02/10/15 REVISOR CKM/SA 15-2197 as introduced

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA EIGHTY-NINTH SESSION

S.F. No. 1305

(SENATE AUTHORS: SPARKS)

DATE D-PG OFFICIAL STATUS

03/04/2015 522 Introduction and first reading

Referred to Jobs, Agriculture and Rural Development

A bill for an act 1.1 relating to state government; appropriating money for agriculture, environment, 12 and natural resources; providing retail food establishment and food handler 1.3 license fees; making policy and technical changes to various agricultural 1.4 related provisions, including provisions related to pesticide control, plant 1.5 protection, nursery law, seeds, food handlers, food, farmland, farming, and loans; 1.6 establishing the farm opportunity loan program; modifying agency rulemaking; 1.7 modifying fees and surcharges; creating accounts; regulating priority chemicals 1.8 in children's products; modifying prior appropriations; amending Minnesota 19 Statutes 2014, sections 13.643, subdivision 1; 13.7411, subdivision 8; 14.365; 1.10 1.11 18B.01, subdivisions 28, 29; 18B.32, subdivision 1; 18B.33, subdivision 1; 18B.34, subdivision 1; 18C.425, subdivision 6; 18G.10, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 1.12 18H.02, subdivision 20, by adding subdivisions; 18H.06, subdivision 2; 18H.07; 1.13 21.81, by adding subdivisions; 21.82, subdivisions 2, 4; 21.85, subdivision 2, 1.14 by adding a subdivision; 21.89, subdivision 2; 21.891, subdivisions 2, 5; 25.39, 1.15 subdivision 1; 28A.03, by adding subdivisions; 28A.08, subdivision 1, by adding 1 16 subdivisions; 28A.082, subdivision 1; 31.39, subdivision 1; 32.394, subdivisions 1.17 8, 8b; 41B.03, subdivision 6, by adding a subdivision; 41B.04, subdivision 17; 1 18 41B.043, subdivision 3; 41B.045, subdivisions 3, 4; 41B.046, subdivision 5; 1.19 41B.047, subdivisions 1, 4; 41B.048, subdivision 6; 41B.049, subdivision 4; 1.20 41B.055, subdivision 3; 41B.056, subdivision 2; 41B.06; 85.055, subdivision 1; 1.21 86B.415, subdivision 7; 116.07, subdivision 4d; 116.9401; 116.9402; 116.9403; 1.22 116.9405; 116.9406; 500.24, subdivision 4; Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 2, 1 23 section 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 15; 41B; 1.24 84; 103B; 116; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 17.115; 28A.08, 1.25 subdivision 3; 41A.12, subdivision 4; 84.68. 1.26 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: 1.27 ARTICLE 1 1.28

1.29 **AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS**

Section 1. AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS.

1.31 The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the

	162,10,10			10 2197	u s 111 0 1 0 u 0.0 0 u
2.1	general fund, or another	named fund, an	nd are available	for the fiscal years in	ndicated
2.2	for each purpose. The fi	gures "2016" a	nd "2017" used i	n this article mean t	hat the
2.3	appropriations listed und	ler them are ava	ailable for the fise	cal year ending June	30, 2016, or
2.4	June 30, 2017, respective	ely. "The first y	ear" is fiscal year	2016. "The second	year" is fiscal
2.5	year 2017. "The bienniu	m" is fiscal yea	ars 2016 and 201	<u>7.</u>	
				ADDODDIATIA	ONG
2.6 2.7				APPROPRIATION Available for the	
2.8				Ending June 3	
2.9				<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
2.10	Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT	Γ OF AGRICU	LTURE		
2.11	Subdivision 1. Total Ap	propriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>31,329,000</u> §	31,539,000
2.12	Appropria	tions by Fund			
2.13		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		
2.14	<u>General</u>	29,951,000	30,161,000		
2.15	Remediation	388,000	388,000		
2.16	Agricultural	990,000	990,000		
2.17	The amounts that may b	e spent for each	<u>h</u>		
2.18	purpose are specified in	the following			
2.19	subdivisions.				
2.20	Subd. 2. Protection Ser	rvices		10,733,000	10,733,000
2.21	Appropria	tions by Fund			
2.22		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		
2.23	General	10,155,000	10,155,000		
2.24	<u>Agricultural</u>	190,000	190,000		
2.25	Remediation	388,000	388,000		
2.26	\$388,000 the first year a	and \$388,000 th	<u>e</u>		
2.27	second year are from the	e remediation fu	<u>ınd</u>		
2.28	for administrative fundir	ng for the volun	tary		
2.29	cleanup program.				
2.30	\$150,000 the first year a	and \$150,000			
2.31	the second year are for	compensation			
2.32	for destroyed or crippled	d animals under	<u>[</u>		
2.33	Minnesota Statutes, sect	ion 3.737. If th	<u>ne</u>		
2.34	amount in the first year	is insufficient, t	<u>he</u>		
2.35	amount in the second ye	ar is available i	n the		
2.36	first year.				

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4.1	\$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the
4.2	second year are for transfer to the Minnesota
4.3	grown account and may be used as grants
4.4	for Minnesota grown promotion under
4.5	Minnesota Statutes, section 17.102. Grants
4.6	may be made for one year. Notwithstanding
4.7	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the
4.8	appropriations encumbered under contract
4.9	on or before June 30, 2017, for Minnesota
4.10	grown grants in this paragraph are available
4.11	until June 30, 2019.
4.12	\$634,000 the first year and \$634,000 the
4.13	second year are for continuation of the dairy
4.14	development and profitability enhancement
4.15	and dairy business planning grant programs
4.16	established under Laws 1997, chapter
4.17	216, section 7, subdivision 2, and Laws
4.18	2001, First Special Session chapter 2,
4.19	section 9, subdivision 2. The commissioner
4.20	may allocate the available sums among
4.21	permissible activities, including efforts to
4.22	improve the quality of milk produced in the
4.23	state in the proportions that the commissioner
4.24	deems most beneficial to Minnesota's
4.25	dairy farmers. The commissioner must
4.26	submit a detailed accomplishment report
4.27	and a work plan detailing future plans for,
4.28	and anticipated accomplishments from,
4.29	expenditures under this program to the
4.30	chairs and ranking minority members of the
4.31	legislative committees with jurisdiction over
4.32	agricultural policy and finance on or before
4.33	the start of each fiscal year. If significant
4.34	changes are made to the plans in the course
4.35	of the year, the commissioner must notify the
4.36	chairs and ranking minority members.

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5.1	The commissioner may use funds			
5.2	appropriated in this subdivision for	<u>annual</u>		
5.3	cost-share payments to resident farm	ners		
5.4	or entities that sell, process, or pack	age		
5.5	agricultural products in this state for	the costs		
5.6	of organic certification. The commi	ssioner		
5.7	may allocate these funds for assistan	ace for		
5.8	persons transitioning from convention	onal to		
5.9	organic agriculture.			
5.10 5.11	Subd. 4. Bioenergy and Value-Academical Agriculture	lded	10,235,000	10,235,000
5.12	\$10,235,000 the first year and \$10,2	35,000		
5.13	the second year are for the agricultu	<u>ıral</u>		
5.14	growth, research, and innovation pro	ogram_		
5.15	in Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.	2. No		
5.16	later than February 1, 2016, and Fel	oruary		
5.17	1, 2017, the commissioner must rep	ort to		
5.18	the legislative committees with juris	diction		
5.19	over agriculture policy and finance i	egarding		
5.20	the commissioner's accomplishment	<u>s</u>		
5.21	and anticipated accomplishments in			
5.22	the following areas: facilitating the			
5.23	start-up, modernization, or expansion	<u>n of</u>		
5.24	livestock operations including begin	ning		
5.25	and transitioning livestock operation	ns;		
5.26	developing new markets for Minnes	<u>ota</u>		
5.27	farmers by providing more fruits, ve	getables,		
5.28	meat, grain, and dairy for Minnesota	school		
5.29	children; assisting value-added agric	<u>eultural</u>		
5.30	businesses to begin or expand, acce	ss new		
5.31	markets, or diversify products; facil	tating		
5.32	the start-up, modernization, or expa	nsion		
5.33	of other beginning and transitioning	farms;		
5.34	research on conventional and cover	crops;		
5.35	sustainable agriculture on farm resea	arch and		
5.36	demonstration; and research on bioe	nergy,		

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6.1	biobased content, or biobased formulated
6.2	products and other renewable energy
6.3	development.
6.4	The commissioner may use up to 4.5 percent
6.5	of this appropriation for costs incurred to
6.6	administer the program. Any unencumbered
6.7	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
6.8	year and is available for the second year.
6.9	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
6.10	16A.28, the appropriations encumbered
6.11	under contract on or before June 30, 2017, for
6.12	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
6.13	grants in this subdivision are available until
6.14	June 30, 2019.
6.15	Funds in this appropriation may be used for
6.16	grants under this paragraph. The NextGen
6.17	Energy Board, established in Minnesota
6.18	Statutes, section 41A.105, shall make
6.19	recommendations to the commissioner on
6.20	grants for owners of Minnesota facilities
6.21	producing bioenergy, biobased content,
6.22	or a biobased formulated product; for
6.23	organizations that provide for on-station,
6.24	on-farm field scale research and outreach to
6.25	develop and test the agronomic and economic
6.26	requirements of diverse strands of prairie
6.27	plants and other perennials for bioenergy
6.28	systems; or for certain nongovernmental
6.29	entities. For the purposes of this paragraph,
6.30	"bioenergy" includes transportation fuels
6.31	derived from cellulosic material, as well as
6.32	the generation of energy for commercial heat,
6.33	industrial process heat, or electrical power
6.34	from cellulosic materials via gasification or
6.35	other processes. Grants are limited to 50
6.36	percent of the cost of research, technical

7.1	assistance, or equipment related to bioenergy,
7.2	biobased content, or biobased formulated
7.3	product production or \$500,000, whichever
7.4	is less. Grants to nongovernmental entities
7.5	for the development of business plans and
7.6	structures related to community ownership
7.7	of eligible bioenergy facilities together may
7.8	not exceed \$150,000. The board shall make
7.9	a good-faith effort to select projects that have
7.10	merit and, when taken together, represent a
7.11	variety of bioenergy technologies, biomass
7.12	feedstocks, and geographic regions of the
7.13	state. Projects must have a qualified engineer
7.14	provide certification on the technology and
7.15	fuel source. Grantees must provide reports at
7.16	the request of the commissioner.
7.17	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
7.18	41A.12, subdivision 3, of the amount
7.19	appropriated in this subdivision, \$1,000,000
7.20	the first year and \$1,000,000 the second year
7.21	are for distribution in equal amounts to each
7.22	of the state's county fairs to preserve and
7.23	promote Minnesota agriculture.
7.24	Subd. 5. Administration and Financial
7.25	<u>Assistance</u> <u>6,488,000</u> <u>6,698,000</u>
7.26	Appropriations by Fund
7.27	2016 2017
7.28	<u>General</u> <u>5,688,000</u> <u>5,898,000</u>
7.29	<u>Agricultural</u> <u>800,000</u> <u>800,000</u>
7.30	\$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second
7.31	year are for the Northern Crops Institute.
7.32	These appropriations may be spent to
7.33	purchase equipment.
7.34	\$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the
7.35	second year are for a grant to the Minnesota
7.36	Livestock Breeders Association.

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8.1	\$235,000 the first year and \$235,000 the
8.2	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
8.3	Agricultural Education and Leadership
8.4	Council for programs of the council under
8.5	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D.
8.6	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the
8.7	second year are for payments to county and
8.8	district agricultural societies and associations
8.9	under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02,
8.10	subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and
8.11	district agricultural societies and associations
8.12	shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of
8.13	each year. These payments are the amount of
8.14	aid from the state for an annual fair held in
8.15	the previous calendar year.
8.16	\$1,000 the first year and \$1,000 the second
8.17	year are for grants to the Minnesota State
8.18	Poultry Association.
8.19	\$108,000 the first year and \$108,000 the
8.20	second year are for annual grants to the
8.21	Minnesota Turf Seed Council for basic
8.22	and applied research on: (1) the improved
8.23	production of forage and turf seed related to
8.24	new and improved varieties; and (2) native
8.25	plants, including plant breeding, nutrient
8.26	management, pest management, disease
8.27	management, yield, and viability. The grant
8.28	recipient may subcontract with a qualified
8.29	third party for some or all of the basic or
8.30	applied research.
8.31	\$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
8.32	second year are for grants to Second Harvest
8.33	Heartland on behalf of Minnesota's six
8.34	Second Harvest food banks for the purchase
8.35	of milk for distribution to Minnesota's food

9.1	shelves and other charitable organizations
9.2	that are eligible to receive food from the food
9.3	banks. Milk purchased under the grants must
9.4	be acquired from Minnesota milk processors
9.5	and based on low-cost bids. The milk must be
9.6	allocated to each Second Harvest food bank
9.7	serving Minnesota according to the formula
9.8	used in the distribution of United States
9.9	Department of Agriculture commodities
9.10	under The Emergency Food Assistance
9.11	Program (TEFAP). Second Harvest
9.12	Heartland must submit quarterly reports
9.13	to the commissioner on forms prescribed
9.14	by the commissioner. The reports must
9.15	include, but are not limited to, information
9.16	on the expenditure of funds, the amount
9.17	of milk purchased, and the organizations
9.18	to which the milk was distributed. Second
9.19	Harvest Heartland may enter into contracts
9.20	or agreements with food banks for shared
9.21	funding or reimbursement of the direct
9.22	purchase of milk. Each food bank receiving
9.23	money from this appropriation may use up to
9.24	two percent of the grant for administrative
9.25	expenses.
9.26	\$94,000 the first year and \$94,000 the
9.27	second year are for transfer to the Board of
9.28	Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges
9.29	and Universities for statewide mental health
9.30	counseling support to farm families and
9.31	business operators through farm business
9.32	management programs at Central Lakes
9.33	College and Ridgewater College.
9.34	\$17,000 the first year and \$17,000 the
9.35	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
9.36	Horticultural Society.

10.1	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,			
10.2	section 18C.131, \$800,000 the first year			
10.3	and \$800,000 the second year are from the			
10.4	fertilizer account in the agricultural fund			
10.5	for grants for fertilizer research as awarded			
10.6	by the Minnesota Agricultural Fertilizer			
10.7	Research and Education Council under			
10.8	Minnesota Statutes, section 18C.71. The			
10.9	amount appropriated in either fiscal year			
10.10	must not exceed 57 percent of the inspection			
10.11	fee revenue collected under Minnesota			
10.12	Statutes, section 18C.425, subdivision 6,			
10.13	during the previous fiscal year. No later			
10.14	than February 1, 2017, the commissioner			
10.15	shall report to the legislative committees			
10.16	with jurisdiction over agriculture finance.			
10.17	The report must include the progress and			
10.18	outcome of funded projects as well as the			
10.19	sentiment of the council concerning the need			
10.20	for additional research funds.			
10.21	Sec. 3. BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH	<u>\$</u>	5,318,000 \$	5,384,000
10.21	Sec. 5. Borne of manual mental in	<u>Ψ</u>	<u>5,510,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>5,50 1,000</u>
10.22	Sec. 4. AGRICULTURAL UTILIZATION			
10.23	RESEARCH INSTITUTE	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,643,000</u> §	3,643,000
10.24	ARTICLE	E. 2		
10.25	AGRICULTURE		V	
10.23	AGRICULTURE	TOLIC	1	
10.26	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 1.	3.643, su	bdivision 1, is amen	ded to read:
10.27	Subdivision 1. Department of Agricultur	e data. (a	a) Loan and grant	applicant
10.28	data. The following data on applicants, collected	l by the I	Department of Agric	ulture in its
10.29	sustainable agriculture revolving loan and grant pr	rograms u	ınder sections 17.11:	5 and section
10.30	17.116, are private or nonpublic: nonfarm incom	e; credit	history; insurance c	overage;
10.31	machinery and equipment list; financial informat	ion; and	credit information re	equests.
10.32	(b) Farm advocate data. The following d	lata suppl	ied by farmer clien	ts to
10.33	Minnesota farm advocates and to the Departmen	t of Agri	culture are private d	lata on

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individuals: financial history, including listings of assets and debts, and personal and 11.1 emotional status information. 11.2

Sec. 2. [1	15.445] RETAIL	FOOD ESTABLISHN	MENT FEES.
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- Subdivision 1. **Fees.** The fees in this section are required for retail food handler and food and beverage service establishments, licensed under chapters 28A and 157. Permanent retail food handler and food and beverage service establishments must pay the applicable fee under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), (b), (c), or (d), and all applicable fees under subdivision 4. Temporary food establishments and special events must pay the applicable fee under subdivision 3.
- Subd. 2. **Permanent food establishments.** (a) The Category 1 establishment 11.10 11.11 license fee is \$210 annually. "Category 1 establishment" means an establishment that does one or more of the following: 11.12
- (1) sells only prepackaged nonpotentially hazardous foods as defined in Minnesota 11.13 Rules, chapter 4626; 11.14
 - (2) provides cleaning for eating, drinking, or cooking utensils, when the only food served is prepared off-site;
- (3) operates a childcare facility licensed under section 245A.03 and Minnesota 11.17 Rules, chapter 9503; or 11.18
- (4) operates as a retail food handler classified in section 28A.05 and has gross annual 11.19 sales of \$250,000 or less. 11.20
- (b) The Category 2 establishment license fee is \$270. "Category 2 establishment" 11.21 11.22 means an establishment that is not a Category 1 establishment and is either:
 - (1) a food establishment where the method of food preparation meets the definition of a low-risk establishment in section 157.20; or
 - (2) an elementary or secondary school as defined in section 120A.05.
- (c) The Category 3 establishment license fee is \$460 annually. "Category 3 11.26 establishment" means an establishment that is not a Category 1 or 2 establishment and 11.27 the method of food preparation meets the definition of a medium-risk establishment in 11.28 section 157.20. 11.29
- (d) The Category 4 establishment license fee is \$690 annually. "Category 4 11.30 establishment" means an establishment that is not a Category 1, 2, or 3 establishment 11.31 and is either: 11.32
- (1) a food establishment where the method of food preparation meets the definition 11.33 of a high-risk establishment in section 157.20; or 11.34

2.1	(2) an establishment where 500 or more meals per day are prepared at one location
2.2	and served at one or more separate locations.
2.3	Subd. 3. Temporary food establishments and special events. (a) The special
2.4	event food stand license fee is \$50 annually. Special event food stand is where food is
2.5	prepared or served in conjunction with celebrations, county fairs, or special events from a
2.6	special event food stand as defined in section 157.15.
2.7	(b) The temporary food and beverage service license fee is \$210 annually. A
2.8	temporary food and beverage service includes food carts, mobile food units, seasonal
2.9	temporary food stands, retail food vehicles, portable structures, and seasonal permanent
2.10	<u>food stands.</u>
2.11	Subd. 4. Additional applicable fees. (a) The individual private sewer or individual
2.12	private water license fee is \$60 annually. Individual private water is a water supply other
2.13	than a community public water supply as covered in Minnesota Rules, chapter 4720.
2.14	Individual private sewer is an individual sewage treatment system which uses subsurface
2.15	treatment and disposal.
2.16	(b) The additional food or beverage service license fee is \$165 annually. Additional
2.17	food or beverage service is a location at a food service establishment, other than the
2.18	primary food preparation and service area, used to prepare or serve food or beverages to
2.19	the public. Additional food service does not apply to school concession stands.
2.20	(c) The large retail food handler license fee is .02 percent of gross sales or service
2.21	including food service with a maximum fee of \$5,000 annually. Large retail food handler
2.22	is a fee category added to a license for retail food handlers as classified in section 28A.05
2.23	with gross annual sales over \$10,000,000.
2.24	(d) The specialized processing license fee is \$400 annually. Specialized processing
2.25	is a business that performs one or more specialized processes that require a HACCP as
2.26	required in Minnesota Rules, chapter 4626.
2.27	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.01, subdivision 28, is amended to read:
2.28	Subd. 28. Structural pest. "Structural pest" means a an invertebrate pest, other
2.29	than a plant, or commensal rodent in, on, under, or near a structure such as a residential
2.30	or commercial building.
2.31	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.01, subdivision 29, is amended to read:
2.32	Subd. 29. Structural pest control. "Structural pest control" means the control of
2.33	any structural pest through the use of a device, a procedure, or application of pesticides of
2 3/1	through other means in or around a building or other structures, including trucks, boxcars

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ships, aircraft, docks, and fumigation vaults, and the business activity related to use of a
device, a procedure, or application of a pesticide.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) A person may not engage in structural pest control applications:
 - (1) for hire without a structural pest control license; and
- (2) as a sole proprietorship, company, partnership, or corporation unless the person is or employs a licensed master in structural pest control operations.
- (b) A structural pest control licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required by the commissioner.
- (c) Notwithstanding the licensing requirements of this subdivision, a person may control the following nuisance or economically damaging wild animals, by trapping, without a structural pest control license:
- (1) fur-bearing animals, as defined in section 97A.015, with a valid trapping license or special permit from the commissioner of natural resources; and
 - (2) skunks, woodchucks, gophers, porcupines, coyotes, moles, and weasels.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

 Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) A person may not apply a pesticide for hire without a commercial applicator license for the appropriate use categories or a structural pest control license.
 - (b) A commercial applicator licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The commissioner shall prescribe the information required on the license identification card.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

 Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) Except for a licensed commercial applicator,

 certified private applicator, or licensed structural pest control applicator, a person,

 including a government employee, may not purchase or use a restricted use pesticide in

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performance of official duties without having a noncommercial applicator license for an appropriate use category.

