

SENATE
STATE OF MINNESOTA
NINETY-FIRST SESSION

S.F. No. 751

(SENATE AUTHORS: ROSEN, Eaton, Draheim, Abeler and Klein)

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
01/31/2019	226	Introduction and first reading Referred to Health and Human Services Finance and Policy
02/14/2019	360a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to State Government Finance and Policy and Elections
02/18/2019	410a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Judiciary and Public Safety Finance and Policy
02/21/2019	464a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Human Services Reform Finance and Policy
03/04/2019	605	Comm report: To pass and re-referred to Health and Human Services Finance and Policy
03/20/2019	1055a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Rules and Administration (Non-revisor companion) HF400

1.1 A bill for an act

1.2 relating to health; establishing an opiate epidemic response; establishing an Opiate

1.3 Epidemic Response Advisory Council; establishing an opiate epidemic response

1.4 account; increasing the annual license fee for drug manufacturers and wholesale

1.5 drug distributors; establishing an opiate product registration fee for certain opiate

1.6 manufacturers; requiring a prescriber to access the prescription monitoring program

1.7 before prescribing a controlled substance; limiting the quantity of opiates and

1.8 narcotics that can be prescribed for acute pain at any one time; requiring a report;

1.9 appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 151.01,

1.10 subdivision 27; 151.065, subdivisions 1, 3, by adding a subdivision; 151.252,

1.11 subdivision 1; 151.37, subdivision 12; 152.105, subdivision 2; 152.11, subdivisions

1.12 1, 2, 2d, 4; 152.126, subdivisions 6, 10; 214.12, by adding a subdivision; proposing

1.13 coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 151; 256.

1.14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.15 style="text-align:center">**ARTICLE 1**

1.16 style="text-align:center">**OPIATE EPIDEMIC RESPONSE**

1.17 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.065, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

1.18 Subdivision 1. **Application fees.** Application fees for licensure and registration are as

1.19 follows:

1.20 (1) pharmacist licensed by examination, \$145;

1.21 (2) pharmacist licensed by reciprocity, \$240;

1.22 (3) pharmacy intern, \$37.50;

1.23 (4) pharmacy technician, \$37.50;

1.24 (5) pharmacy, \$225;

1.25 (6) drug wholesaler, legend drugs only, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;

- 2.1 (7) drug wholesaler, legend and nonlegend drugs, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 2.2 (8) drug wholesaler, nonlegend drugs, veterinary legend drugs, or both, ~~\$210~~ \$5,000;
- 2.3 (9) drug wholesaler, medical gases, ~~\$175~~ \$5,000;
- 2.4 (10) drug wholesaler, also licensed as a pharmacy in Minnesota, ~~\$150~~ \$5,000;
- 2.5 (11) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend drugs only, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 2.6 (12) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend and nonlegend drugs, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 2.7 (13) drug manufacturer, nonlegend or veterinary legend drugs, ~~\$210~~ \$5,000;
- 2.8 (14) drug manufacturer, medical gases, ~~\$185~~ \$5,000;
- 2.9 (15) drug manufacturer, also licensed as a pharmacy in Minnesota, ~~\$150~~ \$5,000;
- 2.10 (16) drug manufacturer of opiate-containing controlled substances listed in section
- 2.11 152.02, subdivisions 3 to 5, \$55,000;
- 2.12 ~~(16)~~ (17) medical gas distributor, ~~\$110~~ \$5,000;
- 2.13 ~~(17)~~ (18) controlled substance researcher, \$75; and
- 2.14 ~~(18)~~ (19) pharmacy professional corporation, \$125.

2.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2019, and applies to any license

2.16 issued on or after that date.

2.17 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.065, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

2.18 Subd. 3. **Annual renewal fees.** Annual licensure and registration renewal fees are as

2.19 follows:

- 2.20 (1) pharmacist, \$145;
- 2.21 (2) pharmacy technician, \$37.50;
- 2.22 (3) pharmacy, \$225;
- 2.23 (4) drug wholesaler, legend drugs only, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 2.24 (5) drug wholesaler, legend and nonlegend drugs, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;
- 2.25 (6) drug wholesaler, nonlegend drugs, veterinary legend drugs, or both, ~~\$210~~ \$5,000;
- 2.26 (7) drug wholesaler, medical gases, ~~\$185~~ \$5,000;
- 2.27 (8) drug wholesaler, also licensed as a pharmacy in Minnesota, ~~\$150~~ \$5,000;
- 2.28 (9) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend drugs only, ~~\$235~~ \$5,000;

- 3.1 (10) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend and nonlegend drugs, \$235 \$5,000;
- 3.2 (11) drug manufacturer, nonlegend, veterinary legend drugs, or both, \$210 \$5,000;
- 3.3 (12) drug manufacturer, medical gases, \$185 \$5,000;
- 3.4 (13) drug manufacturer, also licensed as a pharmacy in Minnesota, \$150 \$5,000;
- 3.5 (14) drug manufacturer of opiate-containing controlled substances listed in section
- 3.6 152.02, subdivisions 3 to 5, \$55,000;
- 3.7 ~~(14)~~ (15) medical gas distributor, \$110 \$5,000;
- 3.8 ~~(15)~~ (16) controlled substance researcher, \$75; and
- 3.9 ~~(16)~~ (17) pharmacy professional corporation, \$75.

3.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2019, and applies to any license

3.11 renewed on or after that date.

3.12 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.065, is amended by adding a subdivision to

3.13 read:

3.14 **Subd. 7. Deposit of fees.** (a) The license fees collected under this section, with the

3.15 exception of the fees identified in paragraph (b), shall be deposited in the state government

3.16 special revenue fund.

3.17 (b) \$5,000 of each fee collected under subdivision 1, clauses (6) to (15) and (17), and

3.18 subdivision 3, clauses (4) to (13) and (15), and the fees collected under subdivision 1, clause

3.19 (16), and subdivision 3, clause (14), shall be deposited in the opiate epidemic response

3.20 account.

3.21 Sec. 4. **[151.066] OPIATE PRODUCT REGISTRATION FEE.**

3.22 **Subdivision 1. Definition.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the

3.23 meanings given to them in this subdivision.

3.24 (b) "Manufacturer" means a manufacturer licensed under section 151.252 that is engaged

3.25 in the manufacturing of an opiate.

3.26 (c) "Opiate" means any opiate-containing controlled substance listed in section 152.02,

3.27 subdivisions 3 to 5, that is distributed, delivered, sold, or dispensed into or within this state.

3.28 (d) "Wholesaler" means a wholesale drug distributor licensed under section 151.47 that

3.29 is engaged in the wholesale drug distribution of an opiate.

4.1 Subd. 2. Reporting requirements. (a) By March 1 of each year, beginning March 1,
4.2 2020, each manufacturer and each wholesaler must report to the board every sale, delivery,
4.3 or other distribution within or into this state of any opiate that is made to any practitioner,
4.4 pharmacy, hospital, veterinary hospital, or other person who is permitted by section 151.37
4.5 to possess controlled substances for administration or dispensing to patients that occurred
4.6 during the previous calendar year. Reporting must be in the automation of reports and
4.7 consolidated orders system format unless otherwise specified by the board. If a manufacturer
4.8 or wholesaler fails to provide information required under this paragraph on a timely basis,
4.9 the board may assess an administrative penalty of \$100 per day. This penalty shall not be
4.10 considered a form of disciplinary action.

