SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

S.F. No. 4555

(SENATE AUTHORS: PAPPAS, Dziedzic, Marty and Johnson Stewart)
DATE D-PG OFFICIAL STATUS

DATE 04/28/2022

Introduction and first reading
Referred to Judiciary and Public Safety Finance and Policy

1.1 A bill for an act

relating to public safety; amending certain statutes regarding public safety and 1 2 corrections; providing for grant programs; requiring reports; appropriating money 1.3 for courts, civil legal services, Guardian Ad Litem Board, Board Of Public Defense, 1.4 human rights, public safety, Peace Officer Standards and Training Board, private 1.5 detective board, and corrections; establishing public safety aid for local 1.6 governments and Tribal governments; establishing a public safety innovation 1.7 board; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 214.10, 1.8 subdivision 10; 299C.063, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 326.3382, 1.9 subdivision 2; 611A.31, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 611A.32, 1.10 subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3; 611A.345; 611A.35; 626.843, by adding a subdivision; 1.11 626.8473, subdivision 3; 626.89, subdivision 17; Laws 2021, First Special Session 1.12 chapter 11, article 1, section 15, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in 1.13 Minnesota Statutes, chapters 299A; 477A. 1.14

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.16 ARTICLE 1

CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY APPROPRIATIONS; GRANTS

Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are added to or, if shown in parentheses, subtracted from the appropriations in Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 11, article 1, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2022" and "2023" used in this article mean that the addition to or subtraction from the appropriation listed under them is available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, or June 30, 2023, respectively. "The first year" is the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. "The second year" is the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Supplemental appropriations and reductions to appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, are effective the day following final enactment.

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	04/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/EH	22-07598	as introduced
2.1				APPROPRIATI	IONS

2.12.22.3			APPROPRIATI Available for the Ending June 3	Year
2.4			2022	2023
2.5	Sec. 2. SUPREME COURT			
2.6	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	12,731,000
2.7	The amounts that may be spent for each			
2.8	purpose are specified in the following			
2.9	subdivisions. The general fund base is			
2.10	\$73,901,000 in fiscal year 2024 and			
2.11	\$73,901,000 in fiscal year 2025.			
2.12	Subd. 2. Supreme Court Operations		<u>-0-</u>	964,000
2.13	Subd. 3. Civil Legal Services		<u>-0-</u>	11,767,000
2.14	Base Adjustment			
2.15	The general fund base is \$29,553,000 in fiscal			
2.16	year 2024 and \$29,553,000 in fiscal year 2025.			
2.17	Sec. 3. COURT OF APPEALS	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> \$	262,000
2.18	Sec. 4. DISTRICT COURTS	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	6,216,000
2.19	Sec. 5. GUARDIAN AD LITEM BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> \$	379,000
2.20	Sec. 6. BOARD OF PUBLIC DEFENSE	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,740,000</u> §	2,266,000
2.21	Sec. 7. <u>HUMAN RIGHTS</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	2,543,000
2.22	Base Adjustment			
2.23	The general fund base is \$7,467,000 in fiscal			
2.24	year 2024 and \$7,467,000 in fiscal year 2025.			
2.25	Sec. 8. PUBLIC SAFETY			
2.26 2.27	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	-0- \$	72,262,000
2.28	The amounts that may be spent for each	<u>-</u> -	<u> </u>	
2.29	purpose are specified in the following			
2.30	subdivisions.			
2.31	Subd. 2. Emergency Management		<u>-0-</u>	5,000,000

3.2	is \$4,083,000 in fiscal year 2024 and fiscal
3.3	year 2025.
3.4	(a) Local Government Emergency
3.5	Management
3.6	\$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to the
3.7	commissioner of public safety for the director
3.8	of the Homeland Security and Emergency
3.9	Management Division (HSEM) to award
3.10	grants in equal amounts to the emergency
3.11	management organizations of the 87 counties,
3.12	11 federally recognized Tribes, and four cities
3.13	of the first class for planning and preparedness
3.14	activities, including capital purchases. Local
3.15	emergency management organizations must
3.16	make a request to HSEM for these grants.
3.17	Current local funding for emergency
3.18	management and preparedness activities may
3.19	not be supplanted by these additional state
3.20	funds. The commissioner may use up to one
3.21	percent of the appropriation received under
3.22	this paragraph to pay costs incurred by the
3.23	department in administering the local
3.24	government emergency management grant
3.25	program.
3.26	By March 15, 2023, the commissioner of
3.27	public safety must submit a report on the grant
3.28	awards to the chairs and ranking minority
3.29	members of the legislative committees with
3.30	jurisdiction over emergency management and
3.31	preparedness activities. At a minimum, the
3.32	report must identify grant recipients,
3.33	summarize grantee activities, and recommend
3.34	whether or not to continue the grant program
3.35	in future years.

The base appropriation from the general fund

available through June 30, 2024.

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6.1	and stable housing, and program staff to help
6.2	provide mobile advocacy and expertise in
6.3	housing resources in their communities.
6.4	(c) Transitional Supportive Housing for
6.5	Survivors of Domestic Violence and Sexual
6.6	Violence
6.7	\$750,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to develop and
6.8	support medium- to long-term transitional
6.9	housing for survivors of domestic and sexual
6.10	violence and to provide advocacy services for
6.11	survivors.
6.12	(d) General Crime and Trauma Recovery
6.13	Grants Funding
6.14	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for programs
6.15	supporting victims of general crime. These
6.16	funds may also be used to establish trauma
6.17	recovery centers in the state to support victims
6.18	of violent crime who experience trauma and
6.19	are in need of services and provide new staff
6.20	to support these programs.
6.21	(e) Youth Development Grants
6.22	\$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to provide
6.23	grants to programs serving youth and youth
6.24	violence intervention and prevention. Priority
6.25	for these funds must be given to programs that
6.26	employ or utilize trauma-informed therapists
6.27	to support the youth the programs serve. These
6.28	funds may be used to administer these grants.
6.29	(f) Community-Based Public Safety Grants
6.30	\$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to provide
6.31	community-based crime prevention grants.
6.32	(g) Crossover and Dual-status Youth Model
6.33	Grants

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7.1	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to provide
7.2	grants to local units of government to initiate
7.3	or expand crossover youth practice model and
7.4	dual-status youth programs that provide
7.5	services for youth who are in both the child
7.6	welfare and juvenile justice systems, in
7.7	accordance with the Robert F. Kennedy
7.8	National Resource Center for Juvenile Justice
7.9	model.
7.10	(h) Disparities Reduction and Delinquency
7.11	Prevention Grants
7.12	\$900,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to provide
7.13	grants dedicated to disparities reduction and
7.14	delinquency prevention programming, in
7.15	accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section
7.16	<u>299A.72.</u>
7.17	(i) Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault
7.18	Intervention and Prevention Grants
7.19	\$12,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to provide
7.20	grants to programs serving victims of domestic
7.21	violence, sexual assault, child abuse, and
7.22	general crime. These funds may be used for
7.23	program administration, including new staff
7.24	and housing specialists and other program
7.25	staff, and to help programs impacted by
7.26	reductions in federal funding.
7.27	(j) Prevention, Intervention, Enforcement
7.28	Community Policing Grants
7.29	\$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants
7.30	to address violent crime and drug-related
7.31	crime through crime prevention and
7.32	intervention strategies using social services
7.33	and economic revitalization.

(k) Alternatives to Juvenile Detention -			
Community Outpost Grants			
\$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to establ	<u>ish</u>		
and maintain community outpost houses a	<u>as</u>		
alternatives to juvenile detention.			
(l) Alternatives to Juvenile Detention -			
Youth Conflict Resolution Centers Gra	<u>nts</u>		
\$2,800,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to establ	<u>ish</u>		
and maintain youth conflict resolution cent	ters		
as alternatives to juvenile detention.			
Sec. 9. PEACE OFFICER STANDARD TRAINING (POST) BOARD	OS AND §	<u>165,000</u> §	<u>-0-</u>
Sec. 10. PRIVATE DETECTIVE BOAR	<u>\$</u>	80,000 \$	18,000
\$80,000 in fiscal year 2022 is to purchase	and		
implement a record management system. T	<u>This</u>		
is a onetime appropriation and is available	<u>e</u>		
until June 30, 2023.			
Sec. 11. CORRECTIONS			
Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,150,000</u> \$	22,293,000
Base Adjustment			
The amounts that may be spent for each			
purpose are specified in the following			
subdivisions.			
Subd. 2. Incarceration and Prerelease Services		<u>-0-</u>	5,530,000
(a) Base Adjustment			
The general fund base for incarceration ar	<u>1d</u>		
prerelease services is \$476,413,000 in fisc	<u>cal</u>		
year 2024 and \$476,861,000 in fiscal year	<u>r</u>		
<u>2025.</u>			
(b) Body-worn Camera Program			

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9.1	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to implement
9.2	a body-worn camera program for uniformed
9.3	correctional security personnel and
9.4	community-based supervision agents. The
9.5	program will be phased in over four years.
9.6	The base appropriation is \$1,000,000 in each
9.7	of fiscal years 2024, 2025, and 2026.
9.8	(c) Family Support Unit
9.9	\$280,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to create a
9.10	family support unit that focuses on family
9.11	support and engagement for incarcerated
9.12	individuals and their families.
9.13	(d) Transportation
9.14	\$250,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to reimburse
9.15	counties as a part of the Interstate Compact
9.16	for Adult Supervision pursuant to Minnesota
9.17	Statutes, section 243.1605. The commissioner
9.18	of corrections shall reimburse counties for the
9.19	purposes under Minnesota Statutes, section
9.20	243.1605, for transportation expenses incurred
9.21	related to the in-custody return of probationers
9.22	based on a fee schedule agreed to by the
9.23	Department of Corrections and the Minnesota
9.24	Sheriffs' Association. The required in-custody
9.25	return of a probationer as a result of a
9.26	nationwide warrant pursuant to the Interstate
9.27	Compact for Adult Supervision shall be by
9.28	the sheriff of the county in which the
9.29	proceedings are to be held. The appropriation
9.30	is not applicable to transport of individuals
9.31	from pickup locations within 250 miles of the
9.32	county sheriff's office executing the return.
9.33	This rider does not expire.
0 34	(e) Higher Education

(e) Higher Education

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(c) County Probation Officer

Reimbursement

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- \$123,000 is added to the county probation
- officer reimbursement program in fiscal year
- 11.5 2023, as described in Minnesota Statutes,
- section 244.19, subdivision 6. This is a
- onetime appropriation.