- (b) A licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying pesticides and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required by the commissioner.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Payment of inspection fee.** (a) The person who registers and distributes in the state a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411 shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner.
- (b) The person licensed under section 18C.415 who distributes a fertilizer to a person not required to be so licensed shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner, except as exempted under section 18C.421, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
- (c) The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil amendments, or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay an inspection fee of 30 39 cents per ton, and until June 30, 2019, an additional 40 cents per ton, of fertilizer, soil amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this state, with a minimum of \$10 on all tonnage reports. Products sold or distributed to manufacturers or exchanged between them are exempt from the inspection fee imposed by this subdivision if the products are used exclusively for manufacturing purposes.
- (d) A registrant or licensee must retain invoices showing proof of fertilizer, plant amendment, or soil amendment distribution amounts and inspection fees paid for a period of three years.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Cooperative agreements.** The commissioner may enter into cooperative agreements with federal and state agencies for administration of the export certification program. An exporter of plants or plant products desiring to originate shipments from Minnesota to a foreign country requiring a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate must submit an application to the commissioner.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Phytosanitary and export certificates.** An exporter of plants or plant products desiring to originate shipments from Minnesota to a foreign country requiring a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate must submit an application to the

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commissioner. Application for phytosanitary certificates or export certificates must be made on forms provided or approved by the commissioner. The commissioner shall may conduct inspections of plants, plant products, or facilities for persons that have applied for or intend to apply for a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate from the commissioner. Inspections must include one or more of the following as requested or required:

- (1) an inspection of the plants or plant products intended for export under a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate;
- (2) field inspections of growing plants to determine presence or absence of plant diseases, if necessary;
 - (3) laboratory diagnosis for presence or absence of plant diseases, if necessary;
- (4) observation and evaluation of procedures and facilities utilized in handling plants and plant products, if necessary; and
- (5) review of United States Department of Agriculture, Federal Grain Inspection Service Official Export Grain Inspection Certificate logs.

The commissioner may issue a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate if the plants or plant products satisfactorily meet the requirements of the importing foreign country and the United States Department of Agriculture requirements. The requirements of the destination countries must be met by the applicant.

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Certificate fees. (a) The commissioner shall assess the fees in paragraphs (b) to (f) fees sufficient to recover all costs for the inspection, service, and work performed in carrying out the issuance of a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate. The inspection fee must be based on mileage and inspection time.
 - (b) Mileage charge: current United States Internal Revenue Service mileage rate.
- (e) Inspection time: \$50 per hour minimum or fee necessary to cover department costs. Inspection time includes the driving time to and from the location in addition to the time spent conducting the inspection.
- (d) (b) If laboratory analysis or other technical analysis is required to issue a certificate, the commissioner must set and collect the fee to recover this additional cost.
- (e) (c) The certificate fee for product value greater than \$250: is \$75 or a fee amount, not to exceed \$300, that is sufficient to recover all processing costs for each phytosanitary or export certificate issued for any single shipment valued at more than \$250 in addition to any mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed.

16.1	(f) Certificate fee for product value less than \$250: \$25 for each phytosanitary or
16.2	export certificate issued for any single shipment valued at less than \$250 in addition to
16.3	any mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed.
16.4	(g) (d) For services provided for in subdivision 7 that are goods and services
16.5	provided for the direct and primary use of a private individual, business, or other entity,
16.6	the commissioner must set and collect the fees to cover the cost of the services provided.
16.7	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, subdivision 20, is amended to read:
16.8	Subd. 20. Nursery stock. "Nursery stock" means a plant intended for planting or
16.9	propagation, including, but not limited to, trees, shrubs, vines, perennials, biennials, grafts,
16.10	cuttings, and buds that may be sold for propagation, whether cultivated or wild, and all
16.11	viable parts of these plants. Nursery stock does not include:
16.12	(1) field and forage crops or sod;
16.13	(2) the seeds of grasses, eereal grains, vegetable crops, and flowers;
16.14	(3) vegetable plants, bulbs, or tubers;
16.15	(4) cut flowers, unless stems or other portions are intended for propagation;
16.16	(5) annuals; or
16.17	(6) Christmas trees.
16.18	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
16.19	to read:
16.20	Subd. 32a. Sod. "Sod" means the upper portion of soil that contains the roots of
16.21	grasses and the living grass plants.
16.22	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
16.23	to read:
16.24	Subd. 35. Tropical plant. "Tropical plant" means a plant that has a United States
16.25	Department of Agriculture hardiness zone designation of zone 6 or greater, or an annual
16.26	minimum hardiness temperature of -9 degrees Fahrenheit.
16.27	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
16.28	Subd. 2. Occasional sales. (a) An individual may offer nursery stock for sale and be
16.29	exempt from the requirement to obtain a nursery stock dealer certificate if:
16.30	(1) the gross sales of all nursery stock in a calendar year do not exceed \$2,000;
16.31	(2) all nursery stock sold or distributed by the individual is intended for planting

in Minnesota;

(3) all nursery stock purchased or procured for resale or distribution was grown in Minnesota and has been certified by the commissioner; and

- (4) conducts sales or distributions of nursery stock on ten or fewer days in a calendar year.
- (b) The commissioner may prescribe the conditions of the exempt nursery sales under this subdivision and may conduct routine inspections of the nursery stock offered for sale.
 - Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.07, is amended to read:

18H.07 FEE SCHEDULE.

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Subdivision 1. **Establishment of fees.** The commissioner shall establish fees sufficient to allow for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter, including the portion of general support costs and statewide indirect costs of the agency attributable to that function, with a reserve sufficient for up to six months. The commissioner shall review the fee schedule annually in consultation with the Minnesota Nursery and Landscape Advisory Committee. For the certificate year beginning January 1, 2006, the fees are as described in this section.

- Subd. 2. **Nursery stock grower certificate.** (a) A nursery stock grower must pay an annual fee based on the area of all acreage on which nursery stock is grown for certification as follows:
- 17.19 (1) less than one-half acre, \$150;
- 17.20 (2) from one-half acre to two acres, \$200;
- 17.21 (3) over two acres up to five acres, \$300;
- 17.22 (4) over five acres up to ten acres, \$350;
- 17.23 (5) over ten acres up to 20 acres, \$500;
- 17.24 (6) over 20 acres up to 40 acres, \$650;
- 17.25 (7) over 40 acres up to 50 acres, \$800;
- 17.26 (8) over 50 acres up to 200 acres, \$1,100;
- 17.27 (9) over 200 acres up to 500 acres, \$1,500; and
- 17.28 (10) over 500 acres, \$1,500 plus \$2 for each additional acre.
- (b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not postmarked by December 31 of the current year.
- 17.33 (c) A nursery stock grower found operating without a valid nursery stock grower
 17.34 certificate cannot offer for sale or sell nursery stock until (1) payment is received by the

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commissioner	for (i) the certi	ificate fee due and	(ii) a penalty equal to the	e certificate fee			
owed, and (2) a new certificate is issued to the nursery stock grower by the commissione							
Subd. 3	. Nursery stocl	k dealer certificat	e. (a) A nursery stock de	ealer must pay an			
annual fee bas	sed on the deale	er's gross sales of c	ertified nursery stock per	r location during			
the most recei	nt certificate yea	ar. A certificate app	plicant operating for the f	first time must pay			
the minimum	fee. The fees p	er sales location a	re:				
(1) gros	s sales up to \$5	,000, \$150;					
(2) gros	s sales over \$5,	000 up to \$20,000	, \$175;				
(3) gros	s sales over \$20	0,000 up to \$50,00	0, \$300;				
(4) gros	s sales over \$50	0,000 up to \$75,00	0, \$425;				
(5) gros	s sales over \$75	5,000 up to \$100,0	00, \$550;				
(6) gros	s sales over \$10	00,000 up to \$200,	000, \$675; and				
(7) gros	s sales over \$20	00,000, \$800.					
(b) In ac	ddition to the fe	es in paragraph (a)), a penalty of ten percen	t of the fee due			
must be charg	ged for each mo	nth, or portion the	reof, that the fee is delin	quent up to a			
maximum of	30 percent for a	ny application for	renewal not postmarked	by December 31			
of the current	year.						
(c) A nu	ırsery stock dea	ler found operatin	g without a valid nursery	stock dealer			
certificate can	not offer for sa	le or sell nursery s	tock until (1) payment is	received by the			
commissioner	for (i) the certi	ificate fee due and	(ii) a penalty equal to the	e certificate fee			
owed, and (2)	a new certifica	te is issued to the i	nursery stock dealer by th	ne commissioner.			
Subd. 4	. Reinspection	; additional or op	tional inspection fees. I	f a reinspection is			
required or an	additional insp	ection is needed o	r requested a fee must be	e assessed based			
on mileage ar	nd inspection tir	ne as follows:					
(1) mile	age must be cha	arged at the curren	t United States Internal F	Revenue Service			

- 18.25 18.26 reimbursement rate; and
- (2) inspection time must be charged at the rate of \$50 per hour, a rate sufficient to 18.27 recover all inspection costs including the driving time to and from the location in addition 18.28 to the time spent conducting the inspection. 18.29
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.81, is amended by adding a subdivision 18.30 to read: 18.31
- Subd. 1a. Address. "Address" means the complete primary mailing address of the 18.32 18.33 labeler or the person or firm selling seed. A complete address includes the street address, post office box, or rural route, and city, state, and zip code or postal code. 18.34

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Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.81, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 27a. Total viable. "Total viable" means the sum of the germination percentage, plus hard seeds, dormant seeds, or both.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.82, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Content. For agricultural, vegetable, flower, or wildflower seeds offered for sale as agricultural seed, except as otherwise provided in subdivisions 4, 5, and 6, the label must contain:
- (a) The name of the kind or kind and variety for each seed component in excess of five percent of the whole and the percentage by weight of each in order of its predominance. The commissioner shall by rule designate the kinds that are required to be labeled as to variety. If the variety of those kinds generally labeled as to variety is not stated and it is not required to be stated, the label shall show the name of the kind and the words: "Variety not stated." The heading "pure seed" must be indicated on the seed label in close association with other required label information.
- (1) The percentage that is hybrid shall be at least 95 percent of the percentage of pure seed shown unless the percentage of pure seed which is hybrid seed is shown separately. If two or more kinds or varieties are present in excess of five percent and are named on the label, each that is hybrid shall be designated as hybrid on the label. Any one kind or kind and variety that has pure seed which is less than 95 percent but more than 75 percent hybrid seed as a result of incompletely controlled pollination in a cross shall be labeled to show the percentage of pure seed that is hybrid seed or a statement such as "contains from 75 percent to 95 percent hybrid seed." No one kind or variety of seed shall be labeled as hybrid if the pure seed contains less than 75 percent hybrid seed. The word hybrid shall be shown on the label in conjunction with the kind.
- (2) Blends shall be listed on the label using the term "blend" in conjunction with the kind.
 - (3) Mixtures shall be listed on the label using the term "mixture," "mix," or "mixed."
- (b) Lot number or other lot identification. 19.29
- (c) Origin, if known, or that the origin is unknown. 19.30
- (d) Percentage by weight of all weed seeds present. This percentage may not exceed 19.31 one percent. The heading "weed seed" must be indicated on the seed label in close 19.32 association with other required label information. 19.33

- (e) Name and rate of occurrence per pound of each kind of restricted noxious weed seeds present. They must be listed under the heading "noxious weed seeds" in close association with other required label information.
- (f) Percentage by weight of seeds other than those kinds and varieties required to be named on the label. They must be listed under the heading "other crop" in close association with other required label information.
- (g) Percentage by weight of inert matter. The heading "inert matter" must be indicated on the seed label in close association with other required label information.
 - (h) Net weight of contents, to appear on either the container or the label.
 - (i) For each named kind or variety of seed:

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- (1) percentage of germination, exclusive of hard or dormant seed or both;
- (2) percentage of hard or dormant seed or both, if present; and
- 20.13 (3) the calendar month and year the percentages were determined by test or the statement "sell by (month and year)" which may not be more than 12 months from the date of test, exclusive of the month of test.
 - The headings for "germination" and "hard seed or dormant seed" percentages must be stated separately on the seed label. A separate percentage derived from combining these percentages may also be stated on the seed label, but the heading for this percentage must be "total germination and hard seed or dormant seed when applicable." They must not be stated as "total live seed," "total germination," or in any other unauthorized manner. as "total viable."
 - (j) Name and address of the person who labeled the seed or who sells the seed within this state, or a code number which has been registered with the commissioner.
 - Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.82, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. **Hybrid seed corn.** For hybrid seed corn purposes a label must contain:
 - (1) a statement indicating the number of seeds in the container may be listed along with or in lieu of the net weight of contents; and
 - (2) for each variety of hybrid seed field corn, the day classification as determined by the originator or owner. The day classification must approximate the number of days of growing season necessary from emergence of the corn plant above ground to relative maturity and must conform to the day classification established by the director of be within three days of maturity ratings determined in comparative trials by the Minnesota agricultural experiment station for the appropriate zone.
 - Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.85, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2. Seed laboratory. (a) The commissioner shall establish and maintain a seed
laboratory for seed testing, employing necessary agents and assistants to administer and
enforce sections 21.80 to 21.92, who shall be governed by chapter 43A.

- (b) The laboratory procedures for testing official seed samples are the procedures set forth in the Rules for Testing Seeds that is published annually by the Association of Official Seed Analysts. If a laboratory procedure rule does not exist for a particular type of seed, then laboratory procedures from other recognized seed testing sources may be used, including procedures under the Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, part 201, or the International Rules for Testing Seeds.
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.85, is amended by adding a subdivision 21.10 to read: 21.11
- Subd. 15. Prohibited and restricted seeds. The commissioner shall determine 21.12 species that are considered prohibited weed seeds and restricted noxious weed seeds and 21.13 21.14 the allowable rate of occurrence of restricted noxious weed seeds.
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.89, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 21.15
- Subd. 2. Permits; issuance and revocation. The commissioner shall issue a permit 21.16 to the initial labeler of agricultural, vegetable, flower, and wildflower seeds which are sold 21.17 for use in Minnesota and which conform to and are labeled under sections 21.80 to 21.92. 21.18 The categories of permits are as follows: 21.19
 - (1) for initial labelers who sell 50,000 pounds or less of agricultural seed each calendar year, an annual permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph (b);
 - (2) for initial labelers who sell vegetable, flower, and wildflower seed packed for use in home gardens or household plantings, and initial labelers who sell native grasses and wildflower seed in commercial or agricultural quantities, an annual permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), based upon the gross sales from the previous year; and
 - (3) for initial labelers who sell more than 50,000 pounds of agricultural seed each calendar year, a permanent permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph (d).
 - In addition, the person shall furnish to the commissioner an itemized statement of all seeds sold in Minnesota for the periods established by the commissioner. This statement shall be delivered, along with the payment of the fee, based upon the amount and type of seed sold, to the commissioner no later than 30 days after the end of each reporting

period. Any person holding a permit shall show as part of the analysis labels or invoices on all agricultural, vegetable, flower, wildflower, tree, or shrub seeds all information the commissioner requires. The commissioner may revoke any permit in the event of failure to comply with applicable laws and rules.

- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.891, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Seed fee permits.** (a) An initial labeler who wishes to sell seed in Minnesota must comply with section 21.89, subdivisions 1 and 2, and the procedures in this subdivision. Each initial labeler who wishes to sell seed in Minnesota must apply to the commissioner to obtain a permit. The application must contain the name and address of the applicant, the application date, and the name and title of the applicant's contact person.
- (b) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause (1), must be accompanied by an application fee of \$50 \$75.
- (c) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause (2), must be accompanied by an application fee based on the level of annual gross sales as follows:
- 22.16 (1) for gross sales of \$0 to \$25,000, the annual permit fee is \$50 \$75;
- 22.17 (2) for gross sales of \$25,001 to \$50,000, the annual permit fee is \$\frac{\$100}{20}\$ \$150;
 - (3) for gross sales of \$50,001 to \$100,000, the annual permit fee is \$200 \$300;
- 22.19 (4) for gross sales of \$100,001 to \$250,000, the annual permit fee is \$500 \$750;
- 22.20 (5) for gross sales of \$250,001 to \$500,000, the annual permit fee is $\frac{\$1,000}{\$1,500}$;

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- 22.22 (6) for gross sales of \$500,001 and above to \$1,000,000, the annual permit fee is \$2.23 \$2,000 \$3,000; and
- 22.24 (7) for gross sales of \$1,000,0001 and above, the annual permit fee is \$4,500.
- (d) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause (3), must be accompanied by an application fee of \$50 \$75. Initial labelers holding seed fee permits covered under this paragraph need not apply for a new permit or pay the application fee. Under this permit category, the fees for the following kinds of agricultural seed sold either in bulk or containers are:
- 22.30 (1) oats, wheat, and barley, 6.3 9 cents per hundredweight;
- 22.31 (2) rye, field beans, soybeans, buckwheat, and flax, 8.4 12 cents per hundredweight;
- 22.32 (3) field corn, 29.4 17 cents per hundredweight 80,000 seed unit;
- 22.33 (4) forage, lawn and turf grasses, and legumes, 49 69 cents per hundredweight;
- 22.34 (5) sunflower, \$1.40 \$1.96 per hundredweight;
- 22.35 (6) sugar beet, \$3.29 12 cents per hundredweight 100,000 seed unit; and

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- (7) (8) for any agricultural seed not listed in clauses (1) to (6) (7), the fee for the crop most closely resembling it in normal planting rate applies.
- (e) If, for reasons beyond the control and knowledge of the initial labeler, seed is shipped into Minnesota by a person other than the initial labeler, the responsibility for the seed fees are transferred to the shipper. An application for a transfer of this responsibility must be made to the commissioner. Upon approval by the commissioner of the transfer, the shipper is responsible for payment of the seed permit fees.
- (f) Seed permit fees may be included in the cost of the seed either as a hidden cost or as a line item cost on each invoice for seed sold. To identify the fee on an invoice, the words "Minnesota seed permit fees" must be used.
- (g) All seed fee permit holders must file semiannual reports with the commissioner, even if no seed was sold during the reporting period. Each semiannual report must be submitted within 30 days of the end of each reporting period. The reporting periods are October 1 to March 31 and April 1 to September 30 of each year or July 1 to December 31 and January 1 to June 30 of each year. Permit holders may change their reporting periods with the approval of the commissioner.
- (h) The holder of a seed fee permit must pay fees on all seed for which the permit holder is the initial labeler and which are covered by sections 21.80 to 21.92 and sold during the reporting period.
- (i) If a seed fee permit holder fails to submit a semiannual report and pay the seed fee within 30 days after the end of each reporting period, the commissioner shall assess a penalty of \$100 or eight percent, calculated on an annual basis, of the fee due, whichever is greater, but no more than \$500 for each late semiannual report. A \$15 penalty must be charged when the semiannual report is late, even if no fee is due for the reporting period. Seed fee permits may be revoked for failure to comply with the applicable provisions of this paragraph or the Minnesota seed law.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.891, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 23.28
- Subd. 5. **Brand name registration fee.** The fee is \$25 \$50 for each variety 23.29 registered for sale by brand name. 23.30
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 25.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 23.31 Subdivision 1. **Amount of fee.** (a) An inspection fee at the rate of 16 26 cents per 23.32 ton must be paid to the commissioner on commercial feeds distributed in this state by the 23.33

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<u>a</u> person who first distributes the commercial feed, licensed under section 25.341 who distributes a commercial feed to a person not required to be licensed, except that:

- (1) no fee need be paid on:
- (i) (1) a commercial feed if the payment has been made by a previous distributor; or
- (ii) (2) customer formula feeds if the inspection fee is paid on the commercial feeds which are used as ingredients; or.
- (2) a Minnesota feed distributor who can substantiate that greater than 50 percent of the distribution of commercial feed is to purchasers outside the state may purchase commercial feeds without payment of the inspection fee under a tonnage fee exemption permit issued by the commissioner. Such location specific permits shall be issued on a calendar year basis to commercial feed distributors who submit a \$100 nonrefundable application fee and comply with rules adopted by the commissioner relative to record keeping, tonnage of commercial feed distributed in Minnesota, total of all commercial feed tonnage distributed, and all other information which the commissioner may require so as to ensure that proper inspection fee payment has been made.
- (b) In the case of pet food distributed in the state only in packages of ten pounds or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must be submitted annually on forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an annual fee of \$50 for each product in lieu of the inspection fee. This annual fee is due by July 1. The inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to pet food distributed in packages exceeding ten pounds.
- (c) In the case of specialty pet food distributed in the state only in packages of ten pounds or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must be submitted annually on forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an annual fee of \$25 for each product in lieu of the inspection fee. This annual fee is due by July 1. The inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to specialty pet food distributed in packages exceeding ten pounds.
 - (d) The minimum inspection fee is \$10 \$100 per annual reporting period.
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 11. HACCP plan. "Hazard analysis critical control point (HACCP) plan"
 means a written document that delineates the formal procedures for following the HACCP
 principles developed by the National Advisory Committee on Microbiological Criteria
 for Foods.

