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SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

S.F. No. 3395

SENATE AUTI	HORS: SENJ	EM)
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
02/24/2022		Introduction and first reading
		Referred to Human Services Reform Finance and Policy

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to judiciary; establishing a statutory procedure to assess the competency
1.3	of a defendant to stand trial; providing for contested hearings; establishing
1.4	continuing supervision for certain defendants found incompetent to stand trial;
1.5	establishing requirements to restore certain defendants to competency; providing
1.6	for jail-based competency restoration programs; establishing forensic navigators;
1.7	requiring forensic navigators to provide services to certain defendants; establishing dismissal plans for certain defendants found incompetent to stand trial; establishing
1.8 1.9	a planning and implementation committee; appropriating money; amending
1.10	Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 253B.07, subdivision 2a; 253B.10, subdivision
1.11	1; 480.182; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 611.
1.12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.13	ARTICLE 1
1.14	COMPETENCY TO STAND TRIAL
1.14	COMPETENCE TO STAND TRIAL
1.15	Section 1. [611.40] APPLICABILITY.
1.16	Notwithstanding Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule 20.01, sections 611.40 to 611.58
1.17	shall govern the proceedings for adults when competency to stand trial is at issue. This
1.18	section does not apply to juvenile courts. A competency examination ordered under Rules
1.19	of Criminal Procedure, rule 20.04, must follow the procedure in section 611.43.
1.20	Sec. 2. [611.41] DEFINITIONS.
1.21	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of sections 611.40 to 611.58, the following
1.22	terms have the meanings given.

2.1	Subd. 2. Alternative program. "Alternative program" means any mental health or
2.2	substance use disorder treatment or program that is not a certified competency restoration
2.3	program but may assist a defendant in attaining competency.
2.4	Subd. 3. Cognitive impairment. "Cognitive impairment" means a condition that impairs
2.5	a person's memory, perception, communication, learning, or other ability to think. Cognitive
2.6	impairment may be caused by any factor including traumatic, developmental, acquired,
2.7	infectious, and degenerative processes.
2.8	Subd. 4. Competency restoration program. "Competency restoration program" means
2.9	a structured program of clinical and educational services that is certified and designed to
2.10	identify and address barriers to a defendant's ability to understand the criminal proceedings,
2.11	consult with counsel, and participate in the defense.
2.12	Subd. 5. Court examiner. "Court examiner" means a person appointed to serve the
2.13	court, and who is a physician or licensed psychologist who has a doctoral degree in
2.14	psychology.
2.15	Subd. 6. Head of the program. "Head of the program" means the head of the competency
2.16	restoration program or the head of the facility or program where the defendant is being
2.17	served.
2.18	Subd. 7. Mental illness. "Mental illness" means an organic disorder of the brain or a
2.19	clinically significant disorder of thought, mood, perception, orientation, memory, or behavior
2.20	that is detailed in a diagnostic codes list published by the commissioner of human services,
2.21	and that seriously limits a person's capacity to function in primary aspects of daily living
2.22	such as personal relations, living arrangements, work, and recreation.
2.23	Subd. 8. Suspend the criminal proceedings. "Suspend the criminal proceedings" means
2.24	nothing can be heard or decided on the merits of the criminal charges except that the court
2.25	retains jurisdiction in all other matters, including but not limited to bail, conditions of release,
2.26	probation conditions, no contact orders, and appointment of counsel.
2.27	Sec. 3. [611.42] COMPETENCY MOTION PROCEDURES.
2.28	Subdivision 1. Competency to stand trial. A defendant is incompetent and shall not
2.29	plead, be tried, or be sentenced if, due to a mental illness or cognitive impairment, the
2.30	defendant lacks the ability to:
2.31	(1) rationally consult with counsel;
2.32	(2) understand the proceedings; or

REVISOR

KLL/BM

22-05278

	01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-03278	as introduced
3.1	(3) participat	e in the defense	<u>.</u>		
3.2	Subd. 2. Wa	iver of counsel	in competency	proceedings. (a) A defen	dant must not be
3.3	allowed to waive	e counsel if the	defendant lacks	ability to:	
3.4	(1) knowing	y, voluntarily, a	and intelligently	waive the right to counsel	2
3.5	(2) appreciat	e the consequer	nces of proceedir	g without counsel;	
3.6	(3) comprehe	end the nature of	of the charge;		
3.7	(4) comprehe	end the nature of	of the proceeding	<u>s;</u>	
3.8	(5) comprehe	end the possible	e punishment; or		
3.9	(6) comprehe	end any other m	natters essential t	o understanding the case.	
3.10	(b) The court	must not procee	ed under this law	before a lawyer consults w	vith the defendant
3.11	and has an oppo	rtunity to be he	ard.		
3.12	Subd. 3. Cor	npetency moti	on. (a) At any tir	ne, the prosecutor or defe	nse counsel may
3.13	make a motion c	hallenging the	defendant's com	petency, or the court on its	s initiative may
3.14	raise the issue. T	The defendant's	consent is not re	quired to bring a compete	ncy motion. The
3.15	motion shall be	supported by sp	becific facts but s	hall not include communi	cations between
3.16	the defendant an	d defense coun	sel if disclosure	would violate attorney-cli	ent privilege. By
3.17	bringing the mot	tion, the defend	ant does not wai	ve attorney-client privileg	<u>;e.</u>
3.18	(b) If compet	tency is at issue	e, the court shall a	appoint a forensic navigat	or to provide the
3.19	forensic navigat	or services desc	cribed in section	611.55 for the defendant,	including
3.20	development of	a specific plan t	o identify approp	oriate housing and services	s if the defendant
3.21	is released from	custody or any	charges are disn	nissed.	
3.22	(c) In felony	and gross misd	emeanor cases, it	the court determines ther	e is a reasonable
3.23	basis to doubt th	e defendant's c	ompetence and the	nere is probable cause for	the charge, the
3.24	court must suspe	end the criminal	l proceedings and	l order an examination of	the defendant
3.25	under section 61	1.43.			
3.26	(d) In misder	neanor cases, it	f the court detern	nines there is a reasonable	basis to doubt
3.27	the defendant's c	ompetence and	there is probable	cause for the charge, the co	urt must suspend
3.28	the criminal pro-	ceedings and ei	ther order an exa	mination of the defendant	t under section
3.29	611.43 or dismis	s the case as pro	ovided in paragra	oh (e). The court shall disn	niss a case unless
3.30	dismissal would	be contrary to p	ublic interest. Fo	r purposes of this paragrap	h, public interest
3.31	includes determine	ning whether a	defendant has th	e ability to access housin	g, food, income,

