AGW/DD

## SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

## S.F. No. 3281

(SENATE AUT	HORS: NELSON	, Utke, Housley and Draheim)
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
04/19/2023	In	roduction and first reading
	Re	ferred to Health and Human Services

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3	relating to health occupations; creating a Nurse Licensure Compact; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148.
1.4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.5	Section 1. [148.2855] NURSE LICENSURE COMPACT.
1.6	The Nurse Licensure Compact is enacted into law and entered into with all other
1.7	jurisdictions legally joining in it, in the form substantially as follows:
1.8	ARTICLE 1
1.9	DEFINITIONS
1.10	As used in this compact:
1.11	(a) "Adverse action" means any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action
1.12	permitted by a state's law that is imposed by a licensing board or other authority against a
1.13	nurse, including actions against an individual's license or multistate licensure privilege such
1.14	as revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the licensee, limitation on the licensee's
1.15	practice, or any other encumbrance on licensure affecting a nurse's authorization to practice,
1.16	including issuance of a cease and desist action.
1.17	(b) "Alternative program" means a nondisciplinary monitoring program approved by a
1.18	licensing board.
1.19	(c) "Coordinated licensure information system" means an integrated process for collecting,
1.20	storing, and sharing information on nurse licensure and enforcement activities related to

	01/23/23	REVISOR	AGW/DD	23-02312	as introduced
2.1	nurse licensur	e laws that is adu	ninistered by a no	nprofit organization com	posed of and
2.2	controlled by	licensing boards.	<u>.</u>		
2.3	<u>(d) "Curre</u>	nt significant inv	estigative information	tion" means:	
2.4	(1) investi	gative informatic	on that a licensing	board, after a preliminary	v inquiry that
2.5	includes notif	ication and an or	portunity for the	nurse to respond, if requir	ed by state law,
2.6	has reason to b	pelieve is not grou	undless and, if pro	ved true, would indicate m	ore than a minor
2.7	infraction; or				
2.8	(2) investig	gative informatic	on that indicates the	at the nurse represents an i	mmediate threat
2.9	to public heal	th and safety, reg	ardless of whethe	r the nurse has been notifi	ed and had an
2.10	opportunity to	respond.			
2.11	<u>(e) "Encur</u>	nbrance" means	a revocation or su	spension of, or any limita	tion on, the full
2.12	and unrestrict	ed practice of nu	rsing imposed by	a licensing board.	
2.13	<u>(f)</u> "Home	state" means the	party state that is	the nurse's primary state	of residence.
2.14	(g) "Licens	sing board" mean	s a party state's reg	gulatory body responsible	for issuing nurse
2.15	licenses.				
2.16	(h) "Multis	state license" me	ans a license to pr	actice as a registered or a	licensed
2.17	<u> </u>		•	home state licensing boar	
2.18	the licensed n	urse to practice i	n all party states u	nder a multistate licensur	e privilege.
2.19	(i) "Multist	tate licensure priv	vilege" means a leg	al authorization associated	with a multistate
2.20	license permit	ting the practice	of nursing as eith	er a registered nurse (RN)	or LPN/VN in
2.21	a remote state	<u>.</u>			
2.22	<u>(j)</u> "Nurse'	' means an RN o	r LPN/VN, as tho	se terms are defined by ea	ich party state's
2.23	practice laws.				
2.24	<u>(k) "Party</u>	state" means any	y state that has ado	pted this compact.	
2.25	<u>(1) "Remot</u>	te state" means a	party state other t	han the home state.	
2.26	<u>(</u> m) "Singl	e-state license" r	neans a nurse lice	nse issued by a party state	that authorizes
2.27	practice only	within the issuin	g state and does no	ot include a multistate lice	ensure privilege
2.28	to practice in	any other party s	tate.		
2.29	<u>(n) "State</u> "	means a state, to	erritory, or possess	sion of the United States a	and the District
2 30	of Columbia				

2.30 of Columbia.

