.1	A bill for an act
.2	relating to state government; making changes to human services licensing
.3	provisions; Department of Human Services hearings; modifying background
.4	study requirements, disqualifications, and data classifications; allowing
.5	the commissioner of administration to transfer real property; requiring the
.6	commissioners of human services and commerce to issue reports on consumer
.7	satisfaction; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 144A.071, subdivision
.8	4c; 245A.03, by adding a subdivision; 245A.07, subdivision 2a; 245A.30;
.9	245A.66; 245B.05, subdivision 7; 245C.02, subdivision 18; 245C.27, subdivision
.10	2; 245C.28, subdivision 3; 256B.092, subdivision 4d; 626.556, subdivision
.11	10i; 626.557, subdivision 9d; Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, sections
.12	245A.03, subdivision 2; 245A.04, subdivisions 5, 7; 245A.07, subdivisions 1, 3;
.13	245A.144; 245A.50, subdivision 5; 245C.15, subdivision 2; 245C.20; 245C.22, subdivision 7; 245C.27, subdivision 1; 256.045, subdivision 3; 626.556
.14	subdivision 7; 245C.27, subdivision 1; 256.045, subdivision 3; 626.556, subdivisions 2, 10e; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 256B.0919,
.16	subdivision 4; Minnesota Rules, part 2500.5000.
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.17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
.18	ARTICLE 1
.19	LICENSING
.20	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 144A.071, subdivision 4c, is amended to
.21	read:
.22	Subd. 4c. Exceptions for replacement beds after June 30, 2003. (a) The
.23	commissioner of health, in coordination with the commissioner of human services, may
.24	approve the renovation, replacement, upgrading, or relocation of a nursing home or
.25	boarding care home, under the following conditions:
.26	(1) to license and certify an 80-bed city-owned facility in Nicollet County to be
.27	constructed on the site of a new city-owned hospital to replace an existing 85-bed facility

under section 144A.073 shall be the maximum amount available to pay the additional medical assistance costs of the new facility;

- (2) to license and certify 29 beds to be added to an existing 69-bed facility in St. Louis County, provided that the 29 beds must be transferred from active or layaway status at an existing facility in St. Louis County that had 235 beds on April 1, 2003.
- The licensed capacity at the 235-bed facility must be reduced to 206 beds, but the payment rate at that facility shall not be adjusted as a result of this transfer. The operating payment rate of the facility adding beds after completion of this project shall be the same as it was on the day prior to the day the beds are licensed and certified. This project shall not proceed unless it is approved and financed under the provisions of section 144A.073;
- (3) to license and certify a new 60-bed facility in Austin, provided that: (i) 45 of the new beds are transferred from a 45-bed facility in Austin under common ownership that is closed and 15 of the new beds are transferred from a 182-bed facility in Albert Lea under common ownership; (ii) the commissioner of human services is authorized by the 2004 legislature to negotiate budget-neutral planned nursing facility closures; and (iii) money is available from planned closures of facilities under common ownership to make implementation of this clause budget-neutral to the state. The bed capacity of the Albert Lea facility shall be reduced to 167 beds following the transfer. Of the 60 beds at the new facility, 20 beds shall be used for a special care unit for persons with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias;
- (4) to license and certify up to 80 beds transferred from an existing state-owned nursing facility in Cass County to a new facility located on the grounds of the Ah-Gwah-Ching campus. The operating cost payment rates for the new facility shall be determined based on the interim and settle-up payment provisions of Minnesota Rules, part 9549.0057, and the reimbursement provisions of section 256B.431. The property payment rate for the first three years of operation shall be \$35 per day. For subsequent years, the property payment rate of \$35 per day shall be adjusted for inflation as provided in section 256B.434, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), as long as the facility has a contract under section 256B.434; and
- (5) to initiate a pilot program to license and certify up to 80 beds transferred from an existing county-owned nursing facility in Steele County relocated to the site of a new acute care facility as part of the county's Communities for a Lifetime comprehensive plan to create innovative responses to the aging of its population. Upon relocation to the new site, the nursing facility shall delicense 28 beds. The property payment rate for the first three years of operation of the new facility shall be increased by an amount as calculated according to items (i) to (v):

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(i) compute the estimated decrease in medical assistance residents served by the
nursing facility by multiplying the decrease in licensed beds by the historical percentage
of medical assistance resident days;

- (ii) compute the annual savings to the medical assistance program from the delicensure of 28 beds by multiplying the anticipated decrease in medical assistance residents, determined in item (i), by the existing facility's weighted average payment rate multiplied by 365;
- (iii) compute the anticipated annual costs for community-based services by multiplying the anticipated decrease in medical assistance residents served by the nursing facility, determined in item (i), by the average monthly elderly waiver service costs for individuals in Steele County multiplied by 12;
 - (iv) subtract the amount in item (iii) from the amount in item (ii);
- (v) divide the amount in item (iv) by an amount equal to the relocated nursing facility's occupancy factor under section 256B.431, subdivision 3f, paragraph (c), multiplied by the historical percentage of medical assistance resident days.

For subsequent years, the adjusted property payment rate shall be adjusted for inflation as provided in section 256B.434, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), as long as the facility has a contract under section 256B.434-; and

- (6) to consolidate and relocate nursing facility beds to a new site in Goodhue County and to integrate these services with other community-based programs and services under a communities for a lifetime pilot program and comprehensive plan to create innovative responses to the aging of its population. Eighty beds in the city of Red Wing shall be transferred from the downsizing and relocation of an existing 84-bed, hospital-owned nursing facility and the entire closure or downsizing of beds from a 65-bed nonprofit nursing facility in the community resulting in the delicensure of 69 beds in the two existing facilities. Notwithstanding the carryforward of the approval authority in section 144A.073, subdivision 11, the funding approved in April 2009 by the commissioner of health for a project in Goodhue County shall not carry forward. The closure of the 69 beds shall not be eligible for a planned closure rate adjustment under section 256B.437. The construction project permitted in this clause shall not be eligible for a threshold project rate adjustment under section 256B.434, subdivision 4f. The property payment rate for the first three years of operation of the new facility shall be increased by an amount as calculated according to items (i) to (vi):
- (i) compute the estimated decrease in medical assistance residents served by both nursing facilities by multiplying the difference between the occupied beds of the two nursing facilities for the reporting year ending September 30, 2009, and the projected

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4.1	occupancy of the facility at 95 percent occupancy by the historical percentage of medical
4.2	assistance resident days;
4.3	(ii) compute the annual savings to the medical assistance program from the
4.4	delicensure by multiplying the anticipated decrease in the medical assistance residents,
4.5	determined in item (i), by the hospital-owned nursing facility weighted average payment
4.6	rate multiplied by 365;
4.7	(iii) compute the anticipated annual costs for community-based services by
4.8	multiplying the anticipated decrease in medical assistance residents served by the
4.9	facilities, determined in item (i), by the average monthly elderly waiver service costs for
4.10	individuals in Goodhue County multiplied by 12;
4.11	(iv) subtract the amount in item (iii) from the amount in item (ii);
4.12	(v) multiply the amount in item (iv) by 48.5 percent; and
4.13	(vi) divide the difference of the amount in item (iv) and the amount in item (v) by an
4.14	amount equal to the relocated nursing facility's occupancy factor under section 256B.431,
4.15	subdivision 3f, paragraph (c), multiplied by the historical percentage of medical assistance
4.16	resident days.
4.17	For subsequent years, the adjusted property payment rate shall be adjusted for
4.18	inflation as provided in section 256B.434, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), as long as the
4.19	facility has a contract under section 256B.434.
4.20	(b) Projects approved under this subdivision shall be treated in a manner equivalent
4.21	to projects approved under subdivision 4a.
4.22	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 245A.03, subdivision 2, is
4.23	amended to read:
4.24	Subd. 2. Exclusion from licensure. (a) This chapter does not apply to:
4.25	(1) residential or nonresidential programs that are provided to a person by an
4.26	individual who is related unless the residential program is a child foster care placement
4.27	made by a local social services agency or a licensed child-placing agency, except as
4.28	provided in subdivision 2a;
4.29	(2) nonresidential programs that are provided by an unrelated individual to persons
4.30	from a single related family;
4.31	(3) residential or nonresidential programs that are provided to adults who do
4.32	not abuse chemicals or who do not have a chemical dependency, a mental illness, a
4.33	developmental disability, a functional impairment, or a physical disability;
4.34	(4) sheltered workshops or work activity programs that are certified by the
4.35	commissioner of employment and economic development;

5.1	(5) programs operated by a public school for children 33 months or older;
5.2	(6) nonresidential programs primarily for children that provide care or supervision
5.3	for periods of less than three hours a day while the child's parent or legal guardian is in
5.4	the same building as the nonresidential program or present within another building that is
5.5	directly contiguous to the building in which the nonresidential program is located;
5.6	(7) nursing homes or hospitals licensed by the commissioner of health except as
5.7	specified under section 245A.02;
5.8	(8) board and lodge facilities licensed by the commissioner of health that do not
5.9	provide services for five or more persons whose primary diagnosis is mental illness that do
5.10	not provide intensive residential treatment children's residential services under Minnesota
5.11	Rules, chapter 2960, mental health or chemical dependency treatment;
5.12	(9) homes providing programs for persons placed by a county or a licensed agency
5.13	for legal adoption, unless the adoption is not completed within two years;
5.14	(10) programs licensed by the commissioner of corrections;
5.15	(11) recreation programs for children or adults that are operated or approved by a
5.16	park and recreation board whose primary purpose is to provide social and recreational
5.17	activities;
5.18	(12) programs operated by a school as defined in section 120A.22, subdivision 4;
5.19	YMCA as defined in section 315.44; YWCA as defined in section 315.44; or JCC as
5.20	defined in section 315.51, whose primary purpose is to provide child care or services to
5.21	school-age children;
5.22	(13) Head Start nonresidential programs which operate for less than 45 days in
5.23	each calendar year;
5.24	(14) noncertified boarding care homes unless they provide services for five or more
5.25	persons whose primary diagnosis is mental illness or a developmental disability;
5.26	(15) programs for children such as scouting, boys clubs, girls clubs, and sports and
5.27	art programs, and nonresidential programs for children provided for a cumulative total of
5.28	less than 30 days in any 12-month period;
5.29	(16) residential programs for persons with mental illness, that are located in hospitals;
5.30	(17) the religious instruction of school-age children; Sabbath or Sunday schools; or
5.31	the congregate care of children by a church, congregation, or religious society during the
5.32	period used by the church, congregation, or religious society for its regular worship;
5.33	(18) camps licensed by the commissioner of health under Minnesota Rules, chapter
5.34	4630;
5.35	(19) mental health outpatient services for adults with mental illness or children
5.36	with emotional disturbance;

