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### SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

## S.F. No. 1362

(SENATE AUTHORS: CARLSON)DATED-PG02/08/2023731Introd03/20/2023Comm

OFFICIAL STATUS Introduction and first reading Referred to Elections Comm report: To pass as amended Second reading

#### A bill for an act

relating to elections; modifying campaign finance provisions; modifying campaign 12 finance reporting requirements; requiring disclosure of electioneering 1.3 communications; amending provisions relating to voter registration, absentee 1.4 voting, and election day voting; adopting the national popular vote compact; 1.5 prohibiting certain contributions during the legislative session; making technical 1.6 and clarifying changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 5B.06; 10A.01, 1.7 subdivisions 5, 21, 26, 30, by adding subdivisions; 10A.022, subdivision 3; 1.8 10A.025, subdivision 4; 10A.03, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 10A.04, 1.9 subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 9; 10A.09, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 10A.121, 1.10 subdivisions 1, 2; 10A.15, subdivisions 3, 5, by adding subdivisions; 10A.17, 1.11 subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 10A.20, subdivisions 2a, 5; 10A.244; 1.12 10A.25, subdivision 3a; 10A.271, subdivision 1; 10A.273, subdivisions 1, 2; 1.13 10A.275, subdivision 1; 10A.38; 135A.17, subdivision 2; 201.061, subdivisions 1.14 1, 3, by adding a subdivision; 201.071, subdivision 8; 201.12, subdivision 2; 1.15 201.121, subdivision 1; 201.13, subdivision 3; 201.145, subdivisions 3, 4; 201.1611, 1.16 subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 201.195; 201.225, subdivision 2; 202A.18, 1.17 subdivision 2a; 203B.06, subdivision 3; 203B.07, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 203B.08, 1.18 subdivisions 1, 3; 203B.11, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 203B.121, subdivisions 2, 3; 1.19 203B.16, subdivision 2; 203B.21, subdivisions 1, 3; 203B.23, subdivision 2; 1.20 203B.24, subdivision 1; 204B.06, subdivisions 1, 1b, 4a, by adding a subdivision; 1.21 204B.09, subdivision 1; 204B.13, by adding a subdivision; 204B.14, subdivision 1.22 2; 204B.16, subdivision 1; 204B.19, subdivision 6; 204B.21, subdivision 2; 1.23 204B.32, subdivision 2; 204B.35, by adding a subdivision; 204C.04, subdivision 1.24 1; 204C.07, subdivision 4; 204C.15, subdivision 1; 204C.24, subdivision 1; 1.25 204C.28, subdivision 1; 204C.33, subdivision 3; 204C.35, by adding a subdivision; 1.26 204C.39, subdivision 1; 204D.08, subdivision 6; 204D.09, subdivision 2; 204D.13, 1.27 1.28 subdivisions 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 204D.16; 204D.19, subdivision 2; 204D.22, subdivision 3; 204D.23, subdivision 2; 204D.25, subdivision 1; 205.13, 1.29 1.30 subdivision 5; 205.16, subdivision 2; 205.175, subdivision 3; 205A.09, subdivision 2; 205A.10, subdivision 5; 205A.12, subdivision 5; 206.58, subdivisions 1, 3; 1.31 206.61, subdivision 1; 206.80; 206.83; 206.845, by adding a subdivision; 206.86, 1.32 by adding a subdivision; 206.90, subdivision 10; 207A.12; 207A.15, subdivision 1.33 2; 208.05; 209.021, subdivision 2; 211B.15, subdivision 8; 211B.20, subdivision 1.34 1; 367.03, subdivision 6; 447.32, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in 1.35 1.36 Minnesota Statutes, chapters 10A; 203B; 208; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 202A.16; Minnesota Rules, parts 4511.0100, subpart 1a; 4511.0600, subpart 1.37 5. 1.38

	SF1362	REVISOR	JFK	S1362-1	1st Engrossment
2.1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE LEG	ISLATURE OF	THE STATE OF MIN	NESOTA:
2.2			ARTICLI	E 1	
2.3		CAMI	PAIGN FINAN	ICE POLICY	
2.4	Section 1. Mi	nnesota Statutes 20	022, section 10	A.01, subdivision 5, is	amended to read:
2.5	Subd. 5. As	sociated business.	(a) "Associate	d business" means an a	ssociation,
2.6	corporation, par	rtnership, limited l	iability compar	ny, limited liability part	nership, or other
2.7	organized legal	entity from which	the individual	or the individual's spou	<u>use</u> receives
2.8	compensation i	n excess of \$250, o	except for actua	l and reasonable expen	ses, in any month
2.9	during the repo	rting period as a di	rector, officer,	owner, member, partne	r, employer or
2.10	employee, or w	hose securities the	individual or t	he individual's spouse l	nolds worth more
2.11	than \$10,000 at	fair market value.			
2.12	(b) Associat	ed business also m	neans a lobbyist	t, principal, or intereste	d person by whom
2.13	the individual is	s compensated in e	xcess of \$250, o	except for actual and rea	asonable expenses,
2.14	in any month fo	or providing servic	es as an indepe	ndent contractor or con	sultant. If an
2.15	individual is co	mpensated by a pe	erson or associa	tion for providing servi	ices to a lobbyist,
2.16	principal, or int	erested person, ass	sociated busine	ss includes both the per	son or association
2.17	that pays the co	mpensation and th	e lobbyist, prin	cipal, or interested pers	son to whom the
2.18	services are pro	vided.			
2.19	(c) "Interest	ed person" means a	a person or a rep	presentative of a person	or association that
2.20	has a direct fina	ancial interest in a	decision that th	e individual receiving	the compensation
2.21	is authorized to	make as a public	or local official	or will be authorized to	o make upon
2.22	becoming a pub	olic or local officia	l. To be direct,	the financial interest of	the person or
2.23	association pay	ing the compensat	ion to the indiv	idual must be of greate	r consequence to
2.24	the payer than t	he general interest	of other reside	nts or taxpayers of the	individual's
2.25	governmental u	nit.			
2.26		sota Statutes 2022	, section 10A.0	1, is amended by addin	g a subdivision to
2.27	read:				
2.28	Subd. 12a.	Designated lobbyi	st. "Designated	l lobbyist" means the lo	bbyist responsible
2.29	for reporting th	e lobbying disburs	ements and act	ivity of the entity the lo	bbyist represents.

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3.1	Sec. 3. N	linnesota Statutes 2022.	section 10A	01, is amended by adding	a subdivision to
3.2	read:			or, is antenaed of adding	
	Subd 1	7d Concerned Johnwing	aatagamu "C	an anal labbring actorson,"	noons on once of
3.3				eneral lobbying category" r	
3.4	interest for	lobbying for an entity t	<u>nat 18 on a 118</u>	t of categories specified by	/ the board.
3.5	Sec. 4. M	linnesota Statutes 2022,	section 10A.	01, is amended by adding	a subdivision to
3.6	read:				
3.7	Subd. 1	9a. Legislative action.	"Legislative	action" means any of the fo	ollowing:
3.8	(1) the $($	development of prospect	ive legislation	n, including the developmen	nt of amendment
3.9	language to	o prospective legislation	<u>ı;</u>		
3.10	(2) the	review, modification, ad	loption, or rej	ection by a member of the	legislature or an
3.11	employee o	of the legislature, if appl	licable, of any	y (i) bill, (ii) amendment, (	iii) resolution,
3.12	(iv) confirm	nation considered by the	e legislature,	or (v) report;	
3.13	$(3)$ the $\alpha$	development of, in conju	nction with a c	constitutional officer, prosp	ective legislation
3.14	or a reques	t for support or oppositi	ion to introdu	ced legislation; and	
3.15	(4) the a	action of the governor in	approving or	vetoing any act of the legis	lature or portion
3.16	of an act of	f the legislature.			
3.17	Sec. 5. M	linnesota Statutes 2022,	section 10A.	01, subdivision 21, is ame	nded to read:
3.18	Subd. 2	21. Lobbyist. (a) "Lobby	yist" means a	n individual:	
3.19	(1) eng	aged for pay or other co	nsideration o	f more than \$3,000 from a	ll sources in any
3.20	year:				
3.21	(i) for t	he purpose of attempting	g to influence	e legislative or administrati	ve action, or the
3.22	official act	ion of a metropolitan go	overnmental u	nit, by communicating or	urging others to
3.23	communic	ate with public or local	officials; or		
3.24	(ii) fror	n a business whose prin	nary source o	f revenue is derived from f	acilitating
3.25	governmer	nt relations or governme	nt affairs serv	vices between two third par	rties, if the
3.26	individual	s job duties include offe	ring direct or	indirect consulting or advi	ce that helps the
3.27	business pr	rovide those services to	clients; or		
3.28	(2) who	spends more than <del>\$250</del>	\$3,000 of the	e individual's personal fund	<u>ls</u> , not including
3.29	the individ	ual's own traveling expe	enses and me	mbership dues, in any year	for the purpose
3.30	of attempti	ng to influence legislati	ve or adminis	strative action, or the offici	al action of a

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4.1 metropolitan governmental unit, by communicating or urging others to communicate with4.2 public or local officials.

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4.3 (b) "Lobbyist" does not include:

4.4 (1) a public official;

4.5 (2) an employee of the state, including an employee of any of the public higher education
4.6 systems;

4.7

(3) an elected local official;

(4) a nonelected local official or an employee of a political subdivision acting in an 4.8 official capacity, unless the nonelected official or employee of a political subdivision spends 4.9 more than 50 hours in any month attempting to influence legislative or administrative action, 4.10 or the official action of a metropolitan governmental unit other than the political subdivision 4.11 employing the official or employee, by communicating or urging others to communicate 4.12 with public or local officials, including time spent monitoring legislative or administrative 4.13 action, or the official action of a metropolitan governmental unit, and related research, 4.14 analysis, and compilation and dissemination of information relating to legislative or 4.15 administrative policy in this state, or to the policies of metropolitan governmental units; 4.16

4.17 (5) a party or the party's representative appearing in a proceeding before a state board,
4.18 commission, or agency of the executive branch unless the board, commission, or agency is
4.19 taking administrative action;

4.20 (6) an individual while engaged in selling goods or services to be paid for by public4.21 funds;

4.22 (7) a news medium or its employees or agents while engaged in the publishing or
4.23 broadcasting of news items, editorial comments, or paid advertisements which directly or
4.24 indirectly urge official action;

4.25 (8) a paid expert witness whose testimony is requested by the body before which the
4.26 witness is appearing, but only to the extent of preparing or delivering testimony; or

4.27 (9) a party or the party's representative appearing to present a claim to the legislature
4.28 and communicating to legislators only by the filing of a claim form and supporting documents
4.29 and by appearing at public hearings on the claim.

4.30 (c) An individual who volunteers personal time to work without pay or other consideration
4.31 on a lobbying campaign, and who does not spend more than the limit in paragraph (a), clause
4.32 (2), need not register as a lobbyist.

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5.1	(d) An individual who provides administrative support to a lobbyist and whose salary
5.2	and administrative expenses attributable to lobbying activities are reported as lobbying
5.3	expenses by the lobbyist, but who does not communicate or urge others to communicate
5.4	with public or local officials, need not register as a lobbyist.
5.5	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, subdivision 26, is amended to read:
5.6	Subd. 26. Noncampaign disbursement. (a) "Noncampaign disbursement" means a
5.7	purchase or payment of money or anything of value made, or an advance of credit incurred,
5.8	or a donation in kind received, by a principal campaign committee for any of the following
5.9	purposes:
5.10	(1) payment for accounting and legal services;
5.11	(2) return of a contribution to the source;
5.12	(3) repayment of a loan made to the principal campaign committee by that committee;
5.13	(4) return of a public subsidy;
5.14	(5) payment for food, beverages, and necessary utensils and supplies, entertainment,
5.15	and facility rental for a fundraising event;
5.16	(6) services for a constituent by a member of the legislature or a constitutional officer
5.17	in the executive branch as provided in section 10A.173, subdivision 1;
5.18	(7) payment for food and beverages consumed by a candidate or volunteers while they
5.19	are engaged in campaign activities;
5.20	(8) payment for food or a beverage consumed while attending a reception or meeting
5.21	directly related to legislative duties;
5.22	(9) payment of expenses incurred by elected or appointed leaders of a legislative caucus
5.23	in carrying out their leadership responsibilities;
5.24	(10) payment by a principal campaign committee of the candidate's expenses for serving
5.25	in public office, other than for personal uses;
5.26	(11) costs of child care for the candidate's children when campaigning;
5.27	(12) fees paid to attend a campaign school;
5.28	(13) costs of a postelection party during the election year when a candidate's name will
5.29	no longer appear on a ballot or the general election is concluded, whichever occurs first;
5.30	(14) interest on loans paid by a principal campaign committee on outstanding loans;

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6.1	(15) filing	fees;			
6.2	(16) post-g	eneral election holida	y or seasonal ca	ards, thank-you notes	s, or advertisements
6.3	in the news me	edia mailed or publish	ned prior to the	end of the election c	ycle;
6.4	(17) the cos	st of campaign materi	al purchased to	replace defective ca	mpaign material, if
6.5	the defective n	naterial is destroyed v	without being u	sed;	
6.6	(18) contril	outions to a party uni	t;		
6.7	(19) payme	ents for funeral gifts o	or memorials;		
6.8	(20) the cos	st of a magnet less th	an six inches in	diameter containing	glegislator contact
6.9	information an	d distributed to const	tituents;		
6.10	(21) costs a	associated with a cano	lidate attending	g a political party sta	te or national
6.11	convention in	this state;			
6.12	(22) other p	ourchases or payment	s specified in b	oard rules or advisor	y opinions as being
6.13		e other than to influe		tion or election of a	candidate or to
6.14	-	feat a ballot question;			
6.15	, / <b>,</b>	baid to a third party fo	or processing co	ontributions made by	a credit card, debit
6.16	card, or electro	onic check;			
6.17	``´ <u></u>	baid by a candidate's p	<b>•</b>		port the candidate's
6.18	participation ir	n a recount of ballots	affecting the ca	andidate's election;	
6.19	<u></u>	ibution to a fund estab	**	ort a candidate's partic	pation in a recount
6.20	of ballots affec	eting that candidate's	election;		
6.21	· · ·	osts paid by a candidat			
6.22	-	of the candidate's ret	-	oublic office after the	filing period for
6.23		indidacy for that offic			
6.24	· · ·	donation from a termin	nating principal	campaign committee	e to the state general
6.25	fund;				
6.26	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	donation from a term			-
6.27	-	cur special election e	xpenses due to	that candidate's resig	gnation from state
6.28	office; <del>and</del>		<b>.</b>		
6.29	× / <u> · · · /</u>	uring a period starting ember 31 of the year	•		
6.30 6.31	-	ed security monitorin	-		-
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7.1	hardware, maintenance of home security monitoring hardware, identity theft monitoring
7.2	services, and credit monitoring services-; and
7.3	(30) costs paid to repair or replace campaign property that was: (i) lost or stolen, or (ii)
7.4	damaged or defaced to such a degree that the property no longer serves its intended purpose.
7.5	For purposes of this clause, campaign property includes but is not limited to campaign lawn
7.6	signs. The candidate must document the need for these costs in writing or with photographs.
7.7	(b) The board must determine whether an activity involves a noncampaign disbursement
7.8	within the meaning of this subdivision.
7.9	(c) A noncampaign disbursement is considered to be made in the year in which the
7.10	candidate made the purchase of goods or services or incurred an obligation to pay for goods
7.11	or services.
7.12	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
7.13	read:
7.14	Subd. 26b. Official action of metropolitan governmental units. "Official action of
7.15	metropolitan governmental units" means any action that requires a vote or approval by one
7.16	or more elected local officials while acting in their official capacity; or an action by an
7.17	appointed or employed local official to make, to recommend, or to vote on as a member of
7.18	the governing body, major decisions regarding the expenditure or investment of public
7.19	money.
7.20	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, subdivision 30, is amended to read:
7.21	Subd. 30. Political party unit or party unit. "Political party unit" or "party unit" means
7.22	the state committee or, the party organization within a house of the legislature, congressional
7.23	district, county, legislative district, municipality, or precinct or any other party organization
7.24	designated by the chair of the political party in an annual certification of party units provided
7.25	to the board.
7.26	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
7.27	read:
7.28	Subd. 35c. Specific subject of interest. "Specific subject of interest" means a particular
7.29	topic or area of lobbying interest within a general lobbying category.

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8.1	Sec. 10. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 10A.0	l, is amended by ad	ding a subdivision to
8.2	read:			•	
8.3	Subd. 37	. Virtual currency. "	'Virtual currency'	' means any digital	currency which is
8.4		le in an electronic for			
8.5	<b>`</b>	a medium of exchang	•	•	· · ·
8.6	includes cry	ptocurrencies. Virtual	l currency does n	ot include currencie	es issued by a
8.7	government.				
8.8	Sec. 11. M	innesota Statutes 202	22, section 10A.0	22, subdivision 3, is	s amended to read:
8.9	Subd. 3.	Investigation autho	rity; complaint <sub>l</sub>	process. (a) The bo	ard may investigate
8.10	any alleged o	or potential violation	of this chapter. T	he board may also i	nvestigate an alleged
8.11	or potential	violation of section 2	11B.04, 211B.12,	or 211B.15 by or r	elated to a candidate,
8.12	treasurer, pri	incipal campaign con	nmittee, political	committee, politica	l fund, or party unit,
8.13	as those term	s are defined in this cl	hapter. The board	may only investigat	e an alleged violation
8.14	if the board:				
8.15	(1) receiv	ves a written complai	nt alleging a viol	ation;	
8.16	(2) disco	vers a potential viola	tion as a result of	an audit conducted	l by the board; or
8.17	(3) disco	vers a potential viola	tion as a result of	a staff review.	
8.18	(b) When	n the board investigat	es the allegations	made in a written	complaint and the
8.19	investigation	n reveals other potent	ial violations that	were not included	in the complaint, the
8.20	board may in	vestigate the potentia	l violations not a	leged in the compla	int only after making
8.21	a determinat	ion under paragraph	(d) that probable	cause exists to beli	eve a violation that
8.22	warrants a fo	ormal investigation ha	as occurred.		
8.23	(c) Upon	receipt of a written c	complaint filed w	ith the board, the bo	oard chair or another
8.24	board memb	er designated by the	chair shall promp	otly make a determi	nation as to whether
8.25	the complair	nt alleges a prima faci	ie violation. If a c	letermination is mad	de that the complaint
8.26	does not alle	ge a prima facie viol	ation, the compla	int shall be dismiss	ed without prejudice
8.27	and the com	plainant and the subj	ect of the compla	int must be prompt	ly notified of the
8.28	reasons the c	complaint did not alle	ge a prima facie v	violation. The notice	e to the subject of the
8.29	complaint m	ust include a copy of	the complaint. If	he complainant file	s a revised complaint
8.30	regarding the	e same facts and the s	same subject, the	prima facie determ	ination must be
8.31	completed by	y a board member otl	her than the mem	ber who made the i	nitial determination
8.32	and who doe	es not support the sam	ne political party	as the member who	made the initial

9.1 be made by the full board and must order that the prima facie determination for a complaint9.2 being submitted for the third time be made by the full board.

9.3 (d) If a determination is made that the complaint alleges a prima facie violation, the
9.4 board shall, within 45 60 days of the prima facie determination, make findings and
9.5 conclusions as to whether probable cause exists to believe the alleged violation that warrants
9.6 a formal investigation has occurred. Any party filing a complaint and any party against
9.7 whom a complaint is filed must be given an opportunity to be heard by the board prior to
9.8 the board's determination as to whether probable cause exists to believe a violation that

9.10 (e) Upon a determination by the board that probable cause exists to believe a violation that warrants a formal investigation has occurred, the board must undertake an investigation 9.11 under subdivision 2 and must issue an order at the conclusion of the investigation, except 9.12 that if the complaint alleges a violation of section 10A.25 or 10A.27, the board must either 9.13 enter a conciliation agreement or make public findings and conclusions as to whether a 9.14 violation has occurred and must issue an order within 60 days after the probable cause 9.15 determination has been made. Prior to making findings and conclusions in an investigation, 9.16 the board must offer the subject of the complaint an opportunity to answer the allegations 9.17 of the complaint in writing and to appear before the board to address the matter. The deadline 9.18 for action on a written complaint, including but not limited to issuance of a probable cause 9.19 determination in accordance with paragraph (d), entering into a conciliation agreement, or 9.20 issuance of public findings may be extended by majority vote of the board. 9.21

9.22 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.025, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Changes and corrections. Material changes in information previously submitted 9.23 and corrections to a report or statement must be reported in writing to the board within ten 9.24 days following the date of the event prompting the change or the date upon which the person 9.25 filing became aware of the inaccuracy. The change or correction must identify the form and 9.26 the paragraph containing the information to be changed or corrected. A request from the 9.27 9.28 board to a lobbyist to provide more detailed information about a specific subject of interest disclosed on a lobbyist disbursement report is a change or correction governed by this 9.29 subdivision. 9.30

9.31 A person who willfully fails to report a material change or correction is subject to a civil
9.32 penalty imposed by the board of up to \$3,000. A willful violation of this subdivision is a
9.33 gross misdemeanor.

The board must send a written notice to any individual who fails to file a report required 10.1 by this subdivision. If the individual fails to file the required report within ten business days 10.2 after the notice was sent, the board may impose a late filing fee of \$25 per day up to \$1,000 10.3 starting on the 11th day after the notice was sent. The board may send an additional notice 10.4 by certified mail to an individual who fails to file a report within ten business days after the 10.5 first notice was sent by the board. The certified notice must state that if the individual does 10.6 not file the requested report within ten business days after the certified notice was sent, the 10.7 individual may be subject to a civil penalty for failure to file a report. An individual who 10.8 fails to file a report required by this subdivision within ten business days after the certified 10.9 notice was sent by the board is subject to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to 10.10 \$1,000. 10.11

10.12 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

10.13 Subd. 2. Form. The board must prescribe a registration form, which must include:

10.14 (1) the name, address, and email address of the lobbyist;

10.15 (2) the principal place of business of the lobbyist;

(3) the name and address of each individual, association, political subdivision, or public
higher education system, if any, by whom the lobbyist is retained or employed or on whose
behalf the lobbyist appears;

(4) the website address of each association, political subdivision, or public higher
education system identified under clause (3), if the entity maintains a website; and

10.21 (5) <u>a the general description of the subject or subjects lobbying categories</u> on which the
10.22 lobbyist expects to lobby: <u>on behalf of a represented entity; and</u>

10.23 (6) if the lobbyist lobbies on behalf of an association, the registration form must include
 10.24 the name and address of the officers and directors of the association.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision toread:

10.27Subd. 6. General lobbying categories and specific subjects of interest. A list of general10.28lobbying categories and specific subjects of interest must be specified by the board and10.29updated periodically based on public comment and information provided by lobbyists. The10.30board must publish on its website the current list of general lobbying categories and specific

10.31 subjects of interest.

