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## SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

## S.F. No. 4086

(SENATE AU	HORS: REST, Weber, Klein and Dziedzic)	)
DATE	D-PG	
03/16/2022	Introduction and first reading	5
	Referred to Taxes	

OFFICIAL STATUS

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to taxation; tax increment financing; clarifying various pooling provisions;
1.3	clarifying administrative expense limitations; expanding the application of
1.4	violations and remedies; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 469.174,
1.5	subdivision 14, by adding a subdivision; 469.176, subdivisions 3, 4; 469.1763,
1.6	subdivision 6; 469.1771, subdivisions 2, 2a, 3; Minnesota Statutes 2021
1.7	Supplement, section 469.1763, subdivisions 2, 3, 4.
1.8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.9	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.174, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
1.10	Subd. 14. Administrative expenses. (a) "Administrative expenses" or "administrative
1.11	costs" means all documented expenditures of an authority other than or municipality in
1.12	support of the development activities in a project, including but not limited to:
1.13	(1) amounts paid for services provided by bond counsel, fiscal consultants, and economic
1.14	development consultants;
1.15	(2) allocated expenses and staff time of the authority or municipality for administering
1.16	a project, including but not limited to preparing the tax increment financing plan, negotiating
1.17	and preparing agreements, accounting for segregated funds of the district, preparing and
1.18	submitting required reporting for the district, and reviewing and monitoring compliance
1.19	with sections 469.174 to 469.1794;
1.20	(3) amounts paid to publish annual disclosures and provide notices under section 469.175;
1.21	(4) amounts to provide for the usual and customary maintenance and operation of
1.22	properties purchased with tax increments, including necessary reserves for repairs and the
1.23	cost of any insurance;

2.1	(5) amounts allocated or paid to prepare a development action response plan for a soils
2.2	condition district or hazardous substance subdistrict; and
2.3	(6) amounts used to pay bonds, interfund loans, or other financial obligations to the
2.4	extent those obligations were used to finance costs described in clauses (1) to (5).
2.5	(b) Administrative expenses and administrative costs do not include:
2.6	(1) amounts paid for the purchase of land <u>and buildings;</u>
2.7	(2) amounts paid to contractors or others providing materials and services, including
2.8	architectural and engineering services, directly connected with the physical development
2.9	of the real property in the project, including architectural and engineering services and
2.10	materials and services for demolition, soil correction, and the construction or installation
2.11	of public improvements;
2.12	(3) relocation benefits paid to or services provided for persons residing or businesses
2.13	located in the project;
2.14	(4) amounts used to pay principal or interest on, fund a reserve for, or sell at a discount
2.15	bonds issued pursuant to section 469.178; or
2.16	(5) (4) amounts paid for property taxes or payments in lieu of taxes; and
2.17	(5) amounts used to pay principal or interest on, fund a reserve for, or sell at a discount
2.18	bonds issued pursuant to section 469.178 or other financial obligations to the extent those
2.19	obligations were used to finance costs described in clauses (1) to $(3)$ (4).
2.20	For districts for which the requests for certifications were made before August 1, 1979,
2.21	or after June 30, 1982, "administrative expenses" includes amounts paid for services provided
2.22	by bond counsel, fiscal consultants, and planning or economic development consultants.
2.23	This definition does not apply to administrative expenses or administrative costs referenced
2.24	under section 469.176, subdivision 4h.
2.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment and
2.26	applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.
2.27	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.174, is amended by adding a subdivision to
2.28	read:
2.29	Subd. 30. Pay-as-you-go contract and note. "Pay-as-you-go contract and note" means
2.30	a written note or contractual obligation under which all of the following apply:

## 3.1 (1) the note or contractual obligation evidences an authority's commitment to reimburse 3.2 <u>a developer, property owner, or note holder for the payment of costs of activities, including</u> 3.3 any interest on unreimbursed costs;