3.1	(o) "State practice laws" means a party state's laws, rules, and regulations that govern
3.2	the practice of nursing, define the scope of nursing practice, and create the methods and
3.3	grounds for imposing discipline. State practice laws do not include requirements necessary
3.4	to obtain and retain a license, except for qualifications or requirements of the home state.
3.5	ARTICLE 2
3.6	GENERAL PROVISIONS AND JURISDICTION
3.7	(a) A multistate license to practice registered or licensed practical/vocational nursing
3.8	issued by a home state to a resident in that state will be recognized by each party state as
3.9	authorizing a nurse to practice as an RN or LPN/VN under a multistate licensure privilege
3.10	in each party state.
3.11	(b) A state must implement procedures for considering the criminal history records of
3.12	applicants for initial multistate license or licensure by endorsement. The procedures shall
3.13	include the submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based information by applicants
3.14	for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's criminal history record information from the
3.15	Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible for retaining that state's criminal
3.16	records.
3.17	(c) Each party state shall require the following for an applicant to obtain or retain a
3.18	multistate license in the home state:
3.19	(1) meets the home state's qualifications for licensure or renewal of licensure, as well
3.20	as all other applicable state laws;
3.21	(2)(i) has graduated or is eligible to graduate from a licensing board-approved RN or
3.22	LPN/VN prelicensure education program; or
3.23	(ii) has graduated from a foreign RN or LPN/VN prelicensure education program that:
3.24	(A) has been approved by the authorized accrediting body in the applicable country; and
3.25	(B) has been verified by an independent credentials review agency to be comparable to
3.26	a licensing board-approved prelicensure education program;
3.27	(3) has, if a graduate of a foreign prelicensure education program not taught in English
3.28	or if English is not the individual's native language, successfully passed an English
3.29	proficiency examination that includes the components of reading, speaking, writing, and
3.30	listening;
3.31	(4) has successfully passed an NCLEX-RN or NCLEX-PN Examination or recognized

3.32 predecessor, as applicable;

Section 1.

01/23/23	KEVISOK	AGW/DD	23-02312	as introduced
(5) is	eligible for or holds	an active, unencum	bered license;	
(6) ha	s submitted, in conne	ection with an appli	cation for initial licensu	re or licensure by
endorsem	ent, fingerprints or c	other biometric data	for the purpose of obta	ining criminal
history re	cord information fro	m the Federal Bure	au of Investigation and	the agency
responsib	le for retaining that s	state's criminal reco	ords;	
<u>(</u> 7) ha	s not been convicted	or found guilty, or	has entered into an agre	ed disposition, of
a felony c	offense under applica	ble state or federal	criminal law;	
<u>(8)</u> ha	s not been convicted	or found guilty, or	has entered into an agre	ed disposition, of
a misdem	eanor offense related	to the practice of	nursing as determined o	n a case-by-case
basis;				
<u>(9) is :</u>	not currently enrolle	d in an alternative j	program;	
<u>(10) is</u>	s subject to self-discl	osure requirements	regarding current partie	cipation in an
alternativ	e program; and			
<u>(11)</u> h	as a valid United Sta	tes Social Security	number.	
<u>(d) Al</u>	l party states shall be	e authorized, in acc	ordance with existing st	ate due process
law, to tak	te adverse action agai	inst a nurse's multis	tate licensure privilege s	uch as revocation,
suspensio	n, probation, or any	other action that af	fects a nurse's authoriza	tion to practice
under a m	ultistate licensure pr	rivilege, including o	cease and desist actions.	If a party state
akes sucl	n action, it shall pror	nptly notify the adr	ninistrator of the coordi	nated licensure
informati	on system. The admin	nistrator of the coor	dinated licensure inform	ation system shall
promptly	notify the home state	e of any such action	ns by remote states.	
<u>(e)</u> A :	nurse practicing in a	party state must co	mply with the state prac	ctice laws of the
state in w	hich the client is loc	ated at the time ser	vice is provided. The pr	actice of nursing
is not lim	ited to patient care, b	out shall include all	nursing practice as defi	ned by the state
practice la	aws of the party state	e in which the clien	t is located. The practice	e of nursing in a
party state	e under a multistate l	icensure privilege	shall subject a nurse to t	he jurisdiction of
the licens	ing board, the courts	, and the laws of th	e party state in which th	e client is located
at the tim	e service is provided	<u>.</u>		
<u>(f)</u> Inc	lividuals not residing	g in a party state sha	all continue to be able to	apply for a party
state's sin	gle-state license as p	provided under the	aws of each party state.	However, the
single-sta	te license granted to	these individuals w	vill not be recognized as	granting the
privilege	to practice nursing in	n any other party st	ate. Nothing in this com	pact shall affect
the requir	ements established b	by a party state for t	the issuance of a single-	state license.