4.11 (b) By March 1 of each year, beginning March 1, 2020, each owner of a pharmacy with
4.12 at least one location within this state must report to the board any intracompany delivery
4.13 or distribution into this state, of any opiate, to the extent that those deliveries and distributions
4.14 are not reported to the board by a licensed wholesaler owned by, under contract to, or
4.15 otherwise operating on behalf of the owner of the pharmacy. Reporting must be in the
4.16 manner and format specified by the board for deliveries and distributions that occurred
4.17 during the previous calendar year.

4.18 Subd. 3. Determination of an opiate product registration fee. (a) The board shall
4.19 annually assess an opiate product registration fee on any manufacturer of an opiate that
4.20 annually sells, delivers, or distributes an opiate within or into the state 2,000,000 or more
4.21 units as reported to the board under subdivision 2.

4.22 (b) The annual registration fee for each manufacturer meeting the requirement under
4.23 paragraph (a) is \$250,000.

4.24 (c) In conjunction with the data reported under this section, and notwithstanding section
4.25 152.126, subdivision 6, the board may use the data reported under section 152.126,
4.26 subdivision 4, to determine which manufacturers meet the requirement under paragraph (a)
4.27 and are required to pay the registration fees under this subdivision.

4.28 (d) By April 1 of each year, beginning April 1, 2020, the board shall notify a manufacturer
4.29 that the manufacturer meets the requirement in paragraph (a) and is required to pay the
4.30 annual registration fee in accordance with section 151.252, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

4.31 (e) A manufacturer may dispute the board's determination that the manufacturer must
4.32 pay the registration fee no later than 30 days after the date of notification. However, the
4.33 manufacturer must still remit the fee as required by section 151.252, subdivision 1, paragraph
4.34 (b). The dispute must be filed with the board in the manner and using the forms specified

5.1 by the board. A manufacturer must submit, with the required forms, data satisfactory to the
5.2 board that demonstrates that the assessment of the registration fee was incorrect. The board
5.3 must make a decision concerning a dispute no later than 60 days after receiving the required
5.4 dispute forms. If the board determines that the manufacturer has satisfactorily demonstrated
5.5 that the fee was incorrectly assessed, the board must refund the amount paid in error.

5.6 (f) For purposes of this subdivision, a unit means the individual dosage form of the
5.7 particular drug product that is prescribed to the patient. One unit equals one tablet, capsule,
5.8 patch, syringe, milliliter, or gram.

5.9 Subd. 4. **Report.** (a) The Board of Pharmacy shall evaluate the registration fee on drug
5.10 manufacturers established under this section, and whether the registration fee and the
5.11 increased licensure fees have impacted the prescribing practices of opiates by reducing the
5.12 number of opiate prescriptions issued during calendar years 2020, 2021, and 2022, or creating
5.13 any unintended consequences in the availability of opiates for the treatment of chronic or
5.14 intractable pain to the extent the board has the ability to effectively identify a correlation.
5.15 Notwithstanding section 152.126, subdivision 6, the board may access the data reported
5.16 under section 152.126, subdivision 4, to conduct this evaluation.

5.17 (b) The board shall submit the results of its evaluation to the chairs and ranking minority
5.18 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services
5.19 policy and finance by March 1, 2023.

5.20 Subd. 5. **Legislative review.** The legislature shall review the reports from the Opiate
5.21 Epidemic Response Advisory Council under section 256.042, subdivision 5, paragraph (a),
5.22 the reports from the commissioner of management and budget on the Results First evaluation
5.23 activities under section 256.042, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), the report from the Board of
5.24 Pharmacy under subdivision 4, and any other relevant report or information related to the
5.25 opioid crisis in Minnesota, to make a determination about whether the opiate product
5.26 registration fee assessed under this section should continue beyond July 1, 2023.

5.27 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.252, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

5.28 Subdivision 1. **Requirements.** (a) No person shall act as a drug manufacturer without
5.29 first obtaining a license from the board and paying any applicable fee specified in section
5.30 151.065.

5.31 (b) In addition to the license required under paragraph (a), each manufacturer required
5.32 to pay the registration fee under section 151.066 must pay the fee by June 1 of each year,
5.33 beginning June 1, 2020. In the event of a change of ownership of the manufacturer, the new

6.1 owner must pay the registration fee specified under section 151.066, subdivision 3, that the
6.2 original owner would have been assessed had the original owner retained ownership. The
6.3 registration fee collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the opiate epidemic
6.4 response account established under section 256.043.

6.5 ~~(b)~~ (c) Application for a drug manufacturer license under this section shall be made in
6.6 a manner specified by the board.

6.7 ~~(e)~~ (d) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer unless the applicant
6.8 agrees to operate in a manner prescribed by federal and state law and according to Minnesota
6.9 Rules.

6.10 ~~(d)~~ (e) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer that is required to
6.11 be registered pursuant to United States Code, title 21, section 360, unless the applicant
6.12 supplies the board with proof of registration. The board may establish by rule the standards
6.13 for licensure of drug manufacturers that are not required to be registered under United States
6.14 Code, title 21, section 360.

6.15 ~~(e)~~ (f) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer that is required to
6.16 be licensed or registered by the state in which it is physically located unless the applicant
6.17 supplies the board with proof of licensure or registration. The board may establish, by rule,
6.18 standards for the licensure of a drug manufacturer that is not required to be licensed or
6.19 registered by the state in which it is physically located.

6.20 ~~(f)~~ (g) The board shall require a separate license for each facility located within the state
6.21 at which drug manufacturing occurs and for each facility located outside of the state at
6.22 which drugs that are shipped into the state are manufactured, except a manufacturer of
6.23 opiate-containing controlled substances shall not be required to pay the fee under section
6.24 151.065, subdivision 1, clause (16), or 151.065, subdivision 2, clause (14), for more than
6.25 one facility.

6.26 ~~(g)~~ (h) The board shall not issue an initial or renewed license for a drug manufacturing
6.27 facility unless the facility passes an inspection conducted by an authorized representative
6.28 of the board. In the case of a drug manufacturing facility located outside of the state, the
6.29 board may require the applicant to pay the cost of the inspection, in addition to the license
6.30 fee in section 151.065, unless the applicant furnishes the board with a report, issued by the
6.31 appropriate regulatory agency of the state in which the facility is located or by the United
6.32 States Food and Drug Administration, of an inspection that has occurred within the 24
6.33 months immediately preceding receipt of the license application by the board. The board

7.1 may deny licensure unless the applicant submits documentation satisfactory to the board
7.2 that any deficiencies noted in an inspection report have been corrected.