11.8 **(d) Grants**

- \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to provide
- grants for local governments, Tribes, and other
- community partners to improve availability
- and access to programming for individuals
- 11.13 under community supervision across the state,
- including community-based treatment and
- 11.15 rehabilitative services, use of
- 11.16 community-based revocation units, and other
- innovations in corrections. Of this amount, up
- to 2.5 percent may be used to administer the
- 11.19 grant program.

11.20 (e) Work Release Program

- 11.21 \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to expand
- the use of the Department of Corrections
- existing work release program to increase the
- availability of educational programming for
- incarcerated individuals who are eligible and
- approved for work release.

11.27 **(f) Healing House**

- 11.28 \$150,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$150,000 in
- 11.29 <u>fiscal year 2023 are to provide project</u>
- management services in support of the Healing
- House model. The Healing House provides
- support and assistance to Native American
- women who have been victims of trauma. This
- is a onetime appropriation.

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14.1	(d) "Youth conflict resolution center" means a location in a jurisdiction that has
14.2	historically experienced a high volume of youth violent criminal behavior that provides
14.3	youth services in a collaborative manner and is operated by a nonprofit organization and
14.4	other service providers.
14.5	Subd. 3. Grant program. The Office of Justice Programs shall administer a grant
14.6	program to fund eligible applicants to establish and operate community outpost houses or
14.7	youth conflict resolution centers. The purpose of this program is to provide long-term
14.8	stabilization in the relationship of law enforcement and the community and youth and peers
14.9	of the youth by:
14.10	(1) building relationships, awareness, and trust with members of the community;
14.11	(2) uniting members of the community and law enforcement;
14.12	(3) improving the quality of life in the neighborhood;
14.13	(4) reducing crime; and
14.14	(5) providing youth with a place to resolve conflict in a positive manner.
14.15	Subd. 4. Uses of funds. A grant recipient shall operate a community outpost house or
14.16	youth conflict resolution center to:
14.17	(1) connect with residents and be involved in community outreach programs;
14.18	(2) provide government benefit program consultations;
14.19	(3) provide nursing services and coordination with medical services in the community;
14.20	(4) provide emergency medical services;
14.21	(5) offer space for use by community groups;
14.22	(6) hold events with community partners, including public health services, educational
14.23	classes or seminars, and tutoring services for youth; and
14.24	(7) provide youth conflict resolution, suicide awareness and counseling, health and
14.25	wellness, entrepreneurship, leadership, and personal development programming.
14.26	Subd. 5. Community outpost house. A grant recipient shall certify to the commissioner
14.27	that a peace officer stationed at a community outpost house:
14.28	(1) has demonstrated communication and problem-solving skills;
14.29	(2) does not have a history of multiple verified instances of excessive force, pursuit, or
14.30	emergency vehicle operation, or impartial policing and discriminatory conduct; and

15.1	(3) has completed training in crisis response, conflict management, and cultural diversity
15.2	under section 626.8469 to understand the sensitivities of the obligations of a position at the
15.3	community outpost house.
15.4	Subd. 6. Report. Beginning on March 1, 2023, and annually thereafter, the commissioner
15.5	shall submit a report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over public safety
15.6	providing information related to the administration of the grant program, including but not
15.7	limited to the number and names of grant recipients, the impact that community outpost
15.8	houses and youth conflict resolution centers have had on the relationships between law
15.9	enforcement officers and the community, and any changes in the rates of crime in the
15.10	communities in which community outpost houses and youth conflict resolution centers have
15.11	been established under this section.
15.12	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 299C.063, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
15.13	Subd. 2. Expense reimbursement. The commissioner may reimburse bomb disposal
15.14	units for reasonable expenses incurred:
15.15	(1) to dispose of or neutralize bombs or other similar hazardous explosives for their
15.16	employer-municipality or for another municipality outside the jurisdiction of the
15.17	employer-municipality but within the state. Reimbursement is limited to the extent of
15.18	appropriated funds-;
15.19	(2) utilizing the services of police explosive detection K-9 assets;
15.20	(3) dignitary explosive protection sweeps;
15.21	(4) large state event explosive sweeps; and
15.22	(5) provide for explosive security at large state events.
15.23	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 299C.063, is amended by adding a subdivision
15.24	to read:
15.25	Subd. 2a. Reimbursement limitations. Reimbursement is limited to the extent of
15.26	appropriated funds.
15.27	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 326.3382, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
15.28	Subd. 2. Documents accompanying application. (a) Each individual signing the
15.29	application shall submit:

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16.1	(1) references, on forms provided by the board, from five persons who have known the
16.2	signer for at least five years, and who are not related by blood or marriage to the signer;
16.3	and
16.4	(2) a recent photograph and a full set of fingerprints for each person signing the
16.5	application. of the signer; and
16.6	(3) a full set of fingerprints and written consent for the individual's fingerprints to be
16.7	submitted to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension (BCA) and the Federal Bureau of
16.8	Investigation (FBI) to determine whether the individual has a criminal record. The BCA
16.9	shall conduct a state and federal criminal history background check of each prospective
16.10	licensee. The BCA shall determine if the FBI report indicates that the individual was
16.11	convicted of a disqualifying offense and shall notify the board accordingly. The results of
16.12	the state criminal history background check shall be provided to the board to determine if
16.13	the individual is disqualified from holding a license under this chapter.
16.14	(b) If the application is for a private detective license, the individual signing the
16.15	application shall submit a statement under oath by a present or previous employer that the
16.16	applicant for an individual license, the qualified representative for a partnership or corporate
16.17	license, or the Minnesota manager, as appropriate, has been employed as an investigator
16.18	for a minimum of 6,000 hours by any of the following:
16.19	(1) a licensed private detective agency;
16.20	(2) a United States government investigative service;
16.21	(3) a city police department or sheriff's office; or
16.22	(4) an occupation that, the board finds equivalent in scope, responsibility, and training
16.23	to one of the specific occupations listed;
16.24	and has the qualifications established in the rules of the board.
16.25	(c) If the application is for a protective agent license, each person signing the application
16.26	shall submit a statement under oath by a present or previous employer that the applicant for
16.27	an individual license, the qualified representative for a partnership or corporate license, or
16.28	the Minnesota manager has been employed as an investigator or protective agent for a
16.29	minimum of 6,000 hours by any of the following:

in security systems, audits, and supervision;

(2) a United States government investigative service;

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(1) a licensed protective agent or licensed private detective, having gained experience

(3) a city police department or sheriff's office; or

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- 17.2 (4) an occupation that the board finds equivalent in scope, responsibility, and training to one of the specific occupations listed;
- and has the qualifications established in the rules of the board.
- 17.5 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 611A.31, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Battered woman Domestic abuse victim.** "Battered woman Domestic abuse victim" means a woman person who is being or has been victimized by domestic abuse as defined in section 518B.01, subdivision 2.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 611A.31, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 3a. Housing supports. "Housing supports" are those services and supports used to enable victims to secure and maintain transitional and permanent housing placement designed for independent living. Housing supports include but are not limited to providing rental or financial assistance, advocacy, legal services, counseling, child care, financial education, employment skills, health care, or information and referral services to meet these needs. Transitional housing placements may take place in communal living, clustered site, or scattered site programs, or other transitional housing methods. Grants for housing supports may also support housing for victims of sexual assault, as defined in section 611A.211, subdivision 4.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 611A.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Grants awarded.** The commissioner shall award grants to programs which provide emergency shelter services to battered women, housing supports, and support services to battered women and domestic abuse victims and their children. The commissioner shall also award grants for training, technical assistance, and for the development and implementation of education programs to increase public awareness of the causes of battering domestic abuse, the solutions to preventing and ending domestic violence, and the problems faced by battered women and domestic abuse victims. Grants shall be awarded in a manner that ensures that they are equitably distributed to programs serving metropolitan and nonmetropolitan populations. By July 1, 1995, community-based domestic abuse advocacy and support services programs must be established in every judicial assignment district.

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Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 611A.32, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. Program for American Indian Indigenous women. The commissioner shall establish at least one program under this section to provide emergency shelter services and support services to battered American Indian Indigenous women. The commissioner shall grant continuing operating expenses to the program established under this subdivision in the same manner as operating expenses are granted to programs established under subdivision 1.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 611A.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Applications. Any public or private nonprofit agency may apply to the commissioner for a grant one or more of the following grants: to provide emergency shelter services to battered women, housing supports, or support services to domestic abuse victims, or both, to battered women and their children. The application shall be submitted in a form approved by the commissioner by rule adopted under chapter 14 and shall include:
- (1) a proposal for the provision of emergency shelter services for battered women, housing supports, and support services for domestic abuse victims, or both, for battered women and their children:
- (2) a proposed budget; 18.17
- 18.18 (3) the agency's overall operating budget, including documentation on the retention of financial reserves and availability of additional funding sources; 18.19
 - (4) evidence of an ability to integrate into the proposed program the uniform method of data collection and program evaluation established under section 611A.33;
 - (5) evidence of an ability to represent the interests of battered women and domestic abuse victims and their children to local law enforcement agencies and courts, county welfare agencies, and local boards or departments of health;
 - (6) evidence of an ability to do outreach to unserved and underserved populations and to provide culturally and linguistically appropriate services; and
 - (7) any other content the commissioner may require by rule adopted under chapter 14, after considering the recommendations of the advisory council.
 - Programs which have been approved for grants in prior years may submit materials which indicate changes in items listed in clauses (1) to (7), in order to qualify for renewal funding. Nothing in this subdivision may be construed to require programs to submit complete applications for each year of renewal funding.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 611A.32, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Duties of grantees.** Every public or private nonprofit agency which receives a grant to provide emergency shelter services to battered women and, housing supports, or support services to battered women and domestic abuse victims shall comply with all rules of the commissioner related to the administration of the pilot programs.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 611A.345, is amended to read:

611A.345 DIRECTOR RECOMMENDATIONS.