01/23/23

REVISOR

AGW/DD

23-02312

as introduced

01/23/23	REVISOR	AGW/DD	23-02312	as introduced
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5.1	(g) Any nurse holding a home state multistate license, on the effective date of this
5.2	compact, may retain and renew the multistate license issued by the nurse's then-current
5.3	home state, provided that:
5.4	(1) a nurse, who changes primary state of residence after this compact's effective date,
5.5	must meet all applicable paragraph (c) requirements to obtain a multistate license from a
5.6	new home state; or
5.7	(2) a nurse who fails to satisfy the multistate licensure requirements in paragraph (c)
5.8	due to a disqualifying event occurring after this compact's effective date shall be ineligible
5.9	to retain or renew a multistate license, and the nurse's multistate license shall be revoked
5.10	or deactivated in accordance with applicable rules adopted by the Interstate Commission
5.11	of Nurse Licensure Compact Administrators ("Commission").
5.12	ARTICLE 3
5.13	APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSURE IN A PARTY STATE
5.14	(a) Upon application for a multistate license, the licensing board in the issuing party
5.15	state shall ascertain, through the coordinated licensure information system, whether the
5.16	applicant has ever held or is the holder of a license issued by any other state, whether there
5.17	are any encumbrances on any license or multistate licensure privilege held by the applicant,
5.18	whether any adverse action has been taken against any license or multistate licensure privilege
5.19	held by the applicant, and whether the applicant is currently participating in an alternative
5.20	program.
5.21	(b) A nurse may hold a multistate license issued by the home state in only one party
5.22	state at a time.
5.23	(c) If a nurse changes primary state of residence by moving between two party states,
5.24	the nurse must apply for licensure in the new home state, and the multistate license issued
5.25	by the prior home state will be deactivated in accordance with applicable rules adopted by
5.26	the commission:
5.27	(1) the nurse may apply for licensure in advance of a change in primary state of residence;
5.28	and
5.29	(2) a multistate license shall not be issued by the new home state until the nurse provides
5.30	satisfactory evidence of a change in primary state of residence to the new home state and
5.31	satisfies all applicable requirements to obtain a multistate license from the new home state.

6.1	(d) If a nurse changes primery state of residence by maxing from a party state to a
6.1	(d) If a nurse changes primary state of residence by moving from a party state to a
6.2	nonparty state, the multistate license issued by the prior home state will convert to a
6.3	single-state license, valid only in the former home state.
6.4	ARTICLE 4
6.5	ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES INVESTED IN PARTY STATE LICENSING BOARDS
6.6	(a) In addition to the other powers conferred by state law, a licensing board shall have
6.7	the authority to:
6.8	(1) take adverse action against a nurse's multistate licensure privilege to practice within
6.9	that party state:
6.10	(i) only the home state shall have the power to take adverse action against a nurse's
6.11	license issued by the home state; and
6.12	(ii) for purposes of taking adverse action, the home state licensing board shall give the
6.13	same priority and effect to reported conduct received from a remote state as it would if the
6.14	conduct occurred within the home state. In so doing, the home state shall apply its own state
6.15	laws to determine appropriate action;
6.16	(2) issue cease and desist orders or impose an encumbrance on a nurse's authority to
6.17	practice within that party state;
6.18	(3) complete any pending investigations of a nurse who changes primary state of residence
6.19	during the course of the investigations. The licensing board shall also have the authority to
6.20	take appropriate action and shall promptly report the conclusions of the investigations to
6.21	the administrator of the coordinated licensure information system. The administrator of the
6.22	coordinated licensure information system shall promptly notify the new home state of any
6.23	such actions;
6.24	(4) issue subpoenas for hearings and investigations that require the attendance and
6.25	testimony of witnesses, as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a licensing
6.26	board in a party state for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of
6.27	evidence from another party state shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of
6.28	competent jurisdiction according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to
6.29	subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay any
6.30	witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of the
6.31	state in which the witnesses or evidence are located;
6.32	(5) obtain and submit, for each nurse licensure applicant, fingerprint or other
6.33	biometric-based information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for criminal background