11.1	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
11.2	Subd. 3. Information to lobbyist. An employer or employee about entity or lobbyist
11.3	whose activities a are reported to the board by another lobbyist is required to report must
11.4	provide the information required by subdivision 4 to the lobbyist no later than five days
11.5	before the prescribed filing date.
11.6	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
11.7	Subd. 4. Content. (a) A report under this section must include information the board
11.8	requires from the registration form and the information required by this subdivision for the
11.9	reporting period.
11.10	(b) A lobbyist must report the specific subjects of interest for an entity represented by
11.11	the lobbyist on each report submitted under this section. A lobbyist must describe a specific
11.12	subject of interest in the report with enough information to show the particular issue of
11.13	importance to the entity represented.
11.14	(b) (c) A lobbyist must report the lobbyist's total disbursements on lobbying, separately
11.15	listing lobbying to influence legislative action, lobbying to influence administrative action,
11.16	and lobbying to influence the official actions of a metropolitan governmental unit, and a
11.17	breakdown of disbursements for each of those kinds of lobbying into eategories specified
11.18	by the board, including but not limited to the cost of publication and distribution of each
11.19	publication used in lobbying; other printing; media, including the cost of production; postage;
11.20	travel; fees, including allowances; entertainment; telephone and telegraph; and other
11.21	expenses. every state agency that had administrative action that the represented entity sought
11.22	to influence during the reporting period. The lobbyist must report the specific subjects of
11.23	interest for each administrative action and the revisor rule draft number assigned to the
11.24	administrative rulemaking.
11.25	(d) A lobbyist must report every metropolitan governmental unit that considered official
11.26	action that the represented entity sought to influence during the reporting period. The lobbyist
11.27	must report the specific subjects of interest for each action.
11.28	(e) A lobbyist must report general lobbying categories and up to four specific subjects
11.29	of interest related to each general lobbying category on which the lobbyist attempted to
11.30	influence legislative action during the reporting period. If the lobbyist attempted to influence
11.31	legislative action on more than four specific subjects of interest for a general lobbying
11.32	category, the lobbyist, in consultation with the represented entity, must determine which

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12.1 four specific subjects of interest were the entity's highest priorities during the reporting
12.2 period and report only those four subjects.

12.3 (f) A lobbyist must report the Public Utilities Commission project name for each rate

- setting, power plant and powerline siting, or granting of certification of need before the
   Public Utilities Commission that the represented entity sought to influence during the
- 12.6 <u>reporting period.</u>

(c) (g) A lobbyist must report the amount and nature of each gift, item, or benefit,
excluding contributions to a candidate, equal in value to \$5 or more, given or paid to any
official, as defined in section 10A.071, subdivision 1, by the lobbyist or an employer or
employee of the lobbyist. The list must include the name and address of each official to
whom the gift, item, or benefit was given or paid and the date it was given or paid.

(d) (h) A lobbyist must report each original source of money in excess of \$500 in any
year used for the purpose of lobbying to influence legislative action, administrative action,
or the official action of a metropolitan governmental unit. The list must include the name,
address, and employer, or, if self-employed, the occupation and principal place of business,
of each payer of money in excess of \$500.

12.17 (e) (i) On the each report due June 15, the a lobbyist must provide a disclose the general
 12.18 description of the subjects lobbying categories that were lobbied on in the previous 12
 12.19 months reporting period.

- 12.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024.
- 12.21 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.04, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Principal reports. (a) A principal must report to the board as required in thissubdivision by March 15 for the preceding calendar year.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (d), The principal must report the total amount,
rounded to the nearest \$20,000, spent by the principal during the preceding calendar year
to influence legislative action, administrative action, and the official action of metropolitan
governmental units. on each type of lobbying listed below:

- 12.28 (1) lobbying to influence legislative action;
- 12.29 (2) lobbying to influence administrative action, other than lobbying described in clause
  12.30 (3);

(3) lobbying to influence administrative action in cases of rate setting, power plant and
 powerline siting, and granting of certificates of need under section 216B.243; and

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13.1	<u>(4) lobb</u>	ying to influence offic	ial action of m	etropolitan governmer	ntal units.
13.2	(c) <del>Exce</del>	pt as provided in para;	<del>graph (d),</del> For (	each type of lobbying	listed in paragraph
13.3	<u>(b),</u> the prin	ncipal must report <del>unde</del>	er this subdivis	ion a total amount that	t includes:
13.4	(1) the p	ortion of all direct payı	nents for comr	ensation and benefits i	paid by the principal
13.5	· · ·	in this state for that ty			
	-			-	and with a survey
13.6		ortion of all expenditur			
13.7		mony, studies, reports,			
13.8		$\underline{a}$ and public relations of $\overline{a}$		-	
13.9		ne official action of me		ernmental units, and le	egal counsel used to
13.10	support that	t type of lobbying in th	is state; and		
13.11	(3) <u>a rea</u>	sonable good faith est	imate of the po	rtion of all salaries an	d administrative
13.12	overhead ex	xpenses attributable to	activities of th	e principal <del>relating to</del>	efforts to influence
13.13	legislative a	action, administrative a	<del>ction, or the of</del>	ficial action of metrop	olitan governmental
13.14	units for the	at type of lobbying in t	his state.		
13.15	<del>(d) A pr</del>	incipal that must repor	t spending to i	nfluence administrativ	e action in cases of
13.16	rate setting,	power plant and powe	erline siting, ar	d granting of certifica	tes of need under
13.17	section 216	B.243 must report those	<del>se amounts as j</del>	provided in this subdiv	vision, except that
13.18	they must b	e reported separately a	and not include	d in the totals required	l under paragraphs
13.19	<del>(b) and (c).</del>				
13.20	(d) The	principal must report d	lisbursements 1	nade and obligations i	ncurred that exceed
13.21	\$2,000 for p	baid advertising used for	or the purpose	of urging members of t	the public to contact
13.22	public or lo	cal officials to influence	ce official actio	ons during the reportin	g period. Paid
13.23	advertising	includes the cost to bo	ost the distribu	tion of an advertisem	ent on social media.
13.24		must provide the date t			
13.25	of the vendo	or, a description of the a	dvertising pure	hased, and any specifi	c subjects of interest
13.26	addressed b	by the advertisement.			
13.27	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. This see	ction is effectiv	ve January 1, 2024.	
13.28	Sec. 18. N	Ainnesota Statutes 202	2, section 10A	.04, subdivision 9, is a	mended to read:
13.29	Subd. 9.	Reporting by multip	ole lobbyists re	presenting the same	entity. Clauses (1)
13.30	to (6) apply	when a single individ	ual, association	n, political subdivision	, or public higher
13.31	education s	ystem is represented by	y more than on	e lobbyist.	

(1) The entity must appoint one designated lobbyist to report lobbyist disbursements 14.1 made by the entity. An entity represented by more than one lobbyist may only have one 14.2 designated lobbyist at any given time. The designated lobbyist must indicate that status on 14.3 the periodic reports of lobbyist disbursements.

(2) A reporting lobbyist may consent to report on behalf of one or more other lobbyists 14.5 for the same entity, in which case, the other lobbyists are persons whose activities the 14.6 reporting lobbyist must disclose and are subject to the disclosure requirements of subdivision 14.7 14.8 3. Lobbyist disbursement reports filed by a reporting lobbyist must include the names and registration numbers of the other lobbyists whose activities are included in the report. 14.9

14.10 (3) Lobbyists whose activities are accounted for by a reporting lobbyist are not required to file lobbyist disbursement reports. 14.11

(4) A lobbyist whose lobbying disbursements are provided to the board through a 14.12 reporting lobbyist must supply all relevant information on disbursements to the reporting 14.13 lobbyist no later than five days before the prescribed filing date. 14.14

(5) The reporting periods and due dates for a reporting lobbyist are those provided in 14.15 subdivision 2. The late filing provisions in subdivision 5 apply to reports required by this 14.16 subdivision. 14.17

(6) The reporting lobbyist must indicate the names and registration numbers of any 14.18 lobbyists who did not provide their lobbying disbursements for inclusion in a report. The 14.19 late filing provisions in subdivision 5 apply to lobbyists who fail to report information to 14.20 the reporting lobbyist. 14.21

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.09, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 14.22

Subd. 5. Form; general requirements. (a) A statement of economic interest required 14.23 by this section must be on a form prescribed by the board. Except as provided in subdivision 14.24 5b, the individual filing must provide the following information: 14.25

(1) the individual's name, address, occupation, and principal place of business; 14.26

(2) a listing of the name of each associated business and the nature of that association; 14.27

(3) a listing of all real property within the state, excluding homestead property, in which 14.28 the individual or the individual's spouse holds: (i) a fee simple interest, a mortgage, a contract 14.29 for deed as buyer or seller, or an option to buy, whether direct or indirect, if the interest is 14.30 14.31 valued in excess of \$2,500; or (ii) an option to buy, if the property has a fair market value of more than \$50,000; 14.32

14.4

(4) a listing of all real property within the state in which a partnership of which the 15.1 individual or the individual's spouse is a member holds: (i) a fee simple interest, a mortgage, 15.2 a contract for deed as buyer or seller, or an option to buy, whether direct or indirect, if the 15.3 individual's share of the partnership interest is valued in excess of \$2,500; or (ii) an option 15.4 to buy, if the property has a fair market value of more than \$50,000. A listing under this 15.5 clause or clause (3) must indicate the street address and the municipality or the section, 15.6 township, range and approximate acreage, whichever applies, and the county in which the 15.7 15.8 property is located;

(5) a listing of any investments, ownership, or interests in property connected with
pari-mutuel horse racing in the United States and Canada, including a racehorse, in which
the individual directly or indirectly holds a partial or full interest or an immediate family
member holds a partial or full interest;

(6) a listing of the principal business or professional activity category of each business
from which the individual <u>or the individual's spouse</u> receives more than \$250 in any month
during the reporting period as an employee, if the individual <u>or the individual's spouse</u> has
an ownership interest of 25 percent or more in the business;

15.17 (7) a listing of each principal business or professional activity category from which the
15.18 individual <u>or the individual's spouse</u> received compensation of more than \$2,500 in the past
15.19 12 months as an independent contractor; <del>and</del>

(8) a listing of the full name of each security with a value of more than \$10,000 owned
in part or in full by the individual or the individual's spouse, at any time during the reporting
period-; and

15.23 (9) a listing of any contract, professional license, lease, or franchise that:

(i) is held by the individual or the individual's spouse or any business in which the

15.25 individual has an ownership interest of 25 percent or more; and

(ii) is entered into with, or issued by, the government agency on which the individual
serves as a public or local official.

(b) The business or professional categories for purposes of paragraph (a), clauses (6)

and (7), must be the general topic headings used by the federal Internal Revenue Service

15.30 for purposes of reporting self-employment income on Schedule C. This paragraph does not

15.31 require an individual to report any specific code number from that schedule. Any additional

15.32 principal business or professional activity category may only be adopted if the category is

15.33 enacted by law.

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16.1	(c) For the purpose of calculating the amount of compensation received from any single
16.2	source in a single month, the amount shall include the total amount received from the source
16.3	during the month, whether or not the amount covers compensation for more than one month.
16.4	(d) For the purpose of determining the value of an individual's interest in real property,
16.5	the value of the property is the market value shown on the property tax statement.
16.6	(e) For the purpose of this section, "date of appointment" means the effective date of
16.7	appointment to a position.
16.8	(f) For the purpose of this section, "accepting employment as a public official" means
16.9	the effective date of the appointment to the position, as stated in the appointing authority's
16.10	notice to the board.
16.11	(g) The listings required in paragraph (a), clauses (3) to (9), must not identify whether
16.12	the individual or the individual's spouse is associated with or owns the listed item.
16.12	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to
16.13	read:
16.14	Icau.
16.15	Subd. 5b. Form; exceptions for certain officials. (a) This subdivision applies to the
16.16	following individuals:
16.17	(1) a supervisor of a soil and water conservation district;
16.18	(2) a manager of a watershed district; and
16.19	(3) a member of a watershed management organization as defined under section
16.20	<u>103B.205</u> , subdivision 13.
16.21	(b) Notwithstanding subdivision 5, paragraph (a), an individual listed in paragraph (a),
16.22	must provide only the information listed below on a statement of economic interest:
16.23	(1) the individual's name, address, occupation, and principal place of business;
16.24	(2) a listing of any association, corporation, partnership, limited liability company,
16.25	limited liability partnership, or other organized legal entity from which the individual
16.26	receives compensation in excess of \$250, except for actual and reasonable expenses, in any
16.27	month during the reporting period as a director, officer, owner, member, partner, employer,
16.28	or employee;
16.29	(3) a listing of all real property within the state, excluding homestead property, in which
16.30	the individual or the individual's spouse holds:

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17.1	(i) a fee	simple interest, a mor	tgage, a contra	ct for deed as buyer or	seller, or an option			
17.2	to buy, whether direct or indirect, if the interest is valued in excess of \$2,500; or							
17.3	(ii) an option to buy, if the property has a fair market value of more than \$50,000;							
17.4	<u>(</u> 4) a list	ing of all real property	within the sta	te in which a partnersl	nip of which the			
17.5	individual o	r the individual's spou	ise is a membe	r holds:				
17.6	(i) a fee	simple interest, a mor	tgage, a contra	ct for deed as buyer or	seller, or an option			
17.7	to buy, whet	her direct or indirect, i	f the individual	's share of the partners	hip interest is valued			
17.8	in excess of	\$2,500; or						
17.9	(ii) an op	otion to buy, if the pro	perty has a fair	r market value of more	e than \$50,000. A			
17.10	listing under	r this clause or clause	(3) must indic	ate the street address a	nd the municipality			
17.11	or the sectio	n, township, range and	l approximate a	acreage, whichever app	plies, and the county			
17.12	in which the	e property is located; a	und					
17.13	<u>(</u> 5) a list	ing of any contract, pr	ofessional lice	ense, lease, or franchise	e that meets the			
17.14	following ci	riteria:						
17.15	<u>(i) it is h</u>	eld by the individual of	or the individu	al's spouse or any busi	ness in which the			
17.16	individual h	as an ownership intere	est of 25 perce	nt or more; and				
17.17	<u>(ii) it is e</u>	entered into with, or is	sued by, the go	overnment agency on v	which the individual			
17.18	serves as a p	public or local official	<u>.</u>					
17.19	<u>(c) The l</u>	istings required in par	agraph (b), cla	uses (3) to (5), must n	ot identify whether			
17.20	the individu	al or the individual's s	pouse is assoc	iated with or owns the	listed item.			
17.21	<u>(d)</u> If an	individual listed in pa	ragraph (a) also	o holds a public officia	l position that is not			
17.22	listed in para	agraph (a), the individu	al must file a s	tatement of economic	interest that includes			
17.23	the informat	tion specified in subdi	vision 5, parag	graph (a).				
17.24	Sec. 21. N	linnesota Statutes 202	2, section 10A	.121, subdivision 1, is	amended to read:			
17.25	Subdivis	ion 1. Permitted dist	oursements. A	n independent expend	iture political			
17.26	committee o	or fund, or a ballot que	estion political	committee or fund, ma	ay:			
17.27	(1) pay c	costs associated with i	ts fundraising	and general operations	;			
17.28	(2) pay fe	or communications tha	t do not constit	ute contributions or app	proved expenditures;			
17.29	(3) make	contributions to indep	endent expend	iture or ballot question	political committees			
17.30	or funds;							
17.31	(4) make	e independent expendi	tures;					

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18.1 (5) make expenditures to promote or defeat ballot questions;

18.2 (6) return a contribution to its source;

18.3 (7) for a political fund, record bookkeeping entries transferring the association's general

treasury money allocated for political purposes back to the general treasury of the association;
 and

(8) for a political fund, return general treasury money transferred to a separate depository
to the general depository of the association-; and

18.8 (9) make disbursements for electioneering communications.

18.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to

18.10 expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.

18.11 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.121, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Penalty. (a) An independent expenditure political committee or, independent
expenditure political fund, ballot question political committee, or ballot question political
fund is subject to a civil penalty of up to four times the amount of the contribution or
approved expenditure if it does the following:

18.16 (1) makes a contribution to a candidate, local candidate, party unit, political committee, 18.17 or political fund other than an independent expenditure political committee  $\frac{\sigma r_2}{\sigma}$  an independent 18.18 expenditure political fund, ballot question political committee, or ballot question political 18.19 <u>fund</u>; or

18.20 (2) makes an approved expenditure.

(b) No other penalty provided in law may be imposed for conduct that is subject to acivil penalty under this section.

18.23 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Deposit. All contributions received by or on behalf of a candidate, principal 18.24 18.25 campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit must be deposited in an placed in a depository account designated "Campaign Fund of ..... (name of candidate, 18.26 committee, fund, or party unit)." All contributions must be deposited promptly upon receipt 18.27 and, except for contributions received during the last three days of a reporting period as 18.28 described in section 10A.20, must be deposited during the reporting period in which they 18.29 18.30 were received. A contribution received during the last three days of a reporting period must be deposited within 72 hours after receipt and must be reported as received during the 18.31

reporting period whether or not deposited within that period must not be deposited in any 19.1

other account prior to being deposited within a depository of the principal campaign 19.2

committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit. However, a contribution may 19.3

temporarily be held within a digital wallet or other account immediately after receipt if the recipient principal campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit 19.5

has sole ownership of that account. A candidate, principal campaign committee, political 19.6

committee, political fund, or party unit may refuse to accept a contribution. A deposited 19.7

contribution may be returned to the contributor within 90 days after deposit. A contribution 19.8

deposited and not returned within 90 days after that deposit must be reported as accepted. 19.9

19.10 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.15, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Registration number on checks. A contribution made to a candidate or local 19.11 candidate by a lobbyist, political committee, political fund, or party unit must show the 19.12 name of the lobbyist, political committee, political fund, or party unit and the number under 19.13 19.14 which it is registered with the board.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to 19.15 read: 19.16

Subd. 8. Virtual currency contributions. (a) A principal campaign committee, political 19.17 committee, political fund, or party unit may accept a donation in kind in the form of virtual 19.18 currency. Any virtual currency contribution must be made and received through a virtual 19.19 currency payment processor based in the United States that is registered with the United 19.20 States Department of Treasury and which utilizes protocols to verify the identity of the 19.21 contributor for all contributions. The value of donated virtual currency is its fair market 19.22 value at the time it is donated. The recipient of a virtual currency contribution must sell the 19.23 virtual currency in exchange for United States currency within five business days after 19.24 19.25 receipt.

(b) Any increase in the value of donated virtual currency after its donation, but before 19.26

19.27 its conversion to United States currency, must be reported as a receipt that is not a

contribution pursuant to section 10A.20, subdivision 3. Any decrease in the value of donated 19.28

virtual currency after its donation, but before its conversion to United States currency, must 19.29

be reported as an expenditure pursuant to section 10A.20, subdivision 3. 19.30

(c) A principal campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit 19.31 may not purchase goods or services with virtual currency. 19.32

19.4

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20.1	Sec. 26. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 10A.	15, is amended by ad	ding a subdivision to
20.2	read:			·	-
20.3	Subd. 9. ]	Mobile payments. (a	a) A principal ca	ampaign committee,	political committee,
20.4					ing a mobile payment
20.5	service or pla	atform, a service that	is dependent up	oon direct carrier bill	ing, or a website.
20.6	(b) A prin	ncipal campaign com	mittee, political	committee, political	l fund, or party unit
20.7	may not solid	cit or accept a contrib	oution made using	ng a mobile payment	service or platform
20.8	that, to a pote	ential contributor, dis	splays only the 1	name of an individua	l as the recipient or
20.9	displays a na	me for the recipient t	that is not subst	antially similar to the	e name under which
20.10	the recipient	is registered with the	e board.		
20.11	<u>(c)</u> A mo	bile payment contribu	ution must be de	eposited pursuant to	subdivision 3 before
20.12	the funds rec	eived may be used to	make an expend	liture or disbursemen	t other than payment
20.13	of any proces	ssing fee charged for	using the mobi	le payment service o	r platform.
	~				
20.14	Sec. 27. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 10A.	17, subdivision 5, is	amended to read:
20.15	Subd. 5.	Penalty. A person wh	ho violates subd	ivision 2 <u>or 6</u> is subj	ect to a civil penalty
20.16	imposed by t	he board of up to \$1,	000. A person v	vho knowingly viola	tes subdivision 3a or
20.17	4 or falsely c	claims that an expend	iture was an inc	lependent expenditur	e is guilty of a gross
20.18	misdemeano	r and subject to a civ	il penalty impos	sed by the board of u	p to \$3,000.
20.19	Sec. 28. Mi	innesota Statutes 202	2. section 10A.	7. is amended by add	ding a subdivision to
20.20	read:		, -		8
20.21	Subd 6	Use of depository. A	political comm	vittee political fund	principal campaign
20.21					or other disbursement
20.22		g petty cash or a depo			
20.25		5 perty cush of a dept	ository of that o		
20.24	Sec. 29. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 10A.	20, subdivision 2a, is	s amended to read:
20.25	Subd. 2a.	Local election repo	<b>rts.</b> (a) This sub	odivision applies to a	political committee,
20.26	political fund	d, or political party u	nit that during a	non-general election	n year:
20.27	(1) spend	s in aggregate more t	han \$200 to inf	uence the nominatio	n or election of local
20.28	candidates;				
20.29	(2) spend	s in aggregate more t	han \$200 to ma	ke independent expe	nditures on behalf of
20.30	local candida	ates; or			

21.1	(3) spends in aggregate more than \$200 to promote or defeat ballot questions defined
21.2	in section 10A.01, subdivision 7, clause (2), (3), or (4).
21.3	(b) In addition to the reports required by subdivision 2, the entities listed in paragraph
21.4	(a) must file the following reports in each non-general election year:
21.5	(1) a first-quarter report covering the calendar year through March 31, which is due
21.6	April 14;
21.7	(2) a report covering the calendar year through May 31, which is due June 14;
21.8	(3) a pre-primary-election report due 15 days before the local primary election date
21.9	specified in section 205.065;
21.10	(4) a pre-general-election report due 42 days before the local general election; and
21.11	(5) a pre-general-election report due ten days before a local general election.
21.12	The reporting obligations in this paragraph begin with the first report due after the
21.13	reporting period in which the entity reaches the spending threshold specified in paragraph
21.14	(a). The pre-primary report required under clause (3) is required for all entities required to
21.15	report under paragraph (a), regardless of whether the candidate or issue is on the primary
21.16	<u>ballot.</u>
21.17	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.20, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
21.18	Subd. 5. Pre-election reports. (a) Any loan, contribution, or contributions:
21.19	(1) to a political committee or political fund from any one source totaling more than
21.20	\$1,000;
21.21	(2) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for an appellate court judicial
21.22	office totaling more than \$2,000;
01.00	
21.23	(3) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for district court judge totaling
21.23	(3) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for district court judge totaling more than \$400; or
21.24	more than \$400; or
21.24 21.25	more than \$400; or (4) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for constitutional office or for
<ul><li>21.24</li><li>21.25</li><li>21.26</li></ul>	more than \$400; or (4) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for constitutional office or for the legislature totaling more than 50 percent of the election segment contribution limit for
<ul><li>21.24</li><li>21.25</li><li>21.26</li><li>21.27</li></ul>	more than \$400; or (4) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for constitutional office or for the legislature totaling more than 50 percent of the election segment contribution limit for the office,

21.31 paragraph (a) must be reported to the board either:

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22.1	(1) in person by the end of the next business day after its receipt; or
22.2	(2) by electronic means sent within 24 hours after its receipt by the end of the next
22.3	business day after its receipt.
22.4	(c) These loans and contributions must also be reported in the next required report.
22.5	(d) This notice requirement does not apply in a primary election to a candidate who is
22.6	unopposed in the primary, in a primary election to a ballot question political committee or
22.7	fund, or in a general election to a candidate whose name is not on the general election ballot.
22.8	The board must post the report on its website by the end of the next business day after it is
22.9	received.
22.10	(e) This subdivision does not apply to a ballot question or independent expenditure
22.11	political committee or fund that has not met the registration threshold of section 10A.14,
22.12	subdivision 1a. However, if a contribution that would be subject to this section triggers the
22.13	registration requirement in section 10A.14, subdivision 1a, then both registration under that
22.14	section and reporting under this section are required.
22.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to
22.16	expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.
22.17	Sec. 31. [10A.201] ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATIONS; DEFINITIONS.
22.17 22.18	Sec. 31. [10A.201] ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATIONS; DEFINITIONS. Subdivision 1. Definitions. The terms defined in this section apply to this section and
	• •
22.18	Subdivision 1. Definitions. The terms defined in this section apply to this section and
22.18 22.19	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> The terms defined in this section apply to this section and to section 10A.202.
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<ul><li>22.18</li><li>22.19</li><li>22.20</li><li>22.21</li></ul>	<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <b>Definitions.</b> The terms defined in this section apply to this section and to section 10A.202. <u>Subd. 2.</u> <b>Broadcast, cable, or satellite communication.</b> "Broadcast, cable, or satellite communication" means a communication that is publicly distributed by a television station,
<ul> <li>22.18</li> <li>22.19</li> <li>22.20</li> <li>22.21</li> <li>22.22</li> </ul>	<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <b>Definitions.</b> The terms defined in this section apply to this section and to section 10A.202. <u>Subd. 2.</u> <b>Broadcast, cable, or satellite communication.</b> "Broadcast, cable, or satellite communication" means a communication that is publicly distributed by a television station, radio station, cable television system, or satellite system.
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<ul> <li>22.18</li> <li>22.19</li> <li>22.20</li> <li>22.21</li> <li>22.22</li> <li>22.23</li> <li>22.24</li> <li>22.25</li> <li>22.26</li> <li>22.27</li> </ul>	Subdivision 1. Definitions. The terms defined in this section apply to this section and         to section 10A.202.         Subd. 2. Broadcast, cable, or satellite communication. "Broadcast, cable, or satellite         communication" means a communication that is publicly distributed by a television station,         radio station, cable television system, or satellite system.         Subd. 3. Can be received by 10,000 or more individuals. (a) "Can be received by         10,000 or more individuals" means:         (1) in the case of a communication transmitted by an FM radio broadcast station or         network, where the district lies entirely within the station's or network's protected or primary         service contour, that the population of the district is 10,000 or more;
<ul> <li>22.18</li> <li>22.19</li> <li>22.20</li> <li>22.21</li> <li>22.22</li> <li>22.23</li> <li>22.24</li> <li>22.25</li> <li>22.26</li> <li>22.27</li> <li>22.28</li> </ul>	Subdivision 1. Definitions. The terms defined in this section apply to this section and to section 10A.202.         Subd. 2. Broadcast, cable, or satellite communication. "Broadcast, cable, or satellite communication" means a communication that is publicly distributed by a television station, radio station, cable television system, or satellite system.         Subd. 3. Can be received by 10,000 or more individuals. (a) "Can be received by 10,000 or mo
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23.1	(3) in the	case of a communic	ation transmitte	ed by an AM radio broa	adcast station or
23.2	network, whe	re the district lies ent	irely within the	station's or network's m	ost outward service
23.3	area, that the	population of the di	strict is 10,000	or more;	
23.4	(4) in the	case of a communic	ation transmitte	ed by an AM radio broa	adcast station or
23.5	network, whe	re a portion of the dis	strict lies outsid	e of the station's or netw	vork's most outward
23.6	service area,	that the population of	of the part of th	e district lying within t	he station's or
23.7	network's mo	ost outward service a	rea is 10,000 o	r more;	
23.8	(5) in the $($	case of a communica	tion appearing o	on a television broadcas	t station or network,
23.9	where the dis	strict lies entirely with	thin the station'	s or network's Grade B	broadcast contour,
23.10	that the popu	lation of the district	is 10,000 or m	ore;	
23.11	(6) in the c	case of a communica	tion appearing o	on a television broadcas	t station or network,
23.12	where a porti	on of the district lies	s outside of the	Grade B broadcast cor	ntour:
23.13	(i) that the	e population of the p	part of the distri	ct lying within the stat	ion's or network's
23.14	Grade B broa	adcast contour is 10,0	000 or more; or	-	
23.15	(ii) that th	e population of the	part of the distr	ict lying within the sta	tion's or network's
23.16	broadcast cor	ntour, when combine	d with the view	ership of that television	n station or network
23.17	by cable and	satellite subscribers	within the dist	rict lying outside the br	oadcast contour, is
23.18	10,000 or mo	ore;			
23.19	(7) in the (	case of a communica	tion appearing	exclusively on a cable o	r satellite television
23.20	system, but n	ot on a broadcast sta	ation or networ	k, that the viewership o	of the cable system
23.21	or satellite sy	stem lying within a	district is 10,00	00 or more; or	
23.22	(8) in the	case of a communic	ation appearing	g on a cable television i	network, that the
23.23	total cable an	d satellite viewershi	p within a dist	rict is 10,000 or more.	
23.24	(b) Cable	or satellite televisio	n viewership is	determined by multipl	ying the number of
23.25	subscribers w	vithin a district, or a	part thereof, as	appropriate, by the cu	rrent average
23.26	household siz	ze for Minnesota, as	determined by	the Bureau of the Cens	sus.
23.27	(c) A dete	rmination that a com	munication car	be received by 10,000	or more individuals
23.28	based on the	application of the for	rmula in this se	ction shall create a rebu	attable presumption
23.29	that may be c	overcome by demons	strating that:		
23.30	<u>(1) one or</u>	more cable or satel	lite systems die	not carry the network	on which the
23.31	<u>communicati</u>	on was publicly dist	ributed at the ti	me the communication	was publicly
23.32	distributed; a	nd			

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24.1	(2) applying the formula to the remaining cable and satellite systems results in a							
24.2	determination that the cable network or systems upon which the communication was publicly							
24.3	distributed con	uld not be received	by 10,000 indiv	iduals or more.				
24.4	Subd. 4. D	irect costs of produ	icing or airing o	electioneering comm	unications. "Direct			
24.5	costs of produ	cing or airing electi	oneering comm	unications" means:				
24.6	(1) costs cl	narged by a vendor,	including studio	o rental time, staff sal	aries, costs of video			
24.7	or audio recor	ding media, and tal	ent; and					
24.8				tellite radio and telev	ision stations, studio			
24.9	<u> </u>			to purchase the airtin				
24.10	<u>Subd. 5.</u> D	<b>isclosure date.</b> "Di	sclosure date" n	neans:				
24.11	(1) the firs	t date on which an e	electioneering co	ommunication is publ	licly distributed,			
24.12	provided that	the person making t	he electioneerin	g communication has	s made one or more			
24.13	disbursements	, or has executed or	e or more contra	acts to make disburse	ments, for the direct			
24.14	costs of produ	cing or airing one o	r more election	eering communication	ns aggregating in			
24.15	excess of \$10,	<u>000; or</u>						
24.16	(2) any oth	er date during the s	ame calendar ye	ear on which an elect	ioneering			
24.17	communicatio	n is publicly distrib	uted, provided t	hat the person makin	g the electioneering			
24.18	communicatio	n has made one or m	nore disburseme	nts, or has executed o	ne or more contracts			
24.19	to make disbu	esements, for the dire	ect costs of prod	ucing or airing one or	more electioneering			
24.20	communicatio	ns aggregating in e	xcess of \$10,00	0 since the most recen	nt disclosure date			
24.21	during that cal	lendar year.						
24.22	<u>Subd. 6.</u> <u>E</u>	lectioneering com	nunication. (a)	"Electioneering com	munication" means			
24.23	any broadcast	, cable, or satellite c	communication	that:				
24.24	(1) refers t	o a clearly identifie	d candidate for	state office;				
24.25	<u>(2) is publi</u>	cly distributed with	in 60 days befo	re a general election	for the office sought			
24.26	by the candida	ate; or within 30 day	ys before a prim	ary election, presider	ntial nomination			
24.27	primary, or a c	convention or caucu	s of a political p	party that has authorit	ty to nominate a			
24.28	candidate, for	the office sought by	y the candidate,	and the candidate ref	ferenced is seeking			
24.29	the nomination	n of that political pa	urty; and					
24.30	<u>(3) is targe</u>	ted to the relevant e	electorate.					
24.31	<u>(b)</u> A com	munication is not ar	electioneering	communication if it:				

25.1	(1) is publicly disseminated through a means of communication other than a broadcast,
25.2	cable, or satellite television or radio station;
25.3	(2) appears in a news story, commentary, or editorial distributed through the facilities
25.4	of any broadcast, cable, or satellite television or radio station, unless such facilities are
25.5	owned or controlled by any political party, political committee, or candidate, provided that
25.6	a news story distributed through a broadcast, cable, or satellite television or radio station
25.7	owned or controlled by any political party, political committee, or candidate is not an
25.8	electioneering communication if the news story meets the requirements described in Code
25.9	of Federal Regulations, title 11, section 100.132(a) and (b);
25.10	(3) constitutes an expenditure or independent expenditure, provided that the expenditure
25.11	or independent expenditure is required to be reported under this chapter;
25.12	(4) constitutes a candidate debate or forum, or that solely promotes such a debate or
25.13	forum and is made by or on behalf of the person sponsoring the debate or forum; or
25.14	(5) is paid for by a candidate.
25.15	Subd. 7. Identification. "Identification" means, in the case of an individual, the
25.16	individual's full name including first name, middle name or initial if available, and last
25.17	name; mailing address; occupation; and name of the individual's employer and, in the case
25.18	of a person who is not an individual, the person's name and principal place of business.
25.19	Subd. 8. Individuals sharing or exercising direction or control. "Individuals sharing
25.20	or exercising direction or control" means officers, directors, executive directors or the
25.21	equivalent, partners, and in the case of unincorporated organizations, owners, of the entity
25.22	or person making the disbursement for the electioneering communication.
25.23	Subd. 9. Publicly distributed. "Publicly distributed" means aired, broadcast, cablecast,
25.24	or otherwise disseminated through the facilities of a television station, radio station, cable
25.25	television system, or satellite system.
25.26	Subd. 10. Refers to a clearly identified candidate. "Refers to a clearly identified
25.27	candidate" means that the candidate's name, nickname, photograph, or drawing appears, or
25.28	the identity of the candidate is otherwise apparent through an unambiguous reference such
25.29	as "the governor," "your legislator," or "the incumbent," or through an unambiguous reference
25.30	to the candidate's status as a candidate such as "the [political party] gubernatorial nominee"
25.31	or "the [political party] candidate for senate."
25.32	Subd. 11. Targeted to the relevant electorate. "Targeted to the relevant electorate"
25.33	means the communication can be received by 10,000 or more individuals:

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26.1	(1) in the district the candidate seeks to represent, in the case of a candidate for							
26.2	representative, senator, or other office represented by district; or							
26.3	(2) in the	e entire state, if the car	ndidate seeks a	statewide office.				
26.4	EFFEC	<b>FIVE DATE.</b> This se	ction is effectiv	ve January 1, 2024, an	d applies to			
26.5	expenditures	and electioneering c	ommunications	s made on or after that	date.			
26.6	<u> </u>		NEERING CO	MMUNICATION; F	REPORTING			
26.7	REQUIRE	<u>MENTS.</u>						
26.8	Subdivis	ion 1. <b>Reports requi</b>	red. Any perso	n who has made an el	ectioneering			
26.9	communicat	ion, as defined in sect	tion 10A.201, a	aggregating in excess (	of \$10,000 during			
26.10	any calendar	year shall file a state	ment with the	board no later than 11	:59 p.m. on the day			
26.11	following th	e disclosure date. The	e statement sha	ll be filed under penal	ty of perjury, and			
26.12	must contair	the information set f	orth in subdivi	sion 2. Political comm	nittees that make a			
26.13	communicat	ion described in section	on 10A.201 mu	st report the communic	cation as a campaign			
26.14	expenditure or independent expenditure as otherwise provided by this chapter and are not							
26.15	required to f	ile a report under this	section.					
26.16	Subd. 2.	<b>Content of report.</b> A	statement of e	lectioneering commun	ications required by			
26.17	this section s	shall disclose the follo	owing informat	tion:				
26.18	<u>(1) the id</u>	entification of the pers	on who made tl	he disbursement or who	executed a contract			
26.19	to make a di	sbursement and, if the	e person is not	an individual, the pers	on's principal place			
26.20	of business;							
26.21	(2) the id	lentification of any in	dividual sharin	g or exercising directi	on or control over			
26.22	the activities	of the person who ma	ade the disburs	ement or who execute	d a contract to make			
26.23	<u>a disburseme</u>	ent;						
26.24	(3) the id	lentification of the cus	stodian of the b	books and accounts from	om which the			
26.25	disbursemen	nts were made;						
26.26	(4) the ar	nount of each disburs	ement, or amo	unt obligated, of more	than \$200 during			
26.27	the period co	overed by the stateme	nt, the date the	disbursement was ma	de or the contract			
26.28	was execute	d, and the identification	on of the perso	n to whom that disbur	sement was made;			
26.29	<u>(5) all cle</u>	early identified candic	lates referred to	o in the electioneering	communication and			
26.30	the elections	in which they are can	ndidates;					
26.31	<u>(6) the di</u>	isclosure date;						

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27.1	(7) if the disbursements were paid exclusively from a segregated bank account consisting
27.2	of funds provided solely by persons other than national banks, corporations organized by
27.3	federal law or the laws of this state, or foreign nationals, the name and address of each donor
27.4	who donated an amount aggregating \$1,000 or more to the segregated bank account,
27.5	aggregating since the first day of the preceding calendar year;
27.6	(8) if the disbursements were not paid exclusively from a segregated bank account
27.7	consisting of funds provided solely by persons other than national banks, corporations
27.8	organized by federal law or the laws of this state, or foreign nationals, and were not made
27.9	by a corporation or labor organization, the name and address of each donor who donated
27.10	an amount aggregating \$1,000 or more to the person making the disbursement, aggregating
27.11	since the first day of the preceding calendar year; and
27.12	(9) if the disbursements were made by a corporation or labor organization and were not
27.13	paid exclusively from a segregated bank account consisting of funds provided solely by
27.14	persons other than national banks, corporations organized by federal law or the laws of this
27.15	state, or foreign nationals, the name and address of each person who made a donation
27.16	aggregating \$1,000 or more to the corporation or labor organization, aggregating since the
27.17	first day of the preceding calendar year, which was made for the purpose of furthering
27.18	electioneering communications.
27.19	Subd. 3. Recordkeeping. All persons who make electioneering communications or who
27.20	accept donations for the purpose of making electioneering communications must maintain
27.21	records as necessary to comply with the requirements of this section.
27.22	Subd. 4. Disclaimer required. An electioneering communication must include a
27.23	disclaimer in the same manner as required for campaign material under section 211B.04,
27.24	subdivision 1, paragraph (c).
27.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to
27.26	expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.
27.27	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.244, is amended to read:
27.28	10A.244 VOLUNTARY INACTIVE STATUS; POLITICAL FUNDS.
27.29	Subdivision 1. Election of voluntary inactive status. An association that has a political
27.30	fund registered under this chapter may elect to have the fund placed on voluntary inactive
27.31	status if the following conditions are met:
27.32	(1) the association makes a written request for inactive status;

- (2) the association has filed all periodic reports required by this chapter and has received 28.1 no contributions into its political fund and made no expenditures or disbursements, including 28.2 disbursements for electioneering communications, through its political fund since the last 28.3 date included on the association's most recent report; and 28.4 (3) the association has satisfied all obligations to the state for late filing fees and civil 28.5 penalties imposed by the board or the board has waived this requirement. 28.6 Subd. 2. Effect of voluntary inactive status. After an association has complied with 28.7 the requirements of subdivision 1: 28.8 (1) the board must notify the association that its political fund has been placed in 28.9 voluntary inactive status and of the terms of this section; 28.10 (2) the board must stop sending the association reports, forms, and notices of report due 28.11 dates that are periodically sent to entities registered with the board; 28.12 (3) the association is not required to file periodic disclosure reports for its political fund 28.13 as otherwise required under this chapter; 28.14 (4) the association may not accept contributions into its political fund and may not make 28.15 expenditures, contributions, or disbursements, including disbursements for electioneering 28.16 communications, through its political fund; and 28.17 (5) if the association maintains a separate depository account for its political fund, it 28.18 may continue to pay bank service charges and receive interest paid on that account while 28.19 its political fund is in inactive status. 28.20 Subd. 3. Resumption of active status or termination. (a) An association that has placed 28.21 its political fund in voluntary inactive status may resume active status upon written notice 28.22 to the board. 28.23 (b) A political fund placed in voluntary inactive status must resume active status within 28.24 14 days of the date that it has accepted contributions or made expenditures, contributions, 28.25 or disbursements, including disbursements for electioneering communications, that aggregate 28.26 28.27 more than \$750 since the political fund was placed on inactive status. If, after meeting this threshold, the association does not notify the board that its fund has resumed active status, 28.28
- the board may place the association's political fund in active status and notify the association 28.29 of the change in status. 28.30
- (c) An association that has placed its political fund in voluntary inactive status may 28.31 terminate the registration of the fund without returning it to active status. 28.32

Subd. 4. Penalty for financial activity while in voluntary inactive status. If an
association fails to notify the board of its political fund's resumption of active status under
subdivision 3, the board may impose a civil penalty of \$50 per day, not to exceed \$1,000
commencing on the 15th calendar day after the fund resumed active status.

# 29.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to 29.6 expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.

29.7 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.25, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. Independent expenditures and electioneering communications. The principal
campaign committee of a candidate must not make independent expenditures or
disbursements for electioneering communications. If the principal campaign committee of
a candidate makes a contribution to an independent expenditure committee or independent
expenditure fund on or after January 1 of the year the candidate's office will appear on the
ballot, the independent expenditure committee or independent expenditure fund must not
make an independent expenditure for that candidate.

# 29.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to 29.16 expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.

29.17 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.271, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Notice to contributors. A political committee, political fund, political 29.18 party unit, or principal campaign committee that raises funds through the sale of goods or 29.19 services must disclose to potential customers that the proceeds from the purchase are a 29.20 political contribution and to whom the contribution is made. If goods or services are sold 29.21 in person, the notice may must be provided verbally at the time of purchase, or through the 29.22 prominent display of a sign providing the notice in immediate proximity to within three feet 29.23 of, and facing, the point of sale at the location where the goods or services are sold. If goods 29.24 or services are sold using a website or other electronic means, the notice must be prominently 29.25 displayed on the page used by potential customers to make a purchase or enter payment 29.26 information. 29.27

29.28 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.273, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Contributions during legislative session. (a) A candidate for the
legislature or for constitutional office, the candidate's principal campaign committee, or a
political committee or party unit established by all or a part of the party organization within
a house of the legislature, must not solicit or accept a contribution from a registered lobbyist,

political committee, political fund, or an association not registered with the board during a 30.1 regular session of the legislature. 30.2 30.3 (b) During a regular session of the legislature, a candidate for the legislature or for constitutional office, or the candidate's principal campaign committee, must not solicit 30.4 contributions for or take an action directly related to the solicitation or acceptance of 30.5 contributions for a political party or party unit from a registered lobbyist, political committee, 30.6 political fund, or an association not registered with the board. 30.7 (c) A registered lobbyist, political committee, political fund, or an association not 30.8 registered with the board must not make a contribution to a candidate for the legislature or 30.9 30.10 for constitutional office, the candidate's principal campaign committee, or a political committee or party unit established by all or a part of the party organization within a house 30.11 of the legislature during a regular session of the legislature. 30.12 (d) Regardless of when made, a contribution made by a lobbyist, political committee, 30.13 or political fund in order to attend an event that occurs during a regular session of the 30.14 legislature and that is held by the principal campaign committee of a candidate for the 30.15 legislature or constitutional office, or by a political party organization within a body of the 30.16 legislature, is a violation of this section. 30.17 (e) Regardless of when made, a contribution from a lobbyist, political committee, or 30.18 political fund for membership or access to a facility operated during the regular session of 30.19 the legislature by the principal campaign committee of a candidate for the legislature or 30.20 constitutional office, or by a political party organization within a body of the legislature, is 30.21 a violation of this section. 30.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 30.23 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.273, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 30.24 Subd. 2. Party and party unit solicitations. (a) At an event hosted by a candidate, a 30.25 political party or party unit must not solicit or receive at an event hosted by a candidate for 30.26 30.27 the legislature or by a candidate for constitutional office a contribution from a lobbyist, political committee, political fund, or party unit during a regular session of the legislature. 30.28 (b) A political party or party unit must not use the image of a candidate or promote the 30.29 attendance of a candidate at an event to solicit contributions during the legislative session. 30.30 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, "candidate" means a candidate for the legislature 30.31 or for constitutional office. 30.32

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31.1	<b>EFFEC</b>	[IVE DATE. This se	ection is effectiv	e the day following fir	al enactment.
31.2	Sec. 38. M	innesota Statutes 202	22, section 10A.	275, subdivision 1, is a	amended to read:
31.3	Subdivis	ion 1. Exceptions. N	otwithstanding	other provisions of this	s chapter, the
31.4	following ex	penditures by a party	y unit, or two or	more party units actin	g together <del>, with at</del>
31.5	least one par	ty unit being either:	the state commit	ttee or the party organi	<del>zation within a</del>
31.6	congressiona	al district, county, or	legislative distri	<del>et,</del> are not considered	contributions to or
31.7	expenditures	on behalf of a candi	date for the purp	poses of section 10A.2	5 or 10A.27 and
31.8	must not be	allocated to candidat	es under section	10A.20, subdivision 3	, paragraph (h):
31.9	(1) exper	ditures on behalf of	candidates of tha	at party generally with	out referring to any
31.10	of them spec	ifically in a publishe	d, posted, or bro	badcast advertisement;	
31.11	(2) exper	ditures for the prepa	ration, display, n	nailing, or other distrib	oution of an official
31.12	party sample	ballot listing the nam	nes of three or mo	ore individuals whose r	names are to appear
31.13	on the ballot	· · · ·			
31.14	(3) exper	ditures for a telepho	ne call, voice m	ail, text message, mult	imedia message,
31.15	internet chat	message, or email w	when the commun	nication includes the n	ames of three or
31.16	more individ	luals whose names a	re to appear on t	he ballot;	
31.17	<u>(4)</u> exper	ditures for a booth a	t a community ev	vent, county fair, or sta	te fair that benefits
31.18	three or mor	e individuals whose	names are to app	pear on the ballot;	
31.19	<u>(4) (5)</u> ex	penditures for a poli	tical party fundr	aising effort on behalf	of three or more
31.20	candidates; o	or			
31.21	<del>(5)</del> (6) ex	penditures for party	committee staff	services that benefit th	nree or more
31.22	candidates.				
31.23	Sec. 39. M	innesota Statutes 202	22, section 10A.	38, is amended to read	•
31.24	10A.38 (	CAPTIONING OF (	CAMPAIGN A	DVERTISEMENTS.	
31.25	(a) This s	section applies to a ca	ampaign adverti	sement by a candidate	who is governed
31.26	by an agreen	nent under section 10	)A.322.		
31.27	(b) "Cam	paign advertisement"	means a profess	ionally produced visua	l or audio recording
31.28	of two minu	tes or less produced l	by the candidate	for the purpose of infl	uencing the
31.29	nomination of	or election of a candi	date.		
31.30	(c) A can	npaign advertisemen	t that is dissemir	nated as an advertisem	ent by broadcast or

31.30 (c) A campaign advertisement that is disseminated as an advertisement by broadcast or
 31.31 cable television must include closed captioning for deaf and hard-of-hearing viewers, unless

the candidate has filed with the board before the advertisement is disseminated a statement 32.1 setting forth the reasons for not doing so. A campaign advertisement that is disseminated 32.2 as an advertisement to the public on the candidate's website must include closed captioning 32.3 for deaf and hard-of-hearing viewers, unless the candidate has posted on the website a 32.4 transcript of the spoken content of the advertisement or the candidate has filed with the 32.5 board before the advertisement is disseminated a statement setting forth the reasons for not 32.6 doing so. A campaign advertisement must not be disseminated as an advertisement by radio 32.7 32.8 unless the candidate has posted on the candidate's website a transcript of the spoken content of the advertisement or the candidate has filed with the board before the advertisement is 32.9 disseminated a statement setting forth the reasons for not doing so. 32.10

# 32.11 (d) A candidate who fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (c) is subject 32.12 to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$1,000.