7.3 **Sec. 6. [256.042] OPIATE EPIDEMIC RESPONSE ADVISORY COUNCIL.**

7.4 Subdivision 1. Establishment of the advisory council. (a) The Opiate Epidemic
7.5 Response Advisory Council is established to develop and implement a comprehensive and
7.6 effective statewide effort to address the opioid addiction and overdose epidemic in Minnesota.
7.7 The council shall focus on:

7.8 (1) prevention and education, including public education and awareness for adults and
7.9 youth, prescriber education, the development and sustainability of opioid overdose prevention
7.10 and education programs, and providing financial support to local law enforcement agencies
7.11 for opiate antagonist programs;

7.12 (2) treatment, including statewide access to effective treatment and recovery services
7.13 that is aligned with Minnesota's model of care approach to promoting access to treatment
7.14 and recovery services. This includes ensuring that individuals throughout the state have
7.15 access to treatment and recovery services, including care coordination services; peer recovery
7.16 services; medication-assisted treatment and office-based opioid treatment; integrative and
7.17 multidisciplinary therapies; and culturally specific services; and

7.18 (3) innovation and capacity building, including development of evidence-based practices,
7.19 using research and evaluation to understand which policies and programs promote efficient
7.20 and effective prevention, treatment, and recovery results. This also includes ensuring that
7.21 there are qualified providers and a comprehensive set of treatment and recovery services
7.22 throughout the state.

7.23 (b) The council shall:

7.24 (1) review local, state, and federal initiatives and funding related to prevention and
7.25 education, treatment, and services for individuals and families experiencing and affected
7.26 by opioid abuse, and promoting innovation and capacity building to address the opioid
7.27 addiction and overdose epidemic, including alternatives to the use of opiates or narcotic
7.28 pain relievers for the treatment of chronic pain;

7.29 (2) establish priorities to address the state's opioid addiction and overdose epidemic for
7.30 the purpose of allocating funds and consult with the commissioner of management and
7.31 budget to determine whether proposals are for evidence-based practices, promising practices,
7.32 or theory-based practices;

8.1 (3) ensure that available funding under this section is allocated to align with existing
8.2 state and federal funding to achieve the greatest impact and ensure a coordinated state effort
8.3 to address the opioid addiction and overdose epidemic;

8.4 (4) develop criteria and procedures to be used in awarding grants and allocating available
8.5 funds from the opiate epidemic response account and select proposals to receive grant
8.6 funding. The council is encouraged to select proposals that are promising practices or
8.7 theory-based practices, in addition to evidence-based practices, to help identify new
8.8 approaches to effective prevention, treatment, and recovery; and

8.9 (5) in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, and within
8.10 available appropriations, select from the awarded grants projects that include promising
8.11 practices or theory-based activities for which the commissioner of management and budget
8.12 shall conduct evaluations using experimental or quasi-experimental design. Grants awarded
8.13 to proposals that include promising practices or theory-based activities and that are selected
8.14 for an evaluation shall be administered to support the experimental or quasi-experimental
8.15 evaluation and require grantees to collect and report information that is needed to complete
8.16 the evaluation. The commissioner of management and budget, under section 15.08, may
8.17 obtain additional relevant data to support the experimental or quasi-experimental evaluation
8.18 studies.

8.19 Subd. 2. **Membership.** (a) The council shall consist of 18 voting members appointed
8.20 by the commissioner of human services, except as otherwise specified:

8.21 (1) two members of the house of representatives, one from the majority party appointed
8.22 by the speaker of the house and one from the minority party appointed by the minority
8.23 leader. Of these two members, one member must represent a district outside of the
8.24 seven-county metropolitan area, and one member must represent a district that includes the
8.25 seven-county metropolitan area;

8.26 (2) two members of the senate, one from the majority party appointed by the senate
8.27 majority leader and one from the minority party appointed by the senate minority leader.
8.28 Of these two members, one member must represent a district outside of the seven-county
8.29 metropolitan area and one member must represent a district that includes the seven-county
8.30 metropolitan area;

8.31 (3) one member appointed by the Board of Pharmacy;

8.32 (4) one member who is a physician appointed by the Minnesota chapter of the American
8.33 College of Emergency Physicians;

- 9.1 (5) one member representing opioid treatment programs or sober living programs;
- 9.2 (6) one member who is a physician appointed by the Minnesota Hospital Association;
- 9.3 (7) one member who is a physician appointed by the Minnesota Society of Addiction
- 9.4 Medicine;
- 9.5 (8) one member who is a pain psychologist;
- 9.6 (9) one member appointed by the Steve Rummeler Hope Network;
- 9.7 (10) one member appointed by the Minnesota Ambulance Association;
- 9.8 (11) one member representing the Minnesota courts who is a judge or law enforcement
- 9.9 officer;
- 9.10 (12) one public member who is a Minnesota resident and who has been impacted by the
- 9.11 opioid epidemic;
- 9.12 (13) one public member who is a Minnesota resident and who is in opioid addiction
- 9.13 recovery;
- 9.14 (14) one member representing a manufacturer of opiates;
- 9.15 (15) one member representing an Indian tribe; and
- 9.16 (16) one public member who is a Minnesota resident and who is suffering from chronic
- 9.17 pain, intractable pain, or a rare disease or condition.
- 9.18 (b) The commissioners of human services and health or their designees shall be ex officio
- 9.19 nonvoting members of the council.
- 9.20 (c) The commissioner of human services shall coordinate the commissioner's
- 9.21 appointments to provide geographic diversity and shall ensure that at least one-half of
- 9.22 council members appointed by the commissioner reside outside of the seven-county
- 9.23 metropolitan area.
- 9.24 (d) The council is governed by section 15.059, except that members of the council shall
- 9.25 receive no compensation other than reimbursement for expenses. Notwithstanding section
- 9.26 15.059, subdivision 6, the council shall not expire.
- 9.27 (e) The chair shall convene the council at least quarterly, and may convene other meetings
- 9.28 as necessary. The chair shall convene meetings at different locations in the state to provide
- 9.29 geographic access, and shall ensure that at least one-half of the meetings are held at locations
- 9.30 outside of the seven-county metropolitan area.

10.1 (f) The commissioner of human services shall provide staff and administrative services
10.2 for the advisory council.

10.3 (g) The council is subject to chapter 13D.

10.4 Subd. 3. **Conflict of interest.** Advisory council members must disclose to the council,
10.5 refrain from participating in discussions, and recuse themselves from voting on any matter
10.6 before the council if the member has a conflict of interest. A conflict of interest means a
10.7 financial association that has the potential to bias or have the appearance of biasing a council
10.8 member's decision related to the opiate epidemic response grant decision process or other
10.9 council activities under this section.

10.10 Subd. 4. **Grants.** (a) The commissioner of human services shall submit a report of the
10.11 grants proposed by the advisory council to be awarded for the upcoming fiscal year to the
10.12 chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over
10.13 health and human services policy and finance, by March 1 of each year, beginning March
10.14 1, 2020.

10.15 (b) The commissioner of human services shall award grants from the opiate epidemic
10.16 response account under section 256.043. The grants shall be awarded to proposals selected
10.17 by the advisory council that address the priorities in subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clauses
10.18 (1) to (3), unless otherwise appropriated by the legislature. No more than three percent of
10.19 the grant amount may be used by a grantee for administration.

10.20 Subd. 5. **Reports.** (a) The advisory council shall report annually to the chairs and ranking
10.21 minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human
10.22 services policy and finance by January 31 of each year. The report shall include information
10.23 about the individual projects that receive grants and the overall role of the project in
10.24 addressing the opioid addiction and overdose epidemic in Minnesota. The report must
10.25 describe the grantees and the activities implemented, along with measurable outcomes as
10.26 determined by the council in consultation with the commissioner of human services and the
10.27 commissioner of management and budget. At a minimum, the report must include information
10.28 about the number of individuals who received information or treatment, the outcomes the
10.29 individuals achieved, and demographic information about the individuals participating in
10.30 the project; an assessment of the progress toward achieving statewide access to qualified
10.31 providers and comprehensive treatment and recovery services; and an update on the
10.32 evaluation implemented by the commissioner of management and budget for the promising
10.33 practices and theory-based projects that receive funding.