01/23/23

REVISOR

AGW/DD

23-02312

as introduced

	01/23/23	REVISOR	AGW/DD	23-02312	as introduced
7.1	checks, recei	ive the results of t	he Federal Bureau o	of Investigation record se	arch on criminal
7.2				glicensure decisions;	
7.3	(6) if oth	erwise permitted	by state law, recove	r from the affected nurse	the costs of
7.4				rom any adverse action ta	
7.5	nurse; and	<b>_</b>		<b>-</b>	
7.6	(7) take a	dverse action has	sed on the factual fu	ndings of the remote stat	e provided that
7.7				r taking such adverse act	
			•		
7.8			-	e against a nurse's multis	
7.9				all other party states sha	
7.10	until all encu	imbrances have b	een removed from	he multistate license. Al	l home state
7.11	disciplinary	orders that impos	e adverse action ag	ainst a nurse's multistate	license shall
7.12	include a sta	tement that the nu	urse's multistate lice	nsure privilege is deactive	vated in all party
7.13	states during	the pendency of	the order.		
7.14	<u>(c) Nothi</u>	ng in this compac	et shall override a pa	arty state's decision that	participation in
7.15	an alternative	e program may be	used in lieu of adve	rse action. The home stat	e licensing board
7.16	shall deactiv	ate the multistate	licensure privilege	under the multistate lice	nse of any nurse
7.17	for the durat	ion of the nurse's	participation in an a	alternative program.	
7.18			ARTICLE	5	
7.19	COORDI	NATED LICENS	URE INFORMATI	ON SYSTEM AND EX	CHANGE OF
7.20			INFORMAT	ION	
7.21	(a) All pa	arty states shall pa	articipate in a coord	inated licensure information	tion system of
7.22	RNs and LPI	Ns. The system wi	ll include informatio	on on the licensure and dis	sciplinary history
7.23				ist in the coordination of	
7.24	and enforcer	nent efforts.			
7.25	<u>(b)</u> The c	ommission, in co	nsultation with the a	administrator of the coord	linated licensure
7.26	information	system, shall forn	nulate necessary and	l proper procedures for tl	ne identification,
7.27	collection, a	nd exchange of in	formation under the	s compact.	
7.28	(c) All lie	censing boards sh	all promptly report	to the coordinated licens	ure information
7.29	system any a	dverse action; an	y current significan	t investigative information	on; denials of
7.30	applications,	, including the rea	asons for the denials	; and nurse participation	in alternative
7.31	programs kn	own to the licens	ing board, regardles	s of whether the particip	ation is deemed
7.32	nonpublic or	confidential und	er state law.		

01/23/23	REVISOR	AGW/DD	23-02312	as introduced

8.1	(d) Current significant investigative information and participation in nonpublic or
8.2	confidential alternative programs shall be transmitted through the coordinated licensure
8.3	information system only to party state licensing boards.
8.4	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all party state licensing boards
8.5	contributing information to the coordinated licensure information system may designate
8.6	information that shall not be shared with nonparty states or disclosed to other entities or
8.7	individuals without the express permission of the contributing state.
8.8	(f) Any personally identifiable information obtained from the coordinated licensure
8.9	information system by a party state licensing board shall not be shared with nonparty states
8.10	or disclosed to other entities or individuals except to the extent permitted by the laws of the
8.11	party state contributing the information.
8.12	(g) Any information contributed to the coordinated licensure information system that is
8.13	subsequently required to be expunged by the laws of the party state contributing that
8.14	information shall also be expunged from the coordinated licensure information system.
8.15	(h) The compact administrator of each party state shall furnish a uniform data set to the
8.16	compact administrator of each other party state, which shall include, at a minimum:
8.17	(1) identifying information;
8.18	(2) licensure data;
8.19	(3) information related to alternative program participation; and
8.20	(4) other information that may facilitate the administration of this compact, as determined
8.21	by commission rules.
8.22	(i) The compact administrator of a party state shall provide all investigative documents
8.23	and information requested by another party state.
8.24	ARTICLE 6
8.25	ESTABLISHMENT OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION OF NURSE LICENSURE
8.26	COMPACT ADMINISTRATORS
8.27	(a) The party states hereby create and establish a joint public entity known as the Interstate
8.28	Commission of Nurse Licensure Compact Administrators:
8.29	(1) the commission is an instrumentality of the party states;
8.30	(2) venue is proper, and judicial proceedings by or against the commission shall be
8.31	brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office