32.13 Sec. 40. REPEALER.

32.15

32.16

### 32.14 Minnesota Rules, parts 4511.0100, subpart 1a; and 4511.0600, subpart 5, are repealed.

#### ARTICLE 2

### ELECTIONS POLICY

32.17 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 5B.06, is amended to read:

#### 32.18 **5B.06 VOTING BY PROGRAM PARTICIPANT; ABSENTEE BALLOT.**

A program participant who is otherwise eligible to vote may register with the secretary 32.19 of state as a permanent absentee voter. Notwithstanding section 203B.04, subdivision 5, 32.20 the secretary of state is not required to send an absentee ballot application prior to each 32.21 election to a program participant registered as a permanent absentee voter under this section. 32.22 As soon as practicable before each election, the secretary of state shall determine the precinct 32.23 32.24 in which the residential address of the a program participant is located and. Upon making a precinct determination, the secretary of state shall either (1) request from and receive from 32.25 the county auditor or other election official the ballot for that precinct and shall forward 32.26 mail the absentee ballot to the program participant with the other, or (2) using the Minnesota 32.27 statewide voter registration system, prepare the program participant's ballot for that precinct 32.28 32.29 and mail the absentee ballot to the program participant. The secretary of state shall include with each mailed absentee ballot all corresponding materials for absentee balloting as 32.30 required by Minnesota law. The program participant shall complete the ballot and return it 32.31 to the secretary of state, who shall review the ballot in the manner provided by section 32.32 203B.121, subdivision 2. If the ballot and ballot materials comply with the requirements of 32.33

33.5

that section, the ballot must be certified by the secretary of state as the ballot of a program 33.1 participant, and must be forwarded to the appropriate electoral jurisdiction for tabulation 33.2 along with all other ballots. The name and address of a program participant must not be 33.3 listed in the statewide voter registration system. 33.4

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 135A.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Residential housing list. All postsecondary institutions that enroll students 33.6 accepting state or federal financial aid may prepare a current list of students enrolled in the 33.7 institution and residing in the institution's housing or within ten miles of the institution's 33.8 campus. All postsecondary institutions that enroll students accepting state financial aid 33.9 must, to the extent the information may be disclosed pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations, 33.10 title 34, part 99, prepare a current list of students enrolled in the institution and residing in 33.11 the institution's housing or in the city or cities in which the campus is situated, if available. 33.12 The list shall include each student's current address, unless the student is enrolled in the 33.13 33.14 Safe at Home address confidentiality program as provided in chapter 5B. The list shall be certified and sent to the appropriate county auditor or auditors for use in election day 33.15 registration as provided under section 201.061, subdivision 3. A residential housing list 33.16 provided under this subdivision may not be used or disseminated by a county auditor or the 33.17 secretary of state for any other purpose. 33.18

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.061, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 33.19

Subdivision 1. Prior to election day. (a) At any time except during the 20 days 33.20 immediately preceding any regularly scheduled election, an eligible voter or any individual 33.21 who will be an eligible voter at the time of the next election may register to vote in the 33.22 precinct in which the voter maintains residence by completing a voter registration application 33.23 as described in section 201.071, subdivision 1. A completed application may be submitted: 33.24

(1) in person or by mail to the county auditor of that county or to the Secretary of State's 33.25 Office; or 33.26

33.27 (2) electronically through a secure website that shall be maintained by the secretary of state for this purpose, if the applicant has an email address and provides the applicant's 33.28 verifiable Minnesota driver's license number, Minnesota state identification card number, 33.29 or the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number. 33.30

(b) A registration that is received in person or by mail no later than 5:00 p.m. on the 33.31 21st day preceding any election, or a registration received electronically through the secretary 33.32 of state's secure website no later than 11:59 p.m. on the 21st day preceding any election, 33.33

34.1 shall be accepted. An improperly addressed or delivered registration application shall be 34.2 forwarded within two working days after receipt to the county auditor of the county where 34.3 the voter maintains residence. A state or local agency or an individual that accepts completed 34.4 voter registration applications from a voter must submit the completed applications to the 34.5 secretary of state or the appropriate county auditor within ten calendar days after the 34.6 applications are dated by the voter.

34.7 (b)(c) An application submitted electronically under paragraph (a), clause (2), may only 34.8 be transmitted to the county auditor for processing if the secretary of state has verified the 34.9 application information matches the information in a government database associated with 34.10 the applicant's driver's license number, state identification card number, or Social Security 34.11 number. The secretary of state must review all unverifiable voter registration applications 34.12 submitted electronically for evidence of suspicious activity and must forward any such 34.13 application to an appropriate law enforcement agency for investigation.

34.14 (d) An individual may not electronically submit a voter registration application on behalf 34.15 of any other individual, except that the secretary of state may provide features on the secure

34.16 website established under paragraph (a), clause (2), that allow third parties to connect

34.17 application programming interfaces that facilitate an individual's submission of voter

34.18 registration information while interacting with the third party.

34.19 (e) (e) For purposes of this section, mail registration is defined as a voter registration
 34.20 application delivered to the secretary of state, county auditor, or municipal clerk by the
 34.21 United States Postal Service or a commercial carrier.

34.22 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.061, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

34.23 Subd. 3. Election day registration. (a) An individual who is eligible to vote may register 34.24 on election day by appearing in person at the polling place for the precinct in which the 34.25 individual maintains residence, by completing a registration application, making an oath in 34.26 the form prescribed by the secretary of state and providing proof of residence. An individual 34.27 may prove residence for purposes of registering by:

34.28 (1) presenting a driver's license or Minnesota identification card issued pursuant to
34.29 section 171.07;

34.30 (2) presenting any document approved by the secretary of state as proper identification;

34.31 (3) presenting one of the following:

34.32 (i) a current valid student identification card from a postsecondary educational institution
34.33 in Minnesota, if a list of students from that institution has been prepared under section

35.1 135A.17 and certified to the county auditor in the manner provided in rules of the secretary
35.2 of state; or

35.3 (ii) a current student fee statement that contains the student's valid address in the precinct
35.4 together with a picture identification card; or

35.5 (4) having a voter who is registered to vote in the precinct, or an employee employed by and working in a residential facility in the precinct and vouching for a resident in the 35.6 facility, sign an oath in the presence of the election judge vouching that the voter or employee 35.7 personally knows that the individual is a resident of the precinct. A voter who has been 35.8 vouched for on election day may not sign a proof of residence oath vouching for any other 35.9 35.10 individual on that election day. A voter who is registered to vote in the precinct may sign up to eight proof-of-residence oaths on any election day. This limitation does not apply to 35.11 an employee of a residential facility described in this clause. The secretary of state shall 35.12 provide a form for election judges to use in recording the number of individuals for whom 35.13 a voter signs proof-of-residence oaths on election day. The form must include space for the 35.14 maximum number of individuals for whom a voter may sign proof-of-residence oaths. For 35.15 each proof-of-residence oath, the form must include a statement that the individual: (i) is 35.16 registered to vote in the precinct or is an employee of a residential facility in the precinct, 35.17 (ii) personally knows that the voter is a resident of the precinct, and (iii) is making the 35.18 statement on oath. The form must include a space for the voter's printed name, signature, 35.19 telephone number, and address. 35.20

The oath required by this subdivision and Minnesota Rules, part 8200.9939, must be attached to the voter registration application.

35.23 (b) The operator of a residential facility shall prepare a list of the names of its employees 35.24 currently working in the residential facility and the address of the residential facility. The 35.25 operator shall certify the list and provide it to the appropriate county auditor no less than 35.26 20 days before each election for use in election day registration.

(c) "Residential facility" means transitional housing as defined in section 256E.33, 35.27 35.28 subdivision 1; a supervised living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under section 144.50, subdivision 6; a nursing home as defined in section 144A.01, subdivision 35.29 5; a residence registered with the commissioner of health as a housing with services 35.30 establishment as defined in section 144D.01, subdivision 4 an assisted living facility licensed 35.31 by the commissioner of health under chapter 144G; a veterans home operated by the board 35.32 of directors of the Minnesota Veterans Homes under chapter 198; a residence licensed by 35.33 the commissioner of human services to provide a residential program as defined in section 35.34

245A.02, subdivision 14; a residential facility for persons with a developmental disability 36.1 licensed by the commissioner of human services under section 252.28; setting authorized 36.2 to provide housing support as defined in section 256I.03, subdivision 3; a shelter for battered 36.3 women as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4; or a supervised publicly or privately 36.4 operated shelter or dwelling designed to provide temporary living accommodations for the 36.5 homeless; a facility where a provider operates a residential treatment program as defined 36.6 in section 245.462, subdivision 23; or a facility where a provider operates an adult foster 36.7 36.8 care program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 6c.

36.9 (d) For tribal band members, an individual may prove residence for purposes of36.10 registering by:

36.11 (1) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized
36.12 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the
36.13 name, address, signature, and picture of the individual; or

36.14 (2) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized
36.15 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the
36.16 name, signature, and picture of the individual and also presenting one of the documents
36.17 listed in Minnesota Rules, part 8200.5100, subpart 2, item B.

36.18 (e) A county, school district, or municipality may require that an election judge
 36.19 responsible for election day registration initial each completed registration application.

36.20 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.061, is amended by adding a subdivision to36.21 read:

36.22 Subd. 3a. Additional proofs of residence permitted for students. (a) An eligible voter
 36.23 may prove residence by presenting a current valid photo identification issued by a

36.24 postsecondary educational institution in Minnesota if the voter's name; student identification

36.25 <u>number</u>, if available; and address within the precinct appear on a current residential housing

36.26 list under section 135A.17, certified to the county auditor by the postsecondary educational

36.27 institution.

36.28 (b) This additional proof of residence for students must not be allowed unless the

36.29 postsecondary educational institution submits to the county auditor no later than 60 days

36.30 prior to the election a written agreement that the postsecondary educational institution will

36.31 certify for use at the election accurate updated residential housing lists under section 135A.17.

36.32 A written agreement is effective for the election and all subsequent elections held in that

36.33 calendar year, including the November general election.

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37.1	(c) The additional proof of residence for students must be allowed on an equal basis for
37.2	voters who reside in housing meeting the requirements of section 135A.17, if the residential
37.3	housing lists certified by the postsecondary educational institution meet the requirements
37.4	of this subdivision.
37.5	(d) An updated residential housing list must be certified to the county auditor no earlier
37.6	than 20 days prior to each election. The certification must be dated and signed by the chief
37.7	officer or designee of the postsecondary educational institution and must state that the list
37.8	is current and accurate and includes only the names of persons residing as of the date of the
37.9	certification.
37.10	(e) The county auditor shall instruct the election judges of the precinct in procedures for
37.11	use of the list in conjunction with photo identification. The auditor shall supply a list to the
37.12	election judges with the election supplies for the precinct.
37.13	(f) The county auditor shall notify all postsecondary educational institutions in the county
37.14	of the provisions of this subdivision.
37.15	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.071, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
37.16	Subd. 8. School district assistance. School districts shall assist county auditors in
37.17	determining the school district in which a voter resides maintains residence.
37.18	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
37.19	Subd. 2. Moved within state. If any nonforwardable mailing from an election official
37.20	is returned as undeliverable but with a permanent forwarding address in this state, the county
37.21	auditor may change the voter's status to "inactive" in the statewide registration system and
37.22	shall transmit a copy of the mailing to the auditor of the county in which the new address
37.23	is located. If an election is scheduled to occur in the precinct in which the voter resides
37.24	maintains residence in the next 47 days, the county auditor shall promptly update the voter's
37.25	address in the statewide voter registration system. If there is not an election scheduled, the
37.26	auditor may wait to update the voter's address until after the next list of address changes is
37.27	received from the secretary of state. Once updated, the county auditor shall mail to the voter
37.28	a notice stating the voter's name, address, precinct, and polling place, except that if the
37.29	voter's record is challenged due to a felony conviction, noncitizenship, name change,
37.30	incompetence, or a court's revocation of voting rights of individuals under guardianship,
37.31	the auditor must not mail the notice. The notice must advise the voter that the voter's voting
37.32	address has been changed and that the voter must notify the county auditor within 21 days

- if the new address is not the voter's address of residence. The notice must state that it mustbe returned if it is not deliverable to the voter at the named address.
- 38.3 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Entry of registration information. (a) At the time a voter registration 38.4 application is properly completed, submitted, and received in accordance with sections 38.5 201.061 and 201.071, the county auditor shall enter the information contained on it into the 38.6 statewide registration system. Voter registration applications completed before election day 38.7 must be entered into the statewide registration system within ten days after they have been 38.8 submitted to the county auditor. Voter registration applications completed on election day 38.9 must be entered into the statewide registration system within 42 days after the election, 38.10 unless the county auditor notifies the secretary of state before the deadline has expired that 38.11 the deadline will not be met. Upon receipt of a notification under this paragraph, the secretary 38.12 of state must extend the deadline for that county auditor by an additional 28 days. The 38.13 38.14 secretary of state may waive a county's obligations under this paragraph if, on good cause shown, the county demonstrates its permanent inability to comply. 38.15

The secretary of state must post data on each county's compliance with this paragraph on the secretary of state's website including, as applicable, the date each county fully complied or the deadline by which a county's compliance must be complete.

(b) Upon receiving a completed voter registration application, the secretary of state may
electronically transmit the information on the application to the appropriate county auditor
as soon as possible for review by the county auditor before final entry into the statewide
registration system. The secretary of state may mail the voter registration application to the
county auditor.

(c) Within ten days after the county auditor has entered information from a voter
registration application into the statewide registration system, the secretary of state shall
compare the voter's name, date of birth, and driver's license number, state identification
number, or the last four digits of the Social Security number with the same information
contained in the Department of Public Safety database.

(d) The secretary of state shall provide a report to the county auditor on a weekly basis that includes a list of voters whose name, date of birth, or identification number have been compared with the same information in the Department of Public Safety database and cannot be verified as provided in this subdivision. The report must list separately those voters who have submitted a voter registration application by mail and have not voted in a federal election in this state.

39.1 (e) The county auditor shall compile a list of voters for whom the county auditor and
39.2 the secretary of state are unable to conclude that information on the voter registration
39.3 application and the corresponding information in the Department of Public Safety database
39.4 relate to the same person.

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(f) The county auditor shall send a notice of incomplete registration to any voter whose
name appears on the list and change the voter's status to <u>"incomplete."</u> <u>"challenged."</u> A voter
who receives a notice of incomplete registration from the county auditor may either provide
the information required to <u>complete the registration clear the challenge</u> at least 21 days
before the next election or at the polling place on election day.

39.10 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.13, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

39.11 Subd. 3. Use of change of address system. (a) At least once each month the secretary of state shall obtain a list of individuals registered to vote in this state who have filed with 39.12 the United States Postal Service a change of their permanent address. The secretary of state 39.13 may also periodically obtain a list of individuals with driver's licenses or state identification 39.14 cards to identify those who are registered to vote who have applied to the Department of 39.15 Public Safety for a replacement driver's license or state identification card with a different 39.16 address, and a list of individuals for whom the Department of Public Safety received 39.17 notification of a driver's license or state identification card cancellation due to a change of 39.18 39.19 residency out of state. However, the secretary of state shall not load data derived from these lists into the statewide voter registration system within the 47 days before the state primary 39.20 or 47 days before a November general election. 39.21

(b) If the address is changed to another address in this state, the secretary of state shall 39.22 locate the precinct in which the voter resides maintains residence, if possible. If the secretary 39.23 of state is able to locate the precinct in which the voter resides maintains residence, the 39.24 secretary must transmit the information about the changed address by electronic means to 39.25 the county auditor of the county in which the new address is located. For addresses for 39.26 which the secretary of state is unable to determine the precinct, the secretary may forward 39.27 39.28 information to the appropriate county auditors for individual review. If the voter has not voted or submitted a voter registration application since the address change, upon receipt 39.29 of the information, the county auditor shall update the voter's address in the statewide voter 39.30 registration system. The county auditor shall mail to the voter a notice stating the voter's 39.31 name, address, precinct, and polling place, unless the voter's record is challenged due to a 39.32 39.33 felony conviction, noncitizenship, name change, incompetence, or a court's revocation of voting rights of individuals under guardianship, in which case the auditor must not mail the 39.34

40.1 notice. The notice must advise the voter that the voter's voting address has been changed
40.2 and that the voter must notify the county auditor within 21 days if the new address is not
40.3 the voter's address of residence. The notice must state that it must be returned if it is not
40.4 deliverable to the voter at the named address.

(c) If the change of permanent address is to an address outside this state, the secretary 40.5 of state shall notify by electronic means the auditor of the county where the voter formerly 40.6 resided maintained residence that the voter has moved to another state. If the voter has not 40.7 40.8 voted or submitted a voter registration application since the address change, the county auditor shall promptly mail to the voter at the voter's new address a notice advising the voter 40.9 that the voter's status in the statewide voter registration system will be changed to "inactive" 40.10 unless the voter notifies the county auditor within 21 days that the voter is retaining the 40.11 former address as the voter's address of residence, except that if the voter's record is 40.12 challenged due to a felony conviction, noncitizenship, name change, incompetence, or a 40.13 court's revocation of voting rights of individuals under guardianship, the auditor must not 40.14 mail the notice. If the notice is not received by the deadline, the county auditor shall change 40.15 the voter's status to "inactive" in the statewide voter registration system. 40.16

(d) If, in order to maintain voter registration records, the secretary of state enters an
agreement to share information or data with an organization governed exclusively by a
group of states, the secretary must first determine that the data security protocols are sufficient
to safeguard the information or data shared. If required by such an agreement, the secretary
of state may share the following data from the statewide voter registration system and data
released to the secretary of state under section 171.12, subdivision 7a:

40.23 (1) name;

40.24 (2) date of birth;

40.25 (3) address;

40.26 (4) driver's license or state identification card number;

40.27 (5) the last four digits of an individual's Social Security number; and

40.28 (6) the date that an individual's record was last updated.

40.29 If the secretary of state enters into such an agreement, the secretary and county auditors

40.30 must process changes to voter records based upon that data in accordance with this section.

40.31 Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, when data is shared with the secretary of

40.32 state by another state, the secretary of state must maintain the same data classification that

40.33 the data had while it was in the possession of the state providing the data.

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41.1 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.145, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

41.2 Subd. 3. Commissioner of corrections report; state court administrator report. (a)
41.3 The state court administrator must report on individuals 17 years of age or older who have
41.4 been convicted of a felony.

- 41.5 (b) The commissioner of corrections must report on individuals <u>17\_16</u> years of age or
  41.6 older who are currently:
- 41.7 (1) serving incarcerated for felony sentences under the commissioner's jurisdiction; or
  41.8 (2) on probation for felony offenses that resulted in the loss of civil rights, as indicated
  41.9 by the statewide supervision system established under section 241.065.
- 41.10 (e) (b) Each report under this subdivision must include the following information for
  41.11 each individual: name, address or last known residential address that is not a correctional
  41.12 facility, and date of birth. If available, each report must also include the individual's:
  41.13 corrections' state identification number, last four digits of the Social Security number,
  41.14 driver's license or state identification card number, date of sentence, effective date of the
  41.15 sentence, county in which the conviction occurred, and date of discharge and most recent
  41.16 date of incarceration.
- (d) (c) No later than seven calendar days after receiving a report under this subdivision, 41.17 the secretary of state must determine if a person identified under paragraph (a) is registered 41.18 to vote and must prepare a list of those registrants for the county auditor. No later than seven 41.19 calendar days after receiving a report under this subdivision, the secretary of state must 41.20 determine if any data newly indicates that a person identified under paragraph (b) (a) is 41.21 registered to vote and must prepare a list of those registrants for the county auditor. No later 41.22 than seven calendar days after receiving the list from the secretary of state, the county auditor 41.23 must challenge the status on the record in the statewide voter registration system of each 41.24 individual named in the list. 41.25
- (e) (d) The county auditor must identify an individual who registered to vote or voted 41.26 while serving incarcerated for a felony sentence under the commissioner's jurisdiction or 41.27 while on probation for a felony offense that resulted in the loss of civil rights during a period 41.28 when the individual's civil rights were revoked. The county auditor must immediately send 41.29 41.30 notice to the county attorney. The notice must include the name of the individual and any other identifying information as well as the evidence that shows the individual registered 41.31 to vote or voted during the period when the individual's civil rights were revoked of 41.32 incarceration. 41.33

42.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.145, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

42.2 Subd. 4. **Reports; restoration of right to vote.** (a) The state court administrator must 42.3 report on each individual whose guardianship was modified to restore the ward's right to 42.4 vote or whose guardianship was terminated by order of the court under section 524.5-317 42.5 after being ineligible to vote for any of the reasons specified in subdivision 2, paragraph 42.6 (a).

42.7 (b) The state court administrator must report on individuals previously convicted of a
42.8 felony whose civil rights have been restored.

42.9 (c) The commissioner of corrections must report on individuals who were serving
42.10 incarcerated for a felony sentence under the commissioner's jurisdiction or who were on
42.11 probation for a felony offense under the commissioner's jurisdiction that resulted in the loss
42.12 of civil rights but who have been discharged from the sentence and have been released from
42.13 incarceration.

42.14 (d) (c) Each report under this subdivision must include the following information for
42.15 each individual: name, address, date of birth, and, if available, the last four digits of the
42.16 Social Security number. For reports the report required by paragraphs paragraph (b) and
42.17 (c), each the report must also include the individual's, if available: corrections' state
42.18 identification number, driver's license or state identification card number, date of sentence,
42.19 effective date of the sentence incarceration, county in which the conviction occurred, and
42.20 date of discharge.

(e) (d) No later than seven calendar days after receiving a report under this subdivision, 42.21 the secretary of state must determine if a person identified under paragraph (a) or (b) is 42.22 registered to vote and must prepare a list of those registrants for the county auditor. No later 42.23 than seven calendar days after receiving a report under this subdivision, the secretary of 42.24 state must determine if any data newly indicates that a person identified under paragraph 42.25 (e) (b) is registered to vote and must prepare a list of those registrants for the county auditor. 42.26 No later than seven calendar days after receiving the list from the secretary of state, the 42.27 42.28 county auditor must remove the challenge status on the record in the statewide voter registration system of each individual named in the list. 42.29

42.30 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.1611, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
42.31 Subdivision 1. Forms. (a) All postsecondary institutions that enroll students accepting
42.32 state or federal financial aid shall must provide voter registration forms to each student as
42.33 early as possible in the fall quarter during the fall and spring of each year. In state election

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43.1 years, it must be provided 15 days in advance of the deadline for registering to vote for the
43.2 state general election. If the voter registration forms are provided electronically, the electronic
43.3 message must be devoted exclusively to voter registration.

(b) All school districts shall must make available voter registration applications each 43.4 May and September to all students registered as students of the school district who will be 43.5 eligible to vote at the next election after those months. A school district has no obligation 43.6 to provide voter registration applications to students who participate in a postsecondary 43.7 43.8 education option program or who otherwise reside maintains residence in the district but do not attend a school operated by the district. A school district fulfills its obligation to a 43.9 student under this section if it provides a voter registration application to the student one 43.10 time. 43.11

43.12 (c) The voter registration forms must contain spaces for the information required in
43.13 section 201.071, subdivision 1, and applicable rules of the secretary of state. The institutions
43.14 and school districts may request these forms from the secretary of state. Institutions shall
43.15 <u>must</u> consult with their campus student government in determining the most effective means
43.16 of distributing the forms and in seeking to facilitate election day registration of students
43.17 under section 201.061, subdivision 3. School districts must advise students that completion
43.18 of the voter registration application is not a school district requirement.

(d) The institutions must report to the secretary of state by November 30 of each year
on their implementation of this section. At a minimum, the report must include how and
when the forms were distributed and the voter engagement plan under subdivision 3,

43.22 paragraph (b), clause (2). Institutions may include information about methods that were

43.23 effective in increasing student registrations.

43.24 (e) By February 1 of each year, the secretary of state must report to the chairs and ranking
 43.25 minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over elections on the

43.26 information under paragraph (d). The secretary must highlight best practices and innovative

43.27 methods that were most effective in registering students to vote.

