SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-FIRST SESSION

S.F. No. 2314

(SENATE AUTHORS: INGEBRIGTSEN, Ruud and Tomassoni)

DATE 03/11/2019 D-PG 775 Introduction and first reading Referred to Environment and Natural Resources Finance 04/10/2019 2394a Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance Comm report: To pass as amended

1.1 A bill for an act

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relating to state government; appropriating money for environment and natural resources and tourism; modifying programs; creating accounts and providing for disposition of certain receipts; modifying certain natural resources fee and permit conditions; authorizing sales of certain state land; establishing the Wild Rice Stewardship Council; creating the Reinvest in Fish Hatcheries Citizen-Legislative Advisory Group; providing appointments; requiring reports; making technical corrections; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 17.035, subdivision 1; 35.153, by adding subdivisions; 35.155, subdivisions 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11; 84.026, by adding a subdivision; 84.027, subdivision 18, by adding a subdivision; 84.0273; 84.0895, subdivision 2; 84.775, subdivision 1; 84.788, subdivision 2; 84.794, subdivision 2; 84.83, subdivision 3; 84.86, subdivision 1; 84.925, subdivision 1; 84.9256, subdivision 1; 84.928, subdivision 2; 84D.03, subdivisions 3, 4; 84D.108, subdivisions 2b, 2c; 85.054, subdivision 1; 85.44; 85.47; 85A.02, subdivision 17; 86B.005, subdivision 18; 86B.415, subdivision 1a; 89.71, by adding a subdivision; 92.115, subdivision 1; 92.50, subdivision 1; 93.25; 94.09, subdivision 3; 94.10; 97A.015, subdivisions 25, 43; 97A.051, subdivision 2; 97A.055, subdivision 4b; 97A.075, subdivision 1; 97A.126; 97A.433, subdivisions 4, 5; 97A.475, subdivision 4; 97A.505, subdivision 8; 97B.086; 97B.106, subdivision 2; 97B.426; 97B.516; 97B.722; 97B.731, subdivision 3; 97C.315, subdivision 1; 97C.345, by adding a subdivision; 97C.391, subdivision 1; 97C.395, subdivision 2; 97C.605, subdivision 2; 97C.815, subdivision 2; 103B.3369, subdivisions 5, 9; 103B.611, subdivision 3; 103B.801, subdivisions 2, 5; 103D.315, subdivision 8; 103F.361, subdivision 2; 103F.363, subdivision 1; 103F.365, by adding a subdivision; 103F.371; 103F.373, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 103G.2242, subdivision 14; 103G.241, subdivisions 1, 3; 103G.271, subdivision 7, by adding a subdivision; 103G.287, subdivisions 1, 4, 5; 103G.289; 103G.311, subdivisions 2, 5; 103G.315, subdivision 8; 103G.408; 103G.615, subdivision 3a; 114D.15, subdivisions 7, 11, 13, by adding subdivisions; 114D.20, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 7, by adding subdivisions; 114D.26; 114D.35, subdivisions 1, 3; 115.03, subdivisions 1, 5, by adding a subdivision; 115.035; 115.44, subdivision 6; 115.455; 115.77, subdivision 1; 115.84, subdivisions 2, 3; 115A.51; 115B.421; 116.03, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 116.07, subdivisions 2, 4d, by adding a subdivision; 116.0714; 116.993, subdivisions 2, 6; 116D.04, subdivision 2a; 216G.01, subdivision 3; 282.01, subdivision 4; Laws 2012, chapter 236, section 28, subdivisions 2, as amended, 9, as amended; Laws 2013, chapter 114, article 4, section 105, as amended; Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2, subdivision 9, as amended; Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 3, sections 2, subdivision 2; 6, as amended; Laws 2017, chapter 93, article 1, section 9; article

	31/2314	KE VISOK	CKIVI		32314-2	2nd Engrossment
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	proposing co	5, as amended; Law ding for new law in ing Minnesota State	Minnesota Sta	atute	s, chapters 84; 92	; 103C; 114D;
2.5	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE LEGISI	LATURE OF	THE	STATE OF MIN	NESOTA:
2.6			ARTICLE	1		
2.7	ENVIRO	NMENT AND NAT	ΓURAL RES	OUI	RCES APPROP	RIATIONS
2.8	Section 1. ENVI	RONMENT AND	NATURAL I	RES(OURCES APPR	OPRIATIONS.
2.9	The sums show	wn in the columns m	arked "Appro	priati	ons" are appropria	ated to the agencies
2.10	and for the purpo	ses specified in this	article. The a	ıppro	priations are fron	n the general fund,
2.11	or another named	l fund, and are avail	lable for the fi	iscal	years indicated for	or each purpose.
2.12	The figures "202	" and "2021" used	in this article	mean	that the appropri	ations listed under
2.13	them are available	e for the fiscal year	ending June	30, 2	020, or June 30, 2	2021, respectively.
2.14	"The first year" i	s fiscal year 2020. "	The second y	ear"	is fiscal year 202	1. "The biennium"
2.15	is fiscal years 20	20 and 2021. Appro	priations for t	the fi	scal year ending	June 30, 2019, are
2.16	effective the day	following final enac	ctment.			
2.17					APPROPRI	ATIONS
2.18					Available for	the Year
2.19					Ending Ju	<u>une 30</u>
2.20					<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
2.21	Sec. 2. POLLUT	TION CONTROL	<u>AGENCY</u>			
2.22	Subdivision 1. To	otal Appropriation	<u>l</u>	<u>\$</u>	98,352,000	96,984,000
2.23	<u>Ap</u>	propriations by Fur	<u>nd</u>			
2.24		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>			
2.25	General	1,000,000	1,000,0	00		
2.26	State Governmer Special Revenue		75.0	00		
2.272.28	Environmental	75,000 83,472,000				
2.29	Remediation	13,505,000	·			
		13,000,000	15,000,0	<u> </u>		
2.302.31	Closed Landfill Investment fund	300,000	<u>. </u>	-0-		
2.32	The amounts that	may be spent for e	<u>ach</u>			
2.33	purpose are spec	fied in the followin	<u>g</u>			
2.34	subdivisions.					

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	SF2314	KEVISOK	C	KIVI	32314-2	Ziid Eligiossiiielit			
3.1	The commiss	ioner must pre	sent the age	ency's					
3.2	biennial budget for fiscal years 2022 and 2023								
3.3	to the legislature in a transparent way by								
3.4	agency division, including the proposed								
3.5	budget bill and presentations of the budget to								
3.6	committees as	nd divisions w	ith jurisdict	ion					
3.7	over the agen	cy's budget.							
3.8	Subd. 2. Envi	ironmental Aı	nalysis and	<u>Outcomes</u>	12,961,000	13,051,000			
3.9		Appropriation	ns by Fund						
3.10		2	020	<u>2021</u>					
3.11	Environmenta	<u>al</u> <u>12</u>	,760,000	12,850,000					
3.12	Remediation		201,000	201,000					
3.13	(a) \$89,000 th	ne first year an	d \$89,000 t	<u>he</u>					
3.14	second year a	re from the en	vironmenta	<u>l fund</u>					
3.15	for:								
3.16	(1) a municipa	al liaison to ass	ist municip	alities					
3.17	in implement	ing and partici	pating in th	<u>e</u>					
3.18	water-quality	standards rule	making pro	cess					
3.19	and navigatin	g the NPDES/	SDS permit	ting					
3.20	process;								
3.21	(2) enhanced	economic ana	lysis in the						
3.22	water-quality	standards rule	making pro	cess,					
3.23	including mor	re-specific ana	lysis and						
3.24	identification	of cost-effecti	ve permittii	ng;					
3.25	(3) developin	g statewide ec	onomic ana	lyses					
3.26	and templates	s to reduce the	amount of						
3.27	information a	nd time requir	ed for						
3.28	municipalities	s to apply for v	ariances fro	<u>om</u>					
3.29	water-quality	standards; and	<u>l</u>						
3.30	(4) coordinati	ing with the Pu	ıblic Faciliti	les					
3.31	Authority to i	dentify and ad	vocate for t	<u>he</u>					
3.32	resources need	ded for munici	palities to ac	<u>chieve</u>					
3.33	permit require	ements.							

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4.1	(b) \$205,000 the first year and \$205,000 the
4.2	second year are from the environmental fund
4.3	for a monitoring program under Minnesota
4.4	Statutes, section 116.454.
4.5	(c) \$347,000 the first year and \$347,000 the
4.6	second year are from the environmental fund
4.7	for monitoring ambient air for hazardous
4.8	pollutants.
4.9	(d) \$90,000 the first year and \$90,000 the
4.10	second year are from the environmental fund
4.11	for duties related to harmful chemicals in
4.12	children's products under Minnesota Statutes
4.13	sections 116.9401 to 116.9407. Of this
4.14	amount, \$57,000 each year is transferred to
4.15	the commissioner of health.
4.16	(e) \$109,000 the first year and \$109,000 the
4.17	second year are from the environmental fund
4.18	for registration of wastewater laboratories.
4.19	(f) \$926,000 the first year and \$926,000 the
4.20	second year are from the environmental fund
4.21	to continue perfluorochemical biomonitoring
4.22	in eastern-metropolitan communities, as
4.23	recommended by the Environmental Health
4.24	Tracking and Biomonitoring Advisory Panel
4.25	and address other environmental health risks
4.26	including air quality. The communities must
4.27	include Hmong and other immigrant farming
4.28	communities. Of this amount, up to \$689,000
4.29	the first year and \$689,000 the second year
4.30	are for transfer to the Department of Health.
4.31	(g) \$51,000 the first year and \$51,000 the
4.32	second year are from the environmental fund
4.33	for impaired waters listing procedures required
4.34	under this act.

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5.1	Subd. 3. Indus	trial_			15,473,000	15,213,000
5.2	<u> </u>	Appropriations by F	<u>und</u>			
5.3		20	<u>20</u>	2021		
5.4	Environmental	14,472,0	00 14	4,212,000		
5.5	Remediation	1,001,0	00	1,001,000		
5.6	(a) \$1,001,000	the first year and \$	1,001,000	<u>0</u>		
5.7	the second year	are from the remed	iation fur	<u>nd</u>		
5.8	for the leaking	underground storag	e tank			
5.9	program to inve	estigate, clean up, a	nd preve	<u>nt</u>		
5.10	future releases	from underground	oetroleun	<u>n</u>		
5.11	storage tanks an	d to the petroleum r	emediatio	<u>on</u>		
5.12	program for va	por assessment and				
5.13	remediation. Tl	nese same annual a	nounts a	<u>re</u>		
5.14	transferred from	n the petroleum tan	k fund to	<u>)</u>		
5.15	the remediation	fund.				
5.16	(b) \$393,000 th	ne first year is from	the TCE			
5.17	emission respon	nse account in the				
5.18	environmental t	fund to further evalu	ate the u	<u>se</u>		
5.19	and reduction of	of trichloroethylene	around			
5.20	Minnesota and	identify its potentia	ıl health			
5.21	effects on comr	nunities. Of this am	ount, up	<u>to</u>		
5.22	\$121,000 may	be transferred to the	<u>e</u>			
5.23	commissioner of	of health. This is a	onetime			
5.24	appropriation.					
5.25	Subd. 4. Munic	cipal			7,859,000	7,859,000
5.26	(a) \$164,000 th	e first year and \$16	4,000 the	<u>e</u>		
5.27	second year are	e from the environm	ental fur	<u>nd</u>		
5.28	for:					
5.29	(1) a municipal	liaison to assist mu	nicipaliti	<u>es</u>		
5.30	in implementin	g and participating	in the			
5.31	water-quality s	tandards rulemakin	g process	3		
5.32	and navigating	the NPDES/SDS p	ermitting	1		
5.33	process;					

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6.1	(2) enhanced economic analysis in the
6.2	water-quality standards rulemaking process,
6.3	including more specific analysis and
6.4	identification of cost-effective permitting;
6.5	(3) development of statewide economic
6.6	analyses and templates to reduce the amount
6.7	of information and time required for
6.8	municipalities to apply for variances from
6.9	water quality standards; and
6.10	(4) coordinating with the Public Facilities
6.11	Authority to identify and advocate for the
6.12	resources needed for municipalities to achieve
6.13	permit requirements.
6.14	(b) \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the
6.15	second year are from the environmental fund
6.16	for transfer to the Office of Administrative
6.17	Hearings to establish sanitary districts.
6.18	(c) \$671,000 the first year and \$671,000 the
6.19	second year are from the environmental fund
6.20	for subsurface sewage treatment system
6.21	(SSTS) program administration and
6.22	community technical assistance and education,
6.23	including grants and technical assistance to
6.24	communities for water-quality protection. Of
6.25	this amount, \$129,000 each year is for
6.26	assistance to counties through grants for SSTS
6.27	program administration. A county receiving
6.28	a grant from this appropriation must submit
6.29	the results achieved with the grant to the
6.30	commissioner as part of its annual SSTS
6.31	report. Any unexpended balance in the first
6.32	year does not cancel but is available in the
6.33	second year.

7.1	(d) \$784,000 the first year and \$784,000 the				
7.2	second year are from the environmental fund				
7.3	to address the need for continued increased				
7.4	activity in the areas of new technology review,				
7.5	technical assistance for local governments,				
7.6	and enforcement under Minnesota Statutes,				
7.7	sections 115.55 to 115.58, and to complete the				
7.8	requirements of Laws 2003, chapter 128,				
7.9	article 1, section 165.				
7.10	(e) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,				
7.11	section 16A.28, the appropriations				
7.12	encumbered on or before June 30, 2021, as				
7.13	grants or contracts for subsurface sewage				
7.14	treatment systems, surface water and				
7.15	groundwater assessments, storm water, and				
7.16	water-quality protection in this subdivision				
7.17	are available until June 30, 2024.				
7.18	Subd. 5. Operations	5,036,000	5,047,000		
7.19	Appropriations by Fund				
7.20	<u>2020</u> <u>2021</u>				
7.21	<u>Environmental</u> <u>4,208,000</u> <u>4,219,000</u>				
7.22	<u>Remediation</u> <u>828,000</u> <u>828,000</u>				
7.23	\$180,000 the first year and \$180,000 the				
7.24	second year are from the remediation fund for				
7.25	purposes of the leaking underground storage				
7.26	tank program to investigate, clean up, and				
7.27	prevent future releases from underground				
7.28	petroleum storage tanks, and to the petroleum				
7.29	remediation program for vapor assessment				
7.30	and remediation. These same annual amounts				
7.31	are transferred from the petroleum tank fund				
7.32	to the remediation fund.				
7.33	Subd. 6. Remediation	12,289,000	11,856,000		

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8.1	Appropr	iations by Fund			
8.2		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		
8.3	Environmental	1,048,000	615,000		
8.4	Remediation	11,241,000	11,241,000		
8.5	(a) All money for envir	ronmental respon	se,		
8.6	compensation, and con	npliance in the			
8.7	remediation fund not o	therwise appropr	iated		
8.8	is appropriated to the c	ommissioners of	the		
8.9	Pollution Control Ager	ncy and agricultur	re for		
8.10	purposes of Minnesota	Statutes, section			
8.11	115B.20, subdivision 2	2, clauses (1), (2),	(3),		
8.12	(6), and (7). At the beg	inning of each fis	scal		
8.13	year, the two commissi	ioners shall jointl	<u>y</u>		
8.14	submit an annual spend	ding plan to the			
8.15	commissioner of manage	gement and budge	et that		
8.16	maximizes the use of r	esources and			
8.17	appropriately allocates the money between the				
8.18	two departments. This appropriation is				
8.19	available until June 30, 2021.				
8.20	(b) \$433,000 the first y	year is from the			
8.21	environmental fund to	manage contamii	<u>nated</u>		
8.22	sediment projects at m	ultiple sites ident	<u>ified</u>		
8.23	in the St. Louis River r	emedial action pl	lan to		
8.24	restore water quality in	the St. Louis Riv	ver		
8.25	area of concern. This is	s a onetime			
8.26	appropriation.				
8.27	(c) \$3,961,000 the first	year and \$3,961	,000		
8.28	the second year are from	n the remediation	fund		
8.29	for purposes of the leal	king underground	<u>l</u>		
8.30	storage tank program to	o investigate, clea	ın up,		
8.31	and prevent future relea	ases from undergr	round		
8.32	petroleum storage tank	s, and to the petro	<u>leum</u>		
8.33	remediation program for	or purposes of va	<u>por</u>		
8.34	assessment and remedi	ation. These sam	<u>e</u>		

9.1	annual amounts are transferred from the
9.2	petroleum tank fund to the remediation fund.
9.3	(d) \$257,000 the first year and \$257,000 the
9.4	second year are from the remediation fund for
9.5	transfer to the commissioner of health for
9.6	private water-supply monitoring and health
9.7	assessment costs in areas contaminated by
9.8	unpermitted mixed municipal solid waste
9.9	disposal facilities and drinking water
9.10	advisories and public information activities
9.11	for areas contaminated by hazardous releases.
9.12	Subd. 7. Resource Management and Assistance 33,325,000 33,349,000
9.13	Appropriations by Fund
9.14	<u>2020</u> <u>2021</u>
9.15 9.16	State Government Special Revenue 75,000 75,000
9.17	Environmental 33,250,000 33,274,000
9.18	(a) Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000
9.19	the second year may be transferred from the
9.20	environmental fund to the small business
9.21	environmental improvement loan account
9.22	established in Minnesota Statutes, section
9.23	<u>116.993.</u>
9.24	(b) \$694,000 the first year and \$694,000 the
9.25	second year are from the environmental fund
9.26	for emission reduction activities and grants to
9.27	small businesses and other nonpoint emission
9.28	reduction efforts. Of this amount, \$100,000
9.29	the first year and \$100,000 the second year
9.30	are to continue work with Clean Air
9.31	Minnesota, and the commissioner may enter
9.32	into an agreement with Environmental
9.33	<u>Initiative to support this effort. Any</u>
9.34	unencumbered grant and loan balances in the

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10.1	first year do not cancel but are available for
10.2	grants and loans in the second year.
10.3	(c) \$17,550,000 the first year and \$17,550,000
10.4	the second year are from the environmental
10.5	fund for SCORE block grants to counties
10.6	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.557.
10.7	(d) \$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 the
10.8	second year are from the environmental fund
10.9	for environmental assistance grants or loans
10.10	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.0716.
10.11	Any unencumbered grant and loan balances
10.12	in the first year do not cancel but are available
10.13	for grants and loans in the second year.
10.14	(e) \$112,000 the first year and \$112,000 the
10.15	second year are from the environmental fund
10.16	for subsurface sewage treatment system
10.17	(SSTS) program administration and
10.18	community technical assistance and education,
10.19	including grants and technical assistance to
10.20	communities for water-quality protection.
10.21	(f) \$169,000 the first year and \$169,000 the
10.22	second year are from the environmental fund
10.23	to address the need for continued increased
10.24	activity in the areas of new technology review,
10.25	technical assistance for local governments,
10.26	and enforcement under Minnesota Statutes,
10.27	sections 115.55 to 115.58, and to complete the
10.28	requirements of Laws 2003, chapter 128,
10.29	article 1, section 165.
10.30	(g) All money deposited in the environmental
10.31	fund for the metropolitan solid waste landfill
10.32	fee in accordance with Minnesota Statutes,
10.33	section 473.843, and not otherwise

11.1	appropriated, is appro	priated for the purp	ooses		
11.2	of Minnesota Statutes	s, section 473.844.			
11.3	(h) Notwithstanding I	Minnesota Statutes	<u>2</u>		
11.4	section 16A.28, the ag	ppropriations			
11.5	encumbered on or bet	fore June 30, 2021,	as		
11.6	contracts or grants for	r environmental			
11.7	assistance awarded un	der Minnesota Sta	tutes,		
11.8	section 115A.0716; te	echnical and resear	<u>ch</u>		
11.9	assistance under Mini	nesota Statutes, sec	etion		
11.10	115A.152; technical a	ssistance under			
11.11	Minnesota Statutes, s	ection 115A.52; an	<u>d</u>		
11.12	pollution prevention a	assistance under			
11.13	Minnesota Statutes, s	ection 115D.04, ar	<u>e</u>		
11.14	available until June 3	0, 2023.			
11.15	Subd. 8. Watershed			9,635,000	9,335,000
11.16	Approp	oriations by Fund			
11.17		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		
11.18	Environmental	8,401,000	8,101,000		
11.19	Remediation	234,000	234,000		
11.20					
11.20	General	1,000,000	1,000,000		
11.21	<u>General</u> (a) \$1,000,000 the fir				
		st year and \$1,000,	0000		
11.21	(a) \$1,000,000 the fir	st year and \$1,000,	000 d and		
11.21 11.22	(a) \$1,000,000 the fire the second year are from	st year and \$1,000, om the general fund or and \$959,000 the	000 d and		
11.21 11.22 11.23	(a) \$1,000,000 the first the second year are from \$959,000 the first year.	st year and \$1,000, om the general fund or and \$959,000 the the environmental	d and fund		
11.21 11.22 11.23 11.24	(a) \$1,000,000 the first the second year are from second year are from	st year and \$1,000, om the general fund or and \$959,000 the the environmental	d and fund		
11.21 11.22 11.23 11.24 11.25	(a) \$1,000,000 the first the second year are from \$959,000 the first year second year are from for grants to delegated	st year and \$1,000, om the general fund or and \$959,000 the the environmental d counties to admin	fund esota		
11.21 11.22 11.23 11.24 11.25 11.26	(a) \$1,000,000 the first the second year are from \$959,000 the first year second year are from for grants to delegated the county feedlot production.	st year and \$1,000, om the general fund ar and \$959,000 the the environmental d counties to admin ogram under Minne 0711, subdivisions 2	fund esota 2 and		
11.21 11.22 11.23 11.24 11.25 11.26 11.27	(a) \$1,000,000 the first the second year are from second year are from for grants to delegated the county feedlot product Statutes, section 116.0	st year and \$1,000, om the general fund or and \$959,000 the the environmental d counties to admin ogram under Minne 0711, subdivisions 2	fund esota 2 and		
11.21 11.22 11.23 11.24 11.25 11.26 11.27 11.28	(a) \$1,000,000 the first the second year are from \$959,000 the first year second year are from for grants to delegated the county feedlot product the second year are from Statutes, section 116.03. Money remaining a	st year and \$1,000, om the general fund ar and \$959,000 the the environmental decounties to admin ogram under Minne 19711, subdivisions after the first year ind year.	fund nister esota 2 and s		
11.21 11.22 11.23 11.24 11.25 11.26 11.27 11.28 11.29	(a) \$1,000,000 the first the second year are from \$959,000 the first year second year are from for grants to delegated the county feedlot prostatutes, section 116.00 3. Money remaining a available for the second	st year and \$1,000, om the general fund ar and \$959,000 the the environmental discounties to admin ogram under Minne 19711, subdivisions 20711, su	fund nister esota 2 and s		
11.21 11.22 11.23 11.24 11.25 11.26 11.27 11.28 11.29	(a) \$1,000,000 the first the second year are from \$959,000 the first year second year are from for grants to delegated the county feedlot product the county feedlot product the second year are from Statutes, section 116.00 3. Money remaining a available for the second (b) \$208,000 the first	st year and \$1,000, om the general fund ar and \$959,000 the the environmental discounties to admin ogram under Minne 19711, subdivisions 20711, subdivisions 207111, subdivisions 2071111, subdivisions 2071111, subdi	fund nister esota 2 and s		
11.21 11.22 11.23 11.24 11.25 11.26 11.27 11.28 11.29 11.30 11.31	(a) \$1,000,000 the first the second year are from \$959,000 the first year second year are from for grants to delegated the county feedlot prostatutes, section 116.0 3. Money remaining a available for the second year are from second year are from	st year and \$1,000, om the general fund ar and \$959,000 the the environmental decounties to admin ogram under Minne 19711, subdivisions 20711, subdivisions 207111, subdivisions 207111111, subdivisions 207111111111111111111111111111111111111	fund esota 2 and s 0 the fund		

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12.1	(c) \$122,000 the first year and \$122,000 the			
12.2	second year are from the remediation fund for			
12.3	purposes of the leaking underground storage			
12.4	tank program to investigate, clean up, and			
12.5	prevent future releases from underground			
12.6	petroleum storage tanks, and to the petroleum			
12.7	remediation program for vapor assessment			
12.8	and remediation. These same annual amounts			
12.9	are transferred from the petroleum tank fund			
12.10	to the remediation fund.			
12.11	(d) \$300,000 the first year is from the			
12.12	environmental fund for a grant to the			
12.13	Minnesota Association of County Feedlot			
12.14	Officers to develop, in coordination with the			
12.15	Pollution Control Agency and the University			
12.16	of Minnesota Extension program, an online			
12.17	training curriculum related to animal feedlot			
12.18	requirements under Minnesota Rules, chapter			
12.19	7020. This is a onetime appropriation. The			
12.20	curriculum must be developed to:			
12.21	(1) provide base-level knowledge to new and			
12.22	existing county feedlot pollution control			
12.23	officers on feedlot registration, permitting,			
12.24	compliance, enforcement, and program			
12.25	administration;			
12.26	(2) provide assistance to new and existing			
12.27	county feedlot pollution control officers for			
12.28	working efficiently and effectively with			
12.29	producers; and			
12.30	(3) reduce the incidence of manure or nutrients			
12.31	entering surface water or groundwater.			
12.32	Subd. 9. Environmental Quality Board		1,774,000	1,274,000
12.33	Appropriations by Fund			
12.34	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		

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	5F2514 REVISOR	CKI	VI
13.1	Environmental 1	,474,000	1,274,000
13.2 13.3	Closed Landfill Investment Fund	300,000	<u>-0-</u>
13.4	(a) \$200,000 the first year is	s from the	
13.5	environmental fund to begin	to develop a	<u>nd</u>
13.6	assemble the material requir	ed under Code	e of
13.7	Federal Regulations, title 40), section 233.	<u>10,</u>
13.8	to have the state of Minneso	ta assume the	<u>.</u>
13.9	section 404 permitting progr	am of the Fed	<u>eral</u>
13.10	Clean Water Act. The Board	l may execute	
13.11	contracts or interagency agr	eements to	
13.12	facilitate developing the req	uired agreeme	ents
13.13	and materials. By February 1	1, 2021, the bo	<u>ard</u>
13.14	must submit a report on the a	dditional fund	ling
13.15	necessary to secure section	404 assumptio	<u>on</u>
13.16	and the additional funding n	eeded to fully	7 -
13.17	implement the state-assume	d program to	the
13.18	chairs and ranking minority	members of t	<u>he</u>
13.19	legislative committees and c	livisions with	
13.20	jurisdiction over the environ	ment and natu	<u>ural</u>
13.21	resources. This is a onetime	appropriation	<u>l.</u>
13.22	(b) Notwithstanding Minnes	sota Statutes,	
13.23	section 115B.421, \$300,000	the first year	is
13.24	from the closed landfill inve	estment fund t	<u>o</u>
13.25	conduct the study on deploy	ing solar	
13.26	photovoltaic devices on clos	sed landfill	
13.27	program sites. This is a oneting	me appropriat	ion.
13.28	Subd. 10. Transfers		
13.29	(a) The commissioner shall	transfer up to	
13.30	\$40,000,000 from the enviro	onmental fund	<u>l to</u>
13.31	the remediation fund for the	purposes of t	<u>he</u>
13.32	remediation fund under Min	nesota Statute	es,
13.33	section 116.155, subdivision	<u>12.</u>	
13.34	(b) \$1,500,000 the first year	is transferred	<u> </u>
13.35	from the remediation fund to	o the dry clear	<u>ner</u>

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					C
14.1	environmental respons	e and reimburse	<u>ment</u>		
14.2	account for purposes of	f Minnesota Sta	tutes,		
14.3	section 115B.49. By Ja	anuary 15, 2020,	the		
14.4	commissioner of the Po	Ilution Control A	<u>agency</u>		
14.5	must submit a report to	the chairs and ra	anking		
14.6	minority members of t	he legislative			
14.7	committees and division	ons with jurisdic	<u>tion</u>		
14.8	over environment and	natural resource	<u>s</u>		
14.9	finance that includes a	n assessment of	the		
14.10	possibility of recovering	ng environmenta	<u>.1</u>		
14.11	response costs from in	surance held by	dry		
14.12	cleaning facilities.				
14.13	Sec. 3. NATURAL RI	ESOURCES			
14.14	Subdivision 1. Total A	Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>278,323,000</u> §	277,662,000
14.15	Appropr	riations by Fund			
14.16		<u>2020</u>	2021		
14.17	General	68,796,000	68,919,000		
14.18	Natural Resources	101,059,000	100,264,000		
14.19	Game and Fish	108,151,000	108,161,000		
14.20	Remediation	105,000	106,000		
14.21	Permanent School	212,000	<u>212,000</u>		
14.22	The amounts that may	be spent for eac	<u>h</u>		
14.23	purpose are specified i	n the following			
14.24	subdivisions.				
14.25	Subd. 2. Land and Mi	ineral Resource	es.		
14.26	Management		<u>~</u>	5,886,000	5,886,000
14.27	Appropi	riations by Fund			
14.28		2020	2021		
14.29	General	1,450,000	1,450,000		
14.30	Natural Resources	3,880,000	3,880,000		
14.31	Game and Fish	344,000	344,000		
14.32	Permanent School	212,000	212,000		
14.33	(a) \$200,000 the first y	vear and \$200,00	00 the		
14.34	second year are from t	he minerals			

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15.1	management account for environmental
15.2	research relating to mine permitting.
15.3	(b) \$2,978,000 the first year and \$2,978,000
15.4	the second year are from the minerals
15.5	management account in the natural resources
15.6	fund for use as provided in Minnesota Statutes,
15.7	section 93.2236, paragraph (c), for mineral
15.8	resource management, projects to enhance
15.9	future mineral income, and projects to promote
15.10	new mineral resource opportunities.
15.11	(c) \$212,000 the first year and \$212,000 the
15.12	second year are from the state forest suspense
15.13	account in the permanent school fund to secure
15.14	maximum long-term economic return from
15.15	the school trust lands consistent with fiduciary
15.16	responsibilities and sound natural resources
15.17	conservation and management principles.
15.18	(d) \$325,000 the first year and \$325,000 the
15.19	second year are from the water management
15.20	account in the natural resources fund for
15.21	mining hydrology.
15.22	Subd. 3. Ecological and Water Resources 27,695,000 27,495,000
15.23	Appropriations by Fund
15.24	2020 2021
15.25	<u>General</u> <u>11,654,000</u> <u>11,454,000</u>
15.26	<u>Natural Resources</u> <u>10,672,000</u> <u>10,672,000</u>
15.27	<u>Game and Fish</u> <u>5,369,000</u> <u>5,369,000</u>
15.28	(a) \$3,242,000 the first year and \$3,242,000
15.29	the second year are from the invasive species
15.30	account in the natural resources fund and
15.31	\$2,206,000 the first year and \$2,206,000 the
15.32	second year are from the general fund for
	second your are from the general rand for
15.33	management, public awareness, assessment

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16.1	inspection to prevent the spread of invasive
16.2	species; management of invasive plants in
16.3	public waters; and management of terrestrial
16.4	invasive species on state-administered lands.
16.5	(b) \$5,031,000 the first year and \$5,031,000
16.6	the second year are from the water
16.7	management account in the natural resources
16.8	fund for only the purposes specified in
16.9	Minnesota Statutes, section 103G.27,
16.10	subdivision 2.
16.11	(c) \$124,000 the first year and \$124,000 the
16.12	second year are for a grant to the Mississippi
16.13	Headwaters Board for up to 50 percent of the
16.14	cost of implementing the comprehensive plan
16.15	for the upper Mississippi within areas under
16.16	the board's jurisdiction.
16.17	(d) \$10,000 the first year and \$10,000 the
16.18	second year are for payment to the Leech Lake
16.19	Band of Chippewa Indians to implement the
16.20	band's portion of the comprehensive plan for
16.21	the upper Mississippi.
16.22	(e) \$264,000 the first year and \$264,000 the
16.23	second year are for grants for up to 50 percent
16.24	of the cost of implementation of the Red River
16.25	mediation agreement.
16.26	(f) \$2,224,000 the first year and \$2,224,000
16.27	the second year are from the heritage
16.28	enhancement account in the game and fish
16.29	fund for only the purposes specified in
16.30	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
16.31	paragraph (h), clause (1).
16.32	(g) \$956,000 the first year and \$956,000 the
16.33	second year are from the nongame wildlife
16.34	management account in the natural resources

17.1	fund for the purpose of nongame wildlife
17.2	management. Notwithstanding Minnesota
17.3	Statutes, section 290.431, \$100,000 the first
17.4	year and \$100,000 the second year may be
17.5	used for nongame wildlife information,
17.6	education, and promotion.
17.7	(h) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
17.8	section 84.943, \$13,000 the first year and
17.9	\$13,000 the second year from the critical
17.10	habitat private sector matching account may
17.11	be used to publicize the critical habitat license
17.12	plate match program.
17.13	(i) \$3,800,000 the first year and \$3,800,000
17.14	the second year are from the general fund for
17.15	the following activities:
17.16	(1) financial reimbursement and technical
17.17	support to soil and water conservation districts
17.18	or other local units of government for
17.19	groundwater level monitoring;
17.20	(2) surface water monitoring and analysis,
17.21	including installation of monitoring gauges;
17.22	(3) groundwater analysis to assist with water
17.23	appropriation permitting decisions;
17.24	(4) permit application review incorporating
17.25	surface water and groundwater technical
17.26	analysis;
17.27	(5) precipitation data and analysis to improve
17.28	the use of irrigation;
17.29	(6) information technology, including
17.30	electronic permitting and integrated data
17.31	systems; and
17 32	(7) compliance and monitoring

18.1	(j) \$510,000 the first year and \$510,000 the
18.2	second year are from the heritage enhancement
18.3	account in the game and fish fund for grants
18.4	to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species
18.5	Research Center at the University of
18.6	Minnesota to prioritize, support, and develop
18.7	research-based solutions that can reduce the
18.8	effects of aquatic invasive species in
18.9	Minnesota by preventing spread, controlling
18.10	populations, and managing ecosystems and to
18.11	advance knowledge to inspire action by others.
18.12	Of the first year amount, \$100,000 is to
18.13	develop, in conjunction with the commissioner
8.14	of natural resources, the commissioner of the
18.15	Pollution Control Agency, counties, and other
18.16	stakeholders, recommendations for
18.17	establishing a statewide surveillance and early
18.18	detection system for aquatic invasive species.
18.19	By March 1, 2020, the Minnesota Aquatic
18.20	Invasive Species Research Center must submit
18.21	a report and recommendations to the chairs
18.22	and ranking minority members of the
18.23	legislative committees and divisions with
18.24	jurisdiction over environment and natural
18.25	resources policy and finance. The report must
18.26	include recommendations on all of the
18.27	following:
18.28	(1) the most effective structure for a statewide
18.29	surveillance and early detection system for
18.30	aquatic invasive species;
18.31	(2) whether to employ eco-epidemiological
18.32	models, optimized decision models, or related
18.33	tools as a mechanism for determining how
18.34	best to deploy limited resources;

10.1	(2) how the statewide greaten should be funded
19.1	(3) how the statewide system should be funded
19.2	and at what levels; and
19.3	(4) regulatory, policy, and statutory changes
19.4	that would be needed to fully implement the
19.5	statewide system.
19.6	(k) \$50,000 the first year is for dredging and
19.7	removing sediment from the boat launch area
19.8	of the Minneiska boat landing. This is a
19.9	onetime appropriation and is available until
19.10	June 30, 2021.
19.11	(l) \$100,000 the first year is from the general
19.12	fund for a grant to Rice County for the
19.13	removal of storm debris from Roberds Lake.
19.14	This is a onetime appropriation and is
19.15	available until June 30, 2021.
19.16	(m) \$50,000 the first year is from the general
19.17	fund for a grant to Waseca County for the
19.18	removal of debris and trees from land adjacent
19.19	to Lake Elysian and Iosco Creek. This is a
19.20	onetime appropriation and is available until
19.21	<u>June 30, 2021.</u>
19.22	<u>Subd. 4.</u> Forest Management <u>45,022,000</u> <u>45,286,000</u>
19.23	Appropriations by Fund
19.24	<u>2020</u> <u>2021</u>
19.25	<u>General</u> <u>27,820,000</u> <u>28,084,000</u>
19.26	<u>Natural Resources</u> <u>15,832,000</u> <u>15,832,000</u>
19.27	Game and Fish 1,370,000 1,370,000
19.28	(a) \$7,521,000 the first year and \$7,521,000
19.29	the second year are for prevention,
19.30	presuppression, and suppression costs of
19.31	emergency firefighting and other costs
19.32	incurred under Minnesota Statutes, section
19.33	88.12. The amount necessary to pay for
19.34	presuppression and suppression costs during

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20.1	the biennium is appropriated from the general
20.2	fund. By January 15 of each year, the
20.3	commissioner of natural resources shall submit
20.4	a report to the chairs and ranking minority
20.5	members of the house and senate committees
20.6	and divisions having jurisdiction over
20.7	environment and natural resources finance,
20.8	identifying all firefighting costs incurred and
20.9	reimbursements received in the prior fiscal
20.10	year. These appropriations may not be
20.11	transferred. Any reimbursement of firefighting
20.12	expenditures made to the commissioner from
20.13	any source other than federal mobilizations
20.14	must be deposited into the general fund.
20.15	(b) \$13,082,000 the first year and \$13,082,000
20.16	the second year are from the forest
20.17	management investment account in the natural
20.18	resources fund for only the purposes specified
20.19	in Minnesota Statutes, section 89.039,
20.20	subdivision 2.
20.21	(c) \$1,370,000 the first year and \$1,370,000
20.22	the second year are from the heritage
20.23	enhancement account in the game and fish
20.24	fund to advance ecological classification
20.25	systems (ECS) scientific management tools
20.26	for forest and invasive species management.
20.27	(d) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000 the
20.28	second year are for the Forest Resources
20.29	Council to implement the Sustainable Forest
20.30	Resources Act.
20.31	(e) \$1,250,000 the first year and \$1,250,000
20.32	the second year are from the forest
20.33	management investment account in the natural
20.34	resources fund for state forest reforestation.