- 3.4 (2) the reimbursement is made from tax increment revenues identified in the note or
- 3.5 contractual obligation as received by a municipality or authority as taxes are paid; and
- 3.6 (3) the risk that available tax increments may be insufficient to fully reimburse the costs
- 3.7 is borne by the developer, property owner, or note holder.
- 3.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

3.9

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.176, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

3.10 Subd. 3. Limitation on administrative expenses. (a) For districts for which certification 3.11 was requested before August 1, 2001, no tax increment shall be used to pay any 3.12 administrative expenses for a project which exceed ten percent of the total estimated tax 3.13 increment expenditures authorized by the tax increment financing plan or ten percent of the 3.14 total tax increment expenditures for the project net of any amounts returned to the county 3.15 auditor as excess increment or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, whichever 3.16 is less.

(b) For districts for which certification was requested after July 31, 2001, no tax increment may be used to pay any administrative expenses for a project which exceed ten percent of total estimated tax increment expenditures authorized by the tax increment financing plan or ten percent of the total tax increments, as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 25, clause (1), from received for the district net of any amounts returned to the county auditor as excess increment or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, whichever is less.

- 3.24 (c) Increments used to pay the county's administrative expenses under subdivision 4h
  3.25 are not subject to the percentage limits in this subdivision.
- 3.26 (d) Increments defined under section 469.174, subdivision 25, clause (2), used for
   3.27 administrative expenses described under section 469.174, subdivision 14, clause (4), are
   3.28 not subject to the percentage limits in this subdivision.
- 3.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
   3.30 applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.

as introduced

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Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.176, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Limitation on use of tax increment; general rule. All revenues derived from 4.2 tax increment shall be used in accordance with the tax increment financing plan. The revenues 4.3 shall be used solely for the following purposes: (1) to pay the principal of and interest on 4.4 bonds issued to finance a project; (2) by a rural development financing authority for the 4.5 purposes stated in section 469.142; by a port authority or municipality exercising the powers 4.6 of a port authority to finance or otherwise pay the cost of redevelopment pursuant to sections 4.7 469.048 to 469.068; by an economic development authority to finance or otherwise pay 4.8 the cost of redevelopment pursuant to sections 469.090 to 469.108; by a housing and 4.9 redevelopment authority or economic development authority to finance or otherwise pay 4.10 public redevelopment costs pursuant to sections 469.001 to 469.047;; by a municipality or 4.11 economic development authority to finance or otherwise pay the capital and administration 4.12 costs of a development district pursuant to sections 469.124 to 469.133; by a municipality 4.13 or authority to finance or otherwise pay the costs of developing and implementing a 4.14 development action response plan; by a municipality or redevelopment agency to finance 4.15 or otherwise pay premiums for insurance or other security guaranteeing the payment when 4.16 due of principal of and interest on the bonds pursuant to chapter 462C, sections 469.152 to 4.17 469.165, or both, or to accumulate and maintain a reserve securing the payment when due 4.18 of the principal of and interest on the bonds pursuant to chapter 462C, sections 469.152 to 4.19 469.165, or both, which revenues in the reserve shall not exceed, subsequent to the fifth 4.20 anniversary of the date of issue of the first bond issue secured by the reserve, an amount 4.21 equal to 20 percent of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding and nondefeased 4.22 bonds secured by the reserve; and (3) to pay administrative expenses. 4.23

4.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
4.25 applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.

4.26 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, is amended
4.27 to read:

4.28 Subd. 2. Expenditures outside district. (a) For each tax increment financing district, 4.29 an amount equal to at least 75 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid 4.30 by properties in the district must be expended on activities in the district or to pay bonds, 4.31 to the extent that the proceeds of the bonds were used to finance activities in the district or 4.32 to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other 4.33 than redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 4.34 1995, the in-district percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 80 percent. Not

more than 25 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties 5.1 in the district may be expended, through a development fund or otherwise, on activities 5.2 outside of the district but within the defined geographic area of the project except to pay, 5.3 or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other than 5.4 redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 1995, 5.5 the pooling percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 20 percent. The revenues 5.6 derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district that are expended on costs 5.7 under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, paragraph (b), may be deducted first before calculating 5.8 the percentages that must be expended within and without the district. 5.9

(b) In the case of a housing district, a housing project, as defined in section 469.174,
subdivision 11, is an activity in the district.