6.1	(20) residential programs serving school-age children whose sole purpose is cultural
6.2	or educational exchange, until the commissioner adopts appropriate rules;
6.3	(21) unrelated individuals who provide out-of-home respite care services to persons
6.4	with developmental disabilities from a single related family for no more than 90 days in a
6.5	12-month period and the respite care services are for the temporary relief of the person's
6.6	family or legal representative;
6.7	(22) respite care services provided as a home and community-based service to a
6.8	person with a developmental disability, in the person's primary residence;
6.9	(23) community support services programs as defined in section 245.462, subdivision
6.10	6, and family community support services as defined in section 245.4871, subdivision 17;
6.11	(24) the placement of a child by a birth parent or legal guardian in a preadoptive
6.12	home for purposes of adoption as authorized by section 259.47;
6.13	(25) settings registered under chapter 144D which provide home care services
6.14	licensed by the commissioner of health to fewer than seven adults;
6.15	(26) chemical dependency or substance abuse treatment activities of licensed
6.16	professionals in private practice as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6405, subpart
6.17	15, when the treatment activities are not paid for by the consolidated chemical dependency
6.18	treatment fund;
6.19	(27) consumer-directed community support service funded under the Medicaid
6.20	waiver for persons with developmental disabilities when the individual who provided
6.21	the service is:
6.22	(i) the same individual who is the direct payee of these specific waiver funds or paid
6.23	by a fiscal agent, fiscal intermediary, or employer of record; and
6.24	(ii) not otherwise under the control of a residential or nonresidential program that is
6.25	required to be licensed under this chapter when providing the service; or
6.26	(28) a program serving only children who are age 33 months or older, that is
6.27	operated by a nonpublic school, for no more than four hours per day per child, with no
6.28	more than 20 children at any one time, and that is accredited by:
6.29	(i) an accrediting agency that is formally recognized by the commissioner of
6.30	education as a nonpublic school accrediting organization; or
6.31	(ii) an accrediting agency that requires background studies and that receives and
6.32	investigates complaints about the services provided.
6.33	A program that asserts its exemption from licensure under item (ii) shall, upon
6.34	request from the commissioner, provide the commissioner with documentation from the
6.35	accrediting agency that verifies: that the accreditation is current; that the accrediting

agency investigates complaints about services; and that the accrediting agency's standards
require background studies on all people providing direct contact services.

- (b) For purposes of paragraph (a), clause (6), a building is directly contiguous to a building in which a nonresidential program is located if it shares a common wall with the building in which the nonresidential program is located or is attached to that building by skyway, tunnel, atrium, or common roof.
- (c) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require licensure for any services provided and funded according to an approved federal waiver plan where licensure is specifically identified as not being a condition for the services and funding.
- 7.10 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 245A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 9. Permitted services by an individual who is related. Notwithstanding subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (1), and subdivision 7, an individual who is related to a person receiving supported living services may provide licensed services to that person if:
 - (1) the person who receives supported living services received these services in a residential site on July 1, 2005;
 - (2) the services under clause (1) were provided in a corporate foster care setting for adults and were funded by the developmental disabilities home and community-based services waiver defined in section 256B.092;
 - (3) the individual who is related obtains and maintains both a license under chapter 245B and an adult foster care license under Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.5105 to 9555.6265; and
- 7.23 (4) the individual who is related is not the guardian of the person receiving supported
 7.24 living services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 245A.04, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 5. **Commissioner's right of access.** When the commissioner is exercising the powers conferred by this chapter and sections 245.69, 626.556, and 626.557, the commissioner must be given access to the physical plant and grounds where the program is provided, documents and records, including records maintained in electronic format, persons served by the program, and staff whenever the program is in operation and the information is relevant to inspections or investigations conducted by the commissioner. The commissioner must be given access without prior notice and as often as the

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of allegations of investigating alleged maltreatment or other, conducting a licensing inspection, or investigating an alleged violation of applicable laws or rules. In conducting inspections, the commissioner may request and shall receive assistance from other state, county, and municipal governmental agencies and departments. The applicant or license holder shall allow the commissioner to photocopy, photograph, and make audio and video tape recordings during the inspection of the program at the commissioner's expense. The commissioner shall obtain a court order or the consent of the subject of the records or the parents or legal guardian of the subject before photocopying hospital medical records.

Persons served by the program have the right to refuse to consent to be interviewed, photographed, or audio or videotaped. Failure or refusal of an applicant or license holder to fully comply with this subdivision is reasonable cause for the commissioner to deny the application or immediately suspend or revoke the license.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 245A.04, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 7. **Grant of license; license extension.** (a) If the commissioner determines that the program complies with all applicable rules and laws, the commissioner shall issue a license. At minimum, the license shall state:
 - (1) the name of the license holder;
- 8.20 (2) the address of the program;
 - (3) the effective date and expiration date of the license;
- 8.22 (4) the type of license;

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- (5) the maximum number and ages of persons that may receive services from the program; and
 - (6) any special conditions of licensure.
- 8.26 (b) The commissioner may issue an initial license for a period not to exceed two years if:
 - (1) the commissioner is unable to conduct the evaluation or observation required by subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), because the program is not yet operational;
 - (2) certain records and documents are not available because persons are not yet receiving services from the program; and
 - (3) the applicant complies with applicable laws and rules in all other respects.
 - (c) A decision by the commissioner to issue a license does not guarantee that any person or persons will be placed or cared for in the licensed program. A license shall not

be transferable to another individual, corporation, partnership, voluntary association, other organization, or controlling individual or to another location.

- (d) A license holder must notify the commissioner and obtain the commissioner's approval before making any changes that would alter the license information listed under paragraph (a).
- (e) Except as provided in paragraphs (g) and (h), the commissioner shall not issue or reissue a license if the applicant, license holder, or controlling individual has:
- (1) been disqualified and the disqualification was not set aside and no variance has been granted;
 - (2) has been denied a license within the past two years;
 - (3) had a license revoked within the past five years; or
- (4) has an outstanding debt related to a license fee, licensing fine, or settlement agreement for which payment is delinquent.

When a license is revoked under clause (1) or (3), the license holder and controlling individual may not hold any license under chapter 245A or 245B for five years following the revocation, and other licenses held by the applicant, license holder, or controlling individual shall also be revoked.

- (f) The commissioner shall not issue <u>or reissue</u> a license if an individual living in the household where the licensed services will be provided as specified under section 245C.03, subdivision 1, has been disqualified and the disqualification has not been set aside and no variance has been granted.
- (g) Pursuant to section 245A.07, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), when a license has been suspended or revoked and the suspension or revocation is under appeal, the program may continue to operate pending a final order from the commissioner. If the license under suspension or revocation will expire before a final order is issued, a temporary provisional license may be issued provided any applicable license fee is paid before the temporary provisional license is issued.
- (h) Notwithstanding paragraph (g), when a revocation is based on the disqualification of a controlling individual or license holder, and the controlling individual or license holder is ordered under section 245C.17 to be immediately removed from direct contact with persons receiving services or is ordered to be under continuous, direct supervision when providing direct contact services, the program may continue to operate only if the program complies with the order and submits documentation demonstrating compliance with the order. If the disqualified individual fails to submit a timely request for reconsideration, or if the disqualification is not set aside and no variance is granted, the order to immediately

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remove the individual from direct contact or to be under continuous, direct supervision remains in effect pending the outcome of a hearing and final order from the commissioner.

- (g) (i) For purposes of reimbursement for meals only, under the Child and Adult Care Food Program, Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, subtitle B, chapter II, subchapter A, part 226, relocation within the same county by a licensed family day care provider, shall be considered an extension of the license for a period of no more than 30 calendar days or until the new license is issued, whichever occurs first, provided the county agency has determined the family day care provider meets licensure requirements at the new location.
- (h) (j) Unless otherwise specified by statute, all licenses expire at 12:01 a.m. on the day after the expiration date stated on the license. A license holder must apply for and be granted a new license to operate the program or the program must not be operated after the expiration date.
- (k) The commissioner shall not issue or reissue a license if it has been determined that a tribal licensing authority has established jurisdiction to license the program or service.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 245A.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Sanctions; appeals; license.** (a) In addition to making a license conditional under section 245A.06, the commissioner may suspend or revoke the license, impose a fine, or secure an injunction against the continuing operation of the program of a license holder who does not comply with applicable law or rule. When applying sanctions authorized under this section, the commissioner shall consider the nature, chronicity, or severity of the violation of law or rule and the effect of the violation on the health, safety, or rights of persons served by the program.

(b) If a license holder appeals the suspension or revocation of a license and the license holder continues to operate the program pending a final order on the appeal, and the license expires during this time period, the commissioner shall issue the license holder a temporary provisional license. The temporary provisional license is effective on the date issued and expires on the date that a final order is issued. Unless otherwise specified by the commissioner, variances in effect on the date of the license sanction under appeal continue under the temporary provisional license. If a license holder fails to comply with applicable law or rule while operating under a temporary provisional license, the commissioner may impose additional sanctions under this section and section 245A.06, and may terminate any prior variance. If the license holder prevails on the appeal and the effective period of the previous license has expired a temporary provisional license is set to expire, a

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new temporary provisional license shall be issued to the license holder upon payment of any fee required under section 245A.10. The effective date of the new license shall be retroactive to the date the license would have shown had no sanction been initiated. The expiration date shall be the expiration date of that license had no license sanction been initiated. The temporary provisional license shall expire on the date the final order is issued. If the license holder prevails on the appeal, a new nonprovisional license shall be issued for the remainder of the current license period.

- (c) If a license holder is under investigation and the license is due to expire before completion of the investigation, the program shall be issued a new license upon completion of the reapplication requirements and payment of any applicable license fee. Upon completion of the investigation, a licensing sanction may be imposed against the new license under this section, section 245A.06, or 245A.08.
- (d) Failure to reapply or closure of a license by the license holder prior to the completion of any investigation shall not preclude the commissioner from issuing a licensing sanction under this section, section 245A.06, or 245A.08 at the conclusion of the investigation.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 245A.07, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. Immediate suspension expedited hearing. (a) Within five working days of receipt of the license holder's timely appeal, the commissioner shall request assignment of an administrative law judge. The request must include a proposed date, time, and place of a hearing. A hearing must be conducted by an administrative law judge within 30 calendar days of the request for assignment, unless an extension is requested by either party and granted by the administrative law judge for good cause. The commissioner shall issue a notice of hearing by certified mail or personal service at least ten working days before the hearing. The scope of the hearing shall be limited solely to the issue of whether the temporary immediate suspension should remain in effect pending the commissioner's final order under section 245A.08, regarding a licensing sanction issued under subdivision 3 following the immediate suspension. The burden of proof in expedited hearings under this subdivision shall be limited to the commissioner's demonstration that reasonable cause exists to believe that the license holder's actions or failure to comply with applicable law or rule poses, or if the actions of other individuals or conditions in the program poses an imminent risk of harm to the health, safety, or rights of persons served by the program. "Reasonable cause" means there exist specific articulable facts or circumstances which provide the commissioner with a reasonable suspicion that there is an imminent risk of harm to the health, safety, or rights of persons served by the program.

