S3013-1

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-FIRST SESSION

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S.F. No. 3013

(SENATE AUTHORS: WEBER, Simonson, Dibble, Osmek and Lang)					
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS			
02/11/2020	4723	Introduction and first reading			
02/20/2020	4818a	Referred to Energy and Utilities Finance and Policy Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance			
02/20/2020		Author added Lang			

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to energy; establishing the Natural Gas Innovation Act; encouraging natural
1.3	gas utilities to develop alternative resources; requiring a renewable gaseous fuel
1.4	inventory; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216B.
1.5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.6	Section 1. TITLE.
1.7	This bill may be referred to as the "Natural Gas Innovation Act."
1.8	Sec. 2. [216B.2427] NATURAL GAS UTILITY ALTERNATIVE RESOURCE
1.9	PLANS.
1.10	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this
1.11	subdivision have the meanings given.
1.12	(b) "Alternative resource" means a utility service that could be used to meet energy
1.13	demands and achieve the goals under this section, through the use of nonfossil fuel resources
1.14	or innovative technologies. Alternative resource includes but is not limited to biogas,
1.15	power-to-hydrogen, renewable natural gas, nonpipeline solutions, and avoided energy usage
1.16	achieved through energy efficiency that is not included in the utility's approved conservation
1.17	improvement program. Alternative resource does not include renewable attributes or credits
1.18	purchased separately from the associated fuel or product.
1.19	(c) "Biogas" means gas created by the anaerobic digestion of biomass, gasification of
1.20	biomass, or other effective conversion processes.
1.21	(d) "Natural gas utility" means a public utility as defined in section 216B.02, subdivision
1.22	4, that provides natural gas sales or transportation services to customers in Minnesota.

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<u>(e)</u> "Powe	er-to-hydrogen" mea	ns the use of ele	ectricity generated by	an eligible energy
echnology a	s defined in section	216B.1691, sub	division 1, paragraph	(a), or 216B.2422,
ubdivision 1	, to create hydrogen	for injection int	o a natural gas utility o	or interstate pipelir
ystem.				
(f) "Rene	wable natural gas" m	eans biogas that	has been processed to	b be interchangeab
vith convent	ional natural gas and	d has lower lifed	ycle greenhouse gas	intensity than
onventional	fossil natural gas.			
(g) "Rene	wable gaseous fuel"	means renewab	ble natural gas or hydr	rogen produced via
wer-to-hy	drogen that has lowe	r lifecycle green	house gas intensity th	nan conventional
ssil natural	gas.			
<u>(h)</u> "Total	incremental cost" n	neans the sum o	<u>f:</u>	
<u>(1)</u> capita	l investments in infr	astructure for th	e production, process	ing, pipeline
nterconnecti	on, storage, and dist	ribution of rene	wable natural gas or a	alternative resourc
ncluded in a	utility alternative re	source plan app	oved pursuant to subo	division 3, includin
ne cost of ca	pital established by	the commission	in the natural gas uti	lity's most recent
general rate of	case;			
(2) operat	ing costs associated v	with capital invest	stments in infrastructur	re for the productio
rocessing, p	ipeline interconnect	ion, storage, and	l distribution of renev	vable natural gas o
lternative re	sources included in	a utility alternat	ive resource plan app	roved pursuant to
ubdivision 3	<u>;</u>			
(3) the in	cremental cost to pro	ocure renewable	natural gas from thir	d parties; and
(4) the inc	cremental costs to ad	minister program	ns included in a utility	alternative resour
olan approve	d pursuant to subdiv	vision 3. Less the	e sum of:	
(i) any va	lue received by the	natural gas utilit	y upon the resale of r	enewable gaseous
uels or the s	ale of its by-product	s not used for se	ervice to Minnesota cu	ustomers, includin
ny environn	nental credits includ	ed with the resa	le of the renewable ga	aseous fuels; and
(ii) any co	ost savings achieved	through avoida	nce of conventional na	atural gas purchase
ncluding bu	t not limited to any a	voided commo	lity purchases or avoi	ded pipeline costs
Subd. 2.	Renewable natural	gas and alterna	ative resource goals.	A natural gas utili
nay assist th	e state in meeting its	s renewable ener	rgy and greenhouse ga	as reduction goals
under sectior	ns 216C.05, subdivis	ion 2, clause (3)), and 216H.02, subdi	vision 1, by using
alternative re	sources to meet cust	tomer energy de	mands. The natural g	as utility's total