43.28 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.1611, is amended by adding a subdivision
43.29 to read:

43.30 Subd. 3. Voter information. (a) All postsecondary institutions that enroll students

43.31 accepting state or federal financial aid must maintain a webpage to share resources to help

43.32 students determine where and how they are eligible to vote. The webpage must include the

43.33 following:

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44.1	(1) resources	from state and lo	ocal election of	ficials on voter registra	ation and voting
44.2	<u></u>			nes; residency requirer	<u>0</u>
44.3	•			stration, as applicable;	•
44.4	options;				
44.5	(2) applicabl	a daadlinaa far ra	avacting and a	ubmitting on abcontoo	ballat as well as
44.5 44.6	<u></u>			ubmitting an absentee g, and voting on election	
44.0					
44.7	<u></u>	-		ered in another state to	
44.8		ate, and may inclu	ide resources f	rom state and local ele	ction officials from
44.9	that state;				
44.10	(4) the camp	us vote coordinate	or's name and	contact information; an	nd
44.11	(5) the voter	engagement plan	required by pa	aragraph (b), clause (2)	<u>).</u>
44.12	(b) All postse	condary institution	ons that enrolls	students accepting state	e or federal financial
44.13	aid must designa	ate a staff person a	as the campus	vote coordinator. The	campus vote
44.14	coordinator mus	<u>t:</u>			
44.15	(1) ensure the	e institution comp	olies with this	section; and	
44.16	(2) consult w	ith the campus stu	udent associati	on to develop a voter en	ngagement plan that
44.17	identifies goals a	and activities, rese	ources to accor	mplish the identified g	oals and activities,
44.18	and individual or	key departments	responsible for	executing the identified	goals and activities.
44.19	Sec. 14. Minne	sota Statutes 202	2, section 201	.195, is amended to rea	ıd:
44.20	201.195 CH	ALLENGES.			
44.21	Subdivision	l. Petition; <del>heari</del>	<del>ng</del> timing. <u>(a)</u>	Upon petition filed wit	h the county auditor,
44.22	any voter registe	ered within a coun	ity may challer	nge the eligibility or res	sidence of any other
44.23	voter registered	within that county	v. A petition file	ed pursuant to this section	on must not include
44.24	the name of mor	e than one persor	n whose right t	o vote is challenged. T	he county auditor
44.25	must not accept	a filing which cha	allenges the eli	gibility of more than o	one voter. Petitions
44.26	must be filed at	least 45 days befo	ore the election	, unless the voter regis	tered or updated the
44.27	voter's registration	on within 60 days	s before the ele	ection, in which case th	e petition must be
44.28	filed at least ten	days before the el	ection, or with	in ten days after the vo	ter's new or updated
44.29	registration appe	ared on the publi	c information	list, whichever is later.	
44.30	(b) The petiti	ion <del>shall must</del> sta	te the grounds	for challenge <del>and</del> , pro	vide facts and
44.31	circumstances su	pporting the chal	lenge, and may	v include supporting do	cuments, affidavits,
44.32	or other evidence	e. The petition mus	st be accompan	ied by an affidavit stati	ng that the challenge

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45.1	is based on the c	hallenger's persor	nal knowledge	, and that the filer exerc	ised due diligence
45.2			-	establishing the basis fo	
45.3				onvincing evidence, tha	
45.4		individual's eligib			
45.5	(c) The follow	wing reasons, star	nding alone, do	o not constitute adequate	e grounds for a
45.6	challenge:				
45.7	(1) a piece of	fmail sent to the	voter by some	one other than the count	y auditor that was
45.8	returned as unde	liverable;			
45.9	(2) enrollmer	nt in an education	al institution;	or	
45.10	(3) registratio	on to vote at an ac	ldress that is h	ousing provided for stud	dents by an
45.11	educational insti	tution.			
45.12	Subd. 1a. Re	asons for dismis	sal. If the petit	ion is incomplete, or if t	the basis for the
45.13	challenge does n	ot meet the requi	rements of this	s section, the county aud	litor must dismiss
45.14	the petition and	notify the filer in	writing of the	reasons for the dismissa	<u>.l.</u>
45.15	<u>Subd. 1b.</u> <u>No</u>	tice to voter. Wit	thin five days a	after receipt of <del>the</del> a peti	tion that meets the
45.16	requirements of	this section, the c	ounty auditor	<del>shall must</del> set a date for	a hearing on the
45.17	challenge and no	tify the challenge	er by mail. A co	ppy of the petition and no	otice of the hearing
45.18	shall must be ser	ved on the challe	nged voter by	the county auditor in the	e same manner as
45.19	in a civil action.	The county audit	or must inform	n the challenged individ	ual that:
45.20	(1) a petition	has been filed as	to whether the	individual is eligible to	vote as well as the
45.21	basis of the chall	lenge;			
45.22	(2) if the indi	vidual votes by n	nail, the indivi	dual's ballot will not be	counted unless the
45.23	challenge is reso	lved; and			
45.24	(3) the indivi	dual may submit	information pr	ior to the hearing or pres	sent information at
45.25	the hearing. This	s information may	y include a swo	orn statement, supportin	g documents,
45.26	affidavits, witnes	sses, or other evic	lence supportin	ng the challenged individ	dual's eligibility to
45.27	vote in the electi	on.			
45.28	Subd. 1c. He	aring. The hearir	ng <del>shall<u>must</u> b</del>	e held before the county	y auditor or the
45.29	auditor's designe	e who <del>shall must</del>	then make fin	dings and affirm or disn	niss the challenge.
45.30	The hearing mus	st be recorded by	either video or	audio recording. The re	ecording must be
45.31	retained for 22 n	nonths.			

Subd. 2. Appeal. If a challenge is affirmed, the voter whose registration has been 46.1 challenged may appeal the ruling to the secretary of state. The voter must immediately 46.2 notify the county auditor of the appeal, and upon receipt of this notice, the county auditor 46.3 must submit the entire record of the hearing, including all documents and a recording of 46.4 the hearing, to the secretary of state. The appeal shall must be heard within five days but in 46.5 any case before election day. Upon hearing the appeal the secretary of state shall must affirm 46.6 or reverse the ruling and shall must give appropriate instructions to the county auditor. 46.7 46.8 Subd. 3. Hearing procedures. A hearing before the secretary of state shall must be conducted as a contested case and determined in accordance with chapter 14. 46.9 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.225, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 46.10 46.11 Subd. 2. Technology requirements. An electronic roster must: (1) be able to be loaded with a data file that includes voter registration data in a file 46.12 46.13 format prescribed by the secretary of state; (2) allow for data to be exported in a file format prescribed by the secretary of state; 46.14 46.15 (3) allow for data to be entered manually or by scanning a Minnesota driver's license or identification card to locate a voter record or populate a voter registration application that 46.16 would be printed and signed and dated by the voter. The printed registration application 46.17 can be either a printed form, labels a label printed with voter information to be affixed to a 46.18 preprinted form, or a combination of both a form and label, or an electronic record that the 46.19 voter signs electronically and is printed following its completion at the polling place; 46.20 (4) allow an election judge to update data that was populated from a scanned driver's 46.21 license or identification card; 46.22 (5) cue an election judge to ask for and input data that is not populated from a scanned 46.23 driver's license or identification card that is otherwise required to be collected from the voter 46.24 or an election judge; 46.25 (6) immediately alert the election judge if the voter has provided information that indicates 46.26 that the voter is not eligible to vote; 46.27 (7) immediately alert the election judge if the electronic roster indicates that a voter has 46.28 already voted in that precinct, the voter's registration status is challenged, or it appears the

voter resides maintains residence in a different precinct; 46.30 (8) provide immediate instructions on how to resolve a particular type of challenge when 46.31

a voter's record is challenged; 46.32

46.29

47.1 (9) provide for a printed voter signature certificate, containing the voter's name, address 47.2 of residence, date of birth, voter identification number, the oath required by section 204C.10, 47.3 and a space for the voter's original signature. The printed voter signature certificate can be 47.4 either a printed form  $\sigma_{r_2}$  a label printed with the voter's information to be affixed to the oath, 47.5 or an electronic record that the voter signs electronically and is printed following its

47.6 completion at the polling place;

47.7 (10) contain only preregistered voters within the precinct, and not contain preregistered
47.8 voter data on voters registered outside of the precinct;

47.9 (11) be only networked within the polling location on election day, except for the purpose
47.10 of updating absentee ballot records;

47.11 (12) meet minimum security, reliability, and networking standards established by the
47.12 Office of the Secretary of State in consultation with the Department of Information
47.13 Technology Services;

47.14 (13) be capable of providing a voter's correct polling place; and

47.15 (14) perform any other functions necessary for the efficient and secure administration
47.16 of the participating election, as determined by the secretary of state.

47.17 Electronic rosters used only for election day registration do not need to comply with clauses
47.18 (1), (8), and (10). Electronic rosters used only for preregistered voter processing do not need
47.19 to comply with clauses (4) and (5).

47.20 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 202A.18, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

47.21 Subd. 2a. **Preference ballot <u>for governor.</u>** In a year when the office of governor appears 47.22 <u>on the state general election ballot, prior to the opening of nominations for the election of</u> 47.23 permanent offices and delegates, a ballot must be distributed to permit caucus participants 47.24 to indicate their preference for the office of the governor. The results of preference voting 47.25 must be reported to the secretary of state immediately upon conclusion of the voting, in the 47.26 manner provided by the secretary of state. The secretary of state shall provide the appropriate 47.27 forms to the party for reporting the results.

47.28 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

47.29 Subd. 3. Delivery of ballots. (a) The commissioner of corrections must provide the
47.30 secretary of state with a list of the names and mailing addresses of state adult correctional
47.31 facilities. An application for an absentee ballot that provides an address included on the list
47.32 provided by the commissioner of corrections must not be accepted and an absentee ballot

48.1 must not be provided to the applicant. The county auditor or municipal clerk must promptly
48.2 transmit a copy of the application to the county attorney. The Department of Corrections
48.3 must implement procedures to ensure that absentee ballots issued under this chapter are not
48.4 received or mailed by offenders incarcerated at state adult correctional facilities.

(b) If an application for absentee ballots is accepted at a time when absentee ballots are
not yet available for distribution, the county auditor, or municipal clerk accepting the
application shall file it and as soon as absentee ballots are available for distribution shall
mail them to the address specified in the application. If an application for absentee ballots
is accepted when absentee ballots are available for distribution or
municipal clerk accepting the application shall promptly:

(1) mail the ballots to the voter whose signature appears on the application if the
application is submitted by mail and does not request commercial shipping under clause
(2);

48.14 (2) ship the ballots to the voter using a commercial shipper requested by the voter at the
48.15 voter's expense;

48.16 (3) deliver the absentee ballots directly to the voter if the application is submitted in48.17 person; or

(4) deliver the absentee ballots in a sealed transmittal envelope to an agent who has been
designated to bring the ballots, as provided in section 203B.11, subdivision 4, to a voter
who would have difficulty getting to the polls because of incapacitating health reasons, or
who is disabled, or who is a patient in a health care facility, a resident of a facility providing
an assisted living services governed by facility licensed under chapter 144G, a participant
in a residential program for adults licensed under section 245A.02, subdivision 14, or a
resident of a shelter for battered women as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4.

(c) If an application does not indicate the election for which absentee ballots are sought,
the county auditor or municipal clerk shall mail or deliver only the ballots for the next
election occurring after receipt of the application. Only one set of ballots may be mailed,
shipped, or delivered to an applicant for any election, except as provided in section 203B.121,
subdivision 2, or when a replacement ballot has been requested by the voter for a ballot that
has been spoiled or lost in transit.

48.31 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
48.32 Subdivision 1. Delivery of envelopes, directions. The county auditor or the municipal
48.33 clerk shall prepare, print, and transmit a return envelope, a signature envelope, a ballot

envelope, and a copy of the directions for casting an absentee ballot to each applicant whose 49.1 application for absentee ballots is accepted pursuant to section 203B.04. The county auditor 49.2 or municipal clerk shall provide first class postage for the return envelope. The directions 49.3 for casting an absentee ballot shall be printed in at least 14-point bold type with heavy 49.4 leading and may be printed on the ballot envelope. When a person requests the directions 49.5 in Braille or on audio file, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall provide them in the 49.6 form requested. The secretary of state shall prepare Braille and audio file copies and make 49.7 49.8 them available.

When a voter registration application is sent to the applicant as provided in section
203B.06, subdivision 4, the directions or registration application shall include instructions
for registering to vote.

49.12 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

49.13 Subd. 2. Design of envelopes. (a) The return signature envelope shall be of sufficient
49.14 size to conveniently enclose and contain the ballot envelope and a folded voter registration
49.15 application. The return signature envelope shall be designed to open on the left-hand end.

49.16 (b) The return envelope must be designed in one of the following ways:

49.17 (1) it must be of sufficient size to contain an additional a signature envelope that when
49.18 and when the return envelope is sealed, it conceals the signature, identification, and other
49.19 information; or

49.20 (2) it must <u>be the signature envelope and provide an additional flap that when sealed,</u>
49.21 conceals the signature, identification, and other information.

49.22 (c) Election officials may open the flap or the additional return envelope at any time
49.23 after receiving the returned ballot to inspect the returned certificate for completeness or to
49.24 ascertain other information.

49.25 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Eligibility certificate. A certificate of eligibility to vote by absentee ballot
shall be printed on the back of the return signature envelope. The certificate shall contain
space for the voter's Minnesota driver's license number, state identification number, or the
last four digits of the voter's Social Security number, or to indicate that the voter does not
have one of these numbers. The space must be designed to ensure that the voter provides
the same type of identification as provided on the voter's absentee ballot application for
purposes of comparison. The certificate must also contain a statement to be signed and

sworn by the voter indicating that the voter meets all of the requirements established by law
for voting by absentee ballot and space for a statement signed by a person who is registered
to vote in Minnesota or by a notary public or other individual authorized to administer oaths
stating that:

50.5 (1) the ballots were displayed to that individual unmarked;

50.6 (2) the voter marked the ballots in that individual's presence without showing how they 50.7 were marked, or, if the voter was physically unable to mark them, that the voter directed 50.8 another individual to mark them; and

50.9 (3) if the voter was not previously registered, the voter has provided proof of residence
50.10 as required by section 201.061, subdivision 3.

50.11 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Marking and return by voter. (a) An eligible voter who receives absentee 50.12 50.13 ballots as provided in this chapter shall mark them in the manner specified in the directions for casting the absentee ballots. The return envelope containing marked ballots may be 50.14 mailed as provided in the directions for casting the absentee ballots, may be left with the 50.15 county auditor or municipal clerk who transmitted the absentee ballots to the voter, or may 50.16 be left in a drop box as provided in section 203B.082. If delivered in person, the return 50.17 envelope must be submitted to the county auditor or municipal clerk by 3:00 p.m. on 50.18 election day. 50.19

(b) The voter may designate an agent to deliver in person the sealed absentee ballot return envelope to the county auditor or municipal clerk or to deposit the return envelope in the mail. An agent may deliver or mail the return envelopes of not more than three voters in any election. Any person designated as an agent who tampers with either the return envelope or the voted ballots or does not immediately mail or deliver the return envelope to the county auditor or municipal clerk is guilty of a misdemeanor.

50.26 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

50.27 Subd. 3. **Procedures on receipt of ballots.** When absentee ballots are returned to a 50.28 county auditor or municipal clerk, that official shall stamp or initial and date the return 50.29 envelope and place it in a locked ballot container or other secured and locked space with 50.30 other return envelopes received by that office. Within five days after receipt, the county 50.31 auditor or municipal clerk shall deliver to the ballot board all ballots received, except that 50.32 during the 14 days immediately preceding an election, the county auditor or municipal clerk

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- shall deliver all ballots received to the ballot board within three days. Ballots received on
  election day either (1) after 3:00 p.m., if delivered in person; or (2) after 8:00 p.m., if
- 51.3 delivered by mail or a package delivery service, shall be marked as received late by the
- 51.4 county auditor or municipal clerk, and must not be delivered to the ballot board.

51.5 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Generally. (a) Each full-time municipal clerk or school district clerk 51.6 51.7 who has authority under section 203B.05 to administer absentee voting laws shall must designate election judges to deliver absentee ballots in accordance with this section. The 51.8 county auditor must also designate election judges to perform the duties in this section. A 51.9 ballot may be delivered only to an eligible voter who is a temporary or permanent resident 51.10 or patient in one of the following facilities located in the municipality in which the voter 51.11 maintains residence: a health care facility or, hospital located in the municipality in which 51.12 the voter maintains residence, or veterans home operated by the board of directors of the 51.13 Minnesota veterans homes under chapter 198. The ballots shall must be delivered by two 51.14 election judges, each of whom is affiliated with a different major political party. When the 51.15 election judges deliver or return ballots as provided in this section, they shall must travel 51.16 together in the same vehicle. Both election judges shall must be present when an applicant 51.17 completes the certificate of eligibility and marks the absentee ballots, and may assist an 51.18 51.19 applicant as provided in section 204C.15. The election judges shall must deposit the return envelopes containing the marked absentee ballots in a sealed container and return them to 51.20 the clerk on the same day that they are delivered and marked. 51.21

51.22 (b) At the discretion of a full-time municipal clerk, school district clerk, or county auditor, 51.23 absentee ballots may be delivered in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) to a 51.24 shelter for battered women as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4, or to an assisted 51.25 living facility licensed under chapter 144G.

51.26 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

51.27 Subd. 2. Twenty Thirty days before an election. During the <u>20 30</u> days preceding an 51.28 election, the election judges <u>shall must</u> deliver absentee ballots only to an eligible voter 51.29 who has applied for absentee ballots to the county auditor or municipal clerk under section 51.30 203B.04, subdivision 1.

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52.1 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Agent delivery of ballots. During the seven days preceding an election and 52.2 until 2:00 8:00 p.m. on election day, an eligible voter who would have difficulty getting to 52.3 the polls because of incapacitating health reasons, or who is disabled, or who is a patient 52.4 of a health care facility, a resident of a facility providing an assisted living services governed 52.5 by facility licensed under chapter 144G, a participant in a residential program for adults 52.6 licensed under section 245A.02, subdivision 14, or a resident of a shelter for battered women 52.7 52.8 as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4, may designate an agent to deliver the ballots to the voter from the county auditor or municipal clerk. An agent must have a preexisting 52.9 relationship with the voter. A candidate at the election may not be designated as an agent. 52.10 The voted ballots must be returned to the county auditor or municipal clerk no later than 52.11 3:00 8:00 p.m. on election day. The voter must complete an affidavit requesting the auditor 52.12 or clerk to provide the agent with the ballots in a sealed transmittal envelope. The affidavit 52.13 must include a statement from the voter stating that the ballots were delivered to the voter 52.14 by the agent in the sealed transmittal envelope. An agent may deliver ballots to no more 52.15 than three persons in any election. The secretary of state shall provide samples of the affidavit 52.16 and transmission envelope for use by the county auditors. 52.17

52.18 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.121, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

52.19 Subd. 2. Duties of ballot board; absentee ballots. (a) The members of the ballot board shall take possession of all signature envelopes delivered to them in accordance with section 52.20 203B.08. Upon receipt from the county auditor, municipal clerk, or school district clerk, 52.21 two or more members of the ballot board shall examine each signature envelope and shall 52.22 mark it accepted or rejected in the manner provided in this subdivision. Election judges 52.23 performing the duties in this section must be of different major political parties, unless they 52.24 are exempt from that requirement under section 205.075, subdivision 4, or section 205A.10, 52.25 subdivision 2. 52.26

52.27 (b) The members of the ballot board shall mark the signature envelope "Accepted" and 52.28 initial or sign the signature envelope below the word "Accepted" if a majority of the members 52.29 of the ballot board examining the envelope are satisfied that:

(1) the voter's name and address on the signature envelope are the same as the informationprovided on the absentee ballot application;

52.32 (2) the voter signed the certification on the envelope;

(3) the voter's Minnesota driver's license, state identification number, or the last four
digits of the voter's Social Security number are the same as a number on the voter's absentee
ballot application or voter record. If the number does not match, the election judges must
compare the signature provided by the applicant to determine whether the ballots were
returned by the same person to whom they were transmitted;

(4) the voter is registered and eligible to vote in the precinct or has included a properly
completed voter registration application in the signature envelope;

53.8 (5) the certificate has been completed as prescribed in the directions for casting an53.9 absentee ballot; and

(6) the voter has not already voted at that election, either in person or, if it is after theclose of business on the seventh day before the election, by absentee ballot.

53.12 The signature envelope from accepted ballots must be preserved and returned to the53.13 county auditor.

(c)(1) If a majority of the members of the ballot board examining a signature envelope find that an absentee voter has failed to meet one of the requirements provided in paragraph (b), they shall mark the signature envelope "Rejected," initial or sign it below the word "Rejected," list the reason for the rejection on the envelope, and return it to the county auditor. There is no other reason for rejecting an absentee ballot beyond those permitted by this section. Failure to place the ballot within the <u>secrecy ballot</u> envelope before placing it in the outer white envelope is not a reason to reject an absentee ballot.

(2) If an envelope has been rejected at least five days before the election, the envelope
must remain sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board shall provide the voter with
a replacement absentee ballot and signature envelope in place of the rejected ballot.

(3) If an envelope is rejected within five days of the election, the envelope must remain
sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board must attempt to contact the voter by
telephone or email to notify the voter that the voter's ballot has been rejected. The official
must document the attempts made to contact the voter.

(d) The official in charge of the absentee ballot board must mail the voter a written notice
of absentee ballot rejection between six and ten weeks following the election. If the official
determines that the voter has otherwise cast a ballot in the election, no notice is required.
If an absentee ballot arrives after the deadline for submission provided by this chapter, the
notice must be provided between six to ten weeks after receipt of the ballot. A notice of
absentee ballot rejection must contain the following information:

- 54.1 (1) the date on which the absentee ballot was rejected or, if the ballot was received after54.2 the required deadline for submission, the date on which the ballot was received;
- 54.3 (2) the reason for rejection; and
- 54.4 (3) the name of the appropriate election official to whom the voter may direct further54.5 questions, along with appropriate contact information.
- (e) An absentee ballot signature envelope marked "Rejected" may not be opened or
  subject to further review except in an election contest filed pursuant to chapter 209.
- 54.8 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.121, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 54.9 Subd. 3. **Record of voting.** (a) When applicable, the county auditor or municipal clerk 54.10 must immediately record that a voter's absentee ballot has been accepted. After the close 54.11 of business on the seventh day before the election, a voter whose record indicates that an 54.12 absentee ballot has been accepted must not be permitted to cast another ballot at that election. 54.13 In a state primary, general, or state special election for federal or state office, the auditor or 54.14 clerk must also record this information in the statewide voter registration system.
- 54.15 (b) The roster must be marked, and a supplemental report of absentee voters who 54.16 submitted a voter registration application with their ballot must be created, no later than the 54.17 start of voting on election day to indicate the voters that have already cast a ballot at the 54.18 election. The roster may be marked either:
- 54.19 (1) by the county auditor or municipal clerk before election day;
- 54.20 (2) by the ballot board before election day; or
- 54.21 (3) by the election judges at the polling place on election day.

54.22 The record of a voter whose absentee ballot was received after the close of business on 54.23 the seventh day before the election is not required to be marked on the roster or contained 54.24 in a supplemental report as required by this paragraph.

54.25

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

54.26 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

54.27 Subd. 2. **Indefinite residence outside United States.** Sections 203B.16 to 203B.27 54.28 provide the exclusive voting procedure for United States citizens who are living indefinitely 54.29 outside the territorial limits of the United States who meet all the qualifications of an eligible 54.30 voter except residence in Minnesota, but who are authorized by federal law to vote in 54.31 Minnesota because they or, if they have never <del>resided</del> maintained residence in the United

55.1 States, a parent maintained residence in Minnesota for at least 20 days immediately prior 55.2 to their departure from the United States. Individuals described in this subdivision shall be 55.3 permitted to vote only for the offices of president, vice-president, senator in Congress, and 55.4 representative in Congress.

55.5 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

55.6 Subdivision 1. **Form.** Absentee ballots under sections 203B.16 to 203B.27 shall conform 55.7 to the requirements of the Minnesota Election Law, except that modifications in the size or 55.8 form of ballots or envelopes may be made if necessary to satisfy the requirements of the 55.9 United States postal service. The return envelope must be designed in one of the following 55.10 ways:

(1) it must be of sufficient size to contain an additional a signature envelope that when
 and when the return envelope is sealed, it conceals the signature, identification, and other
 information; or

(2) it must be the signature envelope and provide an additional flap that when sealed,
conceals the signature, identification, and other information.

