1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8	A bill for an act relating to mortgages; requiring certain notices related to redemption rights be made to a mortgagor; providing for a private right of action; modifying time for requesting a hearing on an order to secure a building; modifying notice of sale requirements; authorizing political subdivisions to recover costs associated with obtaining a five-week redemption period; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 580.03; 580.041, as amended; 580.06; 580.30, subdivision 1; 582.03, subdivision 1; 582.032, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2009
1.9	Supplement, sections 463.251, subdivision 3; 580.04.
1.10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.11	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 463.251, subdivision 3,
1.12	is amended to read:
1.13	Subd. 3. Securing building by city; lien. If the owner of the building or a holder of
1.14	the sheriff's certificate of sale fails to either comply or provide to the governing body a
1.15	reasonable plan and schedule to comply with an order issued under subdivision 2 or to
1.16	request a hearing on the order within $\frac{14}{5}$ six days after the order is served, the governing
1.17	body shall cause the building to be properly secured and the cost of securing the building
1.18	may be charged against the real estate as provided in section 463.21. In the metropolitan
1.19	area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, the governing body may work with
1.20	neighborhood associations to develop and implement plans to secure vacant buildings in
1.21	a timely and cost-effective fashion. The city may use rehabilitation and revitalization
1.22	funds in implementing this section.

1.23 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 580.03, is amended to read:

1.24 580.03 NOTICE OF SALE; SERVICE ON OCCUPANT.

Six weeks' published notice shall be given that such mortgage will be foreclosed by 2.1 sale of the mortgaged premises or some part thereof, and at least four weeks before the 2.2 appointed time of sale a copy of such notice shall be served in like manner as a summons 2.3 in a civil action in the district court upon the person in possession of the mortgaged 2.4 premises, if the same are actually occupied. If there be a building on such premises used 2.5 by a church or religious corporation, for its usual meetings, service upon any officer 2.6 or trustee of such corporation shall be a sufficient service upon it. The notice 2.7 required by sections 580.041 and 580.042 must be served simultaneously with the notice 2.8 of foreclosure required by this section. 2.9

2.10 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 580.04, is amended to read:

2.11

580.04 REQUISITES OF NOTICE.

2.12 (a) Each notice shall specify or contain:

2.13 (1) the name of the mortgagor, the mortgagee, each assignee of the mortgage, if any,2.14 and the original or maximum principal amount secured by the mortgage;

2.15 (2) the date of the mortgage, and when and where recorded, except where the
2.16 mortgage is upon registered land, in which case the notice shall state that fact, and when
2.17 and where registered;

2.18 (3) the amount claimed to be due on the mortgage on the date of the notice;

2.19 (4) a description of the mortgaged premises, conforming substantially to that
2.20 contained in the mortgage, and the commonly used street address of the mortgaged
2.21 premises;

2.22 (5) the time and place of sale;

2.23 (6) the time allowed by law for redemption by the mortgagor, the mortgagor's
2.24 personal representatives or assigns; and

2.25 (7) <u>the name, address, and telephone number of a current representative of the</u>

2.26 <u>mortgagee or an assignee of the mortgage who has the authority to negotiate a resolution</u>

2.27 of the foreclosure and respond to property maintenance concerns of the city or town in

2.28 which the premises is located; and

- (8) for mortgaged premises described in section 582.032, subdivision 1, the following
 statement in capital letters: "THE TIME ALLOWED BY LAW FOR REDEMPTION
 BY THE MORTGAGOR, THE MORTGAGOR'S PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
 OR ASSIGNS, MAY BE REDUCED TO FIVE WEEKS IF A JUDICIAL ORDER IS
 ENTERED UNDER MINNESOTA STATUTES, SECTION 582.032, DETERMINING,
- 2.34 AMONG OTHER THINGS, THAT THE MORTGAGED PREMISES ARE IMPROVED

3.1 WITH A RESIDENTIAL DWELLING OF LESS THAN FIVE UNITS, ARE NOT

3.2 PROPERTY USED IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, AND ARE ABANDONED."

- 3.3 (b) If the real estate is an owner-occupied, single-family dwelling, the notice must
 also specify the date on or before which the mortgagor must vacate the property if the
 mortgage is not reinstated under section 580.30 or the property redeemed under section
 580.23. The notice must state that the time to vacate the property is 11:59 p.m. on the
 specified date.
- 3.8 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 580.041, as amended by Laws 2009, chapter
 3.9 123, section 7, and Laws 2009, chapter 130, section 7, is amended to read:

3.10 580.041 FORECLOSURE ADVICE <u>AND REDEMPTION RIGHTS</u> NOTICE 3.11 TO OWNERS.

