# SECOND REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 1478

## 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE BRATTIN.

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

### AN ACT

To repeal sections 285.530, 285.535, and 285.555, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to illegal immigration, with a delayed effective date.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 285.530, 285.535, and 285.555, RSMo, are repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 285.530, 285.535, and 285.555, to read a s follows:

285.530. 1. No business entity or employer, public or private, shall knowingly employ,
hire for employment, or continue to employ an unauthorized alien to perform work within the
state of Missouri.

4 2. [As a condition for the award of any contract or grant in excess of five thousand dollars by the state or by any political subdivision of the state to a business entity, or for any business 5 entity receiving a state-administered or subsidized tax credit, tax abatement, or loan from the 6 7 state, the business entity shall, by sworn affidavit and provision of documentation, affirm its enrollment and participation in a federal work authorization program with respect to the 8 9 employees working in connection with the contracted services. Every such business entity shall 10 also sign an affidavit affirming that it does not knowingly employ any person who is an 11 unauthorized alien in connection with the contracted services. Any entity contracting with the 12 state or any political subdivision of the state shall only be required to provide the affidavits 13 required in this subsection to the state and any political subdivision of the state with which it contracts, on an annual basis. During or immediately after an emergency, the requirements of 14 15 this subsection that a business entity enroll and participate in a federal work authorization program shall be suspended for fifteen working days. As used in this subsection, "emergency" 16

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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includes the following natural and manmade disasters: major snow and ice storms, floods,
 tornadoes, severe weather, carthquakes, hazardous material incidents, nuclear power plant
 accidents, other radiological hazards, and major mechanical failures of a public utility facility.
 3.] All [public] employers, public or private, and business entities shall enroll and
 actively participate in a federal work authorization program.

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[4.] 3. An employer [may enroll and participate in a federal work authorization program and] or business entity shall verify the employment eligibility of every employee in the employer's or business entity's hire whose employment commences after the employer or business entity enrolls in a federal work authorization program. The employer or business entity shall retain a copy of the dated verification report received from the federal government. [Any] A business entity [that participates] enrolling and participating in such program shall have an affirmative defense that such business entity has not violated subsection 1 of this section.

[5.] 4. A general contractor or subcontractor of any tier shall not be liable under sections 285.525 to 285.550 when such general contractor or subcontractor contracts with its direct subcontractor who violates subsection 1 of this section, if the contract binding the contractor and subcontractor affirmatively states that the direct subcontractor is not knowingly in violation of subsection 1 of this section and shall not henceforth be in such violation and the contractor or subcontractor receives a sworn affidavit under the penalty of perjury attesting to the fact that the direct subcontractor's employees are lawfully present in the United States.

285.535. 1. The attorney general shall enforce the requirements of sections 285.525 to2 285.550.

2. An enforcement action shall be initiated by means of a written, signed complaint under penalty of perjury as defined in section 575.040 to the attorney general submitted by any state official, business entity, or state resident. A valid complaint shall include an allegation which describes the alleged violator as well as the actions constituting the violation, and the date and location where such actions occurred. A complaint which alleges a violation solely or primarily on the basis of national origin, ethnicity, or race shall be deemed invalid and shall not be enforced.

3. Upon receipt of a valid complaint, the attorney general shall, within fifteen business days, request identity information from the business entity regarding any persons alleged to be unauthorized aliens. Such request shall be made by certified mail. The attorney general shall direct the applicable municipal or county governing body to suspend any applicable license, permit, or exemptions of any business entity which fails, within fifteen business days after receipt of the request, to provide such information.