01/23/23	REVISOR	AGW/DD	23-02312	as introduced
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9.1	of the commission is located. The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses
9.2	to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings;
9.3	and
9.4	(3) nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity.
9.5	(b) Membership, voting, and meetings:
9.6	(1) each party state shall have and be limited to one administrator. The head of the state
9.7	licensing board or designee shall be the administrator of this compact for each party state.
9.8	Any administrator may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the laws of
9.9	the state from which the administrator is appointed. Any vacancy occurring in the commission
9.10	shall be filled in accordance with the laws of the party state in which the vacancy exists;
9.11	(2) each administrator shall be entitled to one vote with regard to the promulgation of
9.12	rules and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the
9.13	business and affairs of the commission. An administrator shall vote in person or by such
9.14	other means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for an administrator's
9.15	participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication;
9.16	(3) the commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional
9.17	meetings shall be held as set forth in the bylaws or rules of the commission;
9.18	(4) all meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall be given
9.19	in the same manner as required under the rulemaking provisions in article 7;
9.20	(5) the commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting if the commission must
9.21	discuss:
9.22	(i) noncompliance of a party state with its obligations under this compact;
9.23	(ii) the employment, compensation, discipline, or other personnel matters, practices, or
9.24	procedures related to specific employees or other matters related to the commission's internal
9.25	personnel practices and procedures;
9.26	(iii) current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;
9.27	(iv) negotiation of contracts for the purchase or sale of goods, services, or real estate;
9.28	(v) accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;
9.29	(vi) disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged
9.30	or confidential;

10.1	(vii) disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a
10.2	clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
10.3	(viii) disclosure of investigatory records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
10.4	(ix) disclosure of information related to any reports prepared by or on behalf of the
10.5	commission for the purpose of investigation of compliance with this compact; or
10.6	(x) matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or state statute; and
10.7	(6) if a meeting or portion of a meeting is closed pursuant to this provision, the
10.8	commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and
10.9	shall reference each relevant exempting provision. The commission shall keep minutes that
10.10	fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and
10.11	accurate summary of actions taken and the reasons therefore, including a description of the
10.12	views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified
10.13	in the minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal,
10.14	subject to release by a majority vote of the commission or order of a court of competent
10.15	jurisdiction.
10.16	(c) The commission shall, by a majority vote of the administrators, prescribe bylaws or
10.17	rules to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and
10.18	exercise the powers of this compact, including but not limited to:
10.19	(1) establishing the fiscal year of the commission;
10.20	(2) providing reasonable standards and procedures:
10.21	(i) for the establishment and meetings of other committees; and
10.22	(ii) governing any general or specific delegation of any authority or function of the
10.23	commission;
10.24	(3) providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the
10.25	commission, ensuring reasonable advance notice of all meetings and providing an opportunity
10.26	for attendance of the meetings by interested parties, with enumerated exceptions designed
10.27	to protect the public's interest, the privacy of individuals, and proprietary information,
10.28	including trade secrets. The commission may meet in closed session only after a majority
10.29	of the administrators vote to close a meeting in whole or in part. As soon as practicable, the
10.30	commission must make public a copy of the vote to close the meeting revealing the vote of
10.31	each administrator, with no proxy votes allowed;

11.1	(4) establishing the titles, duties, and authority and reasonable procedures for the election
11.2	of the officers of the commission;
11.3	(5) providing reasonable standards and procedures for the establishment of the personnel
11.4	policies and programs of the commission. Notwithstanding any civil service or other similar
11.5	laws of any party state, the bylaws shall exclusively govern the personnel policies and
11.6	programs of the commission; and
11.7	(6) providing a mechanism for winding up the operations of the commission and the
11.8	equitable disposition of any surplus funds that may exist after the termination of this compact
11.9	after the payment or reserving of all of its debts and obligations.
11.10	(d) The commission shall publish its bylaws, rules, and any amendments in a convenient
11.11	form on the website of the commission.
11.12	(e) The commission shall maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws.
11.13	(f) The commission shall meet and take actions consistent with the provisions of this
11.14	compact and the bylaws.
11.15	(g) The commission shall have the following powers:
11.16	(1) to promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate implementation and
11.17	administration of this compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of law and shall
11.18	be binding in all party states;
11.19	(2) to bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the commission,
11.20	provided that the standing of any licensing board to sue or be sued under applicable law
11.21	shall not be affected;
11.22	(3) to purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
11.23	(4) to borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including but not limited to
11.24	employees of a party state or nonprofit organizations;
11.25	(5) to cooperate with other organizations that administer state compacts related to the
11.26	regulation of nursing, including but not limited to sharing administrative or staff expenses,
11.27	office space, or other resources;
11.28	(6) to hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant
11.29	such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of this compact, and establish
11.20	the commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest

11.30 the commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest,

11.31 qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters;

