SF3290 **REVISOR** RSI S3290-3 3rd Engrossment

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETIETH SESSION

S.F. No. 3290

(SENATE AUTHORS: LANG, Osmek, Eichorn, Utke and Fischbach) OFFICIAL STATUS

DAIL	D-1 G	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/14/2018	6483	Introduction and first reading
		Referred to Energy and Utilities Finance and Policy
03/19/2018	6539a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Judiciary and Public Safety Finance and Policy
03/21/2018	6841a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to State Government Finance and Policy and
		Elections
03/26/2018		Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance

A bill for an act 1.1

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relating to energy; establishing a process to compensate businesses for loss of 1.2 business opportunity resulting from sale and closure of a biomass energy plant; 13 proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116C. 1.4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. [116C.7793] BIOMASS BUSINESS COMPENSATION.

Subdivision 1. Office of Administrative Hearings; claims process. The chief administrative law judge of the Office of Administrative Hearings must name an administrative law judge to administer a claims award process to compensate businesses negatively affected by the sale and closure of the biomass plant under section 216B.2424. The administrative law judge may create a process, including creation of forms, to consider claims for affected businesses and issue awards to eligible businesses. A form developed for the process must, at a minimum, require the name of the business, the business address and telephone number, and the name of a contact person.

Subd. 2. Eligibility. To be eligible for compensation, an affected business must verify that as of May 1, 2017, it was operating under the terms of a valid contract or provide other documentation demonstrating an ongoing business relationship with the company operating either the biomass plant identified under section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (f), or a fertilizer plant integrated with the biomass plant identified under section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (f).

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Subd. 3. Calculation of award. (a) An eligible business must demonstrate the extent of its lost business opportunity by providing copies of any contracts or other documentation under subdivision 3, including financial statements showing company financial performance

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over the past five years for supplying or managing material for, or receiving material from, 2.1 the biomass plant identified under section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (f). 2.2 (b) A business seeking compensation must report any payment received from business 2.3 interruption insurance policies, if any, the payment of which would offset compensation 2.4 2.5 provided under this section. A business seeking compensation must also provide a valuation of the sales, salvage, or scrap value of real or personal property associated with the business 2.6 if there is no alternative use available for the company's real and personal property. 2.7 (c) A business seeking compensation may also provide information documenting its 2.8 stranded investment in personal property essential to the business operation but for which 2.9 there is no valuable alternative use in the market place. Such stranded investment may be 2.10 included in the calculation of compensable loss for purposes of seeking compensation under 2.11 this section. 2.12 (d) A business seeking compensation must provide any other documentation it deems 2.13 appropriate, or as required by the administrative law judge, to support its claim for 2.14 compensation, including a narrative regarding the facts of the business claim which gives 2.15 rise to the request for compensation. 2.16 (e) Section 13.591 applies to data submitted by a business requesting compensation 2.17 2.18 under this section. Subd. 4. **Priority.** The administrative law judge must give priority to claims by eligible 2.19 businesses that demonstrate a significant effort to mitigate losses resulting from the closure 2.20 of the biomass plant under section 216B.2424, subdivision 9. The administrative law judge 2.21 must consider whether, as listed in order of importance, the business: 2.22 (1) has demonstrated effort to pivot the business through retasking and retooling; 2.23 (2) was formed as a result of the biomass plant identified under section 116C.779, 2.24 subdivision 1, paragraph (f), commencing operations; 2.25 (3) was in business prior to the date the biomass plant identified under section 116C.779, 2.26 2.27 subdivision 1, paragraph (f), commenced operations; or (4) is requesting compensation for a total business loss without mitigation efforts. 2.28 Subd. 5. Amount of claim. Any claim is limited by and proportional to the amount 2.29 provided for compensation in the biomass business compensation fund established under 2.30 section 116C.7794, and the number of claimants. A request for compensation must not 2.31 exceed the average of the annual net revenue generated from a contract or business 2.32

relationship with the biomass plant identified under section 116C.779, subdivision 1,

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paragraph (f), or a fertilizer plant integrated with the biomass plant identified under section 3.1 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (f), for the past five years times ten or times the number 3.2 3.3 of years remaining on the biomass plant's original power purchase agreement, whichever is less. 3.4 Subd. 6. **Deadlines.** A business seeking to submit a request for compensation and receive 3.5 an offer of settlement or enter into a settlement agreement under this section must file claims 3.6 with the administrative law judge within 60 days of the date the biomass plant was closed 3.7 under section 216B.2424, subdivision 9. Any offer of settlement must be made within 180 3.8 days after the deadline for filing claims with the administrative law judge. The business 3.9 must accept the offer of settlement within 40 days of the date it received the offer. 3.10 Subd. 7. Appeals. A decision to deny compensation claimed under this section is subject 3.11 to the contested case review procedures under chapter 14. 3.12 Sec. 2. [116C.7794] BIOMASS BUSINESS COMPENSATION ACCOUNT. 3.13 Subdivision 1. Account established. A biomass business compensation account is 3.14 established as a separate account in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. 3.15 Appropriations and transfers to the account must be credited to the account. Earnings, such 3.16 as interest, and any other earnings arising from the assets of the account are credited to the 3.17 account. Funds remaining in the account as of December 31, 2020, must be transferred to 3.18 the renewable development account established under section 116C.779. 3.19 Subd. 2. Funding for the special account. On July 1, 2018, \$40,000,000 must be 3.20 transferred from the renewable development account under section 116C.779 to the biomass 3.21 business compensation account established under subdivision 1. The transferred funds must 3.22 be used to pay eligible obligations under the biomass business compensation program 3.23 established in section 116C.7793. 3.24 Subd. 3. Payment of expenses. The chief administrative law judge shall certify to the 3.25 commissioner of management and budget the total costs incurred for administering the 3.26 biomass business compensation claims process during each fiscal year, in an amount less 3.27 than or equal to \$...... The commissioner of management and budget shall transfer the 3.28 amount of certified costs incurred for these activities from the renewable development 3.29 account under section 116C.779 and deposit it to the administrative hearings account under 3.30 section 14.54. Transfers may occur quarterly, based on quarterly cost and revenue reports, 3.31

throughout the fiscal year, with final certification and reconciliation after each fiscal year.

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