11.1 (b) The commissioner of management and budget, in consultation with the Opiate
 11.2 Epidemic Response Advisory Council, shall report to the chairs and ranking minority
 11.3 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services
 11.4 policy and finance when an evaluation study described in subdivision 1, paragraph (b),
 11.5 clause (5), is complete on the promising practices or theory-based projects that are selected
 11.6 for evaluation activities. The report shall include demographic information; outcome
 11.7 information for the individuals in the program; the results for the program in promoting
 11.8 recovery, employment, family reunification, and reducing involvement with the criminal
 11.9 justice system; and other relevant outcomes determined by the commissioner of management
 11.10 and budget that are specific to the projects that are evaluated. The report shall include
 11.11 information about the ability of grant programs to be scaled to achieve the statewide results
 11.12 that the grant project demonstrated.

11.13 **Sec. 7. [256.043] OPIATE EPIDEMIC RESPONSE ACCOUNT.**

11.14 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The opiate epidemic response account is established in
 11.15 the special revenue fund in the state treasury. The registration fees assessed by the Board
 11.16 of Pharmacy under section 151.066 and the license fees identified in section 151.065,
 11.17 subdivision 7, paragraph (b), shall be deposited into the account.

11.18 Subd. 2. **Use of account funds.** (a) Beginning in fiscal year 2020, money in the account
 11.19 shall be appropriated each fiscal year as specified in this subdivision.

11.20 (b) \$300,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of management and budget for
 11.21 evaluation activities under section 256.042.

11.22 (c) \$249,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for the provision
 11.23 of administrative services to the Opiate Epidemic Response Advisory Council and for the
 11.24 administration of the grants awarded under paragraph (g).

11.25 (d) \$126,000 is appropriated to the Board of Pharmacy for the collection of the registration
 11.26 fees under section 151.066.

11.27 (e) \$384,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of public safety for Bureau of Criminal
 11.28 Apprehension drug scientists and lab supplies.

11.29 (f) \$800,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for grants of \$400,000
 11.30 to CHI St. Gabriel's Health Family Medical Center for the opioid-focused Project ECHO
 11.31 program and \$400,000 to Hennepin Health Care for the opioid-focused Project ECHO
 11.32 program.

12.1 (g) Money remaining in the opiate epidemic response account after making the
12.2 appropriations required in paragraphs (b) to (f) is appropriated to the commissioner of human
12.3 services. The commissioner shall distribute the appropriations as follows:

12.4 (1) at least 50 percent shall be distributed to county social service agencies to provide
12.5 child protection services to children and families who are affected by addiction. The
12.6 commissioner shall distribute this money proportionally to counties based on the number
12.7 of open child protection case management cases in the county using data from the previous
12.8 calendar year; and

12.9 (2) the remaining money shall be awarded as specified by the Opiate Epidemic Response
12.10 Advisory Council as grants in accordance with section 256.042, unless otherwise appropriated
12.11 by the legislature.

12.12 **Sec. 8. OPIATE EPIDEMIC RESPONSE ADVISORY COUNCIL FIRST MEETING**
12.13 **AND REPORT.**

12.14 The commissioner of human services shall convene the first meeting of the Opiate
12.15 Epidemic Response Advisory Council established under Minnesota Statutes, section 256.042,
12.16 no later than October 1, 2019. The members shall elect a chair at the first meeting. The first
12.17 report required under Minnesota Statutes, section 256.042, subdivision 5, paragraph (a), is
12.18 due by January 31, 2022.

12.19 **Sec. 9. SETTLEMENT; SUNSET.**

12.20 (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 151.065 and 151.066, if the state
12.21 receives a settlement, payout, or judgment from any lawsuit brought by the state or group
12.22 of states, in which Minnesota is a named party against an opiate drug manufacturer or
12.23 manufacturers, in an amount of \$20,000,000 or greater, the application fee and the annual
12.24 license fee for opiate manufacturers under Minnesota Statutes, section 151.065, subdivisions
12.25 1 and 3, shall be reduced to \$5,000 and any registration fee assessed under Minnesota
12.26 Statutes, section 152.066, subdivision 3, shall be reduced to \$5,000.

12.27 (b) If the fees identified in paragraph (a) are reduced, the reduced fee shall remain in
12.28 effect until the fee is reviewed and adjusted, restored, or repealed by the legislature.

12.29 (c) If the state receives any money from a settlement, payout, or judgment as described
12.30 in paragraph (a), regardless of the amount, the funds received by the state shall be deposited
12.31 in the state treasury according to paragraph (d).

13.1 (d) If payment subject to paragraph (a) is received, the commissioner of management
 13.2 and budget shall deposit the funds received in a separate account in the state treasury and
 13.3 notify the chairs and ranking minority members of the finance committee in the senate and
 13.4 the ways and means committee in the house of representatives that an account has been
 13.5 created and the amount of funds deposited.

13.6 ARTICLE 2

13.7 OTHER OPIATE PROVISIONS

13.8 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.01, subdivision 27, is amended to read:

13.9 Subd. 27. **Practice of pharmacy.** "Practice of pharmacy" means:

13.10 (1) interpretation and evaluation of prescription drug orders;

13.11 (2) compounding, labeling, and dispensing drugs and devices (except labeling by a
 13.12 manufacturer or packager of nonprescription drugs or commercially packaged legend drugs
 13.13 and devices);

13.14 (3) participation in clinical interpretations and monitoring of drug therapy for assurance
 13.15 of safe and effective use of drugs, including the performance of laboratory tests that are
 13.16 waived under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act of 1988, United States Code,
 13.17 title 42, section 263a et seq., provided that a pharmacist may interpret the results of laboratory
 13.18 tests but may modify drug therapy only pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice
 13.19 agreement;

13.20 (4) participation in drug and therapeutic device selection; drug administration for first
 13.21 dosage and medical emergencies; intramuscular and subcutaneous administration of drugs
 13.22 used for the treatment of alcohol or opioid dependence and the treatment of mental health
 13.23 conditions; drug regimen reviews; and drug or drug-related research;

13.24 (5) participation in administration of influenza vaccines to all eligible individuals six
 13.25 years of age and older and all other vaccines to patients 13 years of age and older by written
 13.26 protocol with a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician assistant authorized to
 13.27 prescribe drugs under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice registered nurse authorized to
 13.28 prescribe drugs under section 148.235, provided that:

13.29 (i) the protocol includes, at a minimum:

13.30 (A) the name, dose, and route of each vaccine that may be given;

13.31 (B) the patient population for whom the vaccine may be given;