3.12 Subd. 1a. **Applicability.** This section applies to foreclosure of mortgages by 3.13 advertisement under this chapter and foreclosure of mortgages by action under chapter 3.14 581 on property consisting of one to four family dwelling units, one of which the owner 3.15 occupies as the owner's principal place of residency when the notice of pendency under 3.16 section 580.032 or the lis pendens for a foreclosure under chapter 581 is recorded.

Subd. 1b. Form and delivery of foreclosure advice notice. The foreclosure advice 3.17 notice required by this section must be in 14-point boldface type and must be printed on 3.18 colored paper that is other than the color of the notice of foreclosure required by sections 3.19 580.03 and 580.04 and the notice of redemption rights required by this section, and that 3.20 does not obscure or overshadow the content of the notice. The title of the notice must 3.21 be in 20-point boldface type. The notice must be on its own page. The foreclosure 3.22 advice notice required by this section must be delivered with the notice of foreclosure 3.23 required by sections 580.03 and 580.04. The foreclosure advice notice required by this 3.24 section also must be delivered with each subsequent written communication regarding the 3.25 foreclosure mailed to the mortgagor by the foreclosing party up to the day of redemption. 3.26 A foreclosing mortgagee will be deemed to have complied with this section if it sends 3.27 the foreclosure advice notice required by this section at least once every 60 days during 3.28 the period of the foreclosure process. The foreclosure advice notice required by this 3.29 section must not be published. 3.30

3.31 Subd. 1c. Form and delivery of notice of redemption rights. The notice of
3.32 redemption rights required by this section must be in 14-point boldface type and must be
3.33 printed on colored paper that is other than the color of the notice of foreclosure required
3.34 by sections 580.03 and 580.04 and the foreclosure advice notice required by this section,
3.35 and that does not obscure or overshadow the content of the notice. The title of the notice

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mus	at be in 20-point boldface type. The notice must be on its own page. The notice of
rede	emption rights must be delivered with the notice of foreclosure required by sections
<u>580</u>	.03 and 580.04. The notice of redemption rights required by this section must not
be p	published.
	Subd. 2. Content of foreclosure advice notice. The foreclosure advice notice
requ	aired by this section must appear substantially as follows:
	"Help For Homeowners in Foreclosure
	The attorney preparing this foreclosure is:
	(Attorney name, address, phone)
	It is being prepared for:
	(Lender name, loss mitigation phone number)
	AS OF [insert date], this lender says that you owe \$[insert dollar amount] to bring
	your mortgage up to date (or "reinstate" your mortgage). You must pay this amount,
	plus interest and other costs, to keep your house from going through a sheriff's sale.
	The sheriff's sale is scheduled for [insert date] at [insert time] at [insert place].
	Mortgage foreclosure is a complex process. People may contact you with advice and
	offers to help "save" your home.
	Remember: It is important that you learn as much as you can about foreclosure and
	your situation. Find out about all your options before you make any agreements with
	anyone about the foreclosure of your home.
	Getting Help
	As soon as possible, you should contact your lender at the above number to talk
	about things you might be able to do to prevent foreclosure. You should also
	consider contacting the foreclosure prevention counselor in your area. A foreclosure
	prevention counselor can answer your questions, offer free advice, and help you
	create a plan which makes sense for your situation.
	Contact the Minnesota Home Ownership Center at 651-659-9336 or 866-462-6466
	or www.hocmn.org to get the phone number and location of the nearest counseling
	organization. Call today. The longer you wait, the fewer options you may have for
	a desirable result.
	Information About the Foreclosure Process
	You do not need to move at the time of the sheriff's sale. After the sheriff's sale you
	have the right to "redeem." Redeem means that you pay off the entire loan amount
	plus fees to keep your house. You can keep living in your home for a period of time
	This is called a "redemption period." The redemption period is [insert number of
	months] months after the sheriff's sale. This redemption period is your chance to