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KLL/BM

22-05278

	01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced
4.1	disability ver	rification, medicat	ions, and treatmer	nt for medical conditions,	, or otherwise
4.2	address any b	pasic needs.			
4.3	(e) If the c	court indicates an i	ntent to dismiss a	misdemeanor charge, the	court shall direct
4.4	the forensic e	xaminer to comple	te a dismissal plan	as described in section 61	1.55, subdivision
4.5	3. The court	may dismiss the c	harge upon receip	t of the dismissal plan wi	thout holding a
4.6	hearing unles	ss any party object	s. The court must	order that the dismissal p	lan be completed
4.7	and submitte	<u>d:</u>			
4.8	(1) within	n 48 hours, exclud	ing weekends and	holidays, if the defendar	nt is in custody;
4.9	or				
4.10	(2) within	n ten days if the de	efendant is not in o	custody.	
4.11	<u>(f)</u> If com	petency is at issue	e, the court may a	ppoint advisory counsel u	under Rules of
4.12	Criminal Pro	cedure, rule 5, for	an unrepresented	defendant for the procee	dings under this
4.13	section.				
4.14	<u>Subd. 4.</u>	Dismissal, referra	als for services, a	nd collaboration. (a) Ex	cept as provided
4.15	in this subdiv	vision, when the co	ourt determines th	ere is a reasonable basis	to doubt the
4.16	defendant's c	ompetence and or	ders an examinati	on of the defendant, a for	rensic navigator
4.17	must complet	te a dismissal plan	with the defendant	as described in section 61	1.55, subdivision
4.18	3, submit the	dismissal plan to	the court, and prov	vide a written copy to the	defendant before
4.19	the court or p	rosecutor dismisse	es any charges bas	ed on a belief or finding t	hat the defendant
4.20	is incompeter	<u>nt.</u>			
4.21	(b) If for	any reason a forer	sic navigator has	not been appointed, the c	court must make
4.22	every reasona	able effort to coord	dinate with any re	sources available to the co	ourt and refer the
4.23	defendant for	r possible assessm	ent and social serv	vices, including but not li	mited to services
4.24	for engageme	ent under section 2	253B.041, before	dismissing any charges b	ased on a finding
4.25	that the defer	ndant is incompete	ent.		
4.26	<u>(c)</u> If wor	king with the fore	nsic navigator or	coordinating a referral to	services would
4.27	cause an unre	easonable delay in	the release of a d	efendant being held in cu	istody, the court
4.28	may dismiss	the charges and re	lease the defendat	nt. If a defendant has not	been engaged for
4.29	assessment a	nd referral before	release, the court r	nay coordinate with the fo	orensic navigator
4.30	or any resour	ces available to the	e court to engage tl	ne defendant for up to 90 o	lays after release.
4.31	(d) Courts	s may partner and	collaborate with	county social services, co	mmunity-based
4.32	programs, jai	ls, and any other r	esource available	to the court to provide ref	errals to services

	01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced
5.1	when a defe	ndant's competenc	ev is at issue or a do	efendant has been found	incompetent to
5.2	stand trial.	<u></u>	<u>) 10 ao 100 ao 01 a 0</u>		<u></u>
5.3	Sec. 4. <u>[61</u>	1.43] COMPETE	ENCY EXAMINA	TION AND REPORT.	
5.4	Subdivisi	ion 1. Competenc	y examination. (a)	If the court orders an exar	nination pursuant
5.5	to section 61	1.42, subdivision	3, the court shall a	ppoint a court examiner	to examine the
5.6	defendant ar	nd report to the con	urt on the defendar	t's competency to stand	trial. A court
5.7	examiner ma	ay obtain from cou	art administration a	nd review the report of a	any prior or
5.8	subsequent e	examination under	this section or und	ler Rules of Criminal Pro	ocedure, rule 20.
5.9	<u>(b) If the</u>	defendant is not e	entitled to release,	he court shall order the c	lefendant to
5.10	participate in	n an examination v	where the defendan	t is being held, or the cou	rt may order that
5.11	the defendar	it be confined in a	program or other	suitable treatment facility	until the
5.12	examination	is completed.			
5.13	(c) If the	defendant is entit	led to release, the c	court shall order the defe	ndant to appear
5.14	for an exami	nation. If the defe	ndant fails to appea	r at an examination, the	court may amend
5.15	the condition	ns of release.			
5.16	<u>(d)</u> A cor	npetency examina	tion ordered under	Rules of Criminal Proce	dure, rule 20.04 <u>,</u>
5.17	shall proceed	d under subdivisio	on 2.		
5.18	Subd. 2.	Report of examin	ation. (a) The cour	t-appointed examiner's w	ritten report shall
5.19	be filed with	the court and service	ved on the prosecu	tor and defense counsel b	by the court. The
5.20	report shall l	be filed no more th	nan 30 days after th	e order for examination	of a defendant in
5.21	custody. If the	ne defendant is ou	t of custody or con	fined in a noncorrectiona	al program or
5.22	treatment fac	cility, the report sh	hall be filed no mor	e than 60 days after the	order for
5.23	examination	, unless extended	by the court for go	od cause.	
5.24	<u>(b)</u> The r	eport shall include	e an evaluation of t	he defendant's mental he	alth, cognition,
5.25	and the factu	al basis for opinio	ons about:		
5.26	<u>(1) any d</u>	iagnoses made, ar	nd the results of an	y testing conducted with	the defendant;
5.27	(2) the de	efendant's compete	ency to stand trial;		
5.28	(3) the le	vel of care and ed	ucation required for	or the defendant to attain,	, be restored to,
5.29	or maintain	competency;			
5.30	<u>(4) a reco</u>	ommendation of th	ne least restrictive s	etting appropriate to mee	et the defendant's
5.31	needs for res	storation and imm	ediate safety;		

	01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced
6.1	(5) the impart	act of any substa	ance use disorder c	n the defendant, includin	g the defendant's
6.2	competency, a	nd any recomme	endations for treati	nent;	
6.3	(6) the like	lihood the defer	idant will attain co	mpetency in the reasonal	ly foreseeable
6.4	future;			inpetency in the reasonat	ny toresecuore
0.4	<u>iuture,</u>				
6.5	(7) whether	the defendant p	ooses a substantial	likelihood of physical ha	rm to self or
6.6	others; and				
6.7	(8) whether	the defendant p	ooses a substantial	risk to public safety.	
6.8	(c) If the co	ourt examiner de	etermines that the	defendant presents an imi	ninent risk of
6.9	serious danger	to another, is imp	minently suicidal, o	or otherwise needs emerge	ncy intervention,
6.10	the examiner n	nust promptly ne	otify the court, pro	secutor, defense counsel,	and those
6.11	responsible for	the care and cu	stody of the defen	dant.	
6.12	(d) If the de	efendant appear	s for the examination	on but does not participa	te, the court
6.13	examiner shall	submit a report	and, if sufficient i	nformation is available, 1	nay render an
6.14	opinion on con	petency and an	opinion as to wheth	ner the unwillingness to pa	rticipate resulted
6.15	from a mental	illness, cognitiv	e impairment, or c	other factors.	
6.16	(e) If the co	ourt examiner de	etermines the defer	ndant would benefit from	services for
6.17	engagement in	mental health tr	reatment under sec	ction 253B.041 or any oth	er referral to
6.18	social services	, the court exam	iner may recomm	end referral of the defend	ant to services
6.19	where availabl	<u>e.</u>			
6.20	<u>Subd. 3.</u> Ac	ditional exami	ination. If either the	he prosecutor or defense	counsel intends
6.21	to retain an ind	lependent exami	iner, the party shal	l provide notice to the co	urt and opposing
6.22	counsel no late	er than ten days	after the date of re	ceipt of the court-appoint	ted examiner's
6.23	report. If an in	dependent exam	niner is retained, th	e independent examiner's	s report shall be
6.24	filed no more the	han 30 days after	r the date a party fi	les notice of intent to retai	n an independent
6.25	examiner, unle	ss extended by	the court for good	cause.	
6.26	<u>Subd. 4.</u> Ac	lmissibility of d	efendant's statem	ents. When a defendant is	s examined under
6.27	this section, an	y statement ma	de by the defendar	nt for the purpose of the e	xamination and
6.28	any evidence d	lerived from the	examination is ad	missible at the competen	ce proceedings,
6.29	but not at the t	rial.			

