FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 1095

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

1675H.02C

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 56.765, 579.015, 579.020, 579.030, and 579.074, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof six new sections relating to criminal offenses, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 56.765, 579.015, 579.020, 579.030, and 579.074, RSMo, are repealed and six new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 56.765, 557.014, 579.015, 579.020, 579.030, and 579.074, to read as follows:

56.765. 1. A surcharge of [one dollar] five dollars shall be assessed as costs in each court proceeding filed in any court in the state in all criminal cases including violations of any county ordinance or any violation of a criminal or traffic law of the state, including an infraction; except that no such surcharge shall be collected in any proceeding in any court when the proceeding or the defendant has been dismissed by the court or when costs are to be paid by the state, county or municipality.

7 2. One-half of all moneys collected under the provisions of subsection 1 of this section 8 shall be payable to the state of Missouri and remitted to the director of revenue who shall deposit 9 the amount collected pursuant to this section to the credit of the "Missouri Office of Prosecution 10 Services Fund" which is hereby created in the state treasury. The moneys credited to the Missouri office of prosecution services fund from each county shall be used only for the purposes 11 12 set forth in sections 56.750, 56.755, and 56.760. The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the 13 fund, and shall make disbursements, as allowed by lawful appropriations. All earnings resulting 14 from the investment of money in the fund shall be credited to the Missouri office of prosecution 15 services fund. The Missouri office of prosecution services may collect a registration fee to pay for expenses included in sponsoring training conferences. The revenues and expenditures of the 16 17 Missouri office of prosecution services shall be subject to an annual audit to be performed by the

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

18 Missouri state auditor. The Missouri office of prosecution services shall also be subject to any 19 other audit authorized and directed by the state auditor.

20 3. One-half of all moneys collected under the provisions of subsection 1 of this section 21 shall be payable to the county treasurer of each county from which such funds were generated. 22 The county treasurer shall deposit all of such funds into the county treasury in a separate fund 23 to be used solely for the purpose of additional training for circuit and prosecuting attorneys and 24 their staffs. If the funds collected and deposited by the county are not totally expended annually 25 for the purposes set forth in this subsection, then the unexpended moneys shall remain in said 26 fund and the balance shall be kept in said fund to accumulate from year to year, or at the request 27 of the circuit or prosecuting attorney, with the approval of the county commission or the 28 appropriate governing body of the county or the City of St. Louis, and may be used to pay for 29 expert witness fees, travel expenses incurred by victim/witnesses in case preparation and trial, for expenses incurred for changes of venue, for expenses incurred for special prosecutors, and 30 31 for other lawful expenses incurred by the circuit or prosecuting attorney in operation of that 32 office.

4. There is hereby established in the state treasury the "Missouri Office of Prosecution Services Revolving Fund". Any moneys received by or on behalf of the Missouri office of prosecution services from registration fees, federal and state grants or any other source established in section 56.760 in connection with the purposes set forth in sections 56.750, 56.755, and 56.760 shall be deposited into the fund.

5. The moneys in the Missouri office of prosecution services revolving fund shall be kept separate and apart from all other moneys in the state treasury. The state treasurer shall administer the fund and shall disburse moneys from the fund to the Missouri office of prosecution services pursuant to appropriations for the purposes set forth in sections 56.750, 56.755 and 56.760.

6. Any unexpended balances remaining in the Missouri office of prosecution services
fund and the Missouri office of prosecution services revolving fund at each biennium shall be
exempt from the provisions of section 33.080 relating to the transfer of unexpended balances to
general revenue.

557.014. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Accusatory instrument", a warrant of arrest, information, or indictment;
- 3 (2) "Accused", an individual accused of a criminal offense but not yet charged with
 4 a criminal offense;
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- (3) "Defendant", any person charged with a criminal offense;
- 6 (4) "Deferred prosecution", the suspension of a criminal case for a specified period
- 7 upon the request of both the prosecuting attorney and the accused or the defendant;

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8 (5) "Diversionary screening", the discretionary power of the prosecuting attorney 9 to suspend all formal prosecutorial proceedings against a person who has become involved 10 in the criminal justice system as an accused or defendant;