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3.1	exceed five	percent of the natural	gas utility's tota	al annual revenue requ	uirement excluding			
3.2	gas costs, as determined in the natural gas utility's most recent general rate case.							
3.3	Subd. 3.	Subd. 3. Alternative resource plans. (a) A natural gas utility may file an alternative						
3.4	resource plan with the commission. An alternative resource plan must include the							
3.5	recommende	ed alternative resource	es the utility pla	ns to implement to ac	lvance the state's			
3.6	goals establi	shed in sections 216C	C.05 and 216H.0	2 within the requirem	ents and limitations			
3.7	set forth in the	his section. The utilit	y's recommende	d plan must discuss:				
3.8	<u>(1)</u> any p	ilot program propose	d by the natural	gas utility related to	the development or			
3.9	provision of	renewable natural ga	s or alternative	resources, including a	in estimate of the			
3.10	total increme	ental costs to implemental	ent the pilot pro	gram;				
3.11	(2) a third	d-party analysis of th	e lifecycle greei	nhouse gas intensity of	of any alternative			
3.12	resources pro	oposed to be included	in the plan takin	ng into account emiss	ions associated with			
3.13	the production	on, processing, transn	nission, and con	sumption of energy a	ssociated with the			
3.14	resource;							
3.15	<u>(3) a third</u>	d-party analysis of the	forecasted lifec	ycle greenhouse gas e	missions reductions			
3.16	achieved or	the lifecycle greenhou	use gas emission	ns avoided if the alter	native resources are			
3.17	implemented	d, including any:						
3.18	<u>(i) avoide</u>	ed emissions attributa	ble to utility op	erations;				
3.19	(ii) avoid	led emissions from th	e production, p	ocessing, and transm	ission of fuels prior			
3.20	to receipt by	the utility; and						
3.21	<u>(iii) avoi</u>	ded emissions at the p	point of end use	2				
3.22	(4) the pr	rocess used to develop	p the lifecycle g	reenhouse gas accour	nting methodology			
3.23	used consiste	ently throughout the p	plan, including o	lescriptions of how th	ne utility engaged			
3.24	interested sta	akeholders and ensure	ed the plan refle	cts current scientific	knowledge;			
3.25	(5) wheth	her the recommended	plan supports t	he development and u	use of alternative			
3.26	agricultural j	products, waste reduc	ction, reuse, or a	naerobic digestion of	organic waste, and			
3.27	the recovery	of energy from waste	e water;					
3.28	<u>(6)</u> a deso	cription of third-party	v systems and pr	ocesses the utility pla	ins to use to:			
3.29	(i) track t	the proposed alternati	ive resources inc	cluded in the plan so	hat environmental			
3.30	benefits are	used only for this pla	n and not claim	ed for any other progr	am; and			
3.31	<u>(ii) verify</u>	y the environmental a	ttributes and gro	eenhouse gas intensity	y of proposed			
3.32	alternative re	esources included in t	the plan;					