- 5.1try and sell your home or refinance it with a different loan. You can also pay the5.2redemption amount with any other funds you have available. At the end of the5.3redemption period you will have to leave your home. If you do not, the person or5.4company that bid on your home at the sheriff's sale has the right to file an eviction5.5against you in district court."
- 5.6 Subd. 2a. Content of notice of redemption rights. The notice of redemption rights
 5.7 required by this section must appear substantially as follows:
- 5.8 **"What Happens After the Foreclosure Sale**
- 5.9 After the sheriff's sale, you have the right to "redeem." Redeem means that you pay the
- 5.10 <u>amount bid for your house at the sheriff's sale plus interest and costs to keep your house.</u>
- 5.11 You can keep living in your home for a period of time after the foreclosure sale. This is
- 5.12 <u>called a "redemption period." The redemption period is [insert number of months] months</u>
- 5.13 <u>after the sheriff's sale.</u>
- 5.14 At the end of the redemption period, if you do not redeem or sell, you will have to
- 5.15 leave your home. If you do not leave, the person or company that bid on your home at the
- 5.16 <u>sheriff's sale has the right to file an eviction against you in court.</u>
- 5.17 Be Careful of Foreclosure Scams
- 5.18 Be careful! After the foreclosure sale, people may approach you to buy your house
- 5.19 or offer to transfer your house to them for little or no money.
- 5.20 Before you give up the rights to your house or sign any documents (including a
- 5.21 <u>deed</u>), be sure you know how much the house sold for at the sheriff's sale and decide if
- 5.22 you can save it by paying the amount of the bid, plus interest and costs.
- 5.23 How to Find Out How Much Your House Sold For at the Foreclosure Sale
- 5.24 The amount you need to pay to redeem your house may be less than the amount you
- 5.25 <u>owed on your mortgage before the sale (although it could also be more)</u>. You can learn
- 5.26 what this amount is (and who the winning bidder at the sale was) by attending the sheriff's
- 5.27 <u>sale or by contacting the sheriff's office after the sale.</u>
- 5.28 You Can Also Sell Your House
- 5.29During the redemption period, if you sell your home, you must sell it for enough to5.30pay off the winning bidder from the sheriff's sale AND pay any recorded liens, fines, or5.31fees that have accumulated. (A lien is a legal claim that someone has put on your property5.32because you owe that person money. A recorded lien means that it has been filed with the5.33county as a public document.) If there is any money left from the sale of the house after all
- 5.34 these debts are paid, you can keep the money. You can also enter into a "short sale" where
- 5.35 <u>the lender agrees to accept less than the full amount you owe on the mortgage.</u>
- 5.36 Get More Information and Advice

6.1 For more information and advice, contact an attorney or a mortgage foreclosure
 6.2 prevention counselor. You can find a mortgage foreclosure prevention counselor by
 6.3 contacting the Minnesota Home Ownership Center at 651-659-9336 or 866-462-6466
 6.4 or www.hocmn.org to get the phone number and location of the nearest counseling

6.5 <u>organization."</u>

Subd. 3. Affidavit. Any person may establish compliance with or inapplicability of 6.6 this section by recording, with the county recorder or registrar of titles, an affidavit by 6.7 a person having knowledge of the facts, stating that the notice required by this section 6.8 has been delivered in compliance with this section or that this section is not applicable 6.9 because the property described in the notice of foreclosure did not consist of one to four 6.10 family dwelling units, one of which was occupied by the owner as the owner's principal 6.11 place of residency. The affidavit and a certified copy of a recorded affidavit shall be prima 6.12 facie evidence of the facts stated in the affidavit. The affidavit may be recorded regarding 6.13 any foreclosure sale, including foreclosure sales which occurred prior to August 1, 2005, 6.14 and may be recorded separately or as part of the record of a foreclosure. 6.15

Subd. 4. Validation of foreclosure sales. No mortgage foreclosure sale under this 6.16 chapter shall be invalid because of failure to comply with this section unless an action 6.17 to invalidate the sale is commenced and a notice of lis pendens is filed with the county 6.18 recorder or registrar of titles within one year after the last day of the redemption period of 6.19 the mortgagor, the mortgagor's personal representatives, or assigns. This subdivision shall 6.20 not affect any action or proceeding pending on August 1, 2005, or which is commenced 6.21 before February 1, 2006, in any court of this state, provided a notice of lis pendens of the 6.22 6.23 action is filed with the county recorder or registrar of titles before February 1, 2006.

