SGS/AK

23-03772

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

S.F. No. 1832

(SENATE AUTH	IORS: JOHNS	ON, Coleman, Duckworth, Weber and Eichorn)
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
02/20/2023	Iı	ntroduction and first reading
	R	eferred to Health and Human Services

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7	relating to health care; prohibiting partial-birth abortions and abortions in the third trimester of pregnancy; requiring licensure of abortion facilities; requiring notice in certain circumstances to a parent or guardian of a minor on whom an abortion is performed; requiring an unborn child who is born alive following an attempted abortion to be treated as a person under the law; appropriating money; amending Laws 2023, chapter 4, section 1.
1.8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.9	Section 1. Laws 2023, chapter 4, section 1, is amended to read:
1.10	Section 1. 145.409 REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH RIGHTS.
1.11	Subdivision 1. Short title. This section may be cited as the "Protect Reproductive Options
1.12	Act."
1.13	Subd. 2. Definition Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions
1.14	apply.
1.15	(b) "Abortion" has the meaning given in section 145.411, subdivision 5.
1.16	(c) "Abortion facility" means a clinic, health center, or other facility in which the
1.17	pregnancies of ten or more women known to be pregnant are willfully terminated or aborted
1.18	each month. A facility licensed as a hospital or as an outpatient surgical center pursuant to
1.19	sections 144.50 to 144.56 shall not be considered an abortion facility.
1.20	(d) "Accrediting or membership organization" means a national organization that
1.21	establishes evidence-based clinical standards for abortion care and accredits abortion facilities
1.22	or accepts as members abortion facilities following an application and inspection process.

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<u>(e)</u> "Com	nissioner" means	the commissione	r of health.	
(f) "Healt	h care provider" n	neans a physician	licensed to practice medi	icine in Minnesota
			ractice that individual's p	
Minnesota ar	d whose scope of	f practice and qua	lifications include the pe	erformance of
abortions.				
<u>(g)</u> "Medi	cal emergency" r	neans a condition	that, in reasonable medi	cal judgment, so
complicates t	he medical condi	tion of the pregna	nt woman as to necessita	ate the immediate
abortion of h	er pregnancy to a	vert her death or f	or which a delay will cre	eate serious risk of
substantial ar	nd irreversible phy	ysical impairment	of a major bodily functi	on, not including
osychologica	l or emotional con	nditions. A condit	ion is not a medical emerg	gency if it is based
on a claim, d	iagnosis, or deter	mination that the	woman may engage in co	onduct which she
ntends to res	ult in her death o	r in the substantia	l and irreversible physica	al impairment of a
major bodily	function.			
(h) "Partia	al-birth abortion"	means an abortio	n in which the individua	l performing the
abortion:				
<u>(1) delibe</u>	rately and intention	onally vaginally d	elivers a living fetus unt	il, in the case of a
nead-first pre	sentation, the ent	ire fetal head is ou	tside the body of the mot	ther, or, in the case
of breech pre	sentation, any pa	rt of the fetal trun	k past the navel is outsid	e the body of the
mother, for th	ne purpose of per	forming an overt a	act that the individual kn	ows will kill the
partially deliv	vered fetus; and			
(2) perfor	ms the overt act,	other than comple	etion of delivery, that kill	ls the partially
delivered fett	<u>1S.</u>			
(i) "Repro	ductive health ca	re" means health	care offered, arranged, or	r furnished for the
purpose of pr	eventing pregnan	cy, terminating a	pregnancy, managing pr	egnancy loss, or
improving m	aternal health and	l birth outcomes.	Reproductive health care	e includes, but is
not limited to	, contraception; st	erilization; precor	ception care; maternity c	are; abortion care;
family planni	ng and fertility so	ervices; and couns	seling regarding reproduc	ctive health care.
<u>(j)</u> "Third	trimester" means	the stage of preg	nancy that begins at the	end of the 26th
week from th	e beginning of th	e pregnant woma	n's last menstrual period.	<u>.</u>
Subd. 3. I	Reproductive fre	edom. (a) Every	ndividual has a fundame	ental right to make

Subd. 3. Reproductive freedom. (a) Every individual has a fundamental right to make
autonomous decisions about the individual's own reproductive health, including the
fundamental right to use or refuse reproductive health care.

