.
131	5. [ <del>T</del>	he secretary of state shall provi	ide advance notice of the personal ide	
132	requirements	of subsection 1 of this sectio	n in a manner calculated to inform	the public
133	generally of t	he requirement for forms of pe	rrsonal identification as provided in th	nis section.
134	Such advanc	e notice shall include, at a m	inimum, the use of advertisements a	and public
135	service annou	incements in print, broadcast t	elevision, radio, and cable television	<del>media, as</del>
136	well as the po	sting of information on the ope	ening pages of the official state interne	et websites
137	of the secreta	<del>ry of state and governor.</del>		
138	<del>6.</del> ] (1	) Notwithstanding the provisio	ns of section 136.055 and section 302	.181 to the
139	contrary, the	state and all fee offices shall p	rovide one nondriver's license at no o	cost to any
140	otherwise qua	alified voter who does not alread	ady possess such identification and w	ho desires
141	the identifica	tion [ <del>in order to vote</del> ] for voti	ng.	
142	(2) T	his state and its agencies shall p	rovide one copy of each of the follow	ing, free of
143	charge, if ne	eded by an individual seekin	g to obtain a form of personal ide	entification
144	described in	subsection 1 of this section [in	order to vote] for voting:	
145	(a) A	birth certificate;		
146	(b) A	marriage license or certificate	;	

147 (c) A divorce decree;

148 (d) A certificate of decree of adoption;

149 (e) A court order changing the person's name;

150 (f) A Social Security card reflecting an updated name; and

(g) Naturalization papers or other documents from the United States Department ofState proving citizenship.

153

Any individual seeking one of the above documents in order to obtain a form of personal identification described in subsection 1 of this section [in order to vote] for voting may request the secretary of state to facilitate the acquisition of such documents. The secretary of state shall pay any fee or fees charged by another state or its agencies, or any court of competent jurisdiction in this state or any other state, or the federal government or its agencies, in order to obtain any of the above documents from such state or the federal government.

161 (3) [All costs associated with the implementation of this section shall be reimbursed
162 from the general revenue of this state by an appropriation for that purpose. If there is not a
163 sufficient appropriation of state funds, then the personal identification requirements of
164 subsection 1 of this section shall not be enforced.

165 (4)] Any applicant who requests a nondriver's license for [the purpose of] voting shall not be required to pay a fee [if the applicant executes a statement, under penalty of perjury, 166 averring that the applicant does not have any other form of personal identification that meets 167 168 the requirements of this section]. The state of Missouri shall pay the legally required fees for any such applicant. [The director of the department of revenue shall design a statement to be 169 170 used for this purpose. The total cost associated with nondriver's license photo identification 171 under this subsection shall be borne by the state of Missouri from funds appropriated to the department of revenue for that specific purpose.] The department of revenue and a local 172 173 election authority may enter into a contract that allows the local election authority to assist the 174 department in issuing nondriver's license photo identifications.

175 [7.] 6. The director of the department of revenue shall, by January first of each year, 176 prepare and deliver to each member of the general assembly a report documenting the number 177 of individuals who have requested and received a nondriver's license photo identification for 178 the purposes of voting under this section. The report shall also include the number of persons 179 requesting a nondriver's license for purposes of voting under this section, but not receiving 180 such license, and the reason for the denial of the nondriver's license.

181 [8.] 7. The precinct register shall serve as the voter identification certificate. The 182 following form shall be printed at the top of each page of the precinct register:

183

VOTER'S IDENTIFICATION CERTIFICATE

184	Warning: It is against the law for anyone to vote, or attempt to vote,
185	without having a lawful right to vote.
186	PRECINCT
187	WARD OR TOWNSHIP
188	GENERAL (SPECIAL, PRIMARY) ELECTION
189	Held, 20
190	Date
191	I hereby certify that I am qualified to vote at this election by signing
192	my name and verifying my address by signing my initials next to my
193	address.
194	[9.] 8. The secretary of state shall promulgate rules to effectuate the provisions of this
195	section.
196	[10.] 9. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is

[10.] 9. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 196 created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies 197 198 with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. 199 This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 200 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to 201 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 202 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void. 203

[11.] 10. If any voter is unable to sign his name at the appropriate place on the certificate or computer printout, an election judge shall print the name and address of the voter in the appropriate place on the precinct register, the voter shall make his mark in lieu of signature, and the voter's mark shall be witnessed by the signature of an election judge.

[12:] 11. This section shall become effective only upon the passage and approval by the voters of a constitutional amendment submitted to them by the general assembly regarding the authorization of photo identification requirements for elections by general law. If such constitutional amendment is approved by the voters, this section shall become effective June 1, 2017.

