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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SPECIAL SESSION H. F. No. 9

06/14/2021 Authored by Marquart, Youakim and Freiberg

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

06/28/2021 Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register as Amended

Read for the Second Time
06/30/2021 Calendar for the Day
Bill was laid on the Table

Bill was taken from the Table

Amended

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1.1 A bill for an act

relating to financing and operation of state and local government; providing conformity and nonconformity to certain federal tax law changes; modifying individual income and corporate franchise taxes, sales and use taxes, partnership taxes, special and excise taxes, property taxes, local government aids, and provisions related to local taxes, tax increment financing, public finance, and other miscellaneous taxes and tax provisions; modifying certain income tax credits and authorizing new credits; modifying and providing for partnership audits; providing for a pass-through entity tax; modifying sales tax exemptions; providing for reduction of accelerated sales tax payments; modifying vapor and tobacco tax provisions; modifying and providing certain property tax exemptions; modifying property classification provisions; modifying local government aid appropriations; modifying existing local taxes and authorizing new local taxes; modifying and authorizing certain tax increment financing provisions; providing provisions related to public finance; providing for a tax expenditure review commission and the required expiration of tax expenditures; increasing the budget reserve; creating a new government grant program; providing for Tribal-state relations; establishing a frontline worker pay working group; modifying lobbying activities; providing for certain disaster response; providing for compliance with federal law background checks for certain individuals with access to federal tax information; classifying data; making minor policy and technical changes; making appointments; requiring reports; modifying appropriations; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 3.192; 3.8853, subdivision 2; 10A.01, subdivision 21; 16A.152, subdivision 2, as amended; 41A.19; 116J.8737, subdivisions 5, 12; 144F.01; 256B.76, subdivision 2, as amended if enacted; 270.41, subdivision 3a; 270.44; 270A.04, by adding a subdivision; 270B.13, by adding a subdivision; 270C.11, subdivisions 2, 4, 6; 270C.13, subdivision 1; 270C.22, subdivision 1; 270C.445, subdivisions 3, 6; 272.02, by adding a subdivision; 272.029, subdivision 2; 272.0295, subdivisions 2, 5; 273.063; 273.0755; 273.124, subdivisions 1, 9, 13, 14; 273.13, subdivisions 23, 25, 34; 273.18; 275.025, subdivisions 1, 2; 275.065, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 275.066; 287.04; 289A.08, subdivision 7, by adding a subdivision; 289A.09, subdivision 2; 289A.20, subdivision 4; 289A.31, subdivision 1; 289A.37, subdivision 2; 289A.38, subdivisions 7, 8, 9, 10; 289A.42; 289A.60, subdivisions 15, 24, by adding a subdivision; 290.01, subdivisions 19, 31; 290.0121, subdivision 3; 290.0122, subdivision 8; 290.0132, by adding a subdivision; 290.06, subdivisions 2c, 22, by adding subdivisions; 290.0671, subdivision 1; 290.0681, subdivision 10; 290.0682; 290.31, subdivision 1; 290.92, subdivisions 1, 2a, 3, 4b, 4c, 5, 5a, 19, 20; 290.923, subdivision 9; 290.993;

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290A.03, subdivision 3; 295.75, subdivision 2; 296A.06, subdivision 2; 297A.66, subdivision 3; 297A.67, by adding a subdivision; 297A.70, subdivision 13; 297A.71, subdivision 52, by adding a subdivision; 297A.75, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 297A.99, subdivision 2; 297A.993, subdivision 2; 297F.01, subdivision 22b, by adding a subdivision; 297F.031; 297F.04, subdivision 2; 297F.05, by adding a subdivision; 297F.09, subdivisions 3, 4a, 7, 10; 297F.13, subdivision 4; 297F.17, subdivisions 1, 6; 297G.09, subdivision 9; 297G.16, subdivision 7; 297H.04, subdivision 2; 297H.05; 297I.20, by adding subdivisions; 298.001, by adding a subdivision; 298.24, subdivision 1; 298.285; 298.405, subdivision 1; 325F.781, subdivisions 1, 5, 6; 429.021, subdivision 1; 429.031, subdivision 3; 453A.04, subdivision 21, by adding a subdivision; 465.71; 469.074, by adding a subdivision; 469.176, by adding a subdivision; 469.1763, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 469.319, subdivision 4; 475.56; 475.58, subdivision 3b; 475.60, subdivision 1; 475.67, subdivision 8; 477A.03, subdivision 2b; 477A.10; 477A.17; 609B.153; Laws 1963, chapter 305, sections 2, as amended; 3, as amended; 4, as amended; 5, as amended; 8, as amended; 9, as amended; 10, as amended; Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 2, section 46, subdivision 3, as amended; Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 1, article 3, section 32, as amended; Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 6, article 6, section 27; Laws 2020, Fifth Special Session chapter 3, article 3, section 5, subdivision 10; Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section 9; Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 7, article 9, section 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3; 10; 41A; 116J; 116U; 289A; 290; 299C; 462A; 477A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 270C.17, subdivision 2; 469.055, subdivision 7.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

2.26 ARTICLE 1

FEDERAL CONFORMITY; INDIVIDUAL INCOME AND CORPORATE FRANCHISE TAXES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116J.8737, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Credit allowed.** (a) A qualified investor or qualified fund is eligible for a credit equal to 25 percent of the qualified investment in a qualified small business. Investments made by a pass-through entity qualify for a credit only if the entity is a qualified fund. The commissioner must not allocate more than \$10,000,000 in credits to qualified investors or qualified funds more than the dollar amount in credits allowed for the taxable years listed in paragraph (i). For each taxable year, 50 percent must be allocated to credits for qualified investments in qualified greater Minnesota businesses and minority-owned, women-owned, or veteran-owned qualified small businesses in Minnesota. Any portion of a taxable year's credits that is reserved for qualified investments in greater Minnesota businesses and minority-owned, women-owned, or veteran-owned qualified small businesses in Minnesota that is not allocated by September 30 of the taxable year is available for allocation to other credit applications beginning on October 1. Any portion of a taxable year's credits that is not allocated by the commissioner does not cancel and may be carried forward to subsequent taxable years until all credits have been allocated.

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(b) The commissioner may not allocate more than a total maximum amount in credits for a taxable year to a qualified investor for the investor's cumulative qualified investments as an individual qualified investor and as an investor in a qualified fund; for married couples filing joint returns the maximum is \$250,000, and for all other filers the maximum is \$125,000. The commissioner may not allocate more than a total of \$1,000,000 in credits over all taxable years for qualified investments in any one qualified small business.

- (c) The commissioner may not allocate a credit to a qualified investor either as an individual qualified investor or as an investor in a qualified fund if, at the time the investment is proposed:
 - (1) the investor is an officer or principal of the qualified small business; or
- (2) the investor, either individually or in combination with one or more members of the investor's family, owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more of the outstanding securities of the qualified small business.
- A member of the family of an individual disqualified by this paragraph is not eligible for a credit under this section. For a married couple filing a joint return, the limitations in this paragraph apply collectively to the investor and spouse. For purposes of determining the ownership interest of an investor under this paragraph, the rules under section 267(c) and 267(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply.
- (d) Applications for tax credits for 2010 must be made available on the department's website by September 1, 2010, and the department must begin accepting applications by September 1, 2010. Applications for subsequent years must be made available by November 1 of the preceding year.
- (e) Qualified investors and qualified funds must apply to the commissioner for tax credits. Tax credits must be allocated to qualified investors or qualified funds in the order that the tax credit request applications are filed with the department. The commissioner must approve or reject tax credit request applications within 15 days of receiving the application. The investment specified in the application must be made within 60 days of the allocation of the credits. If the investment is not made within 60 days, the credit allocation is canceled and available for reallocation. A qualified investor or qualified fund that fails to invest as specified in the application, within 60 days of allocation of the credits, must notify the commissioner of the failure to invest within five business days of the expiration of the 60-day investment period.
- (f) All tax credit request applications filed with the department on the same day must be treated as having been filed contemporaneously. If two or more qualified investors or

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qualified funds file tax credit request applications on the same day, and the aggregate amount of credit allocation claims exceeds the aggregate limit of credits under this section or the lesser amount of credits that remain unallocated on that day, then the credits must be allocated among the qualified investors or qualified funds who filed on that day on a pro rata basis with respect to the amounts claimed. The pro rata allocation for any one qualified investor or qualified fund is the product obtained by multiplying a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of the credit allocation claim filed on behalf of a qualified investor and the denominator of which is the total of all credit allocation claims filed on behalf of all applicants on that day, by the amount of credits that remain unallocated on that day for the taxable year.

- (g) A qualified investor or qualified fund, or a qualified small business acting on their behalf, must notify the commissioner when an investment for which credits were allocated has been made, and the taxable year in which the investment was made. A qualified fund must also provide the commissioner with a statement indicating the amount invested by each investor in the qualified fund based on each investor's share of the assets of the qualified fund at the time of the qualified investment. After receiving notification that the investment was made, the commissioner must issue credit certificates for the taxable year in which the investment was made to the qualified investor or, for an investment made by a qualified fund, to each qualified investor who is an investor in the fund. The certificate must state that the credit is subject to revocation if the qualified investor or qualified fund does not hold the investment in the qualified small business for at least three years, consisting of the calendar year in which the investment was made and the two following years. The three-year holding period does not apply if:
- (1) the investment by the qualified investor or qualified fund becomes worthless before the end of the three-year period;
- (2) 80 percent or more of the assets of the qualified small business is sold before the end of the three-year period;
 - (3) the qualified small business is sold before the end of the three-year period;
- 4.29 (4) the qualified small business's common stock begins trading on a public exchange 4.30 before the end of the three-year period; or
- 4.31 (5) the qualified investor dies before the end of the three-year period.
- 4.32 (h) The commissioner must notify the commissioner of revenue of credit certificates issued under this section.

5.1	(i) The credit allowed under this subdivision is effective for each of the following taxable
5.2	<u>years</u> as follows:
5.3	(1) taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, and before January 1, 2020; and
5.4	(2) (1) \$10,000,000 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and before
5.5	January 1, 2022-; and
5.6	(2) \$5,000,000 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and before January
5.7	<u>1, 2023.</u>
5.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
5.9	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116J.8737, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
5.10	Subd. 12. Sunset. This section expires for taxable years beginning after December 31,
5.11	2021 2022, except that reporting requirements under subdivision 6 and revocation of credits
5.12	under subdivision 7 remain in effect through 2023 2024 for qualified investors and qualified
5.13	funds, and through 2025 2026 for qualified small businesses, reporting requirements under
5.14	subdivision 9 remain in effect through 2021 2022, and the appropriation in subdivision 11
5.15	remains in effect through 2025 2026.
5.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
5.17	Sec. 3. [116U.27] FILM PRODUCTION CREDIT.
5.18	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
5.19	the meanings given.
5.20	(b) "Allocation certificate" means a certificate issued by the commissioner to a taxpayer
5.21	upon receipt of an initial application for a credit for a project that has not yet been completed.
5.22	(c) "Application" means the application for a credit under subdivision 4.
5.23	(d) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.
5.24	(e) "Credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the commissioner upon submission
5.25	of the cost verification report in subdivision 4, paragraph (e).
5.26	(f) "Eligible production costs" means eligible production costs as defined in section
5.27	116U.26, paragraph (b), clause (1), incurred in Minnesota that are directly attributable to
5.28	the production of a film project in Minnesota.
5.29	(g) "Film" has the meaning given in section 116U.26, paragraph (b), clause (2).
5.30	(h) "Project" means a film:

6.1	(1) that includes the promotion of Minnesota;
6.2	(2) for which the taxpayer has expended at least \$1,000,000 in the taxable year for
6.3	eligible production costs; and
6.4	(3) to the extent practicable, that employs Minnesota residents.
6.5	(i) "Promotion of Minnesota" or "promotion" means visible display of a static or animated
6.6	logo, approved by the commissioner and lasting approximately five seconds, that promotes
6.7	Minnesota within its presentation in the end credits before the below-the-line crew crawl
6.8	for the life of the project.
6.9	Subd. 2. Credit allowed. A taxpayer is eligible for a credit up to 25 percent of eligible
6.10	production costs paid in a taxable year. A taxpayer may only claim a credit if the taxpayer
6.11	was issued a credit certificate under subdivision 4.
6.12	Subd. 3. Credit assignable. The recipient of a credit certificate may assign the certificate
6.13	to another taxpayer before any amount of the credit is claimed. The assignee is allowed the
6.14	credit under section 290.06, subdivision 39, or 297I.20, subdivision 4. An assignment is
6.15	not valid unless the assignee notifies the commissioner of revenue within 30 days of the
6.16	date that the assignment is made. The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the forms
6.17	necessary for notifying the commissioner of revenue of the assignment of a credit certificate
6.18	and for claiming a credit by assignment.
6.19	Subd. 4. Applications; allocations. (a) To qualify for a credit under this section, a
6.20	taxpayer must submit to the commissioner an application for a credit in the form prescribed
6.21	by the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of revenue.
6.22	(b) Upon approving an application for a credit that meets the requirements of this section,
6.23	the commissioner shall issue allocation certificates that:
6.24	(1) verify eligibility for the credit;
6.25	(2) state the amount of credit anticipated for the eligible project, with the credit amount
6.26	up to 25 percent of eligible project costs; and
6.27	(3) state the taxable year in which the credit is allocated.
6.28	The commissioner must consult with Minnesota Film and TV Board prior to issuing an
6.29	allocation certificate.
6.30	(c) The commissioner must not issue allocation certificates for more than \$4,950,000
6.31	of credits each year. If the entire amount is not allocated in that taxable year, any remaining

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amount is available for allocation for the four following taxable years until the entire

7.1	allocation has been made. The commissioner must not award any credits for taxable years
7.2	beginning after December 31, 2024, and any unallocated amounts cancel on that date.
7.3	(d) The commissioner must allocate credits on a first-come, first-served basis.
7.4	(e) Upon completion of a project, the taxpayer shall submit to the commissioner a report
7.5	prepared by an independent certified public accountant licensed in the state of Minnesota
7.6	to verify the amount of eligible production costs related to the project. The report must be
7.7	prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Upon receipt and
7.8	review of the cost verification report, the commissioner shall determine the final amount
7.9	of eligible production costs and issue a credit certificate to the taxpayer. The credit may not
7.10	exceed the anticipated credit amount on the allocation certificate. If the credit is less than
7.11	the anticipated amount on the allocation credit, the difference is returned to the amount
7.12	available for allocation under paragraph (c). To claim the credit under section 290.06,
7.13	subdivision 39, or 297I.20, subdivision 4, a taxpayer must include a copy of the credit
7.14	certificate as part of the taxpayer's return.
7.15	Subd. 5. Report required. By January 15, 2025, the commissioner of revenue, in
7.16	consultation with the commissioner, must provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority
7.17	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over economic development and
7.18	taxes. The report must comply with sections 3.195 and 3.197, and must detail the following:
7.19	(1) the amount of credit certifications issued annually;
7.20	(2) the number of applications submitted, the number of allocation certificates issued,
7.21	the amount of allocation certificates issued, the number of reports submitted upon completion
7.22	of a project, and the number of credit certificates issued;
7.23	(3) the types of projects eligible for the credit;
7.24	(4) the total economic impact of the credit in Minnesota, including the calendar year
7.25	over calendar year percentage changes in the number of jobs held by Minnesota residents
7.26	in businesses having a primary North American Industry Classification System code of
7.27	512110 as reported to the commissioner, for calendar years 2019 through 2023;
7.28	(5) the number of taxpayers per tax type which are assignees of credit certificates under
7.29	subdivision 3;
7.30	(6) annual Minnesota taxes paid by businesses having a primary North American Industry

and before January 1, 2024; and

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Classification System code of 512110, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018,

(7) any other information the commissioner of revenue, in consultation with the
commissioner, deems necessary for purposes of claiming and administering the credit.
Subd. 6. Appropriation. Beginning in fiscal year 2022, \$50,000 is annually appropriated
from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue for a transfer to the Department of
Employment and Economic Development for costs associated with personnel and
administrative expenses related to administering the credit. This subdivision expires on June
<u>30, 2025.</u>
Subd. 7. Expiration. Subdivisions 1 to 5 expire January 1, 2025, for taxable years
beginning after December 31, 2024.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
31, 2020, and before January 1, 2025, except that the requirement to provide the report
required in subdivision 5 expires July 1, 2025.
Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
Subd. 19. Net income. (a) For a trust or estate taxable under section 290.03, and a
corporation taxable under section 290.02, the term "net income" means the federal taxable
income, as defined in section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through
the date named in this subdivision, incorporating the federal effective dates of changes to
the Internal Revenue Code and any elections made by the taxpayer in accordance with the
Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income for federal income tax
purposes, and with the modifications provided in sections 290.0131 to 290.0136.
(b) For an individual, the term "net income" means federal adjusted gross income with
the modifications provided in sections 290.0131, 290.0132, and 290.0135 to 290.0137.
(c) In the case of a regulated investment company or a fund thereof, as defined in section
851(a) or 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, federal taxable income means investment
company taxable income as defined in section 852(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
except that:
(1) the exclusion of net capital gain provided in section 852(b)(2)(A) of the Internal
Revenue Code does not apply;
(2) the deduction for dividends paid under section 852(b)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue
Code must be applied by allowing a deduction for capital gain dividends and exempt-interest
dividends as defined in sections 852(b)(3)(C) and 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code;
and

9.1	(3) the deduction for dividends paid must also be applied in the amount of any
9.2	undistributed capital gains which the regulated investment company elects to have treated
9.3	as provided in section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.
9.4	(d) The net income of a real estate investment trust as defined and limited by section
9.5	856(a), (b), and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code means the real estate investment trust
9.6	taxable income as defined in section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.
9.7	(e) The net income of a designated settlement fund as defined in section 468B(d) of the
9.8	Internal Revenue Code means the gross income as defined in section 468B(b) of the Internal
9.9	Revenue Code.
9.10	(f) The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2018, shall
9.11	be in effect applies for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, except the sections
9.12	of federal law in section 290.0111 shall also apply.
9.13	(g) Except as otherwise provided, references to the Internal Revenue Code in this
9.14	subdivision and sections 290.0131 to 290.0136 mean the code in effect for purposes of
9.15	determining net income for the applicable year.
9.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except
9.17	the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time as
9.18	the changes were effective for federal purposes.
9.19	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.01, subdivision 31, is amended to read:
9.20	Subd. 31. Internal Revenue Code. Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal
9.21	Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December
9.22	31, 2018, except the sections of federal law in section 290.0111 shall also apply. Internal
9.23	Revenue Code also includes any uncodified provision in federal law that relates to provisions
9.24	of the Internal Revenue Code that are incorporated into Minnesota law.
9.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except
9.26	the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time as
9.27	the changes were effective for federal purposes.

Sec. 6. [290.0111] TEMPORARY CONFORMITY TO CERTAIN FEDERAL TAX 9.28

CHANGES. 9.29

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Subdivision 1. Adopting Internal Revenue Code changes. For the purposes of this chapter, "Internal Revenue Code," as defined in section 290.01, subdivisions 19 and 31,

10.1	includes the sections of federal law specified in this section as enacted or amended through
10.2	March 31, 2021.
10.3	Subd. 2. Further Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2020. (a) "Internal Revenue Code"
10.4	includes the following provisions of the Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of
10.5	2019 in Public Law 116-94:
10.6	(1) section 101;
10.7	(2) section 116;
10.8	(3) section 117;
10.9	(4) section 130;
10.10	(5) section 131;
10.11	(6) section 132;
10.12	(7) section 144;
10.13	(8) section 201;
10.14	(9) section 202; and
10.15	(10) section 204.
10.16	(b) "Internal Revenue Code" includes section 301 of the Setting Every Community Up
10.17	for Retirement Enhancement Act of 2019 in Public Law 116-94.
10.18	Subd. 3. CARES Act. "Internal Revenue Code" includes the following sections of Public
10.19	<u>Law 116-136:</u>
10.20	(1) section 1106(i); and
10.21	(2) section 2202.
10.22	Subd. 4. Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021. (a) "Internal Revenue Code" includes
10.23	the following provisions of the COVID-related Tax Relief Act of 2020 in Public Law
10.24	<u>116-260:</u>
10.25	(1) section 275;
10.26	(2) section 276; and
10.27	(3) section 277.

11.1	(b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2021,
11.2	"Internal Revenue Code" includes sections 278(b) and 278(c) of the COVID-related Tax
11.3	Relief Act of 2020 in Public Law 116-260.
11.4	Subd. 5. American Rescue Plan Act. "Internal Revenue Code" includes section 9042
11.5	of Public Law 117-2.
11.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. (a) Except as specified in subdivision 4, paragraph (b), this section
11.7	is effective the day following final enactment, except the changes incorporated by federal
11.8	changes are effective retroactively at the same time as the changes were effective for federal
11.9	purposes.
11.10	(b) Subdivision 4, paragraph (b), is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
11.11	after December 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2021.
11.12	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0122, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
11.13	Subd. 8. Losses. A taxpayer is allowed a deduction for losses. The deduction equals the
11.14	amount allowed under sections 165(d) and section 165(a) of the Internal Revenue Code,
11.15	including the limitation provided by section 67(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, for the
11.16	following:
11.17	(1) losses described in section 165(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, including the
11.18	provisions of section 165(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, but disregarding the limitation
11.19	on personal casualty losses in paragraph (h)(5)-; and
11.20	(2) losses described in section 165(d) of the Internal Revenue Code.
11.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
11.22	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision
11.23	to read:
11.24	Subd. 30. Volunteer driver reimbursement. (a) A taxpayer is allowed a subtraction
11.25	equal to the amount of mileage reimbursement paid by a charitable organization to the
11.26	taxpayer for work as a volunteer driver. The subtraction is limited to amounts paid by the
11.27	organization that:
11.28	(1) are in excess of the mileage rate for use of an automobile in rendering gratuitous
11.29	services to a charitable organization under section 170(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
11.30	(2) do not exceed the standard mileage rate for businesses established under Code of
11.31	Federal Regulations, title 26, section 1.274-5(j)(2).
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(b) For the purposes of this section, "charitable organization" means an organization
eligible for a charitable contribution under section 170(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 12.3 31, 2020. 12.4

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to 12.5 read: 12.6
- Subd. 39. Film production credit. (a) A taxpayer, including a taxpayer to whom a credit 12.7 has been assigned under section 116U.27, subdivision 3, may claim a credit against the tax 12.8 imposed by this chapter equal to the amount certified on a credit certificate under section 12.9 116U.27, subject to the limitations in this subdivision. 12.10
 - (b) The credit is limited to the liability for tax, as computed under this chapter, for the taxable year. If the amount of the credit determined under this subdivision for any taxable year exceeds this limitation, the excess is a film production credit carryover to each of the five succeeding taxable years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the taxable year is carried first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may be carried and then to each successive year to which the credit may be carried. The amount of the unused credit that may be added under this paragraph must not exceed the taxpayer's liability for tax, less any film production credit for the taxable year.
 - (c) Credits allowed to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a partnership, or an S corporation are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each based on the partner's, member's, shareholder's, or owner's share of the entity's assets, or as specially allocated in the organizational documents or any other executed agreement, as of the last day of the taxable year.
 - (d) Notwithstanding the approval and certification by the commissioner of employment and economic development under section 116U.27, the commissioner may utilize any audit and examination powers under chapter 270C or 289A to the extent necessary to verify that the taxpayer is eligible for the credit and to assess the amount of any improperly claimed credit. The commissioner may only assess the original recipient of the credit certificate for the amount of improperly claimed credits. The commissioner may not assess a credit certificate assignee for any amount of improperly claimed credits, and an assignee's claim for credit is not affected by the commissioner's assessment of improperly claimed credits against the assignor.

13.1	(e) This subdivision expires January 1, 2025, for taxable years beginning after December
13.2	31, 2024, except that the expiration of this section does not affect the commissioner of
13.3	revenue's authority to audit or power of examination and assessment for credits claimed
13.4	under this subdivision.
13.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
13.6	31, 2020, and before January 1, 2025.
13.7	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0671, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
13.8	Subdivision 1. Credit allowed. (a) An individual who is a resident of Minnesota is
13.9	allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter equal to a percentage of earned
13.10	income. To receive a credit, a taxpayer must be eligible for a credit under section 32 of the
13.11	Internal Revenue Code, except that:
13.12	(1) a taxpayer with no qualifying children who has attained the age of 21 19, but not
13.13	attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year and is otherwise eligible for a credit
13.14	under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code may also receive a credit; and
13.15	(2) a taxpayer who is otherwise eligible for a credit under section 32 of the Internal
13.16	Revenue Code remains eligible for the credit even if the taxpayer's earned income or adjusted
13.17	gross income exceeds the income limitation under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code.
13.18	(b) For individuals with no qualifying children, the credit equals 3.9 percent of the first
13.19	\$7,150 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 2.0 percent of earned income or adjusted
13.20	gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in no case is
13.21	the credit less than zero.
13.22	(c) For individuals with one qualifying child, the credit equals 9.35 percent of the first
13.23	\$11,950 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 6.0 percent of earned income or adjusted
13.24	gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in no case is
13.25	the credit less than zero.
13.26	(d) For individuals with two qualifying children, the credit equals 11 percent of the first
13.27	\$19,600 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 10.5 percent of earned income or adjusted
13.28	gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in no case is
13.29	the credit less than zero.
12.20	(a) For individuals with three or more qualifying shildren the small agreed 12.5
13.30	(e) For individuals with three or more qualifying children, the credit equals 12.5 percent of the first \$20,000 of carned income. The credit is reduced by 10.5 percent of carned income.
13.31	of the first \$20,000 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 10.5 percent of earned income

no case is the credit less than zero.

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or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in

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(f) For a part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on the percentage calculate
under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).

- (g) For a person who was a resident for the entire tax year and has earned income not subject to tax under this chapter, including income excluded under section 290.0132, subdivision 10, the credit must be allocated based on the ratio of federal adjusted gross income reduced by the earned income not subject to tax under this chapter over federal adjusted gross income. For purposes of this paragraph, the following clauses are not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter":
 - (1) the subtractions for military pay under section 290.0132, subdivisions 11 and 12;
 - (2) the exclusion of combat pay under section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- 14.11 (3) income derived from an Indian reservation by an enrolled member of the reservation while living on the reservation.
- 14.13 (h) For the purposes of this section, the phaseout threshold equals:
- (1) \$14,570 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with no qualifying children;
- 14.15 (2) \$8,730 for all other taxpayers with no qualifying children;
- (3) \$28,610 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with one qualifying child;
- (4) \$22,770 for all other taxpayers with one qualifying child;
- 14.18 (5) \$32,840 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with two qualifying children;
- (6) \$27,000 for all other taxpayers with two qualifying children;
- 14.20 (7) \$33,140 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with three or more qualifying children; and
- (8) \$27,300 for all other taxpayers with three or more qualifying children.
- 14.23 (i) The commissioner shall construct tables showing the amount of the credit at various 14.24 income levels and make them available to taxpayers. The tables shall follow the schedule 14.25 contained in this subdivision, except that the commissioner may graduate the transition 14.26 between income brackets.
- 14.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 14.28 31, 2020.

15.1	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0681, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
15.2	Subd. 10. Sunset. This section expires after fiscal year 2021 2022, except that the office's
15.3	authority to issue credit certificates under subdivision 4 based on allocation certificates that
15.4	were issued before fiscal year 2022 2023 remains in effect through 2024 2025, and the
15.5	reporting requirements in subdivision 9 remain in effect through the year following the year
15.6	in which all allocation certificates have either been canceled or resulted in issuance of credit
15.7	certificates, or 2025 2026, whichever is earlier.
15.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
15.9	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0682, is amended to read:

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290.0682 STUDENT LOAN CREDIT.

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have 15.11 15.12 the meanings given.
- (b) "Adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 15.13 62 of the Internal Revenue Code. 15.14
- (c) "Earned income" has the meaning given in section 32(c) of the Internal Revenue 15.15 15.16 Code 290.0675, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
 - (d) "Eligible individual" means a resident individual with one or more qualified education loans related to an undergraduate or graduate degree program at a postsecondary educational institution.
 - (e) "Eligible loan payments" means the amount the eligible individual paid during the taxable year in principal and interest on qualified education loans.
- (f) "Postsecondary educational institution" means a public or nonprofit postsecondary 15.22 institution eligible for state student aid under section 136A.103 or, if the institution is not 15.23 located in this state, a public or nonprofit postsecondary institution participating in the 15.24 federal Pell Grant program under title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, Public Law 15.25 89-329, as amended. 15.26
 - (g) "Qualified education loan" has the meaning given in section 221 of the Internal Revenue Code, but is limited to indebtedness incurred on behalf of the eligible individual.
- Subd. 2. Credit allowed. (a) An eligible individual is allowed a credit against the tax 15.29 due under this chapter. 15.30
 - (b) The credit for an eligible individual equals the least of:

16.1	(1) eligible loan payments minus ten percent of an amount equal to adjusted gross income
16.2	in excess of \$10,000, but in no case less than zero;
16.3	(2) the earned income for the taxable year of the eligible individual, if any;
16.4	(3) the sum of:
16.5	(i) the interest portion of eligible loan payments made during the taxable year; and
16.6	(ii) ten percent of the original loan amount of all qualified education loans of the eligible
16.7	individual; or
16.8	(4) \$500.
16.9	(c) For a part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on the percentage calculated
16.10	under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).
16.11	(d) In the case of a married couple, each spouse is eligible for the credit in this section.
16.12	For the purposes of paragraph (b), for married taxpayers filing joint returns, each spouse's
16.13	adjusted gross income equals the spouse's percentage share of the couple's earned income,
16.14	multiplied by the couple's combined adjusted gross income.
16.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
16.16	31, 2020.
10.10	<u>31, 2020.</u>
16.17	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT.
16.17	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT.
16.17 16.18	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
16.17 16.18 16.19	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. (b) "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency.
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. (b) "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. (c) "Minnesota housing tax credit contribution account" or "account" means the account
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21 16.22	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. (b) "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. (c) "Minnesota housing tax credit contribution account" or "account" means the account established in section 462A.40.
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21 16.22	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. (b) "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. (c) "Minnesota housing tax credit contribution account" or "account" means the account established in section 462A.40. (d) "Qualified project" means a project that qualifies for a grant or loan under section
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21 16.22 16.23 16.24	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. (b) "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. (c) "Minnesota housing tax credit contribution account" or "account" means the account established in section 462A.40. (d) "Qualified project" means a project that qualifies for a grant or loan under section 462A.40.
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21 16.22 16.23 16.24	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. (b) "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. (c) "Minnesota housing tax credit contribution account" or "account" means the account established in section 462A.40. (d) "Qualified project" means a project that qualifies for a grant or loan under section 462A.40. (e) "Taxpayer" means a taxpayer as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 6, or a taxpayer
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21 16.22 16.23 16.24 16.25 16.26	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. (b) "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. (c) "Minnesota housing tax credit contribution account" or "account" means the account established in section 462A.40. (d) "Qualified project" means a project that qualifies for a grant or loan under section 462A.40. (e) "Taxpayer" means a taxpayer as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 6, or a taxpayer as defined in section 297I.01, subdivision 16.
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21 16.22 16.23 16.24 16.25 16.26	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. (b) "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. (c) "Minnesota housing tax credit contribution account" or "account" means the account established in section 462A.40. (d) "Qualified project" means a project that qualifies for a grant or loan under section 462A.40. (e) "Taxpayer" means a taxpayer as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 6, or a taxpayer as defined in section 297I.01, subdivision 16. Subd. 2. Credit allowed. (a) A taxpayer is allowed a credit against the tax imposed
16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21 16.22 16.23 16.24 16.25 16.26 16.27 16.28	Sec. 13. [290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. (b) "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. (c) "Minnesota housing tax credit contribution account" or "account" means the account established in section 462A.40. (d) "Qualified project" means a project that qualifies for a grant or loan under section 462A.40. (e) "Taxpayer" means a taxpayer as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 6, or a taxpayer as defined in section 297I.01, subdivision 16. Subd. 2. Credit allowed. (a) A taxpayer is allowed a credit against the tax imposed under this chapter or the premiums tax under chapter 297I for contributions of no less than

17.1	(b) The credit may be claimed only after certification by the agency as provided in
17.2	subdivision 3.
17.3	(c) To receive the credit, a taxpayer must claim the credit in the manner prescribed by
17.4	the commissioner and file with the return a copy of the credit certificate issued by the agency
17.5	under subdivision 3, paragraph (c).
17.6	(d) The taxpayer must claim the credit for the taxable year in which the contribution
17.7	payment is received by the account.
17.8	(e) If the amount of the credit under this section exceeds the taxpayer's liability for tax
17.8	under this chapter, the excess is a credit carryover to each of the ten succeeding taxable
17.10	years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the taxable year must be carried
17.11	first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may be carried and then to each
17.12	successive year to which the credit may be carried. The amount of the unused credit that
17.13	may be added under this paragraph may not exceed the taxpayer's liability for tax, less any
17.14	credit for the current taxable year.
17.15	(f) The contribution amount used to calculate the credit under this section may not be
17.16	used to calculate any other state income tax deduction or credit allowed by law.
17.17	(g) For nonresidents and part-year residents, the credit must be allocated based on the
17.18	percentage calculated under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).
17.19	Subd. 3. Allocation. (a) To qualify for the credit, a taxpayer must contribute to the
17.20	Minnesota housing tax credit contribution account. A taxpayer may indicate that a
17.21	contribution is intended for a specific qualified project. A taxpayer is prohibited from
17.22	contributing to certain projects as provided in section 462A.40, subdivision 3.
17.23	(b) The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed to all eligible contributors is limited to
17.24	\$9,900,000 annually.
17.25	(c) Within 30 days after a taxpayer contributes to the account, the agency must file with
17.26	the contributing taxpayer a credit certificate statement or return any amounts to the taxpayer
17.27	as provided in this paragraph. The agency must send a copy of the credit certificate to the
17.28	commissioner. If there are insufficient credits to match the contribution, the agency must
17.29	not issue a credit certificate for the amount of the contribution for which there are insufficient
17.30	credits, and must return that amount to the taxpayer before issuing any credit certificate.
17.31	(d) The credit certificate must state the dollar amount of the contribution made by the
17.32	taxpayer, the date the payment was received by the account, and indicate if the contribution

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was intended for a specific qualified project.

EAP

18.1	Subd. 4. Partnerships; multiple owners. Credits granted to a partnership, a limited
18.2	liability company taxed as a partnership, S corporation, or multiple owners of property are
18.3	passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to
18.4	each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or
18.5	as specially allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed document,
18.6	as of the last day of the taxable year.
18.7	Subd. 5. Recapture. (a) Credits claimed under this section are not subject to recapture.
18.8	(b) If a grant or loan made under section 462A.40 is canceled or recaptured, the grant
18.9	or loan is returned to the account. The agency is not required to return contributions to
18.10	taxpayers who indicated that a contribution was intended for a project for which the loan
18.11	or grant is recaptured or canceled.
18.12	Subd. 6. Audit powers. Notwithstanding the credit certificate issued by the commissioner
18.13	of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency under subdivision 3, the commissioner may use
18.14	any audit and examination powers under chapter 270C or 289A to the extent necessary to
18.15	verify that the taxpayer is eligible for the credit and to assess for the amount of any
18.16	improperly claimed credit.
18.17	Subd. 7. Sunset. This section expires after December 31, 2028, except that the agency's
18.18	authority to issue credit certificates under subdivision 3 based on contributions received
18.19	before January 1, 2029, and allocation certificates that were issued before February 1, 2029,
18.20	remains in effect through January 1, 2030. The reporting requirements in section 462A.40,
18.21	subdivision 5, remain in effect through the year following the year in which all allocation
18.22	certificates have either been canceled or resulted in issuance of credit certificates, or January
18.23	1, 2031, whichever is earlier. The expiration of this section does not affect the commissioner's
18.24	authority to audit or power of examination and assessment for credits claimed under this
18.25	section.
18.26	Subd. 8. Appropriation. Beginning in fiscal year 2023, \$100,000 is annually appropriated
18.27	from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue for a transfer to the Minnesota Housing
18.28	Finance Agency for costs associated with personnel and administrative expenses related to
18.29	administering the credit. This subdivision expires on June 30, 2028.
18.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
18.31	31, 2022.

EAP

19.1	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297I.20, is amended by adding a subdivision
19.2	to read:
19.3	Subd. 4. Film production credit. (a) A taxpayer may claim a credit against the premiums
19.4	tax imposed under this chapter equal to the amount indicated on the credit certificate
19.5	statement issued to the company under section 116U.27. If the amount of the credit exceeds
19.6	the taxpayer's liability for tax under this chapter, the excess is a credit carryover to each of
19.7	the five succeeding taxable years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the
19.8	taxable year must be carried first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may
19.9	be carried and then to each successive year to which the credit may be carried. This credit
19.10	does not affect the calculation of fire state aid under section 477B.03 and police state aid
19.11	under section 477C.03.
19.12	(b) This subdivision expires January 1, 2025, for taxable years beginning after and
19.13	premiums received after December 31, 2024.
19.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after and for
19.15	premiums received after December 31, 2020, and before January 1, 2025.
.,	promising received area position 51, 2020, and corors variably 1, 2020.
19.16	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297I.20, is amended by adding a subdivision
19.17	to read:
19.18	Subd. 5. Minnesota housing tax credit. A taxpayer may claim a credit against the
19.19	premiums tax imposed under this chapter equal to the amount indicated on the credit
19.20	certificate statement issued to the taxpayer under section 290.0683. If the amount of the
19.21	credit exceeds the liability for tax under this chapter, the excess is a credit carryover to each
19.22	of the ten succeeding taxable years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the
19.23	taxable year must be carried first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may
19.24	be carried and then to each successive year to which the credit may be carried. This credit
19.25	does not affect the calculation of fire state aid under section 477B.03 and police state aid
19.26	under section 477C.03.
19.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after and for
19.28	premiums received after December 31, 2022, and before January 1, 2029.
19.29	Sec. 16. [462A.40] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT CONTRIBUTION
19.30	ACCOUNT.

Article 1 Sec. 16.

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is created in the housing development fund in the state treasury. The account is administered

Subdivision 1. Account created. The Minnesota housing tax credit contribution account

20.1	by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. Amounts contributed to the account are
20.2	appropriated to the agency. The agency may use the amounts appropriated to direct
20.3	disbursements from the account as loans or grants to eligible recipients as provided in this
20.4	section.
20.5	Subd. 2. Use of funds; grant and loan program. (a) The agency may award grants and
20.6	loans to be used for multifamily and single family developments for persons and families
20.7	of low and moderate income. Allowable use of the funds include: gap financing, as defined
20.8	in section 462A.33, subdivision 1; new construction; acquisition; rehabilitation; demolition
20.9	or removal of existing structures; construction financing; permanent financing; interest rate
20.10	reduction; and refinancing.
20.11	(b) The agency may give preference for grants and loans to comparable proposals that
20.12	include regulatory changes or waivers that result in identifiable cost avoidance or cost
20.13	reductions, including but not limited to increased density, flexibility in site development
20.14	standards, or zoning code requirements.
20.15	(c) The agency shall separately set aside:
20.16	(1) at least ten percent of the financing under this section for housing units located in a
20.17	township or city with a population of 2,500 or less that is located outside the metropolitan
20.18	area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;
20.19	(2) at least 35 percent of the financing under this section for housing for persons and
20.20	families whose income is 50 percent or less of the area median income for the applicable
20.21	county or metropolitan area as published by the Department of Housing and Urban
20.22	Development, as adjusted for household size; and
20.23	(3) at least 25 percent of the financing under this section for single-family housing.
20.24	(d) If by September 1 of each year the agency does not receive requests to use all of the
20.25	amounts set aside under paragraph (c), the agency may use any remaining financing for
20.26	other projects eligible under this section.
20.27	Subd. 3. Eligible recipients; definitions; restrictions; use of funds. (a) The agency
20.28	may award a loan to any recipient that qualifies under subdivision 2. The agency must not
20.29	award a grant to a disqualified individual or disqualified business.
20.30	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified individual means an individual who:
20.31	(1) made a contribution to the account in the current or prior taxable year and received
20.32	a credit certificate;

21.1	(2) owns the housing for which the grant or loan will be used and is using that housing
21.2	as their domicile;
21.3	(3) meets the following criteria:
21.4	(i) the individual is an officer or principal of a business entity; and
21.5	(ii) that business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous
21.6	taxable year and received a credit certificate; or
21.7	(4) meets the following criteria:
21.8	(i) the individual owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more of the
21.9	outstanding securities of a business entity; and
21.10	(ii) that business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous
21.11	taxable year and received a credit certificate.
21.12	(c) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified business means a business entity
21.13	that:
21.14	(1) made a contribution to the account in the current or prior taxable year and received
21.15	a credit certificate;
21.16	(2) has an officer or principal who is an individual who made a contribution to the
21.17	account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate; or
21.18	(3) meets the following criteria:
21.19	(i) the business entity is owned, controlled, or is subject to the power to vote 20 percent
21.20	or more of the outstanding securities by an individual or business entity; and
21.21	(ii) that controlling individual or business entity made a contribution to the account in
21.22	the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate.
21.23	(d) The disqualifications in paragraphs (b) and (c) apply if the taxpayer would be
21.24	disqualified either individually or in combination with one or more members of the taxpayer's
21.25	family, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, section 267(c)(4). For a married couple
21.26	filing a joint return, the limitations in this paragraph apply collectively to the taxpayer and
21.27	spouse. For purposes of determining the ownership interest of a taxpayer under paragraph
21.28	(a), clause (4), the rules under section 267(c) and 267(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply.
21.29	(e) Before applying for a grant or loan, all recipients must sign a disclosure that the
21.30	disqualifications under this subdivision do not apply. The Minnesota Housing Finance
21.31	Agency must prescribe the form of the disclosure.

22.1	(f) The agency may award grants or loans to a city as defined in section 462A.03,
22.2	subdivision 21; a federally recognized American Indian tribe or subdivision located in
22.3	Minnesota; a tribal housing corporation; a private developer; a nonprofit organization; a
22.4	housing and redevelopment authority under sections 469.001 to 469.047; a public housing
22.5	authority or agency authorized by law to exercise any of the powers granted by sections
22.6	469.001 to 469.047; or the owner of the housing. The provisions of subdivision 2, and
22.7	paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of this subdivision, regarding the use of funds and eligible
22.8	recipients apply to grants and loans awarded under this paragraph.
22.9	(g) Except for the set-aside provided in subdivision 2, paragraph (d), eligible recipients
22.10	must use the funds to serve households that meet the income limits as provided in section
22.11	462A.33, subdivision 5.
22.12	Subd. 4. Recapture. A loan or grant awarded under this section is subject to repayment
22.13	or recapture under rules adopted by the agency. Any amount of a loan or grant that is repaid
22.14	or recaptured must be redeposited in the account and is not returned to the taxpayer who
22.15	made the contribution.
22.16	Subd. 5. Report. The agency shall report by January 15 each year to the chairs and
22.17	ranking minority members of the legislative policy and finance committees with jurisdiction
22.18	over housing on the tax credits and financing provided in the previous fiscal year. The report
22.19	shall provide a breakdown of the tax credits, grants, and loans by region of the state. The
22.20	report shall also include information on planned financing in the current fiscal year.
22.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
22.22	<u>31, 2022.</u>
22.23	Sec. 17. CLARIFICATION OF SECTION 179 EXPENSING CONFORMITY.
22.24	For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, no addition is required under
22.25	Minnesota Statutes, sections 290.0131, subdivision 10, and 290.0133, subdivision 12, for
22.26	property placed in service in taxable years beginning before January 1, 2020, including the
22.27	following:
22.28	(1) the addition for carryover amounts pursuant to section 179(b)(3) of the Internal
22.29	Revenue Code for property placed in service in taxable years beginning before January 1,
22.30	2020; and
22.31	(2) the addition for property placed in service in taxable years beginning before January
22.32	1, 2020, resulting from being a shareholder or partner in an S-corporation or partnership
22.33	with a taxable year that began before January 1, 2020.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019.

23.3	ARTICLE 2
23.4	PARTNERSHIP AUDITS

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270C.445, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. Enforcement; administrative order; penalties; cease and desist. (a) The commissioner may impose an administrative penalty of not more than \$1,000 per violation of subdivision 3 or 5, or section 270C.4451, provided that a penalty may not be imposed for any conduct for which a tax preparer penalty is imposed under section 289A.60, subdivision 13. The commissioner may terminate a tax preparer's authority to transmit returns electronically to the state, if the commissioner determines the tax preparer engaged in a pattern and practice of violating this section. Imposition of a penalty under this paragraph is subject to the contested case procedure under chapter 14. The commissioner shall collect the penalty in the same manner as the income tax. There is no right to make a claim for refund under section 289A.50 of the penalty imposed under this paragraph. Penalties imposed under this paragraph are public data.
- (b) In addition to the penalty under paragraph (a), if the commissioner determines that a tax preparer has violated subdivision 3 or 5, or section 270C.4451, the commissioner may issue an administrative order to the tax preparer requiring the tax preparer to cease and desist from committing the violation. The administrative order may include an administrative penalty provided in paragraph (a).
- (c) If the commissioner issues an administrative order under paragraph (b), the commissioner must send the order to the tax preparer addressed to the last known address of the tax preparer.
 - (d) A cease and desist order under paragraph (b) must:
- (1) describe the act, conduct, or practice committed and include a reference to the law 23.26 that the act, conduct, or practice violates; and 23.27
- (2) provide notice that the tax preparer may request a hearing as provided in this 23.28 subdivision. 23.29
- 23.30 (e) Within 30 days after the commissioner issues an administrative order under paragraph (b), the tax preparer may request a hearing to review the commissioner's action. The request 23.31 for hearing must be made in writing and must be served on the commissioner at the address 23.32

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specified in the order. The hearing request must specifically state the reasons for seeking review of the order. The date on which a request for hearing is served by mail is the postmark date on the envelope in which the request for hearing is mailed.

- (f) If a tax preparer does not timely request a hearing regarding an administrative order issued under paragraph (b), the order becomes a final order of the commissioner and is not subject to review by any court or agency.
- (g) If a tax preparer timely requests a hearing regarding an administrative order issued under paragraph (b), the hearing must be commenced within ten days after the commissioner receives the request for a hearing.
- (h) A hearing timely requested under paragraph (e) is subject to the contested case procedure under chapter 14, as modified by this subdivision. The administrative law judge must issue a report containing findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a recommended order within ten days after the completion of the hearing, the receipt of late-filed exhibits, or the submission of written arguments, whichever is later.
- (i) Within five days of the date of the administrative law judge's report issued under paragraph (h), any party aggrieved by the administrative law judge's report may submit written exceptions and arguments to the commissioner. Within 15 days after receiving the administrative law judge's report, the commissioner must issue an order vacating, modifying, or making final the administrative order.
- (j) The commissioner and the tax preparer requesting a hearing may by agreement lengthen any time periods prescribed in paragraphs (g) to (i).
- (k) An administrative order issued under paragraph (b) is in effect until it is modified or vacated by the commissioner or an appellate court. The administrative hearing provided by paragraphs (e) to (i) and any appellate judicial review as provided in chapter 14 constitute the exclusive remedy for a tax preparer aggrieved by the order.
- (l) The commissioner may impose an administrative penalty, in addition to the penalty under paragraph (a), up to \$5,000 per violation of a cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b). Imposition of a penalty under this paragraph is subject to the contested case procedure under chapter 14. Within 30 days after the commissioner imposes a penalty under this paragraph, the tax preparer assessed the penalty may request a hearing to review the penalty order. The request for hearing must be made in writing and must be served on the commissioner at the address specified in the order. The hearing request must specifically state the reasons for seeking review of the order. The cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b) is not subject to review in a proceeding to challenge the penalty order under

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this paragraph. The date on which a request for hearing is served by mail is the postmark
date on the envelope in which the request for hearing is mailed. If the tax preparer does not
timely request a hearing, the penalty order becomes a final order of the commissioner and
is not subject to review by any court or agency. A penalty imposed by the commissioner
under this paragraph may be collected and enforced by the commissioner as an income tax
liability. There is no right to make a claim for refund under section 289A.50 of the penalty
imposed under this paragraph. A penalty imposed under this paragraph is public data.

- (m) If a tax preparer violates a cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b), the commissioner may terminate the tax preparer's authority to transmit returns electronically to the state. Termination under this paragraph is public data.
- (n) A cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b) is public data when it is a final order.
- (o) Notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner may impose a penalty or take other action under this subdivision against a tax preparer, with respect to a return, within the period to assess tax on that return as provided by section sections 289A.38 to 289A.382.
- (p) Notwithstanding any other law, the imposition of a penalty or any other action against a tax preparer under this subdivision, other than with respect to a return, must be taken by the commissioner within five years of the violation of statute.
- 25.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
 25.20 after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of
 25.21 Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively
 25.22 and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. Individual income, fiduciary income, mining company, corporate franchise, and entertainment taxes. (a) Individual income, fiduciary income, mining company, and corporate franchise taxes, and interest and penalties, must be paid by the taxpayer upon whom the tax is imposed, except in the following cases:
 - (1) the tax due from a decedent for that part of the taxable year in which the decedent died during which the decedent was alive and the taxes, interest, and penalty due for the prior years must be paid by the decedent's personal representative, if any. If there is no personal representative, the taxes, interest, and penalty must be paid by the transferees, as defined in section 270C.58, subdivision 3, to the extent they receive property from the decedent:

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(2) the tax due from an infant or other incompetent person must be paid by the person's guardian or other person authorized or permitted by law to act for the person;

- (3) the tax due from the estate of a decedent must be paid by the estate's personal representative;
- (4) the tax due from a trust, including those within the definition of a corporation, as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 4, must be paid by a trustee; and
 - (5) the tax due from a taxpayer whose business or property is in charge of a receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, assignee, or other conservator, must be paid by the person in charge of the business or property so far as the tax is due to the income from the business or property.
 - (b) Entertainment taxes are the joint and several liability of the entertainer and the entertainment entity. The payor is liable to the state for the payment of the tax required to be deducted and withheld under section 290.9201, subdivision 7, and is not liable to the entertainer for the amount of the payment.
- (c) The taxes imposed under sections 289A.35, paragraph (b), 289A.382, subdivision 26.14 3, and 290.0922 on partnerships are the joint and several liability of the partnership and the 26.15 general partners. 26.16
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 26.17 after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of 26.18 Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively 26.19 and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates. 26.20
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 26.21
- Subd. 2. Erroneous refunds. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), an erroneous 26.22 refund occurs when the commissioner issues a payment to a person that exceeds the amount 26.23 the person is entitled to receive under law. An erroneous refund is considered an 26.24 underpayment of tax on the date issued. 26.25
- (b) To the extent that the amount paid does not exceed the amount claimed by the 26.26 taxpayer, an erroneous refund does not include the following: 26.27
- (1) any amount of a refund or credit paid pursuant to a claim for refund filed by a 26.28 taxpayer, including but not limited to refunds of claims made under section 290.06, 26.29 subdivision 23; 290.067; 290.0671; 290.0672; 290.0674; 290.0675; 290.0677; 290.068; 26.30 26.31 290.0681; or 290.0692; or chapter 290A; or

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(2) any amount paid pursuant to a claim for refund of an overpayment of tax filed by a taxpayer.

- (c) The commissioner may make an assessment to recover an erroneous refund at any time within two years from the issuance of the erroneous refund. If all or part of the erroneous refund was induced by fraud or misrepresentation of a material fact, the assessment may be made at any time.
- (d) Assessments of amounts that are not erroneous refunds under paragraph (b) must be conducted under section sections 289A.38 to 289A.382.
- 27.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
 27.10 after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of
 27.11 Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively
 27.12 and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.38, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 7. Federal tax changes. (a) If the amount of income, items of tax preference, deductions, or credits for any year of a taxpayer, or the wages paid by a taxpayer for any period, as reported to the Internal Revenue Service is changed or corrected by the commissioner of Internal Revenue or other officer of the United States or other competent authority, or where a renegotiation of a contract or subcontract with the United States results in a change in income, items of tax preference, deductions, credits, or withholding tax, or, in the case of estate tax, where there are adjustments to the taxable estate, the taxpayer shall report the change or correction or renegotiation results federal adjustments in writing to the commissioner. The federal adjustments report must be submitted within 180 days after the final determination date and must be in the form of either an amended Minnesota estate, withholding tax, corporate franchise tax, or income tax return conceding the accuracy of the federal determination adjustment or a letter detailing how the federal determination adjustment is incorrect or does not change the Minnesota tax. An amended Minnesota income tax return must be accompanied by an amended property tax refund return, if necessary. A taxpayer filing an amended federal tax return must also file a copy of the amended return with the commissioner of revenue within 180 days after filing the amended return.
 - (b) For the purposes of paragraph (a), a change or correction includes any case where a taxpayer reaches a closing agreement or compromise with the Internal Revenue Service under section 7121 or 7122 of the Internal Revenue Code. In the case of a final federal adjustment arising from a partnership-level audit or an administrative adjustment request

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filed by a partnership under section 6227 of the Internal Revenue Code, a taxpayer must report adjustments as provided for under section 289A.382, and not this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.38, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. Failure to report change or correction of federal return. If a taxpayer fails to make a federal adjustments report as required by subdivision 7 or section 289A.382, the commissioner may recompute the tax, including a refund, based on information available to the commissioner. The tax may be recomputed within six years after the federal adjustments report should have been filed, notwithstanding any period of limitations to the contrary.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.38, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 28.18
 - Subd. 9. Report made of change or correction of federal return. If a taxpayer is required to make a federal adjustments report under subdivision 7 or section 289A.382, and does report the change or files a copy of the amended return, the commissioner may recompute and reassess the tax due, including a refund (1) within one year after the federal adjustments report or amended return is filed with the commissioner, notwithstanding any period of limitations to the contrary, or (2) within any other applicable period stated in this section, whichever period is longer. The period provided for the carryback of any amount of loss or credit is also extended as provided in this subdivision, notwithstanding any law to the contrary. If the commissioner has completed a field audit of the taxpayer, and, but for this subdivision, the commissioner's time period to adjust the tax has expired, the additional tax due or refund is limited to only those changes that are required to be made to the return which relate to the changes made on the federal return. This subdivision does not apply to sales and use tax.
 - For purposes of this subdivision and section 289A.42, subdivision 2, a "field audit" is the physical presence of examiners in the taxpayer's or taxpayer's representative's office

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conducting an examination of the taxpayer with the intention of issuing an assessment or notice of change in tax or which results in the issuing of an assessment or notice of change in tax. The examination may include inspecting a taxpayer's place of business, tangible personal property, equipment, computer systems and facilities, pertinent books, records, papers, vouchers, computer printouts, accounts, and documents.

A taxpayer may make estimated payments to the commissioner of the tax expected to result from a pending audit by the Internal Revenue Service. The taxpayer may make estimated payments prior to the due date of the federal adjustments report without the taxpayer having to file the report with the commissioner. The commissioner must credit the estimated tax payments against any tax liability of the taxpayer ultimately found to be due to the commissioner. The estimated payments limit the accrual of further statutory interest on that amount. If the estimated tax payments exceed the final tax liability plus statutory interest ultimately determined to be due, the taxpayer is entitled to a refund or credit for the excess, provided the taxpayer files a federal adjustments report, or claim for refund or credit of tax, no later than one year following the final determination date.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.38, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Incorrect determination of federal adjusted gross income.** Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a taxpayer whose net income is determined under section 290.01, subdivision 19, omits from income an amount that will under the Internal Revenue Code extend the statute of limitations for the assessment of federal income taxes, or otherwise incorrectly determines the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income resulting in adjustments by the Internal Revenue Service, then the period of assessment and determination of tax will be that under the Internal Revenue Code. When a change is made to federal income during the extended time provided under this subdivision, the provisions under subdivisions 7 to 9 and section 289A.382 regarding additional extensions apply.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

Sec. 8. [289A.381] DEFI	NITIONS; PARTNERSHIPS; FEDERAL ADJUSTMENTS.
Subdivision 1. Definition	ons relating to federal adjustments. Unless otherwise specified,
the definitions in this section	on apply for the purposes of sections 289A.38, subdivisions 7 to
9, 289A.381, and 289A.382	<u>2.</u>
Subd. 2. Administrativ	ve adjustment request. "Administrative adjustment request"
means an administrative ad	justment request filed by a partnership under section 6227 of
the Internal Revenue Code	<u>:</u>
Subd. 3. Audited partr	nership. "Audited partnership" means a partnership subject to a
federal adjustment resulting	g from a partnership-level audit.
Subd. 4. Corporate pa	rtner. "Corporate partner" means a partner that is subject to tax
under section 290.02.	
Subd. 5. Direct partner	r. "Direct partner" means a partner that holds an immediate legal
ownership interest in a part	enership or pass-through entity.
Subd. 6. Exempt partn	er. "Exempt partner" means a partner that is exempt from taxes
on its net income under sec	etion 290.05, subdivision 1.
Subd. 7. Federal adjus	tment. "Federal adjustment" means any change in an amount
calculated under the Interna	al Revenue Code, whether to income, gross estate, a credit, an
tem of preference, or any o	ther item that is used by a taxpayer to compute a tax administered
nder this chapter for the re	eviewed year whether that change results from action by the
nternal Revenue Service o	r other competent authority, including a partnership-level audit,
or from the filing of an amo	ended federal return, federal refund claim, or an administrative
adjustment request by the t	axpayer. A federal adjustment is positive to the extent that it
ncreases taxable income as	determined under section 290.01, subdivision 29, and is negative
to the extent that it decreases	s taxable income as determined under section 290.01, subdivision
<u> 29.</u>	
Subd. 8. Federal adjus	tments report. "Federal adjustments report" includes a method
or form prescribed by the co	ommissioner for use by a taxpayer to report federal adjustments,
including an amended Min	nesota tax return or a uniform multistate report.
Subd. 9. Federal partn	ership representative. "Federal partnership representative"
means the person the partn	ership designates for the taxable year as the partnership's
representative, or the perso	n the Internal Revenue Service has appointed to act as the
partnership representative,	pursuant to section 6223(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
Subd. 10. Final determ	ination date. "Final determination date" means:

31.1	(1) for a federal adjustment arising from an audit by the Internal Revenue Service or
31.2	other competent authority, the first day on which no federal adjustment arising from that
31.3	audit remains to be finally determined, whether by agreement, or, if appealed or contested,
31.4	by a final decision with respect to which all rights of appeal have been waived or exhausted;
31.5	(2) for a federal adjustment arising from an audit or other action by the Internal Revenue
31.6	Service or other competent authority, if the taxpayer filed as a member of a combined report
31.7	under section 290.17, subdivision 4, the first day on which no related federal adjustments
31.8	arising from that audit remain to be finally determined as described in clause (1) for the
31.9	entire combined group;
31.10	(3) for a federal adjustment arising from the filing of an amended federal return, a federal
31.11	refund claim, or the filing by a partnership of an administrative adjustment request, the date
31.12	on which the amended return, refund claim, or administrative adjustment request was filed;
31.13	<u>or</u>
31.14	(4) for agreements required to be signed by the Internal Revenue Service and the taxpayer,
31.15	the date on which the last party signed the agreement.
31.16	Subd. 11. Final federal adjustment. "Final federal adjustment" means a federal
31.17	adjustment after the final determination date for that federal adjustment has passed.
31.18	Subd. 12. Indirect partner. "Indirect partner" means either:
31.19	(1) a partner in a partnership or pass-through entity that itself holds an immediate legal
31.20	ownership interest in another partnership or pass-through entity; or
31.21	(2) a partner in a partnership or pass-through entity that holds an indirect interest in
31.22	another partnership or pass-through entity through another indirect partner.
31.23	Subd. 13. Partner. "Partner" means a person that holds an interest directly or indirectly
31.24	in a partnership or other pass-through entity.
31.25	Subd. 14. Partnership. "Partnership" has the meaning provided under section 7701(a)(2)
31.26	of the Internal Revenue Code.
31.27	Subd. 15. Partnership-level audit. "Partnership-level audit" means an examination by
31.28	the Internal Revenue Service at the partnership level pursuant to subtitle F, chapter 63,
31.29	subchapter C, of the Internal Revenue Code, which results in federal adjustments and
31.30	adjustments to partnership-related items.
31.31	Subd. 16. Pass-through entity. "Pass-through entity" means an entity, other than a
31.32	partnership, that is not subject to the tax imposed under section 290.02. The term pass-through

32.1	entity includes but is not limited to S corporations, estates, and trusts other than grantor
32.2	<u>trusts.</u>
32.3	Subd. 17. Resident partner. "Resident partner" means an individual, trust, or estate
32.4	partner who is a resident of Minnesota under section 290.01, subdivision 7, 7a, or 7b, for
32.5	the relevant tax period.
32.6	Subd. 18. Reviewed year. "Reviewed year" means the taxable year of a partnership that
32.7	is subject to a partnership-level audit from which federal adjustments arise.
32.8	Subd. 19. Tiered partner. "Tiered partner" means any partner that is a partnership or
32.9	pass-through entity.
32.10	Subd. 20. Unrelated business taxable income. "Unrelated business taxable income"
32.11	has the meaning provided under section 512 of the Internal Revenue Code.
32.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
32.13	after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of
32.14	Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively
32.15	and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.
32.16	Sec. 9. [289A.382] REPORTING AND PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS.
32.17	Subdivision 1. State partnership representative. (a) With respect to an action required
32.17	or permitted to be taken by a partnership under this section, or in a proceeding under section
	270C.35 or 271.06, the state partnership representative for the reviewed year shall have the
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32.20	sole authority to act on behalf of the partnership, and its direct partners and indirect partners
32.21	shall be bound by those actions.
32.22	(b) The state partnership representative for the reviewed year is the partnership's federal
32.23	partnership representative unless the partnership, in a form and manner prescribed by the
32.24	commissioner, designates another person as its state partnership representative.
32.25	Subd. 2. Reporting and payment requirements for partnerships and tiered
32.26	partners. (a) Except for when an audited partnership makes the election in subdivision 3,
32.27	and except for negative federal adjustments required under federal law taken into account
32.28	by the partnership in the partnership return for the adjustment or other year, all final federal
32.29	adjustments of an audited partnership must comply with paragraph (b) and each direct
32.30	partner of the audited partnership, other than a tiered partner, must comply with paragraph
32.31	<u>(c).</u>
32.32	(b) No later than 90 days after the final determination date, the audited partnership must:

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33.1	(1) file a completed federal adjustments report, including all partner-level information
33.2	required under section 289A.12, subdivision 3, with the commissioner;
33.3	(2) notify each of its direct partners of their distributive share of the final federal
33.4	adjustments;
33.5	(3) file an amended composite report for all direct partners who were included in a
33.6	composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, in the reviewed year, and pay the
33.7	additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments been reported
33.8	properly as required; and
33.9	(4) file amended withholding reports for all direct partners who were or should have
33.10	been subject to nonresident withholding under section 290.92, subdivision 4b, in the reviewed
33.11	year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments
33.12	been reported properly as required.
33.13	(c) No later than 180 days after the final determination date, each direct partner, other
33.14	than a tiered partner, that is subject to a tax administered under this chapter, other than the
33.15	sales tax, must:
33.16	(1) file a federal adjustments report reporting their distributive share of the adjustments
33.17	reported to them under paragraph (b), clause (2); and
33.18	(2) pay any additional amount of tax due as if the final federal adjustment had been
33.19	properly reported, plus any penalty and interest due under this chapter, and less any credit
33.20	for related amounts paid or withheld and remitted on behalf of the direct partner under
33.21	paragraph (b), clauses (3) and (4).
33.22	Subd. 3. Election; partnership or tiered partners pay. (a) An audited partnership may
33.23	make an election under this subdivision to pay its assessment at the entity level. If an audited
33.24	partnership makes an election to pay its assessment at the entity level it must:
33.25	(1) no later than 90 days after the final determination date:
33.26	(i) file a completed federal adjustments report, which includes the residency information
33.27	for all individual, trust, and estate direct partners and information pertaining to all other
33.28	direct partners as prescribed by the commissioner; and
33.29	(ii) notify the commissioner that it is making the election under this subdivision; and
33.30	(2) no later than 180 days after the final determination date, pay an amount, determined
33.31	as follows, in lieu of taxes on partners:

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34.1	(i) exclude from final federal adjustments the distributive share of these adjustments
34.2	made to a direct exempt partner that is not unrelated business taxable income;
34.3	(ii) exclude from final federal adjustments the distributive share of these adjustments
34.4	made to a direct partner that has filed a federal adjustments report and paid the applicable
34.5	tax, as required under subdivision 2, for the distributive share of adjustments reported on a
34.6	federal return under section 6225(c) of the Internal Revenue Code;
34.7	(iii) assign and apportion at the partnership level using sections 290.17 to 290.20 the
34.8	total distributive share of the remaining final federal adjustments for the reviewed year
34.9	attributed to direct corporate partners and direct exempt partners; multiply the total by the
34.10	highest tax rate in section 290.06, subdivision 1, for the reviewed year; and calculate interest
34.11	and penalties as applicable under this chapter;
34.12	(iv) allocate at the partnership level using section 290.17, subdivision 1, the total
34.13	distributive share of all final federal adjustments attributable to individual resident direct
34.14	partners for the reviewed year; multiply the total by the highest tax rate in section 290.06,
34.15	subdivision 2c, for the reviewed year; and calculate interest and penalties as applicable
34.16	under this chapter;
34.17	(v) assign and apportion at the partnership level using sections 290.17 to 290.20 the total
34.18	distributive share of the remaining final federal adjustments attributable to nonresident
34.19	individual direct partners and direct partners who are an estate or a trust for the reviewed
34.20	year; multiply the total by the highest tax rate in section 290.06, subdivision 2c, for the
34.21	reviewed year; and calculate interest and penalties as applicable under this chapter;
34.22	(vi) for the total distributive share of the remaining final federal adjustments reported
34.23	to tiered partners:
34.24	(A) determine the amount of the adjustments that would be assigned using section 290.17,
34.25	subdivision 2, paragraphs (a) to (d), excluding income or gains from intangible personal
34.26	property not employed in the business of the recipient of the income or gains if the recipient
34.27	of the income or gains is a resident of this state or is a resident trust or estate under section
34.28	290.17, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), or apportioned using sections 290.17, subdivision 3,
34.29	290.191, and 290.20; and then determine the portion of the amount that would be allocated
34.30	to this state;
34.31	(B) determine the amount of the adjustments that are fully sourced to the taxpayer's state
34.32	of residency under section 290.17, subdivision 2, paragraph (e), and income or gains from
34 33	intangible personal property not employed in the business of the recipient of the income or

35.1	gains if the recipient of the income or gains is a resident of this state or is a resident trust
35.2	or estate under section 290.17, subdivision 2, paragraph (c);
35.3	(C) determine the portion of the amount determined in subitem (B) that can be established
35.4	to be properly allocable to nonresident indirect partners or other partners not subject to tax
35.5	on the adjustments; and
35.6	(D) multiply the total of the amounts determined in subitems (A) and (B) reduced by
35.7	the amount determined in subitem (C) by the highest tax rate in section 290.06, subdivision
35.8	2c, for the reviewed year, and calculate interest and penalties as applicable under this chapter;
35.9	<u>and</u>
35.10	(vii) add the amounts determined in items (iii) to (vi), and pay all applicable taxes,
35.11	penalties, and interest to the commissioner.
35.12	(b) An audited partnership may not make an election under this subdivision to report:
35.13	(1) a federal adjustment that results in unitary business income to a corporate partner
35.14	required to file as a member of a combined report under section 290.17, subdivision 4; or
35.15	(2) any final federal adjustments resulting from an administrative adjustment request.
35.16	(c) An audited partnership not otherwise subject to any reporting or payment obligation
35.17	to this state may not make an election under this subdivision.
35.18	Subd. 4. Tiered partners and indirect partners. The direct and indirect partners of an
35.19	audited partnership that are tiered partners, and all the partners of the tiered partners, that
35.20	are subject to tax under chapter 290 are subject to the reporting and payment requirements
35.21	contained in subdivision 2, and the tiered partners are entitled to make the elections provided
35.22	in subdivision 3. The tiered partners or their partners shall make required reports and
35.23	payments no later than 90 days after the time for filing and furnishing of statements to tiered
35.24	partners and their partners as established under section 6226 of the Internal Revenue Code.
35.25	Subd. 5. Effects of election by partnership or tiered partner and payment of amount
35.26	due. (a) Unless the commissioner determines otherwise, an election under subdivision 3 is
35.27	irrevocable.
35.28	(b) If an audited partnership or tiered partner properly reports and pays an amount
35.29	determined in subdivision 3, the amount must be treated as paid in lieu of taxes owed by
35.30	the partnership's direct partners and indirect partners, to the extent applicable, on the same
35.31	final federal adjustments. The direct partners or indirect partners of the partnership who are
35.32	not resident partners may not take any deduction or credit for this amount or claim a refund
35.33	of the amount in this state.

HF9 SECOND ENGROSSMENT

36.1	(c) Nothing in this subdivision precludes resident direct partners from claiming a credi
36.2	against taxes paid under section 290.06 on any amounts paid by the audited partnership or
36.3	tiered partners on the resident partner's behalf to another state or local tax jurisdiction.
36.4	Subd. 6. Failure of partnership or tiered partner to report or pay. Nothing in this
36.5	section prevents the commissioner from assessing direct partners or indirect partners for
36.6	taxes they owe, using the best information available, in the event that, for any reason, a
36.7	partnership or tiered partner fails to timely make any report or payment required by this
36.8	section.
36.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
36.10	after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code or
36.11	Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively
36.12	and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.
36.13	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.42, is amended to read:
36.14	289A.42 CONSENT TO EXTEND STATUTE.
36.15	Subdivision 1. Extension agreement. If before the expiration of time prescribed in
36.16	sections 289A.38 to 289A.382 and 289A.40 for the assessment of tax or the filing of a claim
36.17	for refund, both the commissioner and the taxpayer have consented in writing to the
36.18	assessment or filing of a claim for refund after that time, the tax may be assessed or the
36.19	claim for refund filed at any time before the expiration of the agreed-upon period. The
36.20	period may be extended by later agreements in writing before the expiration of the period
36.21	previously agreed upon. The taxpayer and the commissioner may also agree to extend the
36.22	period for collection of the tax.
36.23	Subd. 2. Federal extensions. When a taxpayer consents to an extension of time for the
36.24	assessment of federal withholding or income taxes, the period in which the commissioner
36.25	may recompute the tax is also extended, notwithstanding any period of limitations to the
36.26	contrary, as follows:
36.27	(1) for the periods provided in section sections 289A.38, subdivisions 8 and 9, and
36.28	289A.382, subdivisions 2 and 3;
36.29	(2) for six months following the expiration of the extended federal period of limitations
36.30	when no change is made by the federal authority. If no change is made by the federal
36.31	authority, and, but for this subdivision, the commissioner's time period to adjust the tax has

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expired, and if the commissioner has completed a field audit of the taxpayer, no additional

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changes resulting in additional tax due or a refund may be made. For purposes of this 37.1 subdivision, "field audit" has the meaning given it in section 289A.38, subdivision 9. 37.2

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.60, subdivision 24, is amended to read:
- Subd. 24. Penalty for failure to notify of federal change. If a person fails to report to the commissioner a change or correction of the person's federal return in the manner and time prescribed in sections 289A.38, subdivision 7, and 289A.382, there must be 37.10 added to the tax an amount equal to ten percent of the amount of any underpayment of 37.11 Minnesota tax attributable to the federal change. 37.12
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 37.13 after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of 37.14 37.15 Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively 37.16 and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 37.17
- Subdivision 1. Partners, not partnership, subject to tax. Except as provided under 37.18 section sections 289A.35, paragraph (b), and 289A.382, subdivision 3, a partnership as such 37.19 shall not be subject to the income tax imposed by this chapter, but is subject to the tax 37.20 imposed under section 290.0922. Persons carrying on business as partners shall be liable 37.21 for income tax only in their separate or individual capacities. 37.22
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 37.23 after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of 37.24 Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively 37.25 and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates. 37.26
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.17, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 37.27
- Subd. 6. Time limit for bad debt refund. Claims for refund must be filed with the 37.28 commissioner during the one-year period beginning with the timely filing of the taxpayer's 37.29 federal income tax return containing the bad debt deduction that is being claimed. Claimants 37.30 under this subdivision are subject to the notice requirements of sections 289A.38, 37.31 subdivision 7, and 289A.382. 37.32

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297G.16, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. Time limit for a bad debt deduction. Claims for refund must be filed with the commissioner within one year of the filing of the taxpayer's income tax return containing the bad debt deduction that is being claimed. Claimants under this subdivision are subject to the notice requirements of section 289A.38, subdivision 7 sections 289A.38 to 289A.382.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.319, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 38.14
 - Subd. 4. Repayment procedures. (a) For the repayment of taxes imposed under chapter 290 or 297A or local taxes collected pursuant to section 297A.99, a business must file an amended return with the commissioner of revenue and pay any taxes required to be repaid within 30 days after becoming subject to repayment under this section. The amount required to be repaid is determined by calculating the tax for the period or periods for which repayment is required without regard to the exemptions and credits allowed under section 469.315.
 - (b) For the repayment of taxes imposed under chapter 297B, a business must pay any taxes required to be repaid to the motor vehicle registrar, as agent for the commissioner of revenue, within 30 days after becoming subject to repayment under this section.
 - (c) For the repayment of property taxes, the county auditor shall prepare a tax statement for the business, applying the applicable tax extension rates for each payable year and provide a copy to the business and to the taxpayer of record. The business must pay the taxes to the county treasurer within 30 days after receipt of the tax statement. The business or the taxpayer of record may appeal the valuation and determination of the property tax to the Tax Court within 30 days after receipt of the tax statement.
 - (d) The provisions of chapters 270C and 289A relating to the commissioner's authority to audit, assess, and collect the tax and to hear appeals are applicable to the repayment required under paragraphs (a) and (b). The commissioner may impose civil penalties as

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provided in chapter 289A, and the additional tax and penalties are subject to interest at the rate provided in section 270C.40. The additional tax shall bear interest from 30 days after becoming subject to repayment under this section until the date the tax is paid. Any penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall bear interest from the date provided in section 270C.40, subdivision 3, to the date of payment of the penalty.

- (e) If a property tax is not repaid under paragraph (c), the county treasurer shall add the amount required to be repaid to the property taxes assessed against the property for payment in the year following the year in which the auditor provided the statement under paragraph (c).
- (f) For determining the tax required to be repaid, a reduction of a state or local sales or use tax is deemed to have been received on the date that the good or service was purchased or first put to a taxable use. In the case of an income tax or franchise tax, including the credit payable under section 469.318, a reduction of tax is deemed to have been received for the two most recent tax years that have ended prior to the date that the business became subject to repayment under this section. In the case of a property tax, a reduction of tax is deemed to have been received for the taxes payable in the year that the business became subject to repayment under this section and for the taxes payable in the prior year.
- (g) The commissioner may assess the repayment of taxes under paragraph (d) any time within two years after the business becomes subject to repayment under subdivision 1, or within any period of limitations for the assessment of tax under section sections 289A.38 to 289A.382, whichever period is later. The county auditor may send the statement under paragraph (c) any time within three years after the business becomes subject to repayment under subdivision 1.
- (h) A business is not entitled to any income tax or franchise tax benefits, including refundable credits, for any part of the year in which the business becomes subject to repayment under this section nor for any year thereafter. Property is not exempt from tax under section 272.02, subdivision 64, for any taxes payable in the year following the year in which the property became subject to repayment under this section nor for any year thereafter. A business is not eligible for any sales tax benefits beginning with goods or services purchased or first put to a taxable use on the day that the business becomes subject to repayment under this section.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of

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Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

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40.3 ARTICLE 3

PASS-THROUGH ENTITY TAX

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.08, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

- Subd. 7. Composite income tax returns for nonresident partners, shareholders, and beneficiaries. (a) The commissioner may allow a partnership with nonresident partners to file a composite return and to pay the tax on behalf of nonresident partners who have no other Minnesota source income. This composite return must include the names, addresses, Social Security numbers, income allocation, and tax liability for the nonresident partners electing to be covered by the composite return.
- (b) The computation of a partner's tax liability must be determined by multiplying the income allocated to that partner by the highest rate used to determine the tax liability for individuals under section 290.06, subdivision 2c. Nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed.
- (c) The partnership must submit a request to use this composite return filing method for nonresident partners. The requesting partnership must file a composite return in the form prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The filing of a composite return is considered a request to use the composite return filing method.
- (d) The electing partner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the income from the partnership and, other electing partnerships, and other qualifying entities electing to file and pay the pass-through entity tax under subdivision 7a. If it is determined that the electing partner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of the income and tax liability for that partner under this provision will not constitute a return to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the individual as part of the composite return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the individual on the date on which the composite return payment was made. If the electing nonresident partner has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the composite return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1.
- (e) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that an individual pay estimated tax if the individual's liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section 289A.25. The individual's liability to pay estimated tax is, however, satisfied when the partnership pays composite estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25.

41.1	(f) If an electing partner's share of the partnership's gross income from Minnesota sources
41.2	is less than the filing requirements for a nonresident under this subdivision, the tax liability
41.3	is zero. However, a statement showing the partner's share of gross income must be included
41.4	as part of the composite return.
41.5	(g) The election provided in this subdivision is only available to a partner who has no
41.6	other Minnesota source income and who is either (1) a full-year nonresident individual or
41.7	(2) a trust or estate that does not claim a deduction under either section 651 or 661 of the
41.8	Internal Revenue Code.
41.9	(h) A corporation defined in section 290.9725 and its nonresident shareholders may
41.10	make an election under this paragraph. The provisions covering the partnership apply to
41.11	the corporation and the provisions applying to the partner apply to the shareholder.
41.12	(i) Estates and trusts distributing current income only and the nonresident individual
41.13	beneficiaries of the estates or trusts may make an election under this paragraph. The
41.14	provisions covering the partnership apply to the estate or trust. The provisions applying to
41.15	the partner apply to the beneficiary.
41.16	(j) For the purposes of this subdivision, "income" means the partner's share of federal
41.17	adjusted gross income from the partnership modified by the additions provided in section
41.18	290.0131, subdivisions 8 to 10 and 16, and the subtractions provided in: (1) section 290.0132,
41.19	subdivision 9, to the extent the amount is assignable or allocable to Minnesota under section
41.20	290.17; and (2) section 290.0132, subdivision 14. The subtraction allowed under section
41.21	290.0132, subdivision 9, is only allowed on the composite tax computation to the extent
41.22	the electing partner would have been allowed the subtraction.
41.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
41.24	<u>31, 2020.</u>
41.25	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to
41.26	read:
41.27	Subd. 7a. Pass-through entity tax. (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, the following
41.28	terms have the meanings given:
	(1) "income" has the meaning given in subdivision 7, paragraph (j), modified by the
41.29	addition provided in section 290.0131, subdivision 5, and the subtraction provided in section
41.31	290.0132, subdivision 3, except that the provisions that apply to a partnership apply to a
41.32	qualifying entity and the provisions that apply to a partner apply to a qualifying owner. The
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income of both a resident and nonresident qualifying owner is allocated and assigned to

12.1	this state as provided for nonresident partners and shareholders under sections 290.17,
12.2	290.191, and 290.20;
12.3	(2) "qualifying entity" means a partnership, limited liability company, or S corporation
12.4	including a qualified subchapter S subsidiary organized under section 1361(b)(3)(B) of the
12.5	Internal Revenue Code. Qualifying entity does not include a partnership, limited liability
12.6	company, or corporation that has a partnership, limited liability company other than a
12.7	disregarded entity, or corporation as a partner, member, or shareholder; and
12.8	(3) "qualifying owner" means:
12.9	(i) a resident or nonresident individual or estate that is a partner, member, or shareholder
12.10	of a qualifying entity; or
12.11	(ii) a resident or nonresident trust that is a shareholder of a qualifying entity that is an
12.12	S corporation.
12.13	(b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, in which the taxes of a
12.14	qualifying owner are limited under section 164(b)(6)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, a
12.15	qualifying entity may elect to file a return and pay the pass-through entity tax imposed under
12.16	paragraph (c). The election:
12.17	(1) must be made on or before the due date or extended due date of the qualifying entity's
12.18	pass-through entity tax return;
12.19	(2) may only be made by qualifying owners who collectively hold more than a 50 percen
12.20	ownership interest in the qualifying entity;
12.21	(3) is binding on all qualifying owners who have an ownership interest in the qualifying
12.22	entity; and
12.23	(4) once made is irrevocable for the taxable year.
12.24	(c) Subject to the election in paragraph (b), a pass-through entity tax is imposed on a
12.25	qualifying entity in an amount equal to the sum of the tax liability of each qualifying owner
12.26	(d) The amount of a qualifying owner's tax liability under paragraph (c) is the amount
12.27	of the qualifying owner's income multiplied by the highest tax rate for individuals under
12.28	section 290.06, subdivision 2c. When making this determination:
12.29	(1) nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed
12.30	and
12.31	(2) a credit or deduction is allowed only to the extent allowed to the qualifying owner.

	(e) The amount of each credit and deduction used to determine a qualifying owner's tax
<u>lia</u> l	pility under paragraph (d) must also be used to determine that qualifying owner's income
tax	liability under chapter 290.
	(f) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that a qualifying owner pay estimated
tax	if the qualifying owner's tax liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section
289	9A.25. The qualifying owner's liability to pay estimated tax on the qualifying owner's
tax	liability as determined under paragraph (d) is, however, satisfied when the qualifying
ent	ity pays estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25 for composite estimated
tax	<u>-</u>
	(g) A qualifying owner's adjusted basis in the interest in the qualifying entity, and the
tre	atment of distributions, is determined as if the election to pay the pass-through entity tax
une	der paragraph (b) is not made.
	(h) To the extent not inconsistent with this subdivision, for purposes of this chapter, a
pas	ss-through entity tax return must be treated as a composite return and a qualifying entity
<u>fili</u>	ng a pass-through entity tax return must be treated as a partnership filing a composite
ret	urn.
	(i) The provisions of subdivision 17 apply to the election to pay the pass-through entity
tax	under this subdivision.
	(j) If a nonresident qualifying owner of a qualifying entity making the election to file
and	I pay the tax under this subdivision has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the
pas	ss-through entity tax return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1, provided that the
no	nresident qualifying owner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the
inc	ome from the qualifying entity, other electing qualifying entities, and other partnerships
ele	cting to file a composite return under subdivision 7. If it is determined that the nonresident
qua	alifying owner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of the income and tax
lial	pility for that owner under this provision will not constitute a return to satisfy the
rec	uirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the qualifying owner as part of the
pas	ss-through entity tax return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the qualifying owner
on	the date on which the pass-through entity tax return payment was made.
	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
	This section is effective for taxable years beginning after becomed

<u>31, 2020.</u>

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.60, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 22a. Pass-through entity tax. For the purposes of the penalties imposed by subdivisions 1 and 2, the payment of a pass-through entity tax or filing of a pass-through entity tax return pursuant to section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, is considered the payment and filing of a corporate tax.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2c. **Schedules of rates for individuals, estates, and trusts.** (a) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon married individuals filing joint returns and surviving spouses as defined in section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code must be computed by applying to their taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 44.14 (1) On the first \$38,770, 5.35 percent;
- 44.15 (2) On all over \$38,770, but not over \$154,020, 6.8 percent;
- 44.16 (3) On all over \$154,020, but not over \$269,010, 7.85 percent;
- 44.17 (4) On all over \$269,010, 9.85 percent.
- Married individuals filing separate returns, estates, and trusts must compute their income tax by applying the above rates to their taxable income, except that the income brackets will be one-half of the above amounts after the adjustment required in subdivision 2d.
- (b) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals must be computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 44.23 (1) On the first \$26,520, 5.35 percent;
- 44.24 (2) On all over \$26,520, but not over \$87,110, 6.8 percent;
- 44.25 (3) On all over \$87,110, but not over \$161,720, 7.85 percent;
- 44.26 (4) On all over \$161,720, 9.85 percent.
- 44.27 (c) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals qualifying as
 44.28 a head of household as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code must be
 44.29 computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 44.30 (1) On the first \$32,650, 5.35 percent;

- 45.1 (2) On all over \$32,650, but not over \$131,190, 6.8 percent;
- 45.2 (3) On all over \$131,190, but not over \$214,980, 7.85 percent;
- 45.3 (4) On all over \$214,980, 9.85 percent.
- (d) In lieu of a tax computed according to the rates set forth in this subdivision, the tax
 of any individual taxpayer whose taxable net income for the taxable year is less than an
 amount determined by the commissioner must be computed in accordance with tables
 prepared and issued by the commissioner of revenue based on income brackets of not more
 than \$100. The amount of tax for each bracket shall be computed at the rates set forth in
 this subdivision, provided that the commissioner may disregard a fractional part of a dollar
 unless it amounts to 50 cents or more, in which case it may be increased to \$1.
- (e) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in this subdivision. After the application of the nonrefundable credits provided in this chapter, the tax liability must then be multiplied by a fraction in which:
- 45.15 (1) the numerator is the individual's Minnesota source federal adjusted gross income as
 45.16 defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and increased by:
- 45.17 (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and 45.18 17, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by
- 45.19 (ii) the Minnesota assignable portion of the subtraction for United States government 45.20 interest under section 290.0132, subdivision 2, the subtractions under sections 290.0132, 45.21 subdivisions 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 27, and 290.0137, paragraph (c), after applying the 45.22 allocation and assignability provisions of section 290.081, clause (a), or 290.17; and
- (2) the denominator is the individual's federal adjusted gross income as defined in section
 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, increased by:
- 45.25 (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and 45.26 17, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by
- 45.27 (ii) the subtractions under sections 290.0132, subdivisions 2, 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 45.28 27, and 290.0137, paragraph (c).
- (f) If an individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year is a qualifying

 owner of a qualifying entity that elects to pay tax as provided in section 289A.08, subdivision

 7a, paragraph (b), they must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in

 paragraph (e), and also must include, to the extent attributed to the electing qualifying entity:

(1) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (i), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (i), the
addition under section 290.0131, subdivision 5; and
(2) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (ii), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (ii), the
subtraction under section 290.0132, subdivision 3.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
31, 2020.
Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.06, subdivision 22, is amended to read:
Subd. 22. Credit for taxes paid to another state. (a) A taxpayer who is liable for taxes
based on net income to another state, as provided in paragraphs (b) through (f), upon income
allocated or apportioned to Minnesota, is entitled to a credit for the tax paid to another state
if the tax is actually paid in the taxable year or a subsequent taxable year. A taxpayer who
is a resident of this state pursuant to section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraph (b), and who
is subject to income tax as a resident in the state of the individual's domicile is not allowed
this credit unless the state of domicile does not allow a similar credit.
(b) For an individual, estate, or trust, the credit is determined by multiplying the tax
payable under this chapter by the ratio derived by dividing the income subject to tax in the
other state that is also subject to tax in Minnesota while a resident of Minnesota by the
taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income, as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue
Code, modified by the addition required by section 290.0131, subdivision 2, and the
subtraction allowed by section 290.0132, subdivision 2, to the extent the income is allocated
or assigned to Minnesota under sections 290.081 and 290.17.
(c) If the taxpayer is an athletic team that apportions all of its income under section
290.17, subdivision 5, the credit is determined by multiplying the tax payable under this

- 290.17, subdivision 5, the credit is determined by multiplying the tax payable under this chapter by the ratio derived from dividing the total net income subject to tax in the other state by the taxpayer's Minnesota taxable income.
- (d)(1) The credit determined under paragraph (b) or (c) shall not exceed the amount of 46.26 tax so paid to the other state on the gross income earned within the other state subject to 46.27 tax under this chapter; and 46.28
 - (2) the allowance of the credit does not reduce the taxes paid under this chapter to an amount less than what would be assessed if the gross income earned within the other state were excluded from taxable net income.
 - (e) In the case of the tax assessed on a lump-sum distribution under section 290.032, the credit allowed under paragraph (a) is the tax assessed by the other state on the lump-sum

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distribution that is also subject to tax under section 290.032, and shall not exceed the tax assessed under section 290.032. To the extent the total lump-sum distribution defined in section 290.032, subdivision 1, includes lump-sum distributions received in prior years or is all or in part an annuity contract, the reduction to the tax on the lump-sum distribution allowed under section 290.032, subdivision 2, includes tax paid to another state that is properly apportioned to that distribution.

- (f) If a Minnesota resident reported an item of income to Minnesota and is assessed tax in such other state on that same income after the Minnesota statute of limitations has expired, the taxpayer shall receive a credit for that year under paragraph (a), notwithstanding any statute of limitations to the contrary. The claim for the credit must be submitted within one year from the date the taxes were paid to the other state. The taxpayer must submit sufficient proof to show entitlement to a credit.
- (g) For the purposes of this subdivision, a resident shareholder of a corporation treated as an "S" corporation under section 290.9725, must be considered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in an amount equal to the shareholder's pro rata share of any net income tax paid by the S corporation to another state. For the purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "net income tax" means any tax imposed on or measured by a corporation's net income.
- (h) For the purposes of this subdivision, a resident partner of an entity taxed as a partnership under the Internal Revenue Code must be considered to have paid a tax imposed on the partner in an amount equal to the partner's pro rata share of any net income tax paid by the partnership to another state. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "net income" tax means any tax imposed on or measured by a partnership's net income. For purposes of this paragraph, "partnership" includes a limited liability company and "partner" includes a member of a limited liability company.
- (i) For the purposes of this subdivision, "another state":
- 47.27 (1) includes:
- 47.28 (i) the District of Columbia; and
- 47.29 (ii) a province or territory of Canada; but
- 47.30 (2) excludes Puerto Rico and the several territories organized by Congress.
- (j) The limitations on the credit in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), are imposed on a state by state basis.

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(k) For a tax imposed by a province or territory of Canada, the tax for purposes of this subdivision is the excess of the tax over the amount of the foreign tax credit allowed under section 27 of the Internal Revenue Code. In determining the amount of the foreign tax credit allowed, the net income taxes imposed by Canada on the income are deducted first. Any remaining amount of the allowable foreign tax credit reduces the provincial or territorial tax that qualifies for the credit under this subdivision.

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- (l)(1) The credit allowed to a qualifying individual under this section for tax paid to a qualifying state equals the credit calculated under paragraphs (b) and (d), plus the amount calculated by multiplying:
- (i) the difference between the preliminary credit and the credit calculated under paragraphs
 (b) and (d), by
 - (ii) the ratio derived by dividing the income subject to tax in the qualifying state that consists of compensation for performance of personal or professional services by the total amount of income subject to tax in the qualifying state.
 - (2) If the amount of the credit that a qualifying individual is eligible to receive under clause (1) for tax paid to a qualifying state exceeds the tax due under this chapter before the application of the credit calculated under clause (1), the commissioner shall refund the excess to the qualifying individual. An amount sufficient to pay the refunds required by this subdivision is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.
 - (3) For purposes of this paragraph, "preliminary credit" means the credit that a qualifying individual is eligible to receive under paragraphs (b) and (d) for tax paid to a qualifying state without regard to the limitation in paragraph (d), clause (2); "qualifying individual" means a Minnesota resident under section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraph (a), who received compensation during the taxable year for the performance of personal or professional services within a qualifying state; and "qualifying state" means a state with which an agreement under section 290.081 is not in effect for the taxable year but was in effect for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2010.
- 48.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 48.29 31, 2020.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 40. Pass-through entity tax credit. (a) A qualifying owner of a qualifying entity that elects to pay the pass-through entity tax under section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, may

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49.1	claim a credit against the tax due under this chapter equal to the amount of the owner's tax
49.2	liability as calculated under section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, paragraph (d).
49.3	(b) If the amount of the credit the taxpayer may claim under this subdivision exceeds

(b) If the amount of the credit the taxpayer may claim under this subdivision exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter, the commissioner of revenue shall refund the excess to the taxpayer. The amount necessary to pay the claim for the refund provided in this subdivision is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.

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- 49.7 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualifying entity," "qualifying owner," and "tax
 49.8 liability" have the meanings given in section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, paragraphs (a) and
 49.9 (d).
- 49.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 49.11 31, 2020.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4b. **Withholding by partnerships.** (a) A partnership shall deduct and withhold a tax as provided in paragraph (b) for nonresident individual partners based on their distributive shares of partnership income for a taxable year of the partnership.
 - (b) The amount of tax withheld is determined by multiplying the partner's distributive share allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17, paid or credited during the taxable year by the highest rate used to determine the income tax liability for an individual under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, except that the amount of tax withheld may be determined by the commissioner if the partner submits a withholding exemption certificate under subdivision 5.
 - (c) The commissioner may reduce or abate the tax withheld under this subdivision if the partnership had reasonable cause to believe that no tax was due under this section.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a partnership is not required to deduct and withhold tax for a nonresident partner if:
- 49.26 (1) the partner elects to have the tax due paid as part of the partnership's composite return 49.27 under section 289A.08, subdivision 7;
- 49.28 (2) the partner has Minnesota assignable federal adjusted gross income from the partnership of less than \$1,000; or
- 49.30 (3) the partnership is liquidated or terminated, the income was generated by a transaction 49.31 related to the termination or liquidation, and no cash or other property was distributed in 49.32 the current or prior taxable year;

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50.1	(4) the distributive shares of partnership income are attributable to:

- (i) income required to be recognized because of discharge of indebtedness;
- (ii) income recognized because of a sale, exchange, or other disposition of real estate, 50.3 depreciable property, or property described in section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code; 50.4 50.5 or
 - (iii) income recognized on the sale, exchange, or other disposition of any property that has been the subject of a basis reduction pursuant to section 108, 734, 743, 754, or 1017 of the Internal Revenue Code
- to the extent that the income does not include cash received or receivable or, if there is cash 50.9 received or receivable, to the extent that the cash is required to be used to pay indebtedness 50.10 by the partnership or a secured debt on partnership property; or 50.11
- (5) the partnership is a publicly traded partnership, as defined in section 7704(b) of the 50.12 Internal Revenue Code-; or 50.13
- (6) the partnership has elected to pay the pass-through entity tax under section 289A.08, 50.14 subdivision 7a. 50.15
- (e) For purposes of sections 270C.60, 289A.09, subdivision 2, 289A.20, subdivision 2, 50.16 paragraph (c), 289A.50, 289A.56, 289A.60, and 289A.63, a partnership is considered an 50.17 employer. 50.18
 - (f) To the extent that income is exempt from withholding under paragraph (d), clause (4), the commissioner has a lien in an amount up to the amount that would be required to be withheld with respect to the income of the partner attributable to the partnership interest, but for the application of paragraph (d), clause (4). The lien arises under section 270C.63 from the date of assessment of the tax against the partner, and attaches to that partner's share of the profits and any other money due or to become due to that partner in respect of the partnership. Notice of the lien may be sent by mail to the partnership, without the necessity for recording the lien. The notice has the force and effect of a levy under section 270C.67, and is enforceable against the partnership in the manner provided by that section. Upon payment in full of the liability subsequent to the notice of lien, the partnership must be notified that the lien has been satisfied.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 50.30 50.31 31, 2020.

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Sec. 8. Minnesota Stati	utes 2020, section 2	290.92, subdivision	4c, is amended to read
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- Subd. 4c. Withholding by S corporations. (a) A corporation having a valid election in effect under section 290.9725 shall deduct and withhold a tax as provided in paragraph (b) for nonresident individual shareholders their share of the corporation's income for the taxable year.
- (b) The amount of tax withheld is determined by multiplying the amount of income allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17 by the highest rate used to determine the income tax liability of an individual under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, except that the amount of tax withheld may be determined by the commissioner if the shareholder submits a withholding exemption certificate under subdivision 5.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a corporation is not required to deduct and withhold 51.11 tax for a nonresident shareholder, if: 51.12
- (1) the shareholder elects to have the tax due paid as part of the corporation's composite 51.13 return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7; 51.14
- (2) the shareholder has Minnesota assignable federal adjusted gross income from the 51.15 corporation of less than \$1,000; or 51.16
- (3) the corporation is liquidated or terminated, the income was generated by a transaction 51.17 related to the termination or liquidation, and no cash or other property was distributed in 51.18 the current or prior taxable year-; or 51.19
- (4) the S corporation has elected to pay the pass-through entity tax under section 289A.08, 51.20 subdivision 7a. 51.21
- (d) For purposes of sections 270C.60, 289A.09, subdivision 2, 289A.20, subdivision 2, 51.22 paragraph (c), 289A.50, 289A.56, 289A.60, and 289A.63, a corporation is considered an 51.23 employer. 51.24
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 51.25 31, 2020. 51.26

EAP

52.1	ARTICLE 4
52.2	SALES AND USE TAXES
52.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16A.152, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws
52.4	2021, chapter 31, article 1, section 9, is amended to read:
52.5	Subd. 2. Additional revenues; priority. (a) If on the basis of a forecast of general fund
52.6	revenues and expenditures, the commissioner of management and budget determines that
52.7	there will be a positive unrestricted budgetary general fund balance at the close of the
52.8	biennium, the commissioner of management and budget must allocate money to the following
52.9	accounts and purposes in priority order:
52.10	(1) the cash flow account established in subdivision 1 until that account reaches
52.11	\$350,000,000;
52.12	(2) the budget reserve account established in subdivision 1a until that account reaches
52.13	\$1,596,522,000;
52.14	(3) the amount necessary to increase the aid payment schedule for school district aids
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	and credits payments in section 127A.45 to not more than 90 percent rounded to the nearest
52.16 52.17	tenth of a percent without exceeding the amount available and with any remaining funds deposited in the budget reserve;
02.17	deposited in the budget reserve,
52.18	(4) the amount necessary to restore all or a portion of the net aid reductions under section
52.19	127A.441 and to reduce the property tax revenue recognition shift under section 123B.75,
52.20	subdivision 5, by the same amount; and
52.21	(5) the amount necessary to increase the Minnesota 21st century fund by not more than
52.22	the difference between \$5,000,000 and the sum of the amounts credited and canceled to it
52.23	in the previous 12 months under Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 1, section 11, until the sum
52.24	of all transfers under this section and all amounts credited or canceled under Laws 2020,
52.25	chapter 71, article 1, section 11, equals \$20,000,000-; and
52.26	(6) for a forecast in November only, the amount remaining after the transfer under clause
52.27	(5) must be used to reduce the percentage of accelerated June liability sales tax payments
52.28	required under section 289A.20, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), until the percentage equals
52.29	zero, rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent. By March 15 following the November
52.30	forecast, the commissioner must provide the commissioner of revenue with the percentage
52.31	of accelerated June liability owed based on the reduction required by this clause. By April
52.32	15 each year, the commissioner of revenue must certify the percentage of June liability
52.33	owed by vendors based on the reduction required by this clause.

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(b) The amounts necessary to meet the requirements of this section are appropriated from the general fund within two weeks after the forecast is released or, in the case of transfers under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), as necessary to meet the appropriations schedules otherwise established in statute.

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(c) The commissioner of management and budget shall certify the total dollar amount of the reductions under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), to the commissioner of education. The commissioner of education shall increase the aid payment percentage and reduce the property tax shift percentage by these amounts and apply those reductions to the current fiscal year and thereafter.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2021.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.20, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 53.11
- Subd. 4. Sales and use tax. (a) The taxes imposed by chapter 297A are due and payable 53.12 pto the commissioner monthly on or before the 20th day of the month following the month 53.13 in which the taxable event occurred, or following another reporting period as the 53.14 commissioner prescribes or as allowed under section 289A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph (f) 53.15 or (g), except that use taxes due on an annual use tax return as provided under section 53.16 289A.11, subdivision 1, are payable by April 15 following the close of the calendar year. 53.17
 - (b) A vendor having a liability of \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30, except a vendor of construction materials as defined in paragraph (e), must remit the June liability for the next year in the following manner:
 - (1) Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2020 and 2021, the vendor must remit 87.5 percent of the estimated June liability to the commissioner. Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2022 and thereafter, the vendor must remit 84.5 percent, or a reduced percentage as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), of the estimated June liability to the commissioner.
- (2) On or before August 20 of the year, the vendor must pay any additional amount of 53.26 53.27 tax not remitted in June.
 - (c) A vendor having a liability of:
- (1) \$10,000 or more, but less than \$250,000, during a fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, 53.29 and fiscal years thereafter, must remit by electronic means all liabilities on returns due for 53.30 periods beginning in all subsequent calendar years on or before the 20th day of the month 53.31 following the month in which the taxable event occurred, or on or before the 20th day of 53.32

54.1	the month following the month in which the sale is reported under section 289A.18,
54.2	subdivision 4; or
54.3	(2) \$250,000 or more, during a fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and fiscal years
54.4	thereafter, must remit by electronic means all liabilities in the manner provided in paragraph
54.5	(a) on returns due for periods beginning in the subsequent calendar year, except for that a
54.6	vendor subject to the remittance requirements of paragraph (b) must remit 90 percent of the
54.7	estimated June liability, which is due two business days before June 30. The remaining
54.8	amount of the June liability is due on August 20.
54.9	(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) or (c), a person prohibited by the person's religious
54.10	beliefs from paying electronically shall be allowed to remit the payment by mail. The filer
54.11	must notify the commissioner of revenue of the intent to pay by mail before doing so on a
54.12	form prescribed by the commissioner. No extra fee may be charged to a person making
54.13	payment by mail under this paragraph. The payment must be postmarked at least two business
54.14	days before the due date for making the payment in order to be considered paid on a timely
54.15	basis.
54.16	(e) For the purposes of paragraph (b), "vendor of construction materials" means a retailer
54.17	that sells any of the following construction materials, if 50 percent or more of the retailer's
54.18	sales revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30 is from the sale of those materials:
54.19	(1) lumber, veneer, plywood, wood siding, wood roofing;

- 54.20 (2) millwork, including wood trim, wood doors, wood windows, wood flooring; or
- 54.21 (3) concrete, cement, and masonry.
- (f) Paragraph (b) expires after the percentage of estimated payment is reduced to zero
- in accordance with section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6).
- 54.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2021.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.60, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
- 54.27 Subd. 15. Accelerated payment of June sales tax liability; penalty for
- 54.28 **underpayment.** (a) For payments made after December 31, 2019 and before December 31,
- 54.29 2021, if a vendor is required by law to submit an estimation of June sales tax liabilities and
- 54.30 87.5 percent payment by a certain date, the vendor shall pay a penalty equal to ten percent
- of the amount of actual June liability required to be paid in June less the amount remitted
- in June. The penalty must not be imposed, however, if the amount remitted in June equals

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55.1	the lesser of 87.5 percent of the preceding May's liability or 87.5 percent of the average
55.2	monthly liability for the previous calendar year.

- (b) For payments made after December 31, 2021, the penalty must not be imposed if the amount remitted in June equals the lesser of 84.5 percent, or a reduced percentage as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), of the preceding May's liability or 84.5 percent of the average monthly liability for the previous calendar year.
- (c) This subdivision expires after the percentage of estimated payment is reduced to zero 55.8 in accordance with section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6). 55.9
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for estimate payments required to be 55.10 made after July 1, 2021. 55.11
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.67, is amended by adding a subdivision to 55.12 55.13 read:
- Subd. 38. Season ticket purchasing rights to collegiate events. The sale of a right to 55.14 purchase the privilege of admission to a college or university athletic event in a preferred 55.15 viewing location for a season of a particular athletic event is exempt provided that: 55.16
- 55.17 (1) the consideration paid for the right to purchase is used entirely to support student scholarships, wellness, and academic costs; 55.18
- (2) the consideration paid for the right to purchase is separately stated from the admission 55.19 price; and 55.20
- (3) the admission price is equal to or greater than the highest priced general admission 55.21 ticket for the closest seat not in the preferred viewing location. 55.22
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases 55.23 55.24 made after June 30, 2021.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.70, subdivision 13, is amended to read: 55.25
- Subd. 13. Fund-raising sales by or for nonprofit groups. (a) The following sales by 55.26 the specified organizations for fund-raising purposes are exempt, subject to the limitations 55.27 listed in paragraph (b): 55.28
- (1) all sales made by a nonprofit organization that exists solely for the purpose of 55.29 55.30 providing educational or social activities for young people primarily age 18 and under;

56.1	(2) all sales made by an organization that is a senior citizen group or association of
56.2	groups if (i) in general it limits membership to persons age 55 or older; (ii) it is organized
56.3	and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other nonprofit purposes; and (iii) no
56.4	part of its net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholders;
56.5	(3) the sale or use of tickets or admissions to a golf tournament held in Minnesota if the
56.6	beneficiary of the tournament's net proceeds qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under
56.7	section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
56.8	(4) sales of candy sold for fund-raising purposes by a nonprofit organization that provides
56.9	educational and social activities primarily for young people age 18 and under.
56.10	(b) The exemptions listed in paragraph (a) are limited in the following manner:
56.11	(1) the exemption under paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), applies only to the first
56.12	\$20,000 of the gross annual receipts of the organization from fund-raising; and
56.13	(2) the exemption under paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply if the sales are derived
56.14	from admission charges or from activities for which the money must be deposited with the
56.15	school district treasurer under section 123B.49, subdivision 2 , or ; and
56.16	(3) the exemption under paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply if the sales are derived
56.17	from admission charges or from activities for which the money must be recorded in the
56.18	same manner as other revenues or expenditures of the school district under section 123B.49,
56.19	subdivision 4-, unless the following conditions are both met:
56.20	(i) the sales are made for fund-raising purposes of a club, association, or other
56.21	organization of elementary or secondary school students organized for the purpose of
56.22	carrying on sports activities, educational activities, or other extracurricular activities; and
56.23	(ii) the school district reserves revenue raised for extracurricular activities, as provided
56.24	in section 123B.49, subdivision 4, paragraph (e), and spends the revenue raised by a particular
56.25	extracurricular activity only for that extracurricular activity.
56.26	(c) Sales of tangible personal property and services are exempt if the entire proceeds,
56.27	less the necessary expenses for obtaining the property or services, will be contributed to a
56.28	registered combined charitable organization described in section 43A.50, to be used
56.29	exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, and the registered combined
56.30	charitable organization has given its written permission for the sale. Sales that occur over
56.31	a period of more than 24 days per year are not exempt under this paragraph.

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(d) For purposes of this subdivision, a club, association, or other organization of

elementary or secondary school students organized for the purpose of carrying on sports,

57.1	educational, or other extracurricular activities is a separate organization from the school
57.2	district or school for purposes of applying the \$20,000 limit.
57.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after the
57.4	date of final enactment.
57.5	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.71, subdivision 52, is amended to read:
31.3	Sec. 0. Willingsota Statutes 2020, section 27/A./1, subdivision 32, is amended to read.
57.6	Subd. 52. Construction; certain local government facilities. (a) Materials and supplies
57.7	used in and equipment incorporated into the construction, reconstruction, upgrade, expansion,
57.8	or remodeling of the following local government owned facilities are exempt:
57.9	(1) a new fire station, which includes firefighting, emergency management, public safety
57.10	training, and other public safety facilities in the city of Monticello if materials, supplies,
57.11	and equipment are purchased after January 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2022;
57.12	(2) a new fire station, which includes firefighting and public safety training facilities
57.13	and public safety facilities, in the city of Inver Grove Heights if materials, supplies, and
57.14	equipment are purchased after June 30, 2018, and before January 1, 2021;
57.15	(3) a fire station and police station, including access roads, lighting, sidewalks, and
57.16	utility components, on or adjacent to the property on which the fire station or police station
57.17	are located that are necessary for safe access to and use of those buildings, in the city of
57.18	Minnetonka if materials, supplies, and equipment are purchased after May 23, 2019, and
57.19	before January 1, 2021 <u>2022</u> ;
57.20	(4) the school building in Independent School District No. 414, Minneota, if materials,
57.21	supplies, and equipment are purchased after January 1, 2018, and before January 1, 2021;
57.22	(5) a fire station in the city of Mendota Heights, if materials, supplies, and equipment
57.23	are purchased after December 31, 2018, and before January 1, 2021; and
57.24	(6) a Dakota County law enforcement collaboration center, also known as the Safety
57.25	and Mental Health Alternative Response Training (SMART) Center, if materials, supplies,
57.26	and equipment are purchased after June 30, 2019, and before July 1, 2021.
57.27	(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62,
57.28	subdivision 1, applied and then refunded in the manner provided in section 297A.75.
57.29	(c) The total refund for the project listed in paragraph (a), clause (3), must not exceed

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

\$850,000.

57.30

58.1	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a subdivision to
58.2	read:
58.3	Subd. 53. Public safety facilities. (a) Materials and supplies used or consumed in and
58.4	equipment incorporated into the construction, remodeling, expansion, or improvement of
58.5	a fire station or police station, including related facilities, owned and operated by a local
58.6	government, as defined in section 297A.70, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), are exempt.
58.7	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "related facilities" includes access roads, lighting,
58.8	sidewalks, and utility components on or adjacent to the property on which the fire station
58.9	or police station is located that are necessary for safe access to and use of those buildings.
58.10	(c) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62,
58.11	subdivision 1, applied and then refunded in the manner provided in