#### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

# **HOUSE BILL NO. 121**

## 101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE MACKEY.

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DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

### **AN ACT**

To repeal section 167.031, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to school attendance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 167.031, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 167.031, to read as follows:

thereof, to be known as section 167.031, to read as follows:

167.031. 1. Every parent, guardian, or other person in this state having charge, control,

2 or custody of a child not enrolled in a public, private, parochial, parish school, or full-time

equivalent attendance in a combination of such schools and between the ages of [seven] five

4 years and the compulsory attendance age for the district is responsible for enrolling the child in

a program of academic instruction which complies with subsection 2 of this section. Any parent, guardian, or other person who enrolls a child [between the ages] of five [and seven] years of age

guardian, or other person who enrolls a child [between the ages] of five [and seven] years of age in a public school program of academic instruction shall cause such child to attend the academic

B program on a regular basis, according to this section. Nonattendance by such child shall cause

9 such parent, guardian, or other responsible person to be in violation of the provisions of section

10 167.061, except as provided by this section. A parent, guardian, or other person in this state

having charge, control, or custody of a child between the ages of [seven] five years of age and

12 the compulsory attendance age for the district shall cause the child to attend regularly some

13 public, private, parochial, parish, home school, or a combination of such schools not less than

14 the entire school term of the school which the child attends; except that:

(1) A child who, to the satisfaction of the superintendent of public schools of the district in which [he] the child resides, or if there is no superintendent then the chief school officer, is

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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determined to be mentally or physically incapacitated may be excused from attendance at school for the full time required, or any part thereof; **or** 

- (2) A child between fourteen years of age and the compulsory attendance age for the district may be excused from attendance at school for the full time required, or any part thereof, by the superintendent of public schools of the district, or if there is none then by a court of competent jurisdiction, when legal employment has been obtained by the child and found to be desirable, and after the parents or guardian of the child have been advised of the pending action[;
- (3) A child between five and seven years of age shall be excused from attendance at school if a parent, guardian or other person having charge, control or custody of the child makes a written request that the child be dropped from the school's rolls.
- 28 2. (1) As used in sections 167.031 to 167.071, a "home school" is a school, whether 29 incorporated or unincorporated, that:
  - (a) Has as its primary purpose the provision of private or religious-based instruction;
  - (b) Enrolls pupils between the ages of [seven] five years and the compulsory attendance age for the district, of which no more than four are unrelated by affinity or consanguinity in the third degree; and
- 34 (c) Does not charge or receive consideration in the form of tuition, fees, or other 35 remuneration in a genuine and fair exchange for provision of instruction.
  - (2) As evidence that a child is receiving regular instruction, the parent shall, except as otherwise provided in this subsection:
    - (a) Maintain the following records:
  - a. A plan book, diary, or other written record indicating subjects taught and activities engaged in; and
    - b. A portfolio of samples of the child's academic work; and
  - c. A record of evaluations of the child's academic progress; or
  - d. Other written, or credible evidence equivalent to subparagraphs a., b. and c.; and
  - (b) Offer at least one thousand hours of instruction, at least six hundred hours of which will be in reading, language arts, mathematics, social studies and science or academic courses that are related to the aforementioned subject areas and consonant with the pupil's age and ability. At least four hundred of the six hundred hours shall occur at the regular home school location.
- 49 (3) The requirements of subdivision (2) of this subsection shall not apply to any pupil 50 above the age of sixteen years.
- 3. Nothing in this section shall require a private, parochial, parish, or home school to include in its curriculum any concept, topic, or practice in conflict with the school's religious

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doctrines or to exclude from its curriculum any concept, topic, or practice consistent with the school's religious doctrines. Any other provision of the law to the contrary notwithstanding, all departments or agencies of the state of Missouri shall be prohibited from dictating through rule, regulation, or other device any statewide curriculum for private, parochial, parish, or home schools.

- 4. A school year begins on the first day of July and ends on the thirtieth day of June following.
  - 5. The production by a parent of a daily log showing that a home school has a course of instruction which satisfies the requirements of this section or, in the case of a pupil over the age of sixteen years who attended a metropolitan school district the previous year, a written statement that the pupil is attending home school in compliance with this section shall be a defense to any prosecution under this section and to any charge or action for educational neglect brought pursuant to chapter 210.
  - 6. **(1)** As used in sections 167.031 to 167.051, the term "compulsory attendance age for the district" shall mean:
  - [(1)] (a) Seventeen years of age for any metropolitan school district for which the school board adopts a resolution to establish such compulsory attendance age; provided that such resolution shall take effect no earlier than the school year next following the school year during which the resolution is adopted; and
  - [(2)] **(b)** Seventeen years of age or having successfully completed sixteen credits towards high school graduation in all other cases.
  - (2) The school board of a metropolitan school district for which the compulsory attendance age is seventeen years may adopt a resolution to lower the compulsory attendance age to sixteen years; provided that, such resolution shall take effect no earlier than the school year next following the school year during which the resolution is adopted.
  - 7. For purposes of subsection 2 of this section as applied in subsection 6 [herein] of this section, a "completed credit towards high school graduation" shall be defined as one hundred hours or more of instruction in a course. Home school education enforcement and records pursuant to this section, and sections 210.167 and 211.031, shall be subject to review only by the local prosecuting attorney.

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