16 4. The attorney general, after receiving the requested identity information from the 17 business entity, shall submit identity data required by the federal government to verify, under 8

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U.S.C. 1373, the immigration status of such persons, and shall provide the business entity withwritten notice of the results of the verification request:

20 (1) If the federal government notifies the attorney general that an employee is authorized 21 to work in the United States, the attorney general shall take no further action on the complaint;

(2) If the federal government notifies the attorney general that an employee is not
authorized to work in the United States, the attorney general shall proceed on the complaint as
provided in subsection 5 of this section;

(3) If the federal government notifies the attorney general that it is unable to verify whether an employee is authorized to work in the United States, the attorney general shall take no further action on the complaint until a verification from the federal government concerning the status of the individual is received. At no point shall any state official attempt to make an independent determination of any alien's legal status without verification from the federal government.

5. [(1) If the federal government notifies the attorney general that an employee is not authorized to work in the United States, and the employer of the unauthorized alien participates in a federal work authorization program, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the employer has met the requirements for an affirmative defense under subsection 4 of section 285.530, and the employer shall comply with subsection 6 of this section.

36 (2)] If the federal government notifies the attorney general that an employee is not
 authorized to work in the United States, the attorney general shall bring a civil action in the
 circuit court of Cole County if the attorney general reasonably believes the business entity
 [knowingly] violated subsection 1 of section 285.530[-

(a) If the court finds that a business entity did not knowingly violate subsection 1 of
 section 285.530, the employer shall have fifteen business days to comply with subdivision (1)
 and paragraph (a) of subdivision (2) of subsection 6 of this section. If the entity fails to do so,
 the court shall direct the applicable municipal or county governing body to suspend the business
 permit, if such exists, and any applicable licenses or exemptions of the entity until the entity
 complies with subsection 6 of this section;
 (b) If the court finds that a business entity knowingly violated subsection 1 of section

47 285.530, the court shall direct the applicable municipal or county governing body to suspend the 48 business permit, if such exists, and any applicable licenses or exemptions of such business entity 49 for fourteen days. Permits, licenses, and exemptions shall be reinstated for entities who comply 50 with subsection 6 of this section at the end of the fourteen-day period].

51 (1) Upon a finding of a first violation of section 285.530 by a business entity, the 52 court shall order the suspension of all licenses that are held by the business entity for a 53 minimum of one day and a maximum of thirty days.

54 (2) Upon a finding of a second violation of section 285.530 by a business entity, the 55 court shall order the suspension of all licenses that are held by the business entity for a 56 minimum of thirty days and a maximum of one year.

57 (3) Upon a finding of a third violation of section 285.530 by a business entity, the 58 court shall order the permanent suspension of all licenses that are held by the business entity as well as the revocation of the business entity's registration as a corporation, limited 59 liability company, or limited partnership in the state of Missouri, if applicable. 60

61 6. [The correction of a violation with respect to the employment of an unauthorized alien 62 shall include the following actions:

(1) (a) The business entity terminates the unauthorized alien's employment. If the 63 business entity attempts to terminate the unauthorized alien's employment and such termination 64 is challenged in a court of the state of Missouri, the fifteen-business-day period for providing 65 information to the attorney general referenced in subsection 3 of this section shall be tolled while 66 the business entity pursues the termination of the unauthorized alien's employment in such 67 forum: or 68

(b) The business entity, after acquiring additional information from the employee, 69 requests a secondary or additional verification by the federal government of the employee's 70 authorization, under the procedures of a federal work authorization program. While this 71 72

verification is pending, the fifteen-business-day period for providing information to the attorney

73 general referenced in subsection 3 of this section shall be tolled; and

74 (2) A legal representative of the business entity submits, at an office designated by the attorney general, the following: 75

(a) A sworn affidavit stating that the violation has ended that shall include a description 76 77 of the specific measures and actions taken by the business entity to end the violation, and the

name, address, and other adequate identifying information for any unauthorized aliens related 78 to the complaint; and 79

(b) Documentation acceptable to the attorney general which confirms that the business 80 entity has enrolled in and is participating in a federal work authorization program. 81

-7. The suspension of a business license or licenses under subsection 5 of this section 82

shall terminate one business day after a legal representative of the business entity submits the 83

84 affidavit and other documentation required under subsection 6 of this section following any 85 period of restriction required under subsection 5 of this section.