(c) All administrative expenses are <u>considered to be expenditures</u> for activities outside
of the district, except that if the only expenses for activities outside of the district under this
subdivision are for the purposes described in paragraph (d), administrative expenses will
be considered as expenditures for activities in the district.

(d) The authority may elect, in the tax increment financing plan for the district, to increase 5.16 by up to ten percentage points the permitted amount of expenditures for activities located 5.17 outside the geographic area of the district under paragraph (a). As permitted by section 5.18 469.176, subdivision 4k, the expenditures, including the permitted expenditures under 5.19 paragraph (a), need not be made within the geographic area of the project. Expenditures 5.20 that meet the requirements of this paragraph are legally permitted expenditures of the district, 5.21 notwithstanding section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, and 4j. To qualify for the increase 5.22 under this paragraph, the expenditures must: 5.23

(1) be used exclusively to assist housing that meets the requirement for a qualified
low-income building, as that term is used in section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(2) not exceed the qualified basis of the housing, as defined under section 42(c) of the
Internal Revenue Code, less the amount of any credit allowed under section 42 of the Internal
Revenue Code; and

5.29 (3) be used to:

- 5.30 (i) acquire and prepare the site of the housing;
- 5.31 (ii) acquire, construct, or rehabilitate the housing; or
- 5.32 (iii) make public improvements directly related to the housing; or
- 5.33 (4) be used to develop housing:

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(i) if the market value of the housing does not exceed the lesser of:

- 6.2 (A) 150 percent of the average market value of single-family homes in that municipality;6.3 or
- 6.4 (B) \$200,000 for municipalities located in the metropolitan area, as defined in section
  6.5 473.121, or \$125,000 for all other municipalities; and

(ii) if the expenditures are used to pay the cost of site acquisition, relocation, demolition
of existing structures, site preparation, and pollution abatement on one or more parcels, if
the parcel contains a residence containing one to four family dwelling units that has been
vacant for six or more months and is in foreclosure as defined in section 325N.10, subdivision
7, but without regard to whether the residence is the owner's principal residence, and only
after the redemption period has expired; or

- 6.12 (5) to assist owner-occupied housing that meets the requirements of section 469.1761,6.13 subdivision 2.
- 6.14 (e) The authority under paragraph (d), clause (4), expires on December 31, 2016.
  6.15 Increments may continue to be expended under this authority after that date, if they are used
  6.16 to pay bonds or binding contracts that would qualify under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), if
  6.17 December 31, 2016, is considered to be the last date of the five-year period after certification
  6.18 under that provision.
- (f) For purposes of determining whether the minimum percentage of expenditures for 6.19 activities in the district and maximum percentages of expenditures allowed on activities 6.20 outside the district have been met under this subdivision, any amounts returned to the county 6.21 auditor as excess increment or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, shall first 6.22 be subtracted from the total revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the 6.23 district. Any other amounts returned to the county auditor for purposes other than a remedy 6.24 under section 469.1771, subdivision 3, are considered to be expenditures for activities in 6.25 the district. 6.26

# 6.27 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and 6.28 applies to all districts with a request for certification date after April 30, 1990, except that 6.29 paragraph (f) shall apply to districts decertifying beginning in the year following final 6.30 enactment.

