# SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# HOUSE BILL NO. 1424

# **102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE MCGIRL.

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

# AN ACT

To repeal sections 67.308, 167.181, 210.003, and 213.055, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to COVID-19 vaccination mandates, with an emergency clause.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 67.308, 167.181, 210.003, and 213.055, RSMo, are repealed and 2 five new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 67.308, 167.181, 174.336, 3 210.003, and 213.055, to read as follows:

67.308. No [county, city, town or village] public or private entity in this state receiving public funds or any other public accommodation shall require documentation of an individual having received a vaccination against COVID-19 in order for the individual to access transportation systems [or], facilities, services, or any other public accommodations. As used in this section, the term "public accommodation" shall have the same meaning as "places of public accommodation" in section 213.010.

167.181. 1. The department of health and senior services, after consultation with the department of elementary and secondary education, shall promulgate rules and regulations governing the immunization against poliomyelitis, rubella, rubeola, mumps, tetanus, pertussis, diphtheria, and hepatitis B, to be required of children attending public, private, parochial or parish schools. Such rules and regulations may modify the immunizations that are required of children in this subsection. The immunizations required and the manner and frequency of their administration shall conform to recognized standards of medical practice. The department of health and senior services shall supervise and secure the enforcement of the required immunization program.

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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2. It is unlawful for any student to attend school unless he **or she** has been immunized as required under the rules and regulations of the department of health and senior services, and can provide satisfactory evidence of such immunization; except that if he **or she** produces satisfactory evidence of having begun the process of immunization, he **or she** may continue to attend school as long as the immunization process is being accomplished in the prescribed manner. It is unlawful for any parent or guardian to refuse or neglect to have his **or her** child immunized as required by this section, unless the child is properly exempted.

3. This section shall not apply to any child if one parent or guardian objects in writing to his **or her** school administrator against the immunization of the child, because of religious beliefs or medical contraindications. In cases where any such objection is for reasons of medical contraindications, a statement from a duly licensed physician must also be provided to the school administrator.

4. Each school superintendent, whether of a public, private, parochial or parish school, shall cause to be prepared a record showing the immunization status of every child enrolled in or attending a school under his **or her** jurisdiction. The name of any parent or guardian who neglects or refuses to permit a nonexempted child to be immunized against diseases as required by the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be reported by the school superintendent to the department of health and senior services.

29 5. The immunization required may be done by any duly licensed physician or by someone under his or her direction. If the parent or guardian is unable to pay, the child shall 30 31 be immunized at public expense by a physician or nurse at or from the county, district, city 32 public health center or a school nurse or by a nurse or physician in the private office or clinic 33 of the child's personal physician with the costs of immunization paid through the state Medicaid program, private insurance or in a manner to be determined by the department of 34 health and senior services subject to state and federal appropriations, and after consultation 35 with the school superintendent and the advisory committee established in section 192.630. 36 37 When a child receives his or her immunization, the treating physician may also administer the 38 appropriate fluoride treatment to the child's teeth.

Funds for the administration of this section and for the purchase of vaccines for
children of families unable to afford them shall be appropriated to the department of health
and senior services from general revenue or from federal funds if available.

7. No student shall be required, as a condition of school attendance or
participation in school-sponsored extracurricular activities, to be immunized against
COVID-19. No school shall require students to undergo COVID-19 diagnostic testing as
an alternative to receiving a COVID-19 vaccination. This subsection shall expire on
December 31, 2028.

47 8. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536. 48 49 Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is 50 51 subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly 52 53 pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule 54 proposed or adopted after August 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void. 55

174.336. No public institution of higher education in this state shall require any student, whether residing on or off campus, to have received a COVID-19 vaccine in order to access educational and other services including, but not limited to, in-class attendance, school-sponsored extracurricular activities, and access to school buildings and facilities. No public institution of higher education in this state shall require any student to undergo COVID-19 diagnostic testing as an alternative to receiving a COVID-19 vaccination. This section shall expire on December 31, 2028.