0	01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced
	Sec. 5. [61	1.44] CONTESTE	CD HEARING P	ROCEDURES.	
	Subdivis	ion 1. Request for	hearing. (a) The	prosecutor or defense con	unsel may request
a				petency report by filing a	
n	o later than	ten days after the 1	report is filed.		
	<u>(b)</u> A hea	aring shall be held a	as soon as possib	le but no longer than 30 o	days after the
r	equest, unle	ess extended by agr	eement of the pro	osecutor and defense cou	nsel, or by the
С	court for goo	od cause.			
	<u>(c) If an </u>	independent court e	examiner is retain	ed, the hearing may be c	ontinued up to 14
d	lays after th	e date the independ	ent court examin	er's report is filed. The co	ourt may continue
t	he hearing t	for good cause.			
	Subd. 2.	Competency hearing	ng. (a) The court r	nay admit all relevant and	reliable evidence.
I	The court-ap	opointed examiner i	is considered the	court's witness and may	be called and
	juestioned b	by the court, prosec	utor, or defense c	ounsel. The report of the	court-appointed
2	xaminer sh	all be admitted into	evidence withou	t further foundation.	
	(b) Defei	nse counsel may tes	tify, subject to the	e prosecutor's cross-exan	nination, but shall
1	not violate a	ttorney-client privi	lege. Testifying d	loes not automatically dis	squalify defense
2	ounsel from	n continuing to repre	esent the defendan	t. The court may inquire of	of defense counsel
(egarding th	e attorney-client rel	lationship and the	e defendant's ability to co	mmunicate with
1	ounsel. The	e court shall not req	uire counsel to d	ivulge communications p	protected by
	ttorney-clie	ent privilege, and th	e prosecutor shal	l not cross-examine defe	nse counsel
	concerning 1	responses to the cou	art's inquiry.		
	<u>Subd. 3.</u>	Determination with	thout hearing. If	neither party files an ob	jection, the court
;	hall determ	ine the defendant's	competency base	ed on the reports of all ex	aminers.
	Subd. 4.	Burden of proof a	nd decision. The	defendant is presumed in	competent unless
tl	he court fin	ds by a prepondera	nce of the eviden	ce that the defendant is c	competent.
	Sec. 6. [61	1.45] COMPETEN	NCE FINDINGS	<u>S.</u>	
	Subdivis	ion 1. Findings. (a)) The court must r	ule on the defendant's co	npetency to stand
tı	rial no more	e than 14 days after	the examiner's re	eport is submitted to the	court. If there is a
c	contested he	earing, the court mu	st rule no more t	han 30 days after the date	e of the hearing.
	<u>(b)</u> If the	e court finds the def	endant competen	t, the court shall enter an	order and the
c	riminal pro	ceedings shall resu	me.		

REVISOR

KLL/BM

22-05278

8.1 (c) If the court finds the defendant incompetent, the court shall enter a written order and 8.2 suspend the criminal proceedings. The matter shall proceed under section 611.46.

- 8.3 Subd. 2. Appeal. The defense may appeal a competency determination to the court of
- 8.4 appeals. The appeal is governed by Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule 28. A verbatim record
- 8.5 shall be made in all competency proceedings.
- 8.6 Subd. 3. Dismissal of criminal charge. (a) If the court finds the defendant incompetent,
 8.7 and the charge is a misdemeanor, the charge must be dismissed.
- (b) In gross misdemeanor cases, the charges must be dismissed 30 days after the date
- 8.9 of the finding of incompetence, unless the prosecutor, before the expiration of the 30-day
- 8.10 period, files a written notice of intent to prosecute when the defendant regains competency.
- 8.11 If a notice has been filed and the defendant would be entitled to custody credit of at least
- 8.12 one year if convicted, gross misdemeanor charges must be dismissed one year after the date
- 8.13 of the finding of incompetency.
- 8.14 (c) In felony cases, except when the defendant is charged with murder, the charges must
- 8.15 be dismissed three years after the date of the finding of incompetency, unless the prosecutor,
- 8.16 before the expiration of the three-year period, files a written notice of intent to prosecute
- 8.17 when the defendant regains competency.

8.18 Sec. 7. [611.46] INCOMPETENT TO STAND TRIAL AND CONTINUING 8.19 SUPERVISION.

- 8.20 Subdivision 1. Order to competency restoration. (a) If the court finds the defendant
- 8.21 incompetent and the charges have not been dismissed, the court must determine the
- 8.22 least-restrictive competency restoration program appropriate to meet the defendant's needs
- 8.23 and public safety. In making this determination, the court must consult with the forensic
- 8.24 <u>navigator and consider any recommendations of the court examiner.</u>
- 8.25 (b) After making the determination under paragraph (a), the court shall order the defendant
- 8.26 to participate in a competency restoration program if an appropriate program is available
- 8.27 and accessible to the defendant within a reasonable time. If an appropriate program is not
- 8.28 available or accessible, the court must proceed under subdivision 4.
- 8.29 (c) Upon the order to a competency restoration program, the court may order any hospital,
- 8.30 treatment facility, or correctional facility that has provided care or supervision to the
- 8.31 defendant in the previous two years to provide copies of the defendant's medical records to
- 8.32 the competency restoration program. This information shall be provided in a consistent and
- 8.33 <u>timely manner and pursuant to all applicable laws.</u>