- 14.1 (C) contraindications and precautions to the vaccine;
- 14.2 (D) the procedure for handling an adverse reaction;
- 14.3 (E) the name, signature, and address of the physician, physician assistant, or advanced
14.4 practice registered nurse;
- 14.5 (F) a telephone number at which the physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice
14.6 registered nurse can be contacted; and
- 14.7 (G) the date and time period for which the protocol is valid;
- 14.8 (ii) the pharmacist has successfully completed a program approved by the Accreditation
14.9 Council for Pharmacy Education specifically for the administration of immunizations or a
14.10 program approved by the board;
- 14.11 (iii) the pharmacist utilizes the Minnesota Immunization Information Connection to
14.12 assess the immunization status of individuals prior to the administration of vaccines, except
14.13 when administering influenza vaccines to individuals age nine and older;
- 14.14 (iv) the pharmacist reports the administration of the immunization to the Minnesota
14.15 Immunization Information Connection; and
- 14.16 (v) the pharmacist complies with guidelines for vaccines and immunizations established
14.17 by the federal Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices, except that a pharmacist
14.18 does not need to comply with those portions of the guidelines that establish immunization
14.19 schedules when administering a vaccine pursuant to a valid, patient-specific order issued
14.20 by a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician assistant authorized to prescribe
14.21 drugs under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice nurse authorized to prescribe drugs
14.22 under section 148.235, provided that the order is consistent with the United States Food
14.23 and Drug Administration approved labeling of the vaccine;
- 14.24 (6) participation in the initiation, management, modification, and discontinuation of
14.25 drug therapy according to a written protocol or collaborative practice agreement between:
14.26 (i) one or more pharmacists and one or more dentists, optometrists, physicians, podiatrists,
14.27 or veterinarians; or (ii) one or more pharmacists and one or more physician assistants
14.28 authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under chapter 147A, or advanced practice
14.29 nurses authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235. Any changes
14.30 in drug therapy made pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement must be
14.31 documented by the pharmacist in the patient's medical record or reported by the pharmacist
14.32 to a practitioner responsible for the patient's care;
- 14.33 (7) participation in the storage of drugs and the maintenance of records;

15.1 (8) patient counseling on therapeutic values, content, hazards, and uses of drugs and
15.2 devices;

15.3 (9) offering or performing those acts, services, operations, or transactions necessary in
15.4 the conduct, operation, management, and control of a pharmacy; and

15.5 (10) participation in the initiation, management, modification, and discontinuation of
15.6 therapy with opiate antagonists, as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1, pursuant to:

15.7 (i) a written protocol as allowed under clause (6); or

15.8 (ii) a written protocol with a community health board medical consultant or a practitioner
15.9 designated by the commissioner of health, as allowed under section 151.37, subdivision 13.

15.10 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.37, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

15.11 Subd. 12. **Administration of opiate antagonists for drug overdose.** (a) A licensed
15.12 physician, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse authorized to prescribe drugs
15.13 pursuant to section 148.235, or a licensed physician assistant authorized to prescribe drugs
15.14 pursuant to section 147A.18 may authorize the following individuals to administer opiate
15.15 antagonists, as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1:

15.16 (1) an emergency medical responder registered pursuant to section 144E.27;

15.17 (2) a peace officer as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c) and (d);

15.18 ~~and~~

15.19 (3) employees of a correctional facility; and

15.20 (4) staff of community-based health disease prevention or social service programs.

15.21 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, opiate antagonists may be administered by one
15.22 of these individuals only if:

15.23 (1) the licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice
15.24 registered nurse has issued a standing order to, or entered into a protocol with, the individual;
15.25 and

15.26 (2) the individual has training in the recognition of signs of opiate overdose and the use
15.27 of opiate antagonists as part of the emergency response to opiate overdose.

15.28 (c) Nothing in this section prohibits the possession and administration of naloxone
15.29 pursuant to section 604A.04.

16.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.105, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

16.2 Subd. 2. **Sheriff to maintain collection receptacle or medicine disposal program.** (a)

16.3 The sheriff of each county shall maintain or contract for the maintenance of at least one
16.4 collection receptacle or implement a medicine disposal program for the disposal of
16.5 noncontrolled substances, pharmaceutical controlled substances, and other legend drugs,
16.6 as permitted by federal law. For purposes of this section, "legend drug" has the meaning
16.7 given in section 151.01, subdivision 17. The collection receptacle and medicine disposal
16.8 program must comply with federal law. In maintaining and operating the collection receptacle
16.9 or medicine disposal program, the sheriff shall follow all applicable provisions of Code of
16.10 Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 1300, 1301, 1304, 1305, 1307, and 1317, as amended
16.11 through May 1, 2017.

16.12 (b) For purposes of this subdivision:

16.13 (1) a medicine disposal program means providing to the public educational information,
16.14 and making materials available for safely destroying unwanted legend drugs that meet the
16.15 requirements of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, the United States Drug
16.16 Enforcement Administration, and the Board of Pharmacy; and

16.17 (2) a collection receptacle means the operation and maintenance of at least one drop-off
16.18 receptacle.

16.19 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

16.20 Subdivision 1. **General prescription requirements for controlled substances.** (a) A
16.21 written prescription or an oral prescription reduced to writing, when issued for a controlled
16.22 substance in Schedule II, III, IV, or V, is void unless (1) it is written in ink and contains the
16.23 name and address of the person for whose use it is intended; (2) it states the amount of the
16.24 controlled substance to be compounded or dispensed, with directions for its use; (3) if a
16.25 written prescription, it contains the handwritten signature, address, and federal registry
16.26 number of the prescriber and a designation of the branch of the healing art pursued by the
16.27 prescriber; and if an oral prescription, the name and address of the prescriber and a
16.28 designation of the prescriber's branch of the healing art; and (4) it shows the date when
16.29 signed by the prescriber, or the date of acceptance in the pharmacy if an oral prescription.

16.30 (b) An electronic prescription for a controlled substance in Schedule II, III, IV, or V is
16.31 void unless it complies with the standards established pursuant to section 62J.497 and with
16.32 those portions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 1300, 1304, 1306, and 1311,
16.33 that pertain to electronic prescriptions.

17.1 (c) A prescription for a controlled substance in Schedule II, III, IV, or V that is transmitted
17.2 by facsimile, either computer to facsimile machine or facsimile machine to facsimile machine,
17.3 is void unless it complies with the applicable requirements of Code of Federal Regulations,
17.4 title 21, part 1306.

17.5 (d) Every licensed pharmacy that dispenses a controlled substance prescription shall
17.6 retain the original prescription in a file for a period of not less than two years, open to
17.7 inspection by any officer of the state, county, or municipal government whose duty it is to
17.8 aid and assist with the enforcement of this chapter. An original electronic or facsimile
17.9 prescription may be stored in an electronic database, provided that the database provides a
17.10 means by which original prescriptions can be retrieved, as transmitted to the pharmacy, for
17.11 a period of not less than two years.

17.12 (e) Every licensed pharmacy shall distinctly label the container in which a controlled
17.13 substance is dispensed with the directions contained in the prescription for the use of that
17.14 controlled substance.

17.15 (f) No prescription for an opiate or narcotic pain reliever listed in Schedules II through
17.16 IV of section 152.02 shall be dispensed more than 30 days after the date on which the
17.17 prescription was issued. After 30 days from the date of issuance of the prescription, no
17.18 additional authorizations may be accepted for that prescription. If continued therapy is
17.19 necessary, a new prescription must be issued by the prescriber.