210.003. 1. No child shall be permitted to enroll in or attend any public, private or 2 parochial day care center, preschool or nursery school caring for ten or more children unless 3 such child has been adequately immunized against vaccine-preventable childhood illnesses 4 specified by the department of health and senior services in accordance with 5 recommendations of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Advisory Committee 6 on Immunization Practices (ACIP), **but until December 31, 2028, not including COVID-**7 **19**. The parent or guardian of such child shall provide satisfactory evidence of the required 8 immunizations.

9 2. A child who has not completed all immunizations appropriate for his or her age 10 may enroll, if:

(1) Satisfactory evidence is produced that such child has begun the process of
 immunization. The child may continue to attend as long as the immunization process is being
 accomplished according to the ACIP/Missouri department of health and senior services
 recommended schedule;

15 (2) The parent or guardian has signed and placed on file with the day care 16 administrator a statement of exemption which may be either of the following:

(a) A medical exemption, by which a child shall be exempted from the requirements
of this section upon certification by a licensed physician that such immunization would
seriously endanger the child's health or life; or

20 (b) A parent or guardian exemption, by which a child shall be exempted from the 21 requirements of this section if one parent or guardian files a written objection to 22 immunization with the day care administrator; or

(3) The child is homeless or in the custody of the children's division and cannot provide satisfactory evidence of the required immunizations. Satisfactory evidence shall be presented within thirty days of enrollment and shall confirm either that the child has completed all immunizations appropriate for his or her age or has begun the process of immunization. If the child has begun the process of immunization, he or she may continue to attend as long as the process is being accomplished according to the schedule recommended by the department of health and senior services.

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Exemptions shall be accepted by the day care administrator when the necessary information as determined by the department of health and senior services is filed with the day care administrator by the parent or guardian. Exemption forms shall be provided by the department of health and senior services.

35 3. In the event of an outbreak or suspected outbreak of a vaccine-preventable disease 36 within a particular facility, the administrator of the facility shall follow the control measures 37 instituted by the local health authority or the department of health and senior services or both 38 the local health authority and the department of health and senior services, as established in 39 Rule 19 CSR 20-20.040, "Measures for the Control of Communicable, Environmental and 40 Occupational Diseases".

4. The administrator of each public, private or parochial day care center, preschool or 42 nursery school shall cause to be prepared a record of immunization of every child enrolled in 43 or attending a facility under his or her jurisdiction. An annual summary report shall be made 44 by January fifteenth showing the immunization status of each child enrolled, using forms 45 provided for this purpose by the department of health and senior services. The immunization 46 records shall be available for review by department of health and senior services personnel 47 upon request.

5. For purposes of this section, "satisfactory evidence of immunization" means a statement, certificate or record from a physician or other recognized health facility or personnel, stating that the required immunizations have been given to the child and verifying the type of vaccine and the month, day and year of administration.

6. Nothing in this section shall preclude any political subdivision from adopting morestringent rules regarding the immunization of preschool children.

54 7. All public, private, and parochial day care centers, preschools, and nursery schools 55 shall notify the parent or guardian of each child at the time of initial enrollment in or 56 attendance at the facility that the parent or guardian may request notice of whether there are

children currently enrolled in or attending the facility for whom an immunization exemption 57 has been filed. Beginning December 1, 2015, all public, private, and parochial day care 58 59 centers, preschools, and nursery schools shall notify the parent or guardian of each child currently enrolled in or attending the facility that the parent or guardian may request notice of 60 whether there are children currently enrolled in or attending the facility for whom an 61 immunization exemption has been filed. Any public, private, or parochial day care center, 62 63 preschool, or nursery school shall notify the parent or guardian of a child enrolled in or 64 attending the facility, upon request, of whether there are children currently enrolled in or 65 attending the facility for whom an immunization exemption has been filed.