	(d) If at any time the defendant refuses to participate in the competency restoration
p	program or an alternative program, the head of the program shall notify the court and ar
2	entity responsible for supervision of the defendant.
	(e) At any time, the head of the program may discharge the defendant from the program
	r facility. The head of the program must notify the court, prosecutor, defense counsel, a
	ny entity responsible for the supervision of the defendant five business days prior to an
)	lanned discharge.
	(f) A defendant under this section must not be ordered to a competency restoration
1	program or pretrial supervision for a cumulative number of days that exceeds the maximu
(erm provided by law for the offense with which the defendant was charged.
	Subd. 2. Supervision. (a) Upon a finding of incompetency, if the defendant is entitle
(o release, the court must determine whether the defendant requires pretrial supervision.
	The court must weigh public safety risks against the defendant's interests in remaining fr
	rom supervision while presumed innocent in the criminal proceedings. The court may u
	validated and equitable risk assessment tool to determine whether supervision is necessa
	(b) If the court determines that the defendant requires pretrial supervision, the court m
ł	appoint a willing entity to be responsible for supervising the defendant.
	(c) Upon application by the prosecutor, the entity or its designee assigned to supervise
	he defendant, or court services alleging that the defendant violated a condition of releas
	nd is a risk to public safety, the court shall follow the procedures under Rules of Crimir
	Procedure, rule 6. Any hearing on the alleged violation of release conditions shall be he
1	no more than 15 days after the date of issuance of a summons or within 72 hours if the
]	lefendant is apprehended on a warrant.
	(d) If the court finds a violation, the court may revise the conditions of release. In additi
(o the considerations required by the Rules of Criminal Procedure, when determining th
	conditions of release, the court must consider whether a condition is likely to result in the
	pretrial detention of the defendant and whether it is more probable than not that the detenti
	will interfere with the defendant attaining competency. The court shall impose the least
	restrictive conditions of release that will provide ongoing access to a competency restorati
J	program or alternative program under this section.
	(e) The court must review conditions of release on request of any party and may ame
]	he conditions of release or make any other reasonable order upon receipt of information
]	hat the pretrial detention of a defendant has interfered with the defendant attaining
	competency.

Article 1 Sec. 7.

01/20/22

REVISOR

KLL/BM

22-05278

10.1	Subd. 3. Eligibility and procedures for jail-based competency restoration
10.2	programs. (a) A defendant is eligible to participate in a jail-based competency restoration
10.3	program if the defendant has been found incompetent, the defendant is not entitled to release,
10.4	and a court-appointed examiner has recommended jail-based competency restoration as the
10.5	least restrictive setting to meet the person's needs.
10.6	(b) If after 90 days of the order to a jail-based program the defendant has not attained
10.7	competency, the court must proceed under section 611.48 to determine if the defendant is
10.8	likely to attain competency in the reasonably foreseeable future.
10.9	(c) If after 90 days of the order to a jail-based program the defendant has not attained
10.10	competency and the court finds the defendant is likely to attain competency in the reasonably
10.11	foreseeable future, the court must determine if a less restrictive competency restoration
10.12	program is available and appropriate to meet the needs of the defendant and public safety,
10.13	and may order the defendant to the program. If the court does not find an appropriate
10.14	program, the court must review the case with input from the prosecutor and defense counsel
10.15	and must dismiss the case or conditionally release the defendant.
10.16	(d) If a defendant is in custody and is ordered to a non-jail-based competency restoration
10.17	program, the court may order time-limited placement in a jail-based program until transfer,
10.18	if one is available within a reasonable distance to the county where the defendant is present.
10.19	(e) When the court orders time-limited placement in a jail-based competency restoration
10.20	program, the court's order must include a period of no more than 30 days by which the
10.21	defendant must be transferred. If the defendant cannot be transferred to the non-jail-based
10.22	competency restoration program in the ordered time, the court must dismiss the case or
10.23	conditionally release the defendant and proceed under subdivision 4.
10.24	Subd. 4. Services unavailable. (a) After a finding of incompetence, the court must do
10.25	everything in its power to ensure that the defendant receives competency restoration services
10.26	in a timely manner.
10.27	(b) As soon as the court has reason to believe that no appropriate competency restoration
10.28	services will be available within a reasonable time, the court must consult a forensic navigator
10.29	to determine if there are available alternative programs that are likely to assist the defendant
10.30	in attaining competency and may order the defendant to participate in appropriate alternative
10.31	programs.
10.32	(c) The court must make every effort to assist the defendant in attaining competency in
10.33	the alternative program, including but not limited to providing competency restoration
10.34	education in the setting where the defendant is being served.

01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced
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11.1	(d) If the defendant is entitled to release, the court must not order the defendant to a
11.2	jail-based competency restoration program unless the defendant is returned to custody for
11.3	violating conditions of release.
11.4	(e) At any time, the head of the alternative program may notify the court and recommend
11.5	that a court examiner provide an updated competency examination and report.
11.6	(f) The court may order the defendant to participate in alternative programs for up to 60
11.7	days after the finding of incompetency. The court may extend the 60-day period if, in
11.8	consultation with the forensic navigator and based on the most recent court examiner's
11.9	report, the court finds the defendant is receiving appropriate competency restoration services
11.10	in the alternative program.
11.11	(g) If after 60 days in the alternative program the defendant has not been restored to
11.12	competency and the court determines that no appropriate competency restoration programs
11.13	will be available within a reasonable time, the court must review the case with input from
11.14	the prosecutor and defense counsel and must:
11.15	(1) dismiss the case; or
11.16	(2) find the defendant unlikely to attain competency in the reasonably foreseeable future
11.17	and proceed under section 611.48.
11.18	(h) If the defendant is confined in jail and has not received competency restoration
11.19	services within 30 days of the finding of incompetency, the court shall review the case with
11.20	input from the prosecutor and defense counsel and must:
11.21	(1) dismiss the case;
11.22	(2) conditionally release the defendant; or
11.23	(3) find the defendant unlikely to attain competency in the reasonably foreseeable future
11.24	and proceed under section 611.48.
11.25	Subd. 5. Reporting to the court. (a) The court examiner must provide an updated report
11.26	to the court at least once every six months as to the defendant's competency and a description
11.27	of the efforts made to restore the defendant to competency.
11.28	(b) At any time, the head of the program may notify the court and recommend that a
11.29	court examiner provide an updated competency examination and report.
11.30	(c) The court shall furnish copies of the report to the prosecutor, defense counsel, and
11.31	the facility or program where the defendant is being served.

01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced
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12.1	(d) The report may make recommendations for continued services to ensure continued
12.2	competency. If the defendant is found guilty, these recommendations may be considered
12.3	by the court in imposing a sentence, including any conditions of probation.
12.4	Subd. 6. Contested hearings. The prosecutor or defense counsel may request a hearing
12.5	on the court examiner's competency opinion by filing written objections to the competency
12.6	report no later than ten days after receiving the report. All parties are entitled to notice before
12.7	the hearing. If the hearing is held, it shall conform with the procedures of section 611.44.
12.8	Subd. 7. Competency determination. (a) The court must determine whether the
12.9	defendant is competent based on the updated report from the court examiner no more than
12.10	14 days after receiving the report.
12.11	(b) If the court finds the defendant competent, the court must enter an order and the
12.12	criminal proceedings shall resume.
12.13	(c) If the court finds the defendant incompetent, the court may order the defendant to
12.14	continue existing services, or in consultation with any resources available to the court,
12.15	determine the least restrictive competency restoration program appropriate to meet the
12.16	defendant's needs and order the defendant to participate unless:
12.17	(1) the criminal charges must be dismissed under section 611.45, subdivision 3; or
12.18	(2) the court finds the defendant unlikely to be restored to competency in the reasonably
12.19	foreseeable future.
12.20	Sec. 8. [611.47] REVIEW HEARINGS.