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The commissioner shall consider the domestic abuse program director's recommendations before awarding grants or adopting policies regarding the planning, development, data collection, rulemaking, funding or evaluation of programs and services for battered women and domestic abuse victims funded under section 611A.32. Before taking action on matters related to programs and services for battered women and domestic abuse victims and their children, except day-to-day administrative operations, the commissioner shall notify the domestic abuse program director of the intended action. Notification of grant award decisions shall be given to the domestic abuse program director in time to allow the director to request reconsideration.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 611A.35, is amended to read:

611A.35 DOMESTIC ABUSE PROGRAM DIRECTOR.

The commissioner shall appoint a program director. The program director shall administer the funds appropriated for sections 611A.31 to 611A.35 and perform other duties related to battered women's and domestic abuse programs as the commissioner may assign. The program director shall serve at the pleasure of the commissioner in the unclassified service.

19.23 ARTICLE 3 19.24 COMMUNITY SAFETY GRANTS

Section 1. [299A.625] PUBLIC SAFETY INNOVATION BOARD.

Subdivision 1. Establishment. The Public Safety Innovation Board is established in the Office of Justice Programs within the Department of Public Safety. The board has the powers and duties described in this section.

19.29 <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Membership.</u> (a) The Public Safety Innovation Board is composed of the following members:

20.1	(1) three individuals with experience conducting research in the areas of crime, policing
20.2	or sociology while employed by an academic or nonprofit entity, appointed by the governor
20.3	(2) five individuals appointed by the governor of whom:
20.4	(i) one shall be a victim of a crime or an advocate for victims of crime;
20.5	(ii) one shall be a person impacted by the criminal justice system or an advocate for
20.6	defendants in criminal cases; and
20.7	(iii) one shall have a background in social work;
20.8	(3) four members representing the community-specific boards established under sections
20.9	3.922 and 15.0145, with one appointment made by each board; and
20.10	(4) three members representing law enforcement, with one appointment by the Minnesota
20.11	Sheriffs' Association, one by the Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association, and one by the
20.12	Minnesota Police and Peace Officers Association.
20.13	(b) The members of the board shall elect one member to serve as chair.
20.14	Subd. 3. Terms; removal; vacancy. (a) Members are appointed to serve three-year
20.15	terms following the initial staggered-term lot determination and may be reappointed.
20.16	(b) Initial appointment of members must take place by July 1, 2022. The initial term of
20.17	members appointed under paragraph (a) shall be determined by lot by the secretary of state
20.18	and shall be as follows:
20.19	(1) five members shall serve one-year terms;
20.20	(2) five members shall serve two-year terms; and
20.21	(3) five members shall serve three-year terms.
20.22	(c) A member may be removed by the appointing authority at any time for cause, after
20.23	notice and hearing.
20.24	(d) If a vacancy occurs, the appointing authority shall appoint a new qualifying member
20.25	within 90 days.
20.26	(e) Compensation of board members is governed by section 15.0575.
20.27	Subd. 4. Powers and duties. The board shall improve public safety by increasing the
20.28	efficiency, effectiveness, and capacity of public safety providers and has the following
20.29	powers and duties:
20.30	(1) monitoring trends in crime within Minnesota:

21.1	(2) reviewing research on criminal justice and public safety;
21.2	(3) providing information on criminal trends and research to the commissioner,
21.3	municipalities, and the legislature;
21.4	(4) awarding grants;
21.5	(5) evaluating grant applications to assure compliance with evidence-based practices;
21.6	<u>and</u>
21.7	(6) assuring an efficient and expeditious distribution of grant funds.
21.8	Subd. 5. Meetings. The board shall meet at least monthly. Meetings of the board are
21.9	subject to chapter 13D.
21.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
21.11	Sec. 2. OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS; EXPANSION; APPROPRIATION.
21.12	(a) \$4,852,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the
21.13	commissioner of public safety to increase staffing in the Office of Justice Programs, work
21.14	to simplify grant procedures, and expand the pool of grant applicants. Money must be used
21.15	as provided in paragraphs (b) to (f).
21.16	(b) The commissioner shall hire at least eight additional staff members to provide training
21.17	and technical assistance to grantees and potential grantees. Technical assistance must include
21.18	training on grant applications and programmatic elements required to qualify for grants.
21.19	The additional staff must hold weekly meetings in communities around the state to provide
21.20	information about the Office of Justice Programs, available grants, and grant processes and
21.21	requirements, and to receive feedback on the needs of communities in order to inform the
21.22	policies and practices of the Office of Justice Programs.
21.23	(c) The commissioner shall hire 12 additional community outreach specialists to leverage
21.24	relationships, knowledge, and experience in different communities. The community outreach
21.25	specialists shall make suggested changes to the practices and procedures of the Office of
21.26	Justice Programs to make them more accessible.
21.27	(d) The commissioner shall hire grant capacity trainers to implement the suggestions of
21.28	the community outreach specialists to continually expand the reach of the new training and
21.29	meet the needs identified by communities.
21.30	(e) The commissioner shall increase the funding of the Minnesota Statistical Analysis
21.31	Center to create a uniform evaluation program for all grantees.

(f) The commissioner shall hire additional grant compliance and financial compliance staff to support the Office of Justice Programs and grantees in meeting state and federal requirements and audits.

Sec. 3. LOCAL COMMUNITY INNOVATION GRANTS.

- Subdivision 1. Appropriation. \$55,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for local community innovation grants administered by the Office of Justice Programs as directed by the Public Safety Innovation Board. The base for this appropriation is \$30,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 and beyond except that beginning in fiscal year 2025 it shall be adjusted by a percentage equal to the 12-month percentage change in the Consumer Price Index as released in the previous January. Any unencumbered grant balances at the end of the fiscal year do not cancel but are available for grants in the following year.

 Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings
- 22.14 given.
 22.15 (b) "Community violence interruption" means a program that works with other
 22.16 organizations and persons in the community to develop community-based responses to
 22.17 violence that use and adapt critical incident response methods, provide targeted interventions
- 22.18 to prevent the escalation of violence after the occurrence of serious incidents, and de-escalate
- violence with the use of community-based interventions. The programs may work with
- 22.20 <u>local prosecutorial offices to provide an alternative to adjudication through a restorative</u>
- 22.21 justice model.

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- 22.22 (c) "Co-responder teams" means a partnership between a group or organization that
 22.23 provides mental health or crisis-intervention services and local units of government or Tribal
 22.24 governments that:
- 22.25 (1) provides crisis-response teams to de-escalate volatile situations;
- 22.26 (2) responds to situations involving a mental health crisis;
- 22.27 (3) promotes community-based efforts designed to enhance community safety and wellness; or
- 22.29 (4) supports community-based strategies to interrupt, intervene in, or respond to violence.
- 22.30 (d) "Restorative justice program" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section
 22.31 611A.775, and includes Native American sentencing circles.

23.1	Subd. 3. Expedited disbursement. (a) Application materials for grants issued under
23.2	this section must be prepared and made available to the public within three months of an
23.3	appropriation being made to fund the grants.
23.4	(b) Applications must be received and reviewed, and awards must be made within six
23.5	months of an appropriation being made to fund the grants.
23.6	Subd. 4. Eligible applicants; identification and notice. (a) The commissioner of public
23.7	safety shall publish the following lists by August 1 of each year:
23.8	(1) the cities or towns with at least three recorded violent crimes in the previous fiscal
23.9	year and the 20 highest per capita crime rates in the previous fiscal year based on the Uniform
23.10	Crime Reports or National Incident Based Reporting System;
23.11	(2) the counties with the 20 highest per capita crime rates in the previous fiscal year
23.12	based on the Uniform Crime Reports or National Incident Based Reporting System;
23.13	(3) the cities or towns that are not included in the list generated pursuant to clause (1)
23.14	and have experienced at least three recorded violent crimes in the previous fiscal year and
23.15	the 20 fastest increases in the per capita rate of crime in the previous fiscal year based on
23.16	the Uniform Crime Reports or National Incident Based Reporting System; and
23.17	(4) the counties that are not included in the list generated pursuant to clause (2) and have
23.18	experienced the 20 fastest increases in the per capita rate of crime in the previous fiscal year
23.19	based on the Uniform Crime Reports or National Incident Based Reporting System.
23.20	(b) A county, city, or town identified in any list produced pursuant to paragraph (a),
23.21	clauses (1) to (4), may apply for a grant under this section. A listed county, city, or town
23.22	may apply as part of a multijurisdictional collaboration with counties, cities, or towns that
23.23	are not listed provided the portion of programs or services provided through the grant funding
23.24	that are performed in the listed county, city, or town is at least equal to its proportion of the
23.25	membership of the multijurisdictional collaboration.
23.26	(c) The commissioner of public safety shall notify every county, city, or town identified
23.27	in any list published pursuant to paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (4), of its eligibility for a gran
23.28	under this section within three business days of publication.
23.29	Subd. 5. Grant distribution. (a) Half of the total amount appropriated under this section
23.30	must be awarded to counties, cities, or towns identified in subdivision 4, paragraph (a),
23.31	clause (1) or (2).
23.32	(b) Half the total amount appropriated under this section must be awarded to counties,
23.33	cities, or towns identified in subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (3) or (4).