115.447. 1. As used in this subchapter, unless the context clearly implies otherwise,2 the following terms shall mean:

3 (1) "Counting judges" are the two judges, one from each major political party, who 4 read each vote received by all candidates and each vote for and against all questions at a 5 polling place;

6 (2) "Receiving judges" are the two judges, one from each major political party, who 7 initial each voter's ballot at a polling place;

(3) "Recording judges" are the two judges, one from each major political party, who 8 9 tally the votes received by each candidate and for and against each question at a polling place. 10 These terms describe functions rather than individuals, and any election judge may perform more than one function at a polling place on election day. 11

12 2. As used in this subchapter, unless the context clearly implies otherwise, the 13 following terms shall mean:

14 (1) "Defective ballot" is any ballot [eard] on which the number of write-in votes and votes cast on the ballot [card] for any office exceed the number allowed by law, and any ballot 15 [eard] which is bent or damaged so that it cannot be properly counted by automatic tabulating 16 17 equipment;

18 (2) "Rejected ballot" is any ballot on which no votes are counted because the ballot 19 fails to have the initials of the proper election judges, because the number of votes for all 20 offices and on all questions exceeds the number authorized by law, because the voter is deemed by the election judges to be unqualified, because it is an absentee ballot not 21 22 accompanied by a completed and signed affidavit, or because the ballot was voted with 23 unlawful assistance:

24 (3) "Spoiled ballot" is any ballot accidentally spoiled by a voter and replaced by 25 election judges in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 115.439.

115.449. 1. As soon as the polls close in each polling place using paper ballots, the 2 election judges shall begin to count the votes. If earlier counting is begun pursuant to section 3 115.451, the election judges shall complete the count in the manner provided by this section. 4 Once begun, no count shall be adjourned or postponed until all proper votes have been 5 counted.

6 2. One counting judge, closely observed by the other counting judge, shall take the ballots out of the ballot box one at a time and, holding each ballot in such a way that the other 7 counting judge may read it, shall read the name of each candidate properly voted for and the 8 9 office sought by each. As each vote is called out, the recording judges shall each record the 10 vote on a tally sheet. The votes for and against all questions shall likewise be read and recorded. If more than one political subdivision or special district is holding an election on 11 12 the same day at the same polling place and using separate ballots, the counting judges may separate the ballots of each political subdivision and special district and first read one set, 13 then the next and so on until all proper votes have been counted. 14

15 3. After the recording of all proper votes, the recording judges shall compare their tallies. When the recording judges agree on the count, they shall sign both of the tally sheets, 16 17 and one of the recording judges shall announce in a loud voice the total number of votes for each candidate and for and against each question. 18

4. After the announcement of the vote, the election judges shall record the vote totals in the appropriate places on each statement of returns. If any tally sheet or statement of returns contains no heading for any question, the election judges shall write the necessary headings on the tally sheet or statement of returns.

5. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the official ballot for any local, state, or federal election held in this state shall be retained by the requisite election authority for a period of at least one year from the date of certification of the results of such an election. Such ballots shall be retained in a secure location. The intentional destruction of, or tampering with, such archival ballots shall be a class one election offense.

115.450. As soon as practicable after the election, the election authority shall count all ballots cast, unused ballots, spoiled ballots, and provisional ballots to ensure that the same number of ballots that the election authority sent to each precinct were returned to the election authority at the close of the polls. Any discrepancy in such ballot numbers shall be immediately reported to the secretary of state.

115.637. The following offenses, and any others specifically so described by law, shall be class four election offenses and are deemed misdemeanors not connected with the exercise of the right of suffrage. Conviction for any of these offenses shall be punished by imprisonment of not more than one year or by a fine of not more than two thousand five hundred dollars or by both such imprisonment and fine:

6 (1) Stealing or willfully concealing, defacing, mutilating, or destroying any sample 7 ballots that may be furnished by an organization or individual at or near any voting place on 8 election day, except that this subdivision shall not be construed so as to interfere with the right 9 of an individual voter to erase or cause to be erased on a sample ballot the name of any 10 candidate and substituting the name of the person for whom he or she intends to vote; or to 11 dispose of the received sample ballot;

12 (2) Printing, circulating, or causing to be printed or circulated, any false and 13 fraudulent sample ballots which appear on their face to be designed as a fraud upon voters;

(3) Purposefully giving a printed or written sample ballot to any qualified voter whichis intended to mislead the voter;

(4) On the part of any candidate for election to any office of honor, trust, or profit,
offering or promising to discharge the duties of such office for a less sum than the salary, fees,
or emoluments as fixed by law or promising to pay back or donate to any public or private
interest any portion of such salary, fees, or emolument as an inducement to voters;