- 7.1 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is amended
  7.2 to read:
- Subd. 3. Five-year rule. (a) Revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties
  in the district that are considered to have been expended on an activity within the district
  under will instead be considered to have been expended on an activity outside the district
  for purposes of subdivision 2 only if one of the following occurs unless:
- 7.7 (1) before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues are actually
  7.8 paid to a third party with respect to the activity;
- (2) bonds, the proceeds of which must be used to finance the activity, are issued and
  sold to a third party before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues
  are spent to repay the bonds, and the proceeds of the bonds either are, on the date of issuance,
  reasonably expected to be spent before the end of the later of (i) the five-year period, or (ii)
  a reasonable temporary period within the meaning of the use of that term under section
  148(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, or are deposited in a reasonably required reserve
  or replacement fund;
- (3) binding contracts with a third party are entered into for performance of the activity
  before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are spent under
  the contractual obligation;
- (4) costs with respect to the activity are paid before or within five years after certification
  of the district and the revenues are spent to reimburse a party for payment of the costs,
  including interest on unreimbursed costs; or
- 7.22 (5) expenditures are made revenues are spent for housing purposes as permitted described
  7.23 by subdivision 2, paragraphs paragraph (b) and (d), or for public infrastructure purposes
  7.24 within a zone as permitted by subdivision 2, paragraph (e).
- (b) For purposes of this subdivision, bonds include subsequent refunding bonds if the
  original refunded bonds meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2).
- (c) For a redevelopment district or a renewal and renovation district certified after June
  30, 2003, and before April 20, 2009, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are
  extended to ten years after certification of the district. For a redevelopment district certified
  after April 20, 2009, and before June 30, 2012, the five-year periods described in paragraph
  (a) are extended to eight years after certification of the district. This extension is provided
  primarily to accommodate delays in development activities due to unanticipated economic
  circumstances.

8.1 (d) For a redevelopment district that was certified after December 31, 2017, and before
8.2 June 30, 2020, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are extended to eight years
8.3 after certification of the district.

## 8.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and 8.5 applies to all districts with a request for certification date after April 30, 1990.

8.6 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, is amended
8.7 to read:

Subd. 4. Use of revenues for decertification. (a) In each year beginning with the sixth 8.8 year following certification of the district, or beginning with the ninth year following 8.9 certification of the district for districts whose five-year rule is extended to eight years under 8.10 subdivision 3, paragraph (d), if the applicable in-district percent of the revenues derived 8.11 from tax increments paid by properties in the district exceeds the amount of expenditures 8.12 that have been made for costs permitted under subdivision 3, an amount equal to the 8.13 difference between the in-district percent of the revenues derived from tax increments paid 8.14 by properties in the district and the amount of expenditures that have been made for costs 8.15 permitted under subdivision 3 must be used and only used to pay or defease the following 8.16 or be set aside to pay the following: 8.17 (1) outstanding bonds, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a), clause (2), and (b); 8.18 8.19 (2) contracts, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4); (3) credit enhanced bonds to which the revenues derived from tax increments are pledged, 8.20 but only to the extent that revenues of the district for which the credit enhanced bonds were 8.21 issued are insufficient to pay the bonds and to the extent that the increments from the 8.22 applicable pooling percent share for the district are insufficient; or 8.23 (4) the amount provided by the tax increment financing plan to be paid under subdivision 8.24 2, paragraphs (b), (d), and (e). 8.25 (b) The (a) Beginning with the sixth year following certification of the district, or 8.26

8.27 beginning with the year following the extended period for districts whose five-year period
8.28 is extended under subdivision 3, paragraphs (c) and (d), a district must be decertified and
8.29 the pledge of tax increment discharged when the outstanding bonds have been defeased and

- 8.30 when sufficient money has been set aside to pay, based on the product of the applicable
- 8.31 in-district percentage multiplied by the increment to be cumulative revenues derived from
- 8.32 tax increments paid by properties in the district that have been collected through the end of
- 8.33 the calendar year, equals or exceeds an amount sufficient to pay the following <del>amounts</del>:

9.1	(1) contractual any costs and obligations as defined described in subdivision 3, paragraph
9.2	paragraphs (a), clauses (3) and (4); and (b), excluding those under a qualifying pay-as-you-go
9.3	contract and note;
9.4	(2) the amount specified in the tax increment financing plan for activities qualifying
9.5	under subdivision 2, paragraph (b), that have not been funded with the proceeds of bonds
9.6	qualifying under paragraph (a), clause (1); and
9.7	(3) the additional expenditures permitted by the tax increment financing plan for housing
9.8	activities under an election under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), that have not been funded
9.9	with the proceeds of bonds qualifying under paragraph (a), clause (1).
9.10	(2) any accrued interest on the costs and obligations in clause (1), payable in accordance
9.11	with the terms thereof; and
9.12	(3) any administrative expenses falling within the exception in subdivision 2, paragraph
9.13	<u>(c).</u>
9.14	(b) For districts with an outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note, the
9.15	required decertification under paragraph (a) is deferred until the earlier of the applicable
9.16	duration limit under section 469.176 or the remaining term of the last outstanding qualifying
9.17	pay-as-you-go contract and note, and the authority must annually, beginning at the time
9.18	paragraph (a) would otherwise require decertification without regard to the deferral in this
9.19	sentence, either:
9.20	(1) remove from the district, by the end of the year, all parcels that will no longer have
9.21	their tax increment revenue pledged or subject to a qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and
9.22	note or other costs and obligations described in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and (b), after
9.23	the end of the year; or
9.24	(2) use the applicable in-district percentage of revenues derived from tax increments
9.25	paid by those parcels to prepay an outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note
9.26	of the district or other costs and obligations described in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and
9.27	<u>(b).</u>
9.28	The authority must remove any parcels as required by this paragraph by modification
9.29	of the tax increment financing plan and notify the county auditor of the removed parcels by
9.30	the end of the same calendar year. Notwithstanding section 469.175, subdivision 4,
9.31	paragraphs (b), clause (1), and (e), the notice, discussion, public hearing, and findings
9.32	required for approval of the original plan are not required for such a modification.

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as introduced

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10.1	(c) If decertification is required under paragraph (a), regardless of whether the
10.2	decertification is deferred under paragraph (b), then any portion of the applicable in-district
10.3	percentage of collected revenues identified in paragraph (a) that exceeds the amount sufficient
10.4	to pay expenditures and obligations identified in paragraph (a) must be:
10.5	(1) returned within nine months after the end of the calendar year identified in paragraph
10.6	(a) to the county auditor, who must distribute the amounts in the same manner as excess
10.7	increments under section 469.176, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (4); or
10.8	(2) used to pay or prepay an outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note of
10.9	the district.
10.10	(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), (b), or (c), if tax increment was pledged prior to
10.11	August 1, 2022, to a bond other than a pay-as-you-go contract and note or interfund loan,
10.12	and the proceeds of the bond were used solely or in part to pay authorized costs for activities
10.13	outside the district, the requirement to decertify under paragraph (a) or remove parcels under
10.14	paragraph (b) shall not apply prior to the bond being fully paid or defeased.
10.15	(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "applicable in-district percentage" means the
10.16	percentage of tax increment revenue that is restricted for expenditures within the district,
10.17	as determined under subdivision 2, paragraphs (a) and (d), for the district.
10.18	(f) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note" means
10.19	a pay-as-you-go contract and note that is considered to be for activities within the district
10.20	under subdivision 3, paragraph (a).
10.21	(g) For purposes of this subdivision, the reference in paragraph (a) to cumulative revenues
10.22	derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district through the end of the calendar
10.23	year shall include any final settlement distributions made in the following January. For
10.24	purposes of the calculation in paragraph (a), any amounts returned to the county auditor as
10.25	excess increment or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, shall first be
10.26	subtracted from the cumulative revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in
10.27	the district.
10.28	(h) The timing and implementation of a decertification pursuant to paragraphs (a) and
10.29	(b) shall be subject to the following:
10.30	(1) when a decertification is required under paragraph (a) and not deferred under
10.31	paragraph (b), the authority must, as soon as practical and no later than the final settlement
10.32	distribution date of January 25 as identified in section 276.111 for the property taxes payable
10.33	in the calendar year identified in paragraph (a), make the decertification by resolution