-	Subd. 6. Application materials. (a) Applicants must submit an application in the form
and	manner established by the Public Safety Innovation Board.
	(b) Applicants must describe the ways in which grant funds will be used to reduce crime
in a	specific subsection of the county, city, or town through the creation or expansion of:
	(1) re-entry programs;
	(2) victim services programs;
	(3) homelessness assistance programs;
	(4) mobile crisis teams and embedded social worker programs;
	(5) restorative justice programs;
	(6) co-responder programs;
	(7) juvenile diversion programs;
	(8) community violence interruption programs; or
	(9) blight elimination programs.
	Subd. 7. Awards. (a) Preference in awarding grants should be given to applicants whose
pro	posals are based on evidence-based practices, provide resources to geographic areas that
<u>1av</u>	e been historically underinvested, and incorporate input from community stakeholders.
	(b) Grant recipients may use funds to partner with or support other programs.
	(c) Grant funds may not be used to fund the activities of law enforcement agencies or
offs	set the costs of counties, cities, or towns.
	(d) Any funds that are not encumbered or spent six years after being awarded must be
etu	urned to the commissioner of public safety and awarded as part of a local community
inno	ovation grant.
	Subd. 8. Evaluation. Each grant recipient shall complete a uniform evaluation program
esta	ablished by the Minnesota Statistical Analysis Center every two years.
Se	ec. 4. EMERGENCY COMMUNITY SAFETY GRANTS.
	Subdivision 1. Appropriation. \$15,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from
the	general fund to the commissioner of public safety for grants to crime prevention programs
	the purpose of providing public safety to victims. Any unencumbered balance at the end
of f	iscal year 2023 does not cancel but is added to the amount available for local community
inno	ovation grants.

25.1	Subd. 2. Expedited disbursement; distribution. The commissioner of public safety
25.2	must award emergency community safety grants and disburse funds by October 1, 2023.
25.3	Half of the total amount awarded must be provided to programs that do not involve law
25.4	enforcement agencies and are for the purposes identified in subdivision 3, paragraph (c),
25.5	<u>clauses (1) to (8).</u>
25.6	Subd. 3. Eligible recipients. (a) A county; city; town; local law enforcement agency,
25.7	including a law enforcement agency of a federally recognized Tribe, as defined in United
25.8	States Code, title 25, section 450b(e); or nonprofit or other community organization may
25.9	apply for emergency community safety grants to support crime prevention programs.
25.10	(b) A county, city, or town may apply as part of a multijurisdictional collaboration with
25.11	other counties, cities, or towns.
25.12	(c) As used in this section "crime prevention programs" includes but is not limited to:
25.13	(1) re-entry programs;
25.14	(2) victim services programs;
25.15	(3) homelessness assistance programs;
25.16	(4) mobile crisis teams and embedded social worker programs;
25.17	(5) restorative justice programs;
25.18	(6) co-responder programs;
25.19	(7) juvenile diversion programs;
25.20	(8) community violence interruption programs;
25.21	(9) increasing the recruitment of officers by utilizing advertisements, or bonuses or
25.22	scholarships for peace officers who remain continuously employed as peace officers for at
25.23	least 12 months and have not been subject to disciplinary action in the previous 12 months;
25.24	(10) increasing patrols outside of squad cars, on foot or in transportation options that
25.25	provide more interaction between police and community members;
25.26	(11) increasing, establishing, maintaining, or expanding crisis response teams in which
25.27	social workers or mental health providers are sent as first responders when calls for service
25.28	indicate that an individual is having a mental health crisis;
25.29	(12) establishing, maintaining, or expanding co-responder teams;
25.30	(13) purchasing equipment to perform patrols outside of squad cars on foot or in
25.31	transportation options that provide more interaction between police and community members;

26.1	(14) hiring additional non-law-enforcement personnel to conduct functions typically
26.2	performed by law enforcement with the intent of freeing up additional law enforcement to
26.3	perform patrols or respond to service calls;
26.4	(15) increasing recruitment of additional detectives, investigators, or other individuals
26.5	with a comparable rank or designation to investigate homicides, nonfatal shootings, or motor
26.6	vehicle theft, including hiring, on a temporary or permanent basis, retired officers utilizing
26.7	advertisement, or bonuses or scholarships for peace officers who remain continuously
26.8	employed as peace officers for at least 12 months and have not been subject to disciplinary
26.9	action in the previous 12 months;
26.10	(16) increasing recruitment of additional peace officers to replace officers transferred
26.11	or promoted to detective, investigator, or a comparable rank and assigned to investigate
26.12	homicides, nonfatal shootings, or motor vehicle theft;
26.13	(17) ensuring retention of peace officers identified as a detective, investigator, or a
26.14	comparable rank and assigned to investigate homicides and nonfatal shootings;
26.15	(18) acquiring, upgrading, or replacing investigative or evidence-processing technology
26.16	or equipment;
26.17	(19) hiring additional evidence-processing personnel;
26.18	(20) ensuring that personnel responsible for evidence processing have sufficient resources
26.19	and training;
26.20	(21) hiring and training personnel to analyze violent crime, specifically with regards to
26.21	the use of intelligence information of criminal networks and the potential for retaliation
26.22	among gangs or groups, and the geographic trends among homicides, nonfatal shootings,
26.23	and carjackings;
26.24	(22) ensuring that victim services and personnel are sufficiently funded, staffed, and
26.25	trained;
26.26	(23) ensuring that victims and family members of homicides and nonfatal shootings
26.27	have access to resources, including:
26.28	(i) convenient mental health treatment and grief counseling;
26.29	(ii) funeral and burial expenses;
26.30	(iii) relocation expenses;
26.31	(iv) emergency shelter;

27.1	(v) emergency transportation; and
27.2	(vi) lost wage assistance;
27.3	(24) developing competitive and evidence-based programs to improve homicide and
27.4	nonfatal shooting clearance rates; or
27.5	(25) developing best practices for improving access to, and acceptance of, victim services,
27.6	including those that promote medical and psychological wellness, ongoing counseling, legal
27.7	advice, and financial compensation.
27.8	Subd. 4. Application for grants. (a) A crime prevention program may apply to the
27.9	commissioner of public safety for a grant for any of the purposes described in subdivision
27.10	3 or for any other emergency assistance purpose approved by the commissioner. The
27.11	application must be on forms and pursuant to procedures developed by the commissioner.
27.12	The application must describe the type or types of intended emergency assistance, estimate
27.13	the amount of money required, and include any other information deemed necessary by the
27.14	commissioner.
27.15	(b) An applicant may not spend in any fiscal year more than five percent of the grant
27.16	awarded for administrative costs.
27.17	Subd. 5. Reporting by crime prevention programs required. A crime prevention
27.18	program that receives a grant under this section shall file an annual report with the
27.19	commissioner of public safety itemizing the expenditures made during the preceding year,
27.20	the purpose of those expenditures, and the ultimate disposition, if any, of each case. The
27.21	report must be on forms and pursuant to procedures developed by the commissioner.
27.22	Subd. 6. Report to legislature. By February 1, 2023, the commissioner of public safety
27.23	shall report to the chairs and ranking members of the senate and house of representatives
27.24	committees and divisions having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on
27.25	the implementation, use, and administration of the grant programs created under this section.
27.26	Sec. 5. LOCAL CO-RESPONDER GRANTS.
27.27	Subdivision 1. Appropriation. \$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from
27.28	the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for grants to establish, maintain, or
27.29	expand the use of co-responder programs that work with law enforcement agencies.
27.30	Subd. 2. Expedited disbursement; distribution. The commissioner of public safety
27.31	must award local co-responder grants and disburse funds by October 1, 2023. Half of the

28.1	total amount awarded must be provided to applicants that are not law enforcement
28.2	organizations.
28.3	Subd. 3. Eligible recipients. (a) A county; city; town; local law enforcement agency,
28.4	including a law enforcement agency of a federally recognized Tribe, as defined in United
28.5	States Code, title 25, section 450b(e); or nonprofit or other community organization may
28.6	apply for local co-responder grants for the purposes identified in this subdivision.
28.7	(b) A county, city, or town may apply as part of a multijurisdictional collaboration with
28.8	other counties, cities, or towns.
28.9	(c) Qualifying programs must partner with local law enforcement organizations and
28.10	must include:
28.11	(1) embedded social workers;
28.12	(2) mobile crisis teams; or
28.13	(3) violence interrupters who work with law enforcement agencies.
28.14	Subd. 4. Application for grants. (a) A co-responder program may apply to the
28.15	commissioner of public safety for a grant for any of the purposes described in subdivision
28.16	3. The application must be on forms and pursuant to procedures developed by the
28.17	commissioner.
28.18	(b) An applicant may not spend in any fiscal year more than five percent of the grant
28.19	awarded for administrative costs.
28.20	Subd. 5. Reporting by co-responder programs required. A co-responder program
28.21	that receives a grant under this section shall file an annual report with the commissioner of
28.22	public safety itemizing the expenditures made during the preceding year, the purpose of
28.23	those expenditures, and the impact of the co-responder teams. The report must be on forms
28.24	and pursuant to procedures developed by the commissioner.
28.25	Subd. 6. Report to legislature. By February 1 of each year, the commissioner of public
28.26	safety shall report to the chairs and ranking members of the senate and house of
28.27	representatives committees and divisions having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy
28.28	and finance on the implementation, use, and administration of the grant programs created
28.29	under this section.
28.30	Sec. 6. PUBLIC SAFETY INNOVATION BOARD; APPROPRIATION.
28 31	\$ in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of

public safety to establish and maintain the Public Safety Innovation Board.