213.055. 1. It shall be an unlawful employment practice:

2 (1) For an employer, because of the race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry,
3 age or disability of any individual:

4 (a) To fail or refuse to hire or to discharge any individual, or otherwise to discriminate 5 against any individual with respect to his **or her** compensation, terms, conditions, or 6 privileges of employment, because of such individual's race, color, religion, national origin, 7 sex, ancestry, age or disability;

8 (b) To limit, segregate, or classify his **or her** employees or his **or her** employment 9 applicants in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive any individual of employment 10 opportunities or otherwise adversely affect his **or her** status as an employee, because of such 11 individual's race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age or disability;

12 (2) For a labor organization to exclude or to expel from its membership any 13 individual or to discriminate in any way against any of its members or against any employer or any individual employed by an employer because of race, color, religion, national origin, 14 15 sex, ancestry, age or disability of any individual; or to limit, segregate, or classify its membership, or to classify or fail or refuse to refer for employment any individual, in any way 16 which would deprive or tend to deprive any individual of employment opportunities, or would 17 limit such employment opportunities or otherwise adversely affect his or her status as an 18 19 employee or as an applicant for employment, because of such individual's race, color, 20 religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age or disability; or for any employer, labor 21 organization, or joint labor-management committee controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining, including on-the-job training programs to discriminate against any 22 23 individual because of his or her race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age or 24 disability in admission to, or employment in, any program established to provide 25 apprenticeship or other training;

26 (3) For any employer or employment agency to print or circulate or cause to be 27 printed or circulated any statement, advertisement or publication, or to use any form of 28 application for employment or to make any inquiry in connection with prospective

employment, which expresses, directly or indirectly, any limitation, specification, or discrimination, because of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age or disability unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification or for an employment agency to fail or refuse to refer for employment, or otherwise to discriminate against, any individual because of his or her race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age as it relates to employment, or disability, or to classify or refer for employment any individual because of his or her race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age or disability;

(4) (a) For an employer to require an employee to receive COVID-19
vaccination as a condition of employment without permitting the employee to be
exempted from such vaccination requirements because of the employee's religious,
moral, ethical, or philosophical beliefs; medical condition, including pregnancy or
future pregnancies; or previous exposure to and recovery from COVID-19.

(b) The employer may require the employee seeking the exemption to provide
such request in writing. No employer shall require the employee to explain, prove,
defend, or otherwise substantiate his or her religious, moral, ethical, or philosophical
beliefs or medical conditions relating to the request for the vaccination exemption.

45 (c) The commission shall develop a form and make such form available to 46 employees and employees to utilize in requesting a vaccination exemption.

47 (d) No employer shall require an employee who has requested or received a 48 vaccination exemption to undergo COVID-19 diagnostic testing in place of a 49 vaccination.

50 (e) In the case of a public employer, any record of vaccinations, exemptions, 51 testing, or other related employee information containing identifying information of the 52 employee shall be considered a closed record under chapter 610.

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(f) The provisions of this subdivision shall expire December 31, 2028.

54 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, it shall not be an unlawful employment practice for an employer to apply different standards of compensation, or 55 56 different terms, conditions or privileges of employment pursuant to a bona fide seniority or 57 merit system, or a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality of production or to 58 employees who work in different locations, provided that such differences or such systems are not the result of an intention or a design to discriminate, and are not used to discriminate, 59 because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, ancestry, age or disability, nor shall it be 60 an unlawful employment practice for an employer to give and to act upon the results of any 61 professionally developed ability test, provided that such test, its administration, or action 62 63 upon the results thereof, is not designed, intended or used to discriminate because of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age or disability. 64

65 3. Nothing contained in this chapter shall be interpreted to require any employer, employment agency, labor organization, or joint labor-management committee subject to this 66 67 chapter to grant preferential treatment to any individual or to any group because of the race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age or disability of such individual or group on 68 69 account of an imbalance which may exist with respect to the total number or percentage of persons of any race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age or disability employed 70 71 by any employer, referred or classified for employment by any employment agency or labor organization, admitted to membership or classified by any labor organization, or admitted to 72 or employed in any apprenticeship or other training program, in comparison with the total 73 number or percentage of persons of such race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, 74 age or disability in any community, state, section, or other area, or in the available workforce 75 in any community, state, section, or other area. 76

4. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, it shall not be an unlawful employment practice for the state or any political subdivision of the state to comply with the provisions of 29 U.S.C. Section 623 relating to employment as firefighters or law enforcement officers.

Section B. Because of the need to secure the rights of Missourians relating to 2 COVID-19 vaccination requirements, section A of this act is deemed necessary for the 3 immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared 4 to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and section A of this act shall 5 be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.

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