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11.1	effective for t	he end of the cale	ndar year identif	ied in paragraph (a), and	communicate the
11.2	decertification	n to the county aud	ditor;		
11.3	(2) when a decertification is deferred under paragraph (b), the authority must, by				
11.4	December 31	of the year in whic	h the last qualify	ing pay-as-you-go contra	ct and note reaches
11.5	termination, r	make the decertific	ation by resolut	ion effective for the end	of that calendar
11.6	year and com	municate the dece	rtification to the	county auditor;	
11.7	(3) if the c	county auditor is u	nable to prevent	tax increments from bei	ng calculated for
11.8	taxes payable	in the year follow	ing the year for	which the decertification	is made effective,
11.9	the county au	ditor may redistrib	oute the tax incre	ements in the same mann	er as excess
11.10	increments ur	nder section 469.1	76, subdivision 2	2, paragraph (c), clause (	4), without first
11.11	distributing th	nem to the authorit	ty; and		
11.12	<u>(</u> 4) if tax in	ncrements are dist	ributed to an auth	nority for a taxes payable	year after the year
11.13	for which the	decertification wa	as required to be	effective, the authority 1	nust return the
11.14	amount of the	e distributions to th	ne county audito	r for redistribution in the	same manner as
11.15	excess increm	nents under section	n 469.176, subdi	vision 2, paragraph (c), o	zlause (4).
11.16	(i) The pro	ovisions of this sul	bdivision do not	apply to a housing distri	<u>ct.</u>
11.17	(j) Notwit	hstanding anything	g to the contrary	in paragraphs (a), (b), or	(c), if an authority
11.18	has made the	election in the tax	increment finan	cing plan for the district	under subdivision
11.19	2, paragraph (	(d), then the requir	rement to decerti	fy under paragraph (a) o	r remove parcels
11.20	under paragra	ph (b) shall not ap	ply prior to sucl	n time that the difference	between the
11.21	cumulative re	evenues derived from	om tax incremen	ts paid by properties in t	he district and the
11.22	applicable in-	district percentage	of revenues deri	ved from tax increments	paid by properties
11.23	in the district	equals the lesser of	of the amount the	e authority is permitted u	under subdivision
11.24	2, paragraph (	(d), to expend for h	nousing purposes	s described in that provis	ion, or the amount
11.25	authorized for	r such purposes in	the tax increment	nt financing plan. Incren	ient revenues
11.26	collected after	r the district would	have decertified	l under paragraph (a) or f	rom parcels which
11.27	otherwise wo	uld be subject to r	emoval under pa	ragraph (b), absent the e	exception of this
11.28	paragraph, sha	all be used solely fo	or housing purpo	ses as described in subdiv	vision 2, paragraph
11.29	<u>(d).</u>				
11.30	<u>EFFEC</u> T	IVE DATE. This	section is effecti	ve the day following fin	al enactment and
11.31	applies to all	districts with a rec	uest for certifica	ation after April 30, 1990	<u>).</u>

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as introduced

12.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1763, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Pooling permitted for deficits. (a) This subdivision applies only to districts
for which the request for certification was made before August 1, 2001, and without regard
to whether the request for certification was made prior to August 1, 1979.