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29.1	Sec. 7. OPIATE EPIDEMIC RESPONSE GRANTS.
29.2	\$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
29.3	of public safety for grants to organizations selected by the Opiate Epidemic Response
29.4	Advisory Council that provide services to address the opioid addiction and overdose epidemic
29.5	in Minnesota consistent with the priorities in Minnesota Statutes, section 256.042, subdivision
29.6	1, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (4). Grant recipients must be located outside the seven-county
29.7	metropolitan area.
29.8	ARTICLE 4
29.9	LAW ENFORCEMENT GRANTS
29.10	Section 1. TASK FORCE ON ALTERNATIVE COURSES TO PEACE OFFICER
29.11	LICENSURE.
29.12	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The Task Force on Alternative Courses to Peace Officer
29.13	Licensure is established to increase recruitment of new peace officers, increase the diversity
29.14	of the racial makeup and professional background of licensed peace officers, promote
29.15	education and training in community policing models, maintain the high standards of
29.16	education and training required for licensure, and make policy and funding recommendations
29.17	to the legislature.
29.18	Subd. 2. Membership. (a) The task force consists of the following members:
29.19	(1) the chair of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board, or a designee;
29.20	(2) a member of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board representing the general
29.21	public appointed by the chair of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board;
29.22	(3) the chief of the State Patrol, or a designee;
29.23	(4) the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, or a designee;
29.24	(5) the attorney general, or a designee;
29.25	(6) the president of the Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association, or a designee;
29.26	(7) the president of the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association, or a designee;
29.27	(8) a peace officer who is employed by a law enforcement agency of a federally
29.28	recognized Tribe, as defined in United States Code, title 25, section 450b(e), appointed by
29.29	the Indian Affairs Council;
29.30	(9) the executive director of the Minnesota Police and Peace Officers Association, or a
29.31	designee;

30.1	(10) a peace officer appointed by the executive director of the Minnesota Police and
30.2	Peace Officers Association;
30.3	(11) a member of a civilian review board appointed by the governor;
30.4	(12) an attorney who provides legal advice to victims of police brutality or who advocates
30.5	for civil liberties appointed by the governor;
30.6	(13) a representative from an organization that provides direct services to families or
30.7	communities impacted by police violence appointed by the governor; and
30.8	(14) two representatives from postsecondary schools certified to provide programs of
30.9	professional peace officer education appointed by the governor.
30.10	(b) Appointments must be made no later than August 30, 2022.
30.11	(c) Members shall serve without compensation.
30.12	(d) Members of the task force serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority or until
30.13	the task force expires. Vacancies shall be filled by the appointing authority consistent with
30.14	the qualifications of the vacating member required by this subdivision.
30.15	Subd. 3. Officers; meetings. (a) The task force shall elect a chair and vice-chair from
30.16	among its members. The task force may elect other officers as necessary.
30.17	(b) The chair of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board shall convene the first
30.18	meeting of the task force no later than September 15, 2022, and shall provide meeting space
30.19	and administrative assistance as necessary for the task force to conduct its work.
30.20	(c) The task force shall meet at least monthly or upon the call of the chair. The task force
30.21	shall meet sufficiently enough to accomplish the tasks identified in this section. Meetings
30.22	of the task force are subject to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13D.
30.23	Subd. 4. Duties. (a) The task force shall, at a minimum:
30.24	(1) identify barriers to recruiting peace officers;
30.25	(2) develop strategies for recruiting new peace officers;
30.26	(3) develop policies and procedures to increase the diversity of the racial makeup and
30.27	professional background of licensed peace officers;
30.28	(4) identify or develop curriculum that utilizes community policing models;
30.29	(5) provide recommendations on how to create and support an expedited pathway for
30.30	individuals to become peace officers; and

	(6) assure that any alternative courses to licensure maintain the high standards of
<u>ed</u> ı	acation and training required for licensure as a peace officer in Minnesota.
	(b) At its discretion, the task force may examine, as necessary, other related issues
CO1	nsistent with this section.
	Subd. 5. Report. By January 15, 2024, the task force must submit a report on its findings
ıno	d recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of
ep	presentatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public safety
ĭn	ance and policy.
	Subd. 6. Expiration. The task force expires the day after submitting its report under
sul	odivision 5.
S	ec. 2. BODY CAMERA DATA STORAGE PROGRAM; BODY CAMERA GRANT
PR	ROGRAM; APPROPRIATION.
	Subdivision 1. Definition. As used in this section, "local law enforcement agency" has
he	meaning given to "law enforcement agency" in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84,
aı	ragraph (f), but does not include a unit of state government.
	Subd. 2. Body camera data storage program. (a) \$6,016,000 in fiscal year 2023 is
ւթյ	propriated from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety to develop and
.dı	minister a statewide cloud-based body camera data storage program. Of this amount, the
01	mmissioner may use up to \$1,000,000 to retain and compensate a staff necessary to
ıdı	minister the program. The base for this appropriation is \$6,036,000 in fiscal year 2024
ano	1 \$6,057,000 in fiscal year 2025.
	(b) State and local law enforcement agencies may voluntarily participate in the body
car	mera data storage program, but must agree to the conditions established in subdivision
<u>4.</u>	
	Subd. 3. Body camera grant program \$9,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated
fro	m the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for grants administered by the
)f	fice of Justice Programs as directed by the Public Safety Innovation Board to local law
enf	forcement agencies for portable recording systems. The executive director shall award
gra	ants to local law enforcement agencies for the purchase and maintenance of portable
rec	ording systems and portable recording system data. The executive director must give
pri	ority to applicants that do not have a portable recording system program. The executive
dir	ector must award at least one grant to a local law enforcement agency located outside of
the	seven-county metropolitan area.

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Subd. 4. Conditions for participants. As a condition of participating in the state body camera data storage program under subdivision 2 or receiving a body camera grant under subdivision 3, a local law enforcement agency's portable recording system policy required under Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8473, subdivision 3, must: (1) prohibit altering, erasing, or destroying any recording made with a peace officer's portable recording system or data and metadata related to the recording prior to the expiration of the applicable retention period under Minnesota Statutes, section 13.825, subdivision 3, except that the full, unedited, and unredacted recording of a peace officer using deadly force must be maintained indefinitely; (2) mandate that a deceased individual's next of kin, legal representative of the next of kin, or other parent of the deceased individual's children be entitled to view any and all recordings from a peace officer's portable recording system, redacted no more than what is required by law, of an officer's use of deadly force no later than seven days after an incident where deadly force used by a peace officer results in death of an individual, except that a chief law enforcement officer may deny a request if investigators can articulate a compelling reason as to why allowing the deceased individual's next of kin, legal representative of the next of kin, or other parent of the deceased individual's children to review the recordings would interfere with the agency conducting a thorough investigation. If the chief law enforcement officer denies a request under this provision, the agency's policy must require the chief law enforcement officer to issue a prompt, written denial and provide notice to the deceased individual's next of kin, legal representative of the next of kin, or other parent of the deceased individual's children that they may seek relief from the district court; (3) mandate release of all recordings of an incident where a peace officer used deadly force and an individual died to the deceased individual's next of kin, legal representative of the next of kin, and other parent of the deceased individual's children no later than 90 days after the incident; and (4) mandate, whenever practicable, that a peace officer operating a portable recording system while entering a residence notify occupants of the residence that they are being recorded. Sec. 3. LOCAL COMMUNITY POLICING GRANTS. Subdivision 1. **Appropriation.** \$15,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for local community policing grants administered by the Office of Justice Programs as directed by the Public Safety Innovation

Board. The base for this appropriation is \$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year

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2025 except that in fiscal year 2025 it shall be adjusted by a percentage equal to the 12-month percentage change in the Consumer Price Index as released in the previous January. The base for this appropriation is \$0 in fiscal year 2026 and beyond. Any unencumbered grant balances at the end of a fiscal year do not cancel but are available for grants in the following year. Subd. 2. Expedited disbursement. (a) Application materials for grants issued under this section must be prepared and made available to the public within three months of an appropriation being made to fund the grants. (b) Applications must be received and reviewed, and awards must be made within six months of an appropriation being made to fund the grants. Subd. 3. Eligible applicants; identification and notice. (a) The commissioner of public safety shall publish the following lists by August 1 of each year: (1) the cities or towns that have a local law enforcement agency, have recorded at least three violent crimes in the previous fiscal year, and have the 20 highest per capita crime rates in the previous fiscal year based on the Uniform Crime Reports or National Incident Based Reporting System; (2) the counties with the 20 highest per capita crime rates in the previous fiscal year based on the Uniform Crime Reports or National Incident Based Reporting System; (3) the cities or towns that are not included in the list generated pursuant to clause (1), have a local law enforcement agency, have recorded at least three violent crimes in the previous fiscal year, and have experienced the 20 fastest increases in the per capita rate of crime in the previous fiscal year based on the Uniform Crime Reports or National Incident Based Reporting System; and (4) the counties that are not included in the list generated pursuant to clause (2) and have experienced the 20 fastest increases in the per capita rate of crime in the previous fiscal year based on the Uniform Crime Reports or National Incident Based Reporting System. (b) A county, city, or town identified in any list produced pursuant to paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (4), may apply for a grant under this section. A listed county, city, or town may apply as part of a multijurisdictional collaboration with counties, cities, or towns that are not listed provided the portion of programs or services provided through the grant funding that are performed in the listed county, city, or town is at least equal to its proportion of the membership of the multijurisdictional collaboration.