20 (5) On the part of any canvasser appointed to canvass any registration list, willfully 21 failing to appear, refusing to continue, or abandoning such canvass or willfully neglecting to

22 perform his duties in making such canvass or willfully neglecting any duties lawfully 23 assigned to him or her;

24 (6) On the part of any employer, making, enforcing, or attempting to enforce any 25 order, rule, or regulation or adopting any other device or method to prevent an employee from 26 engaging in political activities, accepting candidacy for nomination to, election to, or the 27 holding of, political office, holding a position as a member of a political committee, soliciting 28 or receiving funds for political purpose, acting as chairman or participating in a political 29 convention, assuming the conduct of any political campaign, signing, or subscribing his or her 30 name to any initiative, referendum, or recall petition, or any other petition circulated pursuant 31 to law;

(7) On the part of any person authorized or employed to print official ballots, or any person employed in printing ballots, giving, delivering, or knowingly permitting to be taken any ballot to or by any person other than the official under whose direction the ballots are being printed, any ballot in any form other than that prescribed by law, or with unauthorized names, with names misspelled, or with the names of candidates arranged in any way other than that authorized by law;

(8) On the part of any election authority or official charged by law with the duty of
distributing the printed ballots, or any person acting on his or her behalf, knowingly
distributing or causing to be distributed any ballot in any manner other than that prescribed by
law;

42 (9) Any person having in his or her possession any official ballot, except in the 43 performance of his or her duty as an election authority or official, or in the act of exercising 44 his or her individual voting privilege;

45 (10) Willfully mutilating, defacing, or altering any ballot before it is delivered to a 46 voter;

47 (11) On the part of any election judge, being willfully absent from the polls on 48 election day without good cause or willfully detaining any election material or equipment and 49 not causing it to be produced at the voting place at the opening of the polls or within fifteen 50 minutes thereafter;

51 (12) On the part of any election authority or official, willfully neglecting, refusing, or 52 omitting to perform any duty required of him or her by law with respect to holding and 53 conducting an election, receiving and counting out the ballots, or making proper returns;

54 (13) On the part of any election judge, or party watcher or challenger, furnishing any 55 information tending in any way to show the state of the count to any other person prior to the 56 closing of the polls;

57 (14) On the part of any voter, except as otherwise provided by law, allowing his or her 58 ballot to be seen by any person with the intent of letting it be known how he or she is about to

vote or has voted, or knowingly making a false statement as to his or her inability to mark aballot;

61 (15) On the part of any election judge, disclosing to any person the name of any 62 candidate for whom a voter has voted;

63

(16) Interfering, or attempting to interfere, with any voter inside a polling place;

64 (17) On the part of any person at any registration site, polling place, counting location
65 or verification location, causing any breach of the peace or engaging in disorderly conduct,
66 violence, or threats of violence whereby such registration, election, count or verification is
67 impeded or interfered with;

68 (18) Exit polling, surveying, sampling, electioneering, distributing election literature, 69 posting signs or placing vehicles bearing signs with respect to any candidate or question to be 70 voted on at an election on election day inside the building in which a polling place is located 71 or within twenty-five feet of the building's outer door closest to the polling place, or, on the 72 part of any person, refusing to remove or permit removal from property owned or controlled 73 by such person, any such election sign or literature located within such distance on such day 74 after request for removal by any person;

(19) Stealing or willfully defacing, mutilating, or destroying any campaign yard sign on private property, except that this subdivision shall not be construed to interfere with the right of any private property owner to take any action with regard to campaign yard signs on the owner's property and this subdivision shall not be construed to interfere with the right of any candidate, or the candidate's designee, to remove the candidate's campaign yard sign from the owner's private property after the election day;

(20) Distributing, by mail, email, or any other means, unsolicited absentee ballot
 applications.

115.960. 1. An election authority is authorized to accept voter registration 2 applications with a signature submitted to the election authority under the provisions of 3 sections 432.200 to 432.295 as provided in this section:

4 (1) Sections 432.200 to 432.295 shall only apply to transactions between parties that 5 have agreed to conduct transactions by electronic means;

6 (2) Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, as used in this section and 7 sections 432.200 to 432.295, the parties who agree to conduct voter registration transactions 8 by electronic means shall be the local election authority who is required to accept or reject a 9 voter registration application and the prospective voter submitting the application;

10 (3) A local election authority is authorized to develop, maintain, and approve systems 11 that transmit voter registration applications electronically under sections 432.200 to 432.295;

12 (4) Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section **and section 115.160**, no officer, 13 agency, or organization shall collect or submit a voter registration application with an 14 electronic signature to an election authority without first obtaining approval of the data and

15 signature format from the local election authority and the approval of the voter to collect and 16 store the signature and data; and

17 (5) Local election authorities who maintain a voter registration application system 18 shall direct voter registration applicants from other jurisdictions to the system used by the 19 local election authority for that jurisdiction to accept voter registration applications 20 electronically.