86 -8. For an entity that violates subsection 1 of section 285.530 for a second time, the court

shall direct the applicable municipal or county governing body to suspend, for one year, the 87

business permit, if such exists, and any applicable license or exemptions of the business entity. 88

For a subsequent violation, the court shall direct the applicable municipal or county governing 89

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90 body to forever suspend the business permit, if such exists, and any applicable license or 91 exemptions of the business entity.

92 \_\_\_\_\_\_9.] In addition to the penalties in [subsections] subsection 5 [and 8] of this section:

(1) Upon the first violation of subsection 1 of section 285.530 by any business entity awarded a state contract or grant or receiving a state-administered tax credit, tax abatement, or loan from the state, the business entity shall be deemed in breach of contract and the state may terminate the contract and suspend or debar the business entity from doing business with the state for a period of three years. Upon such termination, the state may withhold up to twenty-five percent of the total amount due to the business entity;

99 (2) Upon a second or subsequent violation of subsection 1 of section 285.530 by any 100 business entity awarded a state contract or grant or receiving a state-administered tax credit, tax 101 abatement, or loan from the state, the business entity shall be deemed in breach of contract and 102 the state may terminate the contract and permanently suspend or debar the business entity from 103 doing business with the state. Upon such termination, the state may withhold up to twenty-five 104 percent of the total amount due to the business entity.

105 [10.] 7. Sections 285.525 to 285.550 shall not be construed to deny any procedural 106 mechanisms or legal defenses included in a federal work authorization program.

107 [11.] 8. Any business entity subject to a complaint and subsequent enforcement under 108 sections 285.525 to 285.540, or any employee of such a business entity, may challenge the 109 enforcement of this section with respect to such entity or employee in the courts of the state of 110 Missouri.

111 [12.] 9. If the court finds that any complaint is frivolous in nature or finds no probable 112 cause to believe that there has been a violation, the court shall dismiss the case. For purposes 113 of this subsection, "frivolous" shall mean a complaint not shown by clear and convincing 114 evidence to be valid. Any person who submits a frivolous complaint shall be liable for actual, 115 compensatory, and punitive damages to the alleged violator for holding the alleged violator 116 before the public in a false light. If the court finds that a complaint is frivolous or that there is 117 not probable cause to believe there has been a violation, the attorney general shall issue a public 118 report to the complainant and the alleged violator stating with particularity its reasons for 119 dismissal of the complaint. Upon such issuance, the complaint and all materials relating to the 120 complaint shall be a public record as defined in chapter 610.

121 [13.] 10. The determination of whether a worker is an unauthorized alien shall be made 122 by the federal government. A determination of such status of an individual by the federal 123 government shall create a rebuttable presumption as to that individual's status in any judicial 124 proceedings brought under this section or section 285.530. The court may take judicial notice

125 of any verification of an individual's status previously provided by the federal government and 126 may request the federal government to provide automated or testimonial verification.

127 [14.] 11. Compensation, whether in money or in kind or in services, [knowingly] 128 provided to any unauthorized alien shall not be allowed as a business expense deduction from 129 any income or business taxes of this state.

130 [15.] 12. Any business entity which terminates an employee in accordance with this 131 section shall not be liable for any claims made against the business entity under chapter 213 for 132 the termination.

133 13. Any costs incurred by the business entity for participating in a federal work
134 authorization program may be deducted from the business entity's income or business
135 taxes in this state.

285.555. Should the federal government discontinue or fail to authorize or implement any federal work authorization program, then subsections 2 and 3 of section 285.530 [and paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of subsection 6 of section 285.535 and paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 6 of section 285.535] shall not apply after the date of discontinuance or failure to authorize or implement, and the general assembly shall review sections 285.525 to 285.555 for the purpose of determining whether the sections are no longer applicable and should be repealed.

Section B. The repeal and reenactment of sections 285.530, 285.535, and 285.555 of this 2 act shall become effective January 1, 2019.