6.24 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 580.06, is amended to read:

580.06 SALE, HOW AND BY WHOM MADE<u>; NOTICE TO MORTGAGOR</u>.

6.26 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Requirements for sale. The sale shall be made by the sheriff or the
6.27 sheriff's deputy at public venue to the highest bidder, in the county in which the premises
6.28 to be sold, or some part thereof, are situated, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.

- 6.29 <u>Subd. 2.</u> Notice of results of sale required; contents. (a) Except as provided in
 6.30 paragraph (c), a person attempting to acquire title to the mortgagor's property following
- 6.31 <u>the sheriff's sale and prior to the end of the redemption period, must provide to the</u>
- 6.32 mortgagor, by personal delivery three days prior to entering into an agreement to acquire
- 6.33 <u>title, notice of the results of the foreclosure as provided under paragraph (b).</u>
- 6.34 (b) The notice required under paragraph (a) must contain the following information:
 6.35 (1) the date the sale occurred;

6.25

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7.1	(2) the identity of the purchaser and any assignees of the purchaser;
7.2	(3) the sheriff's sale price; and
7.3	(4) the following statement: "There are very important things you need to know now
7.4	that your house has been auctioned at the sheriff's sale:
7.5	(i) you have (insert the number of months) to "redeem," which means to pay
7.6	the winning bidder the sale price listed above (plus interest and costs) and keep
7.7	<u>your house;</u>
7.8	(ii) whether you can pay off the amount or not, YOU DO NOT HAVE TO MOVE
7.9	RIGHT AWAY. YOU CAN KEEP LIVING IN YOUR HOME until the end of this
7.10	redemption period;
7.11	(iii) read all notices and documents related to the foreclosure of your home
7.12	carefully !! THE AMOUNT YOU NEED TO PAY THE WINNING BIDDER TO
7.13	REDEEM YOUR HOUSE (THE SHERIFF'S SALE PRICE LISTED ABOVE PLUS
7.14	INTEREST AND COSTS) MAY BE LESS THAN THE AMOUNT YOU OWED ON
7.15	YOUR MORTGAGE BEFORE THE SHERIFF'S SALE; and
7.16	(iv) you can also try to sell your home during this "redemption period." You must
7.17	sell it for enough to pay off the winning bidder from the sheriff's sale and pay any recorded
7.18	liens, fines, or fees that have built up. A lien is a legal claim that someone has put on your
7.19	property because you owe them money. A recorded lien means that it has been filed with
7.20	the county as a public document. For example, if you owe on a second mortgage or to a
7.21	contractor, there could be a recorded lien against the property. You can also enter into a
7.22	"short sale" where the lender accepts less than the full amount you owe on the mortgage.
7.23	If there is any money left from the sale of the house after all these debts are paid,
7.24	you can keep the money.
7.25	For more information and advice, contact an attorney or a mortgage foreclosure
7.26	prevention counselor. You can find a mortgage foreclosure prevention counselor in
7.27	your county by calling the Minnesota Home Ownership Center at 651-659-9336 or
7.28	866-462-6466 or www.hocmn.org."
7.29	(c) This subdivision does not apply to:
7.30	(1) a seller or buyer who has entered into a signed agency agreement, facilitator
7.31	agreement, or other written agreement to buy or sell the mortgagor's property with a
7.32	person licensed under chapter 82;
7.33	(2) a buyer who offers to buy the mortgagor's property for a purchase price that
7.34	meets or exceeds the amount required to be paid by the mortgagor to redeem the property;
7.35	(3) a foreclosing lender acquiring the mortgagor's property by a deed in lieu of
7.36	foreclosure;