01/23/23

REVISOR

AGW/DD

23-02312

as introduced

01/23/23	REVISOR	AGW/DD	23-02312	as introduced
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12.1	(7) to accept any and all appropriate donations, grants, and gifts of money, equipment,
12.2	supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of the same; provided
12.3	that at all times the commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety or conflict of
12.4	interest;
12.5	(8) to lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise to own,
12.6	hold, improve, or use any property, whether real, personal, or mixed; provided that at all
12.7	times the commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety;
12.8	(9) to sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose
12.9	of any property, whether real, personal, or mixed;
12.10	(10) to establish a budget and make expenditures;
12.11	(11) to borrow money;
12.12	(12) to appoint committees, including advisory committees comprised of administrators,
12.13	state nursing regulators, state legislators or their representatives, and consumer
12.14	representatives, and other such interested persons;
12.15	(13) to provide and receive information from, and to cooperate with, law enforcement
12.16	agencies;
12.17	(14) to adopt and use an official seal; and
12.18	(15) to perform other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes
12.19	of this compact consistent with the state regulation of nurse licensure and practice.
12.20	(h) Financing of the commission:
12.21	(1) the commission shall pay or provide for the payment of the reasonable expenses of
12.22	its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities;
12.23	(2) the commission may also levy on and collect an annual assessment from each party
12.24	state to cover the cost of its operations, activities, and staff in its annual budget as approved
12.25	each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount, if any, shall be allocated based on a
12.26	formula to be determined by the commission, which shall promulgate a rule that is binding
12.27	upon all party states;
12.28	(3) the commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds
12.29	adequate to meet the same; nor shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the party
12.30	states, except by and with the authority of the party state; and
12.31	(4) the commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The
12.32	receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting

01/23/23	REVISOR	AGW/DD	23-02312	as introduced
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13.1	procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds
13.2	handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public
13.3	accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual
13.4	report of the commission.
13.5	(i) Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification:
13.6	(1) the administrators, officers, executive director, employees, and representatives of
13.7	the commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official
13.8	capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil
13.9	liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred,
13.10	or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing
13.11	occurred, within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided
13.12	that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or
13.13	liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional, willful, or wanton
13.14	misconduct of that person;
13.15	(2) the commission shall defend any administrator, officer, executive director, employee,
13.16	or representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising
13.17	out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of
13.18	commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the
13.19	claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission
13.20	employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to
13.21	prohibit that person from retaining the person's counsel; and provided further that the actual
13.22	or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional, willful, or
13.23	wanton misconduct; and
13.24	(3) the commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any administrator, officer,
13.25	executive director, employee, or representative of the commission for the amount of any
13.26	settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act,
13.27	error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or
13.28	responsibilities, or that the person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the
13.29	scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that the actual or
13.30	alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional, willful, or wanton
13.31	misconduct of that person.
13.32	ARTICLE 7
13.33	RULEMAKING

14.1	(a) The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to this article and the
14.2	rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date
14.3	specified in each rule or amendment and shall have the same force and effect as provisions
14.4	of this compact.
14.5	(b) Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of
14.6	the commission.
14.7	(c) Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the commission, and
14.8	at least 60 days in advance of the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted
14.9	on, the commission shall file a notice of proposed rulemaking:
14.10	(1) on the website of the commission; and
14.11	(2) on the website of each licensing board or the publication in which the state would
14.12	otherwise publish proposed rules.
14.13	(d) The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:
14.14	(1) the proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which the rule will be
14.15	considered and voted on;
14.16	(2) the text of the proposed rule or amendment, and the reason for the proposed rule;
14.17	(3) a request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested person; and
14.18	(4) the manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the commission of their
14.19	intention to attend the public hearing and any written comments.
14.20	(e) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission shall allow persons to submit
14.21	written data, facts, opinions, and arguments that shall be made available to the public.
14.22	(f) The commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing before it adopts a
14.23	rule or amendment.
14.24	(g) The commission shall publish the place, time, and date of the scheduled public
14.25	hearing:
14.26	(1) hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to
14.27	comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in writing. All hearings
14.28	will be recorded and a copy will be made available upon request; and
14.29	(2) nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each
14.30	rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required by
14.31	this section.

