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21-01202

## SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

## S.F. No. 421

(SENATE AUTH	ORS: WEB	ER and Rarick)
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
01/28/2021		Introduction and first reading Referred to Energy and Utilities Finance and Policy

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3 1.4	relating to energy; establishing the Natural Gas Innovation Act; encouraging natural gas utilities to develop innovative resources; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216B.
1.5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.6	Section 1. TITLE.
1.7	This bill may be referred to as the "Natural Gas Innovation Act."
1.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
1.9	Sec. 2. [216B.2427] NATURAL GAS UTILITY INNOVATION PLANS.
1.10	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this
1.11	subdivision have the meanings given.
1.12	(b) "Biogas" means gas created by the anaerobic digestion of biomass, gasification of
1.13	biomass, or other effective conversion processes.
1.14	(c) "Carbon capture and utilization" means the capture of greenhouse gases that would
1.15	otherwise be released into the atmosphere and the use of the captured greenhouse gases to
1.16	create industrial or commercial products for sale.
1.17	(d) "District energy" means a network of hot- and cold-water pipes used to provide
1.18	thermal energy to multiple buildings.
1.19	(e) "Energy efficiency" has the meaning given in section 216B.241, subdivision 1,
1.20	paragraph (f). Energy efficiency does not include energy conservation investments the

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2.1	commission	determines could re	asonably be inclue	ded in the natural gas util	ity's conservation
2.2	improvemen	t program under see	ction 216B.241.		
2.3	(f) "Innov	vative resource" me	eans biogas, renev	vable natural gas, power	-to-hydrogen
2.4	power-to-am	imonia, carbon capt	ture and utilizatio	n, strategic electrificatio	n, district energy
2.5	systems, and	l energy efficiency.			
2.6	<u>(g)</u> "Life	cycle greenhouse ga	as emissions" mea	ans the emissions of an e	energy resource
2.7	associated w	ith the production,	processing, transi	nission, and consumptio	n of energy
2.8	associated w	vith the energy resou	irce.		
2.9	<u>(h)</u> "Natu	ral gas utility" or "u	tility" means a pu	blic utility, as defined in	section 216B.02,
2.10	subdivision 4	4, that provides nat	ural gas sales or t	ransportation services to	customers in
2.11	Minnesota.				
2.12	<u>(i)</u> "Powe	er-to-ammonia" me	ans the creation o	f ammonia from hydrog	en created via
2.13	power-to-hy	drogen using a proc	cess that has lowe	r lifecycle greenhouse g	as intensity than
2.14	conventional	l geologic natural g	as.		
2.15	<u>(j)</u> "Powe	er-to-hydrogen" mea	ans the use of elec	tricity generated by (1) a	n eligible energy
2.16	technology, a	as defined in sectior	n 216B.1691, subo	livision 1, paragraph (a),	or (2) renewable
2.17	energy, as de	fined in section 21	6B.2422, subdivis	sion 1, to create hydroge	<u>n.</u>
2.18	<u>(k) "Rene</u>	ewable natural gas"	means biogas that	at has been processed so	that it (1) is
2.19	interchangea	ble with convention	nal natural gas, ar	nd (2) has lower lifecycle	e greenhouse gas
2.20	intensity that	n conventional geol	logic natural gas.		
2.21	<u>(1)</u> "Strate	egic electrification"	means the install	ation of electric end-use	equipment,
2.22	provided the	installation (1) resu	lts in a net reducti	on in statewide greenhou	se gas emissions,
2.23	as defined in	section 216H.241,	subdivision 2, ov	ver the life of the equipm	ent as compared
2.24	to the most e	fficient commercia	lly available natu	cal gas alternative, and (2	?) is installed and
2.25	operated in a	umanner that impro	oves the customer	's electric utility's load fa	ictor.
2.26	<u>(m)</u> "Tota	al incremental cost"	means:		
2.27	<u>(1) the su</u>	ım of:			
2.28	(i) capita	l investments in inf	rastructure for the	e production, processing	, pipeline
2.29	interconnect	ion, storage, and dis	stribution of inno	vative resources include	d in a utility
2.30	innovation p	lan approved under	subdivision 2;		