17.20 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

17.21 Subd. 2. **Prescription requirements for Schedule III or IV controlled substances.** No
17.22 person may dispense a controlled substance included in Schedule III or IV of section 152.02
17.23 without a prescription issued, as permitted under subdivision 1, by a doctor of medicine, a
17.24 doctor of osteopathic medicine licensed to practice medicine, a doctor of dental surgery, a
17.25 doctor of dental medicine, a doctor of podiatry, a doctor of optometry limited to Schedule
17.26 IV, or a doctor of veterinary medicine, lawfully licensed to prescribe in this state or from
17.27 a practitioner licensed to prescribe controlled substances by the state in which the prescription
17.28 is issued, and having a current federal drug enforcement administration registration number.
17.29 Such prescription may not be dispensed or refilled except with the documented consent of
17.30 the prescriber, ~~and in no event more than six months after the date on which such prescription~~
17.31 ~~was issued~~ and no such prescription may be refilled more than five times.

18.1 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.11, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:

18.2 Subd. 2d. **Identification requirement for ~~Schedule II or III~~ controlled substance**
 18.3 **prescriptions.** ~~(a)~~ (a) No person may dispense a controlled substance included in ~~Schedule II~~
 18.4 ~~or III~~ Schedules II through V without requiring the person purchasing the controlled
 18.5 substance, who need not be the ~~person~~ patient for whom the controlled substance prescription
 18.6 is written, to present valid photographic identification, unless the person purchasing the
 18.7 controlled substance, ~~or if applicable the person for whom the controlled substance~~
 18.8 ~~prescription is written~~, is known to the dispenser. A doctor of veterinary medicine who
 18.9 dispenses a controlled substance must comply with this subdivision.

18.10 ~~(b) This subdivision applies only to purchases of controlled substances that are not~~
 18.11 ~~covered, in whole or in part, by a health plan company or other third-party payor.~~

18.12 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

18.13 Subd. 4. **Limit on quantity of opiates prescribed for ~~acute dental and ophthalmic~~**
 18.14 **~~pain.~~** (a) When used for the treatment of acute pain, prescriptions for opiates or narcotic
 18.15 pain relievers listed in Schedules II through IV in section 152.02 shall not exceed a seven-day
 18.16 supply for an adult and shall not exceed a five-day supply for a minor under 18 years of
 18.17 age.

18.18 ~~(a)~~ (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), when used for the treatment of acute dental pain,
 18.19 including acute pain associated with wisdom teeth extraction surgery or acute pain associated
 18.20 with refractive surgery, prescriptions for opiate or narcotic pain relievers listed in Schedules
 18.21 II through IV of section 152.02 shall not exceed a four-day supply. ~~The quantity prescribed~~
 18.22 shall be consistent with the dosage listed in the professional labeling for the drug that has
 18.23 been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.

18.24 ~~(b)~~ (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, "acute pain" means pain resulting from
 18.25 disease, accidental or intentional trauma, surgery, or another cause, that the practitioner
 18.26 reasonably expects to last only a short period of time. Acute pain does not include chronic
 18.27 pain or pain being treated as part of cancer care, palliative care, or hospice or other end-of-life
 18.28 care.

18.29 ~~(c)~~ (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if in the professional clinical judgment of a practitioner
 18.30 more than a four-day supply of a prescription listed in Schedules II through IV of section
 18.31 152.02 is required to treat a patient's acute pain, the practitioner may issue a prescription
 18.32 for the quantity needed to treat such acute pain.

19.1 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or (b), if, in the professional clinical judgment of a
19.2 practitioner, more than the limit specified in paragraph (a) or (b) is required to treat a patient's
19.3 acute pain, the practitioner may issue a prescription for the quantity needed to treat the
19.4 patient's acute pain.

19.5 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.126, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

19.6 **Subd. 6. Access to reporting system data.** (a) Except as indicated in this subdivision,
19.7 the data submitted to the board under subdivision 4 is private data on individuals as defined
19.8 in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and not subject to public disclosure.

19.9 (b) Except as specified in subdivision 5, the following persons shall be considered
19.10 permissible users and may access the data submitted under subdivision 4 in the same or
19.11 similar manner, and for the same or similar purposes, as those persons who are authorized
19.12 to access similar private data on individuals under federal and state law:

19.13 (1) a prescriber or an agent or employee of the prescriber to whom the prescriber has
19.14 delegated the task of accessing the data, to the extent the information relates specifically to
19.15 a current patient, to whom the prescriber is:

19.16 (i) prescribing or considering prescribing any controlled substance;

19.17 (ii) providing emergency medical treatment for which access to the data may be necessary;

19.18 (iii) providing care, and the prescriber has reason to believe, based on clinically valid
19.19 indications, that the patient is potentially abusing a controlled substance; or

19.20 (iv) providing other medical treatment for which access to the data may be necessary
19.21 for a clinically valid purpose and the patient has consented to access to the submitted data,
19.22 and with the provision that the prescriber remains responsible for the use or misuse of data
19.23 accessed by a delegated agent or employee;

19.24 (2) a dispenser or an agent or employee of the dispenser to whom the dispenser has
19.25 delegated the task of accessing the data, to the extent the information relates specifically to
19.26 a current patient to whom that dispenser is dispensing or considering dispensing any
19.27 controlled substance and with the provision that the dispenser remains responsible for the
19.28 use or misuse of data accessed by a delegated agent or employee;

19.29 (3) a licensed pharmacist who is providing pharmaceutical care for which access to the
19.30 data may be necessary to the extent that the information relates specifically to a current
19.31 patient for whom the pharmacist is providing pharmaceutical care: (i) if the patient has

20.1 consented to access to the submitted data; or (ii) if the pharmacist is consulted by a prescriber
20.2 who is requesting data in accordance with clause (1);

20.3 (4) an individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription for which
20.4 data was submitted under subdivision 4, or a guardian of the individual, parent or guardian
20.5 of a minor, or health care agent of the individual acting under a health care directive under
20.6 chapter 145C. For purposes of this clause, access by individuals includes persons in the
20.7 definition of an individual under section 13.02;

20.8 (5) personnel or designees of a health-related licensing board listed in section 214.01,
20.9 subdivision 2, or of the Emergency Medical Services Regulatory Board, assigned to conduct
20.10 a bona fide investigation of a complaint received by that board that alleges that a specific
20.11 licensee is impaired by use of a drug for which data is collected under subdivision 4, has
20.12 engaged in activity that would constitute a crime as defined in section 152.025, or has
20.13 engaged in the behavior specified in subdivision 5, paragraph (a);

20.14 (6) personnel of the board engaged in the collection, review, and analysis of controlled
20.15 substance prescription information as part of the assigned duties and responsibilities under
20.16 this section;

20.17 (7) authorized personnel of a vendor under contract with the state of Minnesota who are
20.18 engaged in the design, implementation, operation, and maintenance of the prescription
20.19 monitoring program as part of the assigned duties and responsibilities of their employment,
20.20 provided that access to data is limited to the minimum amount necessary to carry out such
20.21 duties and responsibilities, and subject to the requirement of de-identification and time limit
20.22 on retention of data specified in subdivision 5, paragraphs (d) and (e);

20.23 (8) federal, state, and local law enforcement authorities acting pursuant to a valid search
20.24 warrant;

20.25 (9) personnel of the Minnesota health care programs assigned to use the data collected
20.26 under this section to identify and manage recipients whose usage of controlled substances
20.27 may warrant restriction to a single primary care provider, a single outpatient pharmacy, and
20.28 a single hospital;

20.29 (10) personnel of the Department of Human Services assigned to access the data pursuant
20.30 to paragraph (i);

20.31 (11) personnel of the health professionals services program established under section
20.32 214.31, to the extent that the information relates specifically to an individual who is currently
20.33 enrolled in and being monitored by the program, and the individual consents to access to

21.1 that information. The health professionals services program personnel shall not provide this
 21.2 data to a health-related licensing board or the Emergency Medical Services Regulatory
 21.3 Board, except as permitted under section 214.33, subdivision 3; and

21.4 ~~For purposes of clause (4), access by an individual includes persons in the definition of~~
 21.5 ~~an individual under section 13.02; and~~

21.6 (12) personnel or designees of a health-related licensing board listed in section 214.01,
 21.7 subdivision 2, assigned to conduct a bona fide investigation of a complaint received by that
 21.8 board that alleges that a specific licensee is inappropriately prescribing controlled substances
 21.9 as defined in this section.