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4.1	(7) a dese	cription of known loc	al job impacts	and the steps the utilit	y and its energy		
4.2	suppliers and contractors are taking to maximize the availability of construction employment						
4.3	opportunities for local workers; and						
4.4	(8) a repo	ort on the utility's prog	ess toward imp	plementing the recomm	nendations contained		
4.5	in its previou	usly filed alternative r	esource plan, i	f applicable.			
4.6	(b) The c	ommission must appr	ove, modify, o	r deny the plan within	12 months of filing.		
4.7	<u> </u>			esource plan no more f			
4.8				lify, or deny a plan, th			
4.9	consider who	ether the plan promot	es the natural §	gas utility's ability to a	chieve the goals		
4.10	established i	n sections 216C.05 ar	nd 216H.02 at	a cost level consistent	with this section.		
4.11	The commis	sion may not approve	renewable na	tural gas as part of an	alternative resource		
4.12	plan unless i	t finds that the renews	able natural ga	s included in the plan	will have a lower		
4.13	lifecycle gre	enhouse gas intensity	than convention	onal fossil natural gas.	The commission		
4.14	may not appr	rove any alternative re	source for incl	usion in an alternative	resource plan unless		
4.15	it finds that r	easonable systems wi	ll be used to tra	ack and verify the envi	ronmental attributes		
4.16	of the alternative resource, taking into account any third-party tracking or verification						
4.17	systems available.						
4.18	(c) Comm	nission approval of a p	lan constitutes	prima facie evidence c	of the reasonableness		
4.19	of the invest	nents and costs incurr	ed pursuant to	the plan. Actual incren	nental costs incurred		
4.20	pursuant to a	n approved plan and c	osts incurred by	obtaining the third-pa	rty analysis required		
4.21	in paragraph	(a), clauses (2) and (a)	3), are recover	able either:			
4.22	<u>(1)</u> under	section 216B.16, sub	division 7, cla	use (2), via the utility'	s purchase gas		
4.23	adjustment;	or					
4.24	(2) in the	natural gas utility's ne	ext general rate	case. The utility bears	the burden to prove		
4.25	the actual in	cremental costs incurr	red to impleme	ent the approved altern	ative resource plan		
4.26	were reasona	able. A transportation	customer of a	natural gas utility sha	ll not bear any costs		
4.27	incurred to in	mplement an approve	d alternative re	esource plan, except to	the extent the		
4.28	transportatio	n customer elects to p	participate in a	pilot program.			
4.29	(d) Witho	out filing an alternativ	e resource pla	n, a natural gas utility	may propose, and		
4.30	the commiss	ion may approve cost	recovery for:				
4.31	(1) altern	ative resources acquir	ed to satisfy a c	commission-approved	green tariff program		
4.32	that allows c	ustomers to choose to	meet a portio	n of the customers' en	ergy needs through		
4.33	alternative re	esources; or					

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5.1	(2) utility expenditures for alternative resources within five percent of the average of
5.2	Ventura and Demarc index price for conventional natural gas at the time of the transaction.
5.3	Any approved green-tariff program must include provisions to ensure reasonable systems
5.4	are used to track and verify the environmental attributes of alternative resources included
5.5	in the program, taking into account any third-party tracking or verification systems available.
5.6	(e) A natural gas utility with an approved plan must provide annual status reports to the
5.7	commission regarding the work completed pursuant to the plan, including the costs incurred
5.8	under the plan; the resulting progress toward meeting the state's goals in sections 216C.05
5.9	and 216H.02; a description of the processes used to track, verify, and retire the alternative
5.10	resources and associated environmental attributes; and an update on the lifecycle greenhouse
5.11	gas accounting methodology consistent with current science. As part of the annual status
5.12	report the natural gas utility may propose modifications to pilot programs in the plan. In
5.13	evaluating a utility's annual report the commission may:
5.14	(1) approve the continuation of pilot programs, with or without modifications;
5.15	(2) require the utility to file a new or modified plan to account for changed circumstances;
5.16	<u>or</u>
5.17	(3) disapprove the continuation of pilot programs.
5.17 5.18	(3) disapprove the continuation of pilot programs.(f) A utility may file an alternative resource plan at any time after this section becomes
5.18 5.19	(f) A utility may file an alternative resource plan at any time after this section becomes effective.
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5.18 5.19 5.20	(f) A utility may file an alternative resource plan at any time after this section becomes <u>effective.</u> Sec. 3. <u>RENEWABLE GASEOUS FUEL INVENTORY.</u>
5.185.195.205.21	 (f) A utility may file an alternative resource plan at any time after this section becomes effective. Sec. 3. <u>RENEWABLE GASEOUS FUEL INVENTORY.</u> (a) By June 15, 2021, the Department of Commerce must develop an inventory of
 5.18 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 	 (f) A utility may file an alternative resource plan at any time after this section becomes effective. Sec. 3. <u>RENEWABLE GASEOUS FUEL INVENTORY.</u> (a) By June 15, 2021, the Department of Commerce must develop an inventory of renewable gaseous fuel resources as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.2427,
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 5.18 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 	 (f) A utility may file an alternative resource plan at any time after this section becomes effective. Sec. 3. <u>RENEWABLE GASEOUS FUEL INVENTORY.</u> (a) By June 15, 2021, the Department of Commerce must develop an inventory of renewable gaseous fuel resources as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.2427, subdivision 1, paragraph (g), available to Minnesota. The inventory must include but is not limited to: (1) a list of the potential renewable natural gas sources in Minnesota and the estimated potential production quantities available at each source;
 5.18 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 	 (f) A utility may file an alternative resource plan at any time after this section becomes effective. Sec. 3. RENEWABLE GASEOUS FUEL INVENTORY. (a) By June 15, 2021, the Department of Commerce must develop an inventory of renewable gaseous fuel resources as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.2427, subdivision 1, paragraph (g), available to Minnesota. The inventory must include but is not limited to: (1) a list of the potential renewable natural gas sources in Minnesota and the estimated potential production quantities available at each source; (2) an estimate of the energy content of listed renewable natural gas sources;
 5.18 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 	 (f) A utility may file an alternative resource plan at any time after this section becomes effective. Sec. 3. <u>RENEWABLE GASEOUS FUEL INVENTORY.</u> (a) By June 15, 2021, the Department of Commerce must develop an inventory of renewable gaseous fuel resources as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.2427, subdivision 1, paragraph (g), available to Minnesota. The inventory must include but is not limited to: (1) a list of the potential renewable natural gas sources in Minnesota and the estimated potential production quantities available at each source; (2) an estimate of the energy content of listed renewable natural gas sources; (3) a description of the technologies available to Minnesota for renewable gaseous fuel