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3.1	(ii) net operating costs associated with	h capital invest	ments in infrastructur	re for the
3.2	production, processing, pipeline intercor			
3.3	resources included in a utility innovation	ı plan approved	under subdivision 2;	
3.4	(iii) the incremental cost to procure i	nnovative resou	urces from third partie	es; and
3.5	(iv) the incremental costs to administ	er programs in	cluded in a utility inn	ovation plan
3.6	approved under subdivision 2;		¥	
3.7	(2) less the sum of:			
3.8	(i) any value received by the natural g	as utility upon th	ne resale of the innova	tive resources
3.9	or the innovative resource's by-products,	including any e	nvironmental credits	included with
3.10	the resale of the renewable gaseous fuels	s or value receiv	ved by the natural gas	utility when
3.11	innovative resources are used as vehicle	fuel; and		
3.12	(ii) any cost savings achieved throug	n avoidance of c	conventional natural g	as purchases,
3.13	including but not limited to any avoided	commodity pur	rchases or avoided pi	peline costs.
3.14	Subd. 2. Innovation plans. (a) A nat	ural gas utility	may file an innovatio	n plan with
3.15	the commission. The utility's recommen	ded plan must d	lescribe or include, as	applicable,
3.16	the following components:			
3.17	(1) the recommended innovative reso	ource or resourc	es the utility plans to	implement to
3.18	advance the state's goals established in s	ections 216C.0	5, subdivision 2, clau	se (3), and
3.19	216H.02, subdivision 1, within the requi	rements and lin	nitations set forth in t	his section;
3.20	(2) the total greenhouse gas emission	s the natural ga	s utility expects to re-	duce or avoid
3.21	pursuant to the plan;			
3.22	(3) the natural gas utility's estimate of	how avoided o	r reduced emissions r	esulting from
3.23	the use of the innovative resource compared	are to total emis	sions from natural ga	s use by the
3.24	natural gas utility's customers in 2005;			
3.25	(4) any pilot program proposed by th	e natural gas ut	ility related to the dev	velopment or
3.26	provision of innovative resources, includ	ling an estimate	e of the total increment	ntal costs to
3.27	implement the pilot program;			
3.28	(5) any program previously approved	l as a pilot prog	ram which the utility	proposes to
3.29	continue as a pilot program or make per	nanent;		
3.30	(6) the cost effectiveness of the prop	osed innovative	resources from the p	erspective of
3.31	the natural gas utility, society, and partic	pating custome	ers as compared to oth	er innovative

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4.1	resources that could be deployed to reduce or avoid the same greenhouse gas emissions
4.2	targeted by the utility's proposed resource;
4.3	(7) a third-party analysis of the lifecycle greenhouse gas intensity of any innovative
4.4	resources included in the plan;
4.5	(8) a third-party analysis of the forecasted lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions reductions
4.6	achieved or the lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions avoided if the proposed programs are
4.7	implemented, including any:
4.8	(i) avoided emissions attributable to utility operations;
4.9	(ii) avoided emissions from the production, processing, and transmission of fuels prior
4.10	to receipt by the utility; and
4.11	(iii) avoided emissions at the point of end use;
4.12	(9) the process used to develop the lifecycle greenhouse gas accounting methodology
4.13	used consistently throughout the plan, including descriptions of how the utility engaged
4.14	interested stakeholders and ensured the plan reflects consistency with applicable current
4.15	scientific knowledge;
4.16	(10) whether the recommended plan supports the development and use of alternative
4.17	agricultural products, waste reduction, reuse, or anaerobic digestion of organic waste, and
4.18	the recovery of energy from wastewater, and if so a description of where those benefits are
4.19	realized;
4.20	(11) a description of third-party systems and processes the utility plans to use to:
4.21	(i) track the proposed innovative resources included in the plan so that environmental
4.22	benefits are used only for the natural gas innovation plan and not claimed for any other
4.23	program; and
4.24	(ii) verify the environmental attributes and greenhouse gas intensity of proposed
4.25	innovative resources included in the plan;
4.26	(12) a description of known local job impacts and the steps the utility and the utility's
4.27	energy suppliers and contractors are taking to maximize the availability of construction
4.28	employment opportunities for local workers; and
4.29	(13) a report on the utility's progress toward implementing the approved proposals
4.30	contained in the utility's previously filed innovation plan, if applicable.
4.31	(b) Along with the recommended plan, the natural gas utility must provide for commission
4.32	consideration:

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(1) a plan	n that the utility esti	mates would pro	vide approximately half of	the greenhouse
	n or avoidance bene			
(2) a plar	n that the utility est	imates would pro	vide approximately 1-1/2	times the
· / •			of the utility's preferred pl	
<u> </u>			• • •	
		•	vide approximately twice	the greenhouse
gas reduction	n or avoidance bene	efits of the utility	's preferred plan.	
<u>(c)</u> The c	ommission must ap	pprove, modify, c	r deny the plan within 12	months of the
date the plan	is filed.			
(d) When	1 deciding whether	to approve, mod	fy, or deny a plan, the con	nmission is
prohibited fr	om approving an ir	nnovation plan u	nless the commission finds	<u>.</u>
(1) the pl	an promotes the us	e of renewable e	nergy resources and reduce	es or avoids
greenhouse g	gas emissions at a c	cost level consiste	ent with this section;	
(2) the in	novative resources	included in the p	lan have a lower lifecycle	greenhouse gas
intensity that	n conventional geo	logic natural gas	<u>.</u>	
(3) reason	nable systems are u	used to track and	verify the environmental a	attributes of the
			; into account any third-pa	
verification s	systems available;			
(4) the co	osts expected to be	incurred pursuan	t to the plan are reasonable	e compared to
other innova	tive resources the u	tility could deplo	y to address greenhouse ga	s emissions and
considering	other benefits of the	e innovative reso	urces included in the plan;	; and
(5) the to	tal amount of estim	ated greenhouse	gas reduction or avoidance	achieved under
the plan is re	asonable consideri	ng (i) the state's	goals established in section	ns 216C.05,
subdivision 2	2, clause (3), and 2	16H.02, subdivis	ion 1, (ii) customer cost, a	nd (iii) the total
amount of gr	reenhouse gas redu	ction or avoidance	e achieved under the nature	ral gas utility's
previously a	pproved plans, if ap	oplicable.		
(e) Comn	nission approval of	a plan constitutes	prima facie evidence of the	reasonableness
of the invest	ments and costs inc	curred pursuant to	o the plan. The utility bear	s the burden to
prove the act	tual incremental co	sts incurred to in	plement the approved inno	ovation plan are
reasonable.	The rate of return o	n investments m	ust be at the level approved	d by the
commission	in the natural gas u	tility's last gener	al rate case, unless the con	nmission
determines a	different rate of retu	urn is in the publi	c interest. Prudently incurre	d costs incurred
pursuant to a	n approved plan an	d prudently incu	rred costs to obtain the thir	d-party analysis
required in p	oaragraph (a), claus	es (3) and (4), are	e recoverable either:	

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6.1	(1) under s	ection 216B.16, s	subdivision 7, cla	use (2), via the utility's pu	rchased gas
6.2	adjustment;				
6.3	<u>(2) in the n</u>	atural gas utility'	s next general rat	e case; or	
6.4	(3) via ann	ual adjustments,	provided that afte	er notice and comment the	commission
6.5	determines the	costs included fo	r recovery throug	gh the rate schedule are pru	dently incurred.
6.6	(f) A natura	al gas utility with	an approved pla	n must provide annual rep	orts to the
6.7	commission re	garding the work	completed pursu	ant to the plan, including th	e costs incurred
6.8	under the plan	and lifecycle gre	enhouse gas redu	action or avoidance accom	plished under
6.9	the plan; a des	cription of the pr	ocesses used to the	rack, verify, and retire the	innovative
6.10	resources and a	associated enviror	mental attributes	; and an update on the lifec	ycle greenhouse
6.11	gas accounting	g methodology, co	onsistent with cur	rrent science. As part of th	e annual status
6.12	report the natu	ral gas utility may	propose modific	cations to pilot programs in	the plan. When
6.13	evaluating a ut	cility's annual rep	ort the commission	on may:	
6.14	(1) approve	e the continuatior	of a pilot or per	manent program, with or v	vithout
6.15	modifications;				
6.16	<u>(2) make a</u>	program previou	sly approved as a	a pilot program permanent	• 2
6.17	(3) require	the utility to file a	new or modified	plan to account for changed	l circumstances;
6.18	or				
6.19	(4) disappr	ove the continuat	ion of a pilot or j	permanent program.	
6.20	(g) Once a	natural gas utility	/ has an approved	d innovation plan, a new in	novation plan
6.21	must be filed r	o less frequently	than once every	five years. The commission	on may order a
6.22	natural gas util	lity with an appro	ved plan to file a	new plan more frequently	than every five
6.23	years.				
6.24	(h) A utility	y may file an inno	vation plan at an	y time after this section bec	comes effective.
6.25	(i) For purp	oses of this section	on, whenever an a	nalysis or estimate of lifec	ycle greenhouse
6.26	gas emissions	reductions, lifecy	vele greenhouse g	gas avoidance, or lifecycle	greenhouse gas
6.27	intensity is req	uired, the analysi	s or estimate may	y rely on emissions factors	, default values,
6.28	or engineering	estimates from a	publicly accessi	ble source accepted by a f	ederal or state
6.29	government ag	gency if direct me	easurement is not	technically or economical	ly feasible and
6.30	if the utility de	emonstrates the en	missions factors,	default values, or engineer	ring estimates
6.31	are able to proc	luce a reasonable	estimate of green	house gas emissions reduct	ions, avoidance,
6.32	or intensity.				