34.1	(c) The commissioner of public safety shall notify every county, city, or town identified
34.2	in any list published pursuant to paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (4), of its eligibility for a grant
34.3	under this section within three business days of publication.
34.4	Subd. 4. Grant distribution. (a) Half of the total amount appropriated under this section
34.5	must be awarded to counties, cities, or towns identified in subdivision 4, paragraph (a),
34.6	<u>clause (1) or (2).</u>
34.7	(b) Half the total amount appropriated under this section must be awarded to counties,
34.8	cities, or towns identified in subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (3) or (4).
34.9	Subd. 5. Application materials. (a) Applicants must submit an application in the form
34.10	and manner established by the Public Safety Innovation Board.
34.11	(b) Applicants must describe the ways in which grant funds will be used to reduce crime
34.12	by increasing the capacity, efficiency, and effectiveness of law enforcement community
34.13	policing efforts through any of the following approaches:
34.14	(1) increasing the recruitment of officers by utilizing advertisements, or bonuses or
34.15	scholarships for peace officers who remain continuously employed as a peace officer for
34.16	at least 12 months and have not been subject to disciplinary action in the previous 12 months;
34.17	(2) increasing patrols outside of squad cars on foot or in transportation options that
34.18	provide more interaction between police and community members;
34.19	(3) increasing, establishing, maintaining, or expanding crisis response teams in which
34.20	social workers or mental health providers are sent as first responders when calls for service
34.21	indicate that an individual is having a mental health crisis;
34.22	(4) establishing, maintaining, or expanding co-responder teams;
34.23	(5) purchasing equipment to perform patrols outside of squad cars on foot or in
34.24	transportation options that provide more interaction between police and community members;
34.25	<u>or</u>
34.26	(6) hiring additional non-law-enforcement personnel to conduct functions typically
34.27	performed by law enforcement with the intent of freeing up additional law enforcement to
34.28	perform patrols or respond to service calls.
34.29	Subd. 6. Awards. (a) Preference in awarding grants should be given to applicants whose
34.30	proposals:
34.31	(1) involve community policing strategies;

	(2) include collaboration with non-law-enforcement entities such as community-based
vic	elence prevention programs, social worker programs, or mental health specialists;
	(3) are based on academic studies or based on evidence-based policing research or
fin	dings; or
	(4) involve increased law enforcement accountability or transparency.
	(b) Each grant recipient must receive an award of at least \$1,000,000.
	(c) Grant recipients may use funds to partner with or support other programs.
	(d) Grant funds may not be used to offset the costs of law enforcement agencies, counties
cit	es, or towns.
	(e) Any funds that are not encumbered or spent six years after being awarded must be
ret	urned to the commissioner of public safety and awarded as part of a local community
inr	ovation grant.
	Subd. 7. Evaluation. Each grant recipient shall complete a uniform evaluation program
est	ablished by the Minnesota Statistical Analysis Center every two years.
	Subd. 8. Rulemaking. The commissioner of public safety may adopt rules pursuant to
Mi	nnesota Statutes, chapter 14, to ensure that grant recipients have policies or patterns of
pra	actice that promote community trust.
C	4 LOCAL INVESTIGATION OF ANTS
3	ec. 4. LOCAL INVESTIGATION GRANTS.
	Subdivision 1. Appropriation. \$15,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from
the	general fund to the commissioner of public safety for local investigation grants
adı	ministered by the Office of Justice Programs as directed by the Public Safety Innovation
Во	ard. The base for this appropriation is \$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year
202	25 except that in fiscal year 2025 it shall be adjusted by a percentage equal to the 12-month
pei	centage change in the Consumer Price Index as released in the previous January. The
bas	se for this appropriation is \$0 in fiscal year 2026 and beyond. Any unencumbered grant
bal	ances at the end of a fiscal year do not cancel but are available for grants in the following
yea	ar.
	Subd. 2. Expedited disbursement. (a) Application materials for grants issued under
<u>thi</u>	s section must be prepared and made available to the public within three months of an
apj	propriation being made to fund the grants.
	(b) Applications must be received and reviewed, and awards must be made within six
<u>mc</u>	onths of an appropriation being made to fund the grants.

37.1	(b) Applicants must describe the ways in which grant funds will be used to reduce crime
37.2	by increasing the capacity, efficiency, and effectiveness of law enforcement investigations
37.3	through the use of any of the following approaches:
37.4	(1) increasing recruitment of additional detectives, investigators, or other individuals
37.5	with a comparable rank or designation to investigate homicides, nonfatal shootings, or motor
37.6	vehicle theft, including hiring, on a temporary or permanent basis, retired officers by utilizing
37.7	advertisements, or bonuses or scholarships for peace officers who remain continuously
37.8	employed as a peace officer for at least 12 months and have not been subject to disciplinary
37.9	action in the previous 12 months;
37.10	(2) increasing recruitment of additional peace officers to replace officers transferred or
37.11	promoted to detective, investigator, or a comparable rank and assigned to investigate
37.12	homicides, nonfatal shootings, or motor vehicle theft;
37.13	(3) ensuring retention of peace officers identified as a detective, investigator, or a
37.14	comparable rank and assigned to investigate homicides and nonfatal shootings;
37.15	(4) acquiring, upgrading, or replacing investigative or evidence-processing technology
37.16	or equipment;
37.17	(5) hiring additional evidence-processing personnel;
37.18	(6) ensuring that personnel responsible for evidence processing have sufficient resources
37.19	and training;
37.20	(7) hiring and training personnel to analyze violent crime, specifically with regards to
37.21	the use of intelligence information of criminal networks and the potential for retaliation
37.22	among gangs or groups, and the geographic trends among homicides, nonfatal shootings,
37.23	and carjackings;
37.24	(8) ensuring that victim services and personnel are sufficiently funded, staffed, and
37.25	trained;
37.26	(9) ensuring that victims and family members of homicides and nonfatal shootings have
37.27	access to resources, including:
37.28	(i) convenient mental health treatment and grief counseling;
37.29	(ii) assistance for funeral and burial expenses;
37.30	(iii) assistance for relocation expenses;
37.31	(iv) emergency shelter;

38.1	(v) emergency transportation; and
38.2	(vi) lost wage assistance;
38.3	(10) developing competitive and evidence-based programs to improve homicide and
38.4	nonfatal shooting clearance rates; or
38.5	(11) developing best practices for improving access to, and acceptance of, victim services,
38.6	including those that promote medical and psychological wellness, ongoing counseling, legal
38.7	advice, and financial compensation.
38.8	Subd. 6. Awards. (a) Each grant recipient must receive an award of at least \$1,000,000.
38.9	(b) Grant recipients may use funds to partner with or support other programs.
38.10	(c) Grant funds may not be used to fund undercover peace officer work or offset the
38.11	costs of law enforcement agencies, counties, cities, or towns.
38.12	(d) Any funds that are not encumbered or spent six years after being awarded must be
38.13	returned to the commissioner of public safety and awarded as part of a local community
38.14	innovation grant.
38.15	Subd. 7. Evaluation. Each grant recipient shall complete a uniform evaluation program
38.16	established by the Minnesota Statistical Analysis Center every two years.
38.17	Subd. 8. Rulemaking. The commissioner of public safety may adopt rules pursuant to
38.18	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14, to ensure that grant recipients have policies or patterns of
38.19	practice that promote community trust.
38.20	Sec. 5. TASK FORCE ON ALTERNATIVE COURSES TO PEACE OFFICER
38.21	LICENSURE; APPROPRIATION.
38.22	\$50,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the Peace Officer
38.23	Standards and Training Board to provide support for the task force on alternative courses
38.24	to peace officer licensure. This is a onetime appropriation.
38.25	ARTICLE 5
38.26	ADDITIONAL LAW ENFORCEMENT GRANTS AND POLICY
20.25	Cartina 1 Minarata Statuta 2020 and an 214 10 and disting 10 in an and day and d
38.27	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 214.10, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
38.28	Subd. 10. Board of Peace Officers Standards and Training; receipt of
38.29	complaint. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 1 to the contrary, when the
38.30	executive director or any member of the Board of Peace Officer Standards and Training

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as introduced

produces or receives a written statement or complaint that alleges a violation of a statute or rule that the board is empowered to enforce, the executive director shall designate the appropriate law enforcement agency to investigate the complaint and shall may order it to conduct an inquiry into the complaint's allegations. The investigating agency must complete the inquiry and submit a written summary of it to the executive director within 30 days of the order for inquiry.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 626.843, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1c. Rules governing certain misconduct. No later than January 1, 2024, the
 board must adopt rules under chapter 14 that permit the board to take disciplinary action
 on a licensee for a violation of a standard of conduct in Minnesota Rules, chapter 6700,
 whether or not criminal charges have been filed and in accordance with the evidentiary
 standards and civil processes for boards under chapter 214.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 626.8473, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. Written policies and procedures required. (a) The chief officer of every state and local law enforcement agency that uses or proposes to use a portable recording system must establish and enforce a written policy governing its use. In developing and adopting the policy, the law enforcement agency must provide for public comment and input as provided in subdivision 2. Use of a portable recording system without adoption of a written policy meeting the requirements of this section is prohibited. The written policy must be posted on the agency's website, if the agency has a website.
 - (b) At a minimum, the written policy must incorporate <u>and require compliance with</u> the following:
 - (1) the requirements of section 13.825 and other data classifications, access procedures, retention policies, and data security safeguards that, at a minimum, meet the requirements of chapter 13 and other applicable law. The policy must prohibit altering, erasing, or destroying any recording made with a peace officer's portable recording system or data and metadata related to the recording prior to the expiration of the applicable retention period under section 13.825, subdivision 3, except that the full, unedited, and unredacted recording of a peace officer using deadly force must be maintained indefinitely;
 - (2) mandate that a portable recording system be:
- 39.32 (i) worn where it affords an unobstructed view, and above the mid-line of the waist;

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(ii) activated during all contacts with citizens in the performance of official duties other than community engagement, to the extent practical without compromising officer safety; and

- (iii) activated when the officer arrives on scene of an incident and remain active until the conclusion of the officer's duties at the scene of the incident;
- (3) mandate that officers assigned a portable recording system wear and operate the system in compliance with the agency's policy adopted under this section while performing law enforcement activities under the command and control of another chief law enforcement officer or federal law enforcement official;
- (4) mandate that any and all recordings from a peace officer's portable recording system, redacted no more than what is required by law, involving the use of force by an officer upon or toward the person of another without the other's consent, including the use of deadly force, be treated as public benefit data pursuant to section 13.82, subdivision 15, and be made available for viewing by the person upon whom force was used, the legal representative of a person upon whom force was used, a deceased individual's next of kin, the legal representative of the next of kin, or other parent of the deceased individual's children no later than seven days after an incident where force was used by a peace officer, except that a chief law enforcement officer may deny a request if investigators can articulate a compelling reason as to why allowing review of the recordings would interfere with the agency conducting a thorough investigation. If the chief law enforcement officer denies a request under this provision, the agency's policy must require the chief law enforcement officer to issue a prompt, written denial and provide notice to the person upon whom force was used, the legal representative of a person upon whom force was used, deceased individual's next of kin, legal representative of the next of kin, or other parent of the deceased individual's children that they may seek relief from the district court;
- (5) mandate that recordings of an incident where a peace officer used force upon or toward the person of another without the other's consent, including the use of deadly force, be treated as public benefit data pursuant to section 13.82, subdivision 15, and be released to the person upon whom force was used, the legal representative of a person upon whom force was used, the deceased individual's next of kin, legal representative of the next of kin, and other parent of the deceased individual's children no later than 90 days after the incident. If the chief law enforcement officer denies a request under this provision, the agency's policy must require the chief law enforcement officer to issue a prompt, written denial and provide notice to the person upon whom force was used, the legal representative of a person upon whom force was used, deceased individual's next of kin, legal representative of the next of