(b) The municipality for the district may transfer available increments from another tax
increment financing district located in the municipality, if the transfer is necessary to
eliminate a deficit in the district to which the increments are transferred. The municipality
may transfer increments as provided by this subdivision without regard to whether the
transfer or expenditure is authorized by the tax increment financing plan for the district
from which the transfer is made. A deficit in the district for purposes of this subdivision
means the lesser of the following two amounts:

12.12 (1)(i) the amount due during the calendar year to pay preexisting obligations of the
12.13 district; minus the sum of

12.14 (ii) (i) the total increments collected or to be collected from properties located within
12.15 the district that are available for the calendar year including amounts collected in prior years
12.16 that are currently available; plus

12.17 (iii) (ii) total increments from properties located in other districts in the municipality
12.18 including amounts collected in prior years that are available to be used to meet the district's
12.19 obligations under this section, excluding this subdivision, or other provisions of law; or

(2) the reduction in increments collected from properties located in the district for the
calendar year as a result of the changes in classification rates in Laws 1997, chapter 231,
article 1; Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 2; and Laws 1999, chapter 243, and Laws 2001,
First Special Session chapter 5, or the elimination of the general education tax levy under
Laws 2001, First Special Session chapter 5.

The authority may compute the deficit amount under clause (1) only (without regard to the limit under clause (2)) if the authority makes an irrevocable commitment, by resolution, to use increments from the district to which increments are to be transferred and any transferred increments are only used to pay preexisting obligations and administrative expenses for the district that are required to be paid under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, paragraph (a).

12.31 (c) A preexisting obligation means:

(1) bonds issued and sold before August 1, 2001, or bonds issued pursuant to a binding
contract requiring the issuance of bonds entered into before July 1, 2001, and bonds issued

to refund such bonds or to reimburse expenditures made in conjunction with a signed
contractual agreement entered into before August 1, 2001, to the extent that the bonds are
secured by a pledge of increments from the tax increment financing district; and

(2) binding contracts entered into before August 1, 2001, to the extent that the contracts
require payments secured by a pledge of increments from the tax increment financing district.

(d) The municipality may require a development authority, other than a seaway port
authority, to transfer available increments including amounts collected in prior years that
are currently available for any of its tax increment financing districts in the municipality to
make up an insufficiency in another district in the municipality, regardless of whether the
district was established by the development authority or another development authority.
This authority applies notwithstanding any law to the contrary, but applies only to a
development authority that:

13.13 (1) was established by the municipality; or

(2) the governing body of which is appointed, in whole or part, by the municipality or
an officer of the municipality or which consists, in whole or part, of members of the
governing body of the municipality. The municipality may use this authority only after it
has first used all available increments of the receiving development authority to eliminate
the insufficiency and exercised any permitted action under section 469.1792, subdivision
for preexisting districts of the receiving development authority to eliminate the
insufficiency.

(e) The authority under this subdivision to spend tax increments outside of the area ofthe district from which the tax increments were collected:

(1) is an exception to the restrictions under section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, 4d, 4e,
4i, and 4j; the expenditure limits under section 469.176, subdivision 1c; and the other
provisions of this section; and the percentage restrictions under subdivision 2 must be
calculated after deducting increments spent under this subdivision from the total increments
for the district; and

(2) applies notwithstanding the provisions of the Tax Increment Financing Act in effect
for districts for which the request for certification was made before June 30, 1982, or any
other law to the contrary.

(f) If a preexisting obligation requires the development authority to pay an amount that
is limited to the increment from the district or a specific development within the district and
if the obligation requires paying a higher amount to the extent that increments are available,

the municipality may determine that the amount due under the preexisting obligation equals the higher amount and may authorize the transfer of increments under this subdivision to pay up to the higher amount. The existence of a guarantee of obligations by the individual or entity that would receive the payment under this paragraph is disregarded in the determination of eligibility to pool under this subdivision. The authority to transfer increments under this paragraph may only be used to the extent that the payment of all other preexisting obligations in the municipality due during the calendar year have been satisfied.

(g) For transfers of increments made in calendar year 2005 and later, the reduction in
increments as a result of the elimination of the general education tax levy for purposes of
paragraph (b), clause (2), for a taxes payable year equals the general education tax rate for
the school district under Minnesota Statutes 2000, section 273.1382, subdivision 1, for taxes
payable in 2001, multiplied by the captured tax capacity of the district for the current taxes
payable year.

14.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
14.15 applies only to districts for which the request for certification was made before August 1,
14.16 2001, and without regard to whether the request for certification was made prior to August
14.17 1, 1979.