21.10 (c) By July 1, 2017, every prescriber licensed by a health-related licensing board listed
 21.11 in section 214.01, subdivision 2, practicing within this state who is authorized to prescribe
 21.12 controlled substances for humans and who holds a current registration issued by the federal
 21.13 Drug Enforcement Administration, and every pharmacist licensed by the board and practicing
 21.14 within the state, shall register and maintain a user account with the prescription monitoring
 21.15 program. Data submitted by a prescriber, pharmacist, or their delegate during the registration
 21.16 application process, other than their name, license number, and license type, is classified
 21.17 as private pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 12.

21.18 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), beginning January 1, 2021, a prescriber or an agent
 21.19 or employee of the prescriber to whom the prescriber has delegated the task of accessing
 21.20 the data, must access the data submitted under subdivision 4 to the extent the information
 21.21 relates specifically to the patient:

21.22 (1) before the prescriber issues an initial prescription order for a Schedules II through
 21.23 IV opiate controlled substance to the patient; and

21.24 (2) at least once every three months for patients receiving an opiate for treatment of
 21.25 chronic pain or participating in medically assisted treatment for an opioid addiction.

21.26 (e) Paragraph (d) does not apply if:

21.27 (1) the patient is receiving palliative care, or hospice or other end-of-life care;

21.28 (2) the patient is being treated for pain due to cancer or the treatment of cancer;

21.29 (3) the prescription order is for a number of doses that is intended to last the patient five
 21.30 days or less and is not subject to a refill;

21.31 (4) the prescriber and patient have a current or ongoing provider/patient relationship of
 21.32 a duration longer than one year;

22.1 (5) the prescription order is issued within 14 days following surgery or three days
22.2 following oral surgery or follows the prescribing protocols established under the opioid
22.3 prescribing improvement program under section 256B.0638;

22.4 (6) the controlled substance is prescribed or administered to a patient who is admitted
22.5 to an inpatient hospital;

22.6 (7) the controlled substance is lawfully administered by injection, ingestion, or any other
22.7 means to the patient by the prescriber, a pharmacist, or by the patient at the direction of a
22.8 prescriber and in the presence of the prescriber or pharmacist;

22.9 (8) due to a medical emergency, it is not possible for the prescriber to review the data
22.10 before the prescriber issues the prescription order for the patient; or

22.11 (9) the prescriber is unable to access the data due to operational or other technological
22.12 failure of the program so long as the prescriber reports the failure to the board.

22.13 (f) Only permissible users identified in paragraph (b), clauses (1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (9),
22.14 and (10), may directly access the data electronically. No other permissible users may directly
22.15 access the data electronically. If the data is directly accessed electronically, the permissible
22.16 user shall implement and maintain a comprehensive information security program that
22.17 contains administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that are appropriate to the user's
22.18 size and complexity, and the sensitivity of the personal information obtained. The permissible
22.19 user shall identify reasonably foreseeable internal and external risks to the security,
22.20 confidentiality, and integrity of personal information that could result in the unauthorized
22.21 disclosure, misuse, or other compromise of the information and assess the sufficiency of
22.22 any safeguards in place to control the risks.

22.23 ~~(e)~~ (g) The board shall not release data submitted under subdivision 4 unless it is provided
22.24 with evidence, satisfactory to the board, that the person requesting the information is entitled
22.25 to receive the data.

22.26 ~~(f)~~ (h) The board shall maintain a log of all persons who access the data for a period of
22.27 at least three years and shall ensure that any permissible user complies with paragraph (c)
22.28 prior to attaining direct access to the data.

22.29 ~~(g)~~ (i) Section 13.05, subdivision 6, shall apply to any contract the board enters into
22.30 pursuant to subdivision 2. A vendor shall not use data collected under this section for any
22.31 purpose not specified in this section.

22.32 ~~(h)~~ (j) The board may participate in an interstate prescription monitoring program data
22.33 exchange system provided that permissible users in other states have access to the data only

23.1 as allowed under this section, and that section 13.05, subdivision 6, applies to any contract
23.2 or memorandum of understanding that the board enters into under this paragraph.

23.3 ~~(j)~~ (k) With available appropriations, the commissioner of human services shall establish
23.4 and implement a system through which the Department of Human Services shall routinely
23.5 access the data for the purpose of determining whether any client enrolled in an opioid
23.6 treatment program licensed according to chapter 245A has been prescribed or dispensed a
23.7 controlled substance in addition to that administered or dispensed by the opioid treatment
23.8 program. When the commissioner determines there have been multiple prescribers or multiple
23.9 prescriptions of controlled substances, the commissioner shall:

23.10 (1) inform the medical director of the opioid treatment program only that the
23.11 commissioner determined the existence of multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions of
23.12 controlled substances; and

23.13 (2) direct the medical director of the opioid treatment program to access the data directly,
23.14 review the effect of the multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions, and document the
23.15 review.

23.16 If determined necessary, the commissioner of human services shall seek a federal waiver
23.17 of, or exception to, any applicable provision of Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section
23.18 2.34, paragraph (c), prior to implementing this paragraph.

23.19 ~~(j)~~ (l) The board shall review the data submitted under subdivision 4 on at least a quarterly
23.20 basis and shall establish criteria, in consultation with the advisory task force, for referring
23.21 information about a patient to prescribers and dispensers who prescribed or dispensed the
23.22 prescriptions in question if the criteria are met.

23.23 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.126, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

23.24 Subd. 10. **Funding.** (a) The board may seek grants and private funds from nonprofit
23.25 charitable foundations, the federal government, and other sources to fund the enhancement
23.26 and ongoing operations of the prescription monitoring program established under this section.
23.27 Any funds received shall be appropriated to the board for this purpose. The board may not
23.28 expend funds to enhance the program in a way that conflicts with this section without seeking
23.29 approval from the legislature.

23.30 (b) Notwithstanding any other section, the administrative services unit for the
23.31 health-related licensing boards shall apportion between the Board of Medical Practice, the
23.32 Board of Nursing, the Board of Dentistry, the Board of Podiatric Medicine, the Board of
23.33 Optometry, the Board of Veterinary Medicine, and the Board of Pharmacy an amount to be

24.1 paid through fees by each respective board. The amount apportioned to each board shall
 24.2 equal each board's share of the annual appropriation to the Board of Pharmacy from the
 24.3 state government special revenue fund for operating the prescription monitoring program
 24.4 under this section. Each board's apportioned share shall be based on the number of prescribers
 24.5 or dispensers that each board identified in this paragraph licenses as a percentage of the
 24.6 total number of prescribers and dispensers licensed collectively by these boards. Each
 24.7 respective board may adjust the fees that the boards are required to collect to compensate
 24.8 for the amount apportioned to each board by the administrative services unit.