- (6) "Prosecuting attorney", includes the prosecuting attorney or circuit attorney
 for each county of the state and the city of St. Louis;
- (7) "Prosecution diversion", the imposition of conditions of behavior and conduct
 by the prosecuting attorney upon an accused or defendant for a specified period of time
 as an alternative to proceeding to adjudication on a complaint, information, or indictment.
- 2. Each prosecuting attorney in the state of Missouri shall have the authority to, upon agreement with an accused or a defendant, divert a criminal case to a prosecution diversion program for a period of six months to two years, thus allowing for any statute of limitations to be tolled for that time alone. The period of diversion may be extended by the prosecuting attorney as a disciplinary measure or to allow sufficient time for completion of any portion of the prosecution diversion including restitution; provided, however, that no extension of such diversion shall be for a period of more than two years.
- 23 **3.** The prosecuting attorney may divert cases, under this program, out of the 24 criminal justice system where the prosecuting attorney determines that the advantages of 25 utilizing prosecution diversion outweigh the advantages of immediate court activity.
- 4. Prior to or upon the issuance of an accusatory instrument, with consent of the accused or defendant, other than for an offense enumerated in this section, the prosecuting attorney may forego continued prosecution upon the parties' agreement to a prosecution diversion plan. The prosecution diversion plan shall be for a specified period and be in writing. The prosecuting attorney has the sole authority to develop diversionary program requirements, but minimum requirements are as follows:
- (1) The alleged offense is nonviolent, nonsexual, and does not involve a child victim
 or possession of an unlawful weapon;
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(2) The accused or defendant shall submit to all program requirements;

35 (3) Any newly discovered criminal behavior while in a prosecution diversion 36 program will immediately forfeit his or her right to continued participation in such 37 program at the sole discretion of the prosecuting attorney;

38 (4) The alleged offense does not also constitute a violation of a current condition of
 39 probation or parole;

40 (5) The alleged offense is not a traffic offense in which the accused or defendant
41 was a holder of a commercial driver's license or was operating a commercial motor vehicle
42 at the time of the offense; and

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(6) Any other criteria established by the prosecuting attorney.

5. During any period of prosecution diversion, the prosecuting attorney may impose conditions upon the behavior and conduct of the accused or defendant that assures the safety and well-being of the community as well as that of the accused or defendant. The conditions imposed by the prosecuting attorney shall include, but are not limited to, requiring the accused or defendant to remain free of any criminal behavior during the entire period of prosecution diversion.

50 6. The responsibility and authority to screen or divert specific cases, or to refuse 51 to screen or divert specific cases, shall rest within the sole judgment and discretion of the 52 prosecuting attorney as part of his or her official duties as prosecuting attorney. The 53 decision of the prosecuting attorney regarding diversion shall not be subject to appeal nor 54 be raised as a defense in any prosecution of a criminal case involving the accused or 55 defendant.

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7. Any person participating in the program:

(1) Shall have the right to insist on criminal prosecution for the offense for which
he or she is accused at any time; and

(2) May have counsel of the person's choosing present during all phases of the
 prosecution diversion proceedings, but counsel is not required and no right to appointment
 of counsel is hereby created.

8. In conducting the program, the prosecuting attorney may require at any point
the reinitiation of criminal proceedings if, in his or her judgment, such is warranted.

64 9. Any county, city, person, organization, or agency, or employee or agent thereof, involved with the supervision of activities, programs, or community service that are a part 65 of a prosecution diversion program shall be immune from any suit by the person 66 67 performing the work under the deferred prosecution agreement, or any person deriving a cause of action from such person, except for an intentional tort or gross negligence. 68 Persons performing work or community service under a deferred prosecution agreement 69 70 as described shall not be deemed to be engaged in employment within the meaning of the 71 provisions of chapter 288. A person performing work or community service under a 72 deferred prosecution agreement shall not be deemed an employee within the meaning of 73 the provisions of chapter 287.

10. Any person supervising an accused or a defendant under the program shall
 report to the prosecuting attorney any violation of the terms of the prosecution diversion
 program.

11. After completion of the program and any conditions imposed upon the accused
 or defendant, to the satisfaction of the prosecuting attorney, the individual shall be entitled
 to a dismissal or alternative disposition of charges against him or her. Such disposition

80 may, in the discretion of the prosecuting attorney, be without prejudice to the state of

81 Missouri for the reinstitution of criminal proceedings, within the statute of limitations,

82 upon any subsequent criminal activity on the part of the accused. Any other provision of

83 law notwithstanding, such individual shall be required to pay any associated costs prior

84 to dismissal of pending charges.

579.015. 1. A person commits the offense of possession of a controlled substance if he 2 or she knowingly possesses a controlled substance, except as authorized by this chapter or 3 chapter 195.

2. The offense of possession of any controlled substance except thirty-five grams or less
 of marijuana [or], any synthetic cannabinoid, or an amount equivalent to thirty-five grams
 or less of marijuana concentrate is a class D felony.

7 3. The offense of possession of [more than ten grams but] thirty-five grams or less of
8 marijuana [or], any synthetic cannabinoid [is a class A misdemeanor.