14.18 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1771, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Collection of increment.** If an authority includes or retains a parcel of property in a tax increment financing district that does not qualify for inclusion or retention within the district, the authority must pay to the county auditor an amount of money equal to the increment collected from the property for the year or years. The property must be eliminated from the original and captured tax capacity of the district effective for the current property tax assessment year. This subdivision does not apply to a failure to decertify a district at the end of the duration limit specified in the tax increment financing plan.

#### 14.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

14.27 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1771, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. **Suspension of distribution of tax increment.** (a) If an authority fails to make a disclosure or to submit a report containing the information required by section 469.175, subdivisions 5 and 6, regarding a tax increment financing district within the time provided in section 469.175, subdivisions 5 and 6, the state auditor shall mail to the authority a written notice that it or the municipality has failed to make the required disclosure or to submit a required report with respect to a particular district. The state auditor shall mail the notice

on or before the third Tuesday of August of the year in which the disclosure or report was required to be made or submitted. The notice must describe the consequences of failing to disclose or submit a report as provided in paragraph (b). If the state auditor has not received a copy of a disclosure or a report described in this paragraph on or before the first day of October of the year in which the disclosure or report was required to be made or submitted, the state auditor shall mail a written notice to the county auditor to hold the distribution of tax increment from a particular district.

(b) Upon receiving written notice from the state auditor to hold the distribution of tax
increment, the county auditor shall hold: <u>all tax increment that otherwise would be distributed</u>
<u>after receipt of the notice, until further notified under paragraph (c).</u>

(1) 100 percent of the amount of tax increment that otherwise would be distributed, if
 the distribution is made after the first day of October but during the year in which the
 disclosure or report was required to be made or submitted; or

15.14 (2) 100 percent of the amount of tax increment that otherwise would be distributed, if
 15.15 the distribution is made after December 31 of the year in which the disclosure or report was
 15.16 required to be made or submitted.

(c) Upon receiving the copy of the disclosure and all of the reports described in paragraph 15.17 (a) with respect to a district regarding which the state auditor has mailed to the county 15.18 auditor a written notice to hold distribution of tax increment, the state auditor shall mail to 15.19 the county auditor a written notice lifting the hold and authorizing the county auditor to 15.20 distribute to the authority or municipality any tax increment that the county auditor had held 15.21 pursuant to paragraph (b). The state auditor shall mail the written notice required by this 15.22 paragraph within five working days after receiving the last outstanding item. The county 15.23 auditor shall distribute the tax increment to the authority or municipality within 15 working 15.24 days after receiving the written notice required by this paragraph. 15.25

(d) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any interest that accrues on tax increment
while it is being held by the county auditor pursuant to paragraph (b) is not tax increment
and may be retained by the county.

(e) For purposes of sections 469.176, subdivisions 1a to 1g, and 469.177, subdivision
11, tax increment being held by the county auditor pursuant to paragraph (b) is considered
distributed to or received by the authority or municipality as of the time that it would have
been distributed or received but for paragraph (b).

### 15.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

	03/07/22	REVISOR	MS/KB	22-06596	as introduced
16.1	Sec. 11. Min	nesota Statutes 2	020, section 469.	1771, subdivision 3, is an	nended to read:
16.2	Subd. 3. Expenditure of increment. If an authority expends revenues derived from tax				
16.3	increments, including the proceeds of tax increment bonds, (1) for a purpose that is not a				
16.4	permitted project under section 469.176 sections 469.174 to 469.1794, (2) for a purpose				
16.5	that is not permitted under section 469.176 sections 469.174 to 469.1794 for the district				
16.6	from which the	e increment was a	received, or (3) or	n activities outside of the	geographic area
16.7	in which the re	evenues may be e	expended under th	nis chapter, the authority n	nust pay to the

16.8 county auditor an amount equal to the expenditures made in violation of the law.

## 16.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.