21.1	(f) \$1,000,000 the first y	year and \$1,000	,000		
21.2	the second year are from	n the forest			
21.3	management investment	account in the n	atural_		
21.4	resources fund for the N	lext Generation	Core		
21.5	Forestry data system. The	he appropriation	ı is		
21.6	available until June 30,	2023.			
21.7	(g) \$500,000 the first ye	ear and \$500,000	0 the		
21.8	second year are from the	e forest manage	<u>ment</u>		
21.9	investment account in the	ne natural resour	rces		
21.10	fund for forest road mai	ntenance on star	<u>te</u>		
21.11	forest roads.				
21.12	(h) \$250,000 the first ye	ear and \$250,000	0 the		
21.13	second year are from the	e general fund f	or		
21.14	additional private forest	management.			
21.15	(i) \$312,000 the first year	ar and \$312,000	the		
21.16	second year are from the	e general fund f	or		
21.17	administering the Sustain	nable Forest Ince	<u>entive</u>		
21.18	Act.				
21.18	Act. Subd. 5. Parks and Tra	nils Managemen	<u>nt</u>	81,196,000	80,371,000
	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra	nils Managemen ations by Fund	<u>nt</u>	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra		<u>2021</u>	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra	ations by Fund	_	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra	ations by Fund 2020	<u>2021</u>	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21 21.22	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra Appropria General	2020 21,235,000	2021 21,235,000	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21 21.22 21.23	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra Appropria General Natural Resources	2020 21,235,000 57,684,000 2,277,000	2021 21,235,000 56,859,000 2,277,000	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21 21.22 21.23 21.24	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra Appropria General Natural Resources Game and Fish	2020 21,235,000 57,684,000 2,277,000 year and \$1,075	2021 21,235,000 56,859,000 2,277,000	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21 21.22 21.23 21.24 21.25	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra Appropria General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first y	2020 21,235,000 57,684,000 2,277,000 year and \$1,075	2021 21,235,000 56,859,000 2,277,000 2,000 eation	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21 21.22 21.23 21.24 21.25 21.26	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra Appropria General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first of the second year are from	2020 21,235,000 57,684,000 2,277,000 year and \$1,075 the water recressions for the water for the esources fund for the sources fund for the sources fund for the water fu	2021 21,235,000 56,859,000 2,277,000 2,000 eation	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21 21.22 21.23 21.24 21.25 21.26 21.27	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra Appropria General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first y the second year are from account in the natural re-	2020 21,235,000 57,684,000 2,277,000 year and \$1,075 the water recressions for the water for the esources fund for the sources fund for the sources fund for the water fu	2021 21,235,000 56,859,000 2,277,000 2,000 eation	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21 21.22 21.23 21.24 21.25 21.26 21.27 21.28	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra Appropria General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first of the second year are from account in the natural reenhancing and maintain	2020 21,235,000 57,684,000 2,277,000 year and \$1,075 the water recreasesources fund for ing public	2021 21,235,000 56,859,000 2,277,000 ,000 eation	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21 21.22 21.23 21.24 21.25 21.26 21.27 21.28 21.29	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra Appropria General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first of the second year are from account in the natural reenhancing and maintain water-access facilities.	ations by Fund 2020 21,235,000 57,684,000 2,277,000 year and \$1,075 the water recre esources fund for ing public year and \$6,396	2021 21,235,000 56,859,000 2,277,000 eation r	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21 21.22 21.23 21.24 21.25 21.26 21.27 21.28 21.29 21.30	Appropria General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first y the second year are from account in the natural reenhancing and maintain water-access facilities. (b) \$6,396,000 the first y	ations by Fund 2020 21,235,000 57,684,000 2,277,000 year and \$1,075 the water recressources fund for ing public year and \$6,396 the natural reso	2021 21,235,000 56,859,000 2,277,000 eation r	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21 21.22 21.23 21.24 21.25 21.26 21.27 21.28 21.29 21.30 21.31	Appropria General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first y the second year are from account in the natural reenhancing and maintain water-access facilities. (b) \$6,396,000 the first y the second year are from	ations by Fund 2020 21,235,000 57,684,000 2,277,000 year and \$1,075 the water recressources fund for ing public year and \$6,396 the natural reso	2021 21,235,000 56,859,000 2,277,000 eation r	81,196,000	80,371,000
21.19 21.20 21.21 21.22 21.23 21.24 21.25 21.26 21.27 21.28 21.29 21.30 21.31 21.32	Appropria General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first of the second year are from account in the natural resemble enhancing and maintain water-access facilities. (b) \$6,396,000 the first of the second year are from fund for state trail, park	ations by Fund 2020 21,235,000 57,684,000 2,277,000 year and \$1,075 the water recre esources fund for ing public year and \$6,396 the natural reso , and recreation riation is from the	2021 21,235,000 56,859,000 2,277,000 eation r	81,196,000	80,371,000

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22.1	under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
22.2	paragraph (h), clause (2).
22.3	(c) \$18,251,000 the first year and \$18,251,000
22.4	the second year are from the state parks
22.5	account in the natural resources fund for state
22.6	park and state recreation area operation and
22.7	maintenance.
22.8	(d) \$1,005,000 the first year and \$1,005,000
22.9	the second year are from the natural resources
22.10	fund for park and trail grants to local units of
22.11	government on land to be maintained for at
22.12	least 20 years for the purposes of the grants.
22.13	This appropriation is from the revenue
22.14	deposited in the natural resources fund under
22.15	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
22.16	paragraph (e), clause (4). Any unencumbered
22.17	$\underline{\text{balance does not cancel at the end of the first}}$
22.18	year and is available for the second year.
22.19	(e) \$9,624,000 the first year and \$9,624,000
22.20	the second year are from the snowmobile trails
22.21	and enforcement account in the natural
22.22	resources fund for the snowmobile
22.23	grants-in-aid program. Any unencumbered
22.24	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
22.25	year and is available for the second year.
22.26	(f) \$1,835,000 the first year and \$1,835,000
22.27	the second year are from the natural resources
22.28	fund for the off-highway vehicle grants-in-aid
22.29	program. Of this amount, \$1,360,000 each
22.30	year is from the all-terrain vehicle account;
22.31	\$150,000 each year is from the off-highway
22.32	motorcycle account; and \$325,000 each year
22.33	is from the off-road vehicle account. Any

23.1	end of the first year and is available for the
23.2	second year.
23.3	(g) \$80,000 the first year and \$80,000 the
23.4	second year are from the cross-country ski
23.5	account in the natural resources fund for
23.6	grooming and maintaining cross-country ski
23.7	trails in state parks, trails, and recreation areas.
23.8	(h) \$262,000 the first year and \$262,000 the
23.9	second year are from the state land and water
23.10	conservation account in the natural resources
23.11	fund for priorities established by the
23.12	commissioner for eligible state projects and
23.13	administrative and planning activities
23.14	consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section
23.15	84.0264, and the federal Land and Water
23.16	Conservation Fund Act. Any unencumbered
23.17	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
23.18	year and is available for the second year.
23.19	(i) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
23.20	second year are from the general fund for
23.21	matching grants for local parks and outdoor
23.22	recreation areas under Minnesota Statutes,
23.23	section 85.019, subdivision 2.
23.24	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
23.25	second year are from the general fund for
23.26	matching grants for local trail connections
23.27	under Minnesota Statutes, section 85.019,
23.28	subdivision 4c.
23.29	(k) \$600,000 the first year is from the off-road
23.30	vehicle account for off-road vehicle touring
23.31	routes and trails. Of this amount:
23.32	(1) \$200,000 is for a contract with a project
23.33	administrator to assist the commissioner in
23.34	planning, designing, and providing a system

24.1	of state touring routes and trails for off-road
24.2	vehicles by identifying sustainable, legal
24.3	routes suitable for licensed four-wheel drive
24.4	vehicles and a system of recreational trails for
24.5	registered off-road vehicles. Any portion of
24.6	this appropriation not used for the project
24.7	administrator is available for signage or
24.8	promotion and implementation of the system.
24.9	This is a onetime appropriation.
24.10	(2) \$200,000 is for a contract and related work
24.11	to prepare a comprehensive, statewide,
24.12	strategic master plan for off-road vehicle
24.13	touring routes and trails. This is a onetime
24.14	appropriation and is available until June 30,
24.15	2022. Any portion of this appropriation not
24.16	used for the master plan is returned to the
24.17	off-road vehicle account. At a minimum, the
24.18	plan must: identify opportunities to develop
24.19	or enhance new, high-quality, comprehensive
24.20	touring routes and trails for off-road vehicles
24.21	in a system that serves regional and tourist
24.22	destinations; enhance connectivity with
24.23	touring routes and trails for off-road vehicles;
24.24	provide opportunities for promoting economic
24.25	development in greater Minnesota; help people
24.26	connect with the outdoors in a safe and
24.27	environmentally sustainable manner; create
24.28	new and support existing opportunities for
24.29	social, economic, and cultural benefits and
24.30	meaningful and mutually beneficial
24.31	relationships for users of off-road vehicles and
24.32	the communities that host trails for off-road
24.33	vehicles; and promote cooperation with local,
24.34	state, tribal, and federal governments;
24.35	organizations; and other interested partners.

25.1	(3) \$200,000 is to share the cost by
25.2	reimbursing federal, tribal, state, county, and
25.3	township entities for additional needs on roads
25.4	under their jurisdiction when the needs are a
25.5	result of increased use by off-road vehicles
25.6	and are attributable to a border-to-border
25.7	touring route established by the commissioner.
25.8	This paragraph applies to roads that are
25.9	operated by a public road authority as defined
25.10	in Minnesota Statutes, section 160.02,
25.11	subdivision 25. This is a onetime appropriation
25.12	and is available until June 30, 2023. To be
25.13	eligible for reimbursement under this
25.14	paragraph, the claimant must demonstrate that:
25.15	the needs result from additional traffic
25.16	generated by the border-to-border touring
25.17	route; and increased use attributable to a
25.18	border-to-border touring route has caused at
25.19	least a 50 percent increase in maintenance
25.20	costs for roads under the claimant's
25.21	jurisdiction, based on a ten-year maintenance
25.22	average. The commissioner may accept an
25.23	alternative to the ten-year maintenance average
25.24	if a jurisdiction does not have sufficient
25.25	maintenance records. The commissioner has
25.26	discretion to accept an alternative based on a
25.27	good-faith effort by the jurisdiction. Any
25.28	alternative should include baseline
25.29	maintenance costs for at least two years before
25.30	the year the route begins operating. The
25.31	ten-year maintenance average or any
25.32	alternative must be calculated from the years
25.33	immediately preceding the year the route
25.34	begins operating. Before reimbursing a claim
25.35	under this paragraph, the commissioner must
25.36	consider whether the claim is consistent with

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26.1	claims made by other entities that administer		
26.2	roads on the touring route, in terms of the		
26.3	amount requested for reimbursement and the		
26.4	frequency of claims made.		
26.5	(1) \$950,000 the first year and \$950,000 the		
26.6	second year are from the all-terrain vehicle		
26.7	account in the natural resources fund for grants		
26.8	to St. Louis County for the Quad Cities ATV		
26.9	Club trail construction program for planning,		
26.10	design, environmental permitting, right-of-way		
26.11	acquisition, and construction of up to 24 miles		
26.12	of trail connecting the cities of Mountain Iron,		
26.13	Virginia, Eveleth, and Gilbert to the		
26.14	Laurentian Divide, County Road 303, the		
26.15	Taconite State Trail, and Biwabik and from		
26.16	Pfeiffer Lake Forest Road to County Road		
26.17	361. This is a onetime appropriation.		
26.18	(m) \$150,000 the first year is from the		
26.19	all-terrain vehicle account in the natural		
26.20	resources fund for a grant to Crow Wing		
26.21	County to plan and design a multipurpose		
26.22	bridge on the Mississippi River Northwoods		
26.23	Trail across Sand Creek located five miles		
26.24	northeast of Brainerd along the Mississippi		
26.25	River.		
26.26	(n) \$75,000 the first year is from the		
26.27	off-highway motorcycle account in the natural		
26.28	resources fund to complete a master plan for		
26.29	off-highway motorcycle trail planning and		
26.30	development.		
26.31	Subd. 6. Fish and Wildlife Management	74,761,000	74,511,000
26.32	Appropriations by Fund		
26.33	<u>2020</u> <u>2021</u>		
26.34	<u>Natural Resources</u> <u>1,924,000</u> <u>1,924,000</u>		
26.35	Game and Fish 72,837,000 72,587,000		

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27.1	(a) \$8,411,000 the first year and \$8,411,000
27.2	the second year are from the heritage
27.3	enhancement account in the game and fish
27.4	fund only for activities specified in Minnesota
27.5	Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (h),
27.6	clause (1). Notwithstanding Minnesota
27.7	Statutes, section 297A.94, five percent of this
27.8	appropriation may be used for expanding
27.9	hunter and angler recruitment and retention.
27.10	(b) \$50,000 in the first year is from the wild
27.11	cervidae health management account in the
27.12	game and fish fund to establish a chronic
27.13	wasting disease adopt-a-dumpster program to
27.14	provide dumpsters dedicated to disposing of
27.15	deer carcasses in areas where chronic wasting
27.16	disease has been detected. The commissioner
27.17	must work with solid waste haulers and other
27.18	interested parties and encourage volunteer
27.19	support to ensure the dumpsters are located at
27.20	convenient locations with appropriate signage,
27.21	lined, and maintained. The commissioner must
27.22	ensure the carcasses collected are properly
27.23	disposed of to minimize the spread of chronic
27.24	wasting disease. The commissioner of natural
27.25	resources, in consultation with the
27.26	commissioners of health and the Pollution
27.27	Control Agency, to develop guidelines:
27.28	(1) for hunters for handling deer in the field
27.29	and transporting and disposing of carcasses to
27.30	prevent the spread of chronic wasting disease
27.31	and protect public health; and
27.32	(2) for solid waste facilities and solid waste
27.33	haulers for proper handling, transportation,
27.34	and disposal of deer carcasses to prevent the

28.1	spread of chronic wasting	g disease and pro	<u>otect</u>			
28.2	public health.					
28.3	By January 15, 2020, the	commissioner of	<u>of</u>			
28.4	natural resources must su	ıbmit a report to	the			
28.5	chairs and ranking minor	rity members of	<u>the</u>			
28.6	house of representatives	and senate				
28.7	committees and divisions	s with jurisdiction	<u>on</u>			
28.8	over environment and na	tural resources v	<u>with</u>			
28.9	the results of the program	n developed und	er			
28.10	paragraph (a) and the gui	idelines develop	<u>ed</u>			
28.11	under paragraph (b).					
28.12	(c) \$500,000 the first year	ar and \$500,000	<u>the</u>			
28.13	second year are from the	game and fish f	<u>und</u>			
28.14	to implement the Firearm	ns Safety, Arche	ry,			
28.15	Hunting, Trapshooting, an	nd Angling in Sc	<u>hool</u>			
28.16	Physical Education Cour	ses program. Th	is is			
28.17	a onetime appropriation.					
28.18	(d) \$200,000 the first yea	r is from the heri	tage			
28.19	enhancement account in the game and fish					
28.20	fund to establish and administer a program for					
28.21	awarding grants for high school fishing					
28.22	leagues and basic angling curriculum. This is					
28.23	a onetime appropriation.					
28.24	(e) \$8,546,000 the first y	ear and \$8,546,0	000			
28.25	the second year are from the deer habitat					
28.26	improvement account in the game and fish					
28.27	fund for deer management programs and deer					
28.28	habitat improvement.					
28.29	Subd. 7. Enforcement			42,845,000	43,180,000	
28.30	Appropria	tions by Fund				
28.31		2020	2021			
28.32	General	6,142,000	6,185,000			
28.33	Natural Resources	10,747,000	10,777,000			

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29.1	Game and Fish	25,851,00	<u>0</u> <u>26,112,000</u>	
29.2	Remediation	105,00	0 106,000	
29.3	(a) \$1,218,000 t	he first year and \$1	,218,000	
29.4	the second year	are from the genera	1 fund for	
29.5	enforcement effe	orts to prevent the s	pread of	
29.6	aquatic invasive	species.		
29.7	(b) \$1,580,000 t	he first year and \$1	,580,000	
29.8	the second year	are from the heritag	<u>ge</u>	
29.9	enhancement ac	count in the game a	nd fish	
29.10	fund for only the	e purposes specified	l in	
29.11	Minnesota Statu	ites, section 297A.9	<u>4,</u>	
29.12	paragraph (h), c	lause (1).		
29.13	(c) \$1,082,000 t	he first year and \$1	,082,000	
29.14	the second year	are from the water	recreation	
29.15	account in the na	tural resources fund	for grants	
29.16	to counties for b	oat and water safet	y. Any	
29.17	unencumbered b	palance does not car	ncel at the	
29.18	end of the first y	ear and is available	for the	
29.19	second year.			
29.20	(d) \$315,000 the	e first year and \$315	5,000 the	
29.21	second year are	from the snowmob	<u>le trails</u>	
29.22	and enforcemen	t account in the nati	<u>ıral</u>	
29.23	resources fund f	or grants to local la	<u>W</u>	
29.24	enforcement age	encies for snowmob	<u>ile</u>	
29.25	enforcement act	ivities. Any unencu	mbered	
29.26	balance does no	t cancel at the end o	of the first	
29.27	year and is avail	able for the second	year.	
29.28	(e) \$250,000 the	e first year and \$250	<u>,000 the</u>	
29.29	second year are	from the all-terrain	vehicle	
29.30	account for gran	ts to qualifying orga	nizations	
29.31	to assist in safety	and environmental	education	
29.32	and monitoring	trails on public land	ls under	
29.33	Minnesota Statu	ites, section 84.901	. Grants	
29.34	issued under this	s paragraph must be	issued	

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30.1	through a formal agreement with the
30.2	organization. By December 15 each year, an
30.3	organization receiving a grant under this
30.4	paragraph shall report to the commissioner
30.5	with details on expenditures and outcomes
30.6	from the grant. Of this appropriation, \$25,000
30.7	each year is for administration of these grants.
30.8	Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
30.9	at the end of the first year and is available for
30.10	the second year.
30.11	(f) \$510,000 the first year and \$510,000 the
30.12	second year are from the natural resources
30.13	fund for grants to county law enforcement
30.14	agencies for off-highway vehicle enforcement
30.15	and public education activities based on
30.16	off-highway vehicle use in the county. Of this
30.17	amount, \$498,000 each year is from the
30.18	all-terrain vehicle account; \$11,000 each year
30.19	is from the off-highway motorcycle account;
30.20	and \$1,000 each year is from the off-road
30.21	vehicle account. The county enforcement
30.22	agencies may use money received under this
30.23	appropriation to make grants to other local
30.24	enforcement agencies within the county that
30.25	have a high concentration of off-highway
30.26	vehicle use. Of this appropriation, \$25,000
30.27	each year is for administration of these grants.
30.28	Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
30.29	at the end of the first year and is available for
30.30	the second year.
30.31	(g) \$600,000 each year is for recruiting,
30.32	training, and maintaining additional
30.33	conservation officers.

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31.1	(h) \$176,000 the first year	and \$176,000	<u>the</u>			
31.2	second year are from the game and fish fund					
31.3	for an ice safety program.					
31.4	(i) The base budget for the	e enforcement				
31.5	division for fiscal year 202	2 and thereafte	er is:			
31.6	\$6,227,000 from the gener	cal fund;				
31.7	\$26,369,000 from the gam	e and fish fund	<u>l;</u>			
31.8	\$10,809,000 from the natu	ral resources fu	und;			
31.9	and \$107,000 from the ren	nediation fund.				
31.10	These base level adjustmen	nts include pens	sion			
31.11	costs as provided in Laws	2018, chapter 2	<u>211,</u>			
31.12	article 21, section 1, parag	raph (a).				
31.13	Subd. 8. Operations Supp	<u>oort</u>		111,000	106,000	
31.14	Appropriation	ons by Fund				
31.15		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>			
31.16	General Fund	8,000	24,000			
31.17	Game and Fish Fund	103,000	102,000			
31.18	(a) \$8,000 the first year an	ad \$24,000 the				
31.19	second year are from the general fund and					
31.20	\$3,000 the first year and \$2,000 the second					
31.21	year are from the game and	d fish fund for	<u>the</u>			
31.22	costs associated with the R	Reinvest in Fish	<u>1</u>			
31.23	Hatcheries Citizen-Legisla	tive Advisory				
31.24	Group. This is a onetime a	ppropriation.				
31.25	(b) \$100,000 the first year	and \$100,000	<u>the</u>			
31.26	second year are from the he	ritage enhancen	nent			
31.27	account in the game and fi	sh fund for cos	<u>sts</u>			
31.28	associated with the Wild R	Rice Stewardshi	<u>ip</u>			
31.29	Council.					
31.30	Subd. 9. Pass Through Fu	<u>unds</u>		807,000	807,000	
31.31	Appropriation	ons by Fund				
31.32		2020	<u>2021</u>			
31.33	General	487,000	487,000			
31.34	Natural Resources	320,000	320,000			

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33.1	(b) \$2,116,000 the first year and \$2,116,000
33.2	the second year are for grants to soil and water
33.3	conservation districts for the purposes of
33.4	Minnesota Statutes, sections 103C.321 and
33.5	103C.331, and for general purposes, nonpoint
33.6	engineering, and implementation and
33.7	stewardship of the reinvest in Minnesota
33.8	reserve program. Expenditures may be made
33.9	from these appropriations for supplies and
33.10	services benefiting soil and water conservation
33.11	districts. Any district receiving a payment
33.12	under this paragraph shall maintain a Web
33.13	page that publishes, at a minimum, its annual
33.14	report, annual audit, annual budget, and
33.15	meeting notices.
33.16	(c) \$260,000 the first year and \$260,000 the
33.17	second year are for feedlot water quality cost
33.18	share grants for feedlots under 300 animal
33.19	units and nutrient and manure management
33.20	projects in watersheds where there are
33.21	impaired waters.
33.22	(d) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
33.23	the second year are for soil and water
33.24	conservation district cost-sharing contracts for
33.25	perennially vegetated riparian buffers, erosion
33.26	control, water retention and treatment, and
33.27	other high-priority conservation practices.
33.28	(e) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
33.29	second year are for a grant to the Red River
33.30	Basin Commission for water quality and
33.31	floodplain management, including
33.32	administration of programs. This appropriation
33.33	must be matched by nonstate funds. If the
33.34	appropriation in either year is insufficient, the

(i) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,

cost-share funds in this section and may adjust

portion of the grant funds to leverage federal

high-priority needs identified in local water

management plans or comprehensive water

(j) The appropriations for grants in this section

are available until June 30, 2023, except

grants in either year is insufficient, the

returned grants are available for two years

after they are returned. If an appropriation for

appropriation in the other year is available for

the technical and administrative assistance

section 103C.501, the board may shift

or other nonstate funds or to address

management plans.

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35.1	(k) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,					
35.2	section 16B.97, the appropriations for grants					
35.3	in this section are exempt from Department					
35.4	of Administration, Office	e of Grants				
35.5	Management Policy 08-0)8 Grant Payme	ents ents			
35.6	and 08-10 Grant Monitor	ring.				
35.7	Sec. 5. METROPOLIT	AN COUNCIL	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,540,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,540,000	
35.8	Appropria	tions by Fund				
35.9		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>			
35.10	General	2,040,000	2,040,000			
35.11	Natural Resources	6,500,000	6,500,000			
35.12	(a) \$2,040,000 the first y	ear and \$2,040	,000			
35.13	the second year are for m	netropolitan are	<u>a</u>			
35.14	regional parks operation	and maintenand	<u>ce</u>			
35.15	according to Minnesota S	Statutes, section	<u>1</u>			
35.16	<u>473.351.</u>					
35.17	(b) \$6,500,000 the first y	ear and \$6,500	,000			
35.18	the second year are from	the natural reso	urces			
35.19	fund for metropolitan area regional parks and					
35.20	trails maintenance and operations. This					
35.21	appropriation is from the revenue deposited					
35.22	in the natural resources fu	ınd under Minn	esota			
35.23	Statutes, section 297A.94	4, paragraph (h)	<u>),</u>			
35.24	clause (3).					
35.25	Sec. 6. CONSERVATION	ON CORPS				
35.26	MINNESOTA		<u>\$</u>	<u>945,000</u> \$	945,000	
35.27	Appropria	tions by Fund				
35.28		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>			
35.29	General	455,000	455,000			
35.30	Natural Resources	490,000	490,000			
35.31	Conservation Corps Minnesota may receive					
35.32	money appropriated from the natural resources					
35.33	fund under this section only as provided in an					
35.34	agreement with the commissioner of natural					
35.35	resources.					

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36.1	Sec. 7. ZOOLOGICAL	A BOARD		<u>\$</u>	<u>8,360,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,360,000
36.2	Appropria	tions by Fund				
36.3		2020	2021			
36.4	General	8,200,000	8,200,0	000		
36.5	Natural Resources	160,000	160,0	000		
36.6	\$160,000 the first year a	nd \$160,000 the				
36.7	second year are from the	e natural resource	<u>es</u>			
36.8	fund from the revenue d	eposited under				
36.9	Minnesota Statutes, sect	ion 297A.94 <u>,</u>				
36.10	paragraph (e), clause (5)	<u>.</u>				
36.11	Sec. 8. SCIENCE MUS	SEUM		<u>\$</u>	<u>1,079,000</u> \$	1,079,000
36.12	Sec. 9. EXPLORE MIN	NNESOTA TOU	RISM	<u>\$</u>	<u>14,344,000</u> <u>\$</u>	14,344,000
36.13	(a) To develop maximur	n private sector				
36.14	involvement in tourism,	\$500,000 the firs	<u>st</u>			
36.15	year and \$500,000 the se	econd year must	<u>be</u>			
36.16	matched by Explore Mir	nesota Tourism f	<u>rom</u>			
36.17	nonstate sources. Each \$	of state incenti	ve			
36.18	must be matched with \$	6 of private secto	<u>r</u>			
36.19	funding. Cash match is	defined as revenu	ie to			
36.20	the state or documented	cash expenditure	<u>es</u>			
36.21	directly expended to sup	port Explore				
36.22	Minnesota Tourism prog	grams. Up to one-	<u>half</u>			
36.23	of the private sector con	tribution may be				
36.24	in-kind or soft match. The	ne incentive in fis	scal			
36.25	year 2020 shall be based on fiscal year 2019					
36.26	private sector contribution	ons. The incentiv	e in			
36.27	fiscal year 2021 shall be	based on fiscal y	<u>ear</u>			
36.28	2020 private sector cont	ributions. This				
36.29	incentive is ongoing.					
36.30	(b) Funding for the mark	xeting grants is				
36.31	available either year of t	he biennium.				
36.32	Unexpended grant funds	from the first ye	<u>ear</u>			
36.33	are available in the seco	nd year.				

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37.1	(c) \$100,000 each year is for a grant to the			
37.2	Northern Lights International Music Festival.			
37.3	(d) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000			
37.4	the second year are to assist in funding and			
37.5	securing new events benefiting communities			
37.6	in the state.			
37.7	Sec. 10. Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 3, se	ction 2, subdiv	vision 2, is ame	nded to read:
37.8	Subd. 2. Water		-0-	1,038,000
37.9	\$437,000 the second year is from the general			
37.10	fund and \$486,000 the second year is from the			
37.11	environmental fund to meet the increased			
37.12	demand for technical assistance and review			
37.13	of municipal water infrastructure projects that			
37.14	will be generated by increased grant funding			
37.15	through the Public Facilities Authority. This			
37.16	is a onetime appropriation and is available			
37.17	until June 30, 2019 <u>2021</u> .			
37.18	\$115,000 the second year is for the working			
37.19	lands program feasibility study and program			
37.20	plan. This is a onetime appropriation and is			
37.21	available until June 30, 2018.			
37.22	Sec. 11. Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 3, se	ction 6, as am	ended by Laws 2	2017, chapter
37.23	93, article 1, section 12, is amended to read:			
37.24	Sec. 6. ADMINISTRATION	\$	250,000 \$	-0-
37.25	\$250,000 the first year is from the state forest			
37.26	suspense account in the permanent school fund			
37.27	for the school trust lands director to initiate			
37.28	real estate development projects on and			
37.29	complete a 25-year framework for managing			
37.30	school trust lands as determined by the school			
37.31	trust lands director described in Minnesota			
37.32	Statutes, section 127A.353, subdivision 4,			

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.1	paragraph (a), clause (11). This is a onetime			
.2	appropriation and is available until June 30,			
.3	2019 <u>2021</u> .			
.4	Sec. 12. Laws 2017, chapter 93, article 1, section	on 9, is a	nmended to read:	
.5	Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION	\$	800,000 \$	300,000
.6	(a) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the			
7	second year are from the state forest suspense			
8	account in the permanent school fund for the			
9	school trust lands director. This appropriation			
10	is to be used for securing long-term economic			
11	return from the school trust lands consistent			
12	with fiduciary responsibilities and sound			
13	natural resources conservation and			
14	management principles.			
15	(b) \$500,000 the first year is from the state			
16	forest suspense account in the permanent			
17	school fund for the school trust lands director			
18	to initiate the private sale of surplus school			
19	trust lands identified according to Minnesota			
20	Statutes, section 92.82, paragraph (d)			
21	Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness			
22	private forest land alternative with the United			
23	States Department of Agriculture Forest			
24	Service and a nonprofit partner. The school			
25	trust lands director may use these funds for			
26	project costs, including but not limited to			
27	environmental assessments, valuation			
28	expenses, legal fees, closing costs, and			
29	transactional staff costs. This is a onetime			
30	appropriation and is available until June 30,			
31	2019 <u>2021</u> .			
32	ARTICL	E 2		
33	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL	RESOU	RCES TRUST FU	ND
34	Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.			

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40.1	diversity by systematically collecting,
40.2	interpreting, and delivering data on native and
40.3	rare species, pollinators, and native plant
40.4	communities throughout Minnesota. Any
40.5	revenues generated through the publication of
40.6	books or other resources created through this
40.7	appropriation may be reinvested as described
40.8	in the work plan approved by the
40.9	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
40.10	Resources according to Minnesota Statutes,
40.11	section 116P.10.
40.12	(b) Restoring Native Mussels in Streams and
40.13	Lakes
40.14	\$500,000 the first year is from the trust fund
40.15	to the commissioner of natural resources to
40.16	restore native freshwater mussel assemblages,
40.17	and the ecosystem services they provide, in
40.18	the Mississippi, Cedar, and Cannon Rivers
40.19	and to inform the public on mussels and
40.20	mussel conservation. This appropriation is
40.21	available until June 30, 2021, by which time
40.22	the project must be completed and final
40.23	products delivered.
40.24 40.25	(c) Minnesota Trumpeter Swan Migration <u>Ecology and Conservation</u>
40.26	\$300,000 the first year is from the trust fund
40.27	to the Board of Regents of the University of
40.28	Minnesota to document the movement and
40.29	habitat use of Minnesota trumpeter swans to
40.30	provide foundational information necessary
40.31	for trumpeter swan management and
40.32	conservation. This appropriation is available
40.33	until June 30, 2023, by which time the project
40.34	must be completed and final products
40.35	<u>delivered.</u>

41.1 41.2	(d) Understanding Brainworm Transmission to Find Solutions for Minnesota Moose Decline
41.3	\$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund
41.4	to the Board of Regents of the University of
41.5	Minnesota to identify key habitats and vectors
41.6	of brainworm transmission between deer and
41.7	moose that may be targeted by resource
41.8	management to mitigate moose exposure to
41.9	this deadly condition.
41.10	(e) Accelerated Aggregate Resource Mapping
41.11	\$700,000 the first year is from the trust fund
41.12	to the commissioner of natural resources to
41.13	map the aggregate resource potential for four
41.14	counties and make this information available
41.15	in print and electronic format to local units of
41.16	government for use in planning and zoning.
41.17 41.18	(f) Red-Headed Woodpeckers as Indicators of Oak Savanna Health
41.19	\$171,000 the first year is from the trust fund
41.20	to the Board of Regents of the University of
41.21	Minnesota to evaluate red-headed woodpecker
41.22	survival and habitat needs and to use this data
41.23	to develop and disseminate a long-term oak
41.24	savanna management plan that supports
41.25	red-headed woodpeckers and other oak
41.26	savanna habitat-dependent species.
41.27	(g) Mapping Aquatic Habitats for Moose
41.28	\$199,000 the first year is from the trust fund
41.29	to the Board of Regents of the University of
41.30	Minnesota to determine key water habitats
41.31	used by moose in northern forested regions of
41.32	Minnesota, measure the effects of moose
41.33	foraging on aquatic plant and fish diversity,
41.34	and provide educational programming
41.35	materials for the public.

42.1 42.2	the Public Land Survey
42.3	\$135,000 the first year is from the trust fund
42.4	to the commissioner of natural resources for
42.5	an agreement with the Minnesota Association
42.6	of County Surveyors to conduct a pilot project
42.7	with Grant County to remonument and certify
42.8	the public land survey corners in Lawrence
42.9	Township. This appropriation is available until
42.10	June 30, 2021, by which time the project must
42.11	be completed and final products delivered.
42.12 42.13	(i) County Geologic Atlases - Part A, Mapping Geology
42.14	\$2,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
42.15	to the Board of Regents of the University of
42.16	Minnesota, Minnesota Geological Survey, to
42.17	continue producing county geologic atlases to
42.18	inform management of surface water and
42.19	groundwater resources. This appropriation is
42.20	to complete Part A, which focuses on the
42.21	properties and distribution of earth materials
42.22	to define aquifer boundaries and the
42.23	connection of aquifers to the land surface and
42.24	surface water resources.
42.25 42.26	(j) Unlocking Science of Minnesota's Moose Decline
42.27	\$199,000 the first year is from the trust fund
42.28	to the Minnesota Zoological Garden to
42.29	develop educational displays, interactive
42.30	exhibits, and engaging online programs that
42.31	summarize and share scientific findings about
42.32	moose decline in Minnesota. This
42.33	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,
42.34	by which time the project must be completed
42.35	and final products delivered.

43.1	(k) Forest and Bioeconomy Research
43.2	\$2,200,000 the first year is to the Board of
43.3	Regents of the University of Minnesota for
43.4	academic and applied research through
43.5	MnDRIVE at the Natural Resources Research
43.6	Institute to develop and demonstrate
43.7	technologies that enhance the long-term health
43.8	of Minnesota's forests, extend the viability of
43.9	current forest-based industries, and accelerate
43.10	emerging industry opportunities. Of this
43.11	amount, \$500,000 is to support development
43.12	of a forest optimization tool for Minnesota
43.13	forest resources, \$800,000 is for maintenance
43.14	and expansion of the Natural Resource Atlas
43.15	to statewide coverage, \$400,000 is to the
43.16	Minnesota Forest Resource Council for
43.17	continued advancement of biochar
43.18	development and application to forest health,
43.19	and \$500,000 is to advance emerging
43.20	Minnesota technologies to produce clean
43.21	syngas to drive high-value markets for forest
43.22	biomass feedstocks.
43.23	(l) Minerals and Water Research
43.24	\$2,400,000 the first year is to the Board of
43.25	Regents of the University of Minnesota for
43.26	academic and applied research through
43.27	MnDRIVE at the Natural Resources Research
43.28	Institute to develop and demonstrate
43.29	technologies that enhance long-term
43.30	Minnesota mineral opportunities. Of this
43.31	amount:
43.32	(1) \$800,000 is to support continued applied
43.33	research to advance new technologies to
43.34	improve water quality;

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47.1 47.2	(i) Farm-Ready Cover Crops for Protecting Water Quality
47.3	\$741,000 the first year is from the trust fund
47.4	to the Minnesota State Colleges and
47.5	Universities System for Central Lakes College
47.6	to demonstrate conservation benefits of using
47.7	camelina and kura clover as continuous living
47.8	cover with corn-soybean rotations and to
47.9	develop secondary markets to increase farmer
47.10	adoption of this practice for protecting water
47.11	quality in vulnerable wellhead protection
47.12	areas. This appropriation is subject to
47.13	Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.10.
47.14 47.15	(j) Setting Realistic Nitrate Reduction Goals in Southeast Minnesota
47.16	\$350,000 the first year is from the trust fund
47.17	to the Board of Regents of the University of
47.18	Minnesota to develop advanced water-flow
47.19	and age-dating tools to improve the ability of
47.20	state agencies to assess how well nitrate
47.21	reduction best management practices are
47.22	working in southeastern Minnesota.
47.23	(k) Mapping Unprofitable Cropland for Water
47.24	and Wildlife
47.25	\$100,000 the first year is from the trust fund
47.26	to the Science Museum of Minnesota for the
47.27	St. Croix Watershed Research Station to
47.28	conduct the first statewide analysis that maps
47.29	the extent of Minnesota's unprofitable
47.30	<u>cropland</u> and estimates both the water-quality
47.31	and habitat benefits of converting these lands
47.32	to perennial crops and vegetation. This
47.33	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,
47.34	by which time the project must be completed
47.35	and final products delivered.

48.1	(1) Minnesota Spring Inventory Final Phase
48.2	\$71,000 the first year is from the trust fund to
48.3	the commissioner of natural resources to
48.4	complete the Minnesota Spring Inventory that
48.5	identifies, catalogs, and assists resource
48.6	managers in monitoring, assessing, and
48.7	protecting important and threatened statewide
48.8	water springs. This appropriation is available
48.9	until June 30, 2021, by which time the project
48.10	must be completed and final products
48.11	delivered.
48.12 48.13	(m) Restoring Impaired Lakes Through Citizen-Aided Carp Management
48.14	\$106,000 the first year is from the trust fund
48.15	to the commissioner of natural resources for
48.16	an agreement with the Carver County Water
48.17	Management Organization to quantify water
48.18	quality improvements and the
48.19	cost-effectiveness of a new citizen-aided carp
48.20	management method for restoring impaired
48.21	lakes in Minnesota.
48.22 48.23	(n) Spring Biological Nitrate Removal to Protect <u>Drinking Water</u>
48.24	\$175,000 the first year is from the trust fund
48.25	to the commissioner of natural resources for
48.26	an agreement with the city of Fairmont to
48.27	build and demonstrate the effectiveness of an
48.28	experimental passive biological treatment
48.29	system to reduce nitrates that enter the city's
48.30	springtime water supply source.
48.31 48.32	(o) Degrading Chlorinated Industrial Contaminants with Bacteria
48.33	\$1,000 the first year is from the trust fund to
48.34	the Board of Regents of the University of
48.35	Minnesota to determine the best way to

49.1	stimulate bacteria to more quickly and
49.2	completely remove industrial chlorinated
49.3	pollutants from contaminated sites. On the day
49.4	following final enactment, the following
49.5	amounts from unobligated appropriations to
49.6	the Board of Regents of the University of
49.7	Minnesota are transferred and added to this
49.8	appropriation: \$75,000 in Laws 2016, chapter
49.9	186, section 2, subdivision 4, paragraph (l),
49.10	and \$74,000 in Laws 2016, chapter 186,
49.11	section 2, subdivision 6, paragraph (b).
49.12	(p) Managed Aquifer Recharge
49.13	\$350,000 the first year is to the Board of
49.14	Regents of the University of Minnesota, Water
49.15	Resources Center, for a comprehensive study
49.16	of the economic benefits of managed aquifer
49.17	recharge and to make recommendations to
49.18	enhance and replenish Minnesota's
49.19	groundwater resources. The study must
49.20	include, but is not limited to:
49.21	(1) examining the potential benefits of
49.22	enhancing groundwater recharge in
49.23	water-stressed areas;
49.24	(2) assessing the relationship to changing
49.25	seasonality and intensity of precipitation on
49.26	groundwater recharge rates;
49.27	(3) reviewing the approaches to manage
49.28	recharge in geologically appropriate areas;
49.29	(4) identifying policy options, costs, and
49.30	barriers to recharging groundwater; and
49.31	(5) assessing the economic returns of options
49.32	for groundwater recharge.