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- (b) The administrative law judge shall issue findings of fact, conclusions, and a recommendation within ten working days from the date of hearing. The parties shall have ten calendar days to submit exceptions to the administrative law judge's report. The record shall close at the end of the ten-day period for submission of exceptions. The commissioner's final order shall be issued within ten working days from the close of the record. Within 90 calendar days after a final order affirming an immediate suspension, the commissioner shall make a determination regarding whether a final licensing sanction shall be issued under subdivision 3. The license holder shall continue to be prohibited from operation of the program during this 90-day period.
- (c) When the final order under paragraph (b) affirms an immediate suspension, and a final licensing sanction is issued under subdivision 3 and the license holder appeals that sanction, the license holder continues to be prohibited from operation of the program pending a final commissioner's order under section 245A.08, subdivision 5, regarding the final licensing sanction.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 245A.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. License suspension, revocation, or fine. (a) The commissioner may suspend or revoke a license, or impose a fine if a license holder fails to comply fully with applicable laws or rules, if a license holder, a controlling individual, or an individual living in the household where the licensed services are provided or is otherwise subject to a background study has a disqualification which has not been set aside under section 245C.22, or if a license holder knowingly withholds relevant information from or gives false or misleading information to the commissioner in connection with an application for a license, in connection with the background study status of an individual, during an investigation, or regarding compliance with applicable laws or rules. A license holder who has had a license suspended, revoked, or has been ordered to pay a fine must be given notice of the action by certified mail or personal service. If mailed, the notice must be mailed to the address shown on the application or the last known address of the license holder. The notice must state the reasons the license was suspended, revoked, or a fine was ordered.
- (b) If the license was suspended or revoked, the notice must inform the license holder of the right to a contested case hearing under chapter 14 and Minnesota Rules, parts 1400.8505 to 1400.8612. The license holder may appeal an order suspending or revoking a license. The appeal of an order suspending or revoking a license must be made in writing

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by certified mail or personal service. If mailed, the appeal must be postmarked and sent to the commissioner within ten calendar days after the license holder receives notice that the license has been suspended or revoked. If a request is made by personal service, it must be received by the commissioner within ten calendar days after the license holder received the order. Except as provided in subdivision 2a, paragraph (c), if a license holder submits a timely appeal of an order suspending or revoking a license, the license holder may continue to operate the program as provided in section 245A.04, subdivision 7, paragraphs (g) and (h), until the commissioner issues a final order on the suspension or revocation.

- (c)(1) If the license holder was ordered to pay a fine, the notice must inform the license holder of the responsibility for payment of fines and the right to a contested case hearing under chapter 14 and Minnesota Rules, parts 1400.8505 to 1400.8612. The appeal of an order to pay a fine must be made in writing by certified mail or personal service. If mailed, the appeal must be postmarked and sent to the commissioner within ten calendar days after the license holder receives notice that the fine has been ordered. If a request is made by personal service, it must be received by the commissioner within ten calendar days after the license holder received the order.
- (2) The license holder shall pay the fines assessed on or before the payment date specified. If the license holder fails to fully comply with the order, the commissioner may issue a second fine or suspend the license until the license holder complies. If the license holder receives state funds, the state, county, or municipal agencies or departments responsible for administering the funds shall withhold payments and recover any payments made while the license is suspended for failure to pay a fine. A timely appeal shall stay payment of the fine until the commissioner issues a final order.
- (3) A license holder shall promptly notify the commissioner of human services, in writing, when a violation specified in the order to forfeit a fine is corrected. If upon reinspection the commissioner determines that a violation has not been corrected as indicated by the order to forfeit a fine, the commissioner may issue a second fine. The commissioner shall notify the license holder by certified mail or personal service that a second fine has been assessed. The license holder may appeal the second fine as provided under this subdivision.
- (4) Fines shall be assessed as follows: the license holder shall forfeit \$1,000 for each determination of maltreatment of a child under section 626.556 or the maltreatment of a vulnerable adult under section 626.557 for which the license holder is determined responsible for the maltreatment under section 626.556, subdivision 10e, paragraph (i), or 626.557, subdivision 9c, paragraph (c); the license holder shall forfeit \$200 for each occurrence of a violation of law or rule governing matters of health, safety, or supervision,

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including but not limited to the provision of adequate staff-to-child or adult ratios, and failure to comply with background study requirements under chapter 245C; and the license holder shall forfeit \$100 for each occurrence of a violation of law or rule other than those subject to a \$1,000 or \$200 fine above. For purposes of this section, "occurrence" means each violation identified in the commissioner's fine order. Fines assessed against a license holder that holds a license to provide the residential-based habilitation services, as defined under section 245B.02, subdivision 20, and a license to provide foster care, may be assessed against both licenses for the same occurrence, but the combined amount of the fines shall not exceed the amount specified in this clause for that occurrence.

(5) When a fine has been assessed, the license holder may not avoid payment by closing, selling, or otherwise transferring the licensed program to a third party. In such an event, the license holder will be personally liable for payment. In the case of a corporation, each controlling individual is personally and jointly liable for payment.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 245A.144, is amended to read:

245A.144 SUDDEN INFANT DEATH AND SHAKEN BABY SYNDROME FOR CHILD FOSTER CARE PROVIDERS.

- (a) Licensed child foster care providers that care for infants or children through five years of age must document that before staff persons and caregivers assist in the care of infants or children through five years of age, they are instructed on the standards in section 245A.1435 and receive training on reducing the risk of sudden infant death syndrome and shaken baby syndrome for infants and young children. This section does not apply to emergency relative <u>foster care placement</u> under section 245A.035. The training on reducing the risk of sudden infant death syndrome and shaken baby syndrome may be provided as:
- (1) orientation training to child foster care providers, who care for infants or children through five years of age, under Minnesota Rules, part 2960.3070, subpart 1; or
- (2) in-service training to child foster care providers, who care for infants or children through five years of age, under Minnesota Rules, part 2960.3070, subpart 2.
- (b) Training required under this section must be at least one hour in length and must be completed at least once every five years. At a minimum, the training must address the risk factors related to sudden infant death syndrome and shaken baby syndrome, means of reducing the risk of sudden infant death syndrome and shaken baby syndrome, and license holder communication with parents regarding reducing the risk of sudden infant death syndrome and shaken baby syndrome.

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(c) Training for child foster care providers must be approved by the county or private
licensing agency and that is responsible for monitoring the child foster care provider
under section 245A.16. The approved training fulfills, in part, training required under
Minnesota Rules, part 2960.3070.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 245A.30, is amended to read:

245A.30 LICENSING PROHIBITION FOR CERTAIN JUVENILE FACILITIES SERVING CHILDREN.

The commissioner may not:

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- (1) issue any license under Minnesota Rules, parts 9545.0905 to 9545.1125, 2960.0010 to 2960.0710, for the residential placement of juveniles children at a facility if the facility accepts juveniles children who reside outside of Minnesota without an agreement with the entity placing the juvenile child at the facility that obligates the entity to pay the educational and medical expenses of the juvenile child; or
- (2) renew a license under Minnesota Rules, parts 9545.0905 to 9545.1125, 2960.0010 to 2960.0710, for the residential placement of juveniles children if the facility accepts juveniles children who reside outside of Minnesota without an agreement with the entity placing the juvenile child at the facility that obligates the entity to pay the educational and medical expenses of the juvenile child.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 245A.50, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- (a) License holders must document that before staff persons, caregivers, and helpers assist in the care of infants, they are instructed on the standards in section 245A.1435 and receive training on reducing the risk of sudden infant death syndrome. In addition, license

Subd. 5. Sudden infant death syndrome and shaken baby syndrome training.

- holders must document that before staff persons, caregivers, and helpers assist in the care 15.25 of infants and children under school age, they receive training on reducing the risk of
- shaken baby syndrome. The training in this subdivision may be provided as initial training 15.27
- under subdivision 1 or ongoing annual training under subdivision 7. 15.28
 - (b) Sudden infant death syndrome reduction training required under this subdivision must be at least one-half hour in length and must be completed at least once every five years. At a minimum, the training must address the risk factors related to sudden infant death syndrome, means of reducing the risk of sudden infant death syndrome in child care, and license holder communication with parents regarding reducing the risk of sudden infant death syndrome.

- (c) Shaken baby syndrome training required under this subdivision must be at least one-half hour in length and must be completed at least once every five years. At a minimum, the training must address the risk factors related to shaken baby syndrome, means of reducing the risk of shaken baby syndrome in child care, and license holder communication with parents regarding reducing the risk of shaken baby syndrome.
- (d) Training for family and group family child care providers must be approved by the county licensing agency.
- (e) The commissioner shall make available for viewing by all licensed child care providers a video presentation on the dangers associated with shaking infants and young children. The video presentation shall be part of the initial and ongoing annual training of licensed child care providers, caregivers, and helpers caring for children under school age. The commissioner shall provide to child care providers and interested individuals, at cost, copies of a video approved by the commissioner of health under section 144.574 on the dangers associated with shaking infants and young children.
 - Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 245A.66, is amended to read:

245A.66 REQUIREMENTS; MALTREATMENT OF MINORS.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Internal review.</u> Except for family child care settings and foster care for children in the license holder's residence, license holders serving children shall:

- (1) establish and maintain policies and procedures to ensure that an internal review is completed and that corrective action is taken if necessary to protect the health and safety of children in care when the facility has reason to know that an internal or external report of alleged or suspected maltreatment has been made. The review must include an evaluation of whether:
 - (i) related policies and procedures were followed;
 - (ii) the policies and procedures were adequate;
 - (iii) there is a need for additional staff training;
- (iv) the reported event is similar to past events with the children or the services involved; and
- (v) there is a need for corrective action by the license holder to protect the health and safety of children in care.

Based on the results of this review, the license holder must develop, document, and implement a corrective action plan designed to correct current lapses and prevent future lapses in performance by individuals or the license holder, if any;

(2) identify the primary and secondary person or position who will ensure that, when required, internal reviews are completed. The secondary person shall be involved when

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there is reason to believe that the primary person was involved in the alleged or suspected
maltreatment; and

- (3) document that the internal review has been completed and provide documentation showing the review was completed to the commissioner upon the commissioner's request. The documentation provided to the commissioner by the license holder may consist of a completed checklist that verifies completion of each of the requirements of the review.
- Subd. 2. Child care centers; risk reduction plan. (a) Child care centers licensed under this chapter and Minnesota Rules, chapter 9503, must develop a risk reduction plan that assesses the general risks to children served by the child care center. The license holder must establish procedures to minimize identified risks, train staff on the procedures, and annually review the procedures.
- (b) The risk reduction plan must include an assessment of risk to children the center serves or intends to serve based on the following:
- (1) an assessment of the risk presented by the vulnerability of the children served, including an evaluation of the following factors: age, developmental functioning, and the physical and emotional health of children the program serves or intends to serve;
- (2) an assessment of the risks presented by the physical plant where the licensed services are provided, including an evaluation of the following factors: the condition and design of the facility and its outdoor space, bathrooms, storage areas and accessibility of medications and cleaning products that are harmful to children when children are not supervised, doors where finger pinching may occur, and the existence of areas that are difficult to supervise; and
- (3) an assessment of the risks presented by the environment for each facility and for each site, including an evaluation of the following factors: the type of grounds and terrain surrounding the building and the proximity to hazards, busy roads, and publicly accessed businesses.
- (c) The risk reduction plan must include a statement of measures that will be taken to minimize the risk of harm presented to children. At a minimum, the risk reduction plan must address the following:
- (1) a general description of supervision, programming, and reference to the policies and procedures developed and implemented to address the risks identified in the assessment required under paragraph (b) related to the general population served, the physical plant, and environment;
- (2) in addition to any program-specific risks identified in paragraph (b), the plan must include or refer to policies and procedures developed and implemented to minimize the risk of harm or injury to children, including:

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18.1	(1) closing children's fingers in doors, including cabinet doors;
18.2	(ii) leaving children in the community without supervision;
18.3	(iii) children leaving the facility without supervision;
18.4	(iv) caregiver dislocation of children's elbows;
18.5	(v) burns from hot food or beverages, whether served to children or being consumed
18.6	by caregivers, and the devices used to warm food and beverages;
18.7	(vi) injuries from equipment, such as scissors and glue guns;
18.8	(vii) sunburn;
18.9	(viii) feeding children foods to which they are allergic;
18.10	(ix) children falling from changing tables; and
18.11	(x) children accessing dangerous items or chemicals or coming into contact with
18.12	residue from harmful cleaning products; and
18.13	(3) the plan shall prohibit the accessibility of hazardous items to children.
18.14	Subd. 3. Orientation to risk reduction plan and annual review of plan. (a) The
18.15	license holder shall ensure that all mandated reporters, as defined in section 626.556,
18.16	subdivision 3, who are under the control of the license holder, receive an orientation to
18.17	the risk reduction plan prior to first providing unsupervised direct contact services, as
18.18	defined in section 245C.02, subdivision 11, to children, not to exceed 14 days from the
18.19	first supervised direct contact, and annually thereafter.
18.20	(b) The license holder must review the risk reduction plan annually. When
18.21	conducting the review, the license holder must consider incidents that have occurred in
18.22	the center since the last review, including:
18.23	(1) the assessment factors in the plan;
18.24	(2) the internal reviews conducted under this section, if any;
18.25	(3) substantiated maltreatment findings, if any; and
18.26	(4) incidents that caused injury or harm to a child, if any, that occurred since the
18.27	last review.
18.28	Following any change to the risk reduction plan, the license holder must inform mandated
18.29	reporters, under the control of the license holder, of the changes in the risk reduction plan.
10.20	EFFECTIVE DATE This series is effective lessons 1 2011
18.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2011.
18.31	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 245B.05, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
18.32	Subd. 7. Reporting incidents. (a) The license holder must maintain information
18.33	about and report incidents under section 245B.02, subdivision 10, clauses (1) to (7), to the
18.34	consumer's legal representative, other licensed caregiver, if any, and case manager within

- 24 hours of the occurrence, or within 24 hours of receipt of the information unless the incident has been reported by another license holder. An incident under section 245B.02, subdivision 10, clause (8), must be reported as required under paragraph (c) unless the incident has been reported by another license holder.
- (b) When the incident involves more than one consumer, the license holder must not disclose personally identifiable information about any other consumer when making the report to each consumer's legal representative, other licensed caregiver, if any, and case manager unless the license holder has the consent of a consumer or a consumer's legal representative.
- (c) Within 24 hours of reporting maltreatment as required under section 626.556 or 626.557, the license holder must inform the consumer's legal representative and case manager of the report unless there is reason to believe that the legal representative or case manager is involved in the suspected maltreatment. The information the license holder must disclose is the nature of the activity or occurrence reported, the agency that receives the report, and the telephone number of the Department of Human Services Licensing Division.
- (d) Except as provided in paragraph (e), death or serious injury of the consumer must also be reported to the Department of Human Services Licensing Division and the ombudsman, as required under sections 245.91 and 245.94, subdivision 2a.
- (e) When a death or serious injury occurs in a facility certified as an intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities, the death or serious injury must be reported to the Department of Health, Office of Health Facility Complaints, and the ombudsman, as required under sections 245.91 and 245.94, subdivision 2a.
- 19.24 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 245C.02, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 18. **Serious maltreatment.** (a) "Serious maltreatment" means sexual abuse, maltreatment resulting in death, <u>maltreatment neglect</u> resulting in serious injury which reasonably requires the care of a physician whether or not the care of a physician was sought, or abuse resulting in serious injury.
 - (b) For purposes of this definition, "care of a physician" is treatment received or ordered by a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner, but does not include:
 - (1) diagnostic testing, assessment, or observation;
 - (2) the application of, recommendation to use, or prescription solely for a remedy that is available over the counter without a prescription; or
 - (3) a prescription solely for a topical antibiotic to treat burns when there is no follow-up appointment.

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- (c) For purposes of this definition, "abuse resulting in serious injury" means: bruises, bites, skin laceration, or tissue damage; fractures; dislocations; evidence of internal injuries; head injuries with loss of consciousness; extensive second-degree or third-degree burns and other burns for which complications are present; extensive second-degree or third-degree frostbite and other frostbite for which complications are present; irreversible mobility or avulsion of teeth; injuries to the eyes; ingestion of foreign substances and objects that are harmful; near drowning; and heat exhaustion or sunstroke.
 - (d) Serious maltreatment includes neglect when it results in criminal sexual conduct against a child or vulnerable adult.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 245C.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **15-year disqualification.** (a) An individual is disqualified under section 20.12 245C.14 if: (1) less than 15 years have passed since the discharge of the sentence imposed, 20.13 20.14 if any, for the offense; and (2) the individual has committed a felony-level violation of any of the following offenses: sections 256.98 (wrongfully obtaining assistance); 20.15 268.182 (false representation; concealment of facts); 393.07, subdivision 10, paragraph 20.16 (c) (federal Food Stamp Program fraud); 609.165 (felon ineligible to possess firearm); 20.17 609.21 (criminal vehicular homicide and injury); 609.215 (suicide); 609.223 or 609.2231 20.18 (assault in the third or fourth degree); repeat offenses under 609.224 (assault in the fifth 20.19 degree); 609.229 (crimes committed for benefit of a gang); 609.2325 (criminal abuse of a 20.20 vulnerable adult); 609.2335 (financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult); 609.235 (use of 20.21 20.22 drugs to injure or facilitate crime); 609.24 (simple robbery); 609.255 (false imprisonment); 609.2664 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the first degree); 609.2665 (manslaughter 20.23 of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.267 (assault of an unborn child in the first 20.24 20.25 degree); 609.2671 (assault of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.268 (injury or death of an unborn child in the commission of a crime); 609.27 (coercion); 609.275 20.26 (attempt to coerce); 609.466 (medical assistance fraud); 609.495 (aiding an offender); 20.27 609.498, subdivision 1 or 1b (aggravated first-degree or first-degree tampering with a 20.28 witness); 609.52 (theft); 609.521 (possession of shoplifting gear); 609.525 (bringing 20.29 stolen goods into Minnesota); 609.527 (identity theft); 609.53 (receiving stolen property); 20.30 609.535 (issuance of dishonored checks); 609.562 (arson in the second degree); 20.31 609.563 (arson in the third degree); 609.582 (burglary); 609.59 (possession of burglary 20.32 tools); 609.611 (insurance fraud); 609.625 (aggravated forgery); 609.63 (forgery); 20.33 609.631 (check forgery; offering a forged check); 609.635 (obtaining signature by 20.34 false pretense); 609.66 (dangerous weapons); 609.67 (machine guns and short-barreled 20.35

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- shotguns); 609.687 (adulteration); 609.71 (riot); 609.713 (terroristic threats); 609.82 (fraud in obtaining credit); 609.821 (financial transaction card fraud); 617.23 (indecent exposure), not involving a minor; repeat offenses under 617.241 (obscene materials and performances; distribution and exhibition prohibited; penalty); 624.713 (certain persons not to possess firearms); chapter 152 (drugs; controlled substance); or a felony-level conviction involving alcohol or drug use.
- (b) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than 15 years has passed since the individual's aiding and abetting, attempt, or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in paragraph (a), as each of these offenses is defined in Minnesota Statutes.
- (c) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than 15 years has passed since the individual's termination of the individual's parental rights under section 260C.301, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), or subdivision 3.
- (d) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than 15 years has passed since the discharge of the sentence imposed for an offense in any other state or country, the elements of which are substantially similar to the elements of the offenses listed in paragraph (a).
- (e) If the individual studied commits one of the offenses listed in paragraph (a), but the sentence or level of offense is a gross misdemeanor or misdemeanor, the individual is disqualified but the disqualification look-back period for the offense is the period applicable to the gross misdemeanor or misdemeanor disposition.
- (f) When a disqualification is based on a judicial determination other than a conviction, the disqualification period begins from the date of the court order. When a disqualification is based on an admission, the disqualification period begins from the date of an admission in court. When a disqualification is based on an Alford Plea, the disqualification period begins from the date the Alford Plea is entered in court. When a disqualification is based on a preponderance of evidence of a disqualifying act, the disqualification date begins from the date of the dismissal, the date of discharge of the sentence imposed for a conviction for a disqualifying crime of similar elements, or the date of the incident, whichever occurs last.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from May 22, 2009.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 245C.20, is amended to read:

245C.20 LICENSE HOLDER RECORD KEEPING.

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Subdivision 1. Background studies initiated by program. A licensed program shall document the date the program initiates a background study under this chapter in the program's personnel files. When a background study is completed under this chapter, a licensed program shall maintain a notice that the study was undertaken and completed in the program's personnel files. Except when background studies are initiated through the commissioner's online system, if a licensed program has not received a response from the commissioner under section 245C.17 within 45 days of initiation of the background study request, the licensed program must contact the human services licensing division to inquire about the status of the study. If a license holder initiates a background study under the commissioner's online system, but the background study subject's name does not appear in the list of active or recent studies initiated by that license holder, the license holder must either contact the human services licensing division or resubmit the background study information online for that individual.

- Subd. 2. Background studies initiated by others. When a license holder relies on a background study initiated by a personnel pool agency, a temporary personnel agency, an educational program, or a professional services agency for a person required to have a background study completed under section 245C.03, the license holder must maintain a copy of the background study results in the license holder's files.
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 245C.22, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 7. **Classification of certain data.** (a) Notwithstanding section 13.46, upon setting aside a disqualification under this section, the identity of the disqualified individual who received the set-aside and the individual's disqualifying characteristics are public data if the set-aside was:
 - (1) for any disqualifying characteristic under section 245C.15, when the set-aside relates to a child care center or a family child care provider licensed under chapter 245A; or
 - (2) for a disqualifying characteristic under section 245C.15, subdivision 2.
 - (b) Notwithstanding section 13.46, upon granting a variance to a license holder under section 245C.30, the identity of the disqualified individual who is the subject of the variance, the individual's disqualifying characteristics under section 245C.15, and the terms of the variance are public data, when the variance:
 - (1) is issued to a child care center or a family child care provider licensed under chapter 245A; or
- 22.34 (2) relates to an individual with a disqualifying characteristic under section 245C.15, subdivision 2.