9 4. The offense of possession of not more than ten grams of marijuana or any synthetic 10 cannabinoid], or an amount equivalent to thirty-five grams or less of marijuana 11 concentrate is a class D misdemeanor. [If the defendant has previously been found guilty of any 12 offense of the laws related to controlled substances of this state, or of the United States, or any 13 state, territory, or district, the offense is a class A misdemeanor. Prior findings of guilt shall be 14 pleaded and proven in the same manner as required by section 558.021.]

4. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, upon agreement with an accused or a defendant, a prosecuting attorney may divert an offense involving one hundred grams or less of marijuana, any synthetic cannabinoid, or an amount equivalent to one hundred grams or less of marijuana concentrate to a prosecution diversion program as provided under section 557.014.

5. In any complaint, information, or indictment, and in any action or proceeding brought for the enforcement of any provision of this chapter or chapter 195, it shall not be necessary to include any exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption contained in this chapter or chapter 195, and the burden of proof of any such exception, excuse, proviso or exemption shall be upon the defendant.

579.020. 1. A person commits the offense of delivery of a controlled substance if, 2 except as authorized in this chapter or chapter 195, he or she:

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- (1) Knowingly distributes or delivers a controlled substance;
- 4 (2) Attempts to distribute or deliver a controlled substance;

5 (3) Knowingly possesses a controlled substance with the intent to distribute or deliver 6 any amount of a controlled substance; or

7 (4) Knowingly permits a minor to purchase or transport illegally obtained controlled 8 substances.

9 2. Except when the controlled substance is thirty-five grams or less of marijuana [or], 10 synthetic cannabinoid, or an amount equivalent to thirty-five grams or less of marijuana 11 concentrate, or as otherwise provided under subsection 5 of this section, the offense of delivery 12 of a controlled substance is a class C felony.

3. Except as otherwise provided under subsection 4 of this section, the offense of delivery of thirty-five grams or less of marijuana [or], synthetic cannabinoid, or an amount equivalent to thirty-five grams or less of marijuana concentrate is a class E felony. Under no circumstance shall an alleged offense be construed to be delivery under this subsection based solely upon the packaging of the marijuana, synthetic cannabinoid, or marijuana concentrate.

4. The offense of delivery of thirty-five grams or less of marijuana [or], synthetic cannabinoid, or an amount equivalent to thirty-five grams or less of marijuana concentrate to a person less than seventeen years of age who is at least two years younger than the defendant is a class C felony.

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5. The offense of delivery of a controlled substance is a class B felony if:

(1) The delivery or distribution is any amount of a controlled substance except thirty-five
 grams or less of marijuana [or], synthetic cannabinoid, or an amount equivalent to thirty-five
 grams or less of marijuana concentrate, to a person less than seventeen years of age who is
 at least two years younger than the defendant; or

(2) The person knowingly permits a minor to purchase or transport illegally obtainedcontrolled substances.

579.030. 1. A person commits the offense of distribution of a controlled substance in
a protected location if he or she knowingly distributes, sells, or delivers any controlled substance,
except thirty-five grams or less of marijuana [or], synthetic cannabinoid, or an amount
equivalent to thirty-five grams or less of marijuana concentrate, to a person with knowledge
that that distribution, delivery or sale is:

6 (1) In, on, or within [two] one thousand feet of, the real property comprising a public or 7 private elementary, vocational, or secondary school, or on any school bus **and between the** 8 hours of 6:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m.; or

9 (2) In, on, or within one thousand feet of, the real property comprising a public park, 10 state park, county park, municipal park, or private park designed for public recreational purposes, 11 as park is defined in section 253.010; or

12 (3) In or on the real property comprising public housing or other governmental assistedhousing.

14 2. The offense of unlawful distribution of a controlled substance in a protected location15 is a class A felony.

579.074. 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of drug paraphernalia if he or she knowingly uses, or possesses with intent to use, drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body, a controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance in violation of this chapter or chapter 195.

2. Except as provided under subsection 4 of this section, the offense of unlawful
possession of drug paraphernalia is a class D misdemeanor, unless the person has previously
been found guilty of any offense of the laws of this state related to controlled substances or of
the laws of another jurisdiction related to controlled substances, in which case the violation of
this section is a class A misdemeanor. Prior findings of guilt shall be pleaded and proven in the
same manner as required by section 558.021.

3. Except as provided under subsection 4 of this section, the offense of unlawful
 possession of drug paraphernalia is a class E felony if the person uses, or possesses with intent
 to use, the paraphernalia in combination with each other to manufacture, compound, produce,
 prepare, test, or analyze amphetamine or methamphetamine or any of their analogues.

4. The offense of unlawful possession of marijuana-related drug paraphernalia is
 a class D misdemeanor; however, a prosecuting attorney, upon agreement with an accused
 or a defendant, may divert an offense under this subsection to a prosecution diversion

20 program under section 557.014.

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