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kin, or other parent of the deceased individual's children that they may seek relief from	<u>the</u>
district court;	
(6) procedures for testing the portable recording system to ensure adequate function	ing;
(3) (7) procedures to address a system malfunction or failure, including requirement	nts
For documentation by the officer using the system at the time of a malfunction or failu	re;
(4) (8) circumstances under which recording is mandatory, prohibited, or at the discre	tion
of the officer using the system;	
(5) (9) circumstances under which a data subject must be given notice of a recording	ıg;
(6) (10) circumstances under which a recording may be ended while an investigation	on,
esponse, or incident is ongoing;	
(7) (11) procedures for the secure storage of portable recording system data and the	е
creation of backup copies of the data; and	
(8) (12) procedures to ensure compliance and address violations of the policy, which	ch
nust include, at a minimum, supervisory or internal audits and reviews, and the emplo	yee
iscipline standards for unauthorized access to data contained in section 13.09.	
(c) The board has authority to inspect state and local law enforcement agency police	<u>cies</u>
to ensure compliance with this section. The board may conduct this inspection based u	ıpon
complaint it receives about a particular agency or through a random selection proces	S.
The board may impose licensing sanctions and seek injunctive relief under section 214	4.11
for an agency's or licensee's failure to comply with this section.	
Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 626.89, subdivision 17, is amended to read	
Subd. 17. Civilian review. (a) As used in this subdivision, the following terms have	e the
meanings given:	
(1) "civilian oversight council" means a civilian review board, commission, or other	<u>er</u>
oversight body established by a local unit of government to provide civilian oversight	of a
aw enforcement agency and officers employed by the agency; and	
(2) "misconduct" means a violation of law, standards promulgated by the Peace Off	<u>ficer</u>
Standards and Training Board, or agency policy.	
(b) A local unit of government may establish a civilian review board, commission,	-or
other oversight body shall not have council and grant the council the authority to make	e a
finding of fact or determination regarding a complaint against an officer or impose discip	oline

on an officer. A civilian review board, commission, or other oversight body may make a 42.1 recommendation regarding the merits of a complaint, however, the recommendation shall 42.2 42.3 be advisory only and shall not be binding on nor limit the authority of the chief law enforcement officer of any unit of government. 42.4 (c) At the conclusion of any criminal investigation or prosecution, if any, a civilian 42.5 oversight council may conduct an investigation into allegations of peace officer misconduct 42.6 and retain an investigator to facilitate an investigation. Subject to other applicable law, a 42.7 council may subpoena or compel testimony and documents in an investigation. Upon 42.8 completion of an investigation, a council may make a finding of misconduct and recommend 42.9 appropriate discipline against peace officers employed by the agency. If the governing body 42.10 grants a council the authority, the council may impose discipline on peace officers employed 42.11 by the agency. A council may submit investigation reports that contain findings of peace 42.12 officer misconduct to the chief law enforcement officer and the Peace Officer Standards 42.13 and Training Board's complaint committee. A council may also make policy 42.14 recommendations to the chief law enforcement officer and the Peace Officer Standards and 42.15 Training Board. 42.16 (d) The chief law enforcement officer of a law enforcement agency under the jurisdiction 42.17 of a civilian oversight council shall cooperate with the council and facilitate the council's 42.18 achievement of its goals. However, the officer is under no obligation to agree with individual 42.19 recommendations of the council and may oppose a recommendation. If the officer fails to 42.20 implement a recommendation that is within the officer's authority, the officer shall inform 42.21 the council of the failure along with the officer's underlying reasons. 42.22 (e) Peace officer discipline decisions imposed pursuant to the authority granted under 42.23 this subdivision shall be subject to the applicable grievance procedure established or agreed 42.24 to under chapter 179A. 42.25 42.26 (f) Data collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated by a civilian oversight council related to an investigation of a peace officer are personnel data as defined by section 42.27 13.43, subdivision 1, and are governed by that section. 42.28 Sec. 5. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 11, article 1, section 15, subdivision 3, 42.29 42.30 is amended to read: Subd. 3. Peace Officer Training Assistance 42.31

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Philando Castile Memorial Training Fund

\$6,000,000 each year is to support and

13.1	strengthen law enforcement training and
13.2	implement best practices. This funding shall
13.3	be named the "Philando Castile Memorial
13.4	Training Fund." These funds may only be used
13.5	to reimburse costs related to training courses
13.6	that qualify for reimbursement under
13.7	Minnesota Statutes, sections 626.8469
13.8	(training in crisis response, conflict
13.9	management, and cultural diversity) and
43.10	626.8474 (autism training).
43.11	Each sponsor of a training course is required
13.12	to include the following in the sponsor's
13.13	application for approval submitted to the
13.14	board: course goals and objectives; a course
13.15	outline including at a minimum a timeline and
13.16	teaching hours for all courses; instructor
13.17	qualifications, including skills and concepts
13.18	such as crisis intervention, de-escalation, and
13.19	cultural competency that are relevant to the
13.20	course provided; and a plan for learning
43.21	assessments of the course and documenting
13.22	the assessments to the board during review.
13.23	Upon completion of each course, instructors
13.24	must submit student evaluations of the
13.25	instructor's teaching to the sponsor.
13.26	The board shall keep records of the
13.27	applications of all approved and denied
13.28	courses. All continuing education courses shall
13.29	be reviewed after the first year. The board
13.30	must set a timetable for recurring review after
13.31	the first year. For each review, the sponsor
13.32	must submit its learning assessments to the
13.33	board to show that the course is teaching the
13.34	learning outcomes that were approved by the
13.35	board.

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44.1	A list of licensees who successfully complete
44.2	the course shall be maintained by the sponsor
44.3	and transmitted to the board following the
44.4	presentation of the course and the completed
44.5	student evaluations of the instructors.
44.6	Evaluations are available to chief law
44.7	enforcement officers. The board shall establish
44.8	a data retention schedule for the information
44.9	collected in this section.
44.10	Each year, if funds are available after
44.11	reimbursing all eligible requests for courses
44.12	approved by the board under this subdivision,
44.13	the board may use the funds to reimburse law
44.14	enforcement agencies for other
44.15	board-approved law enforcement training
44.16	courses. The base for this activity is \$0 in
44.17	fiscal year 2026 and thereafter.
44.18	Sec. 6. MULTIJURISDICTIONAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING IN THE
44.19	PROPER USE OF FORCE, DUTY TO INTERCEDE, AND CONFLICT
44.20	DE-ESCALATION; REIMBURSEMENT; APPROPRIATION.
44.21	(a) \$2,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the
44.22	commissioner of the Office of Higher Education to provide reimbursement grants to
44.23	postsecondary schools certified to provide programs of professional peace officer education
44.24	for providing in-service training programs for peace officers on the proper use of force,
44.25	including deadly force, the duty to intercede, and conflict de-escalation. Of this amount, up
44.26	to 2.5 percent is for administration and monitoring of the program.
44.27	(b) To be eligible for reimbursement, training offered by a postsecondary school must
44.28	consist of no less than eight hours of instruction and:
44.29	(1) satisfy the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8452, and be approved
44.30	by the Board of Peace Officer Standards and Training, for use of force training;
44.31	(2) utilize scenario-based training that simulates real-world situations and involves the
44.32	use of real firearms that fire nonlethal ammunition when appropriate;

45.1	(3) include a block of instruction on the physical and psychological effects of stress
45.2	before, during, and after a high-risk or traumatic incident and the cumulative impact of
45.3	stress on the health of officers;
45.4	(4) include blocks of instruction on de-escalation methods and tactics, bias motivation,
45.5	unknown risk training, defensive tactics, and force-on-force training; and
45.6	(5) be offered to peace officers at no charge to the peace officer or an officer's law
45.7	enforcement agency.
45.8	(c) A postsecondary school that offers training consistent with the requirements of
45.9	paragraph (b) may apply for reimbursement for the costs of offering the training.
45.10	Reimbursement shall be made at a rate of \$450 for each officer who participates in the
45.11	training. The postsecondary school must submit the name and peace officer license number
45.12	of the peace officer who received the training.
45.13	(d) As used in this section:
45.14	(1) "law enforcement agency" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section
45.15	626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (f); and
45.16	(2) "peace officer" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84,
45.17	subdivision 1, paragraph (c).
45.18	Sec. 7. PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS AND TRAINING BOARD
45.19	INVESTIGATORS; APPROPRIATION.
45.20	\$2,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the Peace Officer
45.21	Standards and Training Board to hire investigators and additional staff to perform compliance
45.22	reviews and investigate alleged code of conduct violations, and to obtain or improve
45.23	equipment for that purpose.
45.24	ARTICLE 6
45.24 45.25	AT-RISK YOUTHS; GRANTS
43.23	AI-RISK TOUTHS, GRANTS
45.26	Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS; SERVICES FOR AT-RISK JUVENILES.
45.27	Subdivision 1. Listening sessions; Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative. \$
45.28	in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of public
45.29	safety for the following purposes:
45.30	(1) to conduct listening sessions throughout the state to solicit feedback from
45.31	communities, local governmental units, nonprofits, and community organization groups on