55.16 The flap or the <u>additional return</u> envelope must be perforated to permit election officials to 55.17 inspect the returned certificate for completeness or to ascertain other information at any 55.18 time after receiving the returned ballot without opening the <del>return</del> signature envelope.

55.19 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.21, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Back of return signature envelope. On the back of the return signature envelope
a certificate shall appear with space for:

55.22 (1) the voter's address of present or former residence in Minnesota;

55.23 (2) the voter's current email address, if the voter has one;

(3) a statement indicating the category described in section 203B.16 to which the voterbelongs;

(4) a statement that the voter has not cast and will not cast another absentee ballot in thesame election or elections;

(5) a statement that the voter personally marked the ballots without showing them to
anyone, or if physically unable to mark them, that the voter directed another individual to
mark them; and

(6) the same voter's passport number, Minnesota driver's license or state identification
card number, or the last four digits of the voter's Social Security number as provided on the
absentee ballot application; if the voter does not have access to any of these documents, the
voter may attest to the truthfulness of the contents of the certificate under penalty of perjury.

56.5 The certificate shall also contain a signed oath in the form required by section 705 of 56.6 the Help America Vote Act, Public Law 107-252, which must read:

56.7 "I swear or affirm, under penalty of perjury, that:

I am a member of the uniformed services or merchant marine on active duty or an eligible 56.8 spouse or dependent of such a member; a United States citizen temporarily residing outside 56.9 the United States; or other United States citizen residing outside the United States; and I 56.10 am a United States citizen, at least 18 years of age (or will be by the date of the election), 56.11 and I am eligible to vote in the requested jurisdiction; I have not been convicted of a felony, 56.12 or other disqualifying offense, or been adjudicated mentally incompetent, or, if so, my voting 56.13 rights have been reinstated; and I am not registering, requesting a ballot, or voting in any 56.14 other jurisdiction in the United States except the jurisdiction cited in this voting form. In 56.15 voting, I have marked and sealed my ballot in private and have not allowed any person to 56.16 observe the marking of the ballot, except for those authorized to assist voters under state or 56.17 federal law. I have not been influenced. 56.18

56.19 The information on this form is true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge.
56.20 I understand that a material misstatement of fact in completion of this document may
56.21 constitute grounds for a conviction for perjury."

56.22 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

56.23 Subd. 2. **Duties.** (a) The absentee ballot board must examine all returned absentee ballot 56.24 envelopes for ballots issued under sections 203B.16 to 203B.27 and accept or reject the 56.25 absentee ballots in the manner provided in section 203B.24. If the certificate of voter 56.26 eligibility is not printed on the return or administrative signature envelope, the certificate 56.27 must be attached to the ballot secrecy envelope.

(b) The absentee ballot board must immediately examine the return signature envelopes
or certificates of voter eligibility that are attached to the ballot envelopes and mark them
"accepted" or "rejected" during the 45 days before the election. If an envelope has been
rejected at least five days before the election, the ballots in the envelope must be considered
spoiled ballots and the official in charge of the absentee ballot board must provide the voter

57.1 with a replacement absentee ballot and return envelope envelopes in place of the spoiled57.2 ballot.

57.3 (c) If a county has delegated the responsibility for administering absentee balloting to 57.4 a municipality under section 203B.05, accepted absentee ballots must be delivered to the 57.5 appropriate municipality's absentee ballot board. The absentee ballot board with the authority 57.6 to open and count the ballots must do so in accordance with section 203B.121, subdivisions 57.7 4 and 5.

57.8 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

57.9 Subdivision 1. Check of voter eligibility; proper execution of certificate. Upon receipt 57.10 of an absentee ballot returned as provided in sections 203B.16 to 203B.27, the election 57.11 judges shall compare the voter's name with the names recorded under section 203B.19 in 57.12 the statewide registration system to insure that the ballot is from a voter eligible to cast an 57.13 absentee ballot under sections 203B.16 to 203B.27. The election judges shall mark the 57.14 signature envelope "Accepted" and initial or sign the signature envelope below the word 57.15 "Accepted" if the election judges are satisfied that:

57.16 (1) the voter's name and address on the signature envelope appears in substantially the 57.17 same form as on the application records provided to the election judges by the county auditor;

57.18 (2) the voter has signed the federal oath prescribed pursuant to section 705(b)(2) of the
57.19 Help America Vote Act, Public Law 107-252;

(3) the voter has set forth the same voter's passport number, or Minnesota driver's license
or state identification card number, or the last four digits of the voter's Social Security
number as submitted on the application, if the voter has one of these documents;

57.23 (4) the voter is not known to have died; and

57.24 (5) the voter has not already voted at that election, either in person or by absentee ballot.

57.25 If the identification number described in clause (3) does not match the number as 57.26 submitted on the application, the election judges must make a reasonable effort to satisfy 57.27 themselves through other information provided by the applicant, or by an individual 57.28 authorized to apply on behalf of the voter, that the ballots were returned by the same person 57.29 to whom the ballots were transmitted.

57.30 An absentee ballot cast pursuant to sections 203B.16 to 203B.27 may only be rejected 57.31 for the lack of one of clauses (1) to (5). In particular, failure to place the ballot within the 58.1 secrecy <u>ballot</u> envelope before placing it in the <u>outer white signature</u> envelope is not a reason
58.2 to reject an absentee ballot.

58.3 Election judges must note the reason for rejection on the back of the envelope in the 58.4 space provided for that purpose.

58.5 Failure to return unused ballots shall not invalidate a marked ballot, but a ballot shall 58.6 not be counted if the certificate on the <u>return signature</u> envelope is not properly executed. 58.7 In all other respects the provisions of the Minnesota Election Law governing deposit and 58.8 counting of ballots shall apply. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, the counting 58.9 of the absentee ballot of a deceased voter does not invalidate the election.

## 58.10 Sec. 33. [203B.29] TRANSMISSION OF BALLOTS UNDER CERTAIN

### 58.11 **CIRCUMSTANCES.**

Subdivision 1. Emergency response providers. Any eligible Minnesota voter who is 58.12 58.13 a trained or certified emergency response provider or utility worker who is deployed during the time period authorized by law for absentee voting, on election day, or during any state 58.14 of emergency declared by the President of the United States or any governor of any state 58.15 58.16 within the United States may request that ballots, instructions, and a certificate of voter eligibility be transmitted to the voter electronically. Upon receipt of a properly completed 58.17 application requesting electronic transmission, the county auditor shall electronically transmit 58.18 the requested materials to the voter. The county auditor is not required to provide return 58.19 58.20 postage to voters to whom ballots are transmitted electronically.

#### Subd. 2. Reasonable accommodation for voter with disability. Any eligible Minnesota 58.21 voter with a print disability, including any voter with disabilities that interfere with the 58.22 effective reading, writing, or use of printed materials, may request that ballots, instructions, 58.23 and a certificate of voter eligibility be transmitted to the voter electronically in an accessible 58.24 format that meets Election Assistance Commission minimum accessibility requirements. 58.25 Upon receipt of a properly completed application requesting electronic transmission, the 58.26 county auditor shall electronically transmit the requested materials to the voter. The county 58.27 auditor must also mail the voter materials required under section 203B.07. 58.28 Subd. 3. Returning voted ballots. A voter receiving a ballot electronically under 58.29

58.30 subdivision 1 or 2 must print and return the voter's voted ballot and the certificate of voter

58.31 <u>eligibility to the county auditor in a sealed envelope. A voter must not return the ballot or</u>

- 58.32 certificate of voter eligibility electronically. A ballot that is returned electronically must be
- 58.33 rejected and must not be counted.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Form of affidavit. An affidavit of candidacy shall state the name of the
office sought and, except as provided in subdivision 4, shall state that the candidate:

59.4 (1) is an eligible voter;

59.5 (2) has no other affidavit on file as a candidate for any office at the same primary or next ensuing general election, except that a candidate for soil and water conservation district 59.6 59.7 supervisor in a district not located in whole or in part in Anoka, Hennepin, Ramsey, or Washington County, may also have on file an affidavit of candidacy for mayor or council 59.8 member of a statutory or home rule charter city of not more than 2,500 population contained 59.9 in whole or in part in the soil and water conservation district or for town supervisor in a 59.10 town of not more than 2,500 population contained in whole or in part in the soil and water 59.11 conservation district as authorized by subdivision 9; and 59.12

(3) is, or will be on assuming the office, 21 years of age or more, and will have maintained
residence in the district from which the candidate seeks election for 30 days before the
general election.

59.16 An affidavit of candidacy must include a statement that the candidate's name as written 59.17 on the affidavit for ballot designation is the candidate's true name or the name by which the 59.18 candidate is commonly and generally known in the community.

59.19 An affidavit of candidacy for partisan office shall also state the name of the candidate's59.20 political party or political principle, stated in three words or less.

59.21 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.06, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. Address, electronic mail address, and telephone number. (a) An affidavit 59.22 of candidacy must state a telephone number where the candidate can be contacted. An 59.23 affidavit must also state the candidate's or campaign's nongovernment issued electronic 59.24 mail address or an attestation that the candidate and the candidate's campaign do not possess 59.25 an electronic mail address. An affidavit must also state the candidate's address of residence 59.26 as determined under section 200.031, or at the candidate's request in accordance with 59.27 paragraph (c), the candidate's campaign contact address. The form for the affidavit of 59.28 candidacy must allow the candidate to request, if eligible, that the candidate's address of 59.29 residence be classified as private data, and to provide the certification required under 59.30 paragraph (c) for classification of that address. 59.31

(b) If an affidavit for an office where a residency requirement must be satisfied by the
 close of the filing period is filed as provided by paragraph (c), the filing officer must, within

one business day of receiving the filing, determine whether the address provided in the 60.1 affidavit of candidacy is within the area represented by the office the candidate is seeking. 60.2 For all other candidates who filed for an office whose residency requirement must be satisfied 60.3 by the close of the filing period, a registered voter in this state may request in writing that 60.4 the filing officer receiving the affidavit of candidacy review the address as provided in this 60.5 paragraph, at any time up to one day after the last day for filing for office. If requested, the 60.6 filing officer must determine whether the address provided in the affidavit of candidacy is 60.7 60.8 within the area represented by the office the candidate is seeking. If the filing officer determines that the address is not within the area represented by the office, the filing officer 60.9 must immediately notify the candidate and the candidate's name must be removed from the 60.10 ballot for that office. A determination made by a filing officer under this paragraph is subject 60.11 to judicial review under section 204B.44. 60.12

(c) If the candidate requests that the candidate's address of residence be classified as 60.13 private data, the candidate must list the candidate's address of residence on a separate form 60.14 to be attached to the affidavit. The candidate must also certify on the affidavit that either: 60.15 (1) a police report has been submitted or, an order for protection has been issued, or the 60.16 candidate has a reasonable fear in regard to the safety of the candidate or the candidate's 60.17 family;; or that (2) the candidate's address is otherwise private pursuant to Minnesota law. 60.18 The address of residence provided by a candidate who makes a request for classification 60.19 on the candidate's affidavit of candidacy and provides the certification required by this 60.20 paragraph is classified as private data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may 60.21 be reviewed by the filing officer as provided in this subdivision. 60.22

60.23 (d) The requirements of this subdivision do not apply to affidavits of candidacy for a 60.24 candidate for: (1) judicial office; (2) the office of county attorney; or (3) county sheriff.

60.25 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.06, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. State and local offices. Candidates who seek nomination for the following
offices shall state the following additional information on the affidavit:

(1) for governor or lieutenant governor, that on the first Monday of the next January the
candidate will be 25 years of age or older and, on the day of the state general election, a
resident of Minnesota for not less than one year;

60.31 (2) for supreme court justice, court of appeals judge, or district court judge, that the
60.32 candidate is learned in the law and will not turn 70 years of age before the first Monday in
60.33 January of the following year;

- (3) for county, municipal, school district, or special district office, that the candidate 61.1 meets any other qualifications for that office prescribed by law; 61.2 (4) for senator or representative in the legislature, that on the day of the general or special 61.3 election to fill the office the candidate will have resided maintained residence not less than 61.4 one year in the state and not less than six months in the legislative district from which the 61.5 candidate seeks election. 61.6 61.7 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 61.8 Subd. 9. Multiple affidavits of candidacy. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, clause (2): 61.9 (1) a candidate for soil and water conservation district supervisor in a district not located 61.10 in whole or in part in Anoka, Hennepin, Ramsey, or Washington County may also have on 61.11 file an affidavit of candidacy for: 61.12 61.13 (i) mayor or council member of a statutory or home rule charter city of not more than 2,500 population contained in whole or in part in the soil and water conservation district; 61.14 61.15 or
- 61.16 (ii) town supervisor in a town of not more than 2,500 population contained in whole or
  61.17 in part in the soil and water conservation district; and

61.18 (2) a candidate for school board member may also have on file an affidavit of candidacy

61.19 for town board supervisor, unless that town board is exercising the powers of a statutory

61.20 <u>city under section 368.01 or an applicable special law.</u>

61.21 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Candidates in state and county general elections. (a) Except as
otherwise provided by this subdivision, affidavits of candidacy and nominating petitions
for county, state, and federal offices filled at the state general election shall be filed not
more than 84 days nor less than 70 days before the state primary. The affidavit may be
prepared and signed at any time between 60 days before the filing period opens and the last
day of the filing period.

(b) Notwithstanding other law to the contrary, the affidavit of candidacy must be signed
in the presence of a notarial officer or an individual authorized to administer oaths under
section 358.10.

(c) This provision does not apply to candidates for presidential elector nominated by
major political parties. Major party candidates for presidential elector are certified under
section 208.03. Other candidates for presidential electors may file petitions at least 77 days
before the general election day pursuant to section 204B.07. Nominating petitions to fill
vacancies in nominations shall be filed as provided in section 204B.13. No affidavit or
petition shall be accepted later than 5:00 p.m. on the last day for filing.

(d) Affidavits and petitions for county offices must be filed with the county auditor of
that county. Affidavits and petitions for federal offices must be filed with the secretary of
state. Affidavits and petitions for state offices must be filed with the secretary of state or
with the county auditor of the county in which the candidate resides maintains residence.

(e) Affidavits other than those filed pursuant to subdivision 1a must be submitted by
mail or by hand, notwithstanding chapter 325L, or any other law to the contrary and must
be received by 5:00 p.m. on the last day for filing.

62.14 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.13, is amended by adding a subdivision
62.15 to read:

62.16 Subd. 6a. Candidates for federal office. This section does not apply to a vacancy in
 62.17 nomination for a federal office.

62.18 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

62.19 Subd. 2. Separate precincts; combined polling place. (a) The following shall constitute
62.20 at least one election precinct:

62.21 (1) each city ward; and

62.22 (2) each town and each statutory city.

(b) A single, accessible, combined polling place may be established no later than
November 1 if a presidential nomination primary is scheduled to occur in the following
year or May 1 of any other year:

(1) for any city of the third or fourth class, any town, or any city having territory in more
than one county, in which all the voters of the city or town shall cast their ballots;

62.28 (2) for contiguous precincts in the same municipality;

(3) for up to four contiguous municipalities located entirely outside the metropolitan
area, as defined by section 200.02, subdivision 24, that are contained in the same county;
or

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# 63.1

(4) for noncontiguous precincts located in one or more counties.

63.2 Subject to the requirements of paragraph (c), a single, accessible, combined polling place
63.3 may be established after May 1 of any year in the event of an emergency.

A copy of the ordinance or resolution establishing a combined polling place must be 63.4 63.5 filed with the county auditor within 30 days after approval by the governing body, and the county auditor must provide notice within ten days to the secretary of state, in a manner 63.6 and including information prescribed by the secretary of state. A polling place combined 63.7 under clause (3) must be approved by the governing body of each participating municipality. 63.8 A polling place combined under clause (4) must be approved by the governing body of each 63.9 63.10 participating municipality and the secretary of state and may be located outside any of the noncontiguous precincts. A municipality withdrawing from participation in a combined 63.11 polling place must do so by filing a resolution of withdrawal with the county auditor no 63.12 later than October 1 if a presidential nomination primary is scheduled to occur in the 63.13 following year or April 1 of any other year, and the county auditor must provide notice 63.14 within ten days to the secretary of state, in a manner and including information prescribed 63.15 by the secretary of state. 63.16

The secretary of state shall provide a separate polling place roster for each precinct 63.17 served by the combined polling place, except that in a precinct that uses electronic rosters 63.18 the secretary of state shall provide separate data files for each precinct. A single set of 63.19 election judges may be appointed to serve at a combined polling place. The number of 63.20 election judges required must be based on the total number of persons voting at the last 63.21 similar election in all precincts to be voting at the combined polling place. Separate ballot 63.22 boxes must be provided for the ballots from each precinct. The results of the election must 63.23 be reported separately for each precinct served by the combined polling place, except in a 63.24 polling place established under clause (2) where one of the precincts has fewer than ten 63.25 registered voters, in which case the results of that precinct must be reported in the manner 63.26 specified by the secretary of state. 63.27

(c) If a local elections official determines that an emergency situation preventing the
safe, secure, and full operation of a polling place on election day has occurred or is imminent,
the local elections official may combine two or more polling places for that election pursuant
to this subdivision. To the extent possible, the polling places must be combined and the
election conducted according to the requirements of paragraph (b), except that:

(1) polling places may be combined after May 1 and until the polls close on electionday;

64.1 (2) any city or town, regardless of size or location, may establish a combined polling
64.2 place under this paragraph;

64.3 (3) the governing body is not required to adopt an ordinance or resolution to establish
64.4 the combined polling place;

64.5 (4) a polling place combined under paragraph (b), clause (3) or (4), must be approved
64.6 by the local election official of each participating municipality;

64.7 (5) the local elections official must immediately notify the county auditor and the secretary of state of the combination, including the reason for the emergency combination 64.8 and the location of the combined polling place. As soon as possible, the local elections 64.9 official must also post a notice stating the reason for the combination and the location of 64.10 the combined polling place. The notice must also be posted on the governing board's website, 64.11 if one exists. The local elections official must also notify the election judges and request 64.12 that local media outlets publicly announce the reason for the combination and the location 64.13 of the combined polling place; and 64.14

(6) on election day, the local elections official must post a notice in large print in a 64.15 conspicuous place at the polling place where the emergency occurred, if practical, stating 64.16 the location of the combined polling place. The local election official must also post the 64.17 notice, if practical, in a location visible by voters who vote from their motor vehicles as 64.18 provided in section 204C.15, subdivision 2. If polling place hours are extended pursuant to 64.19 section 204C.05, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), the posted notices required by this paragraph 64.20 must include a statement that the polling place hours at the combined polling place will be 64.21 extended until the specified time. 64.22

64.23 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Authority; location. (a) By December 31 of each year, the governing
body of each municipality and of each county with precincts in unorganized territory must
designate by ordinance or resolution a polling place for each election precinct. The polling
places designated in the ordinance or resolution are the polling places for the following
calendar year, unless a change is made: any changes to a polling place location. A polling
place must be maintained for the following calendar year unless changed:

- 64.30 (1) by ordinance or resolution by December 31 of the previous year;
- 64.31 (1)(2) pursuant to section 204B.175;
- (2) (3) because a polling place has become unavailable;

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- 65.1 (3) (4) because a township designates one location for all state, county, and federal
   65.2 elections and one location for all township only elections; and
- (4) (5) pursuant to section 204B.14, subdivision 3.

(b) Polling places must be designated and ballots must be distributed so that no one is 65.4 65.5 required to go to more than one polling place to vote in a school district and municipal election held on the same day. The polling place for a precinct in a city or in a school district 65.6 located in whole or in part in the metropolitan area defined by section 200.02, subdivision 65.7 24, shall be located within the boundaries of the precinct or within one mile of one of those 65.8 boundaries unless a single polling place is designated for a city pursuant to section 204B.14, 65.9 65.10 subdivision 2, or a school district pursuant to section 205A.11. The polling place for a precinct in unorganized territory may be located outside the precinct at a place which is 65.11 convenient to the voters of the precinct. If no suitable place is available within a town or 65.12 within a school district located outside the metropolitan area defined by section 200.02, 65.13 subdivision 24, then the polling place for a town or school district may be located outside 65.14 the town or school district within five miles of one of the boundaries of the town or school 65.15 district. 65.16

65.17 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.19, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. High school students Trainee election judges. (a) Notwithstanding any other 65.18 requirements of this section, a student enrolled in a high school in Minnesota or who is in 65.19 a home school in compliance with sections 120A.22 and 120A.24, who has attained the age 65.20 of 16 is eligible to be appointed as a without party affiliation trainee election judge in the 65.21 county in which the student resides maintains residence, or a county adjacent to the county 65.22 in which the student resides maintains residence. The student must meet qualifications for 65.23 trainee election judges specified in rules of the secretary of state. A student appointed under 65.24 this subdivision while enrolled in a high school or receiving instruction in a home school 65.25 may continue to serve as a trainee election judge after the student graduates and until the 65.26 student reaches the age of 18. 65.27

65.28 (b) A student appointed as a trainee election judge may be excused from school attendance 65.29 during the hours that the student is serving as a trainee election judge if the student submits 65.30 a written request signed and approved by the student's parent or guardian to be absent from 65.31 school and a certificate from the appointing authority stating the hours during which the 65.32 student will serve as a trainee election judge to the principal of the school at least ten days 65.33 prior to the election. Students shall not serve as <u>A</u> trainee election judges judge shall not 65.34 serve after 10:00 p.m. Notwithstanding section 177.24 to the contrary, trainee election judges may be paid not less than two-thirds of the minimum wage for a large employer. The principal
of the school may approve a request to be absent from school conditioned on acceptable
academic performance at the time of service as a trainee election judge.