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50.1	In conducti	ing the study, the Water	er Resources		
50.2	Center mus	st convene a stakehold	er group and		
50.3	provide for	public participation.			
50.4 50.5		echnical Assistance, (ental Education	Outreach, and	436,000	<u>-0-</u>
50.6 50.7	(a) Expand Program	ling Camp Sunrise H	Environmental		
50.8	\$237,000 tl	he first year is from th	ne trust fund		
50.9	to the com	missioner of natural re	esources for		
50.10	an agreeme	ent with YouthCare M	innesota to		
50.11	expand can	np opportunities to mo	ore school		
50.12	districts and	d implement improve	d hands-on		
50.13	environme	ntal education progran	ms for		
50.14	economical	lly disadvantaged you	<u>th.</u>		
50.15 50.16		ippi National River : st Restoration	and Recreation		
50.17	\$199,000 tl	he first year is from th	ne trust fund		
50.18	to the com	missioner of natural re	esources for		
50.19	an agreeme	ent with the Mississipp	oi Park		
50.20	Connection	to work with Conser	vation Corps		
50.21	Minnesota,	local communities, ar	nd volunteers		
50.22	to address t	the loss of ash trees to	emerald ash		
50.23	borer by pla	anting approximately 1	5,000 native		
50.24	trees and p	lants in affected areas	in the		
50.25	Mississippi	National River and F	Recreation		
50.26	Area.				
50.27 50.28	Subd. 6. Ac Species	quatic and Terrestria	al Invasive	3,100,000	<u>-0-</u>
50.29 50.30	(a) Buildin AIS Proble	g Knowledge and Ca	apacity to Solve	2	
50.31	\$3,000,000	the first year is from t	he trust fund		
50.32	to the Boar	d of Regents of the U	niversity of		
50.33	Minnesota	to support the Minnes	sota Aquatic		
50.34	Invasive Sp	pecies Research Cente	er in		
50.35	developing	solutions to Minneso	ta's aquatic		

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53.1	rapids replacement incurred before July 1,		
53.2	2019, may be counted toward the match.		
53.3 53.4	Subd. 9. Land Acquisition, Habitat, and Recreation	26,797,000	<u>-0-</u>
53.5 53.6	(a) Grants for Local Parks, Trails, and Natural Areas		
53.7	\$4,096,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
53.8	to the commissioner of natural resources to		
53.9	solicit, rank, and fund competitive matching		
53.10	grants for local parks, trail connections, and		
53.11	natural and scenic areas under Minnesota		
53.12	Statutes, section 85.019. The appropriation is		
53.13	for local nature-based recreation, connections		
53.14	to regional and state natural areas, and		
53.15	recreation facilities and not for athletic		
53.16	facilities such as sport fields, courts, and		
53.17	playgrounds.		
53.18	(b) Minnesota State Trails Development		
53.19	\$3,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
53.20	to the commissioner of natural resources to		
53.21	expand high-priority recreational opportunities		
53.22	on Minnesota's state trails by developing new		
53.23	trail segments and rehabilitating, improving,		
53.24	and enhancing existing state trails.		
53.25	High-priority trail bridges to rehabilitate or		
53.26	replace include, but are not limited to, those		
53.27	on the Arrowhead, Central Lakes,		
53.28	Harmony-Preston Valley, Matthew Lourey,		
53.29	and North Shore State Trails. High-priority		
53.30	trail segments to develop and enhance include		
53.31	the Paul Bunyan, Gateway, Heartland, and		
53.32	Gitchi Gami state trails. A proposed list of		
53.33	trail projects on legislatively authorized state		
53.34	trails is required in the work plan. This		
53.35	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,		

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54.1	by which time the project must be completed
54.2	and final products delivered.
54.3	(c) National Loon Center
54.4	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
54.5	to the commissioner of natural resources for
54.6	an agreement with the National Loon Center
54.7	Foundation, in partnership with a fiscal agent
54.8	to be approved by the Legislative-Citizen
54.9	Commission on Minnesota Resources, to
54.10	construct an approximately 15,000-square-foot
54.11	$\underline{NationalLoonCenterinCrossLakededicated}$
54.12	to loon survival, loon habitat protection and
54.13	research, and recreation. Of this amount, up
54.14	to \$1,449,000 is for planning, design, and
54.15	construction of approximately six outdoor
54.16	demonstration learning kiosks, interpretive
54.17	trails, boardwalks and boat docks, a fishing
54.18	dock, and native landscaping along
54.19	approximately 3,100 feet of shoreline. Any
54.20	remaining funds are for planning, engineering,
54.21	and constructing the building and indoor
54.22	exhibits. A land lease commitment of at least
54.23	25 years and fiscal sponsorship must be
54.24	secured before any trust fund money is spent.
54.25	This project requires a match of at least
54.26	<u>\$6,000,000</u> . At least \$2,000,000 of this match
54.27	must come from nonstate sources. If naming
54.28	rights will be conveyed, the National Loon
54.29	Center Foundation must include a plan for this
54.30	in the work plan. All matching funds must be
54.31	legally committed before any trust fund money
54.32	may be spent on planning activities for or
54.33	construction of the building and indoor
54.34	exhibits. Net income generated from
54.35	admissions, naming rights, and memberships

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55.33 (f) Birch Lake Recreation Area Campground

the Highway 169 underpass.

Embarrass to Kugler, County Road 128 to the

Eagles Nest Town Hall, and Wolf Creek to

55.30

55.31

55.32

56.1	\$350,000 the first year is from the trust fund
56.2	to the commissioner of natural resources for
56.3	an agreement with the city of Babbitt to
56.4	expand Birch Lake Recreation Area by adding
56.5	a new campground for recreational vehicles
56.6	and tent campers. This project requires a
56.7	match of at least \$2,800,000 that must be
56.8	secured before trust fund money is spent. At
56.9	least \$800,000 of this match must come from
56.10	the city of Babbitt. Net income generated from
56.11	admissions to the campground created as a
56.12	result of trust fund contributions may be
56.13	reinvested into the campground's long-term
56.14	operations as described in the work plan
56.15	approved by the Legislative-Citizen
56.16	Commission on Minnesota Resources
56.17	according to Minnesota Statutes, section
56.18	<u>116P.10.</u>
56.18	116P.10. (g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier
56.19	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier
56.19 56.20	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund
56.19 56.20 56.21	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for
56.19 56.20 56.21 56.22	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Virginia to
56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Virginia to reconstruct the existing Bailey Lake Trail and
56.19 56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23 56.24	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Virginia to reconstruct the existing Bailey Lake Trail and construct a new fishing pier on Bailey Lake
56.19 56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23 56.24 56.25	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Virginia to reconstruct the existing Bailey Lake Trail and construct a new fishing pier on Bailey Lake that is accessible from the trail.
56.19 56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23 56.24 56.25	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Virginia to reconstruct the existing Bailey Lake Trail and construct a new fishing pier on Bailey Lake that is accessible from the trail. (h) Vergas Long Lake Trail
56.19 56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23 56.24 56.25 56.26	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Virginia to reconstruct the existing Bailey Lake Trail and construct a new fishing pier on Bailey Lake that is accessible from the trail. (h) Vergas Long Lake Trail \$290,000 the first year is from the trust fund
56.19 56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23 56.24 56.25 56.25 56.26	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Virginia to reconstruct the existing Bailey Lake Trail and construct a new fishing pier on Bailey Lake that is accessible from the trail. (h) Vergas Long Lake Trail \$290,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for
56.19 56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23 56.24 56.25 56.26 56.27 56.28	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Virginia to reconstruct the existing Bailey Lake Trail and construct a new fishing pier on Bailey Lake that is accessible from the trail. (h) Vergas Long Lake Trail \$290,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Vergas to
56.19 56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23 56.24 56.25 56.26 56.27 56.28 56.29 56.30	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Virginia to reconstruct the existing Bailey Lake Trail and construct a new fishing pier on Bailey Lake that is accessible from the trail. (h) Vergas Long Lake Trail \$290,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Vergas to construct a bicycle and pedestrian bridge, trail,
56.19 56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23 56.24 56.25 56.26 56.27 56.28 56.29 56.30 56.31	(g) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier \$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Virginia to reconstruct the existing Bailey Lake Trail and construct a new fishing pier on Bailey Lake that is accessible from the trail. (h) Vergas Long Lake Trail \$290,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of Vergas to construct a bicycle and pedestrian bridge, trail, and floating boardwalk along Long Lake

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59.1	(c) Legislative Coordinating Commission (LCC)		
59.2	Administration		
59.3	\$3,000 the first year is from the trust fund to		
59.4	the Legislative Coordinating Commission for		
59.5	the website required in Minnesota Statutes,		
59.6	section 3.303, subdivision 10.		
59.7 59.8	Subd. 11. Wastewater Treatment Recommendations	9,840,000	<u>-0-</u>
59.9	(a) Water Infrastructure Funding Program		
59.10	\$9,340,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
59.11	to the Public Facilities Authority for grants		
59.12	for wastewater projects under the water		
59.13	infrastructure funding program under		
59.14	Minnesota Statutes, section 446A.072, to		
59.15	home rule and statutory cities and towns with		
59.16	a population under 5,000. The commissioner		
59.17	of the Pollution Control Agency must work		
59.18	with communities that receive grants under		
59.19	this paragraph to identify pollutant reduction		
59.20	opportunities related to wastewater projects		
59.21	funded under this paragraph. This		
59.22	appropriation is available until June 30, 2023,		
59.23	by which time projects must be completed and		
59.24	final products delivered.		
59.25 59.26	(b) Optimizing Local Mechanical and Pond Wastewater-Treatment Plants		
59.27	\$500,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
59.28	to the commissioner of the Pollution Control		
59.29	Agency for the pilot program created under		
59.30	Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 4, section 2,		
59.31	subdivision 4, paragraph (a). This		
59.32	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,		
59.33	by which time projects must be completed and		
59.34	final products delivered.		

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REVISOR

60.1	Subd. 12. Fiscal Year 2019 Appropriations
60.2	(a) Diagnostic Test for Chronic Wasting Disease
60.3	\$1,804,000 in fiscal year 2019 is from the trust
60.4	fund to the Board of Regents of the University
60.5	of Minnesota to develop a diagnostic test for
60.6	chronic wasting disease that: (1) uses samples
60.7	from living deer; and (2) uses samples in the
60.8	field from hunter-harvested deer. This
60.9	appropriation is subject to Minnesota Statutes,
60.10	section 116P.10. This appropriation is
60.11	available until June 30, 2021, by which time
60.12	projects must be completed and final products
60.13	delivered.
60.14	(b) Wastewater Infrastructure Funding
60.15	\$1,136,000 in fiscal year 2019 is appropriated
60.16	from the trust fund to the Public Facilities
60.17	Authority for grants for wastewater projects
60.18	under the water infrastructure funding program
60.19	under Minnesota Statutes, section 446A.072,
60.20	to home rule and statutory cities and towns
60.21	with a population under 5,000. The
60.22	commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency
60.23	must work with communities that receive
60.24	grants under this paragraph to identify
60.25	pollutant reduction opportunities related to
60.26	wastewater projects funded under this
60.27	paragraph. This is a onetime appropriation and
60.28	is available until June 30, 2023, by which time
60.29	projects must be completed and final products
60.30	delivered.
60.31	(c) Effective Date
60.32	This subdivision is effective the day following
60.33	final enactment.

61.1	Subd. 13. Availability of Appropriations
61.2	Money appropriated in this section may not
61.3	be spent on activities unless they are directly
61.4	related to and necessary for a specific
61.5	appropriation and are specified in the work
61.6	plan approved by the Legislative-Citizen
61.7	Commission on Minnesota Resources. Money
61.8	appropriated in this section must not be spent
61.9	on indirect costs or other institutional overhead
61.10	charges that are not directly related to and
61.11	necessary for a specific appropriation. Costs
61.12	that are directly related to and necessary for
61.13	an appropriation, including financial services,
61.14	human resources, information services, rent,
61.15	and utilities, are eligible only if the costs can
61.16	be clearly justified and individually
61.17	documented specific to the appropriation's
61.18	purpose and would not be generated by the
61.19	recipient but for receipt of the appropriation.
61.20	No broad allocations for costs in either dollars
61.21	or percentages are allowed. Unless otherwise
61.22	provided, the amounts in this section are
61.23	available until June 30, 2022, when projects
61.24	must be completed and final products
61.25	delivered. For acquisition of real property, the
61.26	appropriations in this section are available for
61.27	an additional fiscal year if a binding contract
61.28	for acquisition of the real property is entered
61.29	into before the expiration date of the
61.30	appropriation. If a project receives a federal
61.31	grant, the time period of the appropriation is
61.32	extended to equal the federal grant period.
61.33	Subd. 14. Data Availability Requirements
61.34	Data collected by the projects funded under
61.35	this section must conform to guidelines and

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Article 2 Sec. 2.

53.1	(b) A recipient of money appropriated in this
53.2	section that conducts a restoration using funds
53.3	appropriated in this section must use native
53.4	plant species according to the Board of Water
53.5	and Soil Resources' native vegetation
53.6	establishment and enhancement guidelines
53.7	and include an appropriate diversity of native
53.8	species selected to provide habitat for
53.9	pollinators throughout the growing season as
53.10	required under Minnesota Statutes, section
53.11	84.973.
53.12	(c) For all restorations conducted with money
53.13	appropriated under this section, a recipient
53.14	must prepare an ecological restoration and
53.15	management plan that, to the degree
53.16	practicable, is consistent with the
53.17	
	highest-quality conservation and ecological
53.18	goals for the restoration site. Consideration
53.19	should be given to soil, geology, topography,
53.20	and other relevant factors that would provide
53.21	the best chance for long-term success and
53.22	durability of the restoration project. The plan
53.23	must include the proposed timetable for
53.24	implementing the restoration, including site
53.25	preparation, establishment of diverse plant
53.26	species, maintenance, and additional
53.27	enhancement to establish the restoration;
53.28	identify long-term maintenance and
53.29	management needs of the restoration and how
53.30	the maintenance, management, and
53.31	enhancement will be financed; and take
53.32	advantage of the best-available science and
53.33	include innovative techniques to achieve the
53.34	best restoration.

64.1	(d) An entity receiving an appropriation in this
64.2	section for restoration activities must provide
64.3	an initial restoration evaluation at the
64.4	completion of the appropriation and an
64.5	evaluation three years after the completion of
64.6	the expenditure. Restorations must be
64.7	evaluated relative to the stated goals and
64.8	standards in the restoration plan, current
64.9	science, and, when applicable, the Board of
64.10	Water and Soil Resources' native vegetation
64.11	establishment and enhancement guidelines.
64.12	The evaluation must determine whether the
64.13	restorations are meeting planned goals,
64.14	identify any problems with implementing the
64.15	restorations, and, if necessary, give
64.16	recommendations on improving restorations.
64.17	The evaluation must be focused on improving
64.18	<u>future restorations.</u>
64.19	(e) All restoration and enhancement projects
64.20	funded with money appropriated in this section
64.21	must be on land permanently protected by a
64.22	conservation easement or public ownership.
64.23	(f) A recipient of money from an appropriation
64.24	under this section must give consideration to
64.25	contracting with Conservation Corps
64.26	Minnesota for contract restoration and
64.27	enhancement services.
64.28	(g) All conservation easements acquired with
64.29	money appropriated under this section must:
64.30	(1) be permanent;
64.31	(2) specify the parties to an easement in the
64.32	easement;
64.33	(3) specify all of the provisions of an
64.34	agreement that are permanent;

65.1	(4) be sent to the Legislative-Citizen
65.2	Commission on Minnesota Resources in an
65.3	electronic format at least ten business days
65.4	before closing;
65.5	(5) include a long-term monitoring and
65.6	enforcement plan and funding for monitoring
65.7	and enforcing the easement agreement; and
65.8	(6) include requirements in the easement
65.9	document to protect the quantity and quality
65.10	of groundwater and surface water through
65.11	specific activities such as keeping water on
65.12	the landscape, reducing nutrient and
65.13	contaminant loading, and not permitting
65.14	artificial hydrological modifications.
65.15	(h) For any acquisition of lands or interest in
65.16	lands, a recipient of money appropriated under
65.17	this section must not agree to pay more than
65.18	100 percent of the appraised value for a parcel
65.19	of land using this money to complete the
65.20	purchase, in part or in whole, except that up
65.21	to ten percent above the appraised value may
65.22	be allowed to complete the purchase, in part
65.23	or in whole, using this money if permission is
65.24	received in advance of the purchase from the
65.25	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
65.26	Resources.
65.27	(i) For any acquisition of land or interest in
65.28	land, a recipient of money appropriated under
65.29	this section must give priority to high-quality
65.30	natural resources or conservation lands that
65.31	provide natural buffers to water resources.
65.32	(j) For new lands acquired with money
65.33	appropriated under this section, a recipient
65.34	must prepare an ecological restoration and

56.1	management plan in compliance with
66.2	paragraph (c), including sufficient funding for
56.3	implementation unless the work plan addresses
66.4	why a portion of the money is not necessary
56.5	to achieve a high-quality restoration.
66.6	$\underline{\text{(k) To ensure public accountability for using}}\\$
66.7	public funds, a recipient of money
66.8	appropriated under this section must, within
66.9	60 days of the transaction, provide to the
66.10	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
66.11	Resources documentation of the selection
66.12	process used to identify parcels acquired and
56.13	provide documentation of all related
66.14	transaction costs, including but not limited to
66.15	appraisals, legal fees, recording fees,
66.16	commissions, other similar costs, and
66.17	donations. This information must be provided
66.18	for all parties involved in the transaction. The
66.19	recipient must also report to the
66.20	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
56.21	Resources any difference between the
66.22	acquisition amount paid to the seller and the
56.23	state-certified or state-reviewed appraisal, if
56.24	a state-certified or state-reviewed appraisal
66.25	was conducted.
66.26	(1) A recipient of an appropriation from the
66.27	trust fund under this section must acknowledge
56.28	financial support from the environment and
66.29	natural resources trust fund in project
56.30	publications, signage, and other public
56.31	communications and outreach related to work
56.32	completed using the appropriation.
56.33	Acknowledgment may occur, as appropriate,
56.34	through use of the trust fund logo or inclusion
66.35	of language attributing support from the trust

67.1	fund. Each direct recipient of money
57.2	appropriated in this section, as well as each
57.3	recipient of a grant awarded pursuant to this
67.4	section, must satisfy all reporting and other
57.5	$\underline{\text{requirements incumbent upon constitutionally}}$
67.6	dedicated funding recipients as provided in
67.7	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.303, subdivision
67.8	10, and chapter 116P.
67.9 67.10	Subd. 16. Payment Conditions and Capital-Equipment Expenditures
57.11	(a) All agreements, grants, or contracts
57.12	referred to in this section must be administered
57.13	on a reimbursement basis unless otherwise
67.14	provided in this section. Notwithstanding
67.15	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.41,
67.16	expenditures made on or after July 1, 2019,
67.17	or the date the work plan is approved,
67.18	whichever is later, are eligible for
67.19	reimbursement unless otherwise provided in
57.20	this section. Periodic payments must be made
57.21	upon receiving documentation that the
57.22	deliverable items articulated in the approved
57.23	work plan have been achieved, including
57.24	partial achievements as evidenced by approved
57.25	progress reports. Reasonable amounts may be
67.26	advanced to projects to accommodate
67.27	cash-flow needs or match federal money. The
67.28	advances must be approved as part of the work
57.29	plan. No expenditures for capital equipment
67.30	are allowed unless expressly authorized in the
67.31	project work plan.
67.32	(b) Single-source contracts as specified in the
57 22	approved work plan are allowed

68.1 68.2	Subd. 17. Purchase of Recycled and Recyclable Materials
68.3	A political subdivision, public or private
68.4	corporation, or other entity that receives an
68.5	appropriation under this section must use the
68.6	appropriation in compliance with Minnesota
68.7	Statutes, section 16C.0725, regarding
68.8	purchasing recycled, repairable, and durable
68.9	materials and Minnesota Statutes, section
68.10	16C.073, regarding purchasing and using
68.11	paper stock and printing.
68.12 68.13	Subd. 18. Energy Conservation and Sustainable Building Guidelines
68.14	A recipient to whom an appropriation is made
68.15	under this section for a capital improvement
68.16	project must ensure that the project complies
68.17	with the applicable energy conservation and
68.18	sustainable building guidelines and standards
68.19	contained in law, including Minnesota
68.20	Statutes, sections 16B.325, 216C.19, and
68.21	216C.20, and rules adopted under those
68.22	sections. The recipient may use the energy
68.23	planning, advocacy, and State Energy Office
68.24	units of the Department of Commerce to
68.25	obtain information and technical assistance
68.26	on energy conservation and alternative-energy
68.27	development relating to planning and
68.28	constructing the capital improvement project.
68.29	Subd. 19. Accessibility
68.30	Structural and nonstructural facilities must
68.31	meet the design standards in the Americans
68.32	with Disabilities Act (ADA) accessibility
68.33	guidelines.

69.1 Subd. 20. Carryforward; Extension

- 69.2 (a) The availability of the appropriations for
- 69.3 the following projects is extended to June 30,
- 69.4 2020:
- 69.5 (1) Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2,
- 69.6 subdivision 3, paragraph (g), Minnesota
- 69.7 Native Bee Atlas;
- 69.8 (2) Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2,
- 69.9 subdivision 4, paragraph (f), Southeast
- 69.10 Minnesota Subsurface Drainage Impacts on
- 69.11 Groundwater Recharge;
- 69.12 (3) Laws <u>2015</u>, chapter 76, section 2,
- 69.13 subdivision 10, Emerging Issues Account;
- 69.14 (4) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- 69.15 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), Data-Driven
- 69.16 Pollinator Conservation Strategies;
- 69.17 (5) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- 69.18 subdivision 3, paragraph (c), Prairie Butterfly
- 69.19 Conservation, Research, and Breeding Phase
- 69.20 II;
- 69.21 (6) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- 69.22 subdivision 4, paragraph (h), Protection of
- 69.23 State's Confined Drinking Water Aquifers -
- 69.24 Phase II;
- 69.25 (7) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- 69.26 subdivision 4, paragraph (r), Morrison County
- 69.27 Performance Drainage and Hydrology
- 69.28 Management;
- 69.29 (8) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- 69.30 subdivision 6, paragraph (c), Advancing
- 69.31 <u>Microbial Invasive Species Monitoring from</u>
- 69.32 Ballast Discharge;

	SF2314	REVISOR	CKM	S2314-2	2nd Engrossment
70.1	(0) Laws 201	6, chapter 186, sec	tion 2		
70.2		, paragraph (e), Eli			
70.3	Target Invasiv	ve Plant Species - I	Phase II;		
70.4	(10) Laws 20	16, chapter 186, se	ction 2,		
70.5	subdivision 8	, paragraph (a), Be	e Pollinator		
70.6	Habitat Enhar	ncement - Phase II;			
	(11) 1 20:	16 1 106			
70.7	(11) Laws 20	16, chapter 186, sec	ction 2,		
70.8	subdivision 8,	paragraph (b), Mea	suring Pollen		
70.9	and Seed Disp	persal for Prairie F	ragment		
70.10	Connectivity;				
	(12) I 20	16 1 4 106	2		
70.11		16, chapter 186, se			
70.12	subdivision 8	, paragraph (f), For	rest		
70.13	Management	for Mississippi Riv	er Drinking		
70.14	Water Protect	ion;			
	(12) I 20	16 1 4 106			
70.15	(13) Laws 20	16, chapter 186, se	ction 2,		
70.16	subdivision 9,	, paragraph (b), Mir	nnesota Point		
70.17	Pine Forest So	cientific and Natura	al Area		
70.18	Acquisition; a	and			
	(1.4) I 20	15 1			
70.19	(14) Laws 20	17, chapter 96, sec	tion 2,		
70.20	subdivision 4	, paragraph (a), As	sessment of		

- Household Chemicals and Herbicides in 70.21
- Rivers and Lakes. 70.22
- (b) The availability of the appropriation under 70.23
- Laws 2017, chapter 96, section 2, subdivision 70.24
- 7, paragraph (b), Assessment of Urban Air 70.25
- Quality, is extended to June 30, 2021. 70.26
- Sec. 3. Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2, subdivision 9, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 70.27
- 214, article 4, section 5, is amended to read: 70.28
- Subd. 9. Land Acquisition for Habitat and 70.29
- 14,190,000 Recreation -0-70.30
- 70.31 (a) State Parks and Trails Land
- **Acquisitions** 70.32

71.1	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund
71.2	to the commissioner of natural resources to
71.3	acquire at least 335 acres for authorized state
71.4	trails and critical parcels within the statutory
71.5	boundaries of state parks. State park land
71.6	acquired with this appropriation must be
71.7	sufficiently improved to meet at least
71.8	minimum management standards, as
71.9	determined by the commissioner of natural
71.10	resources. A list of proposed acquisitions must
71.11	be provided as part of the required work plan.
71.12	This appropriation is available until June 30,
71.13	2018, by which time the project must be
71.14	completed and final products delivered.
71.15	(b) Metropolitan Regional Park System
71.16	Land Acquisition - Phase IV
71.17	\$1,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
71.18	to the Metropolitan Council for grants to
71.19	acquire at least 133 approximately 90 acres of
71.20	lands within the approved park unit boundaries
71.21	of the metropolitan regional park system. This
71.22	appropriation may not be used to purchase
71.23	habitable residential structures. A list of
71.24	proposed fee title and easement acquisitions
71.25	must be provided as part of the required work
71.26	plan. This appropriation must be matched by
71.27	at least 40 percent of nonstate money that must
71.28	be committed by December 31, 2015, or the
71.29	appropriation cancels. This appropriation is
71.30	available until June 30, 2018, by which time
71.31	the project must be completed and final
71.32	products delivered.
71.33	(c) SNA Acquisition, Restoration,
71 34	Enhancement, and Public Engagement

72.1	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
72.2	to the commissioner of natural resources to
72.3	acquire at least 350 acres of lands with
72.4	high-quality native plant communities and rare
72.5	features to be established as scientific and
72.6	natural areas as provided in Minnesota
72.7	Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 5, restore
72.8	and improve at least 550 acres of scientific
72.9	and natural areas, and provide technical
72.10	assistance and outreach. A list of proposed
72.11	acquisitions must be provided as part of the
72.12	required work plan. Land acquired with this
72.13	appropriation must be sufficiently improved
72.14	to meet at least minimum management
72.15	standards, as determined by the commissioner
72.16	of natural resources. This appropriation is
72.17	available until June 30, 2018, by which time
72.18	the project must be completed and final
72.19	products delivered.
72.19	products delivered.
72.19 72.20	products delivered. (d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie
72.19 72.20 72.21	products delivered. (d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22	products delivered. (d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22 72.23	products delivered. (d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22 72.23	products delivered. (d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire native prairie bank easements on at
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22 72.23 72.24 72.25	products delivered. (d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire native prairie bank easements on at least 675 acres, prepare baseline property
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22 72.23 72.24 72.25 72.26	products delivered. (d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire native prairie bank easements on at least 675 acres, prepare baseline property assessments, restore and enhance at least 1,000
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22 72.23 72.24 72.25 72.26	products delivered. (d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire native prairie bank easements on at least 675 acres, prepare baseline property assessments, restore and enhance at least 1,000 acres of native prairie sites, and provide
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22 72.23 72.24 72.25 72.26 72.27 72.28	(d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire native prairie bank easements on at least 675 acres, prepare baseline property assessments, restore and enhance at least 1,000 acres of native prairie sites, and provide technical assistance to landowners. Of this
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22 72.23 72.24 72.25 72.26 72.27 72.28	(d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire native prairie bank easements on at least 675 acres, prepare baseline property assessments, restore and enhance at least 1,000 acres of native prairie sites, and provide technical assistance to landowners. Of this amount, up to \$195,000 must be deposited in
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22 72.23 72.24 72.25 72.26 72.27 72.28 72.29 72.30	(d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire native prairie bank easements on at least 675 acres, prepare baseline property assessments, restore and enhance at least 1,000 acres of native prairie sites, and provide technical assistance to landowners. Of this amount, up to \$195,000 must be deposited in a conservation easement stewardship account.
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22 72.23 72.24 72.25 72.26 72.27 72.28 72.29 72.30	(d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire native prairie bank easements on at least 675 acres, prepare baseline property assessments, restore and enhance at least 1,000 acres of native prairie sites, and provide technical assistance to landowners. Of this amount, up to \$195,000 must be deposited in a conservation easement stewardship account. Deposits into the conservation easement
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22 72.23 72.24 72.25 72.26 72.27 72.28 72.29 72.30 72.31	(d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire native prairie bank easements on at least 675 acres, prepare baseline property assessments, restore and enhance at least 1,000 acres of native prairie sites, and provide technical assistance to landowners. Of this amount, up to \$195,000 must be deposited in a conservation easement stewardship account. Deposits into the conservation easement stewardship account stewardship account must be made upon
72.19 72.20 72.21 72.22 72.23 72.24 72.25 72.26 72.27 72.28 72.29 72.30 72.31 72.32 72.33	(d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire native prairie bank easements on at least 675 acres, prepare baseline property assessments, restore and enhance at least 1,000 acres of native prairie sites, and provide technical assistance to landowners. Of this amount, up to \$195,000 must be deposited in a conservation easement stewardship account. Deposits into the conservation easement stewardship account closing on conservation easements or at a time

73.1	provided as part of the required work plan.
73.2	This appropriation is available until June 30,
73.3	2018, by which time the project must be
73.4	completed and final products delivered.
73.5	(e) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase
73.6	VIII Coordination, Mapping, and
73.7	Conservation Easements
73.8	\$515,000 the first year is from the trust fund
73.9	to the commissioner of natural resources for
73.10	an agreement with the Minnesota Land Trust
73.11	for Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation
73.12	Corridors partnership to provide coordination
73.13	and mapping for the partnership and to acquire
73.14	permanent conservation easements on at least
73.15	120 acres of strategic ecological landscapes
73.16	to protect priority natural areas in the
73.17	metropolitan area, as defined under Minnesota
73.18	Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 2, and
73.19	portions of the surrounding counties. A list of
73.20	proposed easement acquisitions must be
73.21	provided as part of the required work plan.
73.22	Land acquired with this appropriation must
73.23	be sufficiently improved to meet at least
73.24	minimum management standards, as
73.25	determined by the commissioner of natural
73.26	resources. Expenditures are limited to the
73.27	identified project corridor areas as defined in
73.28	the work plan. Up to \$40,000 may be used for
73.29	coordination and mapping for the Metro
73.30	Conservation Corridors. All conservation
73.31	easements must be perpetual and have a
73.32	natural resource management plan. A list of
73.33	proposed easement acquisitions must be
73.34	provided as part of the required work plan.
73.35	This appropriation is available June 30, 2018,

74.1	by which time the project must be completed
74.2	and final products delivered.
74.3	(f) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase
74.4	VIII Strategic Lands Protection
74.5	\$750,000 the first year is from the trust fund
74.6	to the commissioner of natural resources for
74.7	an agreement with The Trust for Public Land
74.8	for Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation
74.9	Corridors partnership to acquire in fee at least
74.10	35 acres of high-quality priority state and local
74.11	natural areas in the metropolitan area, as
74.12	defined under Minnesota Statutes, section
74.13	473.121, subdivision 2, and portions of the
74.14	surrounding counties. A list of proposed
74.15	acquisitions must be provided as part of the
74.16	required work plan. Land acquired with this
74.17	appropriation must be sufficiently improved
74.18	to meet at least minimum management
74.19	standards, as determined by the commissioner
74.20	of natural resources. Expenditures are limited
74.21	to the identified project corridor areas as
74.22	defined in the work plan. This appropriation
74.23	may not be used to purchase habitable
74.24	residential structures, unless expressly
74.25	approved in the work plan. A list of fee title
74.26	acquisitions must be provided as part of the
74.27	required work plan. This appropriation is
74.28	available until June 30, 2018, by which time
74.29	the project must be completed and final
74.30	products delivered.
74.31	(g) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase
74.32	VIII Priority Expansion of Minnesota
74.33	Valley National Wildlife Refuge
74.34	\$500,000 the first year is from the trust fund

to the commissioner of natural resources for

75.1	an agreement with the Minnesota Valley
75.2	National Wildlife Refuge Trust, Inc. for Phase
75.3	VIII of the Metro Conservation Corridors
75.4	partnership to acquire in fee at least 100 acres
75.5	of priority habitat for the Minnesota Valley
75.6	National Wildlife Refuge in the metropolitan
75.7	area, as defined under Minnesota Statutes,
75.8	section 473.121, subdivision 2, and portions
75.9	of the surrounding counties. A list of proposed
75.10	acquisitions must be provided as part of the
75.11	required work plan. Land acquired with this
75.12	appropriation must be sufficiently improved
75.13	to meet at least minimum management
75.14	standards. Expenditures are limited to the
75.15	identified project corridor areas as defined in
75.16	the work plan. This appropriation may not be
75.17	used to purchase habitable residential
75.18	structures, unless expressly approved in the
75.19	work plan. This appropriation is available until
75.20	June 30, 2018, by which time the project must
75.21	be completed and final products delivered.
75.21 75.22	be completed and final products delivered. (h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase
75.22	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase
75.22 75.23	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase VIII Wildlife Management Area
75.22 75.23 75.24	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase VIII Wildlife Management Area Acquisition
75.22 75.23 75.24 75.25	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - PhaseVIII Wildlife Management AreaAcquisition\$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund
75.22 75.23 75.24 75.25 75.26	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase VIII Wildlife Management Area Acquisition \$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for
75.22 75.23 75.24 75.25 75.26 75.27	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase VIII Wildlife Management Area Acquisition \$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation
75.22 75.23 75.24 75.25 75.26 75.27 75.28	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase VIII Wildlife Management Area Acquisition \$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation Corridors partnership to acquire in fee at least
75.22 75.23 75.24 75.25 75.26 75.27 75.28 75.29	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase VIII Wildlife Management Area Acquisition \$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation Corridors partnership to acquire in fee at least 82 acres along the lower reaches of the
75.22 75.23 75.24 75.25 75.26 75.27 75.28 75.29 75.30	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase VIII Wildlife Management Area Acquisition \$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation Corridors partnership to acquire in fee at least 82 acres along the lower reaches of the Vermillion River in Dakota County within the
75.22 75.23 75.24 75.25 75.26 75.27 75.28 75.29 75.30	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase VIII Wildlife Management Area Acquisition \$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation Corridors partnership to acquire in fee at least 82 acres along the lower reaches of the Vermillion River in Dakota County within the Gores Pool Wildlife Management Area. Land
75.22 75.23 75.24 75.25 75.26 75.27 75.28 75.29 75.30 75.31	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase VIII Wildlife Management Area Acquisition \$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation Corridors partnership to acquire in fee at least 82 acres along the lower reaches of the Vermillion River in Dakota County within the Gores Pool Wildlife Management Area. Land acquired with this appropriation must be
75.22 75.23 75.24 75.25 75.26 75.27 75.28 75.29 75.30 75.31 75.32	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase VIII Wildlife Management Area Acquisition \$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation Corridors partnership to acquire in fee at least 82 acres along the lower reaches of the Vermillion River in Dakota County within the Gores Pool Wildlife Management Area. Land acquired with this appropriation must be sufficiently improved to meet at least

76.1	habitable residential structures, unless
76.2	expressly approved in the work plan. This
76.3	appropriation is available until June 30, 2018,
76.4	by which time the project must be completed
76.5	and final products delivered.
76.6	(i) Mesabi Trail Development Soudan to
76.7	Ely - Phase II
76.8	\$1,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
76.9	to the commissioner of natural resources for
76.10	an agreement with the St. Louis and Lake
76.11	Counties Regional Railroad Authority for the
76.12	right-of-way acquisition, design, and
76.13	construction of segments of the Mesabi Trail,
76.14	totaling approximately seven miles between
76.15	Soudan and Ely. This appropriation is
76.16	available until June 30, 2018, by which time
76.17	the project must be completed and final
76.18	products delivered.
76.19	(j) Multi-benefit Watershed Scale
76.20	Conservation on North Central Lakes
76.21	\$950,000 the first year is from the trust fund
76.22	to the Board of Water and Soil Resources to
76.23	secure permanent conservation easements on
76.24	at least 480 acres of high-quality habitat in
76.25	Crow Wing and Cass Counties. Of this
76.26	amount, up to \$65,000 must be deposited in a
76.27	conservation easement stewardship account;
76.28	and \$54,000 is for an agreement with the
76.29	Leech Lake Area Watershed Foundation in
76.30	cooperation with Crow Wing County Soil and
76.31	Water Conservation District and Cass County
76.32	Soil and Water Conservation District. Deposits
76.33	:
	into the conservation easement stewardship
76.34	account must be made upon closing on

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77.1	approved in th	ne work plan. A list	of proposed		
77.2	easement acq	uisitions must be pi	covided as		
77.3	part of the rec	quired work plan. T	his		
77.4	appropriation	is available until Ju	ne 30, 2018,		
77.5	by which time	e the project must b	e completed		
77.6	and final prod	lucts delivered.			
77.7	(k) Conserva	tion Easement Ass	essment and		
77.8	Valuation Sy	stem Developmen	t		
77.9	\$250,000 the	first year is from th	e trust fund		
77.10		of Regents of the U			
77.11		assess the effective	•		
77.12		ervation easements			
77.13		expenditures at ach	•		
77.14	intended outc	omes of public valu	ie and		
77.15	ecological bea	nefits and to develo	ра		
77.16	standardized,	objective conservati	ion easement		
77.17	valuation syst	tem for guiding futu	ire state		
77.18	investments in	n conservation ease	ements to		
77.19	ensure the pro	pposed environmen	tal benefits		
77.20	are being achi	eved in a cost-effec	tive manner.		
77.21	This appropri	ation is available u	ntil June 30,		
77.22	2018, by which	ch time the project	must be		
77.23	completed and	d final products del	ivered.		
77.24	Sec. 4. Law	s 2017, chapter 96,	section 2, subdivis	sion 9, is amended t	o read:
77.25		d Acquisition,	000 000	12 522 000	0
77.26	Habitat, and		999,000	13,533,000	-0-
77.27 77.28	(a) Metropoli Acquisition	itan Regional Parl	ks System Land		
77.29	\$1,500,000 th	e first year is from t	he trust fund		
77.30	to the Metrop	olitan Council for g	grants to		
77.31	acquire appro	ximately 197 <u>70</u> ac	res of land		
77.32	within the app	proved park bounda	aries of the		
77.33	metropolitan	regional park system	m. This		
77.34	appropriation	may not be used to	purchase		
77.35	habitable resid	dential structures. A	A list of		

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78.1	proposed fee title acquisitions must be
78.2	provided as part of the required work plan.
78.3	This appropriation must be matched by at least
78.4	40 percent of nonstate money that must be
78.5	committed by December 31, 2017. This
78.6	appropriation is available until June 30, 2020,
78.7	by which time the project must be completed
78.8	and final products delivered.
78.9 78.10	(b) Scientific and Natural Areas Acquisition and Restoration, Citizen Science, and Engagement
78.11	\$2,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund
78.12	to the commissioner of natural resources to
78.13	acquire at least 250 acres of land with
78.14	high-quality native plant communities and rare
78.15	features to be established as scientific and
78.16	natural areas as provided in Minnesota
78.17	Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 5, restore
78.18	and improve at least 1,000 acres of scientific
78.19	and natural areas, and provide technical
78.20	assistance and outreach, including site steward
78.21	events. At least one-third of the appropriation
78.22	must be spent on restoration activities. A list
78.23	of proposed acquisitions and restorations must
78.24	be provided as part of the required work plan.
78.25	Land acquired with this appropriation must
78.26	be sufficiently improved to meet at least
78.27	minimum management standards, as
78.28	determined by the commissioner of natural
78.29	resources. When feasible, consideration must
78.30	be given to accommodate trails on lands
78.31	acquired. This appropriation is available until
78.32	June 30, 2020, by which time the project must
78.33	be completed and final products delivered.
78.34	(c) Minnesota State Parks and State Trails Land
78.35	Acquisition

79.1	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund
79.2	to the commissioner of natural resources to
79.3	acquire approximately 373 acres from willing
79.4	sellers for authorized state trails and critical
79.5	parcels within the statutory boundaries of state
79.6	parks. State park land acquired with this
79.7	appropriation must be sufficiently improved
79.8	to meet at least minimum management
79.9	standards, as determined by the commissioner
79.10	of natural resources. A list of proposed
79.11	acquisitions must be provided as part of the
79.12	required work plan. This appropriation is
79.13	available until June 30, 2020, by which time
79.14	the project must be completed and final
79.15	products delivered.
79.16 79.17	(d) Minnesota State Trails Acquisition, Development, and Enhancement
79.18	\$999,000 in fiscal year 2017 and \$39,000 the
79.19	first year are from the trust fund to the
79.20	commissioner of natural resources for state
79.21	trail acquisition, development, and
79.22	enhancement in southern Minnesota. A
79.23	proposed list of trail projects on authorized
79.24	state trails must be provided as part of the
79.25	required work plan. This appropriation is
79.26	available until June 30, 2020, by which time
79.27	the project must be completed and final
79.28	products delivered.
79.29 79.30	(e) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition
79.31	\$2,675,000 the first year is from the trust fund
79.32	to the commissioner of natural resources to
79.33	acquire native prairie bank easements in
79.34	accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section
79.35	84.96, on approximately <u>335</u> <u>250</u> acres,
79.36	prepare baseline property assessments, restore

and enhance at least 570 acres of native prairie 80.1 sites, and provide technical assistance to 80.2 80.3 landowners. Of this amount, up to \$132,000 may be deposited in a conservation easement 80.4 stewardship account. Deposits into the 80.5 conservation easement stewardship account 80.6 must be made upon closing on conservation 80.7 80.8 easements or at a time otherwise approved in 80.9 the work plan. A list of proposed easement acquisitions must be provided as part of the 80.10 required work plan. This appropriation is 80.11 available until June 30, 2020, by which time 80.12 the project must be completed and final 80.13 products delivered. 80.14 80.15

(f) Leech Lake Acquisition

\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund 80.16 to the commissioner of natural resources for 80.17 an agreement with the Leech Lake Band of 80.18 Ojibwe to acquire approximately 45 acres, 80.19 including 0.67 miles of shoreline of 80.20 high-quality aquatic and wildlife habitat at the 80.21 historic meeting place between Henry 80.22 80.23 Schoolcraft and the Anishinabe people. The land must be open to public use including 80.24 hunting and fishing. The band must provide a 80.25 commitment that land will not be put in a 80.26 federal trust through the Bureau of Indian 80.27 Affairs. 80.28

(g) Mesabi Trail Development

80.30 \$2,269,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for 80.31 an agreement with the St. Louis and Lake 80.32 80.33 Counties Regional Railroad Authority for engineering and constructing segments of the 80.34 Mesabi Trail. This appropriation is available 80.35

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81.1	until June 30, 2020, by which time the project	
81.2	must be completed and final products	
81.3	delivered.	
81.4 81.5	(h) Tower Trailhead Boat Landing and Habitat Improvement - Phase II	
81.6	\$600,000 the first year is from the trust fund	
81.7	to the commissioner of natural resources for	
81.8	an agreement with the city of Tower to	
81.9	construct a trailhead and boat landing and	
81.10	restore vegetative habitat on city-owned	
81.11	property. Plant and seed materials must follow	
81.12	the Board of Water and Soil Resources' native	
81.13	vegetation establishment and enhancement	
81.14	guidelines. This appropriation is available until	
81.15	June 30, 2020, by which time the project must	
81.16	be completed and final products delivered.	
81.17 81.18	(i) Land Acquisition for Voyageurs National Park Crane Lake Visitors Center	
81.19	\$950,000 the first year is from the trust fund	
81.20	to the commissioner of natural resources for	
81.21	an agreement with the town of Crane Lake, in	
81.22	partnership with Voyageurs National Park and	
81.23	the Department of Natural Resources, to	
81.24	acquire approximately 30 acres to be used for	
81.25	a visitor center and campground. Income	
81.26	generated by the campground may be used to	
81.27	support the facility.	
81.28	Sec. 5. TRANSFER OF FUNDS; EXTENSION OF AVAILABILITY OF	
81.29	APPROPRIATIONS.	
81.30	Subdivision 1. Transfer of unencumbered funds. On June 30, 2019, up to \$300,000	
81.31	of any unencumbered money from the following appropriations may be transferred to the	
81.32	appropriation for the grants management system under Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2	
81.33	subdivision 10, paragraph (b):	
81.34	(1) Laws 2014, chapter 226, section 2, subdivision 10, paragraph (c);	

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32.1	(2) Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2, subdivision 9, paragraph (c);
32.2	(3) Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2, subdivision 9, paragraph (d);
32.3	(4) Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2, subdivision 9, paragraph (f);
32.4	(5) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2, subdivision 9, paragraph (a);
32.5	(6) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2, subdivision 9, paragraph (c); and
32.6	(7) Laws 2017, chapter 96, section 2, subdivision 10, paragraph (b).
32.7	Subd. 2. Extension of availability of appropriations. The availability of the
32.8	appropriations for the grants management system under Laws 2016, chapter 186, section
32.9	2, subdivision 10, paragraph (b), and the funds transferred to that project under subdivision
32.10	1 are extended to June 30, 2022.
32.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
32.12	ARTICLE 3
32.13	STATUTORY CHANGES
32.14	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 17.035, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
32.15	Subdivision 1. Reimbursement. A meat processor holding a license under chapter 28A
32.16	may apply to the commissioner of agriculture for reimbursement of $\$70 \ \150 towards the
32.17	processor's reasonable and documented cost of processing donated deer, as determined by
32.18	the commissioner within the limits of available funding. The meat processor shall deliver
32.19	the deer, processed into cuts or ground meat, to a charitable organization that is registered
32.20	under chapter 309 and with the commissioner of agriculture and that operates a food
32.21	assistance program. To request reimbursement, the processor shall submit an application,
32.22	on a form prescribed by the commissioner of agriculture, the tag number under which the
32.23	deer was taken, and a receipt for the deer from the charitable organization.
32.24	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.153, is amended by adding a subdivision to
32.25	read:
32.26	Subd. 2a. Commercial herd. "Commercial herd" means a herd for which the owner
32.27	manages the herd for profit or monetary gain and engages in transactions or exchanges for
32.28	consideration, including sale, barter, the offer to sell, or possession with the intent to sell.