	01/23/23	REVISOR	AGW/DD	23-02312	as introduced
15.1	(h) If no	person appears at	the public hearing	g, the commission may pr	oceed with
15.2		n of the proposed			
15.3	(i) Follow	wing the scheduled	hearing date or	by the close of business of	n the scheduled
15.4	hearing date	if the hearing was	not held, the con	nmission shall consider al	l written and oral
15.5	comments re	eceived.			
15.6	<u>(j)</u> The co	ommission shall, b	y majority vote o	f all administrators, take f	inal action on the
15.7	proposed rul	e and shall determ	nine the effective	date of the rule, if any, bas	sed on the
15.8	rulemaking	record and the full	text of the rule.		
15.9	<u>(k)</u> Upon	determination that	it an emergency e	xists, the commission may	y consider and
15.10	adopt an em	ergency rule with	out prior notice or	opportunity for comment	t or hearing,
15.11	provided that	t the usual rulema	king procedures p	provided in this compact a	nd in this section
15.12	shall be retro	pactively applied t	o the rule as soon	as reasonably possible, in	n no event later
15.13	than 90 days	s after the effective	e date of the rule.	For the purposes of this p	rovision, an
15.14	emergency r	rule is one that mus	st be adopted imn	nediately in order to:	
15.15	<u>(1) meet</u>	an imminent threa	t to public health	, safety, or welfare;	
15.16	<u>(2)</u> preve	ent a loss of comm	ission or party sta	te funds; or	
15.17	(3) meet	a deadline for the	promulgation of	an administrative rule that	is required by
15.18	federal law o	or rule.			
15.19	<u>(l)</u> The co	ommission may di	rect revisions to a	previously adopted rule of	or amendment for
15.20	purposes of	correcting typogra	phical errors, erro	ors in format, errors in con	nsistency, or
15.21	grammatical	errors. Public not	ice of any revisio	ns shall be posted on the	website of the
15.22	commission	. The revision shal	l be subject to ch	allenge by any person for	a period of 30
15.23	days after po	osting. The revision	n may be challeng	ed only on grounds that th	e revision results
15.24	in a material	change to a rule.	A challenge shall	be made in writing and d	elivered to the
15.25	commission	before the end of	the notice period.	If no challenge is made, t	the revision will
15.26	take effect w	vithout further acti	on. If the revisior	is challenged, the revision	on shall not take
15.27	effect without	ut the approval of	the commission.		
15.28			ARTICL	<u>E 8</u>	
15.29	<u>C</u>	OVERSIGHT, DIS	PUTE RESOLU	ΓΙΟΝ, AND ENFORCEM	IENT
15.30	(a) Overs	sight:			
15.31	(1) each	party state shall er	nforce this compa	ct and take all actions nec	essary and
15.32	appropriate 1	to effectuate this c	ompact's purpose	s and intent; and	

01/23/23	REVISOR	AGW/DD	23-02312	as introduced
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16.1	(2) the commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any proceeding that
16.2	may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the commission and shall have standing
16.3	to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process in
16.4	the proceeding to the commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the commission,
16.5	this compact, or promulgated rules.
16.6	(b) Default, technical assistance, and termination:
16.7	(1) if the commission determines that a party state has defaulted in the performance of
16.8	its obligations or responsibilities under this compact or the promulgated rules, the commission
16.9	shall:
16.10	(i) provide written notice to the defaulting state and other party states of the nature of
16.11	the default, the proposed means of curing the default, or any other action to be taken by the
16.12	commission; and
16.13	(ii) provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default;
16.14	(2) if a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state's membership in this
16.15	compact may be terminated upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the administrators,
16.16	and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact may be terminated on the
16.17	effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of
16.18	obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default;
16.19	(3) termination of membership in this compact shall be imposed only after all other
16.20	means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate
16.21	shall be given by the commission to the governor of the defaulting state and to the executive
16.22	officer of the defaulting state's licensing board and each of the party states;
16.23	(4) a state whose membership in this compact has been terminated is responsible for all
16.24	assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination,
16.25	including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination;
16.26	(5) the commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is found to be in default
16.27	or whose membership in this compact has been terminated, unless agreed upon in writing
16.28	between the commission and the defaulting state; and
16.29	(6) the defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the U.S.
16.30	District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district in which the commission
16.31	has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of the litigation,
16.32	including reasonable attorney fees.
16.33	(c) Dispute resolution:

17.1	(1) upon request by a party state, the commission shall attempt to resolve disputes related
17.2	to the compact that arise among party states and between party and nonparty states;
17.3	(2) the commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding
17.4	dispute resolution for disputes, as appropriate; and
17.5	(3) in the event the commission cannot resolve disputes among party states arising under
17.6	this compact:
17.7	(i) the party states may submit the issues in dispute to an arbitration panel, that will be
17.8	comprised of individuals appointed by the compact administrator in each of the affected
17.9	party states and an individual mutually agreed upon by the compact administrators of all
17.10	the party states involved in the dispute; and
17.11	(ii) the decision of a majority of the arbitrators shall be final and binding.
17.12	(d) Enforcement:
17.13	(1) the commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the
17.14	provisions and rules of this compact;
17.15	(2) by majority vote, the commission may initiate legal action in the U.S. District Court
17.16	for the District of Columbia or the federal district in which the commission has its principal
17.17	offices against a party state that is in default to enforce compliance with this compact and
17.18	its promulgated rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and
17.19	damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded
17.20	all costs of the litigation, including reasonable attorney fees; and
17.21	(3) the remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the commission. The
17.22	commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or state law.
17.23	ARTICLE 9
17.24	EFFECTIVE DATE, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT
17.25	(a) This compact shall become effective and binding on the earlier of the date of
17.26	legislative enactment of this compact into law by no less than twenty-six states or December
17.27	31, 2018. All party states to this compact that also were parties to the prior Nurse Licensure
17.28	Compact that was superseded by this compact shall be deemed to have withdrawn from the
17.29	prior compact within six months after the effective date of this compact.
17.30	(b) Each party state to this compact shall continue to recognize a nurse's multistate
17.31	licensure privilege to practice in that party state issued under the prior compact until the
17.32	party state has withdrawn from the prior compact.

01/23/23

REVISOR

AGW/DD

23-02312

as introduced

18.1	(c) Any party state may withdraw from this compact by legislative enactment. A party
18.2	state's withdrawal shall not take effect until six months after enactment of the repealing
18.3	statute.
18.4	(d) A party state's withdrawal or termination shall not affect the continuing requirement
18.5	of the withdrawing or terminated state's licensing board to report adverse actions and
18.6	significant investigations occurring prior to the effective date of the withdrawal or
18.7	termination.
18.8	(e) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any nurse licensure
18.9	agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a party state and a nonparty state that
18.10	is made in accordance with the other provisions of this compact.
18.11	(f) This compact may be amended by the party states. No amendment to this compact
18.12	shall become effective and binding upon the party states unless and until it is enacted into
18.13	the laws of all party states.
18.14	(g) Representatives of nonparty states to this compact shall be invited to participate in
18.15	the activities of the commission on a nonvoting basis prior to the adoption of this compact
18.16	by all states.
18.17	ARTICLE 10
18.18	CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY
18.19	This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. This
18.20	compact shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact
18.21	is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any party state or of the United States, or if
18.22	the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid,
18.23	the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government,
18.24	agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this compact is held to be
18.25	contrary to the constitution of any party state, this compact shall remain in full force and
18.26	effect for the remaining party states and in full force and effect for the party state affected
18.27	as to all severable matters.
18.28	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2023.
18.29	Sec. 2. [148.2856] APPLICATION OF NURSE LICENSURE COMPACT TO
18.30	

18.31 (a) Section 148.2855 does not supersede existing state labor laws.

01/23/23	REVISOR	AGW/DD	23-02312	as introduced
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19.1	(b) If the board takes action against an individual's multistate privilege, the action must
19.2	be adjudicated following the procedures in sections 14.50 to 14.62 and must be subject to
19.3	the judicial review provided for in sections 14.63 to 14.69.
19.4	(c) The board may take action against an individual's multistate privilege based on the
19.5	grounds listed in section 148.261, subdivision 1, and any other statute authorizing or requiring
19.6	the board to take corrective or disciplinary action.
19.7	(d) The board may take all forms of disciplinary action provided in section 148.262,
19.8	subdivision 1, and corrective action provided in section 214.103, subdivision 6, against an
19.9	individual's multistate privilege.
19.10	(e) The cooperation requirements of section 148.265 apply to individuals who practice
19.11	professional or practical nursing in Minnesota under section 148.2855.
19.12	(f) Complaints against individuals who practice professional or practical nursing in
19.13	Minnesota under section 148.2855 must be addressed according to sections 214.10 and
19.14	<u>214.104.</u>
19.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2023.
19.16	Sec. 3. APPROPRIATION.
19.17	\$ in fiscal year 2024 is appropriated from the state government special revenue fund
19.18	to the Board of Nursing for the purposes of implementing Minnesota Statutes, section

19.19 <u>148.2855.</u>