2. A system maintained by the secretary of state's office shall be used to accept voter 22 registration applications electronically subsequent to approval from the committee formed as 23 set forth in this subsection:

24 (1) Within thirty days of, but in no event prior to January 1, 2017, the president of the 25 Missouri Association of County Clerks and Election Authorities shall appoint fourteen of its 26 members to serve on a committee to approve and develop uniform standards, systems, and 27 modifications that shall be used by the secretary of state in any electronic voter registration 28 application system offered by that office. The committee may also make recommendations 29 regarding the purchase, maintenance, integration, and operation of electronic databases, 30 software, and hardware used by local election authorities and the secretary of state's office 31 including, but not limited to, systems used for military and overseas voting and for building and conducting election operations. The committee shall have fourteen local election 32 33 authorities, including representatives of each classification of counties, a representative from 34 an election board, and at least one member who has experience processing online voter 35 registration transactions. In addition, one representative appointed by the secretary of state's 36 office shall serve on the committee;

37 (2) The committee shall immediately meet to approve electronic signature formats
38 and a minimum set of data collection standards for use in a voter registration application
39 system maintained by the secretary of state;

40 (3) Once the format and data collection standards are approved by the committee and 41 implemented for the system maintained by the secretary of state, local election authorities 42 shall accept the transmission of voter registration applications submitted to the approved 43 system under the provisions of sections 432.200 to 432.295;

44 (4) The secretary of state's office shall direct eligible voters to a local election 45 authority's system to accept voter registration applications electronically if the local election 46 authority has a system in place as of August 28, 2016, or implements a system that meets the 47 same standards and format that has been approved by the committee for the secretary of 48 state's system;

49 (5) The committee shall meet not less than semiannually through June 30, 2019, to 50 recommend and approve changes and enhancements proposed by the secretary of state or

election authorities to the electronic voter registration application system. Vacancies that
occur on the committee shall be filled by the president of the Missouri Association of County
Clerks and Election Authorities at the time of the vacancy;

54 (6) To improve the accuracy of voter registration application data and reduce costs for 55 local election authorities, the system maintained by the secretary of state shall, as soon as is 56 practical, provide a method where the data entered by the voter registration applicant does not 57 have to be re-entered by the election authority to the state voter registration database.

58 3. Each applicant who registers using an approved electronic voter registration 59 application system shall be deemed to be registered as of the date the signed application is 60 submitted to the system, if such application is accepted and not rejected by the election 61 authority and the verification notice required under section 115.155 is not returned as 62 undeliverable by the postal service.

4. This section shall not apply to voter registration and absentee records submitted by
voters authorized under federal law, section 115.291, or sections 115.900 to 115.936 to submit
electronic records and signatures.

5. High quality copies, including electronic copies, of signatures made on paper documents may be used for petition signature verification purposes and retained as records.

68 6. Any signature required for petition submission under chapter 116 shall be 69 handwritten on a paper document.

7. [Notwithstanding the provisions of section 432.230] Except as provided under 70 sections 115.160 and 432.230, nothing in this section shall require the election authority to 71 72 accept voter registration records or signatures created, generated, sent, communicated, 73 received, stored, or otherwise processed, or used by electronic means or in electronic form 74 from any officer, agency, or organization not authorized under subsection 2 of this section 75 without prior approval from the election authority. Election authorities shall accept and 76 process voter registration records, including electronic images of applicant signatures, transmitted electronically by the division of motor vehicle and driver licensing of the 77 78 department of revenue under section 115.160. Except as provided in subsection 2 of this 79 section and section 115.160, no officer, agency, or organization shall give the voter the 80 opportunity to submit a voter registration application with an electronic signature without first 81 obtaining the approval of the local election authority.

82 8. An election authority that agrees to conduct a transaction by electronic means may 83 refuse to conduct other transactions by electronic means.

9. No election authority or the secretary of state shall furnish to any member of the public any data collected under a voter registration application system except as authorized in subsections 1 to 5 of section 115.157.

87 10. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the secretary of state to cease
88 operating a voter registration application in place as of the effective date of this [aet] section.
89 11. Voter registration systems utilized under this section shall allow the election
90 authority to review the data entered.

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