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Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.153, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 7. **Noncommercial herd.** "Noncommercial herd" means a herd that is managed solely for personal enjoyment and use, as determined by the board.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Fencing.** Farmed Cervidae must be confined in a manner designed to prevent escape. All perimeter fences for farmed Cervidae must be at least 96 inches in height and be constructed and maintained in a way that prevents the escape of farmed Cervidae or entry into the premises by free-roaming Cervidae. All new fencing installed after the effective date of this section shall be high tensile. By December 1, 2019, all entry areas for farmed Cervidae enclosure areas must have two redundant gates, which must be maintained to prevent the escape of animals through an open gate. If a fence deficiency allows entry or exit by farmed or wild Cervidae, the deficiency must be repaired by the owner within 48 hours of discovery of the deficiency. If a fence deficiency is detected during an inspection, the facility must be reinspected at least once in the subsequent three months. The farmed Cervidae owner must pay a reinspection fee of \$950 plus mileage for each reinspection related to a fence violation.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Identification.** (a) Farmed Cervidae must be identified by means approved by the Board of Animal Health. The identification must <u>include a distinct number that has not been used during the previous year and must</u> be visible to the naked eye during daylight under normal conditions at a distance of 50 yards. Newborn animals must be identified before December 31 of the year in which the animal is born or before movement from the premises, whichever occurs first. As coordinated by the board, an animal that is not identified as required under this subdivision may be destroyed by the commissioner of natural resources.
- (b) The Board of Animal Health shall register farmed Cervidae. The owner must submit the registration request on forms provided by the board. The forms must include sales receipts or other documentation of the origin of the Cervidae. The board shall must provide copies of the registration information to the commissioner of natural resources upon request. The owner must keep written records of the acquisition and disposition of registered farmed Cervidae.

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Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Inspection.** As coordinated by the board, the commissioner of agriculture, an enforcement officer, as defined in section 97A.015, subdivision 18, and the Board of Animal Health may inspect farmed Cervidae, farmed Cervidae facilities, and farmed Cervidae records. For each commercial herd, the owner or owners must, on or before January 1, pay an annual inspection fee equal to \$10 for each cervid in the herd as reflected in the most recent inventory submitted to the Board of Animal Health, up to a maximum fee of \$100 \$250. For each noncommercial herd, the owner or owners must, on or before January 1, pay an annual inspection fee of \$100. The commissioner of natural resources may inspect farmed Cervidae, farmed Cervidae facilities, and farmed Cervidae records with reasonable suspicion that laws protecting native wild animals have been violated and must notify the owner in writing at the time of the inspection of the reason for the inspection and must inform the owner in writing after the inspection of whether (1) the cause of the inspection was unfounded; or (2) there will be an ongoing investigation or continuing evaluation. The board shall ensure that each farmed Cervidae facility is inspected within 12 months of a previous inspection. The inspection by the agency authorized under this paragraph must include a physical inspection of the entire perimeter fence around the facility, and a verification that farmed Cervidae are tagged. The owner or owners of the herd must present an accurate inventory for review.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Contested case hearing.** (a) A person raising farmed Cervidae that is aggrieved with any decision regarding the farmed Cervidae may request a contested case hearing under chapter 14.
- (b) A person requesting a contested case hearing regarding a registration revocation
 under subdivision 10, paragraph (b), must make the request within 30 days of the revocation
 notice.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 10. **Mandatory registration.** (a) A person may not possess live Cervidae in Minnesota unless the person is registered with the Board of Animal Health and meets all the requirements for farmed Cervidae under this section. Cervidae possessed in violation of this subdivision may be seized and destroyed by the commissioner of natural resources.
 - (b) If the facility experiences more than two escape incidents in any 12-month period, the board may revoke the facility's registration and the animals may be seized by the

85.1	commissioner of natural resources. After investigation and review of fence deficiencies,
85.2	escapes, and other program requirements, the board may revoke the registration of a person
85.3	who owns farmed Cervidae, and the animals may be seized by the commissioner of natural
85.4	resources. Unless it would prohibit the operator from receiving federal indemnification
85.5	payments, an enforcement officer, as defined in section 97A.015, subdivision 18, may
85.6	destroy seized Cervidae 30 days after the registration revocation notice or following a final
85.7	decision of a contested case hearing, whichever is later.
85.8	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
85.9	Subd. 11. Mandatory surveillance for chronic wasting disease. (a) An inventory for
85.10	each farmed Cervidae herd must be verified by an accredited veterinarian and filed with
85.11	the Board of Animal Health every 12 months.
85.12	(b) Movement of farmed Cervidae from any premises to another location must be reported
85.13	to the Board of Animal Health within 14 days of the movement on forms approved by the
85.14	Board of Animal Health.
85.15	(c) All animals from farmed Cervidae herds that are over 16 12 months of age that die
85.16	or are slaughtered must be tested for chronic wasting disease.
85.17	(d) Except for a closed terminal facility in which live Cervidae are not transported out
85.18	of the facility, the owner of a premises where chronic wasting disease is detected must:
85.19	(1) depopulate the premises of Cervidae after the indemnification process has been
85.20	completed and federal or state funding is available for indemnification;
85.21	(2) maintain exclusionary fencing on the premises for five years after the date of detection;
85.22	<u>and</u>
85.23	(3) not stock Cervidae species on the premises after the date of detection.
85.24	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.026, is amended by adding a subdivision to
85.25	read:
85.26	Subd. 4. Paying grant-eligible expenditures. Notwithstanding section 16A.41, the
85.27	commissioner may make payments for otherwise eligible grant-program expenditures that
85.28	are made on or after the effective date of the appropriation that funds the payments for:
85.29	(1) grants-in-aid under sections 84.794, 84.803, 84.83, 84.927, and 85.44;
85.30	(2) local recreation grants under section 85.019; and

36.1	(3) enforcement and public education grants under sections 84./94, 84.803, 84.83,
36.2	84.927, 86B.701, 86B.705, and 87A.10.
	C. 11 Minuscote Ctatata 2010 and an 04 027 in amount of the addition and district of the
36.3	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.027, is amended by adding a subdivision to
36.4	read:
36.5	Subd. 14c. <u>Unadopted rules.</u> (a) The commissioner of natural resources must not enforce
36.6	or attempt to enforce an unadopted rule. For purposes of this subdivision, "unadopted rule"
36.7	means a guideline, bulletin, criterion, manual standard, interpretive statement, or similar
36.8	pronouncement if the guideline, bulletin, criterion, manual standard, interpretive statement,
36.9	or similar pronouncement meets the definition of a rule as defined under section 14.02,
36.10	subdivision 4, but has not been adopted according to the rulemaking process provided under
86.11	chapter 14. If an unadopted rule is challenged under section 14.381, the commissioner must
36.12	overcome a presumption against the unadopted rule.
36.13	(b) If the commissioner incorporates by reference an internal guideline, bulletin, criterion,
36.14	manual standard, interpretive statement, or similar pronouncement into a statute, rule, or
36.15	standard, the commissioner must follow the rulemaking process provided under chapter 14
86.16	to amend or revise any such guideline, bulletin, criterion, manual standard, interpretive
36.17	statement, or similar pronouncement.
36.18	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.027, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
36.19	Subd. 18. Permanent school fund authority; reporting. (a) The commissioner of
36.20	natural resources has the authority and responsibility for the administration of to administer
36.21	school trust lands under sections 92.121 92.122 and 127A.31. The commissioner shall
36.22	biannually report to the Legislative Permanent School Fund Commission and the legislature
36.23	on the management of the school trust lands that shows how the commissioner has and will
36.24	continue to achieve the following goals:
36.25	(1) manage the school trust lands efficiently and in a manner that reflects the undivided
36.26	loyalty to the beneficiaries consistent with the commissioner's fiduciary duties;
36.27	(2) reduce the management expenditures of school trust lands and maximize the revenues
36.28	deposited in the permanent school trust fund;
36.29	(3) manage the sale, exchange, and commercial leasing of school trust lands, requiring
36.30	returns of not less than fair market value, to maximize the revenues deposited in the
36.31	permanent school trust fund and retain the value from the long-term appreciation of the
26.32	school trust lands:

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- (4) manage the school trust lands to maximize the long-term economic return for the permanent school trust fund while maintaining sound natural resource conservation and management principles;
- (5) optimize school trust land revenues and maximize the value of the trust consistent with the balancing of short-term and long-term interests, so that long-term benefits are not lost in an effort to maximize short-term gains; and
- (6) maintain the integrity of the trust and prevent the misapplication of its lands and its revenues.
- (b) When the commissioner finds an irresolvable conflict between maximizing the long-term economic return and protecting natural resources and recreational values on school trust lands, the commissioner shall give precedence to the long-term economic return in managing school trust lands. By July 1, 2018, the permanent school fund shall must be compensated for all school trust lands included under a designation or policy provision that prohibits long-term economic return. The commissioner shall submit recommendations to the appropriate legislative committees and divisions on methods of funding for the compensation required under this paragraph, including recommendations for appropriations from the general fund, nongeneral funds, and the state bond fund. Any uncompensated designation or policy provision restrictions on the long-term economic return on school trust lands remaining after July 1, 2018, shall must be compiled and submitted to the Legislative Permanent School Fund Commission for review.
- (c) By December 31, 2013, the report required under paragraph (a) shall must provide an inventory and identification of all school trust lands that are included under a designation or policy provision that prohibits long-term economic return. The report shall must include a plan to compensate the permanent school fund through the purchase or exchange of the lands or a plan to manage the school trust land to generate long-term economic return to the permanent school fund. Subsequent reports under paragraph (a) shall must include a status report of the commissioner's progress in maximizing the long-term economic return on lands identified in the 2013 report.
- (d) When future management practices, policies, or designations or policies by the commissioner diminish or prohibit the long-term economic return on school trust land, the conflict shall must be resolved by compensating the permanent school fund through an exchange or purchase of the lands before designation or application of the policy as provided in section 92.122.

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Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.0273, is amended to read:

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84.0273 ESTABLISHING BOUNDARY LINES RELATING TO CERTAIN STATE LANDHOLDINGS.

- (a) In order To resolve boundary line issues affecting the ownership interests of the state and adjacent landowners, the commissioner of natural resources may, in the name of the state upon terms the commissioner deems appropriate, convey, by a boundary line agreement, quitclaim deed, or management agreement in such form as the attorney general approves, such rights, titles, and interests of the state in state lands for such rights, titles, and interests in adjacent lands as are necessary for the purpose of establishing to establish boundaries. The commissioner must publish a notice of the proposed conveyance and a brief statement of the reason therefor shall be published for the conveyance once in the State Register by the commissioner between 15 and at least 30 days prior to before the conveyance. The provisions of This paragraph are is not intended to replace or supersede laws relating to land exchange or disposal of surplus state property.
- (b) In order To resolve trespass issues affecting the ownership interests of the state and adjacent landowners, the commissioner of natural resources, in the name of the state, may sell surplus lands not needed for natural resource purposes at private sale to adjoining property owners and leaseholders. The conveyance must be by quitclaim in a form approved by the attorney general for a consideration not less than the value determined according to section 94.10, subdivision 1.
- (c) Paragraph (b) applies to all state-owned lands managed by the commissioner of natural resources, except school trust land as defined in section 92.025. For acquired lands, the commissioner may sell the surplus lands as provided in paragraph (b) notwithstanding the offering to public entities, public sale, and related notice and publication requirements of sections 94.09 to 94.165. For consolidated conservation lands, the commissioner may sell the surplus lands as provided in paragraph (b) notwithstanding the classification and public sale provisions of chapters 84A and 282.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.0895, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Application.** (a) Subdivision 1 does not apply to: 88.29
 - (1) plants on land classified for property tax purposes as class 2a or 2c agricultural land under section 273.13, or on ditches and roadways a ditch, or on an existing public road right-of-way as defined in section 84.92, subdivision 6a, except for ground not previously disturbed by construction or maintenance; and

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(2) noxious weeds designated pursuant to	sections 18.76 to 18.88 or to weeds otherwise
designated as troublesome by the Departmen	t of Agriculture.

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- (b) If control of noxious weeds is necessary, it takes priority over the protection of endangered plant species, as long as a reasonable effort is taken to preserve the endangered plant species first.
- (c) The taking or killing of an endangered plant species on land adjacent to class 3 or 3b agricultural land as a result of the application of pesticides or other agricultural chemical on the class 3 or 3b land is not a violation of subdivision 1, if reasonable care is taken in the application of the pesticide or other chemical to avoid impact on adjacent lands. For the purpose of this paragraph, class 3 or 3b agricultural land does not include timber land, waste land, or other land for which the owner receives a state paid wetlands or native prairie tax credit.
- (d) The accidental taking of an endangered plant, where the existence of the plant is not known at the time of the taking, is not a violation of subdivision 1.

Sec. 15. [84.1511] WILD RICE STEWARDSHIP COUNCIL.

- Subdivision 1. Council created. (a) The Wild Rice Stewardship Council is established to foster leadership, collaboration, coordination, and communication among state and tribal government bodies and wild rice stakeholders. Members of the council must represent a wide range of interests and perspectives and be able to make interdisciplinary recommendations on managing, monitoring, providing outreach for, researching, and regulating wild rice.
 - (b) The governor must appoint 13 members to the council. The initial appointments to the council shall include the members of the Governor's Task Force on Wild Rice established by Executive Orders 18-08 and 18-09 unless those individuals decline to be appointed. The council membership must include the following individuals:
- 89.26 (1) one representative nominated by the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe;
- (2) one representative nominated by the four Minnesota Dakota Tribes, which include
 the Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux community, Prairie Island Indian community, Lower
 Sioux Indian community, and Upper Sioux community;
- 89.30 (3) one representative nominated by Red Lake Nation;
- 89.31 (4) two independent scientists with expertise in wild rice research and plant-based aquatic toxicity;

90.29 (b) The council must recommend to the commissioners of natural resources and the
90.30 Pollution Control Agency a shared monitoring protocol that includes biological, chemical,
90.31 and hydrological factors affecting wild rice to assess the health of wild rice populations

91.1	over time. The protocol must draw on existing resources such as the monitoring protocol
91.2	for wild rice developed by Minnesota Sea Grant, the lake survey and vegetation mapping
91.3	methodologies of the Department of Natural Resources, and the monitoring methodologies
91.4	of the 1854 Treaty Authority. The council must include recommendations on implementing
91.5	the protocol and must regularly prepare a report on protocol implementation.
91.6	(c) The council must recommend to the commissioner of natural resources a
91.7	comprehensive, statewide management plan for wild rice. The plan must include clear goals
91.8	and indicators, activities, time frames, organizational responsibilities, and performance
91.9	measures. Indicators of wild rice health must have the ability to be tracked over time to
91.10	facilitate a better understanding of the impact of various stressors versus the natural variability
91.11	of wild rice. The council must work with tribes to develop an understanding of natural wild
91.12	rice variability through traditional ecological knowledge and lake histories. Biological,
91.13	chemical, and hydrological factors must be considered.
91.14	(d) The council must identify and recommend research priorities and required funding
91.15	levels. Prioritization should be given to needs identified through the monitoring protocol
91.16	and management plans recommended by the council. Topics of research may include:
91.17	(1) assessment of diverse factors impacting wild rice health and interaction among these
91.18	factors;
91.19	(2) criteria and methodology for restoring wild rice within its historic range;
91.20	(3) seed development;
91.21	(4) effective methods of controlling waterfowl predation; and
91.22	(5) roles of root plaques, hydrology, landscape context, and other related factors.
91.23	(e) The council must provide a forum for scientists and managers to convene and explore
91.24	research needs, approaches, and outcomes for building a shared understanding of the threats
91.25	to and opportunities for fostering wild rice health and to fill data gaps.
91.26	Subd. 3. Outreach and education. (a) The council must advise state agencies and the
91.27	legislature on statewide outreach and education on wild rice. Activities may include:
91.28	(1) developing a statewide education and promotion campaign to raise awareness about
91.29	the ecological, nutritional, and cultural value of wild rice;
91.30	(2) coordinating an annual Wild Rice Week in which tribal chief executives and the
91.31	governor declare the first week of September Wild Rice Week; and

(3) recommending actions to raise awareness and increase enforcement of natural wi	ild
rice labeling laws, including those that require specified labeling for natural wild rice.	
(b) The council must develop and recommend to the commissioner of the Pollution	
Control Agency a road map for protecting wild rice from harmful levels of pollutants an	ıd
other stressors through a holistic approach that addresses the water quality standard for	
sulfate in conjunction with enhanced monitoring, management, and education efforts and	d
that leads to protecting wild rice and strategically using state and community resources.	
(c) The council must develop and recommend to the commissioner of the Pollution	
Control Agency a structured approach to listing wild-rice waters and potential implementation	on
of a water quality standard for sulfate to maximize protection of wild rice while limiting	<u>5</u> 2
the scope and extent of burdens to Minnesota communities caused by the difficulty of	
treating sulfate.	
Subd. 4. Expiration. This section expires January 1, 2029.	
Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.775, subdivision 1, is amended to read:	
Subdivision 1. Civil citation; authority to issue. (a) A conservation officer or other	
licensed peace officer may issue a civil citation to a person who operates:	
(1) an off-highway motorcycle in violation of sections 84.773, subdivision 1 or 2, clau	ıse
(1); 84.777; 84.788 to 84.795; or 84.90;	
(2) an off-road vehicle in violation of sections 84.773, subdivision 1 or 2, clause (1);	
84.777; 84.798 to 84.804; or 84.90; or	
(3) an all-terrain vehicle in violation of sections 84.773, subdivision 1 or 2, clause (1);
84.777; 84.90; or 84.922 to 84.928.	
(b) A civil citation under paragraph (a) shall require restitution for public and private	3
property damage and impose a penalty of:	
(1) \$100 for the first offense;	
(2) \$200 for the second offense; and	
(3) \$500 for third and subsequent offenses.	
(c) A conservation officer or other licensed peace officer may issue a civil citation to	a
person who operates an off-highway motorcycle, off-road vehicle, or all-terrain vehicle	in
violation of section 84.773, subdivision 2, clause (2) or (3). A civil citation under this	
paragraph shall require restitution for damage to wetlands and impose a penalty of:	

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- (2) \$500 for the second offense; and
- (3) \$1,000 for third and subsequent offenses. 93.3
 - (d) If the peace officer determines that there is damage to property requiring restitution, the commissioner must send a written explanation of the extent of the damage and the cost of the repair by first class mail to the address provided by the person receiving the citation within 15 days of the date of the citation.
- (e) An off-road vehicle or all-terrain vehicle that is equipped with a snorkel device and 93.8 receives a civil citation under this section is subject to twice the penalty amounts in 93.9 paragraphs (b) and (c). 93.10
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 93.11
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.788, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 93.12
- Subd. 2. Exemptions. Registration is not required for off-highway motorcycles: 93.13
- (1) owned and used by the United States, an Indian tribal government, the state, another 93.14 state, or a political subdivision; 93.15
- (2) registered in another state or country that have not been within this state for more 93.16 than 30 consecutive days; 93.17
- (3) registered under chapter 168, when operated on forest roads to gain access to a state 93.18 forest campground; 93.19
- (4) used exclusively in organized track-racing events; 93.20
- 93.21 (5) (4) operated on state or grant-in-aid trails by a nonresident possessing a nonresident off-highway motorcycle state trail pass; 93.22
- (6) (5) operated by a person participating in an event for which the commissioner has 93.23 issued a special use permit; or 93.24
- (7) (6) operated on boundary trails and registered in another state or country providing 93.25 equal reciprocal registration or licensing exemptions for registrants of this state. 93.26
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.794, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 93.27
- Subd. 2. Purposes. (a) Subject to appropriation by the legislature, money in the 93.28 off-highway motorcycle account may only be spent for: 93.29

94.1	(1) administration, enforcement, and implementation of sections 84./8/ to 84./95;
94.2	(2) acquisition, maintenance, and development of off-highway motorcycle trails and use
94.3	areas; and
94.4	(3) grants-in-aid to counties and municipalities to construct and maintain off-highway
94.5	motorcycle trails and use areas; and
94.6	(4) grants for enforcement and public education to local law enforcement agencies.
94.7	(b) The distribution of funds made available for grants-in-aid must be guided by the
94.8	statewide comprehensive outdoor recreation plan.
04.0	See 10 Minnesote Statutes 2019, section 94.92, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
94.9	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.83, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
94.10	Subd. 3. Purposes for the account; allocation. (a) The money deposited in the account
94.11	and interest earned on that money may be expended only as appropriated by law for the
94.12	following purposes:
94.13	(1) for a grant-in-aid program to counties and municipalities for construction and
94.14	maintenance of snowmobile trails that are determined by the commissioner to be part of
94.15	the state's grant-in-aid system, including maintenance of trails on lands and waters of
94.16	Voyageurs National Park; on Lake of the Woods; on Rainy Lake; on the following lakes in
94.17	St. Louis County: Burntside, Crane, Little Long, Mud, Pelican, Shagawa, and Vermilion;
94.18	and on the following lakes in Cook County: Devil Track and Hungry Jack <u></u> ;. The commissioner
94.19	may establish a performance-based funding formula for annual grants-in-aid. The procedures
94.20	and criteria for grants-in-aid are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and
94.21	section 14.386 does not apply. In administering the performance-based grants-in-aid, the
94.22	commissioner must:
94.23	(i) determine annual grant amounts based on a funding formula that includes consideration
94.24	of historical costs, snowfall, use, and tourism;
94.25	(ii) make grant payments based on:
94.26	(A) successful completion of performance benchmarks;
94.27	(B) reimbursement of eligible expenditures; or
94.28	(C) a combination of subitems (A) and (B); and
94.29	(iii) assess penalties to nonperforming grant-in-aid recipients, which may include
94.30	withholding grant payments or making the grantee or trail system ineligible for future
94.31	grant-in-aid funding.

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- (2) for acquisition, development, and maintenance of to acquire, develop, and maintain state recreational snowmobile trails;
 - (3) for snowmobile safety programs; and
- (4) for the administration and enforcement of to administer and enforce sections 84.81 to 84.91 and appropriated grants to local law enforcement agencies.
- (b) No less than 60 percent of revenue collected from snowmobile registration and snowmobile state trail sticker fees must be expended for grants-in-aid to develop, maintain, and groom trails and acquire easements.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.86, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Required rules.** With a view of achieving maximum use of snowmobiles consistent with protection of the environment the commissioner of natural resources shall adopt rules in the manner provided by chapter 14, for the following purposes:
 - (1) Registration of snowmobiles and display of registration numbers.
- 95.14 (2) Use of snowmobiles insofar as game and fish resources are affected.
 - (3) Use of snowmobiles on public lands and waters, or on grant-in-aid trails.
- 95.16 (4) Uniform signs to be used by the state, counties, and cities, which are necessary or desirable to control, direct, or regulate the operation and use of snowmobiles.
 - (5) Specifications relating to snowmobile mufflers.
 - (6) A comprehensive snowmobile information and safety education and training program, including but not limited to the preparation and dissemination of snowmobile information and safety advice to the public, the training of snowmobile operators, and the issuance of snowmobile safety certificates to snowmobile operators who successfully complete the snowmobile safety education and training course. For the purpose of administering such program and to defray expenses of training and certifying snowmobile operators, the commissioner shall collect a fee from each person who receives the youth or adult training. The commissioner shall collect a fee, to include a \$1 issuing fee for licensing agents, for issuing a duplicate snowmobile safety certificate. The commissioner shall establish both fees in a manner that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers costs, including overhead costs, involved in providing the services. The fees are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply. The fees may be established by the commissioner notwithstanding section 16A.1283. The fees, except for the issuing fee for licensing agents under this subdivision, shall be deposited in the snowmobile trails

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and enforcement account in the natural resources fund and the amount thereof, except for the electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision 15, and issuing fees collected by the commissioner, is appropriated annually to the Enforcement Division of the Department of Natural Resources for the administration of such programs. In addition to the fee established by the commissioner, instructors may charge each person any fee paid by the instructor for the person's online training course and up to the established fee amount for class materials and expenses. The commissioner shall cooperate with private organizations and associations, private and public corporations, and local governmental units in furtherance of the program established under this clause. School districts may cooperate with the commissioner and volunteer instructors to provide space for the classroom portion of the training. The commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of public safety in regard to training program subject matter and performance testing that leads to the certification of snowmobile operators.

- (7) The operator of any snowmobile involved in an accident resulting in injury requiring medical attention or hospitalization to or death of any person or total damage to an extent of \$500 or more, shall forward a written report of the accident to the commissioner on such form as the commissioner shall prescribe. If the operator is killed or is unable to file a report due to incapacitation, any peace officer investigating the accident shall file the accident report within ten business days.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.925, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 96.20
- 96.21 Subdivision 1. Program Training and certification programs established. (a) The commissioner shall establish: 96.22
 - (1) a comprehensive all-terrain vehicle environmental and safety education and training certification program, including the preparation and dissemination of vehicle information and safety advice to the public, the training of all-terrain vehicle operators, and the issuance of all-terrain vehicle safety certificates to vehicle operators over the age of 12 years who successfully complete the all-terrain vehicle environmental and safety education and training course.; and
 - (2) a voluntary all-terrain vehicle online training program for youth and a parent or guardian, offered at no charge for operators at least six years of age but younger than ten years of age.
- (b) A parent or guardian must be present at the hands-on a training portion of the program 96.32 for when the youth who are six through is under ten years of age. 96.33

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(b) (c) For the purpose of administering the program and to defray the expenses of training and certifying vehicle operators, the commissioner shall collect a fee from each person who receives the training for certification under paragraph (a), clause (1). The commissioner shall collect a fee, to include a \$1 issuing fee for licensing agents, for issuing a duplicate all-terrain vehicle safety certificate. The commissioner shall establish both fees in a manner that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers costs, including overhead costs, involved in providing the services. The fees are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply. The fees may be established by the commissioner notwithstanding section 16A.1283. Fee proceeds, except for the issuing fee for licensing agents under this subdivision, shall be deposited in the all-terrain vehicle account in the natural resources fund and the amount thereof, except for the electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision 15, and issuing fees collected by the commissioner, is appropriated annually to the Enforcement Division of the Department of Natural Resources for the administration of the programs. In addition to the fee established by the commissioner, instructors may charge each person up to the established fee amount for class materials and expenses.

- (e) (d) The commissioner shall cooperate with private organizations and associations, private and public corporations, and local governmental units in furtherance of the program programs established under this section. School districts may cooperate with the commissioner and volunteer instructors to provide space for the classroom portion of the training. The commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of public safety in regard to training program the subject matter of the training programs and performance testing that leads to the certification of vehicle operators. The commissioner shall incorporate a riding component in the safety education and training program. certification programs established under this section and may incorporate a riding component in the training program established in paragraph (a), clause (2).
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.9256, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 97.27
- Subdivision 1. **Prohibitions on youthful operators.** (a) Except for operation on public 97.28 road rights-of-way that is permitted under section 84.928 and as provided under paragraph 97.29 97.30 (j), a driver's license issued by the state or another state is required to operate an all-terrain 97.31 vehicle along or on a public road right-of-way.
 - (b) A person under 12 years of age shall not:
- (1) make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way; 97.33
 - (2) operate an all-terrain vehicle on a public road right-of-way in the state; or

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(3) operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands or waters, except as provided in paragraph (f).

- (c) Except for public road rights-of-way of interstate highways, a person 12 years of age but less than 16 years may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway or operate on public lands and waters or state or grant-in-aid trails, only if that person possesses a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate issued by the commissioner and is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older who holds a valid driver's license.
- (d) To be issued an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate, a person at least 12 years old, but less than 16 years old, must:
- 98.11 (1) successfully complete the safety education and training program under section 84.925, 98.12 subdivision 1, including a riding component; and
 - (2) be able to properly reach and control the handle bars and reach the foot pegs while sitting upright on the seat of the all-terrain vehicle.
 - (e) A person at least <u>six ten</u> years of age may take the safety education and training program and may receive an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate under paragraph (d), but the certificate is not valid until the person reaches age 12.
 - (f) A person at least ten years of age but under 12 years of age may operate an all-terrain vehicle with an engine capacity up to 110cc if the vehicle is a class 1 all-terrain vehicle with straddle-style seating or up to 170cc if the vehicle is a class 1 all-terrain vehicle with side-by-side-style seating on public lands or waters if accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.
 - (g) A person under 15 years of age shall not operate a class 2 all-terrain vehicle.
- 98.24 (h) A person under the age of 16 may not operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands 98.25 or waters or on state or grant-in-aid trails if the person cannot properly reach and control:
 - (1) the handle bars and reach the foot pegs while sitting upright on the seat of the all-terrain vehicle with straddle-style seating; or
 - (2) the steering wheel and foot controls of a class 1 all-terrain vehicle with side-by-side-style seating while sitting upright in the seat with the seat belt fully engaged.
- 98.30 (i) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a nonresident at least 12 years old, but less than 16 98.31 years old, may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county

99.1	state-aid, or county highway or operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands and waters or
99.2	state or grant-in-aid trails if:
99.3	(1) the nonresident youth has in possession evidence of completing an all-terrain safety
99.4	course offered by the ATV Safety Institute or another state as provided in section 84.925,
99.5	subdivision 3; and
99.6	(2) the nonresident youth is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older who holds
99.7	a valid driver's license.
99.8	(j) A person 12 years of age but less than 16 years of age may operate an all-terrain
99.9	vehicle on the roadway, bank, slope, or ditch of a public road right-of-way as permitted
99.10	under section 84.928 if the person:
99.11	(1) possesses a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate issued by the commissioner;
99.12	and
99.13	(2) is accompanied by a parent or legal guardian on a separate all-terrain vehicle.
99.14	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.928, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
99.15	Subd. 2. Operation generally. A person may not drive or operate an all-terrain vehicle:
99.16	(1) at a rate of speed greater than reasonable or proper under the surrounding
99.17	circumstances;
99.18	(2) in a careless, reckless, or negligent manner so as to endanger or to cause injury or
99.19	damage to the person or property of another;
99.20	(3) without headlight and taillight lighted at all times if the vehicle is equipped with
99.21	headlight and taillight;
99.22	(4) without a functioning stoplight if so equipped;
99.23	(5) in a tree nursery or planting in a manner that damages or destroys growing stock;
99.24	(6) without a brake operational by either hand or foot;
99.25	(7) with more than one person on the vehicle, except as allowed under section 84.9257;
99.26	(8) at a speed exceeding ten miles per hour on the frozen surface of public waters within
99.27	100 feet of a person not on an all-terrain vehicle or within 100 feet of a fishing shelter; or
99.28	(9) with a snorkel device that has a raised air intake six inches or more above the vehicle
99.29	manufacturer's original air intake, except within the Iron Range Off-Highway Vehicle

100.1	Recreation Area as described in section 85.013, subdivision 12a, or other public off-highway
100.2	vehicle recreation areas; or
100.3	(10) (9) in a manner that violates operation rules adopted by the commissioner.
100.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
100.5	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84D.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
100.6	Subd. 3. Bait harvest from infested waters. (a) Taking wild animals from infested
100.7	waters for bait or aquatic farm purposes is prohibited except as provided in paragraph (b)
100.8	or (c) and section 97C.341.
100.9	(b) In waters that are listed as infested waters, except those listed as infested with
100.10	prohibited invasive species of fish or certifiable diseases of fish, as defined under section
100.11	17.4982, subdivision 6, taking wild animals may be permitted for:
100.12	(1) commercial taking of wild animals for bait and aquatic farm purposes as provided
100.13	in a permit issued under section 84D.11, subject to rules adopted by the commissioner; and
100.14	(2) bait purposes for noncommercial personal use in waters that contain Eurasian
100.15	watermilfoil, when the infested waters are listed solely because they contain Eurasian
100.16	watermilfoil and if the equipment for taking is limited to cylindrical minnow traps not
100.17	exceeding 16 inches in diameter and 32 inches in length.
100.18	(c) In streams or rivers that are listed as infested waters, except those listed as infested
100.19	with certifiable diseases of fish, as defined under section 17.4982, subdivision 6, the harvest
100.20	of bullheads, goldeyes, mooneyes, sheepshead (freshwater drum), and suckers for bait by
100.21	hook and line for noncommercial personal use is allowed as follows:
100.22	(1) fish taken under this paragraph must be used on the same body of water where caught
100.23	and while still on that water body. Where the river or stream is divided by barriers such as
100.24	dams, the fish must be caught and used on the same section of the river or stream;
100.25	(2) fish taken under this paragraph may not be transported live from or off the water
100.26	body;
100.27	(3) fish harvested under this paragraph may only be used in accordance with this section;
100.28	(4) any other use of wild animals used for bait from infested waters is prohibited;
100.29	(5) fish taken under this paragraph must meet all other size restrictions and requirements
100.30	as established in rules; and

- 101.1 (6) all species listed under this paragraph shall be included in the person's daily limit as established in rules, if applicable.
- 101.3 (d) Equipment authorized for minnow harvest in a listed infested water by permit issued 101.4 under paragraph (b) may not be transported to, or used in, any waters other than waters 101.5 specified in the permit.
- 101.6 (e) Bait intended for sale may not be held in infested water after taking and before sale unless authorized under a license or permit according to Minnesota Rules, part 6216.0500.
- (f) In the Minnesota River downstream of Granite Falls, the Mississippi River downstream
 of St. Anthony Falls, and the St. Croix River downstream of the dam at Taylors Falls,
 including portions described as Minnesota-Wisconsin boundary waters in Minnesota Rules,
 part 6266.0500, subpart 1, items A and B, harvesting gizzard shad by cast net for
 noncommercial personal use as bait for angling, as provided in a permit issued under section
 84D.11, is allowed as follows:
- (1) nontarget species must immediately be returned to the water;
- (2) gizzard shad taken under this paragraph must be used on the same body of water
 where caught and while still on that water body. Where the river is divided by barriers such
 as dams, the gizzard shad must be caught and used on the same section of the river;
- 101.18 (3) gizzard shad taken under this paragraph may not be transported off the water body;
 101.19 and
- 101.20 (4) gizzard shad harvested under this paragraph may only be used in accordance with

 101.21 this section.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84D.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Restrictions in infested and noninfested waters; commercial fishing and 101.23 101.24 turtle, frog, and crayfish harvesting. (a) All nets, traps, buoys, anchors, stakes, and lines used for commercial fishing or turtle, frog, or crayfish harvesting in an infested water that 101.25 is listed because it contains invasive fish, invertebrates, aquatic plants or aquatic macrophytes 101.26 other than Eurasian watermilfoil, or certifiable diseases, as defined in section 17.4982, must 101.27 be tagged with tags provided by the commissioner, as specified in the commercial licensee's license or permit. Tagged gear must not be used in water bodies other than those specified in the license or permit. The license or permit may authorize department staff to remove 101.30 tags after the from gear is that has been decontaminated according to a protocol specified by the commissioner if use of the decontaminated gear in other water bodies does not pose 101.32 an unreasonable risk of harm to natural resources or the use of natural resources in the state. 101.33

This tagging requirement does not apply to commercial fishing equipment used in Lake

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- 102.3 (b) All nets, traps, buoys, anchors, stakes, and lines used for commercial fishing or turtle, frog, or crayfish harvesting in an infested water that is listed solely because it contains 102.4 Eurasian watermilfoil must be dried for a minimum of ten days or frozen for a minimum 102.5 of two days before they are used in any other waters, except as provided in this paragraph. 102.6 Commercial licensees must notify the department's regional or area fisheries office or a 102.7 102.8 conservation officer before removing nets or equipment from an infested water listed solely because it contains Eurasian watermilfoil and before resetting those nets or equipment in 102.9 any other waters. Upon notification, the commissioner may authorize a commercial licensee 102.10 to move nets or equipment to another water without freezing or drying, if that water is listed 102.11 as infested solely because it contains Eurasian watermilfoil.
- 102.13 (c) A commercial licensee must remove all aquatic macrophytes from nets and other equipment before placing the equipment into waters of the state.
- 102.15 (d) The commissioner shall provide a commercial licensee with a current listing of listed 102.16 infested waters at the time that a license or permit is issued.
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84D.108, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:
- 102.18 Subd. 2b. Gull Lake pilot study. (a) The commissioner may include an additional targeted pilot study to include water-related equipment with zebra mussels attached for the 102.19 Gull Narrows State Water Access Site, Government Point State Water Access Site, and 102.20 Gull East State Water Access Site water access sites on Gull Lake (DNR Division of Waters 102.21 number 11-0305) in Cass and Crow Wing Counties using the same authorities, general 102.22 procedures, and requirements provided for the Lake Minnetonka pilot project in subdivision 102.23 2a. Lake service providers participating in the Gull Lake targeted pilot study place of business 102.24 102.25 must be located in Cass or Crow Wing County.
- (b) If an additional targeted pilot project for Gull Lake is implemented under this section, the report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees having jurisdiction over natural resources required under Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 3, section 48, must also include the Gull Lake targeted pilot study recommendations and assessments.
- (c) This subdivision expires December 1, 2019.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84D.108, subdivision 2c, is amended to read: 103.1

- Subd. 2c. Cross Lake pilot study. (a) The commissioner may include an additional 103.2
- targeted pilot study to include water-related equipment with zebra mussels attached for the 103.3
- Cross Lake #1 State Water Access Site water access sites on Cross Lake (DNR Division of 103.4
- Waters number 18-0312) in Crow Wing County using the same authorities, general 103.5
- procedures, and requirements provided for the Lake Minnetonka pilot project in subdivision 103.6
- 2a. The place of business of lake service providers participating in the Cross Lake targeted 103.7
- pilot study must be located in Cass or Crow Wing County. 103.8
- (b) If an additional targeted pilot project for Cross Lake is implemented under this 103.9
- section, the report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of
- representatives committees having jurisdiction over natural resources required under Laws 103.11
- 2016, chapter 189, article 3, section 48, must also include the Cross Lake targeted pilot 103.12
- study recommendations and assessments. 103.13
- (c) This subdivision expires December 1, 2019. 103.14
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.054, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 103.15
- Subdivision 1. State Park Open House Day Days. (a) A state park permit is not required 103.16
- for a motor vehicle to enter a state park, state monument, state recreation area, or state
- wayside, on one day each calendar year at each park, which the commissioner may designate
- as Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans 103.19
- Day, Christmas Eve, or New Year's Eve. These days are State Park Open House Days. The 103.20
- commissioner may designate one additional day each calendar year at each park as a State 103.21
- Park Open House Day. The commissioner and may designate two consecutive days as State 103.22
- Park Open House Day, if the open house is held in conjunction with a special pageant 103.23
- described in section 85.052, subdivision 2. 103.24
- 103.25 (b) The commissioner shall announce the date of each State Park Open House Day at
- least 30 days in advance of the date it occurs. 103.26
- 103.27 (c) The purpose of State Park Open House Day Days is to acquaint the public with state
- parks, recreation areas, and waysides. 103.28
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.44, is amended to read: 103.29
- 103.30 85.44 CROSS-COUNTRY-SKI TRAIL GRANT-IN-AID PROGRAM.
- The commissioner shall establish a grant-in-aid program for local units of government 103.31
- and special park districts for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of to acquire, 103.32

104.1	develop, and maintain cross-country-ski trails that are determined by the commissioner to
104.2	be part of the state's grant-in-aid system. Grants shall be are available for acquisition of to
104.3	acquire trail easements but may not be used to acquire any lands in fee title. Local units of
104.4	government and special park districts applying for and receiving grants under this section
104.5	shall be are considered to have cross-country-ski trails for one year following the expiration
104.6	of their last grant. The department shall reimburse all public sponsors of grants-in-aid
104.7	cross-country-ski trails based upon criteria established by the department. Prior to the use
104.8	of Before using any reimbursement criteria, a certain proportion of the revenues shall must
104.9	be allocated on the basis of user fee sales location. The commissioner may establish a
104.10	performance-based funding formula for annual grants-in-aid. The procedures and criteria
104.11	for grants-in-aid are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and section
104.12	14.386 does not apply. In administering the performance-based grants-in-aid, the
104.13	commissioner must:
104.14	(1) determine annual grant amounts based on a funding formula that includes
104.15	consideration of historical costs, snowfall, use, and tourism;
104.16	(2) make grant payments based on:
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104.17	(i) successful completion of performance benchmarks;
104.18	(ii) reimbursement of eligible expenditures; or
104.19	(iii) a combination of items (i) and (ii); and
104.20	(3) assess penalties to nonperforming grant-in-aid recipients, which may include
104.21	withholding grant payments or making the grantee or trail system ineligible for future
104.22	grant-in-aid funding.
104.23	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.47, is amended to read:
104.24	85.47 SPECIAL USE PERMITS; FEES.
104.25	Fees collected for special use permits to use state trails not on state forest, state park, or
104.26	state recreation area lands and for use of state water access sites must be deposited in the
104.27	natural resources fund and are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for
104.28	operating and maintaining state trails and water access sites.