12.21 The prosecutor or defense counsel may apply to the court for a hearing to review the

12.22 defendant's competency restoration programming. All parties are entitled to notice before

12.23 the hearing. The hearing shall be held no later than 30 days after the date of the request,

12.24 <u>unless extended upon agreement of the prosecutor and defense counsel or by the court for</u>

12.25 good cause.

12.26 Sec. 9. [611.48] UNLIKELY TO ATTAIN COMPETENCE.

12.27 Subdivision 1. Applicability. The court may find a defendant unlikely to attain

- 12.28 competency in the reasonably foreseeable future when:
- (1) the most recent court examiner's report states that the defendant is not likely to attain
 competency in the reasonably foreseeable future;

	01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced
13.1	(2) the defe	endant has not be	een restored to con	mpetency within one year	c of the finding of
13.2	incompetence				U
13.3	(3) the defe	endant has not re	ceived timely con	npetency restoration servi	ces under section
13.4	611.46, subdiv		cerved timery con	ipetency restoration servi	
			1 .	• • • • • • •	1 4 4 1
13.5				rmine whether there is a stency within the reasonab	
13.6	future.		will attain compet	tency within the reasonab	Ty Toreseeable
13.7	<u>Iuture.</u>				
13.8	<u>(b)</u> If the c	ourt finds that th	ere is a substantia	al probability that the defe	endant will attain
13.9	competency w	vithin the reasona	ably foreseeable f	uture, the court shall rule	the defendant
13.10	incompetent a	nd proceed unde	r section 611.46,	subdivision 7.	
13.11	(c) If the c	ourt finds that th	ere is not a substa	nntial probability the defe	ndant will attain
13.12	competency w	vithin the reasona	ably foreseeable f	uture, the court must:	
13.13	(1) dismiss	s the case;			
13.14	(2) dismiss	the case and issu	e an order to the c	lesignated agency in the co	ounty of financial
13.15	responsibility	or the county whe	ere the defendant i	s present to conduct a pre	petition screening
13.16	pursuant to see	ction 253B.07; o	<u>r</u>		
13.17	(3) order the	ne continued sup	ervision of the de	fendant under subdivision	<u>n 3.</u>
13.18	(d) Any pa	arty may request	a hearing by subn	nitting a written objectior	n to the
13.19	court-appointe	ed examiner's rep	oort no more than	ten days after the report i	is submitted. If a
13.20	hearing is held	l under this subd	ivision, there is a	presumption that the defe	endant will not
13.21	attain compete	ency within the re	asonably foreseea	ble future. A party attemp	oting to overcome
13.22	that presumpti	ion must prove b	y a preponderanc	e of the evidence that the	re is a substantial
13.23	probability that	at restoration effo	orts will be succes	ssful within the reasonabl	y foreseeable
13.24	future.				
13.25	<u>Subd. 3.</u> C	ontinued super	vision. (a) The co	urt may order continued	supervision of a
13.26	defendant char	rged with a felor	y violation of sec	tion 518B.01, subdivisio	n 14; 609.165;
13.27	609.185; 609.	19; 609.195; 609	0.20; 609.205; 609	9.2112; 609.2113; 609.21	14; 609.221;
13.28	609.222; 609.2	223; 609.2231; 6	609.224; 609.2242	2; 609.2247; 609.228; 609	9.229; 609.2325 <u>;</u>
13.29	<u>609.233; 609.2</u>	235; 609.24; 609	0.245; 609.25; 609	9.255; 609.2661; 609.266	2; 609.2663;
13.30	609.2664; 609	0.2665; 609.267;	609.2671; 609.26	58; 609.322; 609.342; 609	9.343; 609.344;
13.31	609.345; 609.3	3451; 609.3458;	<u>609.377; 609.37</u> 7	5; 609.378; 609.487; 609	.498, subdivision
13.32	1; 609.561; 60	9.562; 609.563;	609.582, subdivisi	ion 1 or 2; 609.66, subdivi	sion 1e; 609.687;

	01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced
14.1	609.71; 609.	.713; 609.748, sut	odivision 6; 609.749	9; 609.855, subdivision 5	; 624.713; or
14.2	629.75.				
14.3	(b) Any 1	party may request	a hearing by submi	tting a written objection	no more than ten
14.4	days after th	e order for continu	ued supervision.		
14.5	(c) Any t	time the court orde	ers the continued su	pervision of a defendant	under this
14.6	subdivision,	the court shall cla	urify the willing ent	ity or person responsible	to the court for
14.7	the supervisi	on of the defendar	nt, including but not	limited to directing an ap	pointed forensic
14.8	navigator to	be responsible for	r continued supervi	sion.	
14.9	(d) The c	court must determi	ine the least-restrict	tive setting to meet the de	efendant's needs
14.10	and public s	afety. The court sł	nall consider the rec	commendations of the mo	ost-recent court
14.11	examiner's r	eport and consult	with any resources	available to the court.	
14.12	(e) Notw	ithstanding the rej	porting requiremen	ts of section 611.46, subo	livision 5, the
14.13	court examin	ner must provide a	an updated report to	the court one year after	the initial order
14.14	for continue	d supervision as to	the defendant's co	mpetency and a descript	ion of the efforts
14.15	made to rest	ore the defendant	to competence.		
14.16	(f) If afte	er one year of conti	inued supervision u	nder this section the cour	t finds that there
14.17	is a substant	ial probability that	t the defendant will	attain competency withi	n the reasonably
14.18	foreseeable	future, the court sh	all rule the defenda	nt incompetent and proce	ed under section
14.19	<u>611.46, subc</u>	livision 7.			
14.20	(g) If afte	er one year of cont	inued supervision u	nder this section the cour	t finds that there
14.21	is not a subst	antial probability t	hat the defendant wi	ll attain competency with	in the reasonably
14.22	foreseeable	future, the court m	nust consult the pro	secutor and defense cour	isel and:
14.23	<u>(1) dismi</u>	iss the case; or			
14.24	(2) order	continuing super-	vision. If continued	supervision is ordered u	nder this clause,
14.25	the court mu	ıst set a date when	an updated compe	tency examination and re	eport must be
14.26	submitted to	the court, at no ti	me more than five	years after the order for o	continuing
14.27	supervision.				
14.28	<u>(h) At an</u>	y time, the head o	f the program may	notify the court and reco	ommend that a
14.29	court examination	ner provide an upd	lated competency e	xamination and report. A	t any time, the
14.30	head of the p	program may discl	harge a defendant f	rom the program or facil	ity. The head of
14.31	the program	must notify the co	ourt, prosecutor, de	fense counsel, and the en	tity responsible
14.32	for supervisi	ion of the defenda	nt five business day	vs prior to any planned d	ischarge.