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23.1	(c) The identity of a disqualified individual and the reason for disqualification
23.2	remain private data when:
23.3	(1) a disqualification is not set aside and no variance is granted, except as provided
23.4	under section 13.46, subdivision 4;
23.5	(2) the data are not public under paragraph (a) or (b);
23.6	(3) the disqualification is rescinded because the information relied upon to disqualify
23.7	the individual is incorrect; or
23.8	(4) the disqualification relates to a license to provide relative child foster care.
23.9	As used in this clause, "relative" has the meaning given it under section 260C.007,
23.10	subdivision 27 -; or
23.11	(5) the disqualified individual is a household member of a licensed foster care
23.12	provider and:
23.13	(i) the disqualified individual previously received foster care services from this
23.14	licensed foster care provider;
23.15	(ii) the disqualified individual was subsequently adopted by this licensed foster
23.16	care provider; and
23.17	(iii) the disqualifying act occurred before the adoption.
23.18	(d) Licensed family child care providers and child care centers must provide notices
23.19	as required under section 245C.301.
23.20	(e) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), the identity of household members who
23.21	are the subject of a disqualification related set-aside or variance is not public data if:
23.22	(1) the household member resides in the residence where the family child care is
23.23	provided;
23.24	(2) the subject of the set-aside or variance is under the age of 18 years; and
23.25	(3) the set-aside or variance only relates to a disqualification under section 245C.15.
23.26	subdivision 4, for a misdemeanor-level theft crime as defined in section 609.52.
23.27	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 256B.092, subdivision 4d, is amended to
23.28	read:
23.29	Subd. 4d. Medicaid reimbursement; licensed provider; related individuals. The
23.30	commissioner shall seek a federal amendment to the home and community-based services
23.31	waiver for individuals with developmental disabilities, to allow Medicaid reimbursement
23.32	for the provision of supported living services to a related individual is allowed when the
23.33	following conditions have been met: specified in section 245A.03, subdivision 9, are met.
23.34	(1) the individual is 18 years of age or older;

- (2) the provider is certified initially and annually thereafter, by the county, as meeting the provider standards established in chapter 245B and the federal waiver plan;
- (3) the provider has been certified by the county as meeting the adult foster care provider standards established in Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.5105 to 9555.6265;
 - (4) the provider is not the legal guardian or conservator of the related individual; and
- (5) the individual's service plan meets the standards of this section and specifies any special conditions necessary to prevent a conflict of interest for the provider.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 626.556, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings given them unless the specific content indicates otherwise:
- (a) "Family assessment" means a comprehensive assessment of child safety, risk of subsequent child maltreatment, and family strengths and needs that is applied to a child maltreatment report that does not allege substantial child endangerment. Family assessment does not include a determination as to whether child maltreatment occurred but does determine the need for services to address the safety of family members and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.
- (b) "Investigation" means fact gathering related to the current safety of a child and the risk of subsequent maltreatment that determines whether child maltreatment occurred and whether child protective services are needed. An investigation must be used when reports involve substantial child endangerment, and for reports of maltreatment in facilities required to be licensed under chapter 245A or 245B; under sections 144.50 to 144.58 and 241.021; in a school as defined in sections 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13, and 124D.10; or in a nonlicensed personal care provider association as defined in sections 256B.04, subdivision 16, and 256B.0625, subdivision 19a.
- (c) "Substantial child endangerment" means a person responsible for a child's care, and in the case of sexual abuse includes a person who has a significant relationship to the child as defined in section 609.341, or a person in a position of authority as defined in section 609.341, who by act or omission commits or attempts to commit an act against a child under their care that constitutes any of the following:
 - (1) egregious harm as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14;
- 24.32 (2) sexual abuse as defined in paragraph (d);
- 24.33 (3) abandonment under section 260C.301, subdivision 2;

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25.1	(4) neglect as defined in paragraph (f), clause (2), that substantially endangers the
25.2	child's physical or mental health, including a growth delay, which may be referred to as
25.3	failure to thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and is due to parental neglect;
25.4	(5) murder in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.185, 609.19, or

- 25.6 (6) manslaughter in the first or second degree under section 609.20 or 609.205;
- 25.7 (7) assault in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.221, 609.222, or 609.223;
- 25.9 (8) solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution under section 609.322;
- 25.10 (9) criminal sexual conduct under sections 609.342 to 609.3451;

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- (10) solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct under section 609.352;
- 25.12 (11) malicious punishment or neglect or endangerment of a child under section 609.377 or 609.378;
 - (12) use of a minor in sexual performance under section 617.246; or
 - (13) parental behavior, status, or condition which mandates that the county attorney file a termination of parental rights petition under section 260C.301, subdivision 3, paragraph (a).
 - (d) "Sexual abuse" means the subjection of a child by a person responsible for the child's care, by a person who has a significant relationship to the child, as defined in section 609.341, or by a person in a position of authority, as defined in section 609.341, subdivision 10, to any act which constitutes a violation of section 609.342 (criminal sexual conduct in the first degree), 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second degree), 609.344 (criminal sexual conduct in the third degree), 609.345 (criminal sexual conduct in the fourth degree), or 609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree). Sexual abuse also includes any act which involves a minor which constitutes a violation of prostitution offenses under sections 609.321 to 609.324 or 617.246. Sexual abuse includes threatened sexual abuse.
 - (e) "Person responsible for the child's care" means (1) an individual functioning within the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child such as a parent, guardian, or other person having similar care responsibilities, or (2) an individual functioning outside the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child such as a teacher, school administrator, other school employees or agents, or other lawful custodian of a child having either full-time or short-term care responsibilities including, but not limited to, day care, babysitting whether paid or unpaid, counseling, teaching, and coaching.

- (f) "Neglect" means the commission or omission of any of the acts specified under clauses (1) to (9), other than by accidental means:
- (1) failure by a person responsible for a child's care to supply a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, health, medical, or other care required for the child's physical or mental health when reasonably able to do so;
- (2) failure to protect a child from conditions or actions that seriously endanger the child's physical or mental health when reasonably able to do so, including a growth delay, which may be referred to as a failure to thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and is due to parental neglect;
- (3) failure to provide for necessary supervision or child care arrangements appropriate for a child after considering factors as the child's age, mental ability, physical condition, length of absence, or environment, when the child is unable to care for the child's own basic needs or safety, or the basic needs or safety of another child in their care;
- (4) failure to ensure that the child is educated as defined in sections 120A.22 and 260C.163, subdivision 11, which does not include a parent's refusal to provide the parent's child with sympathomimetic medications, consistent with section 125A.091, subdivision 5;
- (5) nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that a child is neglected solely because the child's parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the child's care in good faith selects and depends upon spiritual means or prayer for treatment or care of disease or remedial care of the child in lieu of medical care; except that a parent, guardian, or caretaker, or a person mandated to report pursuant to subdivision 3, has a duty to report if a lack of medical care may cause serious danger to the child's health. This section does not impose upon persons, not otherwise legally responsible for providing a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care, a duty to provide that care;
- (6) prenatal exposure to a controlled substance, as defined in section 253B.02, subdivision 2, used by the mother for a nonmedical purpose, as evidenced by withdrawal symptoms in the child at birth, results of a toxicology test performed on the mother at delivery or the child at birth, or medical effects or developmental delays during the child's first year of life that medically indicate prenatal exposure to a controlled substance;
 - (7) "medical neglect" as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 6, clause (5);
- (8) chronic and severe use of alcohol or a controlled substance by a parent or person responsible for the care of the child that adversely affects the child's basic needs and safety; or
- (9) emotional harm from a pattern of behavior which contributes to impaired emotional functioning of the child which may be demonstrated by a substantial and observable effect in the child's behavior, emotional response, or cognition that is not

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within the normal range for the child's age and stage of development, with due regard to the child's culture.

(g) "Physical abuse" means any physical injury, mental injury, or threatened injury, inflicted by a person responsible for the child's care on a child other than by accidental means, or any physical or mental injury that cannot reasonably be explained by the child's history of injuries, or any aversive or deprivation procedures, or regulated interventions, that have not been authorized under section 121A.67 or 245.825.

Abuse does not include reasonable and moderate physical discipline of a child administered by a parent or legal guardian which does not result in an injury. Abuse does not include the use of reasonable force by a teacher, principal, or school employee as allowed by section 121A.582. Actions which are not reasonable and moderate include, but are not limited to, any of the following that are done in anger or without regard to the safety of the child:

- (1) throwing, kicking, burning, biting, or cutting a child;
- 27.15 (2) striking a child with a closed fist;

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- (3) shaking a child under age three;
- (4) striking or other actions which result in any nonaccidental injury to a child under 18 months of age;
 - (5) unreasonable interference with a child's breathing;
 - (6) threatening a child with a weapon, as defined in section 609.02, subdivision 6;
- 27.21 (7) striking a child under age one on the face or head;
 - (8) purposely giving a child poison, alcohol, or dangerous, harmful, or controlled substances which were not prescribed for the child by a practitioner, in order to control or punish the child; or other substances that substantially affect the child's behavior, motor coordination, or judgment or that results in sickness or internal injury, or subjects the child to medical procedures that would be unnecessary if the child were not exposed to the substances;
 - (9) unreasonable physical confinement or restraint not permitted under section 609.379, including but not limited to tying, caging, or chaining; or
 - (10) in a school facility or school zone, an act by a person responsible for the child's care that is a violation under section 121A.58.
 - (h) "Report" means any report received by the local welfare agency, police department, county sheriff, or agency responsible for assessing or investigating maltreatment pursuant to this section.
 - (i) "Facility" means:

28.1	(1) a licensed or unlicensed day care facility, residential facility, agency, hospital,
28.2	sanitarium, or other facility or institution required to be licensed under sections 144.50 to
28.3	144.58, 241.021, or 245A.01 to 245A.16, or chapter 245B;

- 28.4 (2) a school as defined in sections 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13; and 124D.10; or
 - (3) a nonlicensed personal care provider organization as defined in sections 256B.04, subdivision 16, and 256B.0625, subdivision 19a.
 - (j) "Operator" means an operator or agency as defined in section 245A.02.
- 28.9 (k) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.

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- (1) "Practice of social services," for the purposes of subdivision 3, includes but is not limited to employee assistance counseling and the provision of guardian ad litem and parenting time expeditor services.
- (m) "Mental injury" means an injury to the psychological capacity or emotional stability of a child as evidenced by an observable or substantial impairment in the child's ability to function within a normal range of performance and behavior with due regard to the child's culture.
- (n) "Threatened injury" means a statement, overt act, condition, or status that represents a substantial risk of physical or sexual abuse or mental injury. Threatened injury includes, but is not limited to, exposing a child to a person responsible for the child's care, as defined in paragraph (e), clause (1), who has:
- (1) subjected a child to, or failed to protect a child from, an overt act or condition that constitutes egregious harm, as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14, or a similar law of another jurisdiction;
- (2) been found to be palpably unfit under section 260C.301, paragraph (b), clause (4), or a similar law of another jurisdiction;
- (3) committed an act that has resulted in an involuntary termination of parental rights under section 260C.301, or a similar law of another jurisdiction; or
- (4) committed an act that has resulted in the involuntary transfer of permanent legal and physical custody of a child to a relative under section 260C.201, subdivision 11, paragraph (d), clause (1), or a similar law of another jurisdiction.
- (o) Persons who conduct assessments or investigations under this section shall take into account accepted child-rearing practices of the culture in which a child participates and accepted teacher discipline practices, which are not injurious to the child's health, welfare, and safety.
- (p) "Accidental" means a sudden, not reasonably foreseeable, and unexpected occurrence or event which:

29.1	(1) is not likely to occur and could not have been prevented by exercise of due
29.2	care; and
29.3	(2) if occurring while a child is receiving services from a facility, happens when the
29.4	facility and the employee or person providing services in the facility are in compliance
29.5	with the laws and rules relevant to the occurrence or event.
29.6	(q) "Nonmaltreatment mistake" means:
29.7	(1) at the time of the incident, the individual was performing duties identified in the
29.8	center's child care program plan required under Minnesota Rules, part 9503.0045;
29.9	(2) the individual has not been determined responsible for a similar incident that
29.10	resulted in a finding of maltreatment for at least seven years;
29.11	(3) the individual has not been determined to have committed a similar
29.12	nonmaltreatment mistake under this paragraph for at least four years;
29.13	(4) any injury to a child resulting from the incident, if treated, is treated only with
29.14	remedies that are available over the counter, whether ordered by a medical professional or
29.15	not; and
29.16	(5) except for the period when the incident occurred, the facility and the individual
29.17	providing services were both in compliance with all licensing requirements relevant to the
29.18	incident.
29.19	This definition only applies to child care centers licensed under Minnesota Rules,
29.20	chapter 9503. If clauses (1) to (5) apply, rather than making a determination of substantial
29.21	maltreatment by the individual, the commissioner of human services shall determine that
29.22	a nonmaltreatment mistake was made by the individual.
29.23	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 626.556, subdivision 10e,
29.24	is amended to read:
29.25	Subd. 10e. Determinations. (a) The local welfare agency shall conclude the family
29.26	assessment or the investigation within 45 days of the receipt of a report. The conclusion of
29.27	the assessment or investigation may be extended to permit the completion of a criminal
29.28	investigation or the receipt of expert information requested within 45 days of the receipt
29.29	of the report.
29.30	(b) After conducting a family assessment, the local welfare agency shall determine
29.31	whether services are needed to address the safety of the child and other family members
29.32	and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.
29.33	(c) After conducting an investigation, the local welfare agency shall make two
29.34	determinations: first, whether maltreatment has occurred; and second, whether child
29.35	protective services are needed.