66.4 S

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Appointing authority; powers and duties. Election judges for precincts in a 66.5 municipality shall be appointed by the governing body of the municipality. Election judges 66.6 for precincts in unorganized territory and for performing election-related duties assigned 66.7 by the county auditor shall be appointed by the county board. Election judges for a precinct 66.8 composed of two or more municipalities must be appointed by the governing body of the 66.9 municipality or municipalities responsible for appointing election judges as provided in the 66.10 agreement to combine for election purposes. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 66.11 appointments shall be made from the list of voters who reside maintain residence in each 66.12 precinct, furnished pursuant to subdivision 1, subject to the eligibility requirements and 66.13 66.14 other qualifications established or authorized under section 204B.19. At least two election judges in each precinct must be affiliated with different major political parties. If no lists 66.15 have been furnished or if additional election judges are required after all listed names in 66.16 that municipality have been exhausted, the appointing authority may appoint other individuals 66.17 who meet the qualifications to serve as an election judge, including persons on the list 66.18 66.19 furnished pursuant to subdivision 1 who indicated a willingness to travel to the municipality, and persons who are not affiliated with a major political party. An individual who is appointed 66.20 from a source other than the list furnished pursuant to subdivision 1 must provide to the 66.21 appointing authority the individual's major political party affiliation or a statement that the 66.22 individual does not affiliate with any major political party. An individual who refuses to 66.23 provide the individual's major political party affiliation or a statement that the individual 66.24 does not affiliate with a major political party must not be appointed as an election judge. 66.25 The appointments shall be made at least 25 days before the election at which the election 66.26 judges will serve, except that the appointing authority may pass a resolution authorizing 66.27 the appointment of additional election judges within the 25 days before the election if the 66.28 appointing authority determines that additional election judges will be required. 66.29

66.30

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

66.31 Subd. 2. Allocation of election expenses. The secretary of state shall develop procedures 66.32 for the allocation of election expenses among counties, municipalities, and school districts 66.33 for elections that are held concurrently. The following expenses must be included in the 66.34 procedures: salaries of election judges; postage for absentee ballots and applications;

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67.1	preparation of polling places; preparation and testing of electronic voting systems; ballot
67.2	preparation; publication of election notices and sample ballots, including the notice required
67.3	by section 204D.16; transportation of ballots and election supplies; and compensation for
67.4	administrative expenses of the county auditor, municipal clerk, or school district clerk.
67.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary
67.6	of state's approval of the notice required by section 204D.16, paragraph (b), whichever is
67.7	earlier. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the approval date.
67.8 67.9	Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.35, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
67.10	Subd. 6. Electronic voting systems. Notwithstanding sections 204B.35 to 204B.44 and
67.11	chapter 204D, a jurisdiction may prepare blank paper ballots if the jurisdiction employs an
67.12	electronic voting system and the required information is instead displayed on a touch screen
67.13	or other electronic device in a format that substantially meets the requirements of law.
67.14	Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
67.15	Subdivision 1. Right to be absent. Every employee who is eligible to vote in an election
67.16	has the right to be absent from work for the time necessary to appear at the employee's
67.17	polling place, cast a ballot, and return to work on the day of that election or during the time
67.18	period allowed under section 203B.081 for voting in person before election day, without
67.19	penalty or deduction from salary or wages because of the absence. An employer or other
67.20	person may not directly or indirectly refuse, abridge, or interfere with this right or any other
67.21	election right of an employee.
67.22	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Restrictions on conduct. An election judge may must not be appointed as a 67.23 challenger. The election judges shall must permit challengers appointed pursuant to this 67.24 section to be present in the polling place during the hours of voting and to remain there until 67.25 the votes are counted and the results declared. No A challenger shall must not handle or 67.26 inspect registration cards, files, or lists. Challengers shall must not prepare in any manner 67.27 any list of individuals who have or have not voted. They shall must not attempt to influence 67.28 voting in any manner. They shall In accordance with section 204C.12, challengers must not 67.29 converse with a voter except to determine, in the presence of an election judge, whether the 67.30 voter is eligible to vote in the precinct. 67.31

68.1 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Physical assistance in marking ballots. A voter who claims a need for 68.2 assistance because of inability to read English or physical inability to mark a ballot may 68.3 obtain the aid of two election judges who are members of different major political parties. 68.4 The election judges shall mark the ballots as directed by the voter and in as secret a manner 68.5 as circumstances permit. A voter in need of assistance may alternatively obtain the assistance 68.6 of any individual the voter chooses. Only the following persons may not provide assistance 68.7 to a voter: the voter's employer, an agent of the voter's employer, or an officer or agent of 68.8 the voter's union, or a candidate for election. The person who assists the voter shall, 68.9 unaccompanied by an election judge, retire with that voter to a booth and mark the ballot 68.10

as directed by the voter. No person who assists another voter as provided in the preceding 68.11 sentence shall mark the ballots of more than three voters at one election. Before the ballots 68.12 are deposited, the voter may show them privately to an election judge to ascertain that they 68.13 are marked as the voter directed. An election judge or other individual assisting a voter shall 68.14 not in any manner request, persuade, induce, or attempt to persuade or induce the voter to 68.15 vote for any particular political party or candidate. The election judges or other individuals 68.16 who assist the voter shall not reveal to anyone the name of any candidate for whom the 68.17 voter has voted or anything that took place while assisting the voter. 68.18

68.19 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Information requirements. Precinct summary statements shall be
submitted by the election judges in every precinct. For all elections, the election judges
shall complete three or more copies of the summary statements, and each copy shall contain
the following information for each kind of ballot:

(1) the number of ballots delivered to the precinct as adjusted by the actual count made
by the election judges, the number of unofficial ballots made, and the number of absentee
ballots delivered to the precinct;

(2) the number of votes each candidate received or the number of yes and no votes on
each question, the number of undervotes, the number of overvotes, and the number of
defective ballots with respect to each office or question;

(3) the number of spoiled ballots, the number of duplicate ballots made, the number of
absentee ballots rejected, and the number of unused ballots, presuming that the total count
provided on each package of unopened prepackaged ballots is correct;

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69.1 (4) the number of voted ballots indicating only a voter's choices as provided by section
69.2 206.80, paragraph (b), clause (2), item (ii);

69.3 (5) the number of individuals who voted at the election in the precinct which must equal
69.4 the total number of ballots cast in the precinct, as required by sections 204C.20 and 206.86,
69.5 subdivision 1;

(5) (6) the number of voters registering on election day in that precinct; and

69.7 (6) (7) the signatures of the election judges who counted the ballots certifying that all 69.8 of the ballots cast were properly piled, checked, and counted; and that the numbers entered 69.9 by the election judges on the summary statements correctly show the number of votes cast 69.10 for each candidate and for and against each question-;

69.11 (8) the number of election judges that worked in that precinct on election day; and

69.12 (9) the number of voting booths used in that precinct on election day.

69.13 At least two copies of the summary statement must be prepared for elections not held69.14 on the same day as the state elections.

69.15 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.28, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. County auditor. (a) Every county auditor shall must remain at the 69.16 69.17 auditor's office to receive delivery of the returns, to permit public inspection of the summary statements, and to tabulate the votes until all have been tabulated and the results made 69.18 known, or until 24 hours have elapsed since the end of the hours for voting, whichever 69.19 occurs first. Every county auditor shall must, in the presence of the municipal clerk or the 69.20 election judges who deliver the returns, make a record of all materials delivered, the time 69.21 of delivery, and the names of the municipal clerk or election judges who made delivery. 69.22 The record must include the number of ballots delivered to the precinct, as certified by 69.23 section 204B.28, and the total number of ballots returned, as certified by the election judges 69.24 under section 204C.24. A discrepancy between the number of ballots delivered to the precinct 69.25 and the number of total ballots returned by election judges that cannot be reconciled by 69.26 taking into account the adjustments made by the election judge counts and any unofficial 69.27 ballots must be noted, but does not necessarily require disqualification of the votes from 69.28 that precinct or invalidation of the election. The county auditor shall must file the record 69.29 and all envelopes containing ballots in a safe and secure place with envelope seals unbroken. 69.30 Access to the record and ballots shall must be strictly controlled. Accountability and a record 69.31 of access shall must be maintained by the county auditor during the period for contesting 69.32 elections or, if a contest is filed, until the contest has been finally determined. Thereafter, 69.33

the record shall must be retained in the auditor's office for the same period as the ballots as
provided in section 204B.40.

(b) The county auditor shall must file all envelopes containing ballots in a safe place 70.3 with seals unbroken. If the envelopes were previously are opened by proper authority for 70.4 examination or recount, as specifically authorized by a court or statute, the county auditor 70.5 shall must have the envelopes sealed again and signed by the individuals who made the 70.6 inspection or recount. The envelopes may be opened by the county canvassing board auditor 70.7 70.8 if necessary to procure election returns that the election judges inadvertently may have sealed in the envelopes with the ballots. In that case, the envelopes shall must be sealed 70.9 again and signed in the same manner as otherwise provided in this subdivision. 70.10

70.11 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.33, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. State canvass. The State Canvassing Board shall meet at a public meeting
space located in the Capitol complex area on the third Tuesday following the state general
election to canvass the certified copies of the county canvassing board reports received from
the county auditors and shall prepare a report that states:

70.16 (1) the number of individuals voting in the state and in each county;

(2) the number of votes received by each of the candidates, specifying the counties inwhich they were cast; and

(3) the number of votes counted for and against each constitutional amendment, specifying
the counties in which they were cast.

70.21All members of the State Canvassing Board shall sign the report and certify its70.22correctness. Within three days after completing the canvass, the State Canvassing Board70.23shall declare the result within three days after completing the canvass and declare the70.24candidates duly elected who received the highest number of votes for each federal office70.25and for each state office voted on in more than one county.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.35, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:

Subd. 5. Challenged ballots. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a canvassing
 board may direct a recount official to make images of ballots challenged by a candidate in
 a recount available to the public.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Manner of correction. A county canvassing board may determine by 71.2 majority vote that the election judges have made an obvious error in counting or recording 71.3 the votes for an office. The county canvassing board shall then promptly notify all candidates 71.4 for that office of the determination, including a description of the error. A candidate who 71.5 receives notification pursuant to this subdivision or any candidate who believes that the 71.6 election judges in a precinct have made an obvious error in the counting or recording of the 71.7 votes for an office may The county canvassing board must also instruct the county auditor 71.8 to apply without unreasonable delay to the district court of the county containing the precinct 71.9 in which the alleged error was made for an order determining whether or not an obvious 71.10 error has been made. The applicant auditor shall describe the alleged error in the application 71.11 and may submit additional evidence as directed by the court. The applicant auditor shall 71.12 notify the county canvassing board and all candidates for the affected office in the manner 71.13 directed by the court. If the court finds that the election judges made an obvious error it 71.14 shall issue an order specifying the error and directing the county canvassing board to inspect 71.15 the ballots and returns of the precinct in order to correct the error and to proceed further in 71.16 accordance with this section or otherwise as the court may direct. 71.17

71.18 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.08, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. State and county nonpartisan primary ballot. The state and county nonpartisan
primary ballot shall be headed "State and County Nonpartisan Primary Ballot." It shall be
printed in the manner provided in the rules of the secretary of state. The names of candidates
for nomination to the supreme court, court of appeals, district court, and all county offices,
all city offices, and all school district offices shall be placed on this ballot.

No candidate whose name is placed on the state and county nonpartisan primary ballot
shall be designated or identified as the candidate of any political party or in any other manner
except as expressly provided by law.

71.27 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Sample ballot. At least 46 days before the state primary the county auditor
shall must prepare a sample ballot for each precinct for public inspection and transmit an
electronic copy of these sample ballots to the secretary of state. The names of the candidates
to be voted for in the county shall must be placed on the sample ballots, with the names of
the candidates for each office arranged in the base rotation as determined by section 206.61,
subdivision 5. The county auditor shall must post the sample ballots in a conspicuous place

# <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary of state's approval of the notice required by section 204D.16, paragraph (b), whichever is earlier. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the approval date.

72.7 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.13, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Order of political parties candidates for president and vice president. The 72.8 first name printed for each partisan office president and vice president of the United States 72.9 on the state general election ballot shall be that of the candidate of the major political party 72.10 that received the smallest average number of votes at the last state general election. The 72.11 succeeding names shall be those of the candidates of the other major political parties that 72.12 received a succeedingly higher average number of votes respectively. For the purposes of 72.13 this subdivision, the average number of votes of a major political party shall be computed 72.14 by dividing the total number of votes counted for all of the party's candidates for statewide 72.15 office at the state general election by the number of those candidates at the election. The 72.16 names of candidates nominated by petition for president and vice president shall be placed 72.17 on the state general election ballot after the names of the candidates for that office who were 72.18 nominated by major political parties. No later than 11 weeks before the state general election, 72.19 the secretary of state shall determine by lot the order of candidates nominated by petition. 72.20 The drawing of lots must be by political party or principle. 72.21

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.13, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:

Subd. 2a. Rotation of names; other partisan offices. Except as provided in subdivision
 2, the names of candidates for partisan offices on the state general election ballot shall be
 rotated in the manner provided for rotation of names on state partisan primary ballots by
 section 204D.08, subdivision 3.

<sup>Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.13, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Nominees by petition; placement on ballot political party or principle. The
names of candidates nominated by petition for a partisan office voted on at the state general
election shall be placed on the state general election ballot after the names of the candidates
for that office who were nominated at the state primary. No later than 11 weeks before the</sup> 

73.1 state general election, the secretary of state shall determine by lot the order of candidates 73.2 nominated by petition. The drawing of lots must be by political party or principle. For 73.3 candidates nominated by petition for partisan office, the political party or political principle 73.4 of the <u>a</u> candidate as stated on the petition shall be placed after the name of a candidate 73.5 nominated by petition. The word "nonpartisan" shall not be used to designate any partisan 73.6 candidate whose name is placed on the state general election ballot by nominating petition.

73.7 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.16, is amended to read:

# 73.8 204D.16 SAMPLE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOTS; POSTING; 73.9 PUBLICATION.

(a) At least 46 days before the state general election, the county auditor shall must post
sample ballots for each precinct in the auditor's office for public inspection and transmit an
electronic copy of these sample ballots to the secretary of state.

73.13 (b) No earlier than 15 20 days and no later than two ten days before the state general election the county auditor shall must cause a sample state general election ballot notice to 73.14 voters to be published in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the county. The 73.15 secretary of state, in collaboration with stakeholders, must design the notice to be published, 73.16 including the format and content to be used. The secretary of state, in collaboration with 73.17 stakeholders, may modify the content or format of the notice to be used by metropolitan 73.18 counties, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4. When published, the notice must be 73.19 73.20 sized so that it comprises a minimum of one full newspaper page. (c) The notice required by paragraph (b) must, at minimum, include the following: 73.21 (1) a statement that the voter's official ballot will have the names of all candidates for 73.22 the voter's precinct; 73.23 (2) the web address where a voter may view the voter's sample ballot based on the voter's 73.24 address; 73.25 (3) the county's website where a list of sample ballots for each county precinct may be 73.26 viewed; 73.27 (4) how a voter may obtain a free copy of a sample ballot specific to the voter's address; 73.28 and 73.29

73.30 (5) contact information for the appropriate local election official, including a phone
 73.31 <u>number and email address.</u>

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74.1 The notice may include information about contests on the ballot; names, offices, and party

74.2 affiliation, if any, of candidates; polling place locations; poll hours; and absentee voting
74.3 information.

- 74.4 (d) For purposes of this section, "stakeholder" means local government election officials
   74.5 and representatives of the Minnesota Newspaper Association.
- 74.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary
- 74.7 of state's approval of the notice required by section 204D.16, paragraph (b), whichever is
- 74.8 <u>earlier</u>. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the approval date.

74.9 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.19, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Special election when legislature will be in session. Except for vacancies in 74.10 the legislature which occur at any time between the last day of session in an odd-numbered 74.11 year and the 40th 54th day prior to the opening day of session in the succeeding 74.12 even-numbered year, when a vacancy occurs and the legislature will be in session so that 74.13 the individual elected as provided by this section could take office and exercise the duties 74.14 of the office immediately upon election, the governor shall issue within five days after the 74.15 vacancy occurs a writ calling for a special election. The special election shall be held as 74.16 soon as possible, consistent with the notice requirements of section 204D.22, subdivision 74.17 3, but in no event more than 35 49 days after the issuance of the writ. A special election 74.18 must not be held during the four days before or the four days after a holiday as defined in 74.19 section 645.44, subdivision 5. 74.20

74.21 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.22, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

74.22Subd. 3. Notice of special election. The county auditor of a county in which a special74.23election is to be held shall direct the clerk of each municipality in which the election is to74.24be held to post a notice of the special primary and special election at least seven 14 days74.25before the special primary and at least  $14 \ 21$  days before the special election in the manner74.26provided in sections 204B.33 and 204B.34. If the special primary is to be held  $14 \ 21$  days74.27before the special election, a single notice of both elections may be posted seven days before74.28the primary.

When the special primary or special election is to be held on the same day as any other
election, notice of the special primary or special election may be included in the notice of
the other election, if practicable.

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- 75.1 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Time of filing. Except as provided in subdivision 3, the affidavits and petitions
  shall be filed no later than 14 <u>21</u> days before the special primary.

75.4 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Form. Except as provided in subdivision 2, the county auditor shall must 75.5 prepare separate ballots for a special primary and special election as required by sections 75.6 204D.17 to 204D.27. The ballots shall must be headed "Special Primary Ballot" or "Special 75.7 Election Ballot" as the case may be, followed by the date of the special primary or special 75.8 election. Immediately below the title of each office to be filled shall must be printed the 75.9 words "To fill vacancy in term expiring .....," with the date of expiration of the term and 75.10 any other information that is necessary to distinguish the office from any other office to be 75.11 voted upon at the same election. For a special primary or special election, the instructions 75.12 to voters may use the singular form of the word when referring to candidates and offices 75.13 when only one office is to be filled at the special election. Otherwise the form of the ballots 75.14 shall must comply as far as practicable with the laws relating to ballots for state primaries 75.15 and state general elections. The county auditor shall must post a sample of each ballot in 75.16 the auditor's office as soon as prepared and not later than four days before the special primary 75.17 or special election. Publication of the sample ballot notice to voters pursuant to section 75.18 204D.16 for a special primary or special election is not required. 75.19

75.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary
 75.21 of state's approval of the notice required by section 204D.16, paragraph (b), whichever is
 75.22 earlier. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the approval date.

75.23 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Nominating petition; cities of the first class. A nominating petition filed on behalf of a candidate for municipal office in a city of the first class shall be signed by eligible voters who reside maintain residence in the election district from which the candidate is to be elected. The number of signers shall be at least 500, or two percent of the total number of individuals who voted in the municipality, ward, or other election district at the last preceding municipal general election, whichever is greater.

75.30 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- 75.31 Subd. 2. Sample ballot, publication. For every municipal election, the municipal clerk
- <sup>75.32</sup> shall must, at least two weeks before the election, publish a sample ballot notice to voters

pursuant to section 204D.16 in the official newspaper of the municipality, except that the
governing body of a fourth class city or a town not located within a metropolitan county as
defined in section 473.121 may dispense with publication.

# EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary of state's approval of the notice required by section 204D.16, paragraph (b), whichever is earlier. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the approval date.

76.7 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205.175, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Other municipalities. The governing body of a municipality other than a 76.8 municipality described in subdivision 2, may by resolution adopted prior to giving notice 76.9 of the election, designate the time, in addition to the minimum voting hours provided in 76.10 subdivision 1, during which the polling places will remain open for voting at the next 76.11 succeeding and all subsequent municipal elections. The resolution shall remain in force 76.12 until it is revoked by the municipal governing body or changed because of request by voters 76.13 as provided in this subdivision. If a petition requesting longer voting hours, signed by a 76.14 number of voters equal to 20 percent of the votes cast at the last municipal election, is 76.15 presented to the municipal clerk no later than 30 days prior to the municipal election, then 76.16 the polling places for that election shall open at 10:00 a.m. and close at 8:00 p.m. The 76.17 municipal clerk shall give ten days' notice of the changed voting hours and notify the county 76.18 76.19 auditor and secretary of state of the change. Municipalities covered by this subdivision shall certify their election hours to the county auditor in January of each year. 76.20

76.21 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Other school districts. At a school district election in a school district other 76.22 than one described in subdivision 1, the school board, by resolution adopted before giving 76.23 notice of the election, may designate the time during which the polling places will remain 76.24 open for voting at the next succeeding and all later school district elections. All polling 76.25 places must be open between the hours of 5:00 p.m. and 8:00 p.m. The resolution must 76.26 76.27 remain in force until it is revoked by the school board or changed because of request by voters as provided in this subdivision. If a petition requesting longer voting hours, signed 76.28 by a number of voters equal to 20 percent of the votes cast at the last school district election, 76.29 is presented to the school district clerk no later than 30 days before a school district election, 76.30 then the polling places for that election must open at 10:00 a.m. and close at 8:00 p.m. The 76.31 school district clerk must give ten days' published notice and posted notice of the changed 76.32 voting hours and notify appropriate county auditors and the secretary of state of the change. 76.33

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Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205A.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. School district canvassing board. For the purpose of a recount of a special 77.2 election conducted under section 126C.17, subdivision 9, or 475.59, the school district 77.3 canvassing board shall consist of one member of the school board other than the clerk, 77.4 selected by the board, the clerk of the school board, the county auditor of the county in 77.5 which the greatest number of school district residents resident maintain residence, the court 77.6 administrator of the district court of the judicial district in which the greatest number of 77.7 school district residents reside maintain residence, and the mayor or chair of the town board 77.8 of the school district's most populous municipality. Any member of the canvassing board 77.9 may appoint a designee to appear at the meeting of the board, except that no designee may 77.10 be a candidate for public office. If one of the individuals fails to appear at the meeting of 77.11 the canvassing board, the county auditor shall appoint an eligible voter of the school district, 77.12 who must not be a member of the school board, to fill the vacancy. Not more than two 77.13 school board members shall serve on the canvassing board at one time. Four members 77.14 constitute a quorum. 77.15

The school board shall serve as the school district canvassing board for the election ofschool board members.

Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205A.12, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Board elections. If the proposal for the establishment of election districts is 77.19 approved by the voters, the board shall specify the election districts from which vacancies 77.20 shall be filled as they occur until such time as each board member represents an election 77.21 district. A candidate for school board in a subsequent election must file an affidavit of 77.22 candidacy to be elected as a school board member for the election district in which the 77.23 candidate resides maintains residence. If there are as many election districts as there are 77.24 members of the board, one and only one member of the board shall be elected from each 77.25 election district. In school districts where one or more board members are elected by election 77.26 districts, candidates must indicate on the affidavit of candidacy the number of the district 77.27 77.28 from which they seek election or, if appropriate, that they seek election from one of the offices elected at large. If the election districts have two or three members each, the terms 77.29 of the members must be staggered. Each board member must be a resident of the election 77.30 district for which elected but the creation of an election district or a change in election 77.31 district boundaries shall not disqualify a board member from serving for the remainder of 77.32 77.33 a term.

78.1 Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.58, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Municipalities. (a) The governing body of a municipality, at a regular 78.2 meeting or at a special meeting called for the purpose, may provide for the use of an 78.3 electronic voting system in one or more precincts and at all elections in the precincts, subject 78.4 to approval by the county auditor. Once a municipality has adopted the use of an electronic 78.5 voting system in one or more precincts, the municipality must continue to use an electronic 78.6 voting system for state elections in those precincts. The governing body shall must 78.7 disseminate information to the public about the use of a new voting system at least 60 days 78.8 prior to the election and shall must provide for instruction of voters with a demonstration 78.9 voting system in a public place for the six weeks immediately prior to the first election at 78.10 which the new voting system will be used. 78.11

No system may be adopted or used (b) A municipality must not adopt or use a system
unless it has been approved by the secretary of state pursuant to section 206.57.

78.14 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.58, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

78.15Subd. 3. Counties. (a) The governing body of a county may provide for the use of an78.16electronic voting system in one or more precincts of the county at all elections. Once a78.17county has adopted the use of an electronic voting system in one or more precincts, the78.18county must continue to use an electronic voting system for state elections in those precincts.78.19The governing body of the municipality shall must give approval before an electronic voting78.20system may be adopted or used in the municipality under the authority of this section.

No system may be adopted or used (b) A county must not adopt or use a system unless
it has been approved by the secretary of state pursuant to section 206.57.

78.23 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.61, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Official responsible for providing ballots. (a) The official charged with
providing paper ballots when they are used shall provide all ballot cards, sample ballots,
precinct summary statements, and other necessary supplies needed for electronic voting
systems, except as otherwise provided by this section.

(b) At general elections and primaries the county auditor of each county in which an
electronic voting system is used shall provide all ballot cards and other necessary printed
forms and supplies needed for the electronic voting system, including all forms needed for
voting on candidates and questions, the ballots for which are required by the election laws
to be provided by the state when paper ballots are used.