	01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced	
15.1	(i) The c	ourt may provide.	partner, or contrac	et for pretrial supervision	services or	
15.2				ompetent and unlikely to a		
15.3		ably foreseeable				
15.4	Sec. 10. [6	11.49] DEFEND	ANT'S PARTICI	PATION AND CONDU	CT OF	
15.5	HEARING	<u>8.</u>				
15.6	Subdivis	ion 1. Place of he	aring. Upon reque	est of the prosecutor, defe	nse counsel, or	
15.7	head of the t	reatment facility a	and approval by the	e court and the treatment	facility, a hearing	
15.8	may be held	at a treatment fac	ility. A hearing ma	ay be conducted by intera	ctive video	
15.9	conference c	consistent with the	Rules of Crimina	l Procedure.		
15.10	Subd. 2.	Absence permitte	ed. When a medical	professional treating the c	lefendant submits	
15.11	a written rep	ort stating that pa	rticipating in a hea	aring under this statute is	not in the best	
15.12	interest of th	e defendant and v	vould be detriment	al to the defendant's men	tal or physical	
15.13	health, the c	ourt shall notify th	ne defense counsel	and the defendant and al	low the hearing	
15.14	to proceed w	vithout the defend	ant's participation.			
15.15	<u>Subd. 3.</u>	Disruption of he	aring. At any hear	ing required under this se	ection, the court,	
15.16	on its motion	n or on the motior	n of any party, may	exclude or excuse a defe	endant who is	
15.17	seriously disruptive, refuses to participate, or who is incapable of comprehending and					
15.18	participating in the proceedings. In such instances, the court shall, with specificity on the					
15.19	record, state the behavior of the defendant or other circumstances which justify proceeding					
15.20	in the absence	ce of the defendar	ıt.			
15.21	Subd. 4.	Issues not requiri	ng defendant's pa	rticipation. The defendar	nt's incompetence	
15.22	does not pred	clude the defense	counsel from maki	ng an objection or defens	e before trial that	
15.23	can be fairly	determined with	out the defendant's	participation.		
15.24	Sec. 11. <u>[6</u>	11.50] CREDIT	FOR CONFINEN	<u>1ENT.</u>		
15.25	If the def	fendant is convicted	ed, any time spent	confined in a secured set	ting while being	
15.26	assessed and	restored to comp	etency must be cro	edited as time served.		
15.27	Sec 12 F	FFECTIVE DAT	`F.			
15.28			y 1, 2023, and appl	ies to competency determ	inations initiated	
15.29	on or after th	nat date.				

16.1	ARTICLE 2
16.2	COMPETENCY RESTORATION SERVICES
16.3	Section 1. [611.55] FORENSIC NAVIGATOR SERVICES.
16.4	Subdivision 1. Availability of forensic navigator services. The judicial branch must
16.5	provide or contract for enough forensic navigator services to meet the needs of adult
16.6	defendants in each judicial district who are found incompetent to stand trial.
16.7	Subd. 2. Duties. (a) Forensic navigators shall serve as an impartial party in all legal
16.8	matters relating to the defendant and the criminal case. Nothing shall be construed to permit
16.9	the forensic navigator to provide legal counsel as a representative of the court, prosecutor,
16.10	or defense counsel.
16.11	(b) Forensic navigators shall provide services to assist defendants with mental illnesses
16.12	and cognitive impairments. Services may include, but are not limited to:
16.13	(1) developing dismissal plans;
10.15	
16.14	(2) assisting defendants in participating in court-ordered examinations and hearings;
16.15	(3) coordinating timely placement in court-ordered competency restoration programs;
16.16	(4) providing competency restoration education;
16.17	(5) reporting to the court on the progress of defendants found incompetent to stand trial;
16.18	(6) providing coordinating services to help defendants access needed mental health,
16.19	medical, housing, financial, social, transportation, precharge and pretrial diversion, and
16.20	other necessary services provided by other programs and community service providers;
16.21	(7) communicating with and offering supportive resources to defendants and family
16.22	members of defendants; and
16.23	(8) providing consultation and education to court officials on emerging issues and
16.24	innovations in serving defendants with mental illnesses in the court system.
16.25	(c) If a defendant's charges are dismissed, the appointed forensic navigator may continue
16.26	assertive outreach with the individual for up to 90 days to assist in attaining stability in the
16.27	community.
16.28	Subd. 3. Dismissal plans. (a) The forensic navigator must prepare dismissal plans with
16.29	the defendant and submit them to the court. Dismissal plans must be submitted before the
16.30	time the court makes a competency finding pursuant to section 611.45. The dismissal plan
16.31	must include:

	01/20/22 REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced
17.1	(1) a confirmed housing addr	ess the defenda	nt will use upon release.	including but not
17.2	limited to emergency shelters;			
17.3	(2) if possible, the dates, time	s locations and	contact information for	any appointments
17.3	made to further coordinate suppo			
17.4	including but not limited to ment			
17.5	referrals to services; and	ai nearth and su	ostance use disorder trea	timent, of a list of
	<u>.</u>			
17.7	(3) any other referrals, resour	ces, or recomm	endations the forensic na	ivigator or court
17.8	deems necessary.			
17.9	(b) Dismissal plans and any s	upporting record	ls or other data submitted	1 with those plans
17.10	are not accessible to the public.			
17.11	Subd. 4. Certification. (a) B	y July 1, 2023, t	he judicial branch and th	e Department of
17.12	Human Services must establish a	certification and	continuing education pro	ogram for forensic
17.13	navigators, including a process f	or renewing cer	tification and a regularly	updated list of
17.14	certified forensic navigators.			
17.15	(b) The program must includ	e a training and	education curriculum to	certify mental
17.16	health professionals as defined in	section 245.462	subdivision 18; mental h	ealth practitioners
17.17	as defined in section 245.462, sub	odivision 17; cas	e management service pr	oviders as defined
17.18	in section 245.462, subdivision 4	; and peer spec	alists as defined in section	on 256B.0615,
17.19	including the following topics:			
17.20	(1) the criminal justice system	n, courts, and le	gal processes;	
17.21	(2) competency to stand trial	procedures and	the not guilty by reason	of mental illness
17.22	or cognitive impairment defense	in Minnesota;		
17.23	(3) the civil commitment pro-	cess in Minneso	<u>ta;</u>	
17.24	(4) housing options, supports,	and assistance f	or people experiencing h	ousing insecurity;
17.25	and			
17.26	(5) implicit bias and cultural	humility.		
17.27	(c) The program must include	e training to deli	ver the competency resto	ration curriculum
17.28	certified by the judicial branch.			
17.29	(d) The judicial branch and D	epartment of Hu	uman Services may deve	lop a certification
17.30	program for individuals who are	not described in	paragraph (b). The prog	gram shall include
17.31	those topics identified under para	agraphs (b) and	(c) and:	
17.32	(1) the symptoms of mental ill	nesses, substanc	e use disorders, and co-oc	curring disorders;