- (d) If the commissioner of education conducts an assessment or investigation, the commissioner shall determine whether maltreatment occurred and what corrective or protective action was taken by the school facility. If a determination is made that maltreatment has occurred, the commissioner shall report to the employer, the school board, and any appropriate licensing entity the determination that maltreatment occurred and what corrective or protective action was taken by the school facility. In all other cases, the commissioner shall inform the school board or employer that a report was received, the subject of the report, the date of the initial report, the category of maltreatment alleged as defined in paragraph (f), the fact that maltreatment was not determined, and a summary of the specific reasons for the determination.
- (e) When maltreatment is determined in an investigation involving a facility, the investigating agency shall also determine whether the facility or individual was responsible, or whether both the facility and the individual were responsible for the maltreatment using the mitigating factors in paragraph (i). Determinations under this subdivision must be made based on a preponderance of the evidence and are private data on individuals or nonpublic data as maintained by the commissioner of education.
- (f) For the purposes of this subdivision, "maltreatment" means any of the following acts or omissions:
 - (1) physical abuse as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (g);
 - (2) neglect as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (f);
 - (3) sexual abuse as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (d);
 - (4) mental injury as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (m); or
- (5) maltreatment of a child in a facility as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (i).
 - (g) For the purposes of this subdivision, a determination that child protective services are needed means that the local welfare agency has documented conditions during the assessment or investigation sufficient to cause a child protection worker, as defined in section 626.559, subdivision 1, to conclude that a child is at significant risk of maltreatment if protective intervention is not provided and that the individuals responsible for the child's care have not taken or are not likely to take actions to protect the child from maltreatment or risk of maltreatment.
 - (h) This subdivision does not mean that maltreatment has occurred solely because the child's parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the child's care in good faith selects and depends upon spiritual means or prayer for treatment or care of disease or remedial care of the child, in lieu of medical care. However, if lack of medical care may result in serious danger to the child's health, the local welfare agency may ensure that necessary medical services are provided to the child.

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- (i) When determining whether the facility or individual is the responsible party, or whether both the facility and the individual are responsible for determined maltreatment in a facility, the investigating agency shall consider at least the following mitigating factors:
- (1) whether the actions of the facility or the individual caregivers were according to, and followed the terms of, an erroneous physician order, prescription, individual care plan, or directive; however, this is not a mitigating factor when the facility or caregiver was responsible for the issuance of the erroneous order, prescription, individual care plan, or directive or knew or should have known of the errors and took no reasonable measures to correct the defect before administering care;
- (2) comparative responsibility between the facility, other caregivers, and requirements placed upon an employee, including the facility's compliance with related regulatory standards and the adequacy of facility policies and procedures, facility training, an individual's participation in the training, the caregiver's supervision, and facility staffing levels and the scope of the individual employee's authority and discretion; and
- (3) whether the facility or individual followed professional standards in exercising professional judgment.
- The evaluation of the facility's responsibility under clause (2) must not be based on the completeness of the risk assessment or risk reduction plan required under section 245A.66, but must be based on the facility's compliance with the regulatory standards for policies and procedures, training, and supervision as cited in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules.
- (j) Notwithstanding paragraph (i), when maltreatment is determined to have been committed by an individual who is also the facility license holder, both the individual and the facility must be determined responsible for the maltreatment, and both the background study disqualification standards under section 245C.15, subdivision 4, and the licensing actions under sections 245A.06 or 245A.07 apply.
- (k) Individual counties may implement more detailed definitions or criteria that indicate which allegations to investigate, as long as a county's policies are consistent with the definitions in the statutes and rules and are approved by the county board. Each local welfare agency shall periodically inform mandated reporters under subdivision 3 who work in the county of the definitions of maltreatment in the statutes and rules and any additional definitions or criteria that have been approved by the county board.

Sec. 21. CONSUMER SATISFACTION; HUMAN SERVICES.

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(a) The commissioner of human services shall submit a memorandum each the governor and the chairs of the house of representatives and senate standing commits jurisdiction over the department's programs that provides the following inform (1) the number of calls made to each of the department's help lines by consist and citizens regarding the services provided by the department; (2) the program area related to the call; (3) the number of calls that were referred to a county agency for resolution; (5) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were without merit. (b) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20; 20; 213 subsequent memoranda submitted no later than February 15 each following year. (c) The commissioner shall publish the annual memorandum on the department when the chairs of the house of representatives and senate standing committed in the chairs of the house of representatives and senate standing committed in the chairs of the house of representatives and senate standing committed in the chairs of the house of representatives and senate standing committed in the number of calls made to each of the department; (2) the program area related to the call; (3) the number of calls that were referred to a county agency for resolution; (5) the number of calls that were referred to a county agency for resolution; (5) the number of calls that were referred to a county agency for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were without merit. (b) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20; subsequent memoranda submitted no later than February 15 each following year.	- ale - va a m + a
with jurisdiction over the department's programs that provides the following infor (1) the number of calls made to each of the department's help lines by const and citizens regarding the services provided by the department; (2) the program area related to the call; (3) the number of calls resolved at the department; (4) the number of calls that were referred to a county agency for resolution; (5) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were without merit. (b) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20; 32.14 (c) The commissioner shall publish the annual memorandum on the department web site each year no later than March 1. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2011. Sec. 22. CONSUMER SATISFACTION; COMMERCE. (a) The commissioner of commerce shall submit a memorandum each year governor and the chairs of the house of representatives and senate standing comm with jurisdiction over the department's programs that provides the following infor (1) the number of calls made to each of the department's help lines by constant in the program area related to the call; (3) the number of calls that were referred to a county agency for resolution; (5) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were without merit. (b) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20; subsequent memoranda submitted no later than February 15, 20; subsequent memoranda submitted no later than February 15 each following year.	-
(1) the number of calls made to each of the department's help lines by constant citizens regarding the services provided by the department; (2) the program area related to the call; (3) the number of calls resolved at the department; (4) the number of calls that were referred to a county agency for resolution; (5) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were without merit. (b) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20; subsequent memoranda submitted no later than February 15 each following year. (c) The commissioner shall publish the annual memorandum on the department when the each year no later than March 1. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2011. Sec. 22. CONSUMER SATISFACTION; COMMERCE. (a) The commissioner of commerce shall submit a memorandum each year governor and the chairs of the house of representatives and senate standing comm with jurisdiction over the department's programs that provides the following infor (1) the number of calls made to each of the department; (2) the program area related to the call; (3) the number of calls made to each of the department; (4) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (5) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were without merit. (b) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20; (c) the program area related to later than February 15, 20; (d) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20; (d) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20; (d) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20; (e) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20; (e) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20; (e) Th	
and citizens regarding the services provided by the department; (2) the program area related to the call; (3) the number of calls resolved at the department; (4) the number of calls that were referred to a county agency for resolution; (5) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were without merit. (b) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20, 20, 21, 21, 22, 23, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24	<u> </u>
(2) the program area related to the call; (3) the number of calls resolved at the department; (4) the number of calls that were referred to a county agency for resolution; (5) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that were without merit. (b) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20, 20, 21, 21, 22, 23, 24, 24, 26, 27, 27, 28, 27, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 29	<u>onsumers</u>
(3) the number of calls resolved at the department; (4) the number of calls that were referred to a county agency for resolution; (5) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that remain open; and (7) the number of calls that were without merit. (b) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20 subsequent memoranda submitted no later than February 15 each following year. (c) The commissioner shall publish the annual memorandum on the department when site each year no later than March 1. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2011. Sec. 22. CONSUMER SATISFACTION; COMMERCE. (a) The commissioner of commerce shall submit a memorandum each year governor and the chairs of the house of representatives and senate standing comm with jurisdiction over the department's programs that provides the following infor (1) the number of calls made to each of the department's help lines by constant citizens regarding the services provided by the department; (2) the program area related to the call; (3) the number of calls that were referred to a county agency for resolution; (5) the number of calls that were referred elsewhere for resolution; (6) the number of calls that remain open; and (7) the number of calls that were without merit. (b) The initial memorandum shall be submitted no later than February 15, 20 subsequent memoranda submitted no later than February 15 each following year.	
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Sec. 23. TRANSFER OF REAL PROPERTY.

33.2	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 16B.281 to 16B.287, or other
33.3	law, administrative rule, or commissioner's order to the contrary, the commissioner
33.4	of administration may, in one or more transactions, sell by private sale to a federally
33.5	recognized Indian tribe located in the state of Minnesota for fair market value all or part of
33.6	the real property at the Brainerd Regional Human Services Center for public purposes.
33.7	The conveyance shall be in a form approved by the attorney general and subject to
33.8	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695. This paragraph expires May 15, 2015.
33.9	(b) As part of a sale transaction, the commissioner of human services may enter into
33.10	a shared services agreement to provide or obtain utilities services on the campus.
33.11	(c) The commissioner of administration may, upon request of the commissioner of
33.12	human services, acquire by gift or purchase, easements to provide road access and utilities
33.13	to facilitate multiparty ownership of lands and buildings on the Brainerd campus. The
33.14	authority to acquire easements under this paragraph expires May 15, 2015.
33.15	Sec. 24. REPEALER.
33.16	(a) Minnesota Rules, part 2500.5000, is repealed.
33.17	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 256B.0919, subdivision 4, is repealed.
33.18	ARTICLE 2
33.19	DHS HEARINGS
33.20	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 245C.27, subdivision 1, is
33.21	amended to read:
33.22	Subdivision 1. Fair hearing when disqualification is not set aside following a
33.23	reconsideration decision. (a) If the commissioner does not set aside a disqualification
33.24	of an individual under section 245C.22 An individual who is disqualified on the basis of
33.25	a preponderance of evidence that the individual committed an act or acts that meet the
33.26	definition of any of the crimes listed in section 245C.15; for a determination under section
33.27	626.556 or 626.557 of substantiated maltreatment that was serious or recurring under
33.28	section 245C.15; or for failure to make required reports under section 626.556, subdivision
33.29	3; or 626.557, subdivision 3, pursuant to section 245C.15, subdivision 4, paragraph (b),
33.30	clause (1), the individual may request a fair hearing under section 256.045, following
33.31	a reconsideration decision issued under section 245C.23, unless the disqualification is
33.32	deemed conclusive under section 245C.29.
33.33	(b) The fair hearing is the only administrative appeal of the final agency
33.34	determination for purposes of appeal by the disqualified individual. The disqualified
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individual does not have the right to challenge the accuracy and completeness of data under section 13.04.