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6.1	(ii) separa	te estimates for proc	luction from e	xcess renewable electric	ity that would
6.2				dedicated renewable gen	
6.3	and				
6.4	(iii) an ide	al site characterizati	on that details	the aspects of a power-to	-hydrogen facility
6.5				and economic success;	
6.6	(4) a list o	f the existing biogas	and renewable	e natural gas production	sites in Minnesota
6.7	that includes:		und renewable	e natural gas production	sites in Winnesota
6.8	(1) the local	ation of each site;			
6.9	<u>(ii) an esti</u>	mate of the lifecycle	e greenhouse g	as emissions associated	with the fuel
6.10	produced at e	ach site including th	e production, p	processing, transmission	, and consumption
6.11	of the biogas	or renewable natura	l gas; and		
6.12	<u>(iii) an ass</u>	sessment of the supp	ly-chain infras	structure associated with	the site;
6.13	(5) an asse	essment of the marke	t viability of N	linnesota renewable natu	ral gas production
6.14	taking into ac	count renewable nat	ural gas sales	prices, the cost of infras	tructure needed to
6.15	produce and t	ransport renewable	natural gas, the	e size of producers, and	the availability of
6.16	renewable na	tural gas feedstocks	in the state;		
6.17	(6) for the	potential sources id	entified in clau	use (1), a discussion of the	he best use or uses
6.18	for each poter	ntial energy resource	e. The discussi	on shall take into accour	<u>nt:</u>
6.19	(i) estimat	ed lifecycle greenho	ouse gas emiss	ions;	
6.20	<u>(ii) cost, ii</u>	ncluding all infrastru	cture costs ass	ociated with production	and transportation
6.21	of the energy	; and			
6.22	(iii) wheth	ner the energy source	e can be used t	o address local natural g	as or electricity
6.23	constraints; a	nd			
6.24	<u>(</u> 7) a discu	ussion of whether de	velopment of a	a system of tradable ther	mal credits would
6.25	be beneficial f	for the development of	of renewable th	ermal resources in the sta	te. This discussion
6.26	should consid	er system designs th	at could best fa	acilitate development of	renewable thermal
6.27	resources whi	ile ensuring adequate	e tracking and	verification of environm	nental attributes
6.28	associated wi	th those resources.			
6.29	<u>(b)</u> The de	partment may assess	natural gas uti	lities serving more than	800,000 customers
6.30	within the stat	te during the last cale	ndar year for t	he costs necessary to car	ry out the purposes
6.31	of this sectior	n. Those assessments	s are not subje	ct to the cap on assessme	ents provided in
6.32	Minnesota St	atutes, section 216B	.62, or an <u>y</u> oth	er law.	

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7.1 Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

7.2 Sections 1 to 3 are effective the day following final enactment.