8.1	(4) a nonprofit lender holding a certificate of exemption from the Department of
8.2	Commerce; or
8.3	(5) the state or a local unit of government or an agent of the state or a local unit
8.4	of government.
8.5	Subd. 3. Private right of action. (a) Any person who violates subdivision 2 is liable
8.6	to the mortgagor for the sum of:
8.7	(1) actual, incidental, and consequential damages;
8.8	(2) \$1,000 statutory damages; and
8.9	(3) costs, disbursements, and reasonable attorney fees.
8.10	(b) It shall be a rebuttable presumption that a person has complied with subdivision
8.11	2 if the person has recorded with the county recorder or registrar of titles an affidavit by a
8.12	person having knowledge of the facts, stating that the mortgagor received the notice
8.13	required under subdivision 2. The affidavit and a certified copy of a recorded affidavit

8.14 <u>shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated in the affidavit.</u>

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 580.30, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 8.15 Subdivision 1. Reinstatement. In any proceedings for the foreclosure of a real 8.16 estate mortgage, whether by action or by advertisement, if at any time before the sale 8.17 of the premises under such foreclosure the mortgagor, the owner, or any holder of any 8.18 subsequent encumbrance or lien, or any one for them, shall pay or cause to be paid to the 8.19 holder of the mortgage so being foreclosed, or to the attorney foreclosing the same, or 8.20 to the sheriff of the county, the amount actually due thereon and constituting the default 8.21 8.22 actually existing in the conditions of the mortgage at the time of the commencement of the foreclosure proceedings, including insurance, delinquent taxes, if any, upon the premises, 8.23 interest to date of payment, cost of publication and services of process or notices, 8.24 8.25 attorney's fees not exceeding \$150 or one-half of the attorney's fees authorized by section 582.01, whichever is greater, any costs incurred when an order to reduce a mortgagor's 8.26 redemption period under section 582.032 is entered, including costs and disbursements 8.27 awarded under section 582.032, subdivision 9, together with other lawful disbursements 8.28 necessarily incurred in connection with the proceedings by the party foreclosing, then, 8.29 and in that event, the mortgage shall be fully reinstated and further proceedings in such 8.30 foreclosure shall be thereupon abandoned. 8.31

8.32 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 582.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
8.33 Subdivision 1. Allowable costs collectable upon redemption. The holder of any
8.34 sheriff's certificate of sale, from a foreclosure by advertisement or action of a mortgage

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or lien or execution, or the holder of any certificate of redemption as a junior creditor 9.1 9.2 during the period of redemption, may pay and claim the following on redemption: any taxes or assessments on which any penalty would otherwise accrue, and any costs of 9.3 a hazard insurance policy for the holder's interest in the mortgaged premises incurred 9.4 for the period of holding the sheriff's certificate, any costs incurred when an order to 9.5 reduce a mortgagor's redemption period under section 582.032 is entered, including costs 9.6 and disbursements awarded under section 582.032, subdivision 9, any fees paid to the 9.7 county recorder, registrar of titles, or sheriff to obtain or record the certificates of sale or 9.8 redemption or notices of intention to redeem, any reasonable fees paid to licensed real 9.9 estate brokers for broker price opinions or to licensed appraisers for appraisals, any deed 9.10 tax paid to file a certificate of redemption, reasonable attorney fees incurred after the 9.11 foreclosure sale not to exceed one-half of the amount authorized by section 582.01, any 9.12 costs incurred under section 582.031, and any interest or installment of principal upon 9.13 any prior or superior mortgage, lien, or contract for deed in default or that becomes due 9.14 during the period of redemption. In all such cases, the costs so paid and claimed due, with 9.15 interest, shall be a part of the sum required to be paid to redeem from such sale. No other 9.16 costs, fees, interest, or other amount may be added to the amount necessary to redeem. 9.17

9.18 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 582.032, is amended by adding a subdivision 9.19 to read: 9.20 <u>Subd. 9. Costs. Upon motion of a political subdivision that initiated a proceeding</u> 9.21 <u>under subdivision 4 or intervened under subdivision 5, if an order is entered to reduce</u> 9.22 <u>the redemption period to five weeks, the court shall award costs and disbursements to</u> 9.23 the political subdivision. The party foreclosing the mortgage or holding the sheriff's

9.24 certificate of sale is liable for an award under this subdivision but may recover these

9.25 amounts upon reinstatement or redemption as provided in section 580.30, subdivision 1,

9.26 <u>or 582.03, subdivision 1.</u>