24.9 (c) The board has the authority to modify its contract with its vendor as provided in
 24.10 subdivision 2, to authorize that vendor to provide a service to prescribers and pharmacies
 24.11 that allows them to access prescription monitoring program data from within the electronic
 24.12 health record system or pharmacy software used by those prescribers and pharmacists.
 24.13 Beginning July 1, 2019, the board has the authority to collect an annual fee from each
 24.14 prescriber or pharmacist who accesses prescription monitoring program data through the
 24.15 service offered by the vendor. The annual fee collected must not exceed \$50 per user. The
 24.16 fees collected by the board under this paragraph shall be deposited in the state government
 24.17 special revenue fund and are appropriated to the board for the purposes of this paragraph.

24.18 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 214.12, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 24.19 read:

24.20 Subd. 6. **Opioid and controlled substances prescribing.** (a) The Board of Medical
 24.21 Practice, the Board of Nursing, the Board of Dentistry, the Board of Optometry, and the
 24.22 Board of Podiatric Medicine shall require that licensees with the authority to prescribe
 24.23 controlled substances obtain at least two hours of continuing education credit on best practices
 24.24 in prescribing opioids and controlled substances, as part of the continuing education
 24.25 requirements for licensure renewal. Licensees shall not be required to complete more than
 24.26 two credit hours of continuing education on best practices in prescribing opioids and
 24.27 controlled substances before this subdivision expires. Continuing education credit on best
 24.28 practices in prescribing opioids and controlled substances must meet board requirements.

24.29 (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to any licensee who is participating in the opioid
 24.30 prescribing improvement program under section 256B.0638, unless the licensee has been
 24.31 terminated as a medical assistance provider under section 256B.0638, subdivision 5,
 24.32 paragraph (d).

24.33 (c) This subdivision expires January 1, 2024.

24.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2020.

25.1 Sec. 11. PAIN MANAGEMENT.

25.2 (a) The Health Services Policy Committee established under Minnesota Statutes, section
25.3 256B.0625, subdivision 3c, shall evaluate and make recommendations on the integration
25.4 of nonpharmacologic pain management that are clinically viable and sustainable; reduce or
25.5 eliminate chronic pain conditions; improve functional status; and prevent addiction and
25.6 reduce dependence on opiates or other pain medications. The recommendations must be
25.7 based on best practices for the effective treatment of musculoskeletal pain provided by
25.8 health practitioners identified in paragraph (b), and covered under medical assistance. Each
25.9 health practitioner represented under paragraph (b) shall present the minimum best integrated
25.10 practice recommendations, policies, and scientific evidence for nonpharmacologic treatment
25.11 options for eliminating pain and improving functional status within their full professional
25.12 scope. Recommendations for integration of services may include guidance regarding
25.13 screening for co-occurring behavioral health diagnoses; protocols for communication between
25.14 all providers treating a unique individual, including protocols for follow-up; and universal
25.15 mechanisms to assess improvements in functional status.

25.16 (b) In evaluating and making recommendations, the Health Services Policy Committee
25.17 shall consult and collaborate with the following health practitioners: acupuncture practitioners
25.18 licensed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 147B; chiropractors licensed under Minnesota
25.19 Statutes, sections 148.01 to 148.10; physical therapists licensed under Minnesota Statutes,
25.20 sections 148.68 to 148.78; medical and osteopathic physicians licensed under Minnesota
25.21 Statutes, chapter 147, and advanced practice registered nurses licensed under Minnesota
25.22 Statutes, sections 148.171 to 148.285, with experience in providing primary care
25.23 collaboratively within a multidisciplinary team of health care practitioners who employ
25.24 nonpharmacologic pain therapies; and psychologists licensed under Minnesota Statutes,
25.25 section 148.907.

25.26 (c) The commissioner shall submit a progress report to the chairs and ranking minority
25.27 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services
25.28 policy and finance by January 15, 2021, and shall report final recommendations by August
25.29 1, 2021. The final report may also contain recommendations for developing and implementing
25.30 a pilot program to assess the clinical viability, sustainability, and effectiveness of integrated
25.31 nonpharmacologic, multidisciplinary treatments for managing musculoskeletal pain and
25.32 improving functional status.

26.1 Sec. 12. APPROPRIATION.

26.2 (a) \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 are appropriated
26.3 from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for violent crime enforcement
26.4 team grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.642, subdivision 9. In awarding these
26.5 grants, the commissioner must place a priority on funding nonmetro teams. The commissioner
26.6 of public safety shall provide outreach, technical assistance, and program development
26.7 support to increase the capacity of small communities to access grants under Minnesota
26.8 Statutes, section 299A.642, subdivision 9, particularly in areas where violent crime
26.9 enforcement teams have not been established, especially in greater Minnesota. By February
26.10 1 of each year, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members
26.11 of the senate and house of representatives committees and divisions having jurisdiction over
26.12 criminal justice policy and funding on the distribution of grants, outreach, assistance, and
26.13 support under this paragraph. The report must include information on the total number of
26.14 requests for grants, outreach, assistance, and support, where these requests originated, and
26.15 the amount of money for each successful request.

26.16 (b) \$244,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund to the Board of
26.17 Pharmacy for onetime information technology and operating costs for administration of
26.18 licensing activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 151.066. This is a onetime
26.19 appropriation.

26.20 (c) \$500,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$500,000 in fiscal year 2021 are appropriated from
26.21 the opiate epidemic response account in the special revenue fund for Board of Pharmacy
26.22 operations under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 151.

26.23 (d) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 256.043, subdivision 2, paragraph (a),
26.24 if no fees are deposited into the opiate epidemic response account by June 30, 2020, for any
26.25 reason, \$2,603,000 is appropriated from the general fund for the appropriations in fiscal
26.26 year 2020 described in Minnesota Statutes, section 256.043, subdivision 2, paragraphs (a)
26.27 to (e), and the appropriation under paragraph (c).

26.28 (e) If appropriations are made under paragraph (d) and if money equal to the amount
26.29 appropriated in paragraph (d) is subsequently deposited into the opiate epidemic response
26.30 account, the amount appropriated under paragraph (d) must be transferred from the opiate
26.31 epidemic response account to the general fund.

26.32 (f) \$11,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the state government special revenue
26.33 fund to the Board of Dentistry to implement the continuing education requirements under
26.34 Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12.

27.1 (g) \$17,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the state government special revenue
27.2 fund to the Board of Medical Practice to implement the continuing education requirements
27.3 under Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12.

27.4 (h) \$17,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the state government special revenue
27.5 fund to the Board of Nursing to implement the continuing education requirements under
27.6 Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12.

27.7 (i) \$5,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the state government special revenue
27.8 fund to the Board of Optometry to implement the continuing education requirements under
27.9 Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12.

27.10 (j) \$5,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the state government special revenue
27.11 fund to the Board of Podiatric Medicine to implement the continuing education requirements
27.12 under Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12.