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79.1	(c) In precincts using a ballot format as provided by section 206.80, paragraph (b), clause
79.2	(2), item (ii), voters must be provided the option of voting with a regularly printed optical
79.3	<u>scan ballot.</u>
79.4	Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.80, is amended to read:
79.5	206.80 ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.
79.6	(a) An electronic voting system may not be employed unless it:
79.7	(1) permits every voter to vote in secret;
79.8	(2) permits every voter to vote for all candidates and questions for whom or upon which
79.9	the voter is legally entitled to vote;
79.10	(3) provides for write-in voting when authorized;
79.11	(4) automatically rejects, except as provided in section 206.84 with respect to write-in
79.12	votes, all votes for an office or question when the number of votes cast on it exceeds the
79.13	number which the voter is entitled to cast;
79.14	(5) permits a voter at a primary election to select secretly the party for which the voter
79.15	wishes to vote;
79.16	(6) automatically rejects all votes cast in a primary election by a voter when the voter
79.17	votes for candidates of more than one party; and
79.18	(7) provides every voter an opportunity to verify votes recorded on the permanent paper
79.19	ballot, either visually or using assistive voting technology, and to change votes or correct
79.20	any error before the voter's ballot is cast and counted, produces an individual, discrete,
79.21	permanent, paper ballot cast by the voter, and preserves the paper ballot as an official record
79.22	available for use in any recount.
79.23	(b) An electronic voting system purchased on or after June 4, 2005, may not be employed
79.24	unless it:
79.25	(1) accepts and tabulates, in the polling place or at a counting center, a marked optical
79.26	scan ballot; or
79.27	(2) creates a marked optical scan ballot that can be tabulated in the polling place or at a
79.28	counting center by automatic tabulating equipment certified for use in this state and the
79.29	ballot is:
79.30	(i) a marked optical scan ballot; or

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- (ii) a marked paper ballot indicating, at a minimum, the date of the election; the name
  of the precinct; an electronically readable precinct identifier or ballot style indicator; and
  the voter's votes for each office or question, generated from the voter's use of a touch screen
  or other electronic device on which a complete ballot meeting the information requirements
  of any applicable law was displayed electronically.
  (c) The use of multiple ballot formats of electronic voting systems in a jurisdiction is
  not a violation of a voter's right to vote in secret, provided that a record of the ballot formats
- 80.8 of electronic voting system used by a voter is not recorded by the election judges or any
  80.9 other elections official in any form.
- 80.10 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.83, is amended to read:

## **206.83 TESTING OF VOTING SYSTEMS.**

Within 14 At least three days before election day voting equipment is used, the official 80.12 80.13 in charge of elections shall have the voting system tested to ascertain that the system will correctly mark ballots using all methods supported by the system, including through assistive 80.14 technology, and count the votes cast for all candidates and on all questions. Public notice 80.15 of the time and place of the test must be given at least two days in advance by publication 80.16 once in official newspapers. The test must be observed by at least two election judges, who 80.17 are not of the same major political party, and must be open to representatives of the political 80.18 parties, candidates, the press, and the public. The test must be conducted by (1) processing 80.19 80.20 a preaudited group of ballots punched or marked to record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and on each question, and must include for each office one or more 80.21 ballot cards which have votes in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the 80.22 ability of the voting system tabulator and electronic ballot marker to reject those votes; and 80.23 (2) processing an additional test deck of ballots marked using the electronic ballot marker 80.24 for the precinct, including ballots marked using the electronic ballot display, audio ballot 80.25 reader, and any assistive voting technology used with the electronic ballot marker. If any 80.26 error is detected, the cause must be ascertained and corrected and an errorless count must 80.27 be made before the voting system may be used in the election. After the completion of the 80.28 test, the programs used and ballot cards must be sealed, retained, and disposed of as provided 80.29 for paper ballots. 80.30

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81.1	Sec 75 Min	nesota Statutes 202	2 section 206	.845, is amended by add	ing a subdivision
81.2	to read:	nesota Statutes 202	2, 5001011 200	.o io, io unicided by udd	
		, , <b>,</b> , ,	0 1	· · · · · · · · · · ·	
81.3				ipal clerk or county audi	
81.4				al data from the file is p	
81.5	tollowing exce	eptions, which are p	protected nonp	ublic data under section	13.02:
81.6	<u>(1)</u> data tha	at indicate the date,	time, or order	in which a voter cast a b	allot;
81.7	<u>(2) data tha</u>	at indicate the meth	od with which	a voter cast a ballot;	
81.8	(3) data fil	es that do not inclue	de all ballots ca	ast in a precinct;	
81.9	(4) data fil	es that provide data	in the order it	was generated; and	
81.10	<u>(5)</u> data fro	om precincts in whi	ch fewer than t	en votes were cast.	
81.11	Data stored as	images are protected	ed nonpublic d	ata under section 13.02.	
				06 . 1 11 11.	1 1
81.12		nesota Statutes 202	2, section 206	86, is amended by addin	ig a subdivision to
81.13	read:				
81.14	<u>Subd. 5a.</u>	<b>Ballots in precincts</b>	s with multiple	e styles of voting system	<b>1.</b> In the event the
81.15	results of a pre	cinct are subject to a	a recount under	section 204C.35 or 204C	2.36, or are subject
81.16	to a postelection	on review under sec	ction 206.89, a	nd a ballot format as pro	vided in section
81.17	206.80, paragi	aph (b), clause (2),	item (ii), was	used by ten or fewer vote	ers in the precinct,
81.18	the election ju	dges from that prec	inct are not elig	gible to participate in con	nducting a recount
81.19	or postelection	n review in that prec	einet.		
81.20	Sec 77 Min	unesota Statutes 202	2 section 206	.90, subdivision 10, is ar	nended to read:
01.20					
81.21		-		standing section 204C.2	
81.22	-			e ballot must be marked i	
81.23		•		es an individual's name o	
81.24				ges shall count the write	
81.25	the number of	those votes on form	ns provided for	r the purpose. When the	write-in votes are
81.26	recorded on a 1	nedium that cannot	be examined fo	or write-in votes by the au	tomatic tabulating
81.27	equipment or	the automatic tabula	ating equipmer	nt does not reject, with re	espect to write-in
81.28	votes, all votes	s for an office or qu	estion when th	e number of votes cast of	on it exceeds the
81.29	number which	the voter is entitled	l to count, all b	allot envelopes or other	medium on which
81.30	write-in votes	have been recorded	must be serial	ly numbered, starting wi	th the number one
81.31	and the same n	umber must be place	ed on the ballot	card of the voter. The jud	lges shall compare

the write-in votes with the votes cast on the ballot card. If the total number of votes for any office exceeds the number allowed by law, a notation to that effect must be entered on the back of the ballot card and the card must be returned to the counting center in an envelope marked "defective ballots"; however, valid votes on ballot cards containing invalid votes must be counted as provided in section 206.86, subdivision 5.

When the write-in votes are recorded on ballot cards that can be examined for write-in votes by the automatic tabulating equipment and the automatic tabulating equipment rejects all votes for an office or question when the number of votes cast on it exceeds the number which the voter is entitled to cast, the judges shall examine the ballot cards with write-in votes and count the valid write-in votes.

82.11 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 207A.12, is amended to read:

# 82.12 **207A.12 CONDUCTING PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION PRIMARY.**

(a) Except as otherwise provided by law, the presidential nomination primary must be
conducted, and the results canvassed and returned, in the manner provided by law for the
state primary.

(b) An individual seeking to vote at the presidential nomination primary must be 82.16 82.17 registered to vote pursuant to section 201.054, subdivision 1. The voter must request the ballot of the party for whose candidate the individual wishes to vote. Notwithstanding section 82.18 204C.18, subdivision 1, the election judge must record in the polling place roster the name 82.19 of the political party whose ballot the voter requested. When posting voter history pursuant 82.20 to section 201.171, the county auditor must include the name of the political party whose 82.21 ballot the voter requested. The political party ballot selected by a voter is private data on 82.22 individuals as defined under section 13.02, subdivision 12, except as provided in section 82.23 201.091, subdivision 4a. A voter eligible to cast a ballot as provided in section 5B.06 must 82.24 be permitted to cast a ballot at the presidential nomination primary consistent with the 82.25 requirements of that section. 82.26

(c) Immediately after the state canvassing board declares the results of the presidential
nomination primary, the secretary of state must notify the chair of each party of the results.

82.29 (d) The results of the presidential nomination primary must bind the election of delegates82.30 in each party.

83.1

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 207A.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Reimbursable local expenses. (a) The secretary of state shall must reimburse 83.2 the counties and municipalities for expenses incurred in the administration of the presidential 83.3 nomination primary from money contained in the presidential nomination primary elections 83.4 account. The following expenses are eligible for reimbursement: preparation and printing 83.5 of ballots; postage for absentee ballots; publication of the sample ballot notice to voters 83.6 pursuant to section 204D.16; preparation of polling places in an amount not to exceed \$150 83.7 83.8 per polling place; preparation of electronic voting systems in an amount not to exceed \$100 per precinct; compensation for temporary staff or overtime payments; salaries of election 83.9 judges; compensation of county canvassing board members; and other expenses as approved 83.10 by the secretary of state. 83.11

(b) Within 60 days after the results of a presidential nomination primary are certified 83.12 by the State Canvassing Board, the county auditor must submit a request for payment of 83.13 the costs incurred by the county for conducting the presidential nomination primary, and 83.14 the municipal clerk must submit a request for payment of the costs incurred by the 83.15 municipality for conducting the presidential nomination primary. The request for payment 83.16 must be submitted to the secretary of state, and must be accompanied by an itemized 83.17 description of actual county or municipal expenditures, including copies of invoices. In 83.18 addition, the county auditor or municipal clerk must certify that the request for reimbursement 83.19 is based on actual costs incurred by the county or municipality in the presidential nomination 83.20 primary. 83.21

(c) The secretary of state shall <u>must</u> provide each county and municipality with the
appropriate forms for requesting payment and certifying expenses under this subdivision.
The secretary of state must not reimburse expenses unless the request for payment and
certification of costs has been submitted as provided in this subdivision. The secretary of
state must complete the issuance of reimbursements to the counties and municipalities no
later than 90 days after the results of the presidential nomination primary have been certified
by the State Canvassing Board.

# EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary of state's approval of the notice required by section 204D.16, paragraph (b), whichever is earlier. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the approval date.

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84.1

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 208.05, is amended to read:

### 84.2 **208.05 STATE CANVASSING BOARD.**

The State Canvassing Board at its meeting on the date provided in section 204C.33 shall 84.3 open and canvass the returns made to the secretary of state for presidential electors and 84.4 alternates, prepare a statement of the number of votes cast for the persons receiving votes 84.5 for these offices, and declare the person or persons receiving the highest number of votes 84.6 for each office duly elected, except that if the Agreement Among the States to Elect the 84.7 President by National Popular Vote governs the appointment of presidential electors, the 84.8 State Canvassing Board shall declare duly elected the candidates for presidential electors 84.9 and alternates identified in accordance with the provisions of that agreement. When it appears 84.10 that more than the number of persons to be elected as presidential electors or alternates have 84.11 the highest and an equal number of votes, the secretary of state, in the presence of the board 84.12 shall decide by lot which of the persons shall be declared elected, except that if the Agreement 84.13 Among the States to Elect the President by National Popular Vote governs the appointment 84.14 of presidential electors, no such drawing of lots shall be conducted. The governor shall 84.15 84.16 transmit to each person declared elected a certificate of election, signed by the governor, sealed with the state seal, and countersigned by the secretary of state. 84.17

# 84.18 Sec. 81. [208.051] AGREEMENT AMONG THE STATES TO ELECT THE 84.19 PRESIDENT BY NATIONAL POPULAR VOTE.

# 84.20 The Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National Popular Vote is 84.21 enacted into law and entered into with all other states legally joining in it in substantially 84.22 the following form:

84.23 Article I - Membership Any state of the United States and the District of Columbia may become a member of 84.24 this agreement by enacting this agreement. 84.25 Article II - Right of the People in Member States to 84.26 Vote for President and Vice President 84.27 Each member state shall conduct a statewide popular election for president and vice 84.28 president of the United States. 84.29 Article III - Manner of Appointing Presidential Electors in Member States 84.30 Prior to the time set by law for the meeting and voting by the presidential electors, the 84.31 chief election official of each member state shall determine the number of votes for each 84.32

presidential slate in each state of the United States and in the District of Columbia in which 85.1 votes have been cast in a statewide popular election and shall add such votes together to 85.2 85.3 produce a national popular vote total for each presidential slate. The chief election official of each member state shall designate the presidential slate with the largest national popular 85.4 vote total as the national popular vote winner. The presidential elector certifying official of 85.5 each member state shall certify the appointment in that official's own state of the elector 85.6 slate nominated in that state in association with the national popular vote winner. At least 85.7 85.8 six days before the day fixed by law for the meeting and voting by the presidential electors, 85.9 each member state shall make a final determination of the number of popular votes cast in the state for each presidential slate and shall communicate an official statement of such 85.10 determination within 24 hours to the chief election official of each other member state. The 85.11 chief election official of each member state shall treat as conclusive an official statement 85.12 containing the number of popular votes in a state for each presidential slate made by the 85.13 day established by federal law for making a state's final determination conclusive as to the 85.14 counting of electoral votes by Congress. In event of a tie for the national popular vote 85.15 winner, the presidential elector certifying official of each member state shall certify the 85.16 appointment of the elector slate nominated in association with the presidential slate receiving 85.17 the largest number of popular votes within that official's own state. If, for any reason, the 85.18 number of presidential electors nominated in a member state in association with the national 85.19 popular vote winner is less than or greater than that state's number of electoral votes, the 85.20 presidential candidate on the presidential slate that has been designated as the national 85.21 popular vote winner shall have the power to nominate the presidential electors for that state 85.22 and that state's presidential elector certifying official shall certify the appointment of such 85.23 nominees. The chief election official of each member state shall immediately release to the 85.24 public all vote counts or statements of votes as they are determined or obtained. This article 85.25 shall govern the appointment of presidential electors in each member state in any year in 85.26 which this agreement is, on July 20, in effect in states cumulatively possessing a majority 85.27 85.28 of the electoral votes. Article IV - Other Provisions 85.29 This agreement shall take effect when states cumulatively possessing a majority of the 85.30 electoral votes have enacted this agreement in substantially the same form and the enactments 85.31

- 85.32 by such states have taken effect in each state. Any member state may withdraw from this
- 85.33 agreement, except that a withdrawal occurring six months or less before the end of a
- 85.34 president's term shall not become effective until a president or vice president shall have
- 85.35 been qualified to serve the next term. The chief executive of each member state shall promptly

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86.1	notify the chi	ef executive of all c	ther states of wl	nen this agreement has	been enacted and
86.2	has taken effe	ect in that official's s	state, when the s	tate has withdrawn fro	om this agreement,
86.3	and when this	agreement takes effe	ect generally. Th	is agreement shall term	inate if the electoral
86.4	college is abo	olished. If any provi	sion of this agre	ement is held invalid,	the remaining
86.5	provisions sh	all not be affected.			
86.6			Article V - Def	initions	
86.7	For purpo	oses of this agreemen	<u>nt:</u>		
86.8	<u>(1) "chief</u>	election official" m	eans the state of	ficial or body that is a	uthorized to certify
86.9	the total num	ber of popular votes	for each presid	ential slate;	
86.10	<u>(</u> 2) "chief	executive" means the	ne governor of a	state of the United Sta	ates or the mayor of
86.11	the District o	f Columbia;			
86.12	(3) "electo	or slate" means a sla	te of candidates	who have been nomin	nated in a state for
86.13	the position of	of presidential elector	or in association	with a presidential sla	te;
86.14	<u>(</u> 4) "presid	dential elector" mean	ns an elector for	president and vice pres	sident of the United
86.15	States;				
86.16	<u>(5)</u> "presi	dential elector certif	ying official" m	eans the state official of	or body that is
86.17	authorized to	certify the appointr	nent of the state	s presidential electors	<u>2</u>
86.18	<u>(6)</u> "presid	lential slate" means a	a slate of two pers	sons, the first of whom	has been nominated
86.19	as a candidate	e for president of the	United States an	d the second of whom	has been nominated
86.20	as a candidate	e for vice president o	f the United Stat	es, or any legal success	ors to such persons,
86.21	regardless of	whether both names	s appear on the b	ballot presented to the	voter in a particular
86.22	state;				
86.23	(7) "state"	' means a state of th	e United States	and the District of Col	umbia; and
86.24	<u>(8)</u> "statev	wide popular electio	n" means a gene	eral election in which v	votes are cast for
86.25	presidential s	lates by individual v	voters and count	ed on a statewide basis	<u>s.</u>
86.26	Sec. 82. [ <b>2</b> (	08.052] CONFLICT	Г OF LAWS.		
86.27	When the	Agreement Among	the States to Ele	ect the President by Na	tional Popular Vote
86.28	governs the a	ppointment of presid	lential electors,	the provisions of that a	greement shall take
86.29	precedence o	ver any conflicting	law of this state.		

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87.1 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 209.021, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Notice filed with court. If the contest relates to a nomination or election for
statewide office, the contestant shall file the notice of contest with the court administrator
of District Court in Ramsey County. For contests relating to any other office, the contestant
shall file the notice of contest with the court administrator of district court in the county
where the contestee resides maintains residence.

If the contest relates to a constitutional amendment, the contestant shall file the notice of contest with the court administrator of District Court in Ramsey County. If the contest relates to any other question, the contestant shall file the notice of contest with the court administrator of district court for the county or any one of the counties where the question appeared on the ballot.

87.12 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.15, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Permitted activity; political party. It is not a violation of this section for a
political party, as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 7<u>6</u>, to form a nonprofit corporation
for the sole purpose of holding real property to be used exclusively as the party's
headquarters.

87.17 Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Prohibition. (a) It is unlawful for a person, either directly or indirectly,
to deny access to an apartment house, dormitory, nursing home, manufactured home park,
other multiple unit facility used as a residence, or an area in which two or more single-family
dwellings are located on private roadways to a candidate who has:

87.22 (1) organized a campaign committee under applicable federal or state law;

(2) filed a financial report as required by section 211A.02; or

(3) filed an affidavit of candidacy for elected office.

A candidate granted access under this section must be allowed to be accompanied by campaign volunteers.

(b) Access to a facility or area is only required if it is located within the district or territory
that will be represented by the office to which the candidate seeks election, and the candidate
and any accompanying campaign volunteers seek access exclusively for the purpose of
campaigning for a candidate or registering voters. The candidate must be seeking election
to office at the next general or special election to be held for that office.

(c) A candidate and any accompanying campaign volunteers granted access under this
section must be permitted to <u>knock on the doors of individual units to speak with residents</u>
<u>and to leave campaign materials for residents at their doors, except that the manager of a</u>
nursing home may direct that the campaign materials be left at a central location within the
facility. The campaign materials must be left in an orderly manner.

(d) If a facility or area contains multiple buildings, a candidate and accompanying
volunteers must be permitted to access more than one building on a single visit, but access
is limited to only one building at a time. If multiple candidates are traveling together, each
candidate and that candidate's accompanying volunteers is limited to one building at a time,
but all of the candidates and accompanying volunteers traveling together must not be
restricted to accessing the same building at the same time.

(e) A violation of this section is a petty misdemeanor.

88.13 Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 367.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Vacancies. (a) When a vacancy occurs in a town office, the town board shall fill the vacancy by appointment. Except as provided in paragraph (b), the person appointed shall hold office until the next annual town election, when a successor shall be elected for the unexpired term.

(b) When a vacancy occurs in a town office:

(1) with more than one year remaining in the term; and

(2) on or after the 14th day before the first day to file an affidavit of candidacy for thetown election;

the vacancy must be filled by appointment. The person appointed serves until the next annual
town election following the election for which affidavits of candidacy are to be filed, when
a successor shall be elected for the unexpired term.

(c) A vacancy in the office of supervisor must be filled by an appointment committeecomprised of the remaining supervisors and the town clerk.

(d) Any person appointed to fill the vacancy in the office of supervisor must, upon
assuming the office, be an eligible voter, be 21 years of age, and have resided maintained
residence in the town for at least 30 days.

(e) When, because of a vacancy, more than one supervisor is to be chosen at the same
election, candidates for the offices of supervisor shall file for one of the specific terms being
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(f) When, for any reason, the town board or the appointment committee fails to fill a 89.1 vacancy in the position of an elected town officer by appointment, a special election may 89.2 be called. To call a special election, the supervisors and town clerk, or any two of them 89.3 together with at least 12 other town freeholders, must file a statement in the town clerk's 89.4 office. The statement must tell why the election is called and that the interests of the town 89.5 require the election. When the town board or the appointment committee fails to fill a 89.6 vacancy by appointment, a special town election may also be called on petition of 20 percent 89.7 89.8 of the electors of the town. The percentage is of the number of voters at the last general election. A special town election must be conducted in the manner required for the annual 89.9 town election. 89.10

(g) Law enforcement vacancies must be filled by appointment by the town board.

89.12 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 447.32, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Candidates; ballots; certifying election. A person who wants to be a candidate 89.13 for the hospital board shall file an affidavit of candidacy for the election either as member 89.14 at large or as a member representing the city or town where the candidate resides maintains 89.15 residence. The affidavit of candidacy must be filed with the city or town clerk not more 89.16 than 98 days nor less than 84 days before the first Tuesday after the first Monday in 89.17 November of the year in which the general election is held. The city or town clerk must 89.18 89.19 forward the affidavits of candidacy to the clerk of the hospital district or, for the first election, the clerk of the most populous city or town immediately after the last day of the filing period. 89.20 A candidate may withdraw from the election by filing an affidavit of withdrawal with the 89.21 clerk of the district no later than 5:00 p.m. two days after the last day to file affidavits of 89.22 candidacy. 89.23

Voting must be by secret ballot. The clerk shall prepare, at the expense of the district, 89.24 necessary ballots for the election of officers. Ballots must be prepared as provided in the 89.25 rules of the secretary of state. The ballots must be marked and initialed by at least two judges 89.26 as official ballots and used exclusively at the election. Any proposition to be voted on may 89.27 89.28 be printed on the ballot provided for the election of officers. The hospital board may also authorize the use of voting systems subject to chapter 206. Enough election judges may be 89.29 appointed to receive the votes at each polling place. The election judges shall act as clerks 89.30 of election, count the ballots cast, and submit them to the board for canvass. 89.31

After canvassing the election, the board shall issue a certificate of election to the candidate who received the largest number of votes cast for each office. The clerk shall deliver the certificate to the person entitled to it in person or by certified mail. Each person certified

- shall file an acceptance and oath of office in writing with the clerk within 30 days after the
- 90.2 date of delivery or mailing of the certificate. The board may fill any office as provided in
- subdivision 1 if the person elected fails to qualify within 30 days, but qualification is effective
- 90.4 if made before the board acts to fill the vacancy.

## 90.5 Sec. 88. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>

90.6 Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 202A.16, is repealed.

#### APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S1362-1

#### 202A.16 CAUCUS, WHO MAY PARTICIPATE AND VOTE.

Subdivision 1. **Eligible voters.** Only those individuals who are or will be eligible to vote at the time of the next state general election, may vote or be elected a delegate or officer at the precinct caucus. An eligible voter may vote or be elected a delegate or officer only in the precinct where the voter resides at the time of the caucus.

Subd. 2. Agreement with party principles. Only those persons who are in agreement with the principles of the party as stated in the party's constitution, and who either voted or affiliated with the party at the last state general election or intend to vote or affiliate with the party at the next state general election, may vote at the precinct caucus.

Subd. 3. **Decision by caucus vote.** In case the right of a person to participate at the caucus is challenged, the question of the right to participate shall be decided by a vote of the whole caucus. A person so challenged may not vote on the question of the person's right to participate.

Subd. 4. **One caucus per year.** No person may vote or participate at more than one party's caucuses in any one year.

#### APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rules: S1362-1

### **4511.0100 DEFINITIONS.**

Subp. 1a. **Designated lobbyist.** "Designated lobbyist" means a lobbyist responsible for reporting the lobbying disbursements of the entity the lobbyist represents. An entity that employs lobbyists may have only one designated lobbyist at any given time.

### 4511.0600 REPORTING DISBURSEMENTS.

Subp. 5. **Specific disbursement categories.** Lobbying disbursements must be reported based on the categories in items A to I.

A. "Lobbying materials" includes the cost of production, purchase, or other acquisition of materials that directly support lobbying.

B. "Media costs" includes the cost of media space or time, including website design and maintenance, used for lobbying activities. The cost of preparation of materials for use in the media is reported in the lobbying materials category.

C. "Telephone and communications" includes costs for local and long-distance telephone services, electronic mail, pagers, cellular telephones, facsimile distribution services, telegraph, and other communications services.

D. "Postage and distribution" includes costs of postage from the United States Postal Service as well as other distribution costs associated with lobbying activities.

E. "Fees and allowances" includes fees for consulting, surveys, polls, legal counsel, or other services as well as expenses associated with those services.

F. "Entertainment" includes costs of all entertainment associated with any situation where lobbying activities take place.

G. "Food and beverages" includes costs of all food and beverages associated with any situation where lobbying activities take place.

H. "Travel and lodging" includes costs of all travel and lodging associated with any lobbying activity, excluding the costs of the lobbyist's own travel to accomplish the lobbying activity.

I. "Other disbursements" includes general administration and overhead and any other lobbyist disbursements not reported in other categories.