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Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85A.02, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 17. Additional powers. (a) The board may establish a schedule of charges for

admission to or <u>for</u> the use of the Minnesota Zoological Garden or any related facility.

105.1	Notwithstanding section 16A.1283, legislative approval is not required for the board to
105.2	establish a schedule of charges for admission or use of the Minnesota Zoological Garden
105.3	or related facilities. The board shall have a policy admitting elementary school children at
105.4	a reduced charge when they are part of an organized school activity.
105.5	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the Minnesota Zoological Garden will must offer
105.6	free admission:
105.7	(1) throughout the year to economically disadvantaged Minnesota citizens equal to ten
105.8	percent of the average annual attendance;
105.9	(2) to all visitors on Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day,
105.10	Labor Day, or Veterans Day; and
105.11	(3) to elementary school children when they are part of an organized school activity.
105.12	However, (c) Except on the days specified in paragraph (b), clause (2), the zoo may
105.13	charge at any time for parking, special services, and for or admission to special facilities
105.14	for the education, entertainment, or convenience of visitors.
105.15	(b) (d) The board may provide for the purchase, reproduction, and sale of gifts, souvenirs
105.16	publications, informational materials, food and beverages, and grant concessions for the
105.17	sale of these items. Notwithstanding subdivision 5b, section 16C.09 does not apply to
105.18	activities authorized under this paragraph.
105.19	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 86B.005, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
105.20	Subd. 18. Watercraft. "Watercraft" means any contrivance used or designed for
105.21	navigation on water, except:
105.22	(1) a waterfowl boat during the waterfowl-hunting seasons;
105.23	(2) a rice boat during the harvest season; or
105.24	(3) a seaplane; or
105.25	(4) a paddleboard.
105.26	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 86B.415, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
105.27	Subd. 1a. Canoes, kayaks, sailboards, paddleboards, paddleboats, or rowing
105.28	shells. The fee for a watercraft license for a canoe, kayak, sailboard, paddleboard, paddleboard
105.29	or rowing shell over ten feet in length is \$10.50.

106.1	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 89.71, is amended by adding a subdivision to
106.2	read:
106.3	Subd. 3a. Snow removal. The commissioner must remove snow from a state forest road,
106.4	including a minimum maintenance forest road, at the request of one or more residents who
106.5	use the road during winter. Nothing in this section is to be construed to amend or abrogate
106.6	section 160.095, subdivision 4.
106.7	Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 92.115, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
106.8	Subdivision 1. Land valuation required. Before offering any state land for sale under
106.9	this chapter, the commissioner must establish the value of the land. The commissioner shall
106.10	have the land appraised if the estimated market value is in excess of \$50,000 \$100,000.
106.11	Sec. 36. [92.122] COMPENSATING PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND.
106.12	Subdivision 1. Compensation requirements. (a) When the revenue generated from
106.13	school trust land and associated resources is diminished by management practices applied
106.14	to the land and resources as determined by the commissioner of natural resources, the
106.15	commissioner must compensate the permanent school fund.
106.16	(b) When generating revenue from school trust land and associated resources will be
106.17	prohibited by a policy or designation applied to the land and resources as determined by
106.18	the commissioner, the commissioner must compensate the permanent school fund before
106.19	the policy or designation is applied.
106.20	Subd. 2. Compensation methods. To compensate the permanent school fund under
106.21	subdivision 1, the commissioner may use compensation methods that include:
106.22	(1) exchanging other land that is compatible with the goal of the permanent school fund
106.23	under section 127A.31, as allowed under sections 94.343, subdivision 1, and 94.3495; and
106.24	the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 10;
106.25	(2) leasing under section 92.50 and according to subdivision 3, with rental payments as
106.26	compensation; and
106.27	(3) condemning the land under section 92.83, with payment of the amount of the award
106.28	and judgment as compensation.
106.29	Subd. 3. Lease terms for compensating fund. With advice from the school trust lands
106.30	director according to section 127A.353, subdivision 4, the commissioner may lease school

trust land to compensate the permanent school fund. Rental payments received under this 107.1 107.2 subdivision: 107.3 (1) must be credited to the forest suspense account as nonqualifying revenue and not subject to cost certification under section 16A.125; 107.4 107.5 (2) must be paid in full upon executing the lease; and (3) are determined by the commissioner and subject to review by a licensed appraiser. 107.6 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 92.50, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 107.7 Subdivision 1. Lease terms. (a) The commissioner of natural resources may lease land 107.8 under the commissioner's jurisdiction and control: 107.9 107.10 (1) to remove sand, gravel, clay, rock, marl, peat, and black dirt; (2) to store ore, waste materials from mines, or rock and tailings from ore milling plants; 107.11 107.12 (3) for roads or railroads; (4) to compensate the permanent school fund according to section 92.122; or 107.13 107.14 (4) (5) for other uses consistent with the interests of the state. (b) The commissioner shall offer the lease at public or private sale for an amount and 107.15 under terms and conditions prescribed by the commissioner. Commercial leases for more than ten years and leases for removal of peat that cover 320 or more acres must be approved 107.17 by the Executive Council. 107.18 (c) The lease term may not exceed 21 years except: 107.19 (1) leases of lands for storage sites for ore, waste materials from mines, or rock and 107.20 tailings from ore milling plants, or for the removal of peat for nonagricultural purposes may 107.21 not exceed a term of 25 years; and 107.22 107.23 (2) leases for commercial purposes, including major resort, convention center, or recreational area purposes, may not exceed a term of 40 years. 107.24 (d) Leases must be subject to sale and leasing of the land for mineral purposes and 107.25 contain a provision for cancellation for just cause at any time by the commissioner upon 107.27 six months' written notice. A longer notice period, not exceeding three years, may be provided

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in leases for storing ore, waste materials from mines, or rock or tailings from ore milling

plants. The commissioner may determine the terms and conditions, including the notice

period, for cancellation of a lease for the removal of peat and commercial leases.

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(e) Money received from leases under this section must be credited to the fund to which 108.1 the land belongs. 108.2

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 93.25, is amended to read:

93.25 ORES OTHER THAN IRON; LEASES.

- Subdivision 1. Leases. The commissioner may issue leases to prospect for, mine, and remove minerals and mineral commodities other than iron ore, including brines and nonfuel gases, upon any lands owned by the state, including trust fund lands, lands forfeited for nonpayment of taxes whether held in trust or otherwise, and lands otherwise acquired, and the beds of any waters belonging to the state. For purposes of this section, iron ore means iron-bearing material where the primary product is iron metal.
- Subd. 2. Lease requirements. All leases for nonferrous metallic minerals or petroleum 108.11 must be approved by the Executive Council, and any other mineral, mineral commodity, 108.12 brine, or nonfuel gas lease issued pursuant to this section that covers 160 or more acres 108.13 must be approved by the Executive Council. The rents, royalties, terms, conditions, and 108.14 covenants of all such leases shall be fixed by the commissioner according to rules adopted 108.15 by the commissioner, but no lease shall be for a longer term than 50 years, and all rents, 108.16 royalties, terms, conditions, and covenants shall be fully set forth in each lease issued. No lease shall be canceled by the state for failure to meet production requirements prior to the 36th year of the lease. The rents and royalties shall be credited to the funds as provided in 108.19 108.20 section 93.22.
- Subd. 3. **Effect.** The provisions of this section shall not be deemed to repeal or supersede 108.21 any other applicable provision of law, but shall be supplementary thereto. 108.22
- 108.23 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 94.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Notice to agencies; determination of surplus. The commissioner of natural 108.24 resources shall send written notice to all state departments, agencies and the University of 108.25 Minnesota the Departments of Administration and Transportation, the Board of Water and Soil Resources, the Office of School Trust Lands, the legal or land departments of the 108.27 108.28 University of Minnesota and Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, the Minnesota Indian Affairs Council, and any other state department or agency that requests to receive 108.29 notices describing any lands or tracts which that may be declared surplus. If a department 108.30 or agency or the University of Minnesota recipient of the notice desires custody of the lands 108.31 or tracts, it shall the recipient must submit a written request to the commissioner, no later 108.32 than four calendar weeks after mailing of the notice, setting forth in detail its the reasons 108.33

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for desiring to acquire, and its the intended use of, the land or tract. The commissioner shall then determine whether any of the lands described in the certifications of the heads of the departments or agencies so requested should be declared surplus and offered for sale or otherwise disposed of by transferring custodial control to other requesting state departments or agencies or to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for educational purposes, provided however that transfer to the Board of Regents shall is not be determinative of tax exemption or immunity. If the commissioner determines that any of the lands are no longer needed for state purposes, the commissioner shall make findings of fact, describe the lands, declare the lands to be surplus state land, and state the reasons for the sale or disposition of the lands.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 94.10, is amended to read: 109.11

94.10 SURVEYS, APPRAISALS, AND SALE.

- Subdivision 1. Appraisal; notice and offer to public bodies. (a) Before offering any surplus state-owned lands for sale, the commissioner of natural resources must establish 109.15 the value of the lands. The commissioner shall have the lands appraised if the estimated value is in excess of \$50,000 \$100,000. No parcel of state-owned land shall be sold for less than \$1,000.
- (b) The appraisals must be made by regularly appointed and qualified state appraisers. 109.18 To be qualified, an appraiser must hold a state appraiser license issued by the Department 109.19 of Commerce. The appraisal must be in conformity with the Uniform Standards of 109.20 Professional Appraisal Practice of the Appraisal Foundation. 109.21
- (c) Before offering surplus state-owned lands for public sale, the lands shall must first 109.22 be offered to the city, county, town, school district, or other public body corporate or politic 109.23 in which the lands are situated for public purposes and the lands may be sold for public 109.24 purposes for not less than the appraised value of the lands. To determine whether a public 109.25 body desires to purchase the surplus land, the commissioner of natural resources shall give 109.26 a written notice to the governing body of each political subdivision whose jurisdictional 109.27 boundaries include or are adjacent to the surplus land. If a public body desires to purchase 109.28 the surplus land, it shall the public body must submit a written offer to the commissioner 109.29 no later than two weeks after receipt of notice setting forth in detail its the reasons for 109.30 desiring to acquire and its the intended use of the land. In the event that If more than one 109.31 public body tenders an offer, the commissioner shall determine which party shall receive 109.32 the property and shall submit written findings regarding the decision. If lands are offered 109.33 for sale for public purposes and if a public body notifies the commissioner of its desire to 109.34

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acquire the lands, the public body may have up to two years from the date of the accepted offer to commence payment begin paying for the lands in the manner provided by law.

- (d) Before offering surplus state-owned lands that are located within the reservation boundary of a federally recognized Indian tribe for public sale or before offering the lands to an entity specified in paragraph (c), the lands must first be offered to the federally recognized Indian tribe with governing authority over the reservation where the lands are located. If the lands are located within the reservation boundary of a federally recognized tribe that is one of the six constituent tribes of the Minnesota Chippewa tribe, then the lands must be offered to both the Minnesota Chippewa tribe and the constituent tribe where the lands are located. The lands may be sold for not less than the appraised value of the lands. To determine whether an Indian tribe desires to purchase the lands, the commissioner of natural resources must give a written notice to the governing body of the Indian tribe, and, when applicable, if the tribe is a member of the Minnesota Chippewa tribe, the Minnesota Chippewa tribe. If the Indian tribe desires to purchase the lands, the Indian tribe must notify the commissioner, in writing, of the intent to purchase the lands no later than two weeks after receiving the notice. If the Indian tribe notifies the commissioner of its intent to acquire the lands, the Indian tribe has up to two years from the date that the notice of intent to purchase the lands was submitted to begin paying for the lands in the manner provided by law.
- Subd. 2. Public sale requirements. (a) After complying with subdivision 1 and before any public sale of surplus state-owned land is made and at least 30 days before the sale, the commissioner of natural resources shall publish a notice of the sale in a newspaper of general distribution in the county in which the real property to be sold is situated. The notice shall specify the time and place at which the sale will commence, a general description of the lots or tracts to be offered, and a general statement of the terms of sale. The commissioner shall also provide electronic notice of the sale.
- (b) The minimum bid for a parcel of land must include the estimated value or appraised value of the land and any improvements and, if any of the land is valuable for merchantable timber, the value of the merchantable timber. The minimum bid may include expenses incurred by the commissioner in rendering the property salable, including survey, appraisal, legal, advertising, and other expenses.
 - (c) The purchaser of state land must pay recording fees and the state deed tax.
- (d) Except as provided under paragraph (e), parcels remaining unsold after the offering 110.33 may be sold to anyone agreeing to pay at least 75 percent of the appraised value. The sale

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shall must continue until all parcels are sold or until the commissioner orders a reappraisal or withdraws the remaining parcels from sale.

- (e) The commissioner may retain the services of a licensed real estate broker to find a buyer for parcels remaining unsold after the offering. The sale price may be negotiated by the broker, but must not be less than 90 percent of the appraised value as determined by the commissioner. The broker's fee must be established by prior agreement between the commissioner and the broker and must not exceed ten percent of the sale price for sales of \$10,000 or more. The broker's fee must be paid to the broker from the proceeds of the sale.
 - (f) Public sales of surplus state-owned land may be conducted through online auctions.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.015, subdivision 25, is amended to read:

Subd. 25. Game fish. "Game fish" means walleye, sauger, yellow perch, channel catfish, flathead eatfish; members of the pike family, Esocidae, including muskellunge and northern 111.12 pike; members of the sunfish family, Centrarchidae, including largemouth bass, smallmouth bass, sunfish, rock bass, white crappie, black crappie, members of the temperate bass family, Percichthyidae, including white bass and yellow bass; members of the salmon and trout 111.16 subfamily, Salmoninae, including Atlantic salmon, chinook salmon, coho salmon, pink salmon, kokanee salmon, lake trout, brook trout, brown trout, rainbow (steelhead) trout, 111.17 and splake; members of the paddlefish family, Polyodontidae; members of the sturgeon 111.18 family, Acipenseridae, including lake sturgeon, and shovelnose sturgeon. fish from the 111.19 following families and species: Acipenseridae (lake sturgeon and shovelnose sturgeon), 111.20 Anguillidae (American eel), Centrarchidae (black crappie; largemouth bass; rock bass; 111.21 smallmouth bass; white crappie; and sunfishes, including bluegill, green sunfish, longear 111.22 sunfish, orangespotted sunfish, pumpkinseed, and warmouth), Esocidae (muskellunge and 111.23 northern pike), Gadidae (burbot), Ictaluridae (blue catfish, channel catfish, and flathead 111.24 catfish), Moronidae (white bass and yellow bass), Percidae (sauger, walleye, and yellow 111.25 perch), Polyodontidae (paddlefish), and Salmonidae (Atlantic salmon, brook trout, brown 111.26 trout, chinook salmon, cisco (tullibee), coho salmon, kokanee salmon, lake trout, lake 111.27 111.28 whitefish, pink salmon, and rainbow trout). "Game fish" includes hybrids of game fish.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.015, subdivision 43, is amended to read:

Subd. 43. Rough fish. "Rough fish" means carp, buffalo, sucker, sheepshead, bowfin, 111.30 burbot, cisco, gar, goldeye, and bullhead, except for any fish species listed as endangered, 111.31 threatened, or of special concern in Minnesota Rules, chapter 6134. 111.32

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- Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.051, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Summary of fish and game laws.** (a) The commissioner shall prepare a summary of the hunting and fishing laws and rules and deliver a sufficient supply to license vendors to furnish one copy to each person obtaining a hunting, fishing, or trapping license.
 - (b) At the beginning of the summary, under the heading "Trespass," the commissioner shall summarize the trespass provisions under sections 97B.001 to 97B.945, state that conservation officers and peace officers must enforce the trespass laws, and state the penalties for trespassing.
- (c) In the summary, the commissioner shall, under the heading "Duty to Render Aid," summarize the requirements under section 609.662 and state the penalties for failure to render aid to a person injured by gunshot.
- Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.055, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4b. **Citizen oversight committees.** (a) The commissioner shall appoint committees of affected persons to review the reports prepared under subdivision 4; review the proposed work plans and budgets for the coming year; propose changes in policies, activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; review other relevant information; and make recommendations to the legislature and the commissioner for improvements in the management and use of money in the game and fish fund.
- (b) The commissioner shall appoint the following committees, each comprised of at least ten affected persons:
- 112.21 (1) a Fisheries Oversight Committee to review fisheries funding and expenditures, 112.22 including activities related to trout-and-salmon stamps and walleye stamps; and
- 112.23 (2) a Wildlife Oversight Committee to review wildlife funding and expenditures, 112.24 including activities related to migratory waterfowl, pheasant, and wild turkey management 112.25 and deer and big game management.
- (c) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight
 Committee, and four additional members from each committee, shall form a Budgetary
 Oversight Committee to coordinate the integration of the fisheries and wildlife oversight
 committee reports into an annual report to the legislature; recommend changes on a broad
 level in policies, activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; and provide a forum
 to address issues that transcend the fisheries and wildlife oversight committees.

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(d) The Budgetary Oversight Committee shall develop recommendations for a biennial budget plan and report for expenditures on game and fish activities. By August 15 of each even-numbered year, the committee shall submit the budget plan recommendations to the commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over natural resources finance.

- (e) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight Committee shall be chosen by their respective committees. The chair of the Budgetary Oversight Committee shall be appointed by the commissioner and may not be the chair of either of the other oversight committees.
- 113.10 (f) The Budgetary Oversight Committee may make recommendations to the commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over natural 113.11 resources finance for outcome goals from expenditures. 113.12
- (g) The committees authorized under this subdivision are not advisory councils or 113.13 committees governed by section 15.059 and are not subject to section 15.059. Committee members appointed by the commissioner may request reimbursement for mileage expenses 113.15 in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan adopted under 113.16 section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Committee members must not receive daily compensation 113.17 for oversight activities. The Fisheries Oversight Committee, the Wildlife Oversight 113.18 Committee, and the Budgetary Oversight Committee expire June 30, 2020 2025. 113.19
- Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.075, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 113.20
- Subdivision 1. Deer, bear, and lifetime licenses. (a) For purposes of this subdivision, 113.21
- "deer license" means a license issued under section 97A.475, subdivisions 2, clauses (5), 113.22
- (6), (7), (13), (14), and (15); 3, paragraph (a), clauses (2), (3), (4), (10), (11), and (12); and 113.23
- 8, paragraph (b), and licenses issued under section 97B.301, subdivision 4. 113.24
- 113.25 (b) \$16 from each annual deer license issued under section 97A.475, subdivisions 2,
- clauses (5), (6), and (7); 3, paragraph (a), clauses (2), (3), and (4); and 8, paragraph (b); \$2 113.26
- from each annual deer license and \$2 issued under sections 97A.475, subdivisions 2, clauses 113.27
- (13), (14), and (15); and 3, paragraph (a), clauses (10), (11), and (12); and 97B.301,
- subdivision 4; \$16 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established in 113.29
- section 97A.4742, for each license issued to a person 18 years of age or older under section 113.30
- 97A.473, subdivision 4; and \$2 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund for 113.31
- each license issued to a person under 18 years of age shall be credited to the deer management 113.32
- account and is appropriated to the commissioner for deer habitat improvement or deer 113.33
- management programs.

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- (c) \$1 from each annual deer license and each bear license and \$1 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established in section 97A.4742, for each license issued under section 97A.473, subdivision 4, shall be credited to the deer and bear management account and is appropriated to the commissioner for deer- and bear-management programs, including a computerized licensing system.
- (d) Fifty cents from each deer license is credited to the emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health-management account and is appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health management. Money appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health management is available until expended.
- When the unencumbered balance in the appropriation for emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health management exceeds \$2,500,000 at the end of a fiscal year, the unencumbered balance in excess of \$2,500,000 is canceled and available for deer- and bear-management programs and computerized licensing.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2019.
- Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.126, is amended to read:
- 114.16 **97A.126 WALK-IN ACCESS PROGRAM.**
- Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** A walk-in access program is established to provide public access to wildlife habitat on private land not otherwise open to the public for hunting, excluding trapping, as provided under this section. The commissioner may enter into agreements with other units of government and landowners to provide private land hunting access.
- Subd. 2. **Use of enrolled lands.** (a) From September 1 to May 31, a person must have a walk-in access hunter validation in possession to hunt on private lands, including agricultural lands, that are posted as being enrolled in the walk-in access program.
- (b) Hunting on private lands that are posted as enrolled in the walk-in access program is allowed from one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset.
- 114.27 (c) Hunter access on private lands that are posted as enrolled in the walk-in access
 114.28 program is restricted to nonmotorized use, except by hunters with disabilities operating
 114.29 motor vehicles on established trails or field roads who possess a valid permit to shoot from
 114.30 a stationary vehicle under section 97B.055, subdivision 3.
- 114.31 (d) The general provisions for use of wildlife management areas adopted under sections 86A.06 and 97A.137, relating to overnight use, alcoholic beverages, use of motorboats,

- firearms and target shooting, hunting stands, abandonment of trash and property, destruction or removal of property, introduction of plants or animals, and animal trespass, apply to hunters on lands enrolled in the walk-in access program.
- (e) Any use of enrolled lands other than hunting according to this section is prohibited, including:
- (1) harvesting bait, including minnows, leeches, and other live bait;
- (2) training dogs or using dogs for activities other than hunting; and
- 115.8 (3) constructing or maintaining any building, dock, fence, billboard, sign, hunting blind, 115.9 or other structure, unless constructed or maintained by the landowner.
- Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.433, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Discretionary separate selection; eligibility. (a) The commissioner may 115.11 conduct a separate selection for up to 20 percent of the elk licenses to be issued for an area. 115.12 Only owners of, and tenants living on, at least 160 acres of agricultural or grazing land in 115.13 the area, and their family members, are eligible for the separate selection. Persons that are 115.14 unsuccessful in a separate selection must be included in the selection for the remaining licenses. Persons who obtain an elk license in a separate selection must allow public elk hunting on their land during the elk season for which the license is valid. may sell their 115.17 license to any Minnesota resident eligible to hunt big game for no more than the original 115.18 cost of the license. 115.19
- (b) The commissioner may by rule establish criteria for determining eligible family members under this subdivision.
- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.433, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Mandatory separate selection.** The commissioner must conduct a separate selection for 20 percent of the elk licenses to be issued each year. Only individuals who have applied at least ten times for an elk license and who have never received a license are eligible for this separate selection. A person who is unsuccessful in a separate selection under this subdivision must be included in the selection for the remaining licenses.
- Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.475, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Small-game surcharge and donation.** (a) Fees for annual licenses to take small game must be increased by a surcharge of \$6.50, except licenses under subdivisions 2, clauses (18) and (19); and 3, paragraph (a), clause clauses (14) and (15). An additional

commission may not be assessed on the surcharge and the following statement must be included in the annual small-game-hunting regulations: "This \$6.50 surcharge is being paid by hunters for the acquisition and development of wildlife lands."

- (b) A person may agree to add a donation of \$1, \$3, or \$5 to the fees for annual resident and nonresident licenses to take small game. An additional commission may not be assessed on the donation. The following statement must be included in the annual small-game-hunting regulations: "The small-game license donations are being paid by hunters for administration of the walk-in access program."
- Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.505, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. Importing hunter-harvested Cervidae. Importation into Minnesota of
 Importing hunter-harvested Cervidae carcasses from known chronic wasting disease endemic
 areas, as determined by the Board of Animal Health, into Minnesota is prohibited except
 for cut and wrapped meat, quarters or other portions of meat with no part of the spinal
 column or head attached, antlers, hides, teeth, finished taxidermy mounts, and antlers attached
 to skull caps that are cleaned of all brain tissue. Hunter-harvested Cervidae carcasses taken
 from chronic wasting disease endemic areas outside of Minnesota may be transported on a
 direct route through the state by nonresidents.
- Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.086, is amended to read:

97B.086 POSSESSING NIGHT VISION OR THERMAL IMAGING EQUIPMENT.

- (a) A person may not possess night vision or thermal imaging equipment while taking wild animals or while having in possession, either individually or as one of a group of persons, a firearm, bow, or other implement that could be used to take wild animals.
- (b) This section does not apply to a firearm that is:
- 116.24 (1) unloaded;

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- 116.25 (2) in a gun case expressly made to contain a firearm that fully encloses the firearm by 116.26 being zipped, snapped, buckled, tied, or otherwise fastened without any portion of the 116.27 firearm exposed; and
- 116.28 (3) in the closed trunk of a motor vehicle.
- (c) This section does not apply to a bow that is:
- (1) completely encased or unstrung; and
- (2) in the closed trunk of a motor vehicle.

- 117.1 (d) If the motor vehicle under paragraph (b) or (c) does not have a trunk, the firearm or bow must be placed in the rearmost location of the vehicle.
- (e) This section does not apply to night vision or thermal imaging equipment possessed by:
- 117.5 (1) peace officers or military personnel while exercising their duties; or
- 117.6 (2) a person taking coyote or fox as provided under section 97B.075 and rules adopted under section 97B.605.
- Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.106, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Equipment requirements.** (a) A crossbow used for hunting under the provisions of this section must:
- (1) be fired from the shoulder;
- (2) deliver at least 42 foot-pounds of energy at a distance of ten feet;
- 117.13 (3) have a stock at least 30 inches long;
- 117.14 (4) have a working safety; and
- 117.15 (5) (4) be used with arrows or bolts at least ten inches long.
- 117.16 (b) An arrow or bolt used to take big game or turkey under the provisions of this section must meet the legal arrowhead requirements in section 97B.211, subdivision 2.
- (c) An arrow or bolt used to take rough fish with a crossbow under the provisions of this section must be tethered or controlled by an attached line.
- Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.426, is amended to read:
- **97B.426 BAITING BEAR; USE OF DRUM.**
- 117.22 (a) Notwithstanding section 97B.425;
- 117.23 (1) a private landowner or person authorized by the private landowner may use a drum to bait bear on the person's private land-; and
- (2) a person may use a drum to bait bear on public land after paying a \$5 drum surcharge.
- 117.26 (b) The drum must be securely chained or cabled to a tree so that it cannot be moved 117.27 from the site by a bear and the drum may not include a mechanical device for dispensing 117.28 feed. The drum must be marked as provided in section 97B.425.
- 117.29 (c) For purposes of this section, "drum" means a 30 gallon or larger drum.

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Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.516, is amended to read: 118.1

97B.516 PLAN FOR ELK MANAGEMENT.

(a) The commissioner of natural resources must adopt an elk management plan that: 118.3

- (1) recognizes the value and uniqueness of elk; 118.4
- (2) provides for integrated management of an elk population in harmony with the 118.5 environment; and 118.6
- (3) affords optimum recreational opportunities. 118.7
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the commissioner must not manage an elk herd in Kittson, Roseau, Marshall, or Beltrami Counties in a manner that would increase the size of the herd, including adoption or implementation of an elk management plan designed to increase an elk herd, unless the commissioner of agriculture verifies that crop and fence 118.11 damages paid under section 3.7371 and attributed to the herd have not increased for at least 118.12 two years. 118.13
- 118.14 (c) At least 60 days prior to implementing a plan to increase an elk herd, the commissioners of natural resources and agriculture must hold a joint public meeting in the 118.15 county where the elk herd to be increased is located. At the meeting, the commissioners 118.16 must present evidence that crop and fence damages have not increased in the prior two years 118.17 and must detail the practices that will be used to reduce elk conflicts with area landowners. 118.18
- 118.19 (d) When the estimated size of a herd exceeds the range identified in an elk management plan, the commissioner must provide hunting opportunities designed to bring the size of 118.20 the herd back into its planned size, including providing sufficient hunting tags and additional 118.21 opportunities for unsuccessful hunters. 118.22
- Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.722, is amended to read: 118.23
- 97B.722 POSSESSING FIREARMS; HUNTING TURKEY. 118.24
- (a) While afield hunting turkeys, licensees may not have in possession or control: 118.25
- (1) any firearm that is not a legal firearm as defined in paragraph (c); or 118.26
- (2) any bow and arrow except those defined as legal for taking turkeys in rules adopted 118.27 by the commissioner. 118.28
- (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a person carrying a handgun in compliance with 118.29 section 624.714. 118.30

- (c) For hunting turkeys, "legal firearm" means a shotgun or muzzleloading shotgun 10 gauge or smaller using fine shot size No. 4 or smaller diameter shot.
- Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.731, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Crow season.** The commissioner shall prescribe a 124-day open season and
- restrictions seasons for taking crows are January 1 through January 15, March 15 through
- 119.6 March 31, and August 1 through October 31. The open season may not be shorter than the
- 119.7 maximum season allowed under federal law. The remainder of the year, crows may be taken
- as allowed by federal law.
- Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.315, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Lines. An angler may not use more than one line except:
- (1) two lines may be used to take fish through the ice; and
- (2) the commissioner may, by rule, authorize the use of two lines in areas designated by
- the commissioner in Lake Superior-; and
- (3) two lines may be used on waters not subject to special regulations to take fish during
- the open-water season by a resident or nonresident angler who purchases a second-line
- endorsement for \$5. The proceeds collected from the purchases of second-line endorsements
- must be deposited in the Walleye Stamp Account described in section 97A.075, subdivision
- 119.18 6, and must be spent on walleye stocking.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective March 1, 2020.
- Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.345, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 119.21 to read:
- Subd. 3b. Cast nets for gizzard shad. (a) Cast nets may be used only to take gizzard
- shad for use as bait for angling from July 1 to November 30 as allowed under section 84D.03,
- 119.24 subdivision 3.
- (b) Cast nets used under this subdivision must be monofilament and may not exceed
- 119.26 five feet in radius. Mesh size must be from three-eighths-inch to five-eighths-inch bar
- measure. A person may use up to two cast nets at one time.
- Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.391, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **General restrictions.** A person may not buy or sell fish taken from the
- 119.30 waters of this state, except:

- 120.1 (1) minnows;
- 120.2 (2) rough fish excluding ciscoes;
- (3) smelt taken from Lake Superior and rivers and streams that flow into Lake Superior;
- (4) fish taken under licensed commercial fishing operations;
- 120.5 (5) fish that are private aquatic life; and
- (6) fish lawfully taken and subject to sale from other states and countries.
- Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.395, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Continuous season for certain species.** For sunfish, white crappie, black crappie, yellow perch, catfish, rock bass, white bass, <u>yellow bass</u>, burbot, cisco (tullibee), lake whitefish, and rough fish, the open season is continuous.
- Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.605, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Turtle seller's license.** (a) A person may not take, possess, buy, or transport turtles for sale; sell turtles; or take turtles for sale using commercial equipment without a turtle seller's license, except as provided in subdivision 2c.
- (b) Except for renewals, no new turtle seller's licenses may be issued after August 1, 20.16 2002.
- (c) A turtle seller's license is transferable by the turtle seller licensee by making
 application to the commissioner. A turtle seller's license may be transferred only once under
 this paragraph and the transfer must be to a child of the person holding the turtle seller's
 license.
- Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.815, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Assignment. (a) The commissioner shall assign licensed inland commercial 120.22 fishing operators to commercial fishing areas and each operator shall be is obligated to fish 120.23 120.24 in the area that the commissioner has assigned to them. The commissioner's assignment shall be is valid as long as the assigned operator continues to purchase a license, continues 120.25 to provide an adequate removal effort in a good and professional manner, and is not convicted 120.26 of two or more violations of laws or rules governing inland commercial fishing operations 120.27 during any one license period. In the operator assignment, the commissioner shall consider 120.28 the proximity of the operator to the area, the type and quantity of fish gear and equipment possessed, knowledge of the affected waters, and general ability to perform the work well. 120.30

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(b) Area assignments must not restrict permits and contracts that the commissioner issues to governmental subdivisions and their subcontractors for invasive species control.

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.3369, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Financial assistance. A base grant may be awarded to a county that provides a match utilizing a water implementation tax or other local source. A water implementation tax that a county intends to use as a match to the base grant must be levied at a rate sufficient to generate a minimum amount determined by the board. The board may award performance-based, watershed-based, or program-based grants or other financial assistance to local units of government that are responsible for implementing elements of applicable portions of watershed management plans, comprehensive plans, local water management plans, or comprehensive watershed management plans, developed or amended, adopted and approved, according to chapter 103B, 103C, or 103D. Upon request by a local government unit, the board may also award performance-based grants to local units of government to carry out TMDL implementation plans as provided in chapter 114D, if the TMDL implementation plan has been incorporated into the local water management plan according to the procedures for approving comprehensive plans, watershed management plans, local water management plans, or comprehensive watershed management plans under chapter 103B, 103C, or 103D, or if the TMDL implementation plan has undergone a public review process. Notwithstanding section 16A.41, the board may award performance-based, watershed-based, or program-based grants or other financial assistance on an advanced basis and may prescribe the amount of local match required. The fee authorized in section 40A.152 may be used as a local match or as a supplement to state funding to accomplish implementation of comprehensive plans, watershed management plans, local water management plans, or comprehensive watershed management plans under this chapter and chapter 103C or 103D The board may enter into intergovernmental agreements to provide funding for water management to local governments.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.3369, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. **Performance-based Criteria.** (a) The board shall must develop and utilize use performance-based criteria for local water resources restoration, protection, and management programs and projects. The criteria may include but are not limited to science-based assessments, organizational capacity, priority resource issues, community outreach and support, partnership potential, potential for multiple benefits, and program and project delivery efficiency and effectiveness.

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122.1	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the board may develop and use eligibility criteria
122.2	for state grants or other financial assistance provided to local governments.
122.3	Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.611, subdivision 3, is amended to read

- Subd. 3. **Powers.** Subject to the provisions of chapters 97A, 103D, 103E, 103G, and 115, and the rules and regulations of the respective agencies and governing bodies vested with jurisdiction and authority under those chapters, the district has the following powers on Lake Minnetonka, excluding the area of public drainage ditches or watercourses connected to the lake:
- (1) to regulate the types of boats permitted to use the lake and set service fees;
- (2) to regulate, maintain, and police public beaches, public docks, and other public facilities for access to the lake within the territory of the municipalities, provided that a municipality may supersede the district's action under this clause by adopting an ordinance specifically referring to the district's action by one year after the district's action;
- 122.14 (3) to limit by rule the use of the lake at various times and the use of various parts of the lake;
- 122.16 (4) to regulate the speed of boats on the lake and the conduct of other activities on the lake to secure the safety of the public and the most general public use;
- (5) to contract with other law enforcement agencies to police the lake and its shore;
- 122.19 (6) to regulate the construction, installation, and maintenance of permanent and temporary docks and moorings consistent with federal and state law;
- (7) to regulate the construction and use of mechanical and chemical means of deicing the lake and to regulate mechanical and chemical means of removal of weeds and algae from the lake;
- (8) to regulate the construction, configuration, size, location, and maintenance of commercial marinas and their related facilities including parking areas and sanitary facilities that affect activity below the ordinary high-water mark. The regulation shall authority under this clause does not apply to land-based marina activities, including storage facilities, and must be consistent with the applicable state statutes, municipal building codes, and zoning ordinances where the marinas are located;
- (9) to contract with other governmental bodies to perform any of the functions of the district;

- (10) to undertake research to determine the condition and development of the lake and 123.1 the water entering it and to transmit their studies to the Pollution Control Agency and other 123.2 123.3 interested authorities, and to develop a comprehensive program to eliminate pollution; (11) to receive financial assistance from and join in projects or enter into contracts with 123.4 123.5 federal and state agencies for the study and treatment of pollution problems and demonstration programs related to them; and 123.6 (12) to petition the board of managers of a watershed district in which the lake 123.7 conservation district is located for improvements under section 103D.705; a bond is not 123.8 required of the lake conservation district. 123.9 For purposes of this subdivision "watercourses connected to the lake" does not include 123.10 channels connecting portions of the lake to one another. 123.11 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.801, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 123.12 123.13 Subd. 2. **Program purposes.** The purposes of the comprehensive watershed management plan program under section 103B.101, subdivision 14, paragraph (a), are to: 123 14 123.15 (1) align local water planning purposes and procedures under this chapter and chapters 103C and 103D on watershed boundaries to create a systematic, watershed-wide, 123.16 science-based approach to watershed management; 123.17 (2) acknowledge and build off existing local government structure, water plan services, 123.18 and local capacity; 123.19 (3) incorporate and make use of data and information, including watershed restoration 123.20 and protection strategies under section 114D.26, which may serve to fulfill all or some of 123.21 the requirements under chapter 114D; 123.22 (4) solicit input and engage experts from agencies, citizens, and stakeholder groups; 123.23 (5) focus on implementation of prioritized and targeted actions capable of achieving 123.24 measurable progress; and 123.25 (6) serve as a substitute for a comprehensive plan, local water management plan, or 123.26 watershed management plan developed or amended, approved, and adopted, according to 123.27
- Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.801, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Timelines; administration.** (a) The board shall develop and adopt, by June 30, 2016, a transition plan for development, approval, adoption, and coordination of plans

this chapter or chapter 103C or 103D.

consistent with section 103A.212. The transition plan must include a goal of completing 124.1 statewide transition to comprehensive watershed management plans by 2025. The 124.2 124.3 metropolitan area may be considered for inclusion in the transition plan. The board may amend the transition plan no more than once every two years. 124.4 124.5 (b) The board may use the authority under section 103B.3369, subdivision 9, to support 124.6 development or implementation of a comprehensive watershed management plan under this section. 124.7 Sec. 68. [103C.332] SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICTS; DUTIES 124.8 124.9 AND SERVICES. Subdivision 1. **Duties.** In addition to any other duty prescribed by law, soil and water 124.10 124.11 conservation districts must: (1) respond to and provide technical and financial assistance to landowners to maintain 124.12 124.13 and improve the quality, quantity, distribution, and sustainability of natural resources, including surface water, groundwater, soil, and ecological resources; 124.14 (2) provide technical assistance in implementing the soil erosion law under sections 124.15 103F.401 to 103F.48; 124.16 124.17 (3) arrange for employees to serve on technical evaluation panels to implement the wetland laws as required under section 103G.2242; 124.18 (4) locally administer the reinvest in Minnesota reserve program under section 103F.515 124.19 and rules adopted thereunder, using knowledge of local resources to manage each easement 124.20 to maximize environmental benefits; 124.21 124.22 (5) participate in administering the Wetland Conservation Act as provided under sections 103G.221 to 103G.2375, either in an advisory capacity or as the designated local government 124.23 124.24 unit administering the program; (6) participate in the local water management program under chapter 103B, either in an 124 25 advisory capacity or as the designated local government unit administering the program; 124.26 124.27 (7) participate, as appropriate, in the comprehensive watershed management planning program under section 103B.801; 124.28 124.29 (8) participate in disaster response efforts as provided in chapter 12A; (9) provide technical recommendations to the Department of Natural Resources on 124.30 general permit applications under section 103G.301; 124.31

125.1	(10) provide technical assistance and local administration of the agricultural water quality
125.2	certification program under sections 17.9891 to 17.993;
125.3	(11) provide technical assistance for the agricultural land preservation program under
125.4	chapter 40A, where applicable;
125.5	(12) maintain compliance with section 15.99 for deadlines for agency action;
125.6	(13) coordinate with appropriate county officials on matters related to electing soil and
125.7	water conservation district supervisors; and
125.8	(14) cooperate to the extent possible with federal, state, and local agencies and with
125.9	private organizations to avoid duplicating and to enhance implementing public and private
125.10	conservation initiatives within the jurisdiction of the district.
125.11	Subd. 2. Services provided. To carry out the duties under subdivision 1 and implement
125.12	the soil and water conservation policy of the state as stated in section 103A.206, soil and
125.13	water conservation districts provide a range of services, including but not limited to:
125.14	(1) performing administrative services, including comprehensive and annual work
125.15	planning, administering grants, leveraging outside funding, establishing fiscal accountability
125.16	measures, reporting accomplishments, human resources management, and staff and supervisor
125.17	development;
125.18	(2) enter into cooperative agreements with the United States Department of Agriculture,
125.19	Natural Resources Conservation Service, and other United States Department of Agriculture
125.20	agencies to leverage federal technical and financial assistance;
125.21	(3) providing technical expertise, including knowledge of local resources, performing
125.22	technical evaluations and certifications, assessing concerns, and providing oversight in
125.23	surveying, designing, and constructing conservation practices;
125.24	(4) providing information and education outreach, including increasing landowner
125.25	awareness and knowledge of soil and water conservation program opportunities to protect
125.26	soil and water resources and publicizing the benefits of soil and water conservation to the
125.27	general public;
125.28	(5) facilitating regulatory processes for impacted landowners and providing technical
125.29	review and comment on regulatory permits and development plans for regulations relating
125.30	to soil and water conservation;
125.31	(6) administering projects and programs, including but not limited to the nonpoint source
125.32	pollution abatement program; reinvest in Minnesota reserve conservation easements program;

126.1	disaster response; local water management and comprehensive watershed management
126.2	planning programs; and projects related to floodplains, lakes, streams and ditches, wetlands
126.3	upland resources, and groundwater resources, to maintain and improve the quality, quantity
126.4	distribution, and sustainability of natural resources, including surface water, groundwater,
126.5	soil, and ecological resources;
126.6	(7) monitoring and inventorying to collect data that provide a baseline understanding of
126.7	resource conditions and changes to the resources over time and analyzing and interpreting
126.8	the data to support program implementation; and
126.9	(8) maintaining a modern technology infrastructure that facilitates planning and projects
126.10	including geographic information systems, modeling software, mobile workstations, survey
126.11	and design equipment and software, and other technology for linking landowners with
126.12	conservation plans.
126.13	Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103D.315, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
126.14	Subd. 8. Compensation. The compensation of managers for meetings and for
126.15	performance of other necessary duties may not exceed \$75 \$125 a day. Managers are entitled
126.16	to reimbursement for traveling and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance
126.17	of official duties.
126.18	Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.361, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
126.19	Subd. 2. Legislative intent. It is the intent of sections 103F.361 to 103F.377 to authorize
126.20	and direct the board and the counties zoning authorities to implement the plan for the
126.21	Mississippi headwaters area.
126.22	Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.363, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
126.23	Subdivision 1. Generally. Sections 103F.361 to 103F.377 apply to the counties of
126.24	Clearwater, Hubbard, Beltrami, Cass, Itasca, Aitkin, Crow Wing, and Morrison and all other
126.25	zoning authorities.
126.26	Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.365, is amended by adding a subdivision
126.27	to read:
126.28	Subd. 5. Zoning authority. "Zoning authority" means counties, organized townships,
126.29	local and special governmental units, joint powers boards, councils, commissions, boards,
126.30	districts, and all state agencies and departments wholly or partially within the corridor
126.31	defined by the plan, excluding statutory or home rule charter cities.

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Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.371, is amended to read:

103F.371 RESPONSIBILITIES OF OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS.

- (a) All local and special governmental units, councils, commissions, boards and districts and all state agencies and departments must exercise their powers so as to further the purposes of sections 103F.361 to 103F.377 and the plan. Land owned by the state, its agencies, and political subdivisions shall be administered in accordance with the plan. The certification procedure under section 103F.373 applies to all zoning authorities in the corridor defined by the plan.
- (b) Actions that comply with the land use ordinance are consistent with the plan. Actions that do not comply with the ordinance may not be started until the board has been notified and given an opportunity to review and comment on the consistency of the action with this section.
- Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.373, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** To <u>assure ensure</u> that the plan is not nullified by unjustified exceptions in particular cases and to promote uniformity in the treatment of applications for exceptions, a review and certification procedure is established for the following categories of land use actions taken by <u>the counties and zoning authorities</u> directly or indirectly affecting land use within the area covered by the plan:
- 127.19 (1) the adoption or amendment of an ordinance regulating the use of land, including rezoning of particular tracts of land;
- (2) the granting of a variance from provisions of the land use ordinance; and
- 127.22 (3) the approval of a plat which is inconsistent with the land use ordinance.
- Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.373, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Procedure for certification.** A copy of the notices of public hearings or, when 127.24 a hearing is not required, a copy of the application to consider an action of a type specified 127.25 in subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (3), must be forwarded to the board by the county zoning 127.26 127.27 authority at least 15 days before the hearing or meetings to consider the actions. The eounty zoning authority shall notify the board of its final decision on the proposed action within 127.28 ten days of the decision. By 30 days after the board receives the notice, the board shall 127.29 notify the county zoning authority and the applicant of its the board's approval or disapproval 127.30 of the proposed action. 127.31

- Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.373, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Disapproval of actions.** (a) If a notice of disapproval is issued by the board,
- the eounty zoning authority or the applicant may, within 30 days of the notice, file with the
- board a demand for a hearing. If a demand is not filed within the 30-day period, the
- disapproval becomes final.
- (b) If a demand is filed within the 30-day period, a hearing must be held within 60 days
- of demand. The hearing must be preceded by two weeks' published notice. Within 30 days
- after the hearing, the board must:
- (1) affirm its disapproval of the proposed action; or
- (2) certify approval of the proposed action.
- Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.2242, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- Subd. 14. Fees established. (a) Fees must be assessed for managing wetland bank
- 128.13 accounts and transactions as follows:
- (1) account maintenance annual fee: one percent of the value of credits not to exceed
- 128.15 \$500;
- (2) account establishment, deposit, or transfer: 6.5 percent of the value of credits not to
- exceed \$1,000 per establishment, deposit, or transfer; and
- 128.18 (3) withdrawal fee: 6.5 percent of the value of credits withdrawn.
- (b) The board <u>may must</u> establish fees <u>at or based on costs to the agency</u> below the
- amounts in paragraph (a) for single-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts.
- (c) Fees for single-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts established pursuant
- to section 103G.005, subdivision 10i, clause (4), are limited to establishment of a wetland
- banking account and are assessed at the rate of 6.5 percent of the value of the credits not to
- 128.24 exceed \$1,000.
- (d) The board may assess a fee to pay the costs associated with establishing conservation
- easements, or other long-term protection mechanisms prescribed in the rules adopted under
- subdivision 1, on property used for wetland replacement.
- Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.241, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Conditions to affect public waters.** An agent or employee of another
- may not construct, reconstruct, remove, or make a change in a reservoir, dam, or waterway

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obstruction on a public water or in any manner change or diminish the course, current, or 129.1 cross section of public waters unless the agent or employee has: 129.2

- (1) obtained a signed statement from the property owner stating that the permits required for the work have been obtained or a permit is not required; and
- 129.5 (2) mailed or electronically transmitted a copy of the statement to the regional office of the Department of Natural Resources where the proposed work is located. 129.6
- Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.241, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 129.7
- Subd. 3. Form for compliance. The commissioner shall develop a form to be distributed 129.8 to contractors' associations and county auditors to comply with this section. The form must 129.9 include: 129.10
- (1) a listing of the activities for which a permit is required; 129.11
- (2) a description of the penalties for violating this chapter; 129.12
- (3) the mailing addresses, electronic mail addresses, and telephone numbers of the 129.13 regional offices of the Department of Natural Resources;
- (4) a statement that water inventory maps completed according to section 103G.201 are 129.15 on file with the auditors of the counties; and 129.16
- 129.17 (5) spaces for a description of the work and the names, mailing addresses, electronic mail addresses, and telephone numbers of the person authorizing the work and the agent or 129.18 employee proposing to undertake it. 129.19
- Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.271, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 129.20
- Subd. 7. Transferring permit. (a) A water-use permit may be transferred to a successive 129.21 owner of real property if the permittee conveys the real property where the source of water 129.22 is located. The new owner must notify the commissioner immediately after the conveyance 129.23 and request transfer of the permit. The commissioner must not deny the transfer of a permit 129.24 129.25 if:
- (1) the permittee is in compliance with all permit conditions, as demonstrated by: 129 26
- (i) the permit being valid at the time of the real property transfer; and 129.27
- (ii) the permittee has complied with the total volume allowed under the water-use permit 129.28 prior to transferring the real property; and 129.29
- (2) the permit meets the requirements of sections 103G.255 to 103G.301. 129.30

(b) The commissioner must not require additional conditions on the permit, reduce the 130.1 appropriation, or require any testing when transferring a permit. 130.2

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2010.

- Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.271, is amended by adding a subdivision 130.4 to read: 130.5
- Subd. 8. Management plans; economic impacts. Before a management plan for 130.6 appropriating water is prepared, the commissioner must provide estimates of the economic 130.7 impact of any new restriction or policy on existing and future groundwater users and local 130.8 governments in the affected area. Strategies to address economic impacts must be included 130.9 130.10 in the plan.
- Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.287, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 130.11
- Subdivision 1. Applications for groundwater appropriations; preliminary 130.12 well-construction approval. (a) Groundwater use permit applications are not complete 130.13 until the applicant has supplied: 130.14
- (1) a water well record as required by section 103I.205, subdivision 9, information on 130.15 the subsurface geologic formations penetrated by the well and the formation or aquifer that 130.16 will serve as the water source, and geologic information from test holes drilled to locate the 130.17 site of the production well; 130.18
 - (2) the maximum daily, seasonal, and annual pumpage rates and volumes being requested;
- (3) information on groundwater quality in terms of the measures of quality commonly 130.20 specified for the proposed water use and details on water treatment necessary for the proposed 130.21 130.22 use;
- (4) the results of an aquifer test completed according to specifications approved by the 130.23 commissioner. The test must be conducted at the maximum pumping rate requested in the application and for a length of time adequate to assess or predict impacts to other wells and 130.25 surface water and groundwater resources. The permit applicant is responsible for all costs 130.26 related to the aquifer test, including the construction of groundwater and surface water 130.27 monitoring installations, and water level readings before, during, and after the aquifer test; 130.28 and
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(5) the results of any assessments conducted by the commissioner under paragraph (c). 130.30

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- (b) The commissioner may waive an application requirement in this subdivision if the information provided with the application is adequate to determine whether the proposed appropriation and use of water is sustainable and will protect ecosystems, water quality, and the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.
- (c) The commissioner shall provide an assessment of a proposed well needing a groundwater appropriation permit. The commissioner shall evaluate the information submitted as required under section 103I.205, subdivision 1, paragraph (e), and determine whether the anticipated appropriation request is likely to meet the applicable requirements of this chapter. If the appropriation request is likely to meet applicable requirements, the commissioner shall provide the person submitting the information with a letter or electronically transmitted notice providing preliminary approval to construct the well and the requirements, including test-well information, that will be needed to obtain the permit.
- (d) The commissioner must provide an applicant denied a groundwater use permit or 131.13 issued a groundwater use permit that is reduced or restricted from the original request with 131.14 all information the commissioner used in making the determination, including hydrographs, 131.15 flow tests, aquifer tests, topographic maps, field reports, photographs, and proof of equipment calibration. 131.17
- Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.287, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 131.18
- Subd. 4. Groundwater management areas. (a) The commissioner may designate 131.19 131.20 groundwater management areas and limit total annual water appropriations and uses within a designated area to ensure sustainable use of groundwater that protects ecosystems, water 131.21 quality, and the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. Water appropriations 131.22 and uses within a designated management area must be consistent with a groundwater 131.23 management area plan approved by the commissioner that addresses water conservation 131.24 requirements and water allocation priorities established in section 103G.261. During the 131.25 development of a groundwater management plan, the commissioner and employees and 131.26 agents of the department may disseminate information related to the timing, location, and 131.27 131.28 agendas of meetings related to the plan, but shall otherwise limit public information disseminated related to the groundwater management area to direct factual responses to 131.29 public and media inquires. At least 30 days prior to implementing or modifying a groundwater 131.30 management area plan under this subdivision, the commissioner shall consult with the 131.31 advisory team established in paragraph (c). 131.32
 - (b) Notwithstanding section 103G.271, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and Minnesota Rules, within designated groundwater management areas, the commissioner may require

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general permits as specified in section 103G.271, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), for water users using less than 10,000 gallons per day or 1,000,000 gallons per year and water suppliers serving less than 25 persons for domestic purposes. The commissioner may waive the requirements under section 103G.281 for general permits issued under this paragraph, and the fee specified in section 103G.301, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), does not apply to general permits issued under this paragraph.

- (c) When designating a groundwater management area, the commissioner shall assemble an advisory team to assist in developing a groundwater management area plan for the area. The advisory team members shall be selected from public and private entities that have an interest in the water resources affected by the groundwater management area. A majority of the advisory team members shall be public and private entities that currently hold water-use permits for water appropriations from the affected water resources. The commissioner shall consult with the League of Minnesota Cities, the Association of Minnesota Counties, the Minnesota Association of Watershed Districts, and the Minnesota Association of Townships in appointing the local government representatives to the advisory team. The advisory team may also include representatives from the University of Minnesota, the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, other institutions of higher learning in Minnesota, political subdivisions with jurisdiction over water issues, nonprofits with expertise in water, and federal agencies.
- (d) Before designating a groundwater management area, the commissioner must provide 132.20 estimates of the economic effect of any new restriction or policy on existing and future 132.21 groundwater users and local governments in the affected area. Strategies to address economic 132.22 impacts must be included in any plan. 132.23
- Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.287, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 132.24
- Subd. 5. Sustainability standard. (a) The commissioner may issue water-use permits for appropriation from groundwater only if the commissioner determines that the groundwater 132.26 use is sustainable to supply the needs of future generations and the proposed use will not 132.28 harm ecosystems, degrade water, or reduce water levels beyond the reach of public water supply and private domestic wells constructed according to Minnesota Rules, chapter 4725. 132.29
- (b) For the purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 4, "sustainable" means a change 132.30 in hydrologic regime of 20 percent or less relative to the August median stream flow. 132.31

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103G.289 WELL INTERFERENCE; WELL SEALING <u>VALIDATION</u>; CONTESTED CASE.

- (a) The commissioner shall not validate a <u>claim for</u> well interference claim if the affected well has been sealed prior to the completion of the commissioner's investigation of the complaint. If the well is sealed prior to completion of the investigation, the commissioner must dismiss the complaint.
- 133.8 (b) When validating a claim for well interference, the commissioner must take into account the condition of the affected well.
- (c) Within 30 days after the commissioner's decision on a claim for well interference, a party ordered by the commissioner to contribute to an affected well owner may petition for a contested case hearing under sections 14.57 to 14.62. The commissioner must grant the petitioner a contested case hearing on the commissioner's decision.
- Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.311, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Hearing notice.** (a) The hearing notice on an application must include:
- 133.16 (1) the date, place, and time fixed by the commissioner for the hearing;
- 133.17 (2) the waters affected, the water levels sought to be established, or control structures proposed; and
- (3) the matters prescribed by sections 14.57 to 14.59 and rules adopted thereunder.
- (b) A summary of the hearing notice must be published by the commissioner at the expense of the applicant or, if the proceeding is initiated by the commissioner in the absence of an applicant, at the expense of the commissioner.
- (c) The summary of the hearing notice must be:
- 133.24 (1) published once a week for two successive weeks before the day of hearing in a legal 133.25 newspaper published in the county where any part of the affected waters is located; and
- 133.26 (2) mailed <u>or electronically transmitted</u> by the commissioner to the county auditor, the mayor of a municipality, the watershed district, and the soil and water conservation district affected by the application.

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Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.311, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 5. **Demand for hearing.** (a) If a hearing is waived and an order is made issuing or denying the permit, the applicant, the managers of the watershed district, the board of supervisors of the soil and water conservation district, or the governing body of the municipality may file a demand for hearing on the application. The demand for a hearing must be filed within 30 days after mailed or electronically transmitted notice of the order with the bond required by subdivision 6.
- (b) The commissioner must give notice as provided in subdivision 2, hold a hearing on the application, and make a determination on issuing or denying the permit as though the previous order had not been made.
- (c) The order issuing or denying the permit becomes final at the end of 30 days after mailed <u>or electronically transmitted</u> notice of the order to the applicant, the managers of the watershed district, the board of supervisors of the soil and water conservation district, or the governing body of the municipality, and an appeal of the order may not be taken if:
- (1) the commissioner waives a hearing and a demand for a hearing is not made; or
- 134.16 (2) a hearing is demanded but a bond is not filed as required by subdivision 6.
- Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.315, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Notice of permit order.** Notice of orders made after hearing must be given by publication of the order once a week for two successive weeks in a legal newspaper in the county where the hearing was held and by mailing <u>or electronically transmitting</u> copies of the order to parties who entered an appearance at the hearing.
- Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.408, is amended to read:

134.23 103G.408 TEMPORARY DRAWDOWN OF PUBLIC WATERS.

- (a) The commissioner, upon consideration of recommendations and objections as provided in clause (2), item (iii), and paragraph (c), may issue a public-waters-work permit for the temporary drawdown of a public water when:
- 134.27 (1) the public water is a shallow lake to be managed for fish, wildlife, or ecological
 134.28 purposes by the commissioner and the commissioner has conducted a public hearing
 134.29 presenting a comprehensive management plan outlining how and when temporary drawdowns
 134.30 under this section will be conducted; or
- 134.31 (2) the permit applicant is a public entity and:

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- (i) the commissioner deems the project to be beneficial and makes findings of fact that the drawdown is in the public interest;
 - (ii) the permit applicant has obtained permission from at least 75 percent of the riparian landowners; and
- (iii) the permit applicant has conducted a public hearing according to paragraph (d).
 - (b) In addition to the requirements in section 103G.301, subdivision 6, the permit applicant shall serve a copy of the application on each county, municipality, and watershed management organization, if one exists, within which any portion of the public water is located and on the lake improvement district, if one exists.
- (c) A county, municipality, watershed district, watershed management organization, or lake improvement district required to be served under paragraph (b) or section 103G.301, subdivision 6, may file a written recommendation for the issuance of a permit or an objection to the issuance of a permit with the commissioner within 30 days after receiving a copy of the application.
- (d) The hearing notice for a public hearing under paragraph (a), clause (2), item (iii), must:
- (1) include the date, place, and time for the hearing;
- (2) include the waters affected and a description of the proposed project;
- 135.19 (3) be mailed <u>or electronically transmitted</u> to the director, the county auditor, the clerk 135.20 or mayor of a municipality, the lake improvement district if one exists, the watershed district 135.21 or water management organization, the soil and water conservation district, and all riparian 135.22 owners of record affected by the application; and
- (4) be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the affected area.
- (e) Periodic temporary drawdowns conducted under paragraph (a) shall are not be considered takings from riparian landowners.
- 135.26 (f) This section does not apply to public waters that have been designated for wildlife management under section 97A.101.
- Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.615, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. **Invasive aquatic plant management permit.** (a) "Invasive aquatic plant management permit" means an aquatic plant management permit as defined in rules of the

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- Department of Natural Resources that authorizes the selective control of invasive aquatic plants to cause a significant reduction in the abundance of the invasive aquatic plant.
- (b) The commissioner may waive the dated signature of approval requirement in rules of the Department of Natural Resources for invasive aquatic plant management permits if obtaining signatures would create an undue burden on the permittee or if the commissioner determines that aquatic plant control is necessary to protect natural resources.
- (c) If the signature requirement is waived under paragraph (b) because obtaining signatures would create an undue burden on the permittee, the commissioner shall require an alternate form of landowner notification, including news releases or public notices in a local newspaper, a public meeting, or a mailing or electronic transmission to the most recent permanent physical or electronic mailing address of affected landowners. The notification must be given annually and must include: the proposed date of treatment, the target species, the method of control or product being used, and instructions on how the landowner may request that control not occur adjacent to the landowner's property.
- (d) The commissioner may allow dated signatures of approval obtained for an invasive aquatic plant management permit to satisfy rules of the Department of Natural Resources to remain valid for three years if property ownership remains unchanged.
- Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3a. Comprehensive local water management plan. "Comprehensive local water management plan" has the meaning given under section 103B.3363, subdivision 3.
- Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3b. Comprehensive watershed management plan. "Comprehensive watershed management plan" has the meaning given under section 103B.3363, subdivision 3a.
- Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.15, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Restoration.** "Restoration" means actions, including effectiveness monitoring, that are taken to <u>pursue</u>, achieve, and maintain water quality standards for impaired waters in accordance with a TMDL that has been approved by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under federal TMDL requirements.

Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.15, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 137.1 Subd. 11. **TMDL** implementation plan. "TMDL implementation plan" means a 137.2 document detailing restoration strategies or activities needed to meet the approved TMDL's 137.3 TMDL pollutant load allocations for point and nonpoint sources. This could include a 137.4 WRAPS, a comprehensive watershed management plan, a comprehensive local water 137.5 management plan, or another document or strategy that the commissioner of the Pollution 137.6 Control Agency determines to be, in whole or in part, sufficient to provide reasonable 137.7 137.8 assurance of achieving applicable water quality standards. Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.15, subdivision 13, is amended to read: 137.9 Subd. 13. Watershed restoration and protection strategy or WRAPS. "Watershed 137.10 restoration and protection strategy" or "WRAPS" means a document summarizing scientific studies of a major watershed no larger than at approximately a hydrologic unit code 8 137.12 including the physical, chemical, and biological assessment of the water quality of the 137.13 watershed; identification of impairments and water bodies in need of protection; identification 137.14 of biotic stressors and sources of pollution, both point and nonpoint; TMDLs for the impairments; and an implementation table containing scale with strategies and actions designed to achieve and maintain water quality standards and goals. Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 137.18 Subd. 2. Goals for implementation. The following goals must guide the implementation 137.19 of this chapter: 137.20 (1) to identify impaired waters in accordance with federal TMDL requirements within 137.21 ten years after May 23, 2006, and thereafter to ensure continuing evaluation of surface 137.22 waters for impairments; 137.23 137.24 (2) to submit TMDLs to the United States Environmental Protection Agency for all impaired waters in a timely manner in accordance with federal TMDL requirements; 137.25 137.26 (3) to set a reasonable time inform and support strategies for implementing restoration of each identified impaired water and protection activities in a reasonable time period; 137.27 (4) to systematically evaluate waters, to provide assistance and incentives to prevent 137.28 waters from becoming impaired, and to improve the quality of waters that are listed as 137.29 impaired but do not have an approved TMDL addressing the impairment; 137.30 (5) to promptly seek the delisting of waters from the impaired waters list when those 137.31

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waters are shown to achieve the designated uses applicable to the waters;

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- (6) to achieve compliance with federal Clean Water Act requirements in Minnesota; 138.1
 - (7) to support effective measures to prevent the degradation of groundwater according to the groundwater degradation prevention goal under section 103H.001; and
- 138.4 (8) to support effective measures to restore degraded groundwater.
- Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 138.5
- Subd. 3. **Implementation policies.** The following policies must guide the implementation 138.6 of this chapter: 138.7
- (1) develop regional and, multiple pollutant, or watershed TMDLs and TMDL 138.8 implementation plans, and TMDLs and TMDL implementation plans for multiple pollutants 1389 or WRAPSs, where reasonable and feasible; 138.10
 - (2) maximize use of available organizational, technical, and financial resources to perform sampling, monitoring, and other activities to identify degraded groundwater and impaired waters, including use of citizen monitoring and citizen monitoring data used by the Pollution Control Agency in assessing water quality that meets the requirements in Appendix D of the Volunteer Surface Water Monitoring Guide, Minnesota established by the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency (2003);
 - (3) maximize opportunities for restoration of degraded groundwater and impaired waters, by prioritizing and targeting of available programmatic, financial, and technical resources and by providing additional state resources to complement and leverage available resources;
 - (4) use existing regulatory authorities to achieve restoration for point and nonpoint sources of pollution where applicable, and promote the development and use of effective nonregulatory measures to address pollution sources for which regulations are not applicable;
 - (5) use restoration methods that have a demonstrated effectiveness in reducing impairments and provide the greatest long-term positive impact on water quality protection and improvement and related conservation benefits while incorporating innovative approaches on a case-by-case basis;
 - (6) identify for the legislature any innovative approaches that may strengthen or complement existing programs;
- (7) identify and encourage implementation of measures to prevent surface waters from 138.29 becoming impaired and to improve the quality of waters that are listed as impaired but have 138.30 no approved TMDL addressing the impairment using the best available data and technology, 138.31

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and establish and report outcome-based performance measures that monitor the progress and effectiveness of protection and restoration measures;

- (8) monitor and enforce cost-sharing contracts and impose monetary damages in an amount up to 150 percent of the financial assistance received for failure to comply; and
- (9) identify and encourage implementation of measures to prevent groundwater from becoming degraded and measures that restore groundwater resources.
- Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 139.7
- Subd. 5. Priorities for scheduling and preparing WRAPSs and TMDLs. The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must seek recommendations from the Clean Water Council shall recommend, the commissioners of natural resources, health and agriculture, and the Board of Water and Soil Resources regarding priorities for scheduling and preparing WRAPSs and TMDLs and TMDL implementation plans, taking into account 139.12 the severity. Recommendations must consider the causes of the impairment impairments, 139.13 the designated uses of those the waters, and other applicable federal TMDL requirements. In recommending priorities, the council shall also give consideration to, surface water and 139.16 groundwater interactions, protection of high-quality waters, waters and watersheds with declining water quality trends, and waters used as drinking water sources. Furthermore, 139.17 consideration must be given to waters and watersheds: 139.18
 - (1) with impairments that pose have the greatest potential risk to human health;
- (2) with impairments that pose have the greatest potential risk to threatened or endangered 139.20 species; 139.21
- (3) with impairments that pose have the greatest potential risk to aquatic health; 139.22
- (4) where other public agencies and participating organizations and individuals, especially 139.23 local, basinwide basin-wide, watershed, or regional agencies or organizations, have demonstrated readiness to assist in carrying out the responsibilities, including availability 139.25 and organization of human, technical, and financial resources necessary to undertake the 139.26 work; and 139.27
- (5) where there is demonstrated coordination and cooperation among cities, counties, 139.28 139.29 watershed districts, and soil and water conservation districts in planning and implementation of activities that will assist in carrying out the responsibilities. 139.30

140.1	Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
140.2	Subd. 7. Priorities for funding prevention actions. The Clean Water Council shall
140.3	apply the priorities applicable under subdivision 6, as far as practicable, when recommending
140.4	priorities for funding actions to prevent groundwater and surface waters from becoming
140.5	degraded or impaired and to improve the quality of surface waters that are listed as impaired
140.6	but do not have an approved TMDL.
140.7	Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, is amended by adding a subdivision
140.8	to read:
140.9	Subd. 8. Alternatives; TMDL, TMDL implementation plan, or WRAPS. (a) If the
140.10	commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency determines that a comprehensive watershed
140.11	management plan or comprehensive local water management plan contains information that
140.12	is sufficient and consistent with guidance from the United States Environmental Protection
140.13	Agency under section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act, the commissioner may submit
140.14	the plan to the Environmental Protection Agency according to federal TMDL requirements
140.15	as an alternative to developing a TMDL.
140.16	(b) A TMDL implementation plan or a WRAPS, or portions thereof, are not needed for
140.17	waters or watersheds when the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency determines
140.18	that a comprehensive watershed management plan, a comprehensive local water management
140.19	plan, or a statewide or regional strategy published by the Pollution Control Agency meets
140.20	the definition in section 114D.15, subdivision 11 or 13.
140.21	(c) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency may request that the Board of
140.22	Water and Soil Resources conduct an evaluation of the implementation efforts under a
140.23	comprehensive watershed management plan or comprehensive local water management
140.24	plan when the commissioner makes a determination under paragraph (b). The board must
140.25	conduct the evaluation in accordance with section 103B.102.
140.26	(d) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency may amend or revoke a
140.27	determination made under paragraph (a) or (b) after considering the evaluation conducted
140.28	under paragraph (c).
140.29	Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, is amended by adding a subdivision
140.30	to read:
140.31	Subd. 9. Coordinating municipal and local water quality activities. A project, practice,

or program for water quality improvement or protection that is conducted by a watershed

141.1	management organization or a local government unit with a comprehensive watershed
141.2	management plan or other water management plan approved according to chapter 103B,
141.3	103C, or 103D may be considered by the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency
141.4	as contributing to the requirements of a storm water pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) for
141.5	a municipal separate storm sewer systems (MS4) permit unless the project, practice, or
141.6	program was previously documented as contributing to a different SWPPP for an MS4
141.7	permit.
141.8	Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.26, is amended to read:
	114D.26 WATERSHED RESTORATION AND PROTECTION STRATEGIES.
141.9	114D.20 WATERSHED RESTORATION AND I ROTECTION STRATEGIES.
141.10	Subdivision 1. Contents. (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall
141.11	develop watershed restoration and protection strategies. To ensure effectiveness and
141.12	accountability in meeting the goals of this chapter, for the purposes of:
141.13	(1) summarizing the physical, chemical, and biological assessment of the water quality
141.14	of the watershed;
141.15	(2) quantifying impairments and risks to water quality;
141.16	(3) describing the causes of impairments and pollution sources;
141.17	(4) consolidating TMDLs in a major watershed; and
141.18	(5) informing comprehensive local water management plans and comprehensive
141.19	watershed management plans.
141.20	(b) Each WRAPS shall must:
141.21	(1) identify impaired waters and waters in need of protection;
141.22	(2) identify biotic stressors causing impairments or threats to water quality;
141.23	(3) summarize TMDLs, watershed modeling outputs, and resulting pollution load
141.24	allocations, wasteload allocations, and priority areas for targeting actions to improve water
141.25	quality identify areas with high pollutant-loading rates;
141.26	(4) identify point sources of pollution for which a national pollutant discharge elimination
141.27	system permit is required under section 115.03;
141.28	(5) identify nonpoint sources of pollution for which a national pollutant discharge
141.29	elimination system permit is not required under section 115.03, with sufficient specificity
141.30	to prioritize and geographically locate watershed restoration and protection actions;

142.1	(6) describe the current pollution loading and load reduction needed for each source or
142.2	source category to meet water quality standards and goals, including wasteload and load
142.3	allocations from TMDLs;
142.4	(7) contain a plan for ongoing (4) in consultation with local governments and other state
142.5	agencies, identify water quality monitoring needed to fill data gaps, determine changing
142.6	conditions, and or gauge implementation effectiveness; and
142.7	(8) (5) contain an implementation table of strategies and actions that are capable of
142.8	cumulatively achieving needed pollution load reductions for point and nonpoint sources,
142.9	including identifying:
142.10	(i) water quality parameters of concern;
142.11	(ii) current water quality conditions;
142.12	(iii) water quality goals, strategies, and targets by parameter of concern; and
142.13	(iv) strategies and actions by parameter of concern and an example of the scale of
142.14	adoptions needed for each; with a timeline to meet the water quality restoration or protection
142.15	goals of this chapter.
142.16	(v) a timeline for achievement of water quality targets;
142.17	(vi) the governmental units with primary responsibility for implementing each watershed
142.18	restoration or protection strategy; and
142.19	(vii) a timeline and interim milestones for achievement of watershed restoration or
142.20	protection implementation actions within ten years of strategy adoption.
142.21	Subd. 1a. Coordination. To ensure effectiveness, efficiency, and accountability in
142.22	meeting the goals of this chapter, the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, in
142.23	consultation with the Board of Water and Soil Resources and local government units, must
142.24	coordinate the schedule, budget, scope, and use of a WRAPS and related documents and
142.25	processes.
142.26	Subd. 2. Reporting. Beginning July 1, 2016, and every other year thereafter, the
142.27	commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must report on its the agency's website the
142.28	progress toward implementation milestones and water quality goals for all adopted TMDLs
142.29	and, where available, WRAPSs.
142.30	Subd. 3. Timelines ; administration . Each year, (a) The commissioner of the Pollution
142.31	Control Agency must complete WRAPSs for at least ten percent of watershed restoration
142.32	and protection strategies for the state's major watersheds. WRAPS shall be by June 30,

143.1	2023, unless the commissioner determines that a comprehensive watershed management
143.2	plan or comprehensive local water management plan, in whole or in part, meets the definition
143.3	in section 114D.15, subdivision 11 or 13. As needed, the commissioner must update the
143.4	strategies, in whole or in part, after consulting with the Board of Water and Soil Resources
143.5	and local government units.
143.6	(b) Watershed restoration and protection strategies are governed by the procedures for
143.7	approval and notice in section 114D.25, subdivisions 2 and 4, except that WRAPS the
143.8	strategies need not be submitted to the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
143.9	Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.35, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
143.10	Subdivision 1. Public and stakeholder participation. (a) Public agencies and private
143.11	entities involved in the implementation of implementing this chapter shall must encourage
143.12	participation by the public and stakeholders, including local citizens, landowners and, land
143.13	managers, and public and private organizations, in identifying impaired waters, in developing
143.14	TMDLs, in planning, priority setting, and implementing restoration of impaired waters, in
143.15	identifying degraded groundwater, and in protecting and restoring groundwater resources.
143.16	(b) In particular, the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall must make
143.17	reasonable efforts to provide timely information to the public and to stakeholders about
143.18	impaired waters that have been identified by the agency. The agency shall seek broad and
143.19	early public and stakeholder participation in scoping the activities necessary to develop a
143.20	TMDL, including the scientific models, methods, and approaches to be used in TMDL
143.21	development, and to implement restoration pursuant to section 114D.15, subdivision 7 and
143.22	to inform and consult with the public and stakeholders in developing a WRAPS or TMDL.
143.23	(c) Public agencies and private entities using public funds that are involved in
143.24	implementing restoration and protection identified in a comprehensive watershed
143.25	management plan or comprehensive local water management plan must make efforts to
143.26	inform, consult, and involve the public and stakeholders.
143.27	(d) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency and the Board of Water and Soil
143.28	Resources must coordinate public and stakeholder participation in consultation with local
143.29	government units. To the extent practicable, implementation of this chapter must be
143.30	accomplished in cooperation with local, state, federal, and tribal governments and

143.31 private-sector organizations.

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Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Education.** The Clean Water Council shall must develop strategies for informing, educating, and encouraging the participation of citizens, stakeholders, and others regarding the identification of impaired waters, development of TMDLs, development of TMDL implementation plans, implementation of restoration for impaired waters, identification of degraded groundwater, and protection and restoration of groundwater resources this chapter. Public agencies shall be are responsible for implementing the strategies.

Sec. 105. [114D.47] NONPOINT FUNDING ALTERNATIVE.

- Notwithstanding section 114D.50, subdivision 3a, the Board of Water and Soil Resources
 may, by board order, establish alternative timelines or content for the priority funding plan
 for nonpoint sources under section 114D.50, subdivision 3a, and may use information from
 comprehensive watershed management plans or comprehensive local water management
 plans to estimate or summarize costs.
- Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) The agency is hereby given and charged with the following powers and duties:
- (a) (1) to administer and enforce all laws relating to the pollution of any of the waters of the state;
- (b) (2) to investigate the extent, character, and effect of the pollution of the waters of this state and to gather data and information necessary or desirable in the administration or enforcement of pollution laws, and to make such classification of the waters of the state as it may deem advisable;
- (e) (3) to establish and alter such reasonable pollution standards for any waters of the state in relation to the public use to which they are or may be put as it shall deem necessary for the purposes of this chapter and, with respect to the pollution of waters of the state, chapter 116;
- (d) (4) to encourage waste treatment, including advanced waste treatment, instead of stream low-flow augmentation for dilution purposes to control and prevent pollution;
- (e) (5) to adopt, issue, reissue, modify, deny, or revoke, enter into or enforce reasonable orders, permits, variances, standards, rules, schedules of compliance, and stipulation agreements, under such conditions as it may prescribe, in order to prevent, control or abate

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water pollution, or for the installation or operation of disposal systems or parts thereof, or for other equipment and facilities:

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(1) (i) requiring the discontinuance of the discharge of sewage, industrial waste or other wastes into any waters of the state resulting in pollution in excess of the applicable pollution standard established under this chapter;

(2) (ii) prohibiting or directing the abatement of any discharge of sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes, into any waters of the state or the deposit thereof or the discharge into any municipal disposal system where the same is likely to get into any waters of the state in violation of this chapter and, with respect to the pollution of waters of the state, chapter 116, or standards or rules promulgated or permits issued pursuant thereto, and specifying the schedule of compliance within which such prohibition or abatement must be accomplished;

(3) (iii) prohibiting the storage of any liquid or solid substance or other pollutant in a manner which does not reasonably assure proper retention against entry into any waters of the state that would be likely to pollute any waters of the state;

(4) (iv) requiring the construction, installation, maintenance, and operation by any person of any disposal system or any part thereof, or other equipment and facilities, or the reconstruction, alteration, or enlargement of its existing disposal system or any part thereof, or the adoption of other remedial measures to prevent, control or abate any discharge or deposit of sewage, industrial waste or other wastes by any person;

(5) (v) establishing, and from time to time revising, standards of performance for new sources taking into consideration, among other things, classes, types, sizes, and categories of sources, processes, pollution control technology, cost of achieving such effluent reduction, and any nonwater quality environmental impact and energy requirements. Said standards of performance for new sources shall encompass those standards for the control of the discharge of pollutants which reflect the greatest degree of effluent reduction which the agency determines to be achievable through application of the best available demonstrated control technology, processes, operating methods, or other alternatives, including, where practicable, a standard permitting no discharge of pollutants. New sources shall encompass buildings, structures, facilities, or installations from which there is or may be the discharge of pollutants, the construction of which is commenced after the publication by the agency of proposed rules prescribing a standard of performance which will be applicable to such source. Notwithstanding any other provision of the law of this state, any point source the construction of which is commenced after May 20, 1973, and which is so constructed as to

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meet all applicable standards of performance for new sources shall, consistent with and subject to the provisions of section 306(d) of the Amendments of 1972 to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, not be subject to any more stringent standard of performance for new sources during a ten-year period beginning on the date of completion of such construction or during the period of depreciation or amortization of such facility for the purposes of section 167 or 169, or both, of the Federal Internal Revenue Code of 1954, whichever period ends first. Construction shall encompass any placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment, including contractual obligations to purchase such facilities or equipment, at the premises where such equipment will be used, including preparation work at such premises;

(6) (vi) establishing and revising pretreatment standards to prevent or abate the discharge of any pollutant into any publicly owned disposal system, which pollutant interferes with, passes through, or otherwise is incompatible with such disposal system;

(7) (vii) requiring the owner or operator of any disposal system or any point source to establish and maintain such records, make such reports, install, use, and maintain such monitoring equipment or methods, including where appropriate biological monitoring methods, sample such effluents in accordance with such methods, at such locations, at such intervals, and in such a manner as the agency shall prescribe, and providing such other information as the agency may reasonably require;

(8) (viii) notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, and with respect to the pollution of waters of the state, chapter 116, requiring the achievement of more stringent limitations than otherwise imposed by effluent limitations in order to meet any applicable water quality standard by establishing new effluent limitations, based upon section 115.01, subdivision 13, clause (b), including alternative effluent control strategies for any point source or group of point sources to insure the integrity of water quality classifications, whenever the agency determines that discharges of pollutants from such point source or sources, with the application of effluent limitations required to comply with any standard of best available technology, would interfere with the attainment or maintenance of the water quality classification in a specific portion of the waters of the state. Prior to establishment of any such effluent limitation, the agency shall hold a public hearing to determine the relationship of the economic and social costs of achieving such limitation or limitations, including any economic or social dislocation in the affected community or communities, to the social and economic benefits to be obtained and to determine whether or not such effluent limitation can be implemented with available technology or other alternative control strategies. If a person affected by such limitation demonstrates at such

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hearing that, whether or not such technology or other alternative control strategies are available, there is no reasonable relationship between the economic and social costs and the benefits to be obtained, such limitation shall not become effective and shall be adjusted as it applies to such person;

(9) (ix) modifying, in its discretion, any requirement or limitation based upon best available technology with respect to any point source for which a permit application is filed after July 1, 1977, upon a showing by the owner or operator of such point source satisfactory to the agency that such modified requirements will represent the maximum use of technology within the economic capability of the owner or operator and will result in reasonable further progress toward the elimination of the discharge of pollutants; and

 $\frac{(10)}{(x)}$ requiring that applicants for wastewater discharge permits evaluate in their applications the potential reuses of the discharged wastewater;

(f) (6) to require to be submitted and to approve plans and specifications for disposal systems or point sources, or any part thereof and to inspect the construction thereof for compliance with the approved plans and specifications thereof;

(g) (7) to prescribe and alter rules, not inconsistent with law, for the conduct of the agency and other matters within the scope of the powers granted to and imposed upon it by this chapter and, with respect to pollution of waters of the state, in chapter 116, provided that every rule affecting any other department or agency of the state or any person other than a member or employee of the agency shall be filed with the secretary of state;

(h) (8) to conduct such investigations, issue such notices, public and otherwise, and hold such hearings as are necessary or which it may deem advisable for the discharge of its duties under this chapter and, with respect to the pollution of waters of the state, under chapter 116, including, but not limited to, the issuance of permits, and to authorize any member, employee, or agent appointed by it to conduct such investigations or, issue such notices and hold such hearings;

(i) (9) for the purpose of water pollution control planning by the state and pursuant to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, to establish and revise planning areas, adopt plans and programs and continuing planning processes, including, but not limited to, basin plans and areawide waste treatment management plans, and to provide for the implementation of any such plans by means of, including, but not limited to, standards, plan elements, procedures for revision, intergovernmental cooperation, residual treatment process waste controls, and needs inventory and ranking for construction of disposal systems;

148.1	$\frac{(j)}{(10)}$ to train water pollution control personnel, and charge such fees therefor as are
148.2	for the training as necessary to cover the agency's costs. The fees under this clause are
148.3	subject to legislative approval under section 16A.1283. All such fees received shall be paid
148.4	into the state treasury and credited to the Pollution Control Agency training account;
148.5	$\frac{k}{(11)}$ to impose as additional conditions in permits to publicly owned disposal systems
148.6	appropriate measures to insure compliance by industrial and other users with any pretreatment
148.7	standard, including, but not limited to, those related to toxic pollutants, and any system of
148.8	user charges ratably as is hereby required under state law or said Federal Water Pollution
148.9	Control Act, as amended, or any regulations or guidelines promulgated thereunder;
148.10	(1) (12) to set a period not to exceed five years for the duration of any national pollutant
148.11	discharge elimination system permit or not to exceed ten years for any permit issued as a
148.12	state disposal system permit only;
148.13	(m) (13) to require each governmental subdivision identified as a permittee for a
148.14	wastewater treatment works to evaluate in every odd-numbered year the condition of its
148.15	existing system and identify future capital improvements that will be needed to attain or
148.16	maintain compliance with a national pollutant discharge elimination system or state disposal
148.17	system permit; and
148.18	(n) (14) to train subsurface sewage treatment system personnel, including persons who
148.19	design, construct, install, inspect, service, and operate subsurface sewage treatment systems,
148.20	and charge fees <u>for the training</u> as necessary to pay the agency's costs. <u>The fees under this</u>
148.21	clause are subject to legislative approval under section 16A.1283. All fees received must
148.22	be paid into the state treasury and credited to the agency's training account. Money in the
148.23	account is appropriated to the agency to pay expenses related to training.
148.24	(b) The information required in paragraph (a), clause (m) (13), must be submitted in
148.25	every odd-numbered year to the commissioner on a form provided by the commissioner.
148.26	The commissioner shall provide technical assistance if requested by the governmental
148.27	subdivision.
148.28	(c) The powers and duties given the agency in this subdivision also apply to permits
148.29	issued under chapter 114C.
148.30	Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
148.31	Subd. 5. Agency authority; national pollutant discharge elimination system. (a)

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respect to the pollution of waters of the state, in chapter 116, or otherwise, the agency shall

Notwithstanding any other provisions prescribed in or pursuant to this chapter and, with

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have the authority to perform any and all acts minimally necessary including, but not limited to, the establishment and application of standards, procedures, rules, orders, variances, stipulation agreements, schedules of compliance, and permit conditions, consistent with and, therefore not less stringent than the provisions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, applicable to the participation by the state of Minnesota in the national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES); provided that this provision shall not be construed as a limitation on any powers or duties otherwise residing with the agency pursuant to any provision of law.

(b) An activity that conveys or connects waters of the state without subjecting the transferred water to intervening industrial, municipal, or commercial use does not require a national pollutant discharge elimination system permit. This exemption does not apply to pollutants introduced by the activity itself to the water being transferred.

Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5e. Sugar beet storage. The commissioner must not require a sugar beet company that has a current national pollutant discharge elimination system permit or state disposal system permit to install an engineered liner for a storm water runoff pond at a remote storage site for sugar beets unless a risk assessment confirms that there is significant impact on groundwater and that an engineered liner is necessary to prevent, control, or abate water pollution. For purposes of this subdivision, "remote storage site for sugar beets" means an area where sugar beets are temporarily stored before delivery to a sugar beet processing facility and that is not located on land adjacent to the processing facility.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.035, is amended to read:

115.035 EXTERNAL PEER REVIEW OF WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

(a) When the commissioner convenes an external peer review panel during the promulgation or amendment of water quality standards, the commissioner must provide notice and take public comment on the charge questions for the external peer review panel and must allow written and oral public comment as part of the external peer review panel process. Every new or revised numeric water quality standard must be supported by a technical support document that provides the scientific basis for the proposed standard and that has undergone external, scientific peer review. Numeric water quality standards in which the agency is adopting, without change, a United States Environmental Protection

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150.1	Agency criterion that has been through peer review are not subject to this paragraph.
150.2	Documentation of the external peer review panel, including the name or names of the peer
150.3	reviewer or reviewers, must be included in the statement of need and reasonableness for
150.4	the water quality standard. If the commissioner does not convene an external peer review
150.5	panel during the promulgation or amendment of water quality standards, the commissioner
150.6	must state the reason an external peer review panel will not be convened in the statement
150.7	of need and reasonableness.
150.8	(b) Every technical support document developed by the agency must be released in draf
150.9	form for public comment before peer review and before finalizing the technical support
150.10	document.
150.11	(c) The commissioner must provide public notice and information about the external
150.12	peer review through the request for comments published at the beginning of the rulemaking
150.13	process for the numeric water quality standard, and:
150.14	(1) the request for comments must identify the draft technical support document and
150.15	where the document can be found;
150.16	(2) the request for comments must include a proposed charge for the external peer review
150.17	and request comments on the charge;
150.18	(3) all comments received during the public comment period must be made available to
150.19	the external peer reviewers; and
150.20	(4) if the agency is not soliciting external peer review because the agency is adopting a
150.21	United States Environmental Protection Agency criterion without change, that must be
150.22	noted in the request for comments.
150.23	(d) The purpose of the external peer review is to evaluate whether the technical support
150.24	document and proposed standard are based on sound scientific knowledge, methods, and
150.25	practices. The external peer review must be conducted according to the guidance in the
150.26	most recent edition of the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Peer Review
150.27	Handbook. Peer reviewers must not have participated in developing the scientific basis of
150.28	the standard. Peer reviewers must disclose any activities or circumstances that could pose
150.29	a conflict of interest or create an appearance of a loss of impartiality that could interfere
150.30	with an objective review.
150.31	(e) The type of review and the number of peer reviewers depends on the nature of the
150.32	science underlying the standard. A panel review must be used when the agency is developing

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significant new science or science that expands significantly beyond current documented scientific practices or principles.

- (f) In response to the findings of the external peer review, the agency must revise the draft technical support document as appropriate. The findings of the external peer review must be documented and attached to the final technical support document, which must be an exhibit as part of the statement of need and reasonableness in the rulemaking to adopt the new or revised water quality standard. The agency must note changes in the final technical support document made in response to the external peer review.
- (b) (g) By December 15 each year, the commissioner shall must post on the agency's website a report identifying the water quality standards development work in progress or completed in the past year, the lead agency scientist for each development effort, and opportunities for public input.
- Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.44, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. Adopting and modifying standards. The adoption, alteration, or modification of the standards of quality and purity in subdivision 4 shall must be made by the agency in accordance with chapter 14. Additionally, the adoption of a new standard or the alteration or modification of an existing standard that makes the standard more stringent does not take effect until the Pollution Control Agency obtains a social permit to adopt the standard, alteration, or modification. For purposes of this subdivision, the Pollution Control Agency obtains a social permit when a resolution in support of the new or modified standard is adopted by the board of county commissioners of every county in Minnesota.
- Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.455, is amended to read:

115.455 EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS; COMPLIANCE.

- To the extent allowable under federal law, for a municipality that constructs a publicly owned treatment works or for an industrial national pollutant discharge elimination system and state disposal system permit holder that constructs a treatment works facility to comply with a new or modified effluent limitation, compliance with any new or modified effluent limitation adopted after construction begins that would require additional capital investment is required no sooner than 16 years after the date the facility begins operating.
- 151.30 Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.77, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Fees.** The agency shall collect fees in amounts necessary, but no greater than the amounts necessary, to cover the reasonable costs of reviewing applications and

issuing certifications. The fees under this subdivision are subject to legislative approval under section 16A.1283.

- Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.84, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Rules.** The agency may adopt rules to govern certification of laboratories
- according to this section. Notwithstanding section 16A.1283, the agency may adopt rules
- 152.6 establishing fees.
- Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.84, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Fees.** (a) Until the agency adopts a rule establishing fees for certification, the
- agency shall collect fees from laboratories registering with the agency, but not accredited
- by the commissioner of health under sections 144.97 to 144.99, in amounts necessary to
- 152.11 cover the reasonable costs of the certification program, including reviewing applications,
- issuing certifications, and conducting audits and compliance assistance. The fees under this
- paragraph are subject to legislative approval under section 16A.1283.
- (b) Fees under this section must be based on the number, type, and complexity of
- analytical methods that laboratories are certified to perform.
- (c) Revenue from fees charged by the agency for certification shall must be credited to
- 152.17 the environmental fund.
- Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115A.51, is amended to read:
- 152.19 **115A.51 APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.**
- (a) Applications for assistance under the program shall must demonstrate:
- 152.21 $\frac{\text{(a)}(1)}{\text{(b)}}$ that the project is conceptually and technically feasible;
- $\frac{\text{(b)}(2)}{\text{(b)}(2)}$ that affected political subdivisions are committed to implement the project, to
- 152.23 provide necessary local financing, and to accept and exercise the government powers
- 152.24 necessary to the project;
- (e) (3) that operating revenues from the project, considering the availability and security
- of sources of solid waste and of markets for recovered resources, together with any proposed
- 152.27 federal, state, or local financial assistance, will be sufficient to pay all costs over the projected
- 152.28 life of the project;
- (d) (4) that the applicant has evaluated the feasible and prudent alternatives to disposal,
- including using existing solid waste management facilities with reasonably available capacity

Article 3 Sec. 116.

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shall be managed to maximize long-term gain through the State Board of Investment. Money

in the fund may only be spent by the commissioner after fiscal year 2020 in accordance

with sections 115B.39 to 115B.444 as appropriated by law.

154.1	Sec. 117. [115B.55]	TCE EMISSION	RESPONSE ACCOUNT	

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section and section 115B.56, the terms in this subdivision have the meanings given.
- 154.4 (b) "Settlement" means the stipulation agreement entered into on March 1, 2019, to 154.5 resolve alleged unlawful TCE emissions by Water Gremlin Company.
- 154.6 (c) "TCE" means trichloroethylene.
- (d) "TCE area of concern" includes the area in and near White Bear Township affected
 by unlawful emissions of TCE, as determined by the commissioner of the Pollution Control
 Agency.
- Subd. 2. Establishment. The TCE emission response account is established as an account in the environmental fund. The account consists of the net proceeds of the civil penalty paid to the Pollution Control Agency as part of the settlement and earnings on the investment of money in the account. Money in the account may be invested through the State Board of Investment.
- Subd. 3. Expenditures. Subject to appropriation by the legislature, money in the account may be spent to assess and address the effects of unlawful emissions of TCE in the TCE area of concern.

154.18 Sec. 118. **[115B.56] TCE EMISSION STAKEHOLDERS.**

- The commissioner must work with the following stakeholders to identify and recommend 154.19 to the legislature projects to receive funding from the TCE emission response account: a 154.20 representative of the Minnesota Department of Health; a representative of the Minnesota 154.21 Pollution Control Agency; an elected official from the city of Gem Lake; an elected official 154.22 from the city of White Bear Lake; an elected official from White Bear Township; three 154.23 individuals appointed by the Neighborhood Concerned Citizens Group serving the White 154.24 Bear Township, White Bear Lake, and Gem Lake areas; an individual who is appointed by 154.25 the Neighborhood Concerned Citizens Group who lives within half of one mile of the Water 154.26 Gremlin facility that was the source of the TCE emissions described in the settlement; and 154.27 a representative of Ramsey County, who shall be a nonvoting member. Stakeholder 154.28 154.29 recommendations may include recommendations regarding:
- 154.30 (1) the broad purposes or specific projects for which money in the TCE emission response 154.31 account should be appropriated;
- 154.32 (2) the need for additional testing, investigations, or research;

155.1	(3) ways to improve communication between state and federal officials and local
155.2	governments, citizens, and businesses when hazardous chemicals are actually or potentially
155.3	released into a community;
155.4	(4) policy or law changes that would facilitate a better response to future releases of
155.5	hazardous chemicals; and
155.6	(5) any other matter the stakeholders deem relevant.
155.7	Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
155.8	Subdivision 1. Office. (a) The Office of Commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency
155.9	is created and is under the supervision and control of the commissioner, who is appointed
155.10	by the governor under the provisions of section 15.06.
155.11	(b) The commissioner may appoint a deputy commissioner and up to three assistant
155.12	commissioners who shall be are in the unclassified service.
155.13	(c) The commissioner shall make all decisions on behalf of the agency.
155.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
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155.15	Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
155.16	to read:
155.17	Subd. 3a. Grant administrative costs. The commissioner of the Pollution Control
155.18	Agency shall use no more than three percent of any grant money for administering grant
155.19	programs, delivering technical services, providing fiscal oversight, and ensuring
155.20	accountability. For purposes of this subdivision, "grant money" means any money to be
155.21	disbursed as a grant or administered as a grant by the Pollution Control Agency, regardless
155.22	of its source.
155.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
155.24	applies to grants disbursed on or after that date.
155.25	Sec. 121. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
155.26	Subd 2 Adopting standards (a) The Pollution Control Agency shall improve air
155.26	Subd. 2. Adopting standards. (a) The Pollution Control Agency shall improve air
155.27	quality by promoting, in the most practicable way possible, the use of energy sources and
155.28	waste disposal methods which that produce or emit the least air contaminants consistent
155.29	with the agency's overall goal of reducing all forms of pollution. The agency shall also adopt
155.30	standards of air quality, including maximum allowable standards of emission of air
155.31	contaminants from motor vehicles, recognizing that due to because of variable factors, no

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single standard of purity of air is applicable to all areas of the state. In adopting standards, the Pollution Control Agency shall give due recognition to the fact that the quantity or characteristics of air contaminants or the duration of their presence in the atmosphere, which may cause air pollution in one area of the state, may cause less or not cause any air pollution in another area of the state, and it shall take into consideration in this connection such factors, including others which that it may deem proper, as existing physical conditions, zoning classifications, topography, prevailing wind directions and velocities, and the fact that a standard of air quality which that may be proper as to an essentially residential area of the state, may not be proper as to a highly developed industrial area of the state. Such standards of air quality shall must be premised upon scientific knowledge of causes as well as effects based on technically substantiated criteria and commonly accepted practices. No local government unit shall set standards of air quality which that are more stringent than those set by the Pollution Control Agency. Consistent with this recognition of the variability of air contamination levels and conditions across the state, the agency must not apply or enforce a national or state ambient air quality standard as an applicable standard for an individual source under an individual facility permit issued according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 70, unless the permittee is a temporary source issued a permit under United States Code, title 42, section 7661c, paragraph (e).

- (b) The Pollution Control Agency shall promote solid waste disposal control by encouraging the updating of collection systems, elimination of open dumps, and improvements in incinerator practices. The agency shall also adopt standards for the control of the collection, transportation, storage, processing, and disposal of solid waste and sewage sludge for the prevention and abatement of water, air, and land pollution, recognizing that due to because of variable factors, no single standard of control is applicable to all areas of the state. In adopting standards, the Pollution Control Agency shall give due recognition to the fact that elements of control which that may be reasonable and proper in densely populated areas of the state may be unreasonable and improper in sparsely populated or remote areas of the state, and it shall take into consideration in this connection such factors, including others which that it may deem proper, as existing physical conditions, topography, soils and geology, climate, transportation, and land use. Such standards of control shall must be premised on technical criteria and commonly accepted practices.
- (c) The Pollution Control Agency shall also adopt standards describing the maximum levels of noise in terms of sound pressure level which that may occur in the outdoor atmosphere, recognizing that due to because of variable factors no single standard of sound pressure is applicable to all areas of the state. Such standards shall must give due

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consideration to such factors as the intensity of noises, the types of noises, the frequency with which noises recur, the time period for which noises continue, the times of day during which noises occur, and such other factors as could affect the extent to which noises may be injurious to human health or welfare, animal or plant life, or property, or could interfere unreasonably with the enjoyment of life or property. In adopting standards, the Pollution Control Agency shall give due recognition to the fact that the quantity or characteristics of noise or the duration of its presence in the outdoor atmosphere, which may cause noise pollution in one area of the state, may cause less or not cause any noise pollution in another area of the state, and it shall take into consideration in this connection such factors, including others which that it may deem proper, as existing physical conditions, zoning classifications, topography, meteorological conditions, and the fact that a standard which that may be proper in an essentially residential area of the state, may not be proper as to in a highly developed industrial area of the state. Such noise standards shall must be premised upon scientific knowledge as well as effects based on technically substantiated criteria and commonly accepted practices. No local governing unit shall set standards describing the maximum levels of sound pressure which that are more stringent than those set by the Pollution Control Agency.

- (d) The Pollution Control Agency shall adopt standards for the identification of hazardous waste and for the management, identification, labeling, classification, storage, collection, transportation, processing, and disposal of hazardous waste, recognizing that due to because of variable factors, a single standard of hazardous waste control may not be applicable to all areas of the state. In adopting standards, the Pollution Control Agency shall recognize that elements of control which that may be reasonable and proper in densely populated areas of the state may be unreasonable and improper in sparsely populated or remote areas of the state. The agency shall consider existing physical conditions, topography, soils, and geology, climate, transportation, and land use. Standards of hazardous waste control shall must be premised on technical knowledge, and commonly accepted practices. Hazardous waste generator licenses may be issued for a term not to exceed five years. No local government unit shall set standards of hazardous waste control which that are in conflict or inconsistent with those set by the Pollution Control Agency.
- (e) A person who generates less than 100 kilograms of hazardous waste per month is exempt from the following agency hazardous waste rules:
- (1) rules relating to transportation, manifesting, storage, and labeling for photographic 157.33 fixer and x-ray negative wastes that are hazardous solely because of silver content; and 157.34

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158.1	(2) any rule requiring the generator to send to the agency or commissioner a copy of
158.2	each manifest for the transportation of hazardous waste for off-site treatment, storage, or
158.3	disposal, except that counties within the metropolitan area may require generators to provide
158.4	manifests.
158.5	Nothing in this paragraph exempts the generator from the agency's rules relating to on-site
158.6	accumulation or outdoor storage. A political subdivision or other local unit of government
158.7	may not adopt management requirements that are more restrictive than this paragraph.
158.8	(f) In any rulemaking proceeding under chapter 14 to adopt standards for air quality,
158.9	solid waste, or hazardous waste under this chapter, or standards for water quality under
158.10	chapter 115, the statement of need and reasonableness must include:
158.11	(1) an assessment of any differences between the proposed rule and:
158.12	(i) existing federal standards adopted under the Clean Air Act, United States Code, title
158.13	42, section 7412(b)(2); the Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, sections 1312(a)
158.14	and 1313(c)(4); and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, United States Code, title
158.15	42, section 6921(b)(1);
158.16	(ii) similar standards in states bordering Minnesota; and
158.17	(iii) similar standards in states within the Environmental Protection Agency Region 5;
158.18	and
158.19	(2) a specific analysis of the need and reasonableness of each difference.
158.20	If the proposed standards in a rulemaking subject to this paragraph are more stringent than
158.21	comparable federal standards, the statement of need and reasonableness must, in addition
158.22	to the requirements of this paragraph, include documentation that the federal standard does
158.23	not provide adequate protection for public health and the environment.
158.24	(g) In any rulemaking proceeding under chapter 14 to adopt standards for air quality,
158.25	solid waste, or hazardous waste under this chapter or standards for water quality under
158.26	chapter 115, each standard must be expressed in a standard measurement unit of milliliter
158.27	(ml) for liquids and milligram (mg) for solids.
158.28	Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.07, subdivision 4d, is amended to read:
158.29	Subd. 4d. Permit fees. (a) The agency may collect permit fees in amounts not greater
158.30	than those necessary to cover the reasonable costs of developing, reviewing, and acting
158.31	upon applications for agency permits and implementing and enforcing the conditions of the

permits pursuant to agency rules. Permit fees shall must not include the costs of litigation.

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The fee schedule must reflect reasonable and routine direct and indirect costs associated with permitting, implementation, and enforcement. The agency may impose an additional enforcement fee to be collected for a period of up to two years to cover the reasonable costs of implementing and enforcing the conditions of a permit under the rules of the agency.

Water fees under this paragraph are subject to legislative approval under section 16A.1283.

Any money collected under this paragraph shall must be deposited in the environmental fund.

- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the agency shall collect an annual fee from the owner or operator of all stationary sources, emission facilities, emissions units, air contaminant treatment facilities, treatment facilities, potential air contaminant storage facilities, or storage facilities subject to a notification, permit, or license requirement under this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., or rules adopted thereunder. The annual fee shall must be used to pay for all direct and indirect reasonable costs, including legal costs, required to develop and administer the notification, permit, or license program requirements of this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., or rules adopted thereunder. Those costs include the reasonable costs of reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit; implementing and enforcing statutes, rules, and the terms and conditions of a permit; emissions, ambient, and deposition monitoring; preparing generally applicable regulations; responding to federal guidance; modeling, analyses, and demonstrations; preparing inventories and tracking emissions; and providing information to the public about these activities.
 - (c) The agency shall set fees that:
- (1) will result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each volatile organic compound; pollutant regulated under United States Code, title 42, section 7411 or 7412 (section 111 or 112 of the federal Clean Air Act); and each pollutant, except carbon monoxide, for which a national primary ambient air quality standard has been promulgated;
- (2) may result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each pollutant not listed in clause (1) that is regulated under this chapter or air quality rules adopted under this chapter; and
- 159.32 (3) shall collect, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), the amount needed to match grant funds received by the state under United States Code, title 42, section 7405 (section 105 of the federal Clean Air Act).

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The agency must not include in the calculation of the aggregate amount to be collected under clauses (1) and (2) any amount in excess of 4,000 tons per year of each air pollutant from a source. The increase in air permit fees to match federal grant funds shall be is a surcharge on existing fees. The commissioner may not collect the surcharge after the grant funds become unavailable. In addition, the commissioner shall use nonfee funds to the extent practical to match the grant funds so that the fee surcharge is minimized.

- (d) To cover the reasonable costs described in paragraph (b), the agency shall provide in the rules promulgated under paragraph (c) for an increase in the fee collected in each year by the percentage, if any, by which the Consumer Price Index for the most recent calendar year ending before the beginning of the year the fee is collected exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the calendar year 1989. For purposes of this paragraph, the Consumer Price Index for any calendar year is the average of the Consumer Price Index for all-urban consumers published by the United States Department of Labor, as of the close of the 12-month period ending on August 31 of each calendar year. The revision of the Consumer Price Index that is most consistent with the Consumer Price Index for calendar year 1989 shall must be used.
- (e) Any money collected under paragraphs (b) to (d) must be deposited in the environmental fund and must be used solely for the activities listed in paragraph (b).
- (f) Permit applicants who wish to construct, reconstruct, or modify a project may offer to reimburse the agency for the costs of staff time or consultant services needed to expedite the preapplication process and permit development process through the final decision on the permit, including the analysis of environmental review documents. The reimbursement 160.22 shall be is in addition to permit application fees imposed by law. When the agency determines that it needs additional resources to develop the permit application in an expedited manner, and that expediting the development is consistent with permitting program priorities, the 160.25 agency may accept the reimbursement. The commissioner must give the applicant an estimate of costs to be incurred by the commissioner. The estimate must include a brief description 160.27 of the tasks to be performed, a schedule for completing the tasks, and the estimated cost for 160.28 each task. The applicant and the commissioner must enter into a written agreement detailing 160.29 the estimated costs for the expedited permit decision-making process to be incurred by the 160.30 agency. The agreement must also identify staff anticipated to be assigned to the project. The commissioner must not issue a permit until the applicant has paid all fees in full. The commissioner must refund any unobligated balance of fees paid. Reimbursements accepted 160.33 by the agency are appropriated to the agency for the purpose of developing the permit or 160.34 analyzing environmental review documents. Reimbursement by a permit applicant shall 160.35

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must precede and not be contingent upon issuance of a permit; shall must not affect the agency's decision on whether to issue or deny a permit, what conditions are included in a permit, or the application of state and federal statutes and rules governing permit determinations; and shall must not affect final decisions regarding environmental review.

(g) The fees under this subdivision are exempt from section 16A.1285.

- Sec. 123. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.07, is amended by adding a subdivision 161.6 to read: 161.7
- Subd. 13. **Unadopted rules.** (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency 161.8 must not enforce or attempt to enforce an unadopted rule. For purposes of this subdivision, 161.9 "unadopted rule" means a guideline, bulletin, criterion, manual standard, interpretive statement, or similar pronouncement if the guideline, bulletin, criterion, manual standard, 161.11 interpretive statement, or similar pronouncement meets the definition of a rule as defined 161.12 under section 14.02, subdivision 4, but has not been adopted according to the rulemaking 161.13 process provided under chapter 14. If an unadopted rule is challenged under section 14.381, 161.14 the commissioner must overcome a presumption against the unadopted rule. 161.15
- 161.16 (b) If the commissioner incorporates by reference an internal guideline, bulletin, criterion, manual standard, interpretive statement, or similar pronouncement into a statute, rule, or 161.17 standard, the commissioner must follow the rulemaking process provided under chapter 14 161.18 to amend or revise any such guideline, bulletin, criterion, manual standard, interpretive 161.19 161.20 statement, or similar pronouncement.
- Sec. 124. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.0714, is amended to read: 161.21

116.0714 NEW OPEN-AIR SWINE BASINS. 161.22

- 161.23 (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency or a county board shall not approve any permits for the construction of new open-air swine basins, except that existing 161.24 facilities may use one basin of less than 1,000,000 gallons as part of a permitted waste 161.25 treatment program for resolving pollution problems or to allow conversion of an existing basin of less than 1,000,000 gallons to a different animal type, provided all standards are 161.28 met. This section expires June 30, 2022.
- (b) This section does not apply to basins used solely for wastewater from truck-washing 161.29 161.30 facilities.

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- Sec. 125. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.993, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 162.1
- Subd. 2. **Eligible borrower.** To be eligible for a loan under this section, a borrower 162.2 must: 162.3
- (1) be a small business corporation, sole proprietorship, partnership, or association; 162.4
- (2) be a potential emitter of pollutants to the air, ground, or water; 162.5
- (3) need capital for equipment purchases that will meet or exceed environmental 162.6 regulations or need capital for site investigation and cleanup; 162.7
- (4) have less than 50 100 full-time equivalent employees; and 162.8
- (5) have an after tax profit of less than \$500,000; and. 162.9
- (6) have a net worth of less than \$1,000,000. 162.10
- Sec. 126. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.993, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 162.11
- 162.12 Subd. 6. Loan conditions. A loan made under this section must include:
- (1) an interest rate that is four percent or at or below one-half the prime rate, whichever 162.13 is greater not to exceed five percent; 162.14
- (2) a term of payment of not more than seven years; and 162.15
- 162.16 (3) an amount not less than \$1,000 or exceeding \$50,000 \$75,000.
- Sec. 127. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116D.04, subdivision 2a, is amended to read: 162.17

Subd. 2a. When prepared. (a) Where there is potential for significant environmental

- effects resulting from any major governmental action, the action shall must be preceded by 162.19 a detailed environmental impact statement prepared by the responsible governmental unit. 162.20
- The environmental impact statement shall must be an analytical rather than an encyclopedic 162.21
- document which that describes the proposed action in detail, analyzes its significant 162.22
- environmental impacts, discusses appropriate alternatives to the proposed action and their 162.23
- 162.24 impacts, and explores methods by which adverse environmental impacts of an action could
- be mitigated. The environmental impact statement shall must also analyze those economic, 162.25
- employment, and sociological effects that cannot be avoided should the action be 162.26
- implemented. To ensure its use in the decision-making process, the environmental impact 162.27
- statement shall must be prepared as early as practical in the formulation of an action. 162.28
- 162.29 (b) The board shall by rule establish categories of actions for which environmental impact statements and for which environmental assessment worksheets shall must be prepared 162.30

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as well as categories of actions for which no environmental review is required under this section. A mandatory environmental assessment worksheet is not required for the expansion of an ethanol plant, as defined in section 41A.09, subdivision 2a, paragraph (b), or the conversion of an ethanol plant to a biobutanol facility or the expansion of a biobutanol facility as defined in section 41A.15, subdivision 2d, based on the capacity of the expanded or converted facility to produce alcohol fuel, but must be required if the ethanol plant or biobutanol facility meets or exceeds thresholds of other categories of actions for which environmental assessment worksheets must be prepared. The responsible governmental unit for an ethanol plant or biobutanol facility project for which an environmental assessment worksheet is prepared is the state agency with the greatest responsibility for supervising or approving the project as a whole.

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- (c) A mandatory environmental impact statement is not required for a facility or plant located outside the seven-county metropolitan area that produces less than 125,000,000 gallons of ethanol, biobutanol, or cellulosic biofuel annually, or produces less than 400,000 tons of chemicals annually, if the facility or plant is: an ethanol plant, as defined in section 41A.09, subdivision 2a, paragraph (b); a biobutanol facility, as defined in section 41A.15, subdivision 2d; or a cellulosic biofuel facility. A facility or plant that only uses a cellulosic feedstock to produce chemical products for use by another facility as a feedstock is not considered a fuel conversion facility as used in rules adopted under this chapter.
- (d) The responsible governmental unit shall promptly publish notice of the completion 163.20 of an environmental assessment worksheet by publishing the notice in at least one newspaper 163.21 of general circulation in the geographic area where the project is proposed, by posting the notice on a website that has been designated as the official publication site for publication of proceedings, public notices, and summaries of a political subdivision in which the project 163.24 is proposed, or in any other manner determined by the board and shall provide copies of 163.25 the environmental assessment worksheet to the board and its member agencies. Comments 163.26 on the need for an environmental impact statement may be submitted to the responsible 163.27 governmental unit during a 30-day period following publication of the notice that an environmental assessment worksheet has been completed. The 30-day comment period may not be extended unless approved by the project's proposer. The responsible governmental 163.30 unit's decision on the need for an environmental impact statement shall must be based on 163.31 the environmental assessment worksheet and the comments received during the comment 163 32 period, and shall must be made within 15 days after the close of the comment period. The 163.33 board's chair may extend the 15-day period by not more than 15 additional days upon the 163.34 request of the responsible governmental unit. 163.35

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(e) An environmental assessment worksheet shall must also be prepared for a proposed action whenever material evidence accompanying a petition by not less than 100 individuals who reside or own property in the state, submitted before the proposed project has received final approval by the appropriate governmental units, demonstrates that, because of the nature or location of a proposed action, there may be potential for significant environmental effects. Petitions requesting the preparation of an environmental assessment worksheet shall must be submitted to the board. The chair of the board shall determine the appropriate responsible governmental unit and forward the petition to it. A decision on the need for an environmental assessment worksheet shall must be made by the responsible governmental unit within 15 days after the petition is received by the responsible governmental unit. The board's chair may extend the 15-day period by not more than 15 additional days upon request of the responsible governmental unit.

- 164.13 (f) Except in an environmentally sensitive location where Minnesota Rules, part 4410.4300, subpart 29, item B, applies, the proposed action is exempt from environmental 164.14 review under this chapter and rules of the board, if: 164.15
- (1) the proposed action is: 164.16
- (i) an animal feedlot facility with a capacity of less than 1,000 animal units; or 164.17
- (ii) an expansion of an existing animal feedlot facility with a total cumulative capacity 164.18 of less than 1,000 animal units; 164.19
- (2) the application for the animal feedlot facility includes a written commitment by the 164.20 proposer to design, construct, and operate the facility in full compliance with Pollution 164.21 Control Agency feedlot rules; and 164.22
 - (3) the county board holds a public meeting for citizen input at least ten business days before the Pollution Control Agency or county issuing a feedlot permit for the animal feedlot facility unless another public meeting for citizen input has been held with regard to the feedlot facility to be permitted. The exemption in this paragraph is in addition to other exemptions provided under other law and rules of the board.
 - (g) The board may, before final approval of a proposed project, require preparation of an environmental assessment worksheet by a responsible governmental unit selected by the board for any action where environmental review under this section has not been specifically provided for by rule or otherwise initiated.
- (h) An early and open process shall must be utilized used to limit the scope of the 164.32 environmental impact statement to a discussion of those impacts that, because of the nature

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or location of the project, have the potential for significant environmental effects. The same process shall must be utilized used to determine the form, content, and level of detail of the statement as well as the alternatives that are appropriate for consideration in the statement. In addition, the permits that will be required for the proposed action shall must be identified during the scoping process. Further, the process shall must identify those permits for which information will be developed concurrently with the environmental impact statement. The board shall provide in its rules for the expeditious completion of the scoping process. The determinations reached in the process shall must be incorporated into the order requiring the preparation of an environmental impact statement.

(i) The responsible governmental unit shall, to the extent practicable, avoid duplication and ensure coordination between state and federal environmental review and between environmental review and environmental permitting. Whenever practical, information needed by a governmental unit for making final decisions on permits or other actions required for a proposed project shall must be developed in conjunction with the preparation of an environmental impact statement. When an environmental impact statement is prepared for a project requiring multiple permits for which two or more agencies' decision processes include either mandatory or discretionary hearings before a hearing officer before the agencies' decision on the permit, the agencies may, notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, conduct the hearings in a single consolidated hearing process if requested by the proposer. All agencies having jurisdiction over a permit that is included in the consolidated hearing shall participate. The responsible governmental unit shall establish appropriate procedures for the consolidated hearing process, including procedures to ensure that the consolidated hearing process is consistent with the applicable requirements for each permit regarding the rights and duties of parties to the hearing, and shall utilize use the earliest applicable hearing procedure to initiate the hearing. All agencies having jurisdiction over a permit identified in the draft environmental assessment worksheet scoping document must begin reviewing any permit application upon publication of the notice of preparation of the environmental impact statement.

(j) An environmental impact statement shall must be prepared and its adequacy determined within 280 days after notice of its preparation unless the time is extended by consent of the parties or by the governor for good cause. The responsible governmental unit shall determine the adequacy of an environmental impact statement, unless within 60 days after notice is published that an environmental impact statement will be prepared, the board chooses to determine the adequacy of an environmental impact statement. If an environmental

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impact statement is found to be inadequate, the responsible governmental unit shall have has 60 days to prepare an adequate environmental impact statement.

- (k) The proposer of a specific action may include in the information submitted to the responsible governmental unit a preliminary draft environmental impact statement under this section on that action for review, modification, and determination of completeness and adequacy by the responsible governmental unit. A preliminary draft environmental impact statement prepared by the project proposer and submitted to the responsible governmental unit shall must identify or include as an appendix all studies and other sources of information used to substantiate the analysis contained in the preliminary draft environmental impact statement. The responsible governmental unit shall require additional studies, if needed, and obtain from the project proposer all additional studies and information necessary for the responsible governmental unit to perform its responsibility to review, modify, and determine the completeness and adequacy of the environmental impact statement.
- Sec. 128. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 216G.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Pipeline.** "Pipeline" means a pipeline owned or operated by a condemning 166.16 authority, as defined in section 117.025, subdivision 4, located in this state which that is used to transport natural or synthetic gas at a pressure of more than 90 pounds per square inch, or to transport crude petroleum or petroleum fuels or oil or their derivatives, coal, 166.18 anhydrous ammonia or any mineral slurry to a distribution center or storage facility which 166.19 that is located within or outside of this state. "Pipeline" does not include a pipeline owned or operated by a natural gas public utility as defined in section 216B.02, subdivision 4.
 - Sec. 129. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 282.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Sale; method; requirements; effects. (a) The sale authorized under subdivision 166.23 3 must be conducted by the county auditor at the county seat of the county in which the 166.24 parcels lie, except that in St. Louis and Koochiching Counties, the sale may be conducted 166.25 in any eounty designated facility within the county. The sale must not be for less than the 166.26 appraised value except as provided in subdivision 7a. The parcels must be sold for cash 166.27 only, unless the county board of the county has adopted a resolution providing for their sale 166.28 on terms, in which event the resolution controls with respect to the sale. When the sale is 166.29 made on terms other than for cash only (1) a payment of at least ten percent of the purchase 166.30 price must be made at the time of purchase, and the balance must be paid in no more than 166.31 ten equal annual installments, or (2) the payments must be made in accordance with county 166.32 board policy, but in no event may the board require more than 12 installments annually, 166.33

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and the contract term must not be for more than ten years. Standing timber or timber products must not be removed from these lands until an amount equal to the appraised value of all standing timber or timber products on the lands at the time of purchase has been paid by the purchaser. If a parcel of land bearing standing timber or timber products is sold at public auction for more than the appraised value, the amount bid in excess of the appraised value must be allocated between the land and the timber in proportion to their respective appraised values. In that case, standing timber or timber products must not be removed from the land until the amount of the excess bid allocated to timber or timber products has been paid in addition to the appraised value of the land. The purchaser is entitled to immediate possession, subject to the provisions of any existing valid lease made in behalf of the state.

- (b) For sales occurring on or after July 1, 1982, the unpaid balance of the purchase price is subject to interest at the rate determined pursuant to section 549.09. The unpaid balance of the purchase price for sales occurring after December 31, 1990, is subject to interest at the rate determined in section 279.03, subdivision 1a. The interest rate is subject to change each year on the unpaid balance in the manner provided for rate changes in section 549.09 or 279.03, subdivision 1a, whichever, is applicable. Interest on the unpaid contract balance on sales occurring before July 1, 1982, is payable at the rate applicable to the sale at the time that the sale occurred.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision 7, a county board may by resolution provide for the listing and sale of individual parcels by other means, including through a real estate broker. However, if the buyer under this paragraph could have repurchased a parcel of property under section 282.012 or 282.241, that buyer may not purchase that same parcel of property at the sale under this subdivision for a purchase price less than the sum of all taxes, assessments, penalties, interest, and costs due at the time of forfeiture computed under section 282.251, and any special assessments for improvements certified as of the date of sale. This subdivision shall be liberally construed to encourage the sale and utilization of tax-forfeited land in order to eliminate nuisances and dangerous conditions and to increase compliance with land use ordinances.
- Sec. 130. Laws 2012, chapter 236, section 28, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 2016, 167.29 chapter 154, section 9, is amended to read: 167.30
- Subd. 2. Method of sale. (a) The leaseholder of a leased parcel may purchase at private 167.31 sale the leased parcel and any other lands allocated to the parcel by the county under 167.32 167.33 subdivision 6 that is offered for sale under this section. The purchase price is the appraised value of the land under subdivision 3 exclusive of improvements on it. To purchase a parcel,

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a leaseholder must pay in cash to the county an amount equal to the appraised value of the land within 180 days from the date of mailing to or service of notice of appraised value to the leaseholder by the county. The 180-day period runs from the date of mailing of a copy of the appraisal to the leaseholder at the address shown upon the most recent lease agreement between the parties, exclusive of the date of mailing or service. The county may use any alternative method of notice under the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure for the service of a summons and complaint.

- 168.8 (b) If the leaseholder does not purchase the parcel so offered, the county may offer the lands for sale under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 282.01, subdivision 7. If 168.9 a person other than the leaseholder purchases the parcel, the purchaser must make payment 168.10 in full to the leaseholder in the manner provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 92.06, 168.11 subdivision 4, for the value of any improvements as determined under subdivision 3 or for the value of any improvements as determined through negotiations. 168.13
- (c) Failure of a purchaser to comply with the terms of payment voids the sale and the 168.14 property may be reoffered for sale. 168.15
- 168.16 Sec. 131. Laws 2012, chapter 236, section 28, subdivision 9, as amended by Laws 2016, chapter 154, section 11, is amended to read: 168.17
- Subd. 9. **Sunset.** This section expires seven ten years after the effective date. 168.18
- Sec. 132. Laws 2013, chapter 114, article 4, section 105, as amended by Laws 2017, 168 19 chapter 93, article 2, section 148, is amended to read: 168.20
- Sec. 105. RULES; SILICA SAND. 168.21
- (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency may adopt rules pertaining to 168.22 the control of particulate emissions from silica sand projects. The rulemaking is exempt 168.23 from Minnesota Statutes, section 14.125. 168.24
- 168.25 (b) The commissioner of natural resources shall adopt rules develop a model ordinance pertaining to the reclamation of silica sand mines. The rulemaking is exempt from Minnesota 168.26 Statutes, section 14.125 commissioner shall publish the model ordinance in the State Register. 168.27
- 168.28 (c) By January 1, 2014, the Department of Health shall adopt an air quality health-based value for silica sand. 168 29
- 168.30 (d) The Environmental Quality Board may amend its rules for environmental review, adopted under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116D, for silica sand mining and processing to 168.31

169.1	take into account the increased activity in the state and concerns over the size of specific
169.2	operations. The Environmental Quality Board shall consider whether the requirements of
169.3	Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.991, should remain part of the environmental review
169.4	requirements for silica sand and whether the requirements should be different for different
169.5	geographic areas of the state. The rulemaking is exempt from Minnesota Statutes, section
169.6	14.125.
169.7	Sec. 133. Laws 2017, chapter 93, article 2, section 155, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter
169.8	186, section 7, is amended to read:
169.9	Sec. 155. SAND DUNES STATE FOREST MANAGEMENT.
169.10	Subdivision 1. Forest management. When managing the Sand Dunes State Forest, the
169.11	commissioner of natural resources must:
169.12	(1) not convert additional land to oak savanna or convert oak savanna to nonforest land
169.13	unless it is done as a result of a contract entered into before the effective date of this section
169.14	not convert land within the forest to nonforest land and shall, to the extent practicable,
169.15	manage the forest to maximize forest cover and forest habitats. Forest stands must consist
169.16	of multiple ages and multiple species to maximize forest health and resiliency;
169.17	(2) manage rare features by focusing on species associated with forest habitats, wetlands,
169.18	and small forest openings;
169.19	(2) (3) require all prairie seeds planted to be from native species of a local ecotype to
169.20	Sherburne or Benton County; and
1.60.01	
169.21	(3) (4) comply with the Minnesota Forest Resources Council's guidelines for aesthetics
169.22	in residential areas.
169.23	Subd. 2. Prescribed burns; notification. At least 40 days before conducting a prescribed
169.24	burn, the commissioner must:
169.25	(1) publish a notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the area;
169.26	(2) notify the county and township in writing; and
169.27	(3) notify residents within a quarter mile of the prescribed burn in writing.
169.28	Subd. 3. School trust lands. Nothing in this section restricts the ability of the
169.29	commissioner or the school trust lands director from managing school trust lands within
169.30	the Sand Dunes State Forest for long-term economic return.

170.1	Subd. 4. Township road. If the commissioner of natural resources finds that any portion
170.2	of 233rd Avenue within the Sand Dunes State Forest is not owned by the township, the
170.3	commissioner must convey an easement over and across state-owned lands administered
170.4	by the commissioner to the township under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.63, for the width
170.5	of 233rd Avenue. Notwithstanding the fee and market value payment requirements in
170.6	Minnesota Statutes, section 84.63, the commissioner shall convey easements to the township
170.7	at no cost, for existing roads currently maintained by the township across state-owned land
170.8	administered by the commissioner, located in Township 34N, Range 27W, Sections 15, 17,
170.9	20, 29, and 35 of Sherburne County, if the township lacks easements for the roads. In
170.10	addition, notwithstanding the fee and market value payment requirements in Minnesota
170.11	Statutes, section 84.63, the commissioner shall convey an easement to the township at no
170.12	cost for the existing road maintained by the township in the Northeast Quarter of the
170.13	Southeast Quarter, Section 36, Township 34N, Range 27W, Sherburne County, if the
170.14	township lacks an easement for such road. The commissioner may make necessary changes
170.15	to the legal description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
170.16	Subd. 4a. Annual meetings. The commissioner of natural resources must hold annual
170.17	meetings with local residents, stakeholders, and interested parties, including the school trust
170.18	lands director, to discuss upcoming plans for Sand Dunes State Forest. The meetings must
170.19	be informative and elicit input on proposed actions, including management options for
170.20	school trust lands located within the boundaries of Sand Dunes State Forest.
170.21	Subd. 5. Sunset. This section expires two years from the day following final enactment
170.22	January 1, 2025.
170.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
170.24	Sec. 134. ADDITION TO STATE PARK.
170.25	[85.012] [Subd. 23a.] Glendalough State Park, Otter Tail County.
170.26	The following areas are added to Glendalough State Park, Otter Tail County:
170.27	(1) Government Lot 2, Section 12, Township 133 North, Range 40 West, Otter Tail
170.28	County, Minnesota, subject to an existing conservation easement; and
170.29	(2) the West Half of the Southeast Quarter and Government Lots 2 and 3, Section 11,
170.30	Township 133 North, Range 40 West, Otter Tail County, Minnesota, except that part of
170.31	said Government Lot 2 platted as Walvatne Addition. Subject to an existing conservation
170.32	easement.

171.1 S	ec.	135.	DEL	ETION	FROM	STATE	PARK.
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- 171.2 **[85.012] [Subd. 49.] St. Croix State Park, Pine County.** The following area is deleted 171.3 from St. Croix State Park, Pine County: that part of the North Half of the Northwest Quarter 171.4 of Section 29 and that part of the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 30, 171.5 Township 41 North, Range 17 West, Pine County, Minnesota, lying north of County Road
- 171.6 <u>48.</u>

171.7 Sec. 136. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC

171.8 WATER; CARLTON COUNTY.

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45, 94.09, and 94.10, the commissioner of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c).
- (b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
- (c) The land that may be sold is located in Carlton County and is described as:
- 171.15 Government Lot 6, Section 1, Township 48 North, Range 19 West.
- 171.16 (d) The land borders Perch Lake and is not contiguous to other state lands. The

 Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural
 resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would be best served if
 the land were sold to a federally recognized Indian tribe for land consolidation purposes.

171.20 Sec. 137. PUBLIC SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC

171.21 WATER; CASS COUNTY.

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 92.45, the commissioner of natural resources may sell by public sale the surplus land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c).
- (b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
- 171.27 (c) The land that may be sold is located in Cass County and is described as: Lot 7, Block
 171.28 1, Dell's Sleepy Hollow, located in Section 22, Township 140 North, Range 29 West.
- 171.29 (d) The land borders Woman Lake and is not contiguous to other state lands. The
 171.30 Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural

resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would best be served if 172.1 172.2 the land was returned to private ownership. Sec. 138. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS LAND BORDERING PUBLIC WATER; 172.3 **HUBBARD COUNTY.** 172.4 (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45, 94.09, and 94.10, the 172.5 commissioner of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus lands bordering 172.6 public water that is described in paragraph (c) to Hubbard County for no consideration. 172.7 (b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal descriptions to correct 172.8 errors and ensure accuracy. 172.9 (c) The lands that may be conveyed are located in Hubbard County and are described 172.10 as: 172.11 (1) the East 285.00 feet of the West 660.00 feet of Government Lot 4 of Section 27, 172.12 172.13 Township 141 North, Range 34 West. Including all riparian rights to the contained 2.3 acres, more or less; and 172.14 172.15 (2) that part of Government Lot 2 of Section 34, Township 141 North, Range 34 West, 172.16 described as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of said Government Lot 2; thence South 89 degrees 172.17 27 minutes 15 seconds East, bearing assumed, along the north line of said Section 34 a 172.18 distance of 375.18 feet to the point of beginning; thence continuing South 89 degrees 172.19 27 minutes 15 seconds East along said north line a distance of 285.13 feet; thence South 172.20 02 degrees 01 minutes 46 seconds East along a line parallel with and 660.00 feet from 172.21 the west line of said Government Lot 2 a distance of 77.98 feet; thence North 88 degrees 172.22 14 minutes 48 seconds East a distance of 65.77 feet along a line which if continued 172.23 550.00 feet would intersect an angle iron previously used as the northeast corner of said 172.24 Government Lot 2; thence South 01 degrees 45 minutes 12 seconds East along a line 172.25 parallel with and 550.00 feet west of a previously established survey line a distance of 172.26 172.27 650.18 feet to the boundary line as established by that certain agreement between Richard Dusbabek and Jean Dusbabek, husband and wife, and Donald S. Olson and Betty Jane 172.28

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Olson, husband and wife, and filed for record on May 10, 1982, in the office of the

county recorder in Book 146 of Deeds, page 806; thence South 88 degrees 12 minutes

degrees 07 minutes 46 seconds West a distance of 663.07 feet; thence North 32 degrees

12 seconds West along said boundary line a distance of 179.39 feet; thence North 12

	SF2314 REVISOR	CKM	82314-2	2nd Engrossment
173.1	35 minutes 05 seconds We	st a distance of 101.	91 feet to the point of	beginning; containing
173.2	4.1 acres.			
173.3	(d) The lands border Big	Sand Lake. The De	partment of Natural 1	Resources has
173.4	determined that the lands are	not needed for natu	ıral resource purpose	es and that the state's
173.5	land management interests w	ould best be served	if the lands were con	nveyed to Hubbard
173.6	County.			
173.7	Sec. 139. PRIVATE SALE	OF TAX-FORFE	ITED LAND; ITAS	SCA COUNTY.
173.8	(a) Notwithstanding the p	ublic sale provision	s of Minnesota Statu	ites, chapter 282, or
173.9	other law to the contrary, Itas	ca County may sell	by private sale the t	ax-forfeited land
173.10	described in paragraph (c).			
173.11	(b) The conveyance must	be in a form appro-	ved by the attorney g	general. The attorney
173.12	general may make changes to	the land description	on to correct errors ar	nd ensure accuracy.
173.13	(c) The land to be sold is 1	ocated in Itasca Co	unty and is described	l as: the East 660 feet
173.14	of the West 990 feet of the Sou	uth 660 feet of the S	outhwest Quarter of t	he Southeast Quarter,
173.15	Section 7, Township 55 North	n, Range 24 West.		
173.16	(d) The county has determ	nined that the count	y's land managemen	t interests would best
173.17	be served if the lands were us	sed for a new broad	cast tower, transmitte	er, and transmission
173.18	<u>building.</u>			
173.19	Sec. 140. PUBLIC SALE	OF SHRPI HS ST	ATF I AND RORDI	FRING PURI IC
173.19			TE LAND BOND	EKING I OBEIC
173.21				
173.22	resources may sell by public	sale the surplus lan	d bordering public w	ater that is described
173.23	in paragraph (c).			
173.24	(b) The commissioner ma	y make necessary c	hanges to the legal d	lescription to correct
173.25	errors and ensure accuracy.			
173.26	(c) The land that may be s	old is located in Kar	nabec County and is	described as: that part
173.27	of the West 200 feet of the Ne	orthwest Quarter of	Section 13, Townsh	ip 42 North, Range
173.28	23 West, Kanabec County, M	innesota, lying nort	herly of the centerlin	ne of the Snake River.
173.29	(d) The land borders the S	Snake River and is 1	not contiguous to oth	er state lands. The

173.30 Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural

resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would best be served if
the land was returned to private ownership.

Sec. 141. PUBLIC SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC

174.4 WATER; OTTER TAIL COUNTY.

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- 174.5 (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 92.45, the commissioner of natural resources may sell by public sale the surplus land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c).
- 174.8 (b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
- (c) The land that may be sold is located in Otter Tail County and is described as:
- Lots 25, 26, and 27 in Block 2 of Jackson and Mckee's Addition, according to the plat
- thereof, on file and of record in the Office of the Recorder, Otter Tail County, Minnesota,
- less and except that part of said Lot 27 in Block 2 of Jackson and Mckee's Addition, Otter
- Tail County, Minnesota, South of the line between Government Lots 2 and 3, Section 14,
- 174.15 Township 136, Range 38.
- (d) The land borders Big Pine Lake and is not contiguous to other state lands. The
- Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural
- 174.18 resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would best be served if
- the land was returned to private ownership.

174.20 Sec. 142. CONVEYANCE OF STATE LAND; STEARNS COUNTY.

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 222.63, or any other law to the contrary,
- the commissioner of transportation may convey and quitclaim to a private party all right,
- 174.23 title, and interest of the state of Minnesota, in the land described in paragraph (e).
- (b) The conveyance may take place only upon conditions determined by the commissioner
- or transportation and is not subject to restrictions on disposition, sale, lease, or otherwise
- 174.26 contained in Minnesota Statutes, section 222.63.
- (c) The consideration for a conveyance made under this section shall be the fair market
- value of the land conveyed hereunder. Proceeds from the sale of real estate or buildings
- under this section shall be deposited in the rail bank maintenance account established in
- 174.30 Minnesota Statutes, section 222.63, subdivision 8.

175.1	(d) The conveyance may reduce the width of the rail bank corridor to less than 100 feet
175.2	provided the conveyance does not reduce the width of the rail bank corridor to less than ter
175.3	<u>feet.</u>
175.4	(e) The land to be conveyed is located in Stearns County and is described as:
175.5	That part of Tract A described below:
175.6	Tract A. Outlot "A," Railroad Ridge, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in
175.7	the Office of the County Recorder in and for Stearns County, Minnesota; which lies northerly
175.8	of a line run parallel with and distant 33 feet southerly of the northerly line of said Outlot
175.9	"A" and westerly of the southerly extension of westerly right of way line of 5th Street as
175.10	shown on said Railroad Ridge; together with that part of Tract A, herein before described,
175.11	adjoining and southerly of the above described strip which lies northerly of a line run paralle
175.12	with and distant 40 feet southerly of the northerly line of said Outlot "A" and westerly of
175.13	the following described line: beginning at a point on the southerly line of said Outlot "A,"
175.14	distant 436.36 feet easterly of the southwest corner thereof; thence northerly at right angles
175.15	from said southerly line for 50 feet and there terminating; containing 29,925 square feet,
175.16	more or less.
175.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
175.18	Sec. 143. <u>LEASE</u> ; TAX-FORFEITED LAND; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
175.19	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 282.04, or other law to the contrary,
175.20	St. Louis County may enter into a lease for the tax-forfeited lands described in paragraph
175.21	(b) for consideration of more than \$12,000 per year.
175.22	(b) The lands to be leased are located in St. Louis County and are described as:
175.23	(1) a 10.0-acre site in the Southeast Quarter, Section 15, Township 56 North, Range 17
175.24	West, to be used for a telecommunications tower and a 33-foot-wide strip of land, 16.5 fee
175.25	on either side of the centerline in the Southeast Quarter, Section 15, and in the Southwest
175.26	Quarter, Section 14, Township 56 North, Range 17 West, to be used for an access road to
175.27	the tower site; and
175.28	(2) a 10.0-acre site in the West Half, Section 32, Township 60 North, Range 21 West,
175.29	to be used for a telecommunications tower and a 33-foot-wide strip of land, 16.5 feet on
175.30	either side of the centerline in the West Half, Section 32, Township 60 North, Range 21
175.31	West, to be used for an access road to the tower site.

176.1	Sec. 144. ACCESS TO TIMBER ON TAX-FORFEITED LAND; ST. LOUIS
176.2	COUNTY.
176.3	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 160.83, or other law to the contrary,
176.4	St. Louis County or its agents or assigns may operate vehicles used for timber harvesting
176.5	and hauling or for transporting equipment and appurtenances incidental to timber harvesting,
176.6	gravel, and other road-building materials for timber haul roads on designated rustic roads
176.7	to access tax-forfeited lands for sustainable forest management.
176.8	(b) The tax-forfeited lands to be accessed are located in St. Louis County in Sections
176.9	26, 27, and 35, Township 53 North, Range 12 West.
176.10	(c) The rustic roads used for forest management must be immediately repaired if damaged
176.11	and must be maintained in their preharvest condition.
176.12	(d) The county has determined that the county's sustainable forest management
176.13	responsibilities would best be served by using existing public roads to access tax-forfeited
176.14	land rather than building new roads.
176.15	Sec. 145. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
176.16	(a) Notwithstanding the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, or
176.17	other law to the contrary, St. Louis County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited lands
176.18	described in paragraph (c).
176.19	(b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney
176.20	general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
176.21	(c) The lands to be sold are located in St. Louis County and are described as:
176.22	(1) that part of the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter lying North of Norton
176.23	Road and West of Howard Gnesen Road, except the easterly 95 feet of the westerly 890
176.24	feet and except the westerly 300 feet, Section 3, Township 50, Range 14 (parcel identification
176.25	number 010-2710-00549);
176.26	(2) Lot 5, except the northerly three feet and except the southerly ten feet, West Duluth
176.27	Fifth Division, Section 7, Township 49, Range 14 (parcel identification number
176.28	<u>010-4510-06740);</u>
176.29	(3) the Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, except 4.24 acres for the highway
176.30	and except the part platted as Clayton Acres and except the highway right-of-way and except

176.31 6.44 acres of the adjacent plat and except the part North of Highway 169, Section 28,

Township 57, Range 21 (parcel identification number 141-0050-05470);

177.1	(4) that part of the West 420 feet of the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter lying
177.2	South of the northerly line of Government Lot 6, except that part beginning at the southwest
177.3	corner; thence easterly along the southerly boundary 420 feet to a point; thence northerly
177.4	and parallel with the westerly boundary of said Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter
177.5	177.95 feet to a point; thence North 67 degrees 38 minutes 35 seconds West to a point on
177.6	the westerly boundary of said Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter; thence southerly
177.7	along said westerly boundary approximately 364.12 feet to the point of beginning, Section
177.8	26, Township 57, Range 18 (parcel identification number 295-0017-00326);
177.9	(5) the South Half of the Northwest Quarter, Section 15, Township 56, Range 18 (parcel
177.10	identification number 435-0010-02590);
177.11	(6) part of the East 400 feet of the Southeast Quarter, Section 14, Township 63, Range
177.12	12 (part of parcel identification number 465-0020-01965);
177.13	(7) part of the Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, Lots 2 and 3, Section 20,
177.14	Township 54, Range 13 (part of parcel identification number 620-0010-03130); and
177 15	
177.15 177.16	(8) Lots 2, 3, 4, and 5, inclusive auditor's plat of Chandler Addition to Ely, Section 28, Township 63, Range 12 (parcel identification number 030-0030-03530).
1//.10	Township 03, Range 12 (parcer identification number 030-0030-03330).
177.17	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would best
177.18	be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
177.19	Sec. 146. PUBLIC SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
177.20	WATER; WABASHA COUNTY.
177.21	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 92.45, the commissioner of natural
177.22	resources may sell by public sale the surplus land bordering public water that is described
177.23	in paragraph (c).
177.24	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct
177.25	errors and ensure accuracy.
177.26	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Wabasha County and is described as: Lot 4,
177.27	Section 8, Township 109, Range 12, lying and being in the county of Wabasha, State of
177.28	Minnesota.
177.29	(d) The land borders the Zumbro River and is not contiguous to other state lands. The
177.30	Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural
177.31	resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would best be served if
177.32	the land was returned to private ownership.

178.1	Sec. 147. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
178.2	WATER; YELLOW MEDICINE COUNTY.
178.3	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45, 94.09, and 94.10, the
178.4	commissioner of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus land bordering public
178.5	water that is described in paragraph (c) to the United States for no consideration.
178.6	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct
178.7	errors and ensure accuracy.
178.8	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Yellow Medicine County and is described
178.9	as: the South 33.00 feet of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter and that part of
178.10	Government Lot 1, Section 22, Township 114 North, Range 41 West, Yellow Medicine
178.11	County, Minnesota, described as follows:
178.12	Beginning at the southwest corner of said Government Lot 1; thence on an assumed
178.13	bearing of North 01 degrees 09 minutes 07 seconds West along the west line of said
178.14	Government Lot 1 a distance of 33.00 feet; thence North 89 degrees 42 minutes 02
178.15	seconds East parallel with the south line of said Government Lot 1 a distance of 150.00
178.16	feet; thence North 00 degrees 17 minutes 58 seconds West 267.00 feet; thence North 89
178.17	degrees 42 minutes 02 seconds East 754 feet more or less, to the water's edge of Spellman
178.18	Lake; thence southwesterly along said water's edge 760 feet, more or less, to the south
178.19	line of said Government Lot 1; thence South 89 degrees 42 minutes 02 seconds West
178.20	along the south line of said Government Lot 1 a distance of 288 feet, more or less, to
178.21	the point of beginning; including all riparian rights to the contained 4.1 acres, more or
178.22	<u>less.</u>
178.23	(d) The land borders Spellman Lake and is not contiguous to other state lands but is
178.24	adjacent to a waterfowl production area. The Department of Natural Resources has
178.25	determined that the land would best be managed by the United States Fish and Wildlife
178.26	Services as part of a waterfowl production area.
178.27	Sec. 148. <u>APPLICATION OF STORM WATER RULES TO TOWNSHIPS.</u>
178.28	Until the Pollution Control Agency amends rules for storm water, Minnesota Rules, part
178.29	7090.1010, subpart 1, item B, subitem (1), only applies to the portions of a city, town, and
178.30	unorganized areas of counties that are designated as urbanized under Code of Federal
178.31	Regulations, title 40, section 122.26(2)(9)(i)(A), and other platted areas within that
178.32	jurisdiction.

179.1	Sec. 149. REINVEST IN FISH HATCHERIES CITIZEN-LEGISLATIVE

170.2	ADVISORY	CROUP
179.2	ADVISURY	GRUUP

- Subdivision 1. Advisory group established; duties. (a) A 12-member Reinvest in Fish
 Hatcheries Citizen-Legislative Advisory Group is created to study the status of Minnesota's
 fish hatchery system, the commissioner of natural resources' programs on stocking walleye
 and other fish, and natural fish reproduction.
- (b) The advisory group must study the public priorities and life cycle of Minnesota's
 fish hatchery system and a cost-benefit analysis, consider issues of accountability and
 transparency, and examine reviews and analyses of:
- 179.10 (1) the economics of Minnesota's fish- and angling-related activities and the tax revenue 179.11 to the state's general fund;
- 179.12 (2) any Department of Natural Resources surveys and polling of Minnesota angler 179.13 priorities;
- 179.14 (3) past and present fisheries long-range plans, legislative auditor reports, and other 179.15 <u>fisheries plans</u>; and
- (4) the status of the following proposed, closed, and currently operating Minnesota fish
 hatchery systems: Lanesboro, Crystal Springs, Bemidji, Brainerd, Detroit Lakes, French
 River, Glenwood, Grand Rapids, New London, Park Rapids, Peterson, Pike River, Spire
 Valley, St. Paul, Walker Lake, and Waterville.
- 179.20 (c) The advisory group must prepare a plan and select fish hatchery sites for on-site visits and reviews.
- (d) The advisory group must implement an action plan, develop priorities for fish
 hatcheries, and review and recommend priorities of species for fish stocking to maximize
 statewide opportunities for angling.
- (e) The advisory group must study alternatives to current fish hatchery stocking, including private-sector stocking vendors.
- Subd. 2. Consultation required. (a) The advisory group must consult with advisory committees of the commissioner of natural resources, game and fish oversight committees, and fishery-related interests, including but not limited to counties, lake associations, small businesses, resort owners, guides, and other industry-related interests.
- (b) In developing recommendations, the advisory group must consult with the
 commissioner of natural resources, experts in managing a fishery, and affected stakeholders.

180.1	Subd. 3. Membership; appointments. (a) The Reinvest in Fish Hatcheries
180.2	Citizen-Legislative Advisory Group has the following 12 members:
180.3	(1) the chair of the house of representatives Environment and Natural Resources Finance
180.4	Division or a designee; a minority member of the Environment and Natural Resources
180.5	Finance Division appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives; two
180.6	public members appointed by the speaker of the house; and two public members appointed
180.7	by the minority leader of the house of representatives; and
180.8	(2) the chair of the senate Environment and Natural Resources Finance Committee or a
180.9	designee; a minority member of the Environment and Natural Resources Finance Committee
180.10	appointed by the minority leader of the senate; two public members appointed by the majority
180.11	leader of the senate; and two public members appointed by the minority leader of the senate.
180.12	(b) Appointments to the advisory group must be made by November 1, 2019. If a vacancy
180.13	occurs, the leader of the caucus in the body that appointed the vacating member or to which
180.14	the member belonged must fill the vacancy.
180.15	Subd. 4. Meetings; staff assistance. (a) The chair of the senate committee with
180.16	jurisdiction over environment and natural resources finance must convene the first meeting
180.17	of the Reinvest in Fish Hatcheries Citizen-Legislative Advisory Group by December 15,
180.18	2019. The advisory group must elect cochairs, one who is a legislator and one who is a
180.19	public member, from among the members at the first meeting. The authority to convene
180.20	meetings shall alternate between the cochairs after each meeting. The Reinvest in Fish
180.21	Hatcheries Citizen-Legislative Advisory Group must meet periodically.
180.22	(b) The Legislative Coordinating Commission must provide technical and administrative
180.23	assistance to the advisory group upon request.
180.24	Subd. 5. Compensation and expense reimbursement. Public members of the advisory
180.25	group shall be compensated and reimbursed for expenses as provided in Minnesota Statutes,
180.26	section 15.059, subdivision 3.
180.27	Subd. 6. Open meetings. Meetings of the advisory group are subject to Minnesota
180.28	Statutes, section 3.055.
180.29	Subd. 7. Report to legislature. The Reinvest in Fish Hatcheries Citizen-Legislative
180.30	Advisory Group must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
180.31	legislative committees with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources policy and
180.32	finance no later than January 31, 2021, describing its work and recommendations. The
180.33	advisory group is encouraged to identify and include in the report any draft legislation,

including statutory changes and appropriations from any fund, needed to implement the
advisory group's recommendations.

Subd. 8. **Expiration.** This section expires June 30, 2021.

Sec. 150. NO NEW ANTLER POINT RESTRICTIONS.

The commissioner of natural resources may not impose an antler point restriction, other than that imposed by the definition of a "legal buck" in Minnesota Rules, part 6232.0200, subpart 6, unless the legislature approves the antler point restriction.

Sec. 151. REDUCING APPROPRIATIONS FOR UNFILLED POSITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Reduction required. The commissioner of management and budget must reduce general fund and nongeneral fund appropriations to the Department of Natural Resources, the Pollution Control Agency, and the Board of Water and Soil Resources for agency operations for the biennium ending June 30, 2021, for salary and benefits savings that result from any positions that have not been filled within 180 days of the posting of the position. This section applies only to positions that are posted in fiscal years 2019, 2020, and 2021. Reductions made under this section must be reflected as reductions in agency base budgets for fiscal years 2022 and 2023. This section does not apply to seasonal employees and any positions that require law enforcement training.

Subd. 2. **Reporting.** The commissioner of management and budget must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and the house of representatives environment finance committees regarding the amount of reductions in spending by each agency under this section.

Sec. 152. WETLAND REPLACEMENT; FRAMEWORKS FOR IN-LIEU FEE

181.23 **PROGRAM.**

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The Board of Water and Soil Resources, in cooperation with the United States Army 181.24 Corps of Engineers, may complete the planning frameworks and other program application 181.25 requirements necessary for federal approval of an in-lieu fee program, as authorized under 181.26 Minnesota Statutes, section 103G.2242, in the Red River basin and the greater than 80 181.27 percent area. The planning frameworks must contain a prioritization strategy for selecting and implementing mitigation activities based on a watershed approach that includes consideration of historic resource loss within watersheds and the extent to which mitigation 181.30 can address priority watershed needs. The board must consider the recommendations of the 181.31 report "Siting of Wetland Mitigation in Northeast Minnesota," dated March 7, 2014, and 181.32

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182.1	implementation	of Minnesota Statu	ites, section 1	03B.3355, paragraphs	(e) and (f), in
182.2	developing prop	osed planning fran	neworks for a	pplicable watersheds. V	When completing
182.3	the work and pu	rsuing approval of	an in-lieu fee	program, the board mu	ust do so consistent
182.4	with the applica	ble requirements, s	takeholder an	d agency review proce	sses, and approval
182.5	time frames in C	Code of Federal Re	gulations, title	e 33, part 332. Upon re	ceiving federal

divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources.

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182.9 Sec. 153. FIRST APPOINTMENTS AND FIRST MEETING FOR THE WILD RICE STEWARDSHIP COUNCIL. 182.10

approval, the board must submit any completed planning frameworks to the chairs and

ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and

Appointing authorities must make appointments to the Wild Rice Stewardship Council under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.1511, by September 1, 2019. The commissioner of 182.12 natural resources shall convene the first meeting by October 15, 2019. The council shall 182.13 182.14 select a chair at the first meeting.

Sec. 154. HILL-ANNEX MINE STATE PARK; MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION. 182.15

(a) The commissioner of natural resources must operate the Hill-Annex Mine State Park 182.16 for the purposes it was established through June 30, 2021, and must during that time maintain at fiscal year 2016 levels, the level of service and hours of operation at the park. The 182.18 182.19 commissioner must work with the group established under Laws 2017, chapter 93, article 2, section 156, to review park activities and the alternate operating model developed and 182.20 identify options for sustainable and viable operation of the park site. The commissioner 182.21 must submit recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of 182.22 representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the environment 182.23 and natural resources by January 15, 2021. 182.24

(b) The commissioner of natural resources must work with the city of Calumet, other 182.25 neighboring cities and townships, and other local units of government to identify and 182.26 coordinate volunteers to supplement the Department of Natural Resources' park operations to the extent allowable under state law and rules. 182.28

Sec. 155. AGGREGATE RECLAMATION GUIDANCE.

The commissioner of natural resources shall update the Department of Natural Resources 182.30 182.31 aggregate reclamation handbook as recommended by the Aggregate Resources Task Force Final Report dated January 15, 2018. 182.32

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183.1	Sec. 156. SOLAR GENERATION ON CLOSED LANDFILL PROPERTIES; STUDY
183.2	(a) The Environmental Quality Board may contract with one or more independent
183.3	consultants to conduct a study on the feasibility of locating solar photovoltaic devices on
183.4	land that is enrolled in the Pollution Control Agency's closed landfill program established
183.5	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.39 to 115B.445. The board, in collaboration with
183.6	the Pollution Control Agency and the consultants, must create a subset of approximately
183.7	two dozen closed landfill project sites displaying a variety of relevant legal and physical
183.8	characteristics to be analyzed. For each site, the study must:
183.9	(1) examine the legal status of the site and any constraints that may prohibit or limit the
183.10	installation of privately owned solar photovoltaic devices on the site as a result of law or
183.11	the use of specific funding mechanisms to acquire or remediate the properties, including:
183.12	(i) general obligation bonds;
183.13	(ii) revenue from the remediation fund established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116.155;
183.14	<u>and</u>
183.15	(iii) settlements from landfill-related insurance coverage;
183.16	(2) assess any other tax or financial barriers to the installation of solar photovoltaic
183.17	devices on closed landfill properties;
183.18	(3) develop and evaluate strategies to overcome any barriers to the installation of solar
183.19	photovoltaic devices identified in clauses (1) and (2);
183.20	(4) evaluate the extent to which the physical characteristics of the landfill and the
183.21	contained waste may restrict the siting of solar photovoltaic devices and associated
183.22	equipment;
183.23	(5) assess the potential and logistics for solar energy generation, including but not limited
183.24	to:
183.25	(i) solar insolation potential;
183.26	(ii) proximity to substations; and
183.27	(iii) proximity of the electricity generated to potential consumers, including public
183.28	agencies, low-income communities, and areas where environmental justice concerns are
183.29	present;

local approvals and permits; and

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(6) describe the regulatory processes of local units of government that must issue

approvals and permits for the project, in order to develop a successful strategy to obtain

184.1	(7) develop a cost-benefit analysis of installing solar photovoltaic devices whose
184.2	generated electricity is to be consumed by the adjacent community.
184.3	(b) By January 15, 2021, the Environmental Quality Board must submit the study
184.4	containing findings and recommendations for subsequent action to the chairs and ranking
184.5	minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with primary
184.6	jurisdiction over energy policy and finance.
184.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
184.8	Sec. 157. GRANT PROGRAM; FIREARMS SAFETY, ARCHERY, HUNTING,
184.9	AND ANGLING IN SCHOOL PHYSICAL EDUCATION COURSES.
184.10	Subdivision 1. Program. (a) The commissioner of natural resources must create a grant
184.11	program to increase firearms safety, trap shooting, archery, hunting, and angling activities
184.12	in physical education courses in Minnesota school districts. A school must ensure that
184.13	activities funded under the program are consistent with required state standards for physical
184.14	education.
184.15	(b) In developing the program, the commissioner must consult with members from each
184.16	of the following groups: Leech Lake Band, Minnesota Chippewa Tribe; Red Lake Band of
184.17	<u>Chippewa Indians; Lower Sioux Indian Reservation; Prairie Island Sioux Indian Reservation;</u>
184.18	Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Indian Reservation; and Upper Sioux Indian Reservation.
184.19	As practicable, the commissioner must incorporate recommendations from these groups in
184.20	the grant program design.
184.21	Subd. 2. Eligibility. (a) A school district or American Indian-controlled tribal contract
184.22	or grant school may apply to the commissioner of natural resources to participate in the
184.23	program in the form and manner determined by the commissioner.
184.24	(b) The commissioner must seek geographic balance among schools selected for
184.25	participation.
184.26	Subd. 3. Report. No later than January 15, 2021, the commissioner must report on
184.27	program outcomes to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives
184.28	and senate committees with jurisdiction over education and natural resources policy and
184.29	finance. The report must be in writing.

185.1	Sec. 158. GRANTS FOR HIGH-SCHOOL FISHING LEAGUES; BASIC ANGLING
185.2	CURRICULUM.
185.3	Subdivision 1. Grant program; high-school fishing leagues. The commissioner of
185.4	natural resources must establish and administer a program to provide grants to nonprofit
185.5	organizations operating fishing leagues for high schools to develop, expand, and increase
185.6	youth participation in fishing leagues for high schools.
185.7	Subd. 2. Developing basic angling curriculum. The commissioner of natural resources
185.8	must develop a basic angling curriculum that includes basic fishing techniques and
185.9	information about aquatic invasive species, tournament etiquette, conservation, water safety,
185.10	and related matters. The commissioner must make the basic angling curriculum available
185.11	without cost to nonprofit organizations operating fishing leagues for high schools.
185.12	Sec. 159. STAMP DESIGN; RULE AMENDMENT.
185.13	The commissioner of natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part 6290.0400,
185.14	subpart 3, to:
185.15	(1) allow a contest entry to be created using nonphotographic digital media; and
185.16	(2) require a person submitting a contest entry to list all media used in the creation of
185.17	the entry.
185.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
185.19	Sec. 160. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.
185.20	The revisor of statutes must change the reference in Minnesota Statutes, sections 127A.30,
185.21	subdivision 2, and 287.22 from "section 92.121" to "section 92.122."
185.22	Sec. 161. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.
185.23	The revisor of statutes must change the reference in Minnesota Statutes, section 446A.073,
185.24	subdivision 1, from "section 115.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (e), clause (8)" to "section
185.25	115.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (5), item (viii)" and in Minnesota Statutes,
185.26	section 446A.073, subdivision 2, from "section 115.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (f)" to
185.27	"section 115.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (6)."
185.28	Sec. 162. REPEALER.

(a) Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 92.121, is repealed.

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186.1 (b) Minnesota Rules, part 6232.0350, is repealed.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S2314-2

92.121 PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND LANDS.

The commissioner of natural resources shall exchange permanent school fund land as defined in the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 8, located in state parks, state recreation areas, wildlife management areas, scientific and natural areas, or state waysides or on lands managed by the commissioner as old growth stands, for other lands as allowed by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 10, and section 94.343, subdivision 1, that are compatible with the goal of the permanent school fund lands in section 127A.31 when, as a result of management practices applied to the permanent school fund lands and associated resources, revenue generation has been diminished or is prohibited and no alternative has been put into effect to compensate the permanent school fund for the income losses.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rules: S2314-2

6232.0350 RESTRICTIONS FOR TAKING DEER; 300 SERIES DEER PERMIT AREAS.

Notwithstanding part 6232.0200, subpart 6, in all 300 series deer permit areas, a legal buck is defined as a deer with a minimum of four antler points on at least one antler. Bucks with fewer antler points than the minimum defined points are protected and not legal for harvest. Youth hunters, age 10 to 17, are exempt from this part.