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Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:

- Subd. 12. Statewide education and evaluation fee. "Statewide education and evaluation fee" means a fee to fund statewide retail food program development activities, including training for inspection staff, technical assistance, maintenance of a statewide integrated food safety and security information system, and other related statewide activities that support the retail food program activities.
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. General. License fees, penalties for late renewal of licenses, and penalties for not obtaining a license before conducting business in food handling that are set in this section apply to the sections named except as provided under section 28A.09. Except as specified herein, bonds and assessments based on number of units operated or volume handled or processed which are provided for in said laws shall not be affected, nor shall any penalties for late payment of said assessments, nor shall inspection fees, be affected by this chapter. The penalties may be waived by the commissioner. Fees for all new licenses must be based on the anticipated future gross annual food sales. If a firm is found to be operating for multiple years without paying license fees, the state may collect the appropriate fees and penalties for each year of operation. Food handlers must pay the highest applicable fee under subdivisions 4 to 9, and must pay all applicable fees under subdivision 10.
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision 25.20 25.21 to read:
- Subd. 4. **Retail food handler license fees.** Retail food handler license fees are set 25.22 forth under section 15.445. 25.23
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision 25.24 to read: 25.25
- Subd. 5. Wholesale food handler. (a) Wholesale food handler license fees are 25.26 set forth under this subdivision. 25.27
- (b) The Category 1 license fee is \$250. "Category 1" means a fee category as a 25.28 wholesale food handler as classified in section 28A.05 that has gross annual sales of 25.29 \$250,000 or less. 25.30
- (c) The Category 2 license fee is \$500. "Category 2" means a fee category as a 25.31 wholesale food handler as classified in section 28A.05 that is not a Category 1 and where 25.32 food sales are limited to frozen storage or ambient, shelf-stable storage. 25.33

26.1	(d) The Category 3 license fee is \$1,000. "Category 3" means a fee category as
26.2	a wholesale food handler as classified in section 28A.05 that is not Category 1 or 2
26.3	and where food sales include refrigerated storage or the distribution of perishable food
26.4	products as defined in section 34A.01.
26.5	(e) The Category 4 license fee is \$1,500. "Category 4" means a fee category as a
26.6	wholesale food handler as classified in section 28A.05 that is not Category 1, 2, or 3 and
26.7	where food sales include one or more of the following:
26.8	(1) potentially hazardous foods that are considered ready-to-eat or are considered
26.9	specialized processes as defined and required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21,
26.10	parts 113, 114, 120, and 123;
26.11	(2) high-risk production such as canning low-acid foods, acidifying foods, vacuum
26.12	packaging, salvaging, smoking for preservation, or curing; or
26.13	(3) potentially hazardous food frequently implicated in foodborne illnesses.
26.14	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision
26.15	to read:
26.16	Subd. 6. Wholesale food processor or manufacturer. (a) Wholesale food
26.17	processor or manufacturer license fees are set forth under this subdivision.
26.18	(b) The Category 1 license fee is \$250. "Category 1" means a fee category as a
26.19	wholesale food processor or manufacturer as classified in section 28A.05 that has gross
26.20	annual sales of \$250,000 or less.
26.21	(c) The Category 2 license fee is \$600. "Category 2" means a fee category as a
26.22	wholesale food processor or manufacturer as classified in section 28A.05 that is not a
26.23	Category 1 and where food sales are limited to food that is not ready-to-eat or potentially
26.24	hazardous.
26.25	(d) The Category 3 license fee is \$1,200. "Category 3" means a fee category
26.26	as a wholesale food processor or manufacturer as classified in section 28A.05 that is
26.27	not Category 1 or 2 and where food sales include foods that are either ready-to-eat or
26.28	potentially hazardous, but not both.
26.29	(e) The Category 4 license fee is \$2,000. "Category 4" means a fee category as
26.30	a wholesale food processor or manufacturer as classified in section 28A.05 that is not
26.31	Category 1, 2, or 3 and where food sales include one or more of the following:
26.32	(1) potentially hazardous foods that are considered ready-to-eat or are considered
26.33	specialized processes as defined and required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21,

parts 113, 114, 120, and 123;

27.1	(2) high-risk production such as canning low-acid foods, acidifying foods, vacuum
27.2	packaging, salvaging, smoking for preservation, or curing; or
27.3	(3) potentially hazardous food frequently implicated in foodborne illnesses.
27.4	(f) The fee for a wholesale food processor or manufacturer operating only at the
27.5	Minnesota State Fair is \$125.
27.6	(g) The fee for a wholesale food manufacturer that has the permission of the
27.7	commissioner to use the name Minnesota Farmstead cheese is \$30.
27.8	(h) The fee for a wholesale food manufacturer processing less than 700,000 pounds
27.9	of raw milk per year is \$30.
27.10	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision
27.11	to read:
27.12	Subd. 7. Certain wholesale food processors. (a) For purposes of this subdivision,
27.13	"wholesale food processor" means a wholesale food processor of meat or poultry products
27.14	that is solely under the supervision of the United States Department of Agriculture. The
27.15	wholesale food processor fees are set forth in this subdivision.
27.16	(b) For a wholesale food processor with:
27.17	(1) gross sales or service of less than \$250,000 for the immediately previous license
27.18	or fiscal year, the fee is \$250;
27.19	(2) \$250,001 to \$5,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous
27.20	license or fiscal year, the fee is \$435;
27.21	(3) \$5,000,001 to \$10,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous
27.22	license or fiscal year, the fee is \$680;
27.23	(4) \$10,000,001 to \$25,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous
27.24	license or fiscal year, the fee is \$1,335;
27.25	(5) \$25,000,001 to \$100,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous
27.26	license or fiscal year, the fee is \$1,685; or
27.27	(6) \$100,000,0001 or more gross sales or service for the immediately previous
27.28	license or fiscal year, the fee is \$1,860.
27.29	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision
27.30	to read:
27.31	Subd. 8. Food broker. The license fee for a food broker or wholesaler food handler
27 32	that does not take physical possession of food is \$250

02/10/15 REVISOR CKM/SA 15-2197 as introduced Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision 28.1 to read: 28.2 Subd. 9. Milk marketing organization. The license fee for or a milk marketing 28.3 organization without facilities for processing or manufacturing that purchases milk from 28.4 milk producers for delivery to a licensed wholesale food processor or manufacturer is \$50. 28.5 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision 28.6 to read: 28.7 Subd. 10. Additional applicable fees. (a) The license fee for an individual private 28.8 sewer or individual private water is \$60. "Individual private water" means a fee category 28.9 with a water supply other than a community public water supply as defined in Minnesota 28.10

Rules, chapter 4720. "Individual private sewer" means a fee category with an individual sewage treatment system that uses subsurface treatment and disposal.

- (b) "Large wholesale food handler establishment" means a fee category added to a license based on gross annual sales over \$10,000,000 for wholesale food handlers as classified in section 28A.05. The fee for a large wholesale food handler establishment shall equal 0.02 percent of gross sales or service, including food, with a maximum fee of \$7,500.
- (c) "Large wholesale food processor or manufacturer establishment" means a fee category added to a license based on gross annual sales over \$10,000,000 for wholesale food processors or manufacturers as classified in section 28A.05. The fee for a large wholesale food processor or manufacturer establishment shall equal 0.02 percent of gross sales or service, including food, with a maximum fee of \$10,000. Wholesale food processors or manufacturers paying license fees under section 28A.08, subdivision 7, are exempt from this fee.
- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 11. Statewide education and evaluation fee. Every person, individual, firm, or corporation that operates as a retail food handler, retail mobile food handler, seasonal temporary or permanent food stand, special event food stand, mobile food unit, or food cart in Minnesota must submit to the commissioner a \$15 annual statewide education and evaluation fee for each licensed activity. The fee for establishments licensed by the Department of Agriculture is required at the same time the licensure fee is due. For establishments licensed by local governments, the fee shall be collected by the local board of health as described in section 28A.075 and paid to the commissioner by July 1 of each year.

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Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. **Penalties.** The penalty for the late renewal of licenses or for not obtaining a license before conducting business in food handling is 50 percent of the total license fee and additional applicable fees as required under subdivisions 4 to 10.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13. Food handler license account; appropriation. A food handler license fee account is created in the agricultural fund. Fees and penalties paid under this section must be deposited in the food handler license fee account. Money in the account, including interest accrued, is appropriated to the commissioner for the costs of the food handler inspection program.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.082, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Fees; application.** The fees for review of food handler facility floor plans under the Minnesota Food Code are based upon the square footage of the structure being newly constructed, remodeled, or converted. The fees for the review shall be:

29.17	square tootage	review fee
29.18	0 - 4,999	\$ 200.00 600.00
29.19		275.00
29.20	5,000 - 24,999	\$ <u>825.00</u>
29.21		425.00
29.22	25,000 plus	\$ <u>1,275.00</u>

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The applicant must submit the required fee, review application, plans, equipment specifications, materials lists, and other required information on forms supplied by the department at least 30 days prior to commencement of construction, remodeling, or conversion. The commissioner may waive this fee after determining that the facility's principal mode of business is not the sale of food and that the facility sells only prepackaged foods.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 31.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Assessments.** The commissioner is hereby authorized and directed to collect from each commercial cannery an assessment for inspection and services furnished, and for maintaining a bacteriological laboratory and employing such bacteriologists and trained and qualified sanitarians as the commissioner may deem necessary. The assessment to be made on each commercial cannery, for each and every packing season,

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shall not exceed one-half cent per case on all foods packed, canned, or preserved therein, nor shall the assessment in any one calendar year to any one cannery exceed \$6,000 \$12,000, and the minimum assessment to any cannery in any one calendar year shall be \$100. The commissioner shall provide appropriate deductions from assessments for the net weight of meat, chicken, or turkey ingredients which have been inspected and passed for wholesomeness by the United States Department of Agriculture. The commissioner may, when the commissioner deems it advisable, graduate and reduce the assessment to such sum as is required to furnish the inspection and laboratory services rendered. The amount of the assessment shall be due and payable on or before December 31, of each year, and if not paid on or before February 15 following, shall bear interest after that date at the rate of seven percent per annum, and a penalty of ten percent on the amount of the assessment shall also be added and collected.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 32.394, subdivision 8, is amended to read: Subd. 8. **Grade A inspection fees.** A processor or marketing organization of milk, milk products, sheep milk, or goat milk who wishes to market Grade A milk or use the Grade A label must apply for Grade A inspection service from the commissioner. A pasteurization plant requesting Grade A inspection service must hold a Grade A permit and pay an annual inspection fee of no more than \$500. For Grade A farm inspection service, the fee must be no more than \$50 \$150 per farm, paid annually by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. For a farm requiring a reinspection in addition to the required biannual inspections, an additional fee must be paid by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. The fee for reinspection of a farm with fewer than 100 cows is \$60 per reinspection. The fee for reinspection of a farm with 100 or more cows is \$150 per reinspection.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 32.394, subdivision 8b, is amended to read:

Subd. 8b. **Manufacturing grade farm certification.** A processor or marketing organization of milk, milk products, sheep milk, or goat milk who wishes to market other than Grade A milk must apply for a manufacturing grade farm certification inspection from the commissioner. A manufacturing plant that pasteurizes milk or milk by-products must pay an annual fee based on the number of pasteurization units. This fee must not exceed \$140 per unit. The fee for farm certification inspection must not be more than \$25
\$75 per farm to be paid annually by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. For a farm requiring more than the one inspection for certification, a

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reinspection fee of \$45 must be paid by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons.

- Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read: Subd. 6. **Application fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application submitted for a beginning farmer loan or a seller-sponsored loan. The application fee is initially \$50. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fee must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the beginning farmer and seller-sponsored loan programs the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in subdivision 7.
- Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 31.12 31.13 to read:
 - Subd. 7. Rural Finance Authority administrative account. There is established in the special revenue fund a Rural Finance Authority administrative account. Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for the administrative expenses of the loan programs administered by the Rural Finance Authority.
 - Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.04, subdivision 17, is amended to read: Subd. 17. **Application and origination fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application and an origination fee for each loan issued under the loan restructuring program. The origination fee is 1.5 percent of the authority's participation interest in the loan and the application fee is \$50. The authority may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the loan restructuring program the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.
 - Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.043, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. **Application and origination fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable

nonrefundable application fee for each application submitted for a participation issued under the agricultural improvement loan program. The application fee is initially \$50. The

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32.1	be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund.
32.2	Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of
32.3	the agricultural improvement loan program the Rural Finance Authority administrative
32.4	account established in section 41B.03.

- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.045, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Specifications.** No loan may be made to refinance an existing debt. Each loan participation must be secured by a mortgage on real property and such other security as the authority may require.
- Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.045, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. **Application and origination fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application for a loan participation and an origination fee for each loan issued under the livestock expansion loan program. The origination fee initially shall be set at 1.5 percent and the application fee at \$50. The authority may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the livestock expansion loan program the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.
- Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.046, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 5. **Loans.** (a) The authority may participate in a stock loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 4. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$40,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the authority's interest rate must not exceed 50 percent of the lender's interest rate.
 - (b) No more than 95 percent of the purchase price of the stock may be financed under this program.
 - (c) Security for stock loans must be the stock purchased, a personal note executed by the borrower, and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
 - (d) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application for a stock loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received

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by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section
41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

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- (e) Stock loans under this program will be made using money in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.
- (f) The authority may not grant stock loans in a cumulative amount exceeding \$2,000,000 for the financing of stock purchases in any one cooperative.
- (g) Repayments of financial assistance under this section, including principal and interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.
- Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The authority shall establish and implement a

 disaster recovery loan program to help farmers:
 - (1) clean up, repair, or replace farm structures and septic and water systems, as well as replace seed, other crop inputs, feed, and livestock, when damaged by high winds, hail, tornado, or flood; or
 - (2) purchase watering systems, irrigation systems, and other drought mitigation systems and practices when drought is the cause of the purchase-; or
 - (3) restore farmland.
- Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. **Loans.** (a) The authority may participate in a disaster recovery loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 3. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$50,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the authority's interest rate must not exceed four percent.
 - (b) Standards for loan amortization shall be set by the Rural Finance Authority not to exceed ten years.
 - (c) Security for the disaster recovery loans must be a personal note executed by the borrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
 - (d) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for a disaster recovery loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

- (e) Disaster recovery loans under this program will be made using money in the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06.
- (f) Repayments of financial assistance under this section, including principal and interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06.
- Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.048, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 6. **Loans.** (a) The authority may disburse loans through a fiscal agent to farmers and agricultural landowners who are eligible under subdivision 5. The total accumulative loan principal must not exceed \$75,000 per loan.
 - (b) The fiscal agent may impose a loan origination fee in the amount of one percent of the total approved loan. This fee is to be paid by the borrower to the fiscal agent at the time of loan closing.
 - (c) The loan may be disbursed over a period not to exceed 12 years.
 - (d) A borrower may receive loans, depending on the availability of funds, for planted areas up to 160 acres for up to:
 - (1) the total amount necessary for establishment of the crop;
 - (2) the total amount of maintenance costs, including weed control, during the first three years; and
 - (3) 70 percent of the estimated value of one year's growth of the crop for years four through 12.
 - (e) Security for the loan must be the crop, a personal note executed by the borrower, an interest in the land upon which the crop is growing, and whatever other security is required by the fiscal agent or the authority. All recording fees must be paid by the borrower.
 - (f) The authority may prescribe forms and establish an application process for applicants to apply for a loan.
 - (g) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for each application for a loan under this program. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.
 - (h) Loans under the program must be made using money in the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06.
 - (i) All repayments of financial assistance granted under this section, including principal and interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06.

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- (j) The interest payable on loans made by the authority for the agroforestry loan program must, if funded by revenue bond proceeds, be at a rate not less than the rate on the revenue bonds, and may be established at a higher rate necessary to pay costs associated with the issuance of the revenue bonds and a proportionate share of the cost of administering the program. The interest payable on loans for the agroforestry loan program funded from sources other than revenue bond proceeds must be at a rate determined by the authority.
- (k) Loan principal balance outstanding plus all assessed interest must be repaid within 120 days of harvest, but no later than 15 years from planting.
 - Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.049, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Loans. (a) The authority may make a direct loan or participate in a loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 3. Repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan. Loans made under this section must be no-interest loans.
- (b) Application for a direct loan or a loan participation must be made on forms prescribed by the authority.
- (c) Standards for loan amortization shall be set by the Rural Finance Authority not to exceed ten years.
- (d) Security for the loans must be a personal note executed by the borrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
 - (e) No loan proceeds may be used to refinance a debt existing prior to application.
- (f) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application for a direct loan or a loan participation. The authority may review the application fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The application fee is initially set at \$100 for a loan under subdivision 1. The fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.
 - Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.055, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Loans. (a) The authority may participate in a livestock equipment loan equal to 90 percent of the purchased equipment value with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 2. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$40,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the authority's interest rate must

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not exceed three percent.	The authority	may review the	he interest	annually	and	make
adjustments as necessary.						

- (b) Standards for loan amortization must be set by the Rural Finance Authority and must not exceed ten years.
- (c) Security for a livestock equipment loan must be a personal note executed by the borrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
 - (d) Refinancing of existing debt is not an eligible purpose.
- (e) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for a livestock equipment loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The initial application fee is \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.
- (f) Loans under this program must be made using money in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.
- Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.056, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 36.15
 - Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.
 - (b) "Intermediary" means any lending institution or other organization of a for-profit or nonprofit nature that is in good standing with the state of Minnesota that has the appropriate business structure and trained personnel suitable to providing efficient disbursement of loan funds and the servicing and collection of loans.
 - (c) "Specialty crops" means agricultural crops, such as annuals, flowers, perennials, and other horticultural products, that are intensively cultivated.
 - (d) "Eligible livestock" means poultry that has been allowed access to the outside, sheep, or goats beef cattle, dairy cattle, swine, poultry, goats, mules, farmed cervidae, ratitae, bison, sheep, horses, and llamas.

Sec. 57. [41B.057] FARM OPPORTUNITY LOAN PROGRAM.

- Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of agriculture shall establish a farm opportunity loan program to provide loans that enable farmers to:
- (1) add value to crops or livestock produced in Minnesota; 36.29
- (2) adopt best management practices that emphasize sufficiency and self-sufficiency; 36.30
- (3) reduce or improve management of agricultural inputs resulting in environmental 36.31 improvements; or 36.32
- (4) increase production of on-farm energy. 36.33

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Subd. 2. Loan criteria. (a) The farm opportunity loan program shall provide loans
for purchase of new or used equipment and installation of equipment for projects that
make environmental improvements and enhance farm profitability. The loan program
shall also be used to add value to crops or livestock produced in Minnesota by, but not
limited to, initiating or expanding livestock product processing; purchasing equipment to
initiate, upgrade, or modernize value-added agricultural businesses; or increasing farmers'
processing and aggregating capacity facilitating entry into farm-to-institution and other
markets. Eligible loan uses do not include expenses related to seeds, fertilizer, fuel, or
other operating expenses.

- (b) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for a farm opportunity loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The initial application fee is \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.
- (c) Loans may only be made to Minnesota residents engaged in farming. Standards for loan amortization must be set by the Rural Finance Authority and must not exceed ten years.
 - (d) The borrower must show the ability to repay the loan.
 - (e) Refinancing of existing debt is not an eligible expense.
- (f) Loans under this program must be made using money in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.
- Subd. 3. Loan participation. The authority may participate in a farm opportunity loan with an eligible lender, as defined in section 41B.02, subdivision 8, to a farmer or a group of farmers on joint projects who are eligible under subdivision 2, paragraph (c), and who are actively engaged in farming. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$45,000 per individual, whichever is less. For loans to a group made up of four or more individuals, participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$180,000, whichever is less. The interest rate on the loans must not exceed six percent.
- Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.06, is amended to read:

41B.06 RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY REVOLVING LOAN ACCOUNT.

There is established in the rural finance administration fund a Rural Finance Authority revolving loan account that is eligible to receive appropriations and the transfer of loan funds from other programs. All repayments of financial assistance granted from this account, including principal and interest, must be deposited into this account. Interest

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earned on money in the account accrues to the account, and the money in the account is 38.1 appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture for purposes of the Rural Finance Authority 38.2 livestock equipment, methane digester, disaster recovery, value-added agricultural 38.3 product, agroforestry, and agricultural microloan, and farm opportunity loan programs, 38.4 including costs incurred by the authority to establish and administer the programs. 38.5

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 500.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. **Reports.** (a) The chief executive officer of every pension or investment fund, corporation, limited partnership, limited liability company, or entity that is seeking to qualify for an exemption from the commissioner, and the trustee of a family farm trust that holds any interest in agricultural land or land used for the breeding, feeding, pasturing, growing, or raising of livestock, dairy or poultry, or products thereof, or land used for the production of agricultural crops or fruit or other horticultural products, other than a bona fide encumbrance taken for purposes of security, or which is engaged in farming or proposing to commence farming in this state after May 20, 1973, shall file with the commissioner a report containing the following information and documents:
- (1) the name of the pension or investment fund, corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company and its place of incorporation, certification, or registration;
- (2) the address of the pension or investment plan headquarters or of the registered office of the corporation in this state, the name and address of its registered agent in this state and, in the case of a foreign corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company, the address of its principal office in its place of incorporation, certification, or registration;
- (3) the acreage and location listed by quarter-quarter section, township, and county of each lot or parcel of agricultural land or land used for the keeping or feeding of poultry in this state owned or leased by the pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability company;
- (4) the names and addresses of the officers, administrators, directors, or trustees of the pension or investment fund, or of the officers, shareholders owning more than ten percent of the stock, including the percent of stock owned by each such shareholder, the members of the board of directors of the corporation, and the members of the limited liability company, and the general and limited partners and the percentage of interest in the partnership by each partner;
- (5) the farm products which the pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability company produces or intends to produce on its agricultural land;

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(6) with the first report, a copy of the title to the property where the farming operations are or will occur indicating the particular exception claimed under subdivision 3; and

(7) with the first or second report, a copy of the conservation plan proposed by the soil and water conservation district, and with subsequent reports a statement of whether the conservation plan was implemented.

The report of a corporation, trust, limited liability company, or partnership seeking to qualify hereunder as a family farm corporation, an authorized farm corporation, an authorized livestock farm corporation, a family farm partnership, an authorized farm partnership, a family farm limited liability company, an authorized farm limited liability company, or a family farm trust or under an exemption from the commissioner shall contain the following additional information: the number of shares, partnership interests, or governance and financial rights owned by persons or current beneficiaries of a family farm trust residing on the farm or actively engaged in farming, or their relatives within the third degree of kindred according to the rules of the civil law or their spouses; the name, address, and number of shares owned by each shareholder, partnership interests owned by each partner or governance and financial rights owned by each member, and a statement as to percentage of gross receipts of the corporation derived from rent, royalties, dividends, interest, and annuities. No pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability company shall commence farming in this state until the commissioner has inspected the report and certified that its proposed operations comply with the provisions of this section.

- (b) Every pension or investment fund, limited partnership, trust, corporation, or limited liability company as described in paragraph (a) shall, prior to April 15 of each year, file with the commissioner a report containing the information required in paragraph (a), based on its operations in the preceding calendar year and its status at the end of the year. A pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability company that does not file the report by April 15 must pay a \$500 civil penalty. The penalty is a lien on the land being farmed under subdivision 3 until the penalty is paid.
- (c) The commissioner may, for good cause shown, issue a written waiver or reduction of the civil penalty for failure to make a timely filing of the annual report required by this subdivision. The waiver or reduction is final and conclusive with respect to the civil penalty, and may not be reopened or modified by an officer, employee, or agent of the state, except upon a showing of fraud or malfeasance or misrepresentation of a material fact. The report required under paragraph (b) must be completed prior to a reduction or waiver under this paragraph. The commissioner may enter into an agreement under this paragraph only once for each corporation or partnership.

40.1	(d) All reports required by paragraph (a) shall include a filing fee of \$15. The fee
40.2	must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue
40.3	fund. Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for
40.4	the administrative expenses of this section.
40.5	(d) (e) Failure to file a required report or the willful filing of false information is a
40.6	gross misdemeanor.
40.7	Sec. 60. BALANCES TRANSFERRED; ACCOUNTS ABOLISHED.
40.8	The balances in the accounts created under sections 41B.03, subdivision 6; 41B.04,
40.9	subdivision 17; 41B.043, subdivision 3; and 41B.045, subdivision 4, are transferred to
40.10	the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established under section 41B.03,
40.11	subdivision 7, and the original accounts are abolished.
40.12	The balance in the account created under section 17.115 is transferred to the Rural
40.13	Finance Authority revolving loan account established under section 41B.06, and the
40.14	original account is abolished.
40.15	Sec. 61. REPEALER.
40.16	Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 17.115; 28A.08, subdivision 3; and 41A.12,
40.17	subdivision 4, are repealed.
40.18	ARTICLE 3
40.19	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS
40.20	Section 1. ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS.
40.21	The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the
40.22	agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the
40.23	general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated
40.24	for each purpose. The figures "2016" and "2017" used in this article mean that the
40.25	appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, or
40.26	June 30, 2017, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2016. "The second year" is fiscal
40.27	year 2017. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2016 and 2017. Appropriations for the fiscal
40.28	year ending June 30, 2015, are effective the day following final enactment.
40.29	APPROPRIATIONS
40.30	Available for the Year
40.31 40.32	Ending June 30 2016 2017

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41.1	Sec. 2. POLLUTION	CONTROL AC	<u>GENCY</u>		
41.2	Subdivision 1. Total A	ppropriation	<u>\$</u>	92,087,000 \$	93,615,000
41.3	Appropri	ations by Fund			
41.4		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		
41.5	General	6,468,000	6,758,000		
41.6	State Government	75,000	75 000		
41.7 41.8	Special Revenue Environmental	75,000 73,930,000	75,000 74,998,000		
41.9	Remediation	11,614,000	11,784,000		
41.10	The amounts that may	<u>-</u>	<u>h</u>		
41.11	purpose are specified i	n the following			
41.12	subdivisions.				
41.13	Subd. 2. Water			25,838,000	26,231,000
41.14	Appropri	ations by Fund			
41.15		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		
41.16	General	3,757,000	3,777,000		
41.17	State Government	75,000	75,000		
41.18 41.19	Special Revenue Environmental	75,000 22,006,000	75,000 22,379,000		
41.20	\$1,959,000 the first year and \$1,959,000				
41.21	the second year are for	grants to delega	<u>ited</u>		
41.22	counties to administer	the county feedl	<u>ot</u>		
41.23	program under Minnes	ota Statutes, sec	tion		
41.24	116.0711, subdivisions	2 and 3. Money	<u>y</u>		
41.25	remaining after the firs	t year is availabl	e for		
41.26	the second year.				
41.27	\$753,000 the first year	and \$765,000 th	<u>ne</u>		
41.28	second year are from t	he environmenta	<u>ıl</u>		
41.29	fund to address the nee	ed for continued			
41.30	increased activity in the	e areas of new			
41.31	technology review, tec	hnical assistance	2		
41.32	for local governments,	and enforcemen	<u>nt</u>		
41.33	under Minnesota Statu	tes, sections 115	.55		
41.34	to 115.58, and to comp	lete the requiren	nents		
41.35	of Laws 2003, chapter	128, article 1, se	ection		
41.36	<u>165.</u>				

42.1	\$400,000 the first year and \$400,000
42.2	the second year are for the clean water
42.3	partnership program. Any unexpended
42.4	balance in the first year does not cancel but
42.5	is available in the second year. Priority shall
42.6	be given to projects preventing impairments
42.7	and degradation of lakes, rivers, streams,
42.8	and groundwater according to Minnesota
42.9	Statutes, section 114D.20, subdivision 2,
42.10	clause (4).
42.11	\$673,000 the first year and \$683,000 the
42.12	second year are from the environmental
42.13	fund for subsurface sewage treatment
42.14	system (SSTS) program administration
42.15	and community technical assistance and
42.16	education, including grants and technical
42.17	assistance to communities for water quality
42.18	protection. Of this amount, \$129,000 each
42.19	year is for assistance to counties through
42.20	grants for SSTS program administration.
42.21	A county receiving a grant from this
42.22	appropriation shall submit the results
42.23	achieved with the grant to the commissioner
42.24	as part of its annual SSTS report. Any
42.25	unexpended balance in the first year does not
42.26	cancel but is available in the second year.
42.27	\$107,000 the first year and \$109,000 the
42.28	second year are from the environmental fund
42.29	for registration of wastewater laboratories.
42.30	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
42.31	16A.28, the appropriations encumbered on or
42.32	before June 30, 2017, as grants or contracts
42.33	for SSTS's, surface water and groundwater
42.34	assessments, total maximum daily loads,
42.35	storm water, and water quality protection in

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43.1	this subdivision	on are available u	ntil June 30,		
43.2	2020.				
43.3	Subd. 3. Air			15,640,000	16,087,000
43.4		Appropriations b	v Fund		
43.4		2016			
43.6	Environmenta		·		
43.7	\$202,000 the	first year and \$20	04,000 the		
43.8	second year ar	re from the enviro	onmental fund		
43.9	for a monitori	ng program unde	r Minnesota		
43.10	Statutes, section	on 116.454.			
43.11	Up to \$150,00	00 the first year ar	nd \$150,000		
43.12	the second year	ar may be transfer	rred from the		
43.13	environmental	I fund to the smal	ll business		
43.14	environmental	l improvement lo	an account		
43.15	established in	Minnesota Statut	tes, section		
43.16	<u>116.993.</u>				
43.17	\$126,000 the	first year and \$12	27,000 the		
43.18	second year ar	re from the enviro	onmental fund		
43.19	for monitoring	g ambient air for	<u>hazardous</u>		
43.20	pollutants in the	he metropolitan a	rea.		
43.21	\$214,000 the	first year and \$21	9,000 the		
43.22	second year ar	re from the environment	onmental		
43.23	fund for system	matic, localized r	nonitoring		
43.24	efforts in the s	state that sample	ambient air		
43.25	to determine v	whether significar	nt localized		
43.26	differences ex	ist. The commiss	ioner, when		
43.27	selecting areas	s to monitor, shall	give priority		
43.28	to areas where	e low income, inc	digenous		
43.29	American Ind	ians, and commu	nities of		
43.30	color are dispr	roportionately im	pacted by		
43.31	pollution from	highway traffic,	air traffic,		
43.32	and industrial	sources.			
43.33	\$691,000 the	first year and \$69	03,000 the		
43.34	second year a	re from the environment	<u>onmental</u>		
43.35	fund for emiss	sion reduction act	civities and		

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44.1	grants to small businesse	es and other non	point		
44.2	emission reduction efforts. Any unexpended				
44.3	balance in the first year of	loes not cancel b	out is		
44.4	available in the second y	ear.			
44.5	Subd. 4. Land			18,645,000	18,934,000
44.6	Appropria	tions by Fund			
44.7		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		
44.8	Environmental	7,031,000	7,150,000		
44.9	Remediation	11,614,000	11,784,000		
44.10	All money for environm	ental response,			
44.11	compensation, and com	pliance in the			
44.12	remediation fund not oth	nerwise appropri	ated		
44.13	is appropriated to the co	mmissioners of	the		
44.14	Pollution Control Agence	y and agricultur	<u>re</u>		
44.15	for purposes of Minneso	ta Statutes, sect	ion		
44.16	115B.20, subdivision 2,	clauses (1), (2)	2		
44.17	(3), (6), and (7). At the	beginning of ea	<u>ch</u>		
44.18	fiscal year, the two commissioners shall				
44.19	jointly submit an annual	spending plan			
44.20	to the commissioner of	management and	<u>d</u>		
44.21	budget that maximizes t	he utilization of	• :		
44.22	resources and appropriate	tely allocates the	<u>e</u>		
44.23	money between the two	departments. T	<u>his</u>		
44.24	appropriation is available	e until June 30, 2	2017.		
44.25	\$4,279,000 the first year	and \$4,343,000	the		
44.26	second year are from the	e remediation fu	<u>nd</u>		
44.27	for purposes of the leak	ing underground	<u>l</u>		
44.28	storage tank program to	investigate, clea	n up,		
44.29	and prevent future releas	es from undergr	ound		
44.30	petroleum storage tanks,	and to the petro	<u>leum</u>		
44.31	remediation program for	purposes of var	por		
44.32	assessment and remedia	tion. These sam	<u>ie</u>		
44.33	annual amounts are tran	sferred from the	2		
44.34	petroleum tank fund to t	he remediation f	<u>fund.</u>		

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45.1	\$252,000 the	first year ar	nd \$252,000 th	<u>ie</u>			
45.2	second year are from the remediation fund						
45.3	for transfer to the commissioner of health for						
45.4	private water supply monitoring and health						
45.5	assessment costs in areas contaminated						
45.6	by unpermitte	ed mixed m	unicipal solid				
45.7	waste disposa	l facilities a	nd drinking w	<u>ater</u>			
45.8	advisories and	d public info	ormation activi	ities			
45.9	for areas conta	aminated by	hazardous rele	eases.			
45.10 45.11	Subd. 5. Env		l Assistance a	<u>and</u>	31,964,000	32,363,000	
45.12		Appropriati	ions by Fund				
45.13			2016	<u>2017</u>			
45.14	Environmenta	<u>ıl</u>	29,253,000	29,382,000			
45.15	General		2,711,000	2,981,000			
45.16	\$17,250,000 t	he first year	and \$17,250,0	000			
45.17	the second year	ar are from	the environme	<u>ental</u>			
45.18	fund for SCO	RE block gr	rants to countie	es.			
45.19	\$119,000 the	first year an	nd \$119,000 th	<u>e</u>			
45.20	second year are from the environmental						
45.21	fund for environmental assistance grants						
45.22	or loans under Minnesota Statutes, section						
45.23	115A.0716. A	Any unencui	mbered grant a	<u>and</u>			
45.24	loan balances	in the first	year do not car	ncel			
45.25	but are availal	ble for gran	ts and loans in	the			
45.26	second year.						
45.27	\$90,000 the fi	irst year and	d \$90,000 the				
45.28	second year a	re from the	environmental	fund			
45.29	for duties rela	ted to harm	ful chemicals	<u>in</u>			
45.30	products unde	er Minnesota	a Statutes, sect	ions			
45.31	116.9401 to 1	16.9407. O	of this amount,	<u>.</u>			
45.32	\$57,000 each	year is tran	sferred to the				
45.33	commissioner	of health.					
45.34	\$203,000 the	first year ar	nd \$207,000 th	<u>ie</u>			
45.35	second year a	re from the	environmenta	<u>1</u>			

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46.1	fund for the costs of implementing general
46.2	operating permits for feedlots over 1,000
46.3	animal units.
46.4	\$566,000 the first year and \$579,000 the
46.5	second year are from the general fund and
46.6	\$192,000 the first year and \$192,000 the
46.7	second year are from the environmental fund
46.8	for Environmental Quality Board operations
46.9	and support.
46.10	\$500,000 the first year from the general
46.11	fund is a onetime appropriation to
46.12	the Environmental Quality Board for
46.13	development of a Web-based environmental
46.14	review tool.
46.15	\$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second
46.16	year are from the environmental fund for
46.17	transfer to the Office of Administrative
46.18	Hearings to establish sanitary districts.
46.19	\$503,000 the first year and \$507,000 the
46.20	second year are from the general fund for
46.21	the Environmental Quality Board to lead
46.22	an interagency team to provide technical
46.23	assistance regarding the mining, processing,
46.24	and transporting of silica sand.
46.25	\$900,000 the first year and \$900,000 the
46.26	second year are from the environmental fund
46.27	to develop and maintain systems to support
46.28	permitting and regulatory business processes
46.29	and agency data.
46.30	\$380,000 the first year and \$855,000 the
46.31	second year are from the general fund
46.32	for transfer to the Office of the Revisor
46.33	of Statutes to develop and maintain a
46.34	Web-based rulemaking system. The base
46.35	in fiscal year 2018 and fiscal year 2019 is

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48.1	Approp	oriations by Fund	<u>[</u>		
48.2		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		
48.3	General	74,245,000	74,307,000		
48.4	Natural Resources	85,973,000	86,933,000		
48.5	Game and Fish	101,732,000	102,258,000		
48.6	Remediation	100,000	100,000		
48.7	Permanent School	200,000	200,000		
48.8	The amounts that ma	y be spent for ea	<u>ch</u>		
48.9	purpose are specified	in the following	1		
48.10	subdivisions.				
48.11	Subd. 2. Land and	Mineral Resour	cces	- 4-4 000	

5,521,000

48.12	Management		_	5,451,000
48.13	Approp	riations by Fund		
48.14		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	
48.15	General	1,575,000	1,585,000	
48.16	Natural Resources	3,332,000	3,392,000	

48.15	General	1,575,000	1,585,000
48.16	Natural Resources	3,332,000	3,392,000
48.17	Game and Fish	344,000	344,000
48.18	Permanent School	200,000	200,000
48.19	\$68,000 the first year	and \$68,000 the	

48.20	second year are for minerals cooperative
48.21	environmental research, of which \$34,000
48.22	the first year and \$34,000 the second year are
48.23	available only as matched by \$1 of nonstate
48.24	money for each \$1 of state money. The

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48.25	match may be cash or in-kind.
48.26	\$251,000 the first year and \$251,000 the
48.27	second year are for iron ore cooperative
48.28	research. Of this amount, \$200,000 each year
48.29	is from the minerals management account
48.30	in the natural resources fund. \$175,000 the
48.31	first year and \$175,000 the second year are
48.32	available only as matched by \$1 of nonstate
48.33	money for each \$1 of state money. The match
48.34	may be cash or in-kind. Any unencumbered

balance from the first year does not cancel

and is available in the second year.

49.1	\$2,755,000 the first year	and \$2,815,000	<u>)</u>		
49.2	the second year are from the minerals				
49.3	management account in the natural resources				
49.4	fund for use as provided	l in Minnesota			
49.5	Statutes, section 93.2236	6, paragraph (c)	<u>.</u>		
49.6	for mineral resource management, projects				
49.7	to enhance future minera	al income, and			
49.8	projects to promote new	mineral resource	<u>ee</u>		
49.9	opportunities.				
49.10	\$200,000 the first year a	nd \$200,000 the	2		
49.11	second year are from the	state forest susp	ense		
49.12	account in the permanen	at school fund to	1		
49.13	accelerate land exchange	es, land sales, ar	<u>nd</u>		
49.14	commercial leasing of so	chool trust lands	and		
49.15	to identify, evaluate, and	l lease construct	ion		
49.16	aggregate located on sch	ool trust lands.	<u>This</u>		
49.17	appropriation is to be us	sed for securing			
49.18	long-term economic retu	urn from the			
49.19	school trust lands consistent with fiduciary				
49.20	responsibilities and sound natural resources				
49.21	conservation and management principles.				
49.22	Subd. 3. Ecological and	l Water Resour	ces	33,155,000	33,443,000
49.23	Appropria	tions by Fund			
49.24		2016	<u>2017</u>		
49.25	General	16,920,000	17,025,000		
49.26	Natural Resources	11,445,000	11,504,000		
49.27	Game and Fish	4,790,000	<u>4,914,000</u>		
49.28	\$4,200,000 the first year	and \$4,200,000	the		
49.29	second year are from the	e invasive specie	<u>es</u>		
49.30	account in the natural re	sources fund an	<u>d</u>		
49.31	\$3,206,000 the first year	and \$3,206,000	the		
49.32	second year are from the	e general fund fo	<u>or</u>		
49.33	management, public awa	areness, assessm	ent		
49.34	and monitoring research	, and water acce	<u>ess</u>		
49.35	inspection to prevent the	spread of invas	ive		

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50.1	public waters; and management of terrestrial
50.2	invasive species on state-administered lands.
50.3	\$5,000,000 the first year and \$5,000,000 the
50.4	second year are from the water management
50.5	account in the natural resources fund for only
50.6	the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes,
50.7	section 103G.27, subdivision 2.
50.8	\$103,000 the first year and \$103,000 the
50.9	second year are for a grant to the Mississippi
50.10	Headwaters Board for up to 50 percent of
50.11	the cost of implementing the comprehensive
50.12	plan for the upper Mississippi within areas
50.13	under the board's jurisdiction.
50.14	\$10,000 the first year and \$10,000 the second
50.15	year are for payment to the Leech Lake Band
50.16	of Chippewa Indians to implement the band's
50.17	portion of the comprehensive plan for the
50.18	upper Mississippi.
50.19	\$264,000 the first year and \$264,000 the
50.20	second year are for grants for up to 50
50.21	percent of the cost of implementation of the
50.22	Red River mediation agreement.
50.23	\$2,393,000 the first year and \$2,393,000
50.24	the second year are from the heritage
50.25	enhancement account in the game and
50.26	fish fund for only the purposes specified
50.27	in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
50.28	paragraph (e), clause (1).
50.29	\$950,000 the first year and \$950,000 the
50.30	second year are from the nongame wildlife
50.31	management account in the natural resources
50.32	fund for the purpose of nongame wildlife
50.33	management. Notwithstanding Minnesota
50.34	Statutes, section 290.431, \$100,000 the first
50.35	year and \$100,000 the second year may

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51.1	be used for nongame wildlife information,		
51.2	education, and promotion.		
51.3	\$6,000,000 the first year and \$6,000,000 the		
51.4	second year are from the general fund for the		
51.5	following activities:		
51.6	(1) financial reimbursement and technical		
51.7	support to soil and water conservation		
51.8	districts or other local units of government		
51.9	for groundwater level monitoring;		
51.10	(2) surface water monitoring and analysis,		
51.11	including installation of monitoring gauges;		
51.12	(3) groundwater analysis to assist with water		
51.13	appropriation permitting decisions;		
51.14	(4) permit application review incorporating		
51.15	surface water and groundwater technical		
51.16	analysis;		
51.17	(5) precipitation data and analysis to improve		
51.18	the use of irrigation;		
51.19	(6) information technology, including		
51.20	electronic permitting and integrated data		
51.21	systems; and		
51.22	(7) compliance and monitoring.		
51.23	Subd. 4. Forest Management	38,656,000	39,060,000
51.24	Appropriations by Fund		
51.25	<u>2016</u> <u>2017</u>		
51.26	<u>General</u> <u>26,246,000</u> <u>26,650,000</u>		
51.27	<u>Natural Resources</u> <u>11,123,000</u> <u>11,123,000</u>		
51.28	Game and Fish 1,287,000 1,287,000		
51.29	\$7,145,000 the first year and \$7,145,000		
51.30	the second year are for prevention,		
51.31	presuppression, and suppression costs of		
51.32	emergency firefighting and other costs		
51.33	incurred under Minnesota Statutes, section		
51.34	88.12. The amount necessary to pay for		

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52.1	presuppression and suppression costs during
52.2	the biennium is appropriated from the general
52.3	<u>fund.</u>
52.4	By January 15 of each year, the commissioner
52.5	of natural resources shall submit a report to
52.6	the chairs and ranking minority members
52.7	of the house and senate committees
52.8	and divisions having jurisdiction over
52.9	environment and natural resources finance,
52.10	identifying all firefighting costs incurred
52.11	and reimbursements received in the prior
52.12	fiscal year. These appropriations may
52.13	not be transferred. Any reimbursement
52.14	of firefighting expenditures made to the
52.15	commissioner from any source other than
52.16	federal mobilizations shall be deposited into
52.17	the general fund.
52.18	\$11,123,000 the first year and \$11,123,000
52.19	the second year are from the forest
52.20	management investment account in the
52.21	natural resources fund for only the purposes
52.22	specified in Minnesota Statutes, section
52.23	89.039, subdivision 2.
52.24	\$1,287,000 the first year and \$1,287,000
52.25	the second year are from the heritage
52.26	enhancement account in the game and fish
52.27	fund to advance ecological classification
52.28	systems (ECS) scientific management tools
52.29	for forest and invasive species management.
52.30	This appropriation is from revenue deposited
52.31	in the game and fish fund under Minnesota
52.32	Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e),
52.33	clause (1).
52.34	\$580,000 the first year and \$580,000 the
52.35	second year are for the Forest Resources

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53.1	Council for implemen	tation of the			
53.2	Sustainable Forest Resources Act.				
53.3	\$250,000 the first year	r and \$250,000 th	<u>ne</u>		
53.4	second year are for the	e FORIST system	<u>l.</u>		
53.5	Subd. 5. Parks and T	rails Manageme	<u>ent</u>	73,273,000	74,025,000
53.6	Appropr	riations by Fund			
53.7		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		
53.8	<u>General</u>	23,577,000	23,777,000		
53.9	Natural Resources	47,430,000	47,975,000		
53.10	Game and Fish	2,266,000	2,273,000		
53.11	\$1,075,000 the first ye	ear and \$1,075,00	0 the		
53.12	second year are from t	the water recreati	on		
53.13	account in the natural	resources fund for	or		
53.14	enhancing public wate	er access facilities	<u>3.</u>		
53.15	\$5,740,000 the first ye	ear and \$5,740,00	0 the		
53.16	second year are from t	the natural resour	ces		
53.17	fund for state trail, park, and recreation area				
53.18	operations. This appropriation is from the				
53.19	revenue deposited in the natural resources				
53.20	fund under Minnesota Statutes, section				
53.21	297A.94, paragraph (e), clause (2).				
53.22	\$1,005,000 the first ye	ear and \$1,005,00	0 the		
53.23	second year are from t	the natural resour	ces		
53.24	fund for park and trail	grants to local un	nits of		
53.25	government on land to	be maintained for	or at		
53.26	least 20 years for the p	ourposes of the gr	rants.		
53.27	This appropriation is f	from the revenue			
53.28	deposited in the natura	al resources fund			
53.29	under Minnesota Statu	ites, section 297A	A.94 <u>,</u>		
53.30	paragraph (e), clause (4	4). Any unencum	<u>ibered</u>		
53.31	balance does not cance	el at the end of th	<u>e first</u>		
53.32	year and is available for	or the second yea	<u>r.</u>		
53.33	\$8,424,000 the first ye	ear and \$8,424,00	00		
53.34	the second year are from	om the snowmob	<u>ile</u>		
53.35	trails and enforcement	t account in the			

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55.1	<u>Appropriation</u>	ons by Fund			
55.2		2016	2017		
55.3	Natural Resources	1,908,000	1,912,000		
55.4	Game and Fish	68,912,000	69,591,000		
55.5	\$8,167,000 the first year a	and \$8,167,000			
55.6	the second year are from the heritage				
55.7	enhancement account in the game and fish				
55.8	fund only for activities spe	cified in Minne	sota		
55.9	Statutes, section 297A.94,	, paragraph (e),	1		
55.10	clause (1). Notwithstanding	ng Minnesota			
55.11	Statutes, section 297A.94,	, five percent o	<u>f</u>		
55.12	this appropriation may be	used for expand	ding		
55.13	hunter and angler recruitm	nent and retention	on.		
55.14	Notwithstanding Minneson	ta Statutes, sec	tion		
55.15	84.943, \$13,000 the first y	ear and \$13,00	00		
55.16	the second year from the	critical habitat			
55.17	private sector matching ac	count may be u	<u>ised</u>		
55.18	to publicize the critical ha	bitat license pla	ate		
55.19	match program.				
55.20	The game and fish fund ba	ase for fish and	<u>I</u>		
55.21	wildlife management in fis	scal year 2018	and		
55.22	thereafter is \$66,409,000.				
55.23	Subd. 7. Enforcement			39,575,000	38,926,000
55.24	Appropriation	ons by Fund			
55.25		2016	<u>2017</u>		
55.26	General	4,927,000	4,270,000		
55.27	Natural Resources 1	10,415,000	10,707,000		
55.28	Game and Fish	24,133,000	23,849,000		
55.29	Remediation	100,000	100,000		
55.30	\$870,000 the first year and	d \$130,000 the			
55.31	second year from the gene	eral fund and			
55.32	\$1,330,000 the first year a	and \$220,000 th	<u>ne</u>		
55.33	second year from the game	e and fish fund	are		
55.34	for aviation services. This	appropriation	is		
55.35	onetime.				

56.1	\$1,718,000 the first year and \$1,718,000 the
56.2	second year are from the general fund for
56.3	enforcement efforts to prevent the spread of
56.4	aquatic invasive species.
56.5	\$1,537,000 the first year and \$1,580,000
56.6	the second year are from the heritage
56.7	enhancement account in the game and
56.8	fish fund for only the purposes specified
56.9	in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
56.10	paragraph (e), clause (1). The base for these
56.11	purposes in fiscal year 2018 and thereafter is
56.12	<u>\$1,590,000.</u>
56.13	\$1,082,000 the first year and \$1,082,000 the
56.14	second year are from the water recreation
56.15	account in the natural resources fund for
56.16	grants to counties for boat and water safety.
56.17	Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
56.18	at the end of the first year and is available for
56.19	the second year.
56.20	\$315,000 the first year and \$315,000 the
56.21	second year are from the snowmobile
56.22	trails and enforcement account in the
56.23	natural resources fund for grants to local
56.24	law enforcement agencies for snowmobile
56.25	enforcement activities. Any unencumbered
56.26	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
56.27	year and is available for the second year.
56.28	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
56.29	second year are from the all-terrain vehicle
56.30	account for grants to qualifying organizations
56.31	to assist in safety and environmental
56.32	education and monitoring trails on public
56.33	lands under Minnesota Statutes, section
56.34	84.9011. Grants issued under this paragraph:
56.35	(1) must be issued through a formal

57.1	agreement with the organization; and
57.2	(2) must not be used as a substitute for
57.3	traditional spending by the organization.
57.4	By December 15 each year, an organization
57.5	receiving a grant under this paragraph shall
57.6	report to the commissioner with details on
57.7	expenditures and outcomes from the grant.
57.8	Of this appropriation, \$25,000 each year
57.9	is for administration of these grants. Any
57.10	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
57.11	end of the first year and is available for the
57.12	second year.
57.13	\$510,000 the first year and \$510,000
57.14	the second year are from the natural
57.15	resources fund for grants to county law
57.16	enforcement agencies for off-highway
57.17	vehicle enforcement and public education
57.18	activities based on off-highway vehicle use
57.19	in the county. Of this amount, \$498,000 each
57.20	year is from the all-terrain vehicle account;
57.21	\$11,000 each year is from the off-highway
57.22	motorcycle account; and \$1,000 each year
57.23	is from the off-road vehicle account. The
57.24	county enforcement agencies may use
57.25	money received under this appropriation
57.26	to make grants to other local enforcement
57.27	agencies within the county that have a high
57.28	concentration of off-highway vehicle use.
57.29	Of this appropriation, \$25,000 each year
57.30	is for administration of these grants. Any
57.31	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
57.32	end of the first year and is available for the
57.33	second year.
57.34	The natural resources fund base for
57.35	enforcement in fiscal year 2018 and
57.36	thereafter is \$10.834.000. The game and fish

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fund ba	se for enforceme	nt in fiscal year	2018		
and the	reafter is \$23,988	3,000.			
Subd. 8	. Operations Su	<u>ipport</u>		1,320,000	1,320,000
	Appropria	tions by Fund			
		2016	<u>2017</u>		
General		1,000,000	1,000,000		
<u>Natural</u>	Resources	320,000	320,000		
\$320,00	0 the first year a	nd \$320,000 the	<u>e</u>		
second	year are from the	e natural resourc	ees		
fund for	grants to be divi	ded equally bety	ween		
the city	of St. Paul for the	ne Como Park Z	200		
and Cor	nservatory and th	e city of Duluth	<u>1</u>		
for the	Duluth Zoo. Thi	s appropriation			
is from	the revenue depo	osited to the fun	<u>d</u>		
under M	Iinnesota Statute	s, section 297A	.94,		
paragra	oh (e), clause (5)	<u>'-</u>			
The bas	e is \$500,000 ea	ch year from the	<u>e</u>		
general	fund starting in f	fiscal year 2018.			
Sec. 4.	BOARD OF W	ATER AND SO	OIL §	12,795,000 \$	12,769,000
\$3,423,	000 the first year	and \$3,423,000	the		
second	year are for natu	ral resources blo	<u>ock</u>		
grants to	o local governme	ents. Grants mus	st be		
matched	l with a combina	tion of local cas	h or		
in-kind	contributions. Tl	ne base grant po	rtion		
related	to water planning	g must be match	ed		
by an a	mount as specifie	ed by Minnesota	<u>1</u>		
Statutes	, section 103B.3	369. The board	may		
reduce 1	he amount of the	e natural resourc	ees		
block gr	ant to a county b	y an amount equ	<u>ial to</u>		
any red	action in the cour	nty's general ser	vices		
allocation	on to a soil and w	vater conservati	<u>on</u>		
district	from the county'	s previous year			
allocation	on when the boar	d determines th	<u>at</u>		
	ction was dispro		_		

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59.1	\$3,116,000 the first year and \$3,116,000 the
59.2	second year are for grants to soil and water
59.3	conservation districts for general purposes,
59.4	nonpoint engineering, and implementation of
59.5	the reinvest in Minnesota reserve program.
59.6	Expenditures may be made from these
59.7	appropriations for supplies and services
59.8	benefiting soil and water conservation
59.9	districts. Any district receiving a grant under
59.10	this paragraph shall maintain a Web page that
59.11	publishes, at a minimum, its annual report,
59.12	annual audit, annual budget, and meeting
59.13	notices.
59.14	\$1,560,000 the first year and \$1,560,000 the
59.15	second year are for the following cost-share
59.16	programs:
59.17	(1) \$260,000 each year is for feedlot water
59.18	quality grants for feedlots under 300 animal
59.19	units and nutrient and manure management
59.20	projects in watersheds where there are
59.21	impaired waters;
59.22	(2) \$1,200,000 each year is for soil and
59.23	water conservation district cost-sharing
59.24	contracts for perennially vegetated riparian
59.25	buffers, erosion control, water retention
59.26	and treatment, and other high-priority
59.27	conservation practices; and
59.28	(3) \$100,000 each year is for county
59.29	cooperative weed management programs and
59.30	to restore native plants in selected invasive
59.31	species management sites by providing local
59.32	native seeds and plants to landowners for
59.33	implementation.
59.34	\$386,000 the first year and \$386,000
59.35	the second year are for implementation,

60.1	enforcement, and oversight of the Wetland
60.2	Conservation Act.
60.3	\$166,000 the first year and \$166,000
60.4	the second year are to provide technical
60.5	assistance to local drainage management
60.6	officials and for the costs of the Drainage
60.7	Work Group.
60.8	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000
60.9	the second year are for a grant to the
60.10	Red River Basin Commission for water
60.11	quality and floodplain management,
60.12	including administration of programs. This
60.13	appropriation must be matched by nonstate
60.14	funds. If the appropriation in either year is
60.15	insufficient, the appropriation in the other
60.16	year is available for it.
60.17	\$120,000 the first year and \$120,000
60.18	the second year are for grants to Area
60.19	II Minnesota River Basin Projects for
60.20	floodplain management.
60.21	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
60.22	103C.501, the board may shift cost-share
60.23	funds in this section and may adjust the
60.24	technical and administrative assistance
60.25	portion of the grant funds to leverage
60.26	federal or other nonstate funds or to address
60.27	high-priority needs identified in local water
60.28	management plans or comprehensive water
60.29	management plans.
60.30	The appropriations for grants in this
60.31	section are available until expended. If an
60.32	appropriation for grants in either year is
60.33	insufficient, the appropriation in the other
60.34	year is available for it.

61.1	Sec. 5. METROPOLIT	AN COUNCIL	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,653,000</u> <u>\$</u>	6,653,000
61.2	Appropriations by Fund				
61.3		2016	<u>2017</u>		
61.4	General	2,236,000	2,236,000		
61.5	Natural Resources	<u>4,417,000</u>	<u>4,417,000</u>		
61.6	\$2,236,000 the first year	and \$2,236,000	the		
61.7	second year are for metro	politan area regi	ional		
61.8	parks operation and maintenance according				
61.9	to Minnesota Statutes, se	ction 473.351.			
61.10	\$4,417,000 the first year	and \$4,417,000	the		
61.11	second year are from the	natural resourc	<u>es</u>		
61.12	fund for metropolitan are	ea regional park	<u>S</u>		
61.13	and trails maintenance ar	nd operations. T	<u>This</u>		
61.14	appropriation is from the	revenue deposi	ted		
61.15	in the natural resources fu	ınd under Minne	<u>esota</u>		
61.16	Statutes, section 297A.94	4, paragraph (e)	2		
61.17	clause (3).				
61.18	Notwithstanding Minnes	ota Statutes, sec	etion		
61.19	473.351, none of the app	ropriations und	<u>er</u>		
61.20	this section may be distr	ibuted to the			
61.21	Minneapolis Park and Ro	ecreation Board			
61.22	under section 473.351, si	ubdivision 3. Fo	<u>or</u>		
61.23	purposes of allocating ap	propriations un	<u>der</u>		
61.24	this section, the term "im	plementing ager	ncy,"		
61.25	as defined in section 473	.351, subdivisio	<u>on</u>		
61.26	1, paragraph (a), does no	ot include the			
61.27	Minneapolis Park and Re	ecreation Board.			
61.28	Sec. 6. CONSERVAT	ION CORPS			
61.29	MINNESOTA		<u>\$</u>	<u>945,000</u> <u>\$</u>	945,000
61.30	Appropriat	ions by Fund			
61.31		2016	<u>2017</u>		
61.32	General	<u>455,000</u>	455,000		
61.33	Natural Resources	<u>490,000</u>	<u>490,000</u>		
61.34	Conservation Corps Min	nesota may rece	<u>eive</u>		
61.35	money appropriated from	n the natural			

62.1	resources fund under this section only			
62.2	as provided in an agreement with the			
62.3	commissioner of natural resources.			
62.4	Sec. 7. ZOOLOGICAL BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,410,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,410,000
62.5	Appropriations by Fund			
62.6		017		
62.7		3,250,000		
62.8	Natural Resources 160,000	160,000		
62.9	\$160,000 the first year and \$160,000 the			
62.10	second year are from the natural resources			
62.11	fund from the revenue deposited under			
62.12	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,			
62.13	paragraph (e), clause (5).			
62.14	ART	TICLE 4		
62.15	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL R	RESOURCES S	STATUTORY CHA	ANGES
62.16	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, secti	ion 13.7411, sub	odivision 8, is amend	ded to read:
62.17	Subd. 8. Pollution Control Agency.	. (a) Hazardou	s waste generators	<u>5.</u>
62.18	Information provided by hazardous waste generators under section 473.151 and for which			
62.19	confidentiality is claimed is governed by sec	ction 116.075, s	ubdivision 2.	
62.20	(b) Priority chemicals. Trade secret information and other information submitted			
62.21	to the Pollution Control Agency related to priority chemicals in children's products are			
62.22	classified under sections 116.9403 to 116.94	<u>411.</u>		
62.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is	affactive the de	y following final an	actment
02.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is	checuve the da	y following imai cir	actificit.
62.24	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section	14.365, is ame	nded to read:	
62.25	14.365 OFFICIAL RULEMAKING	G RECORD.		
62.26	(a) The agency shall maintain the office	cial rulemaking	record for every rul	e adopted
62.27	under sections 14.05 to 14.389. The record	must be availab	ole for public inspec	tion. The
62.28	record required by this section constitutes the	he official and e	xclusive agency rul	emaking
62.29	record with respect to agency action on or j	udicial review of	of the rule. The reco	ord must
62.30	contain:			
62.31	(1) copies of all publications in the Sta	ate Register per	taining to the rule;	

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63.1	(2) all written petitions, and all requests, submissions, or comments received by the
63.2	agency or the administrative law judge after publication of the notice of intent to adopt or
63.3	the notice of hearing in the State Register pertaining to the rule;
63.4	(3) (2) the statement of need and reasonableness for the rule;
63.5	(4) the official transcript of the hearing if one was held, or the tape recording of the
63.6	hearing if a transcript was not prepared;
63.7	(5) (3) the report of the administrative law judge, if any;
63.8	(6) (4) the rule in the form last submitted to the administrative law judge under
63.9	sections 14.14 to 14.20 or first submitted to the administrative law judge under sections
63.10	14.22 to 14.28;
63.11	(7) (5) the administrative law judge's written statement of required modifications and
63.12	of approval or disapproval by the chief administrative law judge, if any;
63.13	(8) any documents required by applicable rules of the Office of Administrative
63.14	Hearings;
63.15	(9) (6) the agency's order adopting the rule;
63.16	(10) (7) the revisor's certificate approving the form of the rule; and
63.17	(11) (8) a copy of the adopted rule as filed with the secretary of state.;
63.18	(9) all written petitions and requests, submissions, or comments pertaining to the
63.19	rule received by the agency or the administrative law judge after publication of the notice
63.20	of intent to adopt or the notice of hearing in the State Register;
63.21	(10) the official transcript of the hearing, if one was held, or the recording of the
63.22	hearing if a transcript was not prepared; and
63.23	(11) any other document required by applicable rules of the Office of Administrative
63.24	Hearings.
63.25	(b) The agency shall permanently maintain the documents described in paragraph
63.26	(a), clauses (1) to (7). The agency shall maintain for at least seven years the documents
63.27	described in paragraph (a), clauses (8) to (10). The agency may fulfill this duty by
63.28	providing the documents to the revisor of statutes in the form and manner required by the
63.29	revisor. The official rulemaking record must be available for public inspection. The
63.30	official rulemaking record constitutes the official and exclusive agency rulemaking record
63.31	with respect to agency action on or judicial review of the rule.
63.32	Sec. 3. [84.69] NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION EASEMENT
63.33	STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT.
63.34	Subdivision 1. Account established; sources. The natural resources conservation
63.35	easement stewardship account is created in the special revenue fund. The account consists

of money credited to the account and interest and other earnings on money in the account. The State Board of Investment must manage the account to maximize long-term gain. The following revenue must be deposited in the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account: (1) contributions to the account or specified for any purpose of the account; (2) contributions under subdivision 3; section 84.66, subdivision 11; or other applicable law; (3) money appropriated for any of the purposes described in subdivision 2; (4) money appropriated for monitoring and enforcement of easements and earnings on the money appropriated that revert to the state under section 97A.056, subdivision 17, or other applicable law; and (5) gifts under section 84.085 for conservation easement stewardship. Subd. 2. Appropriation; purposes of account. Five percent of the balance on July 1 of each year in the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account is annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources and may be spent only to cover the costs of managing conservation easements held by the Department of Natural Resources, including costs associated with monitoring, landowner contracts, records storage and management, processing landowner notices, requests for approval or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with conservation easement management activities. Subd. 3. Financial contributions. The commissioner shall seek a financial contribution to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account for each conservation easement acquired by or assigned to the Department of Natural Resources. Unless otherwise provided by law, the commissioner shall determine the amount of the contribution, which must be an amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet the costs of managing the conservation easement at a level that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs. In determining the amount of the financial contribution, the commissioner shall consider: (1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement, taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity; (2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of employees expected to manage the conservation easement; (3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the conservation easement; (4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the conservation easement, including supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers;

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(5) the estimated annualized cost of legal services, including the cost to enforce the 65.1 easement in the event of a violation; and 65.2 (6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account. 65.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day 65 4 following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation 65.5 easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions 65.6 of conservation easements by gift that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015. 65.7 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.055, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 65.8 Subdivision 1. **Fees.** The fee for state park permits for: 65.9 (1) an annual use of state parks is \$25 \$30; 65.10 65.11 (2) a second or subsequent vehicle state park permit is \$18; (3) a state park permit valid for one day is \$5 \$6; 65 12 (4) a daily vehicle state park permit for groups is \$3; 65 13 (5) an annual permit for motorcycles is \$20; 65.14 (6) an employee's state park permit is without charge; and 65.15 (7) a state park permit for persons with disabilities under section 85.053, subdivision 65.16 7, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3), is \$12. 65.17 The fees specified in this subdivision include any sales tax required by state law. 65.18 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.415, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 65.19 Subd. 7. Watercraft surcharge. A \$5 \$10 surcharge is placed on each watercraft 65.20 licensed under subdivisions 1 to 5 for control, public awareness, law enforcement, 65.21 monitoring, and research of aquatic invasive species such as zebra mussel, purple 65.22 loosestrife, and Eurasian water milfoil in public waters and public wetlands. 65.23 Sec. 6. [103B.103] EASEMENT STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNTS. 65.24 Subdivision 1. Accounts established; sources. (a) The water and soil conservation 65.25 easement stewardship account and the mitigation easement stewardship account are 65.26 created in the special revenue fund. The accounts consist of money credited to the 65.27 accounts and interest and other earnings on money in the accounts. The State Board of 65.28 Investment must manage the accounts to maximize long-term gain. 65.29 (b) Revenue from contributions and money appropriated for any purposes of the 65.30 account as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the water and soil conservation 65.31 easement stewardship account. Revenue from contributions, wetland banking fees 65.32 65.33 designated for stewardship purposes by the board, easement stewardship payments

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authorized under subdivision 3, and money appropriated for any purposes of the account as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the mitigation easement stewardship account.

- Subd. 2. Appropriation; purposes of accounts. Five percent of the balance on July 1 each year in the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account and five percent of the balance on July 1 each year in the mitigation easement stewardship account are annually appropriated to the board and may be spent only to cover the costs of managing easements held by the board, including costs associated with monitoring, landowner contracts, records storage and management, processing landowner notices, requests for approval or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with easement management activities.
- Subd. 3. **Financial contributions.** The board shall seek a financial contribution to the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account for each conservation easement acquired by the board. The board shall seek a financial contribution or assess an easement stewardship payment to the mitigation easement stewardship account for each wetland banking easement acquired by the board. Unless otherwise provided by law, the board shall determine the amount of the contribution or payment, which must be an amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet the costs of managing the easement at a level that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs. In determining the amount of the financial contribution, the board shall consider:
- (1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement, taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity;
- (2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of state and local employees expected to manage the easement;
 - (3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the easement;
- (4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the easement, including supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers;
- (5) the estimated annualized costs of legal services, including the cost to enforce the easement in the event of a violation; and
- (6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions of conservation easements by gift or as a condition of approval for wetland mitigation as provided in Minnesota Rules, chapter 8420, that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015.

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 4d, is amended to read:

Subd. 4d. **Permit fees.** (a) The agency may collect permit fees in amounts not greater than those necessary to cover the reasonable costs of developing, reviewing, and acting upon applications for agency permits and implementing and enforcing the conditions of the permits pursuant to agency rules. Permit fees shall not include the costs of litigation. The fee schedule must reflect reasonable and routine direct and indirect costs associated with permitting, implementation, and enforcement. The agency may impose an additional enforcement fee to be collected for a period of up to two years to cover the reasonable costs of implementing and enforcing the conditions of a permit under the rules of the agency. Any money collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the environmental fund.

- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the agency shall collect an annual fee from the owner or operator of all stationary sources, emission facilities, emissions units, air contaminant treatment facilities, treatment facilities, potential air contaminant storage facilities, or storage facilities subject to the requirement to obtain a permit a notification, permit, or license requirement under subchapter this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., or section 116.081 or rules adopted thereunder. The annual fee shall be used to pay for all direct and indirect reasonable costs, including attorney general legal costs, required to develop and administer the notification, permit, or license program requirements of subchapter this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., and sections of this chapter and the or rules adopted under this chapter related to air contamination and noise thereunder. Those costs include the reasonable costs of reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit; implementing and enforcing statutes, rules, and the terms and conditions of a permit; emissions, ambient, and deposition monitoring; preparing generally applicable regulations; responding to federal guidance; modeling, analyses, and demonstrations; preparing inventories and tracking emissions; and providing information to the public about these activities.
 - (c) The agency shall set fees that:
- (1) will result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each volatile organic compound; pollutant regulated under United States Code, title 42, section 7411 or 7412 (section 111 or 112 of the federal Clean Air Act); and each pollutant, except carbon monoxide, for which a national primary ambient air quality standard has been promulgated;
- (2) may result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each pollutant not listed in clause (1) that is regulated under this chapter or air quality rules adopted under this chapter; and

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(3) shall collect, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), the amount needed to match grant funds received by the state under United States Code, title 42, section 7405 (section 105 of the federal Clean Air Act).

The agency must not include in the calculation of the aggregate amount to be collected under clauses (1) and (2) any amount in excess of 4,000 tons per year of each air pollutant from a source. The increase in air permit fees to match federal grant funds shall be a surcharge on existing fees. The commissioner may not collect the surcharge after the grant funds become unavailable. In addition, the commissioner shall use nonfee funds to the extent practical to match the grant funds so that the fee surcharge is minimized.

- (d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (c), the agency shall collect an annual fee from all owners or operators of facilities subject to a notification, permit, or license requirement under chapter 115 or rules adopted thereunder. The annual fee shall be used to pay for all direct and indirect reasonable costs, including legal costs, required to develop and administer the notification, permit, or license requirements under chapter 115 or rules adopted thereunder.
- (d) (e) To cover the reasonable costs described in paragraph paragraphs (b) and (d), the agency shall provide in the rules promulgated under paragraph (e) to implement paragraphs (b) to (d) for an increase in the fee collected in each year by the percentage, if any, by which the Consumer Price Index for the most recent calendar year ending before the beginning of the year the fee is collected exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the calendar year 1989. For purposes of this paragraph the Consumer Price Index for any calendar year is the average of the Consumer Price Index for all-urban consumers published by the United States Department of Labor, as of the close of the 12-month period ending on August 31 of each calendar year. The revision of the Consumer Price Index that is most consistent with the Consumer Price Index for calendar year 1989 shall be used.
- (e) (f) Any money collected under paragraphs (b) to (d) this subdivision must be deposited in the environmental fund and must be used solely for the activities listed in paragraph paragraphs (b) and (d).
- (f) (g) Permit applicants who wish to construct, reconstruct, or modify a facility may offer to reimburse the agency for the costs of staff time or consultant services needed to expedite the permit development process, including the analysis of environmental review documents. The reimbursement shall be in addition to permit application fees imposed by law. When the agency determines that it needs additional resources to develop the permit application in an expedited manner, and that expediting the development is consistent with permitting program priorities, the agency may accept the reimbursement. Reimbursements accepted by the agency are appropriated to the agency for the purpose of developing

the permit or analyzing environmental review documents. Reimbursement by a permit applicant shall precede and not be contingent upon issuance of a permit; shall not affect the agency's decision on whether to issue or deny a permit, what conditions are included in a permit, or the application of state and federal statutes and rules governing permit determinations; and shall not affect final decisions regarding environmental review.

(g) (h) The fees under this subdivision are exempt from section 16A.1285.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9401, is amended to read:

116.9401 DEFINITIONS.

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- (a) For the purposes of sections 116.9401 to 116.9407 116.9411, the following terms have the meanings given them.
 - (b) "Agency" means the Pollution Control Agency.
- (c) "Alternative" means a substitute process, product, material, chemical, strategy, or combination of these that is technically feasible and serves a functionally equivalent purpose to a chemical in a children's product.
- (d) "Chemical" means a substance with a distinct molecular composition or a group of structurally related substances and includes the breakdown products of the substance or substances that form through decomposition, degradation, or metabolism.
- (e) "Chemical of high concern" means a chemical identified on the basis of credible scientific evidence by a state, federal, or international agency as being known or suspected with a high degree of probability to:
- (1) harm the normal development of a fetus or child or cause other developmental toxicity;
 - (2) cause cancer, genetic damage, or reproductive harm;
- 69.24 (3) disrupt the endocrine or hormone system;
- 69.25 (4) damage the nervous system, immune system, or organs, or cause other systemic toxicity;
 - (5) be persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic; or
- 69.28 (6) be very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
 - (f) "Child" means a person under 12 years of age.
 - (g) "Children's product" means a consumer product intended for use by children, such as baby products, toys, car seats, personal care products, and clothing.
 - (h) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.
- (i) "Contaminant" means a trace amount of a chemical that is incidental to
 manufacturing and serves no intended function in the product component. Contaminant
 includes, but is not limited to, unintended by-products of chemical reactions that

70.1	occur during the manufacture of the product component, trace impurities in feedstock,
70.2	incompletely reacted chemical mixtures, and degradation products.
70.3	(j) "Department" means the Department of Health.
70.4	(j) (k) "Distributor" means a person who sells consumer products to retail
70.5	establishments on a wholesale basis.
70.6	(k) (l) "Green chemistry" means an approach to designing and manufacturing
70.7	products that minimizes the use and generation of toxic substances.
70.8	(h) (m) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures a final consumer
70.9	product sold at retail or whose brand name is affixed to the consumer product. In the
70.10	case of a consumer product imported into the United States, manufacturer includes the
70.11	importer or domestic distributor of the consumer product if the person who manufactured
70.12	or assembled the consumer product or whose brand name is affixed to the consumer
70.13	product does not have a presence in the United States.
70.14	(n) "Practical quantification limit" means the lowest concentration of a chemical that
70.15	can be reliably measured within specified limits of precision, accuracy, representativeness,
70.16	completeness, and comparability under routine laboratory operating conditions, the value
70.17	of which:
70.18	(1) is based on scientifically defensible, standard analytical methods;
70.19	(2) may vary depending on the matrix and analytical method used; and
70.20	(3) will be determined jointly by the agency and the department, taking into
70.21	consideration practical quantification limits established by federal or state agencies.
70.22	(m) (o) "Priority chemical" means a chemical identified by the Department of Health
70.23	as a chemical of high concern that meets the criteria in section 116.9403.
70.24	(n) (p) "Product category" means the brick level of the GS1 Global Product
70.25	Classification (GPC) standard, which identifies products that serve a common purpose, are
70.26	of a similar form and material, and share the same set of category attributes.
70.27	(q) "Safer alternative" means an alternative whose potential to harm human health is
70.28	less than that of the use of a priority chemical that it could replace.
70.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
70.30	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9402, is amended to read:
70.31	116.9402 IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICALS OF HIGH CONCERN.
70.32	(a) By July 1, 2010, the department shall, after consultation with the agency,

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generate a list of chemicals of high concern.

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(b) The department must periodically review and revise the list of chemicals of
high concern at least every three years. The department may add chemicals to the list if
the chemical meets one or more of the criteria in section 116.9401, paragraph (e). <u>Any</u>
changes to the list of chemicals of high concern must be published on the department's
Web site and in the State Register when a change is made.

- (c) The department shall consider chemicals listed as a suspected carcinogen, reproductive or developmental toxicant, or as being persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic, or very persistent and very bioaccumulative by a state, federal, or international agency. These agencies may include, but are not limited to, the California Environmental Protection Agency, the Washington Department of Ecology, the United States Department of Health, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the United Nation's World Health Organization, and European Parliament Annex XIV concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and Restriction of Chemicals.
- (d) The department may consider chemicals listed by another state as harmful to human health or the environment for possible inclusion in the list of chemicals of high concern.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9403, is amended to read:

116.9403 IDENTIFICATION OF PRIORITY CHEMICALS.

- (a) The department, after consultation with the agency, may designate a chemical of high concern as a priority chemical if the department finds that the chemical:
- (1) has been identified as a high-production volume chemical by the United States Environmental Protection Agency; and
 - (2) meets any of the following criteria:
- (i) the chemical has been found through biomonitoring to be present in human blood, including umbilical cord blood, breast milk, urine, or other bodily tissues or fluids;
- (ii) the chemical has been found through sampling and analysis to be present in household dust, indoor air, drinking water, or elsewhere in the home environment; or
- (iii) the chemical has been found through monitoring to be present in fish, wildlife, or the natural environment.
- (b) By February 1, 2011, the department shall publish a list of priority chemicals in the State Register and on the department's Internet Web site and shall update the published list whenever a new priority chemical is designated. Any proposed changes to the list of priority chemicals must be published on the department's Web site and in the State Register

and is subject to a minimum 60-day public comment period. After the department's review and consideration of public comments, a final list of changes to the list of priority chemicals must be published on the department's Web site and in the State Register.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9405, is amended to read:

116.9405 APPLICABILITY.

- The requirements of sections 116.9401 to 116.9407 116.9411 do not apply to:
- 72.8 (1) chemicals in used children's products;
- 72.9 (2) priority chemicals used in the manufacturing process, but that are not present in the final product;
- 72.11 (3) priority chemicals used in agricultural production;
- 72.12 (4) motor vehicles as defined in chapter 168 or watercraft as defined in chapter 86B or their component parts, except that the use of priority chemicals in detachable car seats is not exempt;
- 72.15 (5) priority chemicals generated solely as combustion by-products or that are present results in combustible fuels;
- 72.17 (6) retailers;

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- 72.18 (7) pharmaceutical products or biologics;
- 72.19 (8) a medical device as defined in the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, United 72.20 States Code, title 21, section 321(h);
 - (9) food and food or beverage packaging, except a container containing baby food or infant formula;
 - (10) consumer electronics products and electronic components, including but not limited to personal computers; audio and video equipment; calculators; digital displays; wireless phones; cameras; game consoles; printers; and handheld electronic and electrical devices used to access interactive software or their associated peripherals; or products that comply with the provisions of directive 2002/95/EC of the European Union, adopted by the European Parliament and Council of the European Union now or hereafter in effect; or
- (11) (10) outdoor sport equipment, including snowmobiles as defined in section 84.81, subdivision 3; all-terrain vehicles as defined in section 84.92, subdivision 8; personal watercraft as defined in section 86B.005, subdivision 14a; watercraft as defined in section 86B.005, subdivision 18; and off-highway motorcycles, as defined in section 84.787, subdivision 7, and all attachments and repair parts for all of this equipment;

73.1	(11) a manufacturer or distributor of a children's product whose annual aggregate
73.2	gross sales, both within and outside this state, as reported in the manufacturer's or
73.3	distributor's most recently filed federal tax return, is below \$100,000; or
73.4	(12) a children's product if the annual production of the children's product is less
73.5	than 3,000 units.
73.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
73.7	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9406, is amended to read:
73.8	116.9406 DONATIONS TO THE STATE.
73.9	The commissioner may accept donations, grants, and other funds to carry out the
73.10	purposes of sections 116.9401 to 116.9407 116.9411. All donations, grants, and other
73.11	funds must be accepted without preconditions regarding the outcomes of the regulatory
73.12	oversight processes set forth in sections 116.9401 to 116.9407 116.9411.
73.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
73.14	Sec. 13. [116.9408] CHILDREN'S PRODUCTS; REPORTING INFORMATION
73.15	ON PRIORITY CHEMICALS.
73.16	Subdivision 1. Reporting; content. A manufacturer or distributor of a children's
73.17	product offered for sale in this state that contains one or more priority chemicals
73.18	designated under section 116.9403 must, unless the children's product is exempt under
73.19	section 116.9405, provide the following information to the agency, on a form developed by
73.20	the agency, for each priority chemical that is intentionally added to the children's product
73.21	and present at or above the practical quantification limit or that is a contaminant present in
73.22	a component of the children's product at a concentration above 100 parts per million:
73.23	(1) the name of the priority chemical;
73.24	(2) the Chemical Abstracts Service Registry number of the priority chemical;
73.25	(3) the concentration of each priority chemical contained in a children's product, a
73.26	description of how the concentration was determined, and an evaluation of the accuracy
73.27	of the determination. Concentrations at or above the practical quantification limit must
73.28	be reported, but may be reported in the following ranges:
73.29	(i) greater than or equal to the practical quantification limit but less than 100 parts
73.30	per million (ppm);
73.31	(ii) greater than or equal to 100 ppm but less than 500 ppm;
73.32	(iii) greater than or equal to 500 ppm but less than 1,000 ppm;
73.33	(iv) greater than or equal to 1,000 ppm but less than 5,000 ppm;

74.1	(v) greater than or equal to 5,000 ppm but less than 10,000 ppm; and
74.2	(vi) greater than or equal to 10,000 ppm;
74.3	(4) the product category of the children's product;
74.4	(5) the number of units of the children's product sold in Minnesota or nationally in
74.5	the most recently completed calendar year;
74.6	(6) information that the agency determines is necessary to determine the extent to
74.7	which a child is likely to be exposed to the priority chemical through normal use of the
74.8	product;
74.9	(7) any assessment conducted by the manufacturer or distributor of the children's
74.10	product or others regarding the use of safer alternatives to the priority chemical contained
74.11	in the children's product; and
74.12	(8) any additional information requested by the agency.
74.13	Subd. 2. Report timing. (a) A manufacturer or distributor subject to this section
74.14	must report the information required under this section to the agency no later than one
74.15	year after a priority chemical has been designated under section 116.9403 or, for a priority
74.16	chemical designated under section 116.9403 before July 1, 2011, on the following
74.17	schedule based on the manufacturer's or distributor's annual aggregate gross sales, both
74.18	within and outside the state, as reported in the manufacturer's or distributor's most recently
74.19	filed federal tax return:
74.20	(1) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$1,000,000,000, by
74.21	<u>July 1, 2017;</u>
74.22	(2) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$250,000,000 but
74.23	less than or equal to \$1,000,000,000, by January 1, 2018;
74.24	(3) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$100,000,000 but
74.25	less than or equal to \$250,000,000, by July 1, 2018;
74.26	(4) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$5,000,000 but less
74.27	than or equal to \$100,000,000, by July 1, 2019; and
74.28	(5) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$100,000 but less
74.29	than or equal to \$5,000,000, by July 1, 2020.
74.30	(b) Two years after submitting an initial report to the agency under this section,
74.31	a manufacturer or distributor of a children's product offered for sale in this state that
74.32	continues to contain one or more priority chemicals must submit an updated report
74.33	containing the information required under subdivision 1 and the 12-digit Universal
74.34	
	Product Code for the children's product. If the children's product continues to be offered
74.35	for sale in this state and to contain the priority chemical, the information required under

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Subd. 3. Public data. Notwithstanding section 13.37, subdivision 2, the presence and concentration of a priority chemical in a specific children's product reported to the agency under subdivision 1 are classified as public data.

- Subd. 4. Not misappropriation of trade secret. Notwithstanding section 325C.01, subdivision 3, publication by the agency of the presence and concentration of a priority chemical in a specific children's product reported to the agency under subdivision 1 is not misappropriation of a trade secret.
- Subd. 5. Removal of priority chemical; reporting. A manufacturer or distributor who removes a priority chemical from a children's product reported under this section must notify the agency of the removal at the earliest possible date. If the priority chemical removed is replaced by a safer alternative, the manufacturer or distributor must provide, on a form developed by the agency, the name of the safer alternative and its Chemical Abstracts Service Registry number or, if not replaced by a chemical alternative, a description of the techniques or design changes implemented. The safer alternative or nonchemical techniques or design changes may be designated as trade secrets. Upon verification that all priority chemicals in the product have been replaced by safer alternatives, the commissioner must promptly remove from state agency Web sites any reference to the relevant children's product of the manufacturer, and the manufacturer will no longer report or pay fees on that children's product.
- Subd. 6. Failure to report. If the information required in subdivision 1 is not submitted in a timely fashion or is incomplete or otherwise unacceptable as determined by the agency, the agency may contract with an independent third party of the agency's choice to provide the information and may assess a fee on the manufacturer or distributor to pay the costs specified under section 116.9409.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 14. [116.9409] FEES.

- (a) The agency shall collect a fee of \$1,000 for each priority chemical initially reported under section 116.9408. The fee doubles for each report subsequently filed with the agency under section 116.9408 for the same chemical contained in the same children's product.
- (b) The agency shall collect a fee equal to the costs billed by the independent contractor plus the agency's actual incurred costs to bid and administer the contract for each contract issued under section 116.9408, subdivision 6.
- (c) The commissioner shall deposit all fees received under this section in an account 75.34 75.35 in the special revenue fund.

(d) Fees collected under this section are exempt from section 16A.1285. 76.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 76.2 76.3 Sec. 15. [116.9410] ENFORCEMENT. The agency shall enforce sections 116.9401 to 116.9409 in the manner provided by 76.4 section 115.071, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6. Section 115.071, subdivision 2, does not 76.5 apply to violations of sections 116.9401 to 116.9409. 76.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 76.7 Sec. 16. [116.9411] STATE AGENCY DUTIES. 76.8 Subdivision 1. Safer alternative grants. If there is fee revenue collected under 76.9 section 116.9409, paragraph (a), in excess of program implementation costs, the 76.10 commissioner, in consultation with the commissioners of commerce and health, may 76.11 76.12 use that fee revenue to offer grants awarded competitively to manufacturers or other researchers to develop safer alternatives to priority chemicals in children's products, 76.13 to establish alternatives as safer alternatives, or to accelerate the commercialization of 76.14 safer alternatives. 76.15 Subd. 2. Education and outreach. The commissioners of health and commerce 76.16 76.17 shall develop and implement an education and outreach effort regarding priority chemicals in children's products. 76.18 Subd. 3. **Report.** By January 15, 2018, and every three years thereafter, the 76.19 76.20 commissioners of the Pollution Control Agency, health, and commerce shall report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources, 76.21 commerce, and public health on the implementation of sections 116.9401 to 116.9411. 76.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 76.23 Sec. 17. TRANSFERS. 76.24 (a) On June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer 76.25 76.26 to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, the remaining balance: 76.27 (1) in the forests for the future conservation easement account under section 84.68; 76.28 and 76.29 (2) of all appropriations to the Department of Natural Resources from the outdoor 76.30

accounts.

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heritage fund for the establishment of conservation easement monitoring and enforcement

77.1	(b) On June 30, 2015, the commissioner	of manage	ement and budget sh	all transfer to
77.2	the water and soil conservation easement stew	ardship ac	count, established in	n Minnesota
77.3	Statutes, section 103B.103, the remaining bala	nce of all	appropriations to the	e board from
77.4	the outdoor heritage fund for the establishmen	t of conse	rvation easement m	onitoring
77.5	and enforcement accounts.			
77.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is eff	ective the	day following final	enactment.
77.7	Sec. 18. REPEALER.			
77.8	Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.68,	is repeale	<u>d.</u>	
77.9	ARTIC	LE 5		
77.10	PARKS AND T	RAILS F	UND	
77.11	Section 1. PARKS AND TRAILS FUND AP	PROPRI	ATIONS.	
77.12	The sums shown in the columns marked	"Appropr	iations" are appropr	iated to the
77.13	agencies and for the purposes specified in this	article. T	he appropriations ar	e from the
77.14	parks and trails fund and are available for the t	fiscal year	s indicated for each	purpose. The
77.15	figures "2016" and "2017" used in this article	mean that	the appropriations l	isted under
77.16	them are available for the fiscal year ending Ju	ne 30, 20	16, or June 30, 2017	, respectively.
77.17	"The first year" is fiscal year 2016. "The secon	ıd year" is	fiscal year 2017. "T	The biennium"
77.18	is fiscal years 2016 and 2017. All appropriation	ns in this	article are onetime.	
77.19 77.20 77.21 77.22			APPROPRIATION Available for the Ending June 2016	Year
77.23	Sec. 2. PARKS AND TRAILS			
77.24	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	43,183,000 \$	45,151,000
77.25	The amounts that may be spent for each			
77.26	purpose are specified in the following			
77.27	sections.			
77.28	Subd. 2. Availability of Appropriation			
77.29	Money appropriated in this article may			
77.30	not be spent on activities unless they are			
77.31	directly related to and necessary for a			
77.32	specific appropriation. Money appropriated			

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78.1	in this article must be spent in accordance			
78.2	with Minnesota Management and Budget's			
78.3	Guidance to Agencies on Legacy Fund			
78.4	Expenditure. Notwithstanding Minnesota			
78.5	Statutes, section 16A.28, and unless			
78.6	otherwise specified in this article, fiscal year			
78.7	2016 appropriations are available until June			
78.8	30, 2018, and fiscal year 2017 appropriations			
78.9	are available until June 30, 2019. If a project			
78.10	receives federal funds, the time period of			
78.11	the appropriation is extended to equal the			
78.12	availability of federal funding.			
78.13 78.14	Sec. 3. <u>DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL</u> RESOURCES	<u>\$</u>	26,122,000 \$	27,310,000
70.11	<u>ALSOCIACES</u>	<u>Ψ</u>	<u>20,122,000</u> <u>\$</u>	27,010,000
78.15	(a) \$17,061,000 the first year and			
78.16	\$17,841,000 the second year are for state			
78.17	parks, recreation areas, and trails to:			
78.18	(1) connect people to the outdoors;			
78.19	(2) acquire land and create opportunities;			
78.20	(3) maintain existing holdings; and			
78.21	(4) improve cooperation by coordinating			
78.22	with partners to implement the 25-year			
78.23	long-range parks and trails legacy plan.			
78.24	(b) \$8,530,000 the first year and \$8,920,000			
78.25	the second year are for grants in accordance			
78.26	with Minnesota Statutes, section 85.535,			
78.27	for parks and trails of regional or statewide			
78.28	significance outside of the metropolitan area,			
78.29	as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section			
78.30	473.121, subdivision 2. Up to 2.5 percent of			
78.31	the total appropriation may be used by the			
78.32	department for administering the grants. Up			
78.33	to 4.5 percent of the total appropriation is for			
78.34	a grant to the Greater Minnesota Regional			

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79.1	Parks and Trails Commission for operating			
79.2	costs.			
79.3	(c) \$531,000 the first year and \$549,000 the			
79.4	second year are for coordination and projects			
79.5	between the department, Metropolitan			
79.6	Council, and the Greater Minnesota Regional			
79.7	Parks and Trails Commission; enhanced			
79.8	Web-based information for park and trail			
79.9	users; and support of activities of the Parks			
79.10	and Trails Legacy Advisory Committee.			
79.11	(d) The commissioner shall contract for			
79.12	services with Conservation Corps Minnesota			
79.13	for restoration, maintenance, and other			
79.14	activities under this section for at least			
79.15	\$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000 the			
79.16	second year.			
79.17	(e) The implementing agencies receiving			
79.18	appropriations under this section shall			
79.19	give consideration to contracting with			
79.20	Conservation Corps Minnesota for			
79.21	restoration, maintenance, and other activities.			
79.22	Sec. 4. METROPOLITAN COUNCIL	<u>\$</u>	<u>17,061,000</u> §	17,841,000
79.23	(a) \$17,061,000 the first year and			
79.24	\$17,841,000 the second year are for			
79.25	distribution according to Minnesota Statutes,			
79.26	section 85.53, subdivision 3.			
79.27	(b) Money appropriated under this section			
79.28	and distributed to implementing agencies			
79.29	must be used to fund the list of recommended			
79.30	projects in the report submitted pursuant to			
79.31	Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 3, section			
79.32	4, paragraph (o). Projects funded by the			
79.33	money appropriated under this section must			
79.34	be substantially consistent with the project			

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80.1	descriptions and dollar amounts in the report.
80.2	Any funds remaining after completion of
80.3	the listed projects may be spent by the
80.4	implementing agencies on projects to support
80.5	parks and trails.
00.6	(a) Crant agreements entered into by the
80.6	(c) Grant agreements entered into by the
80.7	Metropolitan Council and recipients of
80.8	money appropriated under this section must
80.9	ensure that the funds are used to supplement
80.10	and not substitute for traditional sources of
80.11	<u>funding.</u>
80.12	(d) The implementing agencies receiving
80.13	appropriations under this section shall
80.14	give consideration to contracting with
80.15	Conservation Corps Minnesota for
80.16	restoration, maintenance, and other activities.
80.17	ARTICLE 6
80.18	CLEAN WATER FUND
	C . C. L. CLEAN WATER EUND ARROUNDLATIONS
80.19	Section 1. CLEAN WATER FUND APPROPRIATIONS.
80.20	The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the
80.21	agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the
80.22	clean water fund and are available for the fiscal years indicated for allowable activities
80.23	under the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 15. The figures "2016" and "2017"
80.24	used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the
80.25	fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, or June 30, 2017, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal
80.26	year 2016. "The second year" is fiscal year 2017. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2016
80.27	and 2017. The appropriations in this article are onetime.
80.28 80.29	<u>APPROPRIATIONS</u> Available for the Year
80.30	Ending June 30
80.31	$\frac{2016}{2016}$ 2017
80.32	Sec. 2. <u>CLEAN WATER</u>
80.33	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation \$ 110,849,000 \$ 110,849,000

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82.1	management practices; assessing best
82.2	management practice adoption; education
82.3	and technical support from University of
82.4	Minnesota Extension; and other actions to
82.5	protect groundwater from degradation from
82.6	nitrate. This appropriation is available until
82.7	June 30, 2018.
82.8	(c) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the
82.9	second year are for administering clean water
82.10	funds managed through the agriculture best
82.11	management practices loan program. Any
82.12	unencumbered balance at the end of the
82.13	second year shall be added to the corpus of
82.14	the loan fund.
82.15	(d) \$1,500,000 the first year and \$1,500,000
82.16	the second year are for technical assistance,
82.17	research, and demonstration projects on
82.18	proper implementation of best management
82.19	practices and more precise information on
82.20	nonpoint contributions to impaired waters.
82.21	This appropriation is available until June 30,
82.22	<u>2020.</u>
82.23	(e) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,100,000
82.24	the second year are for research to quantify
82.25	and reduce agricultural contributions to
82.26	impaired waters and for development and
82.27	evaluation of best management practices to
82.28	protect and restore water resources. This
82.29	appropriation is available until June 30, 2020.
82.30	(f) \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the
82.31	second year are for a research inventory
82.32	database containing water-related research
82.33	activities. Costs for information technology
82.34	development or support for this research
82.35	inventory database may be paid to the Office

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85.1	improvements in the lower St. Louis River
85.2	and Duluth harbor within the St. Louis River
85.3	System Area of Concern. This appropriation
85.4	must be matched at a rate of 65 percent
85.5	nonstate money to 35 percent state money.
85.6	(e) \$1,500,000 the first year and \$1,500,000
85.7	the second year are for the clean water
85.8	partnership program to provide grants
85.9	to protect and improve the basins and
85.10	watersheds of the state and provide financial
85.11	and technical assistance to study waters
85.12	with nonpoint source pollution problems.
85.13	Priority must be given to projects preventing
85.14	impairments and degradation of lakes, rivers,
85.15	streams, and groundwater in accordance
85.16	with Minnesota Statutes, section 114D.20,
85.17	subdivision 2, clause (4). Any balance
85.18	remaining in the first year does not cancel
85.19	and is available for the second year.
85.20	(f) \$275,000 the first year and \$275,000 the
85.21	second year are for storm water research and
85.22	guidance.
85.23	(g) \$1,150,000 the first year and \$1,150,000
85.24	the second year are for TMDL research and
85.25	database development.
85.26	(h) \$950,000 the first year and \$950,000
85.27	the second year are for national pollutant
85.28	discharge elimination system wastewater and
85.29	storm water TMDL implementation efforts.
85.30	(i) \$3,750,000 the first year and \$3,750,000
85.31	the second year are for enhancing the
85.32	county-level delivery systems for subsurface
85.33	sewage treatment system (SSTS) activities
85.34	necessary to implement Minnesota Statutes,
85.35	sections 115.55 and 115.56, for protection

86.1	of groundwater, including base grants
86.2	for all counties with SSTS programs and
86.3	competitive grants to counties with specific
86.4	plans to significantly reduce water pollution
86.5	by reducing the number of systems that
86.6	are an imminent threat to public health or
86.7	safety or are otherwise failing. Counties that
86.8	receive base grants must report the number
86.9	of sewage noncompliant properties upgraded
86.10	through SSTS replacement, connection
86.11	to a centralized sewer system, or other
86.12	means, including property abandonment
86.13	or buy-out. Counties also must report
86.14	the number of existing SSTS compliance
86.15	inspections conducted in areas under county
86.16	jurisdiction. These required reports are to
86.17	be part of established annual reporting for
86.18	SSTS programs. Counties that conduct SSTS
86.19	inventories or those with an ordinance in
86.20	place that requires an SSTS to be inspected
86.21	as a condition of transferring property or as a
86.22	condition of obtaining a local permit must be
86.23	given priority for competitive grants under
86.24	this paragraph. Of this amount, \$750,000
86.25	each year is available to counties for grants to
86.26	low-income landowners to address systems
86.27	that pose an imminent threat to public health
86.28	or safety or fail to protect groundwater. A
86.29	grant awarded under this paragraph may not
86.30	exceed \$500,000 for the biennium. A county
86.31	receiving a grant under this paragraph must
86.32	submit a report to the agency listing the
86.33	projects funded, including an account of the
86.34	expenditures.
86.35	(j) \$400,000 the first year and \$400,000 the
86.36	second year are for developing wastewater

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88.1	(b) \$1,300,000 the first year and \$1,300,000
88.2	the second year are for lake Index of
88.3	Biological Integrity (IBI) assessments.
88.4	(c) \$135,000 the first year and \$135,000
88.5	the second year are for assessing mercury
88.6	and other contaminants of fish, including
88.7	monitoring to track the status of impaired
88.8	waters over time.
88.9	(d) \$1,940,000 the first year and \$1,940,000
88.10	the second year are for developing targeted,
88.11	science-based watershed restoration and
88.12	protection strategies.
88.13	(e) \$1,375,000 the first year and \$1,375,000
88.14	the second year are for water supply planning,
88.15	aquifer protection, and monitoring activities.
88.16	(f) \$1,300,000 the first year and \$1,300,000
88.17	the second year are for technical assistance
88.18	to support local implementation of nonpoint
88.19	source restoration and protection activities,
88.20	including water quality protection in forested
88.21	watersheds.
88.22	(g) \$850,000 the first year and \$850,000 the
88.23	second year are for applied research and tools,
88.24	including watershed hydrologic modeling;
88.25	maintaining and updating spatial data for
88.26	watershed boundaries, streams, and water
88.27	bodies and integrating high-resolution digital
88.28	elevation data; assessing effectiveness of
88.29	forestry best management practices for water
88.30	quality; and developing a biomonitoring
88.31	database.
88.32	(h) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000
88.33	the second year are for developing county
88.34	geologic atlases.

89.1	(i) \$325,000 the first year and \$325,000 the			
89.2	second year are for color infrared imagery			
89.3	and analysis to determine the extent of			
89.4	permanent vegetation in riparian areas.			
89.5 89.6	Sec. 7. BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL RESOURCES	<u>\$</u>	48,134,000 \$	48,134,000
		_		
89.7	(a) \$6,000,000 the first year and \$6,000,000			
89.8	the second year are for grants to local			
89.9	government units organized for the			
89.10	management of water in a watershed or			
89.11	subwatershed that have multiyear plans			
89.12	that will result in a significant reduction in			
89.13	water pollution in a selected subwatershed.			
89.14	The grants may be used for establishment			
89.15	of riparian buffers; practices to store			
89.16	water for natural treatment and infiltration,			
89.17	including rain gardens; capturing storm			
89.18	water for reuse; stream bank, shoreland, and			
89.19	ravine stabilization; enforcement activities;			
89.20	and implementation of best management			
89.21	practices for feedlots within riparian areas			
89.22	and other practices demonstrated to be			
89.23	most effective in protecting, enhancing, and			
89.24	restoring water quality in lakes, rivers, and			
89.25	streams and protecting groundwater from			
89.26	degradation. Grant recipients must identify			
89.27	a nonstate match and may use other legacy			
89.28	funds to supplement projects funded under			
89.29	this paragraph. Grants awarded under this			
89.30	paragraph are available for four years and			
89.31	priority must be given to the best designed			
89.32	plans each year.			
89.33	(b) \$12,250,000 the first year and			
89.34	\$12,250,000 the second year are for grants			
89.35	to protect and restore surface water and			

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90.1	drinking water; to keep water on the land; to
90.2	protect, enhance, and restore water quality
90.3	in lakes, rivers, and streams; and to protect
90.4	groundwater and drinking water, including
90.5	feedlot water quality and subsurface sewage
90.6	treatment system projects and stream bank,
90.7	stream channel, shoreline restoration,
90.8	and ravine stabilization projects. The
90.9	projects must use practices demonstrated
90.10	to be effective, be of long-lasting public
90.11	benefit, include a match, and be consistent
90.12	with total maximum daily load (TMDL)
90.13	implementation plans, watershed restoration
90.14	and protection strategies (WRAPS), or local
90.15	water management plans or their equivalents.
90.16	(c) \$6,000,000 the first year and \$6,000,000
90.17	the second year are for targeted local
90.18	resource protection and enhancement grants
90.19	and statewide program enhancements for
90.20	technical assistance, citizen and community
90.21	outreach, and training and certification, as
90.22	well as projects, practices, and programs that
90.23	supplement or otherwise exceed current state
90.24	standards for protection, enhancement, and
90.25	restoration of water quality in lakes, rivers,
90.26	and streams or that protect groundwater from
90.27	degradation, including compliance.
90.28	(d) \$950,000 the first year and \$950,000
90.29	the second year are to provide state
90.30	oversight and accountability, evaluate
90.31	results, provide implementation tools, and
90.32	measure the value of conservation program
90.33	implementation by local governments,
90.34	including submission to the legislature by
90.35	March 1 each even-numbered year a biennial
90.36	report prepared by the board, in consultation

91.1	with the commissioners of natural resources,
91.2	health, agriculture, and the Pollution Control
91.3	Agency, detailing the recipients, the projects
91.4	funded under this section, and the amount of
91.5	pollution reduced.
91.6	(e) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
91.7	the second year are for grants to local units
91.8	of government to enhance compliance
91.9	with Minnesota Statutes, sections 103F.401
91.10	to 103F.455, and Minnesota Rules, part
91.11	6120.3300, subpart 7, including enforcement
91.12	efforts.
91.13	(f) \$6,000,000 the first year and \$6,000,000
91.14	the second year are to restore or preserve
91.15	permanent conservation on riparian buffers
91.16	adjacent to lakes, rivers, streams, and
91.17	tributaries, to keep water on the land in order
91.18	to decrease sediment, pollutant, and nutrient
91.19	transport; reduce hydrologic impacts to
91.20	surface waters; and increase infiltration for
91.21	groundwater recharge. This appropriation
91.22	may be used for restoration of riparian
91.23	buffers permanently protected by easements
91.24	purchased with this appropriation or contracts
91.25	to achieve permanent protection for riparian
91.26	buffers or stream bank restorations when the
91.27	riparian buffers have been restored. Up to
91.28	\$344,000 is for deposit in a monitoring and
91.29	enforcement account.
91.30	(g) \$1,750,000 the first year and \$1,750,000
91.31	the second year are for permanent
91.32	conservation easements on wellhead
91.33	protection areas under Minnesota Statutes,
91.34	section 103F.515, subdivision 2, paragraph
91.35	(d), or for grants to local units of government

92.1	for fee title acquisition to permanently
92.2	protect groundwater supply sources on
92.3	wellhead protection areas or for otherwise
92.4	assuring long-term protection of groundwater
92.5	supply sources as described under alternative
92.6	management tools in the Department
92.7	of Agriculture's Nitrogen Fertilizer
92.8	Management Plan, including low nitrogen
92.9	cropping systems or implementing nitrogen
92.10	fertilizer best management practices. Priority
92.11	must be placed on land that is located where
92.12	the vulnerability of the drinking water supply
92.13	is designated as high or very high by the
92.14	commissioner of health and where drinking
92.15	water protection plans have identified
92.16	specific activities that will achieve long-term
92.17	protection. Up to \$52,500 is for deposit in a
92.18	monitoring and enforcement account.
92.19	(h) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000
92.19 92.20	(h) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000 the second year are for community partner
92.20	the second year are for community partner
92.20 92.21	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for:
92.20 92.21 92.22	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management
92.20 92.21 92.22 92.23	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management practices that reduce storm water runoff
92.20 92.21 92.22 92.23 92.24	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management practices that reduce storm water runoff from developed or disturbed lands to reduce
92.20 92.21 92.22 92.23 92.24 92.25	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management practices that reduce storm water runoff from developed or disturbed lands to reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and
92.20 92.21 92.22 92.23 92.24 92.25 92.26	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management practices that reduce storm water runoff from developed or disturbed lands to reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and pollutants for restoration, protection, or
92.20 92.21 92.22 92.23 92.24 92.25 92.26 92.27	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management practices that reduce storm water runoff from developed or disturbed lands to reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and pollutants for restoration, protection, or enhancement of water quality in lakes, rivers,
92.20 92.21 92.22 92.23 92.24 92.25 92.26 92.27 92.28	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management practices that reduce storm water runoff from developed or disturbed lands to reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and pollutants for restoration, protection, or enhancement of water quality in lakes, rivers, and streams and to protect groundwater
92.20 92.21 92.22 92.23 92.24 92.25 92.26 92.27 92.28 92.29	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management practices that reduce storm water runoff from developed or disturbed lands to reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and pollutants for restoration, protection, or enhancement of water quality in lakes, rivers, and streams and to protect groundwater and drinking water; and (2) installation
92.20 92.21 92.22 92.23 92.24 92.25 92.26 92.27 92.28 92.29 92.30	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management practices that reduce storm water runoff from developed or disturbed lands to reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and pollutants for restoration, protection, or enhancement of water quality in lakes, rivers, and streams and to protect groundwater and drinking water; and (2) installation of proven and effective water retention
92.20 92.21 92.22 92.23 92.24 92.25 92.26 92.27 92.28 92.29 92.30 92.31	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management practices that reduce storm water runoff from developed or disturbed lands to reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and pollutants for restoration, protection, or enhancement of water quality in lakes, rivers, and streams and to protect groundwater and drinking water; and (2) installation of proven and effective water retention practices including, but not limited to, rain
92.20 92.21 92.22 92.23 92.24 92.25 92.26 92.27 92.28 92.29 92.30 92.31 92.32	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management practices that reduce storm water runoff from developed or disturbed lands to reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and pollutants for restoration, protection, or enhancement of water quality in lakes, rivers, and streams and to protect groundwater and drinking water; and (2) installation of proven and effective water retention practices including, but not limited to, rain gardens and other vegetated infiltration
92.20 92.21 92.22 92.23 92.24 92.25 92.26 92.27 92.28 92.29 92.30 92.31 92.32 92.33	the second year are for community partner grants to local units of government for: (1) structural or vegetative management practices that reduce storm water runoff from developed or disturbed lands to reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and pollutants for restoration, protection, or enhancement of water quality in lakes, rivers, and streams and to protect groundwater and drinking water; and (2) installation of proven and effective water retention practices including, but not limited to, rain gardens and other vegetated infiltration basins and sediment control basins in order

93.1	implementation plans, watershed restoration
93.2	and protection strategies (WRAPS), or local
93.3	water management plans or their equivalents.
93.4	Local government unit costs may be used as
93.5	a match.
93.6	(i) \$84,000 the first year and \$84,000 the
93.7	second year are for a technical evaluation
93.8	panel to conduct ten restoration evaluations
93.9	under Minnesota Statutes, section 114D.50,
93.10	subdivision 6.
93.11	(j) \$2,100,000 the first year and \$2,100,000
93.12	the second year are for assistance, oversight,
93.13	and grants to local governments to transition
93.14	local water management plans to a watershed
93.15	approach as provided for in Minnesota
93.16	Statutes, chapters 103B, 103C, 103D, and
93.17	<u>114D.</u>
93.18	(k) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000
93.19	the second year are for technical assistance
93.20	and grants for the conservation drainage
93.21	program in consultation with the Drainage
93.22	Work Group, coordinated under Minnesota
93.23	Statutes, section 103B.101, subdivision
93.24	13, that includes projects to improve
93.25	multipurpose water management under
93.26	Minnesota Statutes, section 103E.015.
93.27	(1) \$9,000,000 the first year and \$9,000,000
93.28	the second year are to purchase and restore
93.29	permanent conservation sites via easements
93.30	or contracts to treat and store water on the
93.31	land for water quality improvement purposes.
93.32	This work must be done in cooperation with
93.33	the United States Department of Agriculture
93.34	with a first priority use to accomplish
93.35	a conservation reserve enhancement

94.1	program, or equivalent, in the state. Up to
94.2	\$1,285,000 is for deposit in a monitoring and
94.3	enforcement account.
94.4	(m) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
94.5	the second year are to purchase permanent
94.6	conservation easements to protect lands
94.7	adjacent to public waters with good water
94.8	quality but threatened with degradation. Up
94.9	to \$190,000 is for deposit in a monitoring
94.10	and enforcement account.
94.11	(n) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000
94.12	the second year are for a program to
94.13	systematically collect data and produce
94.14	county, watershed, and statewide estimates
94.15	of soil erosion caused by water and wind
94.16	along with tracking adoption of conservation
94.17	measures to address erosion.
94.18	(o) The board shall contract for delivery
94.19	of services with Conservation Corps
94.20	Minnesota for restoration, maintenance, and
94.21	other activities under this section for up to
94.22	\$500,000 the first year and up to \$500,000
94.23	the second year.
94.24	(p) The board may shift grant or cost-share
94.25	funds in this section and may adjust the
94.26	technical and administrative assistance
94.27	portion of the funds to leverage federal or
94.28	other nonstate funds or to address oversight
94.29	responsibilities or high-priority needs
94.30	identified in local water management plans.
94.31	(q) The board shall require grantees to
94.32	specify the outcomes that will be achieved
94.33	by the grants prior to any grant awards.
94.34	(r) The appropriations in this section are
94.35	available until June 30, 2020. Returned grant

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95.1	funds are av	vailable until expe	ended and shall				
95.2	be regranted consistent with the purposes of						
95.3	this section	<u>-</u>					
95.4	Sec. 8. <u>DE</u>	PARTMENT OF	HEALTH	<u>\$</u>	4,805,000	<u>4,605,000</u>	
95.5	(a) \$1,250,0	000 the first year a	and \$1,250,000				
95.6	the second	year are for addre	essing public				
95.7	health conc	erns related to co	ntaminants				
95.8	found in M	innesota drinking	water for which				
95.9	no health-b	ased drinking wat	er standards				
95.10	exist, include	ding accelerating t	he development				
95.11	of health ri	sk limits and imp	roving the				
95.12	capacity of	the department's	laboratory to				
95.13	analyze unr	regulated contamin	nants.				
95.14	(b) \$1,900,0	000 the first year a	and \$1,900,000				
95.15	the second	year are for protec	ction of drinking				
95.16	water source	ees.					
95.17	(c) \$275,00	0 the first year an	d \$275,000 the				
95.18	second year	r are for cost-share	e assistance to				
95.19	public and	private well owne	rs for up to 50				
95.20	percent of t	he cost of sealing	unused wells.				
95.21	(d) \$450,00	00 the first year ar	nd \$450,000				
95.22	the second	year are to develo	p and deliver				
95.23	groundwate	er restoration and	protection				
95.24	strategies fo	or use on a watersl	ned scale for use				
95.25	in local wat	ter planning effort	s and to provide				
95.26	resources to	o local governmen	ts for drinking				
95.27	water source	e protection activ	ities.				
95.28	(e) \$375,00	0 the first year an	d \$375,000 the				
95.29	second year	r are for studying	the occurrence				
95.30	and magnit	ude of contaminar	nts in private				
95.31	wells and d	leveloping guidan	ce to ensure				
95.32	that new w	ell placement min	nimizes the				
95.33	potential fo	r risks, in coopera	ation with the				
95.34	commission	ner of agriculture.					

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97.1 97.2	(1) potential solutions to leverage regional water use through utilization of surface water,						
97.3	storm water, w	astewater, and gr	oundwater;				
97.4	(2) an analysis	of infrastructure	requirements				
97.5	for different al	ternatives;					
97.6	(3) developme	nt of planning le	vel cost				
97.7	estimates, incl	uding capital cos	at and				
97.8	operation cost;	<u>.</u>					
97.9	(4) identification	on of funding me	echanisms				
97.10		le cost-sharing st					
97.11	for regionally	beneficial water	supply				
97.12	development p	rojects; and					
97.13	(5) developmen	nt of subregional	groundwater				
97.14	models.						
97.15	(b) \$500,000 th	he first year and	\$500,000				
97.16	the second year	r are for the water	er demand				
97.17	reduction gran	t program to enc	ourage				
97.18	implementation	n of water deman	d reduction				
97.19	measures by n	nunicipalities in	<u>the</u>				
97.20	metropolitan an	rea to ensure the 1	reliability and				
97.21	protection of d	rinking water sup	oplies.				
97.22	Sec. 10. La	ws 2013, chapter	137, article 2, s	section 6,	is amended to read:		
97.23 97.24	Sec. 6. DEPARESOURCES	ARTMENT OF 1	NATURAL	\$	12,635,000 \$	9,450,000	
97.25	(a) \$2,000,000	the first year and	1 \$2,000,000				
97.26	the second year	ar are for stream	flow				
97.27	monitoring, inc	cluding the instal	lation of				
97.28	additional mon	itoring gauges, ar	nd monitoring				
97.29	necessary to de	etermine the rela	tionship				
97.30	between stream	n flow and groun	dwater.				
97.31	(b) \$1,300,000	the first year and	1 \$1,300,000				
97.32	the second year are for lake Index of						
97.33	Biological Integrity (IBI) assessments.						

98.1	(c) \$135,000 the first year and \$135,000
98.2	the second year are for assessing mercury
98.3	contamination and other contaminants of
98.4	fish, including monitoring to track the status
98.5	of waters impaired by mercury and mercury
98.6	reduction efforts over time.
98.7	(d) \$1,850,000 the first year and \$1,850,000
98.8	the second year are for developing targeted,
98.9	science-based watershed restoration and
98.10	protection strategies, including regional
98.11	technical assistance for TMDL plans and
98.12	development of a watershed assessment tool,
98.13	in cooperation with the commissioner of the
98.14	Pollution Control Agency. By January 15,
98.15	2016, the commissioner shall submit a report
98.16	to the chairs and ranking minority members
98.17	of the senate and house of representatives
98.18	committees and divisions with jurisdiction
98.19	over environment and natural resources
98.20	policy and finance providing the outcomes
98.21	to lakes, rivers, streams, and groundwater
98.22	achieved with this appropriation and
98.23	recommendations.
98.24	(e) \$1,375,000 the first year and \$1,375,000
98.25	the second year are for water supply planning,
98.26	aquifer protection, and monitoring activities.
98.27	(f) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
98.28	the second year are for technical assistance
98.29	to support local implementation of nonpoint
98.30	source restoration and protection activities,
98.31	including water quality protection in forested
98.32	watersheds.
98.33	(g) \$675,000 the first year and \$675,000
98.34	the second year are for applied research
98.35	and tools, including watershed hydrologic

99.1	modeling; maintaining and updating spatial
99.2	data for watershed boundaries, streams, and
99.3	water bodies and integrating high-resolution
99.4	digital elevation data; assessing effectiveness
99.5	of forestry best management practices for
99.6	water quality; and developing an ecological
99.7	monitoring database.
99.8	(h) \$615,000 the first year and \$615,000
99.9	the second year are for developing county
99.10	geologic atlases.
99.11	(i) \$85,000 the first year is to develop design
99.12	standards and best management practices
99.13	for public water access sites to maintain and
99.14	improve water quality by avoiding shoreline
99.15	erosion and runoff.
99.16	(j) \$3,000,000 the first year is for beginning
99.17	to develop and designate groundwater
99.18	management areas under Minnesota Statutes,
99.19	section 103G.287, subdivision 4. The
99.20	commissioner, in consultation with the
99.21	commissioners of the Pollution Control
99.22	Agency, health, and agriculture, shall
99.23	establish a uniform statewide hydrogeologic
99.24	mapping system that will include designated
99.25	groundwater management areas. The
99.26	mapping system must include wellhead
99.27	protection areas, special well construction
99.28	areas, groundwater provinces, groundwater
99.29	recharge areas, and other designated or
99.30	geographical areas related to groundwater.
99.31	This mapping system shall be used to
99.32	implement all groundwater-related laws
99.33	and for reporting and evaluations. This
99.34	appropriation is available until June 30, 2017.

00.1	(k) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000
00.2	the second year are for grants a grant
00.3	program to help counties and other local
00.4	units of government to adopt and implement
00.5	advanced shoreland protection measures
00.6	standards. The grants awarded under this
00.7	paragraph shall be for up to \$100,000 and
8.00	must be used to restore and enhance riparian
00.9	areas cover the costs of developing and
00.10	adopting ordinances with advanced shoreland
00.11	protection standards or implementing
00.12	advanced shoreland protection standards to
00.13	protect, enhance, and restore water quality in
00.14	public water lakes, public water wetlands,
00.15	and public water rivers, and streams. Grant
00.16	recipients must submit a report to the
00.17	commissioner on the outcomes achieved
00.18	with the grant. To be eligible for a grant
00.19	under this paragraph, a county or other local
00.20	unit of government must be adopting or have
00.21	adopted an ordinance for the subdivision,
00.22	use, redevelopment, and development of
00.23	shoreland that has been approved by the
00.24	commissioner of natural resources as having
00.25	advanced shoreland protection measures. An
00.26	ordinance Recipients will be reimbursed for
00.27	eligible costs upon adoption of ordinances
00.28	and completion of implementation activities
00.29	as provided in this paragraph and as
00.30	stipulated in the grant agreement. Ordinances
00.31	adopted under this grant program must be
00.32	approved by the commissioner and meet or
00.33	exceed the following standards:
00.34	(1) requires new sewage treatment systems
00.35	to be set back at least 100 feet from the
00.36	ordinary high water level for recreational

101.1	development <u>lake</u> shorelands and 75 feet for
101.2	general development lake shorelands;
101.3	(2) requires redevelopment and new
101.4	development on shoreland to have at least
101.5	a 50-foot vegetative buffer. An access path
101.6	and recreational use area may be allowed;
101.7	(3) requires mitigation when any variance to
101.8	standards designed to protect <u>public water</u>
101.9	lakes, public water wetlands, and public
101.10	water rivers, and streams is granted;
101.11	(4) requires best management practices to be
101.12	used to control storm water and sediment as
101.13	part of a land alteration;
101.14	(5) includes other eriteria standards
101.15	developed by the commissioner; and
101.16	(6) has been adopted by July 1, 2015 2017.
101.17	An ordinance that does not exceed all the
101.18	standards in clauses (1) to (5) is considered
101.19	to meet the requirement if the commissioner
101.20	determines that the ordinance provides
101.21	significantly greater protection for both
101.22	<u>public</u> waters and <u>shoreland</u> <u>shorelands</u> than
101.23	those standards. Implementation activities
101.24	funded under this grant program must meet
101.25	the advanced shoreland protection standards
101.26	and criteria described above. Grants awarded
101.27	under this program may not be used to
101.28	reimburse ordinance adoption or shoreland
101.29	protection implementation expenses incurred
101.30	prior to the date of a fully executed grant
101.31	agreement.
101.32	The commissioner of natural resources may
101.33	develop additional criteria for the grants
101.34	awarded under this paragraph program. In

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102.1	developing the	criteria, the co	ommissioner		
102.2	shall consider	the proposed c	hanges to		
102.3	the department	's shoreland ru	les discussed		
102.4	during the rule	making proces	s authorized		
102.5	under Laws 20	07, chapter 57	, article 1,		
102.6	section 4, subd	ivision 3.			
102.7	This appropriate	tion is available	e until spent.		
102.8	(l) \$100,000 th	ne first year is	for the		
102.9	commissioner	of natural reso	urces for		
102.10	rulemaking un	der Minnesota	Statutes,		
102.11	section 116G.1	5, subdivision	7.		
102.12	<u>EFFECT</u>	T IVE DATE. T	This section is effe	ective the day following fin	al enactment.
102.13	Sec. 11. <u>CA</u>	NCELLATIO	ON OF PRIOR A	PPROPRIATIONS.	
102.14	(a) The u	nspent balance	of the appropriati	on to the Public Facilities	Authority for the
102.15	clean water leg	acy phosphoru	s reduction grant	program under Minnesota	Statutes, section
102.16	446A.074, in L	aws 2009, cha	pter 172, article 2	, section 3, paragraph (b),	is canceled.
102.17	<u>(b) The u</u>	nspent balance	of the appropriat	ion to the Public Facilities	Authority for
102.18	the clean water	legacy phosph	norus reduction gr	ant program under Minnes	sota Statutes,
102.19	section 446A.0	74, in Laws 20	11, First Special	Session chapter 6, article 2	2, section 4,
102.20	paragraph (b),	is canceled.			

102.21

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

APPENDIX Article locations in 15-2197

ARTICLE 1	AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS	Page.Ln 1.28
ARTICLE 2	AGRICULTURE POLICY	Page.Ln 10.24
ARTICLE 3	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS	Page.Ln 40.18
ARTICLE 4	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES STATUTORY CHANGES	Page.Ln 62.14
ARTICLE 5	PARKS AND TRAILS FUND	Page.Ln 77.9
ARTICLE 6	CLEAN WATER FUND	Page.Ln 80.17

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 15-2197

17.115 SHARED SAVINGS LOAN PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The commissioner shall establish a shared savings loan program to provide loans that enable farmers to adopt best management practices that emphasize sufficiency and self-sufficiency in agricultural inputs, including energy efficiency, reduction or improved management of inputs, increasing energy production by agricultural producers, and environmental improvements.

- Subd. 2. **Loan criteria.** (a) The shared savings loan program must provide loans for purchase of new or used machinery and installation of equipment for projects that make environmental improvements and enhance farm profitability. Eligible loan uses do not include seed, fertilizer, or fuel.
- (b) Loans may not exceed \$40,000 per individual applying for a loan and may not exceed \$160,000 for loans to four or more individuals on joint projects. The loan repayment period may be up to seven years as determined by project cost and energy savings. The interest rate on the loans must not exceed six percent.
 - (c) Loans may only be made to residents of this state engaged in farming.
- Subd. 3. **Awarding of loans.** (a) Applications for loans must be made to the commissioner on forms prescribed by the commissioner.
- (b) The applications must be reviewed, ranked, and recommended by a loan review panel appointed by the commissioner. The loan review panel shall consist of two lenders with agricultural experience, two resident farmers of the state using sustainable agriculture methods, two resident farmers of the state using organic agriculture methods, a farm management specialist, a representative from a postsecondary education institution, and a chair from the department.
 - (c) The loan review panel shall rank applications according to the following criteria:
 - (1) realize savings to the cost of agricultural production;
 - (2) reduce or make more efficient use of energy or inputs;
 - (3) increase overall farm profitability; and
 - (4) result in environmental benefits.
 - (d) A loan application must show that the loan can be repaid by the applicant.
- (e) The commissioner must consider the recommendations of the loan review panel and may make loans for eligible projects.
- Subd. 4. **Administration; information dissemination.** The amount in the revolving loan account is appropriated to the commissioner to make loans under this section and administer the loan program. The interest on the money in the revolving loan account and the interest on loans repaid to the state may be spent by the commissioner for administrative expenses. The commissioner shall collect and disseminate information relating to projects for which loans are given under this section.
- Subd. 5. **Farm manure digester technology.** Appropriations in Laws 1998, chapter 401, section 6, must be used for revolving loans for demonstration projects of farm manure digester technology. Notwithstanding the limitations of subdivision 2, paragraphs (b) and (c), loans under this subdivision are no-interest loans in principal amounts not to exceed \$200,000 and may be made to any resident of this state. Loans for one or more projects must be made only after the commissioner seeks applications. Loans under this program may be used as a match for federal loans or grants. Money repaid from loans must be returned to the revolving fund for future projects.

28A.08 LICENSE FEES; PENALTIES. Subd. 3. Fees effective July 1, 2003.

			Penalties	
	Type of food handler	License Fee Effective July 1, 2003	Late Renewal	NoLicense
1.	Retail food handler			
	(a) Having gross sales of only prepackaged nonperishable food of less than \$15,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year and filing a statement with the commissioner	\$ 50	\$ 17	\$ 33

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 15-2197

	(b) Having under \$15,000 gross sales or service including food preparation or having \$15,000 to \$50,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 77	\$ 25	\$ 51
	(c) Having \$50,001 to \$250,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$155	\$ 51	\$102
	(d) Having \$250,001 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$276	\$ 91	\$182
	(e) Having \$1,000,001 to \$5,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$799	\$264	\$527
	(f) Having \$5,000,001 to \$10,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,162	\$383	\$767
	(g) Having \$10,000,001 to \$15,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,376	\$454	\$908
	(h) Having \$15,000,001 to \$20,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,607	\$530	\$1,061
	(i) Having \$20,000,001 to \$25,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,847	\$610	\$1,219
	(j) Having over \$25,000,001 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$2,001	\$660	\$1,321
2.	Wholesale food handler	\$2,001	φοσο	Ψ1,521
	(a) Having gross sales or service of less than \$25,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 57	\$ 19	\$ 38
	(b) Having \$25,001 to \$250,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$284	\$ 94	\$187
	(c) Having \$250,001 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service from a mobile unit without a separate food facility for the immediately			
	previous license or fiscal year (d) Having \$250,001 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service not covered under paragraph (c) for	\$444	\$147	\$293
	the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$590	\$195	\$389
	(e) Having \$1,000,001 to \$5,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$769	\$254	\$508
	(f) Having \$5,000,001 to \$10,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$920	\$304	\$607
	(g) Having \$10,000,001 to \$15,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$990	\$327	\$653
	(h) Having \$15,000,001 to \$20,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,156	\$381	\$763

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	(i) Having \$20,000,001 to \$25,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,329	\$439	\$877
	(j) Having over \$25,000,001 or more gross sales or service for the immediately previous	\$1,329	\$439	\$077
	license or fiscal year	\$1,502	\$496	\$991
3.	Food broker	\$150	\$ 50	\$ 99
4.	Wholesale food processor or manufacturer			
	(a) Having gross sales or service of less than \$125,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$169	\$ 56	\$112
	(b) Having \$125,001 to \$250,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$392	\$129	\$259
	(c) Having \$250,001 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$590	\$195	\$389
	(d) Having \$1,000,001 to \$5,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$769	\$254	\$508
	(e) Having \$5,000,001 to \$10,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$920	\$304	\$607
	(f) Having \$10,000,001 to \$15,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,377	\$454	\$909
	(g) Having \$15,000,001 to \$20,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,608	\$531	\$1,061
	(h) Having \$20,000,001 to \$25,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,849	\$610	\$1,220
	(i) Having \$25,000,001 to \$50,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$2,090	\$690	\$1,379
	(j) Having \$50,000,001 to \$100,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$2,330	\$769	\$1,538
	(k) Having \$100,000,000 or more gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$2,571	\$848	\$1,697
5.	Wholesale food processor of meat or poultry products under supervision of the U.S. Department of Agriculture	Ψ2,5 / 1	φοτο	Ψ1,077
	(a) Having gross sales or service of less than \$125,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$112	\$ 37	\$ 74
	(b) Having \$125,001 to \$250,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$214	\$ 71	\$141
	(c) Having \$250,001 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$333	\$110	\$220

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	(d) Having \$1,000,001 to \$5,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$425	\$140	\$281
	(e) Having \$5,000,001 to \$10,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$521	\$172	\$344
	(f) Having over \$10,000,001 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$765	\$252	\$505
	(g) Having \$15,000,001 to \$20,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$893	\$295	\$589
	(h) Having \$20,000,001 to \$25,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,027	\$339	\$678
	(i) Having \$25,000,001 to \$50,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,161	\$383	\$766
	(j) Having \$50,000,001 to \$100,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,295	\$427	\$855
	(k) Having \$100,000,001 or more gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,428	\$471	\$942
6.	Wholesale food processor or manufacturer operating only at the State Fair	\$125	\$ 40	\$ 50
7.	Wholesale food manufacturer having the permission of the commissioner to use the name Minnesota Farmstead cheese	\$ 30	\$ 10	\$ 15
8.	Wholesale food manufacturer processing less than 700,000 pounds per year of raw milk	\$ 30	\$ 10	\$ 15
9.	A milk marketing organization without facilities for processing or manufacturing that purchases milk from milk producers for delivery to a licensed wholesale food			
	processor or manufacturer	\$ 50	\$ 15	\$ 25

41A.12 AGRICULTURAL GROWTH, RESEARCH, AND INNOVATION PROGRAM.

Subd. 4. Sunset. This section expires on June 30, 2015.

84.68 FORESTS FOR THE FUTURE CONSERVATION EASEMENT ACCOUNT.

Subdivision 1. **Account established; sources.** The forests for the future conservation easement account is created in the natural resources fund in the state treasury. The following revenue shall be deposited in the account:

- (1) contributions to the account or specified for any purposes of the account;
- (2) financial contributions required under section 84.66, subdivision 11, or other applicable law; and
- (3) money appropriated or transferred for the purposes described in subdivision 2. Interest earned on money in the account accrues to the account.
- Subd. 2. **Appropriation; purposes of account.** Four percent of the balance on July 1 in the forests for the future conservation easement account is annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources and may be spent only to cover the costs of managing forests for the future conservation easements held by the Department of Natural Resources, including costs incurred from monitoring, landowner contracts, record keeping, processing landowner notices, requests for approval or amendments, and enforcement.