6.1	available grants under this section. The sessions must provide information to potential
6.2	grantees on the types of grants available and the process of how to seek grants. In addition,
6.3	the sessions must seek input from attendees on the needs and priorities of the communities
6.4	represented and the best way to meet these needs and priorities through grant awards; and
6.5	(2) to increase funding to the Ramsey County Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative
6.6	and to expand this initiative to other counties.
6.7	Subd. 2. Prevention services grants. (a) As used in this subdivision, "prevention
6.8	services" includes but is not limited to the following:
6.9	(1) community-based violence prevention programs;
6.10	(2) preventative mental health and substance abuse services with a focus on youth;
6.11	(3) truancy reduction programs;
6.12	(4) programs offering culturally competent support for youth victims of trauma;
6.13	(5) programs that offer support for single parents or peer-to-peer support for parents;
6.14	(6) wraparound services to ensure at-risk youth receive full support;
6.15	(7) community-centered programs that offer youth activities and colocated mental health
6.16	services, such as youth centers and recreational leagues; and
6.17	(8) noncolonized behavioral health interventions for youth.
6.18	(b) \$ in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
6.19	of public safety for grants to local units of government, nonprofits, and other community
6.20	organizations to be used to provide prevention services to prevent juveniles from entering
6.21	the criminal or juvenile justice system.
6.22	Subd. 3. Intervention services grants. (a) As used in this subdivision, "intervention
6.23	services" includes but is not limited to the following:
6.24	(1) programs that work to disrupt the cycle of violence by providing space for community
6.25	healing and wrap-around services to communities and individuals who have been impacted
6.26	by group or gun violence, including those who have caused harm; and
6.27	(2) programs that work directly with youth who have experienced or caused violence to
6.28	provide intervention and healing services and that work with youth to prevent future incidents.
6.29	(b) \$ in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
6.30	of public safety for grants to local units of government, nonprofits, and other community

<u>C</u>	rganizations to be used to provide intervention services to support work to intervene on
<u>b</u>	ehalf of youth who are interacting with the criminal or juvenile justice system.
	Subd. 4. Grants for services that reduce barriers and invest in communities. (a) As
u	sed in this subdivision, "services that reduce barriers" includes but is not limited to the
<u>f</u>	ollowing:
	(1) youth employment programs, including on-the-job training;
	(2) youth employment or internship opportunities in creative mediums and small business
Ċ	evelopment; and
	(3) mentorship programs with a focus on individualized guidance counseling, career
<u>c</u>	ounseling, and mental health support for justice-involved youth.
	(b) \$ in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
C	f public safety for grants to local units of government, nonprofits, and other community
C	rganizations to be used to provide services that reduce barriers for youth in avoiding the
C	riminal or juvenile justice system and to increase investment in their communities.
	Subd. 5. Expedited disbursement. (a) The commissioner of public safety shall prepare
a	nd make available to the public application materials for grants issued under this section
V	within three months of an appropriation being made to fund the grants.
	(b) The commissioner shall ensure that grant applications are received and reviewed
3	nd awards are made within six months of an appropriation being made to fund the grants.
	Subd. 6. Grant program administration; reports required. (a) The commissioner of
r	ublic safety shall ensure that the administration of grants under this section is conducted
t	y the Office of Justice Programs.
	(b) Up to 2.5 percent of the appropriations in this section may be used by the
C	ommissioner to administer these grants.
	(c) The base amount for these grants is \$ in fiscal years 2024, 2025, 2026, and 2027
E	Beginning in fiscal years 2028 and thereafter, the base amount for these activities is \$0.
F	any unspent money from this appropriation does not cancel but is available until expended.
	(d) Applicants for grants under this section must submit an application in the form and
<u>r</u>	nanner established by the commissioner. Applicants must specify the type of grant being
<u>a</u>	pplied for under this section and describe the ways in which grant funds will be used in a
r	nanner that satisfies the requirements for the individual grant.

(e) When awarding grants under this section, the commissioner shall prioritize programs 48.1 that provide culturally specific programming. A local unit of government may apply for 48.2 48.3 grants to be used by that applicant to provide one or more services or as part of a collaborative multijurisdictional group of governmental units. 48.4 (f) Each year by February 1, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking 48.5 minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees and divisions 48.6 having jurisdiction over criminal justice finance and policy on the implementation, use, and 48.7 administration of the grant programs created under this section. At a minimum, the report 48.8 must identify the grant recipients, the amount of money granted to each recipient, the purpose 48.9 of the grant, information on how the grant was used, and an evaluation of the success of the 48.10 grantee in carrying out the activities funded by the grant. 48.11 Sec. 2. CRIMINAL APPREHENSION; APPROPRIATION. 48.12 (a) The base appropriation from the general fund is \$84,634,000 in fiscal year 2024 and 48.13 fiscal year 2025 to the commissioner of public safety for criminal apprehension. 48.14 48.15 (b) \$9,762,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the 48.16 commissioner of public safety to support violent crime reduction strategies. This appropriation includes funding for staff and supplies to enhance forensic, analytical, and 48.17 investigations capacity, and financially support investigative partnerships to form an 48.18 investigative partnership with other law enforcement agencies to address violent crime. 48.19 ARTICLE 7 48.20 PUBLIC SAFETY AID FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS 48.21 Section 1. [477A.0127] PUBLIC SAFETY AID. 48.22 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision 48.23 have the meanings given. 48.24 (b) "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city that directly employs at least one 48.25 peace officer as defined under section 477C.01, subdivision 7, clauses (1), (3), and (4). 48.26 (c) "City per capita aid amount" equals the total amount allocated to cities under 48.27 subdivision 6, divided by the total population of every city. 48.28 (d) "County per capita aid amount" equals the total amount allocated to counties and 48.29 Tribal governments under subdivision 6, divided by the sum of the total population of every 48.30 county plus the total Tribal population but excluding the total population of every city. 48.31

49.1	(e) "Population" means population estimates made or conducted by the United States
49.2	Bureau of the Census, the Metropolitan Council pursuant to section 473.24, or by the state
49.3	demographer pursuant to section 4A.02, paragraph (d), whichever is the most recent estimate
49.4	and available as of January 1 of the year in which the aid is calculated.
49.5	(f) "Tribal governments" has the meaning given to "Minnesota Tribal governments" in
49.6	section 10.65, subdivision 2.
49.7	(g) "Tribal population" means population estimates made or conducted by the United
49.8	States Bureau of the Census of the federally recognized American Indian reservations and
49.9	off-reservation trust lands in Minnesota, whichever is the most recent estimate and available
49.10	as of January 1 of the year in which the aid is calculated.
49.11	Subd. 2. Distribution. The commissioner of revenue must distribute payments under
49.12	this section as follows:
49.13	(1) a county's public safety aid amount equals:
49.14	(i) the county's population minus the total population of every city located in that county;
49.15	<u>times</u>
49.16	(ii) the county per capita aid amount;
49.17	(2) a Tribal government's public safety aid amount equals:
49.18	(i) the Tribe's population; times
49.19	(ii) the county per capita aid amount; and
49.20	(3) a city's public safety aid amount equals:
49.21	(i) the city's population; times
49.22	(ii) the city per capita aid amount.
49.23	Subd. 3. Certification to commissioner. The commissioner of public safety must certify
49.24	to the commissioner of revenue, on or before June 1 each year, each city that meets the
49.25	definition of city in subdivision 1 as of January 1 of the aid calculation year.
49.26	Subd. 4. Use of aid. (a) Counties, Tribal governments, and cities that receive a distribution
49.27	under this section must use the aid to provide public safety, including but not limited to
49.28	paying personnel and equipment costs.
49.29	(b) Counties must consult with their county sheriff in determining how to use the aid.
49.30	(c) Counties, Tribal governments, and cities that receive a distribution under this section
49.31	may not apply the aid toward:

(1) their employer contribution to the public employees police and fire fund, if that 50.1 county, Tribal government, or city received police state aid under chapter 477C in the year 50.2 50.3 immediately prior to a distribution under this section; or (2) any costs associated with alleged wrongdoing or misconduct. 50.4 50.5 Subd. 5. Payments. The commissioner of revenue must calculate the amount of public safety aid payable to each county, Tribal government, and city under this section. On or 50.6 before August 1 each year, the commissioner must certify the amount to be paid to each 50.7 county, Tribal government, and city in the following year. The commissioner must distribute 50.8 public safety aid in the same manner and at the same times as aid payments under section 50.9 50.10 477A.015. For aid payable in 2022 only, the commissioner shall certify the amount to be paid in 2022 to each county, Tribal government, and city by August 1, 2022, and the full 50.11 2022 payment to the counties, Tribal governments, and cities must be made at the time 50.12 provided in section 477A.015 for the second installment of local government aid. 50.13 Subd. 6. Aid allocation. (a) The total amount of aid to be annually allocated to counties 50.14 and Tribal governments under this section is \$30,000,000. 50.15 (b) The total amount of aid to be annually allocated to cities under this section is 50.16 \$70,000,000. 50.17 Subd. 7. Redistribution of a city's public safety aid to a county. (a) Any statutory or 50.18 home rule charter city that receives a distribution under this section when that statutory or 50.19 home rule charter city did not meet the definition of city under subdivision 1 shall redistribute 50.20 those payments to the county where the statutory or home rule charter city is located. 50.21 (b) If a statutory or home rule charter city that must redistribute aid under paragraph (a) 50.22 is located in two or more counties, that statutory or home rule charter city shall redistribute 50.23 aid payments proportionally to each county where it is located based on the share of that 50.24 city's population in each county. 50.25 Subd. 8. Aid amount corrections. If, due to a clerical error, the amount certified by the 50.26 commissioner to a county, Tribal government, or city is less than the amount to which the 50.27 county, Tribal government, or city is entitled pursuant to this section, the commissioner of 50.28 revenue shall distribute additional aid payments in the same manner as additional aid 50.29 50.30 payments are made under section 477A.014. The additional payments shall be paid from the general fund and shall not diminish the distributions made to other counties, Tribal 50.31 governments, and cities under this section. 50.32

Subd. 9. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to discharge the duties imposed under
 this section is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with aid payable in 2022 and
 thereafter.