- (c) Except as provided under paragraph (e), if the individual was disqualified based on a conviction of, admission to, or Alford Plea to any crimes listed in section 245C.15, subdivisions 1 to 4, or for a disqualification under section 256.98, subdivision 8, the reconsideration decision under section 245C.22 is the final agency determination for purposes of appeal by the disqualified individual and is not subject to a hearing under section 256.045. If the individual was disqualified based on a judicial determination, that determination is treated the same as a conviction for purposes of appeal.
- (d) This subdivision does not apply to a public employee's appeal of a disqualification under section 245C.28, subdivision 3.
- (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), if the commissioner does not set aside a disqualification of an individual who was disqualified based on both a preponderance of evidence and a conviction or admission, the individual may request a fair hearing under section 256.045, unless the disqualifications are deemed conclusive under section 245C.29. The scope of the hearing conducted under section 256.045 with regard to the disqualification based on a conviction or admission shall be limited solely to whether the individual poses a risk of harm, according to section 256.045, subdivision 3b. In this case, the reconsideration decision under section 245C.22 is not the final agency decision for purposes of appeal by the disqualified individual.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 245C.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Consolidated fair hearing following a reconsideration decision.** (a) If an individual who is disqualified on the bases of serious or recurring maltreatment requests a fair hearing on the maltreatment determination under section 626.556, subdivision 10i, or 626.557, subdivision 9d, and requests a fair hearing under this section on the disqualification, which has not been set aside, following a reconsideration decision under section 245C.23, the scope of the fair hearing under section 256.045 shall include the maltreatment determination and the disqualification.
 - (b) A fair hearing is the only administrative appeal of the final agency determination. The disqualified individual does not have the right to challenge the accuracy and completeness of data under section 13.04.
 - (c) This subdivision does not apply to a public employee's appeal of a disqualification under section 245C.28, subdivision 3.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 245C.28, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 3. **Employees of public employer.** (a) If the commissioner does not set aside the disqualification of an A disqualified individual who is an employee of an employer, as defined in section 179A.03, subdivision 15, the individual may request a contested case hearing under chapter 14 following a reconsideration decision under section 245C.23, unless the disqualification is deemed conclusive under section 245C.29. The request for a contested case hearing must be made in writing and must be postmarked and sent within 30 calendar days after the employee receives notice that the disqualification has not been set aside of the reconsideration decision. If the individual was disqualified based on a conviction or admission to any crimes listed in section 245C.15, the scope of the contested case hearing shall be limited solely to whether the individual poses a risk of harm pursuant to section 245C.22.
- (b) If the commissioner does not set aside a disqualification that is When an individual is disqualified based on a maltreatment determination, the scope of the contested case hearing under paragraph (a), must include the maltreatment determination and the disqualification. In such cases, a fair hearing must not be conducted under section 256.045.
- (c) Rules adopted under this chapter may not preclude an employee in a contested case hearing for a disqualification from submitting evidence concerning information gathered under this chapter.
- (d) When an individual has been disqualified from multiple licensed programs and the disqualifications have not been set aside under section 245C.22, if at least one of the disqualifications entitles the person to a contested case hearing under this subdivision, the scope of the contested case hearing shall include all disqualifications from licensed programs which were not set aside.
- (e) In determining whether the disqualification should be set aside, the administrative law judge shall consider all of the characteristics that cause the individual to be disqualified in order to determine whether the individual poses a risk of harm. The administrative law judge's recommendation and the commissioner's order to set aside a disqualification that is the subject of the hearing constitutes a determination that the individual does not pose a risk of harm and that the individual may provide direct contact services in the individual program specified in the set aside.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 256.045, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **State agency hearings.** (a) State agency hearings are available for the following:

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- (1) any person applying for, receiving or having received public assistance, medical care, or a program of social services granted by the state agency or a county agency or the federal Food Stamp Act whose application for assistance is denied, not acted upon with reasonable promptness, or whose assistance is suspended, reduced, terminated, or claimed to have been incorrectly paid;
- (2) any patient or relative aggrieved by an order of the commissioner under section 252.27;
 - (3) a party aggrieved by a ruling of a prepaid health plan;

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- (4) except as provided under chapter 245C, any individual or facility determined by a lead agency to have maltreated a vulnerable adult under section 626.557 after they have exercised their right to administrative reconsideration under section 626.557;
- (5) any person whose claim for foster care payment according to a placement of the child resulting from a child protection assessment under section 626.556 is denied or not acted upon with reasonable promptness, regardless of funding source;
- (6) any person to whom a right of appeal according to this section is given by other provision of law;
- (7) an applicant aggrieved by an adverse decision to an application for a hardship waiver under section 256B.15;
- (8) an applicant aggrieved by an adverse decision to an application or redetermination for a Medicare Part D prescription drug subsidy under section 256B.04, subdivision 4a;
- (9) except as provided under chapter 245A, an individual or facility determined to have maltreated a minor under section 626.556, after the individual or facility has exercised the right to administrative reconsideration under section 626.556;
- (10) except as provided under chapter 245C, an individual disqualified under sections 245C.14 and 245C.15, which has not been set aside under sections 245C.22 and following a reconsideration decision issued under section 245C.23, on the basis of serious or recurring maltreatment; a preponderance of the evidence that the individual has committed an act or acts that meet the definition of any of the crimes listed in section 245C.15, subdivisions 1 to 4; or for failing to make reports required under section 626.556, subdivision 3, or 626.557, subdivision 3. Hearings regarding a maltreatment determination under clause (4) or (9) and a disqualification under this clause in which the basis for a disqualification is serious or recurring maltreatment, which has not been set aside under sections 245C.22 and 245C.23, shall be consolidated into a single fair hearing. In such cases, the scope of review by the human services referee shall include both the maltreatment determination and the disqualification. The failure to exercise the right to an administrative reconsideration shall not be a bar to a hearing under this section if federal

law provides an individual the right to a hearing to dispute a finding of maltreatment. Individuals and organizations specified in this section may contest the specified action, decision, or final disposition before the state agency by submitting a written request for a hearing to the state agency within 30 days after receiving written notice of the action, decision, or final disposition, or within 90 days of such written notice if the applicant, recipient, patient, or relative shows good cause why the request was not submitted within the 30-day time limit; or

- (11) any person with an outstanding debt resulting from receipt of public assistance, medical care, or the federal Food Stamp Act who is contesting a setoff claim by the Department of Human Services or a county agency. The scope of the appeal is the validity of the claimant agency's intention to request a setoff of a refund under chapter 270A against the debt.
- (b) The hearing for an individual or facility under paragraph (a), clause (4), (9), or (10), is the only administrative appeal to the final agency determination specifically, including a challenge to the accuracy and completeness of data under section 13.04. Hearings requested under paragraph (a), clause (4), apply only to incidents of maltreatment that occur on or after October 1, 1995. Hearings requested by nursing assistants in nursing homes alleged to have maltreated a resident prior to October 1, 1995, shall be held as a contested case proceeding under the provisions of chapter 14. Hearings requested under paragraph (a), clause (9), apply only to incidents of maltreatment that occur on or after July 1, 1997. A hearing for an individual or facility under paragraph (a), clause (9), is only available when there is no juvenile court or adult criminal action pending. If such action is filed in either court while an administrative review is pending, the administrative review must be suspended until the judicial actions are completed. If the juvenile court action or criminal charge is dismissed or the criminal action overturned, the matter may be considered in an administrative hearing.
- (c) For purposes of this section, bargaining unit grievance procedures are not an administrative appeal.
- (d) The scope of hearings involving claims to foster care payments under paragraph (a), clause (5), shall be limited to the issue of whether the county is legally responsible for a child's placement under court order or voluntary placement agreement and, if so, the correct amount of foster care payment to be made on the child's behalf and shall not include review of the propriety of the county's child protection determination or child placement decision.
- (e) A vendor of medical care as defined in section 256B.02, subdivision 7, or a vendor under contract with a county agency to provide social services is not a party and

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may not request a hearing under this section, except if assisting a recipient as provided in subdivision 4.

- (f) An applicant or recipient is not entitled to receive social services beyond the services prescribed under chapter 256M or other social services the person is eligible for under state law.
- (g) The commissioner may summarily affirm the county or state agency's proposed action without a hearing when the sole issue is an automatic change due to a change in state or federal law.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 626.556, subdivision 10i, is amended to read:

Subd. 10i. Administrative reconsideration; review panel. (a) Administrative reconsideration is not applicable in family assessments since no determination concerning maltreatment is made. For investigations, except as provided under paragraph (e), an individual or facility that the commissioner of human services, a local social service agency, or the commissioner of education determines has maltreated a child, an interested person acting on behalf of the child, regardless of the determination, who contests the investigating agency's final determination regarding maltreatment, may request the investigating agency to reconsider its final determination regarding maltreatment. The request for reconsideration must be submitted in writing to the investigating agency within 15 calendar days after receipt of notice of the final determination regarding maltreatment or, if the request is made by an interested person who is not entitled to notice, within 15 days after receipt of the notice by the parent or guardian of the child. If mailed, the request for reconsideration must be postmarked and sent to the investigating agency within 15 calendar days of the individual's or facility's receipt of the final determination. If the request for reconsideration is made by personal service, it must be received by the investigating agency within 15 calendar days after the individual's or facility's receipt of the final determination. Effective January 1, 2002, an individual who was determined to have maltreated a child under this section and who was disqualified on the basis of serious or recurring maltreatment under sections 245C.14 and 245C.15, may request reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and the disqualification. The request for reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and the disqualification must be submitted within 30 calendar days of the individual's receipt of the notice of disqualification under sections 245C.16 and 245C.17. If mailed, the request for reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and the disqualification must be postmarked and sent to the investigating agency within 30 calendar days of the individual's receipt of the maltreatment determination and notice of disqualification. If the request for reconsideration is made by

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personal service, it must be received by the investigating agency within 30 calendar days after the individual's receipt of the notice of disqualification.