REVISOR

KLL/BM

22-05278

	01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced	
18.1	(2) the ment	tal health system	in Minnesota;			
18.2	(3) the substance use disorder system in Minnesota;					
18.3	(4) crisis int	ervention; and				
18.4	(5) motivati	onal interviewin	<u>g.</u>			
18.5	Sec. 2. [611.5	6] PLANNING	AND IMPLEN	IENTATION.		
	<u> </u>	•			1 1 11 4 1 11 1	
18.6				1, 2022, the judicial branc		
18.7	U		•	t and implementation of fo	prensic navigator	
18.8	programs in eac	ch judicial distric	<u>et.</u>			
18.9	(b) The plan	ning committee	must include:			
18.10	(1) the chief	f justice or a desi	gnee;			
18.11	(2) the com	missioner of hun	nan services or a	designee;		
18.12	(3) the direct	et care and treatm	nent deputy com	missioner or a designee;		
18.13	(4) the state	court administra	ator or a designed	<u>;</u>		
18.14	(5) a county	attorney selecte	d by the Minnes	ota County Attorney's As	sociation;	
18.15	(6) the state	public defender	or a designee;			
18.16	(7) the presi	dent of the Asso	ciation of Minne	esota Counties or a design	ee;	
18.17	(8) the presi	dent of the Minn	esota Associatio	n of County Social Servic	e Administrators	
18.18	or a designee;					
18.19	(9) the presi	dent of the Minr	nesota Associatio	on of Community Mental	Health Providers	
18.20	or a designee;					
18.21	(10) the pres	sident of the Mir	nnesota Correctio	ons Association or a desig	;nee;	
18.22	(11) the pres	sident of the Mir	mesota Sheriffs'	Association or a designee	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
18.23	<u>(12) at least</u>	one representati	ve from a comm	unity organization represe	enting victims of	
18.24	crimes, selected	l by the chief jus	tice; and			
18.25	(13) the exe	cutive director o	f the National A	lliance on Mental Illness	Minnesota or a	
18.26	designee.					
18.27	(c) Forensic	navigator progra	ams shall be pla	nned and designed to pror	note prevention	
18.28	and diversion o	f people with me	ental illnesses an	d cognitive impairments f	rom entering the	
18.29	legal system, su	pport defendant	s with mental ill	nesses and cognitive impa	irments, support	

	01/20/22	REVISOR	KLL/BM	22-05278	as introduced
19.1	defendants in	the competency	process, and assist	courts and partners in co	oordinating and
19.2	providing con	mpetency restorat	tion services to def	endants. The plan must i	nclude:
19.3	(1) procee	dures for hiring a	nd training forensi	c navigators according to	the standards of
19.4	section 611.5	55;			
19.5	(2) policie	es and procedures	for interagency par	tnerships, communication	<u>ı with defendants,</u>
19.6	data privacy,	and public safety	r; and		
19.7	(3) policie	es and procedures	for evaluating the	program according to th	nis section.
19.8				ial district shall collect th	ne following data
19.9	and submit it	annually to the s	tate court administ	rator's office:	
19.10	(1) the tot	al number of com	petency examination	ons ordered in the judicial	district separated
19.11	by county;				
19.12	(2) the age	e, race, and numbe	er of unique defend	ants and for whom at least	t one competency
19.13	examination	was ordered in th	e judicial district s	eparated by county;	
19.14	(3) the ag	e, race, and numb	per of unique defer	idants found incompetent	t at least once in
19.15	the judicial d	istrict separated b	by county; and		
19.16	<u>(4)</u> all ava	ailable data on the	e level of charge ar	nd adjudication of cases v	with a defendant
19.17	found incom	petent and whethe	er a forensic navig	ator was assigned to the o	case.
19.18	(b) The ju	idicial branch mus	st include a summa	ry and analysis of the dat	a collected under
19.19	this section in	n every annual re	port beginning in 2	.024.	
19.20	<u>(c)</u> The st	ate court adminis	trator's office must	t include a summary and	analysis of the
19.21	available data	a collected under	this section in a re	port and submit it to the	legislature by
19.22	January 1, 20	25, including any	recommendations	for improving forensic n	avigator services
19.23	or competent	cy to stand trial pr	rocedures.		
19.24	Sec. 3. [611	1.57] COMPETE	ENCY RESTORA	TION CURRICULUM	AND
19.25	CERTIFICA	ATION.			
19.26	Subdivisi	on 1. Curriculum	1. (a) By January 1,	2023, the judicial branch	must recommend
19.27	a competency	y restoration curri	culum to educate a	and assist defendants fou	nd incompetent
19.28	in attaining th	he ability to:			
19.29	(1) ration	ally consult with	counsel;		

- 19.30 (2) understand the proceedings; and
- 19.31 (3) participate in the defense.

Article 2 Sec. 3.

20.1	(b) The curriculum must be flexible enough to be delivered in community and correctional
20.2	settings by individuals with various levels of education and qualifications, including but
20.3	not limited to professionals in criminal justice, health care, mental health care, and social
20.4	services. The judicial branch must review and update the curriculum as needed.
20.5	Subd. 2. Certification and distribution. By January 1, 2023, the judicial branch must
20.6	develop a process for certifying individuals to deliver the competency restoration curriculum
20.7	and make the curriculum available to every certified competency restoration program and
20.8	forensic navigator in the state. Each competency restoration program in the state must use
20.9	the competency restoration curriculum under this section as the foundation for delivering
20.10	competency restoration education and must not substantially alter the content.
20.11	Sec. 4. [611.58] COMPETENCY RESTORATION PROGRAMS.
20.12	Subdivision 1. Certification. The judicial branch shall work with the Department of
20.13	Human Services, the Department of Health, and the Department of Corrections to develop
20.14	procedures to certify that the standards in this section are met, including procedures for
20.15	regular recertification of competency restoration programs. The judicial branch shall maintain
20.16	a list of certified competency restoration programs on the branch's website to be updated at
20.17	least once every year.
20.18	Subd. 2. Competency restoration provider standards. Except for jail-based programs,
20.19	a competency restoration provider must:
20.20	(1) be able to provide the appropriate mental health or substance use disorder treatment
20.21	ordered by the court, including but not limited to treatment in inpatient, residential, and
20.22	home-based settings;
20.23	(2) ensure that competency restoration education certified by the judicial branch is
20.24	provided to defendants and that regular assessments of defendants' progress in attaining
20.25	competency are documented;
20.26	(3) designate a head of the program knowledgeable in the processes and requirements
20.27	of the competency to stand trial procedures; and
20.28	(4) develop staff procedures or designate a person responsible to ensure timely
20.29	communication with the court system.
20.30	Subd. 3. Jail-based competency restoration standards. Jail-based competency
20.31	restoration programs must be housed in correctional facilities licensed by the Department
20.32	of Corrections under section 241.021 and must:

21.1	(1) have a designated program director who meets minimum qualification standards set
21.2	by the judicial branch, including understanding the requirements of competency to stand
21.3	trial procedures;
21.4	(2) provide minimum mental health services including:
21.5	(i) multidisciplinary staff sufficient to monitor defendants and provide timely assessments,
21.6	treatment, and referrals as needed, including at least one medical professional licensed to
21.7	prescribe psychiatric medication;
21.8	(ii) prescribing, dispensing, and administering any medication deemed clinically
21.9	appropriate by qualified medical professionals; and
21.10	(iii) policies and procedures for the administration of involuntary medication;
21.11	(3) ensure that competency restoration education certified by the judicial branch is
21.12	provided to defendants and regular assessments of defendants' progress in attaining
21.13	competency to stand trial are documented;
21.14	(4) develop staff procedures or designate a person responsible to ensure timely
21.15	communication with the court system; and
21.16	(5) designate a space in the correctional facility for the program.
21.17	ARTICLE 3
21.18	CONFORMING CHANGES AND APPROPRIATIONS
21.19	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 253B.07, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
21.20	Subd. 2a. Petition originating from criminal proceedings. (a) If criminal charges are
21.21	pending against a defendant, the court shall order simultaneous competency and civil
21.22	commitment examinations in accordance with Minnesota Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule
21.23	20.04, when the following conditions are met:
21.24	(1) the prosecutor or defense counsel doubts the defendant's competency and a motion
21.25	is made challenging competency, or the court on its initiative raises the issue under section
21.26	611.42 or Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule 20.01; and
21.27	(2) the prosecutor and defense counsel agree simultaneous examinations are appropriate.
21.28	No additional examination under subdivision 3 is required in a subsequent civil commitment
21.29	proceeding unless a second examination is requested by defense counsel appointed following

21.30 the filing of any petition for commitment.