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3.1	(b) Every individual who becomes pregnant has a fundamental right to continue the
3.2	pregnancy and give birth, or obtain an abortion, and to make autonomous decisions about
3.3	how to exercise this fundamental right.
3.4	(c) This subdivision does not:
3.5	(1) authorize the performance of partial-birth abortions in a manner that is prohibited
3.6	under subdivision 6;
3.7	(2) authorize the performance of abortions in the third trimester in a manner that is
3.8	prohibited under subdivision 7;
3.9	(3) limit the authority of the commissioner to license abortion facilities under subdivisions
3.10	<u>9 to 16;</u>
3.11	(4) prohibit notice, following an abortion, to a parent or guardian of a minor on whom
3.12	an abortion is performed in a medical emergency under subdivision 17; and
3.13	(5) prohibit an unborn child who is born alive following an attempted abortion from
3.14	being treated as a person under the law under subdivision 18.
3.15	Subd. 4. Right to reproductive freedom recognized. The Minnesota Constitution
3.16	establishes the principles of individual liberty, personal privacy, and equality. Such principles
3.17	ensure the fundamental right to reproductive freedom.
3.18	Subd. 5. Local unit of government limitation. A local unit of government may not
3.19	regulate an individual's ability to freely exercise the fundamental rights set forth in this
3.20	section in a manner that is more restrictive than that set forth in this section.
3.21	Subd. 6. Partial-birth abortions prohibited; exception. (a) It is prohibited for any
3.22	individual to knowingly perform a partial-birth abortion that causes the death of a human
3.23	fetus.
3.24	(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a partial-birth abortion that is necessary to save the
3.25	life of a mother whose life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical illness, or physical
3.26	injury, including a life-endangering physical condition caused by or arising from the
3.27	pregnancy itself.
3.28	Subd. 7. Abortion in third trimester prohibited; exceptions. (a) Except as provided
3.29	in paragraphs (b) and (c), it is prohibited for any individual to knowingly or intentionally
3.30	cause an abortion in the third trimester of pregnancy that results in the death of the unborn
3.31	child.

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4.1	(b) Medic	al treatment prov	ided to a pregnant v	voman that results in the	accidental death
4.2	of, or uninten	tional injury to, t	he unborn child is r	not a violation of paragra	aph (a).
4.3	(c) Paragr	aph (a) does not a	apply to an abortior	n performed:	
4.4	(1) if the p	pregnancy is the r	esult of conduct the	at would constitute a vio	lation of section
4.5	609.342, 609.	343, 609.344, 60	9.345, or 609.3451	, provided documentatio	n is presented to
4.6	the attending	health care provi	der that the conduct	t was reported to law enf	forcement within
4.7	the first 15 w	eeks of pregnanc	<u>y;</u>		
4.8	(2) if the p	pregnancy is the r	esult of conduct the	at would constitute a vio	lation of section
4.9	<u>609.365, prov</u>	vided documentat	ion is presented to t	he attending health care	provider that the
4.10	conduct was a	reported to law en	nforcement within t	he first 15 weeks of preg	gnancy; or
4.11	(3) to aver	t the death of the	pregnant woman c	or to prevent a serious ris	sk of substantial
4.12	and irreversib	le physical impa	irment of a major b	odily function of the pre	gnant woman,
4.13	not including	psychological or	emotional condition	ons.	

- 4.14 <u>Subd. 8.</u> Pregnant woman not subject to criminal penalties. A pregnant woman who
 4.15 sought or obtained an abortion that violates subdivision 6 or 7 shall not be subject to criminal
 4.16 penalties for violating subdivision 6 or 7.
- 4.17 <u>Subd. 9.</u> License required for abortion facilities. (a) Beginning July 1, 2024, no abortion
 4.18 <u>facility shall be established, operated, or maintained in the state without first obtaining a</u>
 4.19 license from the commissioner according to this subdivision and subdivisions 10 to 16.
- 4.20 (b) A license issued under this subdivision and subdivisions 10 to 16 is not transferable
 4.21 or assignable and is subject to suspension or revocation at any time for failure to comply
 4.22 with this subdivision and subdivisions 10 to 16.
- 4.23 (c) If a single entity maintains abortion facilities on different premises, each facility
 4.24 must obtain a separate license.
- 4.25 (d) To be eligible for licensure under this subdivision and subdivisions 10 to 16, an
- 4.26 <u>abortion facility must be accredited or a member of an accrediting or membership</u>
- 4.27 organization or must obtain accreditation or membership within six months of the date of
- 4.28 the application for licensure. If the abortion facility loses its accreditation or membership,
- 4.29 the abortion facility must immediately notify the commissioner.
- 4.30 (e) The commissioner, the attorney general, an appropriate county attorney, or a woman
 4.31 upon whom an abortion has been performed or attempted to be performed at an unlicensed
 4.32 facility may seek an injunction in district court against the continued operation of the facility.