- (b) Except as provided under paragraphs (e) and (f), if the investigating agency denies the request or fails to act upon the request within 15 working days after receiving the request for reconsideration, the person or facility entitled to a fair hearing under section 256.045 may submit to the commissioner of human services or the commissioner of education a written request for a hearing under that section. Section 256.045 also governs hearings requested to contest a final determination of the commissioner of education. For reports involving maltreatment of a child in a facility, an interested person acting on behalf of the child may request a review by the Child Maltreatment Review Panel under section 256.022 if the investigating agency denies the request or fails to act upon the request or if the interested person contests a reconsidered determination. The investigating agency shall notify persons who request reconsideration of their rights under this paragraph. The request must be submitted in writing to the review panel and a copy sent to the investigating agency within 30 calendar days of receipt of notice of a denial of a request for reconsideration or of a reconsidered determination. The request must specifically identify the aspects of the agency determination with which the person is dissatisfied.
- (c) If, as a result of a reconsideration or review, the investigating agency changes the final determination of maltreatment, that agency shall notify the parties specified in subdivisions 10b, 10d, and 10f.
- (d) Except as provided under paragraph (f), if an individual or facility contests the investigating agency's final determination regarding maltreatment by requesting a fair hearing under section 256.045, the commissioner of human services shall assure that the hearing is conducted and a decision is reached within 90 days of receipt of the request for a hearing. The time for action on the decision may be extended for as many days as the hearing is postponed or the record is held open for the benefit of either party.
- (e) Effective January 1, 2002, If an individual was disqualified under sections 245C.14 and 245C.15, on the basis of a determination of maltreatment, which was serious or recurring, and the individual has requested reconsideration of the maltreatment determination under paragraph (a) and requested reconsideration of the disqualification under sections 245C.21 to 245C.27, reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and reconsideration of the disqualification shall be consolidated into a single reconsideration. If reconsideration of the maltreatment determination is denied or the disqualification is not set aside under sections 245C.21 to 245C.27 and the individual remains disqualified following a reconsideration decision, the individual may request a fair hearing under section 256.045. If an individual requests a fair hearing on the maltreatment determination

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and the disqualification, the scope of the fair hearing shall include both the maltreatment determination and the disqualification.

- (f) Effective January 1, 2002, If a maltreatment determination or a disqualification based on serious or recurring maltreatment is the basis for a denial of a license under section 245A.05 or a licensing sanction under section 245A.07, the license holder has the right to a contested case hearing under chapter 14 and Minnesota Rules, parts 1400.8505 to 1400.8612. As provided for under section 245A.08, subdivision 2a, the scope of the contested case hearing shall include the maltreatment determination, disqualification, and licensing sanction or denial of a license. In such cases, a fair hearing regarding the maltreatment determination and disqualification shall not be conducted under section 256.045. Except for family child care and child foster care, reconsideration of a maltreatment determination as provided under this subdivision, and reconsideration of a disqualification as provided under section 245C.22, shall also not be conducted when:
- (1) a denial of a license under section 245A.05 or a licensing sanction under section 245A.07, is based on a determination that the license holder is responsible for maltreatment or the disqualification of a license holder based on serious or recurring maltreatment;
- (2) the denial of a license or licensing sanction is issued at the same time as the maltreatment determination or disqualification; and
- (3) the license holder appeals the maltreatment determination or disqualification, and denial of a license or licensing sanction.

Notwithstanding clauses (1) to (3), if the license holder appeals the maltreatment determination or disqualification, but does not appeal the denial of a license or a licensing sanction, reconsideration of the maltreatment determination shall be conducted under sections 626.556, subdivision 10i, and 626.557, subdivision 9d, and reconsideration of the disqualification shall be conducted under section 245C.22. In such cases, a fair hearing shall also be conducted as provided under sections 245C.27, 626.556, subdivision 10i, and 626.557, subdivision 9d.

If the disqualified subject is an individual other than the license holder and upon whom a background study must be conducted under chapter 245C, the hearings of all parties may be consolidated into a single contested case hearing upon consent of all parties and the administrative law judge.

(g) For purposes of this subdivision, "interested person acting on behalf of the child" means a parent or legal guardian; stepparent; grandparent; guardian ad litem; adult stepbrother, stepsister, or sibling; or adult aunt or uncle; unless the person has been determined to be the perpetrator of the maltreatment.

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Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 626.557, subdivision 9d, is amended to read: Subd. 9d. Administrative reconsideration; review panel. (a) Except as provided under paragraph (e), any individual or facility which a lead agency determines has maltreated a vulnerable adult, or the vulnerable adult or an interested person acting on behalf of the vulnerable adult, regardless of the lead agency's determination, who contests the lead agency's final disposition of an allegation of maltreatment, may request the lead agency to reconsider its final disposition. The request for reconsideration must be submitted in writing to the lead agency within 15 calendar days after receipt of notice of final disposition or, if the request is made by an interested person who is not entitled to notice, within 15 days after receipt of the notice by the vulnerable adult or the vulnerable adult's legal guardian. If mailed, the request for reconsideration must be postmarked and sent to the lead agency within 15 calendar days of the individual's or facility's receipt of the final disposition. If the request for reconsideration is made by personal service, it must be received by the lead agency within 15 calendar days of the individual's or facility's receipt of the final disposition. An individual who was determined to have maltreated a vulnerable adult under this section and who was disqualified on the basis of serious or recurring maltreatment under sections 245C.14 and 245C.15, may request reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and the disqualification. The request for reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and the disqualification must be submitted in writing within 30 calendar days of the individual's receipt of the notice of disqualification under sections 245C.16 and 245C.17. If mailed, the request for reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and the disqualification must be postmarked and sent to the lead agency within 30 calendar days of the individual's receipt of the notice of disqualification. If the request for reconsideration is made by personal service, it must be received by the lead agency within 30 calendar days after the individual's receipt of the notice of disqualification.

(b) Except as provided under paragraphs (e) and (f), if the lead agency denies the request or fails to act upon the request within 15 working days after receiving the request for reconsideration, the person or facility entitled to a fair hearing under section 256.045, may submit to the commissioner of human services a written request for a hearing under that statute. The vulnerable adult, or an interested person acting on behalf of the vulnerable adult, may request a review by the Vulnerable Adult Maltreatment Review Panel under section 256.021 if the lead agency denies the request or fails to act upon the request, or if the vulnerable adult or interested person contests a reconsidered disposition. The lead agency shall notify persons who request reconsideration of their rights under this paragraph. The request must be submitted in writing to the review panel and a copy sent

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to the lead agency within 30 calendar days of receipt of notice of a denial of a request for reconsideration or of a reconsidered disposition. The request must specifically identify the aspects of the agency determination with which the person is dissatisfied.

- (c) If, as a result of a reconsideration or review, the lead agency changes the final disposition, it shall notify the parties specified in subdivision 9c, paragraph (d).
- (d) For purposes of this subdivision, "interested person acting on behalf of the vulnerable adult" means a person designated in writing by the vulnerable adult to act on behalf of the vulnerable adult, or a legal guardian or conservator or other legal representative, a proxy or health care agent appointed under chapter 145B or 145C, or an individual who is related to the vulnerable adult, as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 13.
- (e) If an individual was disqualified under sections 245C.14 and 245C.15, on the basis of a determination of maltreatment, which was serious or recurring, and the individual has requested reconsideration of the maltreatment determination under paragraph (a) and reconsideration of the disqualification under sections 245C.21 to 245C.27, reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and requested reconsideration of the disqualification shall be consolidated into a single reconsideration. If reconsideration of the maltreatment determination is denied or if the disqualification is not set aside under sections 245C.21 to 245C.27 and the individual remains disqualified following a reconsideration decision, the individual may request a fair hearing under section 256.045. If an individual requests a fair hearing on the maltreatment determination and the disqualification, the scope of the fair hearing shall include both the maltreatment determination and the disqualification.
- (f) If a maltreatment determination or a disqualification based on serious or recurring maltreatment is the basis for a denial of a license under section 245A.05 or a licensing sanction under section 245A.07, the license holder has the right to a contested case hearing under chapter 14 and Minnesota Rules, parts 1400.8505 to 1400.8612. As provided for under section 245A.08, the scope of the contested case hearing must include the maltreatment determination, disqualification, and licensing sanction or denial of a license. In such cases, a fair hearing must not be conducted under section 256.045. Except for family child care and child foster care, reconsideration of a maltreatment determination under this subdivision, and reconsideration of a disqualification under section 245C.22, must not be conducted when:
- (1) a denial of a license under section 245A.05, or a licensing sanction under section 245A.07, is based on a determination that the license holder is responsible for maltreatment or the disqualification of a license holder based on serious or recurring maltreatment;

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- (2) the denial of a license or licensing sanction is issued at the same time as the maltreatment determination or disqualification; and
- (3) the license holder appeals the maltreatment determination or disqualification, and denial of a license or licensing sanction.

Notwithstanding clauses (1) to (3), if the license holder appeals the maltreatment determination or disqualification, but does not appeal the denial of a license or a licensing sanction, reconsideration of the maltreatment determination shall be conducted under sections 626.556, subdivision 10i, and 626.557, subdivision 9d, and reconsideration of the disqualification shall be conducted under section 245C.22. In such cases, a fair hearing shall also be conducted as provided under sections 245C.27, 626.556, subdivision 10i, and 626.557, subdivision 9d.

If the disqualified subject is an individual other than the license holder and upon whom a background study must be conducted under chapter 245C, the hearings of all parties may be consolidated into a single contested case hearing upon consent of all parties and the administrative law judge.

- (g) Until August 1, 2002, an individual or facility that was determined by the commissioner of human services or the commissioner of health to be responsible for neglect under section 626.5572, subdivision 17, after October 1, 1995, and before August 1, 2001, that believes that the finding of neglect does not meet an amended definition of neglect may request a reconsideration of the determination of neglect. The commissioner of human services or the commissioner of health shall mail a notice to the last known address of individuals who are eligible to seek this reconsideration. The request for reconsideration must state how the established findings no longer meet the elements of the definition of neglect. The commissioner shall review the request for reconsideration and make a determination within 15 calendar days. The commissioner's decision on this reconsideration is the final agency action.
- (1) For purposes of compliance with the data destruction schedule under subdivision 12b, paragraph (d), when a finding of substantiated maltreatment has been changed as a result of a reconsideration under this paragraph, the date of the original finding of a substantiated maltreatment must be used to calculate the destruction date.
- (2) For purposes of any background studies under chapter 245C, when a determination of substantiated maltreatment has been changed as a result of a reconsideration under this paragraph, any prior disqualification of the individual under chapter 245C that was based on this determination of maltreatment shall be rescinded, and for future background studies under chapter 245C the commissioner must not use the previous determination of substantiated maltreatment as a basis for disqualification or as a

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- basis for referring the individual's maltreatment history to a health-related licensing board
- 44.2 under section 245C.31.
- Sec. 7. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**
- Sections 1 to 6 are effective the day following final enactment.

APPENDIX Article locations in s2935-2

ARTICLE 1	LICENSING	Page.Ln 1.18
ARTICLE 2	DHS HEARINGS	Page Ln 33 18

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: s2935-2

256B.0919 ADULT FOSTER CARE AND FAMILY ADULT DAY CARE.

- Subd. 4. County certification; licensed providers; related individual; developmentally disabled. (a) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, a county may certify an adult foster care license holder to provide foster care services to an individual with a developmental disability, who is related to the provider, if the following conditions are met:
 - (1) the individual is 18 years of age or older;
- (2) the individual's service plan meets the standards of section 256B.092 and specifies any special conditions necessary to prevent a conflict of interest for the provider;
 - (3) the provider is not the legal guardian or conservator of the related individual:
- (4) the provider maintains a license under Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.5105 to 9555.6265, to serve unrelated foster care recipients;
 - (5) the provider maintains a license under chapter 245B; and
- (6) the county certifies the provider meets the adult foster care provider standards established in Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.5105 to 9555.6265, for services provided to the related individual.
- (b) The county shall complete an annual certification review to ensure compliance with paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (6).
- (c) Notwithstanding section 256I.04, subdivision 2a, clause (2), the adult foster care provider certified by the county under this subdivision may be reimbursed for room and board costs through the group residential housing program.