(b) Only a court examiner may conduct an assessment as described in section 611.43 or 22.1 Minnesota Rules of Criminal Procedure, rules 20.01, subdivision 4, and 20.02, subdivision 22.2 2. 22.3

(c) Where a county is ordered to consider civil commitment following a determination 22.4 of incompetency under section 611.45 or Minnesota Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule 22.5 20.01, the county in which the criminal matter is pending is responsible to conduct prepetition 22.6 screening and, if statutory conditions for commitment are satisfied, to file the commitment 22.7 petition in that county. By agreement between county attorneys, prepetition screening and 22.8 filing the petition may be handled in the county of financial responsibility or the county 22.9 where the proposed patient is present. 22.10

22.11 (d) Following an acquittal of a person of a criminal charge under section 611.026, the petition shall be filed by the county attorney of the county in which the acquittal took place 22.12 and the petition shall be filed with the court in which the acquittal took place, and that court 22.13 shall be the committing court for purposes of this chapter. When a petition is filed pursuant 22.14 to subdivision 2 with the court in which acquittal of a criminal charge took place, the court 22.15 shall assign the judge before whom the acquittal took place to hear the commitment 22.16 proceedings unless that judge is unavailable. 22.17

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 253B.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 22.18

Subdivision 1. Administrative requirements. (a) When a person is committed, the 22.19 court shall issue a warrant or an order committing the patient to the custody of the head of 22.20 the treatment facility, state-operated treatment program, or community-based treatment 22.21 program. The warrant or order shall state that the patient meets the statutory criteria for 22.22 civil commitment. 22.23

(b) The commissioner shall prioritize patients being admitted from jail or a correctional 22.24 institution who are: 22.25

(1) ordered confined in a state-operated treatment program for an examination under 22.26 section 611.43 or Minnesota Rules of Criminal Procedure, rules 20.01, subdivision 4, 22.27 paragraph (a), and 20.02, subdivision 2; 22.28

(2) under civil commitment for competency treatment and continuing supervision under 22.29 section 611.46 or Minnesota Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule 20.01, subdivision 7; 22.30

(3) found not guilty by reason of mental illness under Minnesota Rules of Criminal 22.31 Procedure, rule 20.02, subdivision 8, and under civil commitment or are ordered to be 22.32

23.1 detained in a state-operated treatment program pending completion of the civil commitment23.2 proceedings; or

23.3 (4) committed under this chapter to the commissioner after dismissal of the patient's23.4 criminal charges.

Patients described in this paragraph must be admitted to a state-operated treatment program
within 48 hours. The commitment must be ordered by the court as provided in section
23.7 253B.09, subdivision 1, paragraph (d).

(c) Upon the arrival of a patient at the designated treatment facility, state-operated
treatment program, or community-based treatment program, the head of the facility or
program shall retain the duplicate of the warrant and endorse receipt upon the original
warrant or acknowledge receipt of the order. The endorsed receipt or acknowledgment must
be filed in the court of commitment. After arrival, the patient shall be under the control and
custody of the head of the facility or program.

(d) Copies of the petition for commitment, the court's findings of fact and conclusions 23.14 of law, the court order committing the patient, the report of the court examiners, and the 23.15 prepetition report, and any medical and behavioral information available shall be provided 23.16 at the time of admission of a patient to the designated treatment facility or program to which 23.17 the patient is committed. Upon a patient's referral to the commissioner of human services 23.18 for admission pursuant to subdivision 1, paragraph (b), any inpatient hospital, treatment 23.19 facility, jail, or correctional facility that has provided care or supervision to the patient in 23.20 the previous two years shall, when requested by the treatment facility or commissioner, 23.21 provide copies of the patient's medical and behavioral records to the Department of Human 23.22 Services for purposes of preadmission planning. This information shall be provided by the 23.23 head of the treatment facility to treatment facility staff in a consistent and timely manner 23.24 and pursuant to all applicable laws. 23.25

23.26 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 480.182, is amended to read:

23.27

480.182 STATE ASSUMPTION OF CERTAIN COURT COSTS.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the state courts will pay for the followingcourt-related programs and costs:

23.30 (1) court interpreter program costs, including the costs of hiring court interpreters;

23.31 (2) guardian ad litem program and personnel costs;

(3) examination costs, not including hospitalization or treatment costs, for mental 24.1 commitments and related proceedings under chapter 253B; 24.2 (4) examination costs under chapter 611 or rule 20 of the Rules of Criminal Procedure; 24.3 (5) in forma pauperis costs; 24.4 (6) costs for transcripts mandated by statute, except in appeal cases and postconviction 24.5 cases handled by the Board of Public Defense; 24.6 24.7 (7) jury program costs; and (8) witness fees and mileage fees specified in sections 253B.23, subdivision 1; 260B.152, 24.8 24.9 subdivision 2; 260B.331, subdivision 3, clause (1); 260C.152, subdivision 2; 260C.331, subdivision 3, clause (1); 357.24; 357.32; and 627.02. 24.10 Sec. 4. SUPREME COURT; APPROPRIATIONS. 24.11 Subdivision 1. Forensic navigator services. \$..... in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated 24.12 from the general fund to the supreme court for forensic navigator services in each of the 24.13 ten judicial districts. The amount given to each district must be based on the population of 24.14 24.15 the district according to the most-recent United States census data. In distributing funds, the judicial branch may also consider the specific needs of each district, including disparities 24.16 in current available resources, travel time and costs for forensic navigators in rural areas, 24.17 and video technology for remote hearings. 24.18 Subd. 2. Competency restoration programs. \$..... in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated 24.19 from the general fund to the supreme court to establish competency restoration programs 24.20 in each of the ten judicial districts. The amount given to each district must be based on the 24.21 population of the district according to the most-recent United States census data. Competency 24.22 restoration programs must meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 611.58. 24.23 Judicial districts may contract to establish competency restoration programs, including but 24.24 not limited to contracting with counties, Adult Mental Health Initiative regions, hospitals, 24.25 mental health treatment providers, substance use disorder treatment providers, correctional 24.26 facilities, and community-based programs. 24.27