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7.1	Subd. 3. Limitations on utility customer costs. (a) The commission is prohibited from
7.2	approving annual recovery of incremental costs for innovative resources approved under
7.3	this section in excess of five percent of the natural gas utility's total annual revenue
7.4	requirement, as determined in the natural gas utility's most recent general rate case.
7.5	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the commission may approve up to an additional
7.6	2-1/2 percent of the natural gas utility's total annual revenue requirement, as determined in
7.7	the natural gas utility's most recent general rate case, to recover incremental costs for the
7.8	purchase of renewable natural gas produced from (1) food waste diverted from a landfill
7.9	by an organics recycling program; (2) community wastewater treatment; or (3) an organic
7.10	mixture including at least 15 percent sustainably harvested native prairie grasses, by volume.
7.11	(c) A transportation customer of a natural gas utility must not bear any costs incurred
7.12	to implement an approved innovation plan, except to the extent the transportation customer
7.13	elects to participate in an innovation plan program.
7.14	Subd. 4. Innovative resources procured outside of an innovation plan. (a) Without
7.15	filing an innovation plan, a natural gas utility may propose and the commission may approve
7.16	cost recovery for:
7.17	(1) innovative resources acquired to satisfy a commission-approved green tariff program
7.18	that allows customers to choose to meet a portion of the customers' energy needs through
7.19	innovative resources; or
7.20	(2) utility expenditures for innovative resources procured at a cost that is within five
7.21	percent of the average of Ventura and Demarc index prices for conventional natural gas,
7.22	calculated at the time of the transaction, per unit of fossil natural gas that the innovative
7.23	resource displaces.
7.24	(b) An approved green-tariff program must include provisions to ensure reasonable
7.25	systems are used to track and verify the environmental attributes of innovative resources
7.26	included in the program, taking into account any third-party tracking or verification systems
7.27	available.
7.28	Subd. 5. Thermal energy leadership challenge. The first innovation plan filed by a
7.29	natural gas utility with more than 800,000 customers must include a pilot thermal energy
7.30	leadership challenge for small- and medium-sized businesses. The pilot program must
7.31	provide small- and medium-sized business with thermal energy audits to identify
7.32	opportunities to reduce or avoid greenhouse gas emissions from use of natural gas, and
7.33	provide incentives for businesses to follow through with audit recommendations. The utility

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8.1	must develop criteria to identify businesses that take meaningful steps to follow through on
8.2	audit recommendations and recognize qualifying businesses as thermal energy leaders.
8.3	Subd. 6. Innovative resources for very high-heat industrial processes. The first
8.4	innovation plan filed by a natural gas utility with more than 800,000 customers must include
8.5	a pilot program that provides innovative resources for hard-to-electrify industrial processes.
8.6	Subd. 7. Electric cold climate air-source heat pumps. (a) The first innovation plan
8.7	filed by a natural gas utility with more than 800,000 customers must include a pilot program
8.8	that facilitates deep energy retrofits and the installation of cold climate electric air-source
8.9	heat pumps with natural gas backups in existing residential homes that have natural gas
8.10	heating systems.
8.11	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "deep energy retrofit" means the installation of any
8.12	measure or combination of measures, including air sealing and addressing thermal bridges,
8.13	that under normal weather and operating conditions can reasonably be expected to reduce
8.14	the building's calculated design load to ten or fewer British Thermal Units per hour per
8.15	square foot of conditioned floor area. Deep energy retrofit does not include the installation
8.16	of photovoltaic electric generation equipment, but may include the installation of a qualifying
8.17	solar thermal project, as defined in section 216B.2411.
8.18	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.