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	Proceedings for securing an injunction may be brought by the attorney general or by the
	appropriate county attorney.
	(f) Sanctions provided in this subdivision do not restrict other available sanctions.
	Subd. 10. Temporary license. For new abortion facilities planning to begin operations
	on or after July 1, 2024, the commissioner may issue a temporary license to the abortion
	facility that is valid for a period of six months from the date of issuance. The abortion facility
1	must submit to the commissioner an application and applicable fee for licensure as required
1	under subdivisions 11 and 14. The application must include the information required under
	subdivision 11, clauses (1), (2), (3), (5), and (6), and provide documentation that the abortion
	facility has submitted the application for accreditation or membership from an accrediting
	or membership organization. Upon receipt of accreditation or membership verification, the
	abortion facility must submit to the commissioner the information required in subdivision
	11, clause (4), and the applicable fee under subdivision 14. The commissioner shall then
	issue a new license.
	Subd. 11. Application. An application for a license to operate an abortion facility and
	the applicable fee under subdivision 14 must be submitted to the commissioner on a form
1	provided by the commissioner and must contain:
	(1) the name of the applicant;
	(2) the site location of the abortion facility;
	(3) the name of the person in charge of the abortion facility;
	(4) documentation that the abortion facility is accredited or a member of an accrediting
	or membership organization, including the effective date and the expiration date of the
	accreditation or membership, and the date of the last site visit by the accrediting or
	membership organization;
	(5) the names and license numbers, if applicable, of the health care professionals on
	staff at the abortion facility; and
	(6) any other information the commissioner deems necessary.
	Subd. 12. Inspections. Prior to initial licensure and at least once every two years
	thereafter, the commissioner shall perform a routine and comprehensive inspection of each
	abortion facility. Facilities shall be open at all reasonable times to an inspection authorized
	in writing by the commissioner. No notice need be given to any person prior to an inspection
	authorized by the commissioner.

6.1	Subd. 13. Suspension, revocation, and refusal to renew. The commissioner may refuse
6.2	to grant or renew, or may suspend or revoke, a license on any of the grounds described
6.3	under section 144.55, subdivision 6, paragraph (a), clause (2), (3), or (4), or upon the loss
6.4	of accreditation or membership described in subdivision 11, clause (4). The applicant or
6.5	licensee is entitled to a notice and a hearing as described under section 144.55, subdivision
6.6	7, and a new license may be issued after proper inspection of an abortion facility has been
6.7	conducted.
6.8	Subd. 14. Fees. (a) The biennial license fee for abortion facilities is \$365.
6.9	(b) The temporary license fee is \$365.
6.10	(c) Fees shall be collected and deposited according to section 144.122.
6.11	Subd. 15. Renewal. (a) A license issued under this section expires two years from the
6.12	date of issuance.
6.13	(b) A temporary license issued under this section expires six months from the date of
6.14	issuance and may be renewed for one additional six-month period.
6.15	Subd. 16. Records. All health records maintained on each client by an abortion facility
6.16	are subject to sections 144.292 to 144.298.
6.17	Subd. 17. Notice to parent or guardian. If a health care provider did not obtain the
6.18	consent of a parent or guardian of a pregnant minor before performing an abortion on the
6.19	pregnant minor because of a medical emergency, the health care provider must notify the
6.20	minor's parent or guardian within 24 hours after the abortion and must so certify in the
6.21	minor's medical record.
6.22	Subd. 18. Born alive child. Any unborn child who is born alive following an attempted
6.23	abortion shall be treated as a person under the law, and a birth certificate shall be issued
6.24	certifying the child's birth. If the child later dies, a death certificate shall be issued.
6.25	Subd. 19. Severability. If any one or more provision, section, subdivision, sentence,
6.26	clause, phrase, or word of this section or the application of it to any person or circumstance
6.27	is found to be unconstitutional, it is declared to be severable and the balance of this section
6.28	shall remain effective notwithstanding such unconstitutionality. The legislature intends that
6.29	it would have passed this section, and each provision, section, subdivision, sentence, clause,
6.30	phrase, or word, regardless of the fact that any one provision, section, subdivision, sentence,
6.31	clause, phrase, or word is declared unconstitutional.

7.1	Sec. 2. APPROPRIATIONS; LICENSURE OF ABORTION FACILITIES.
7.2	\$55,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$8,000 in fiscal year 2025 are appropriated from the
7.3	state government special revenue fund to the commissioner of health for licensing activities
7.4	under Minnesota Statutes, section 145.409, subdivisions 9 to 16. The base for this program
7.5	is \$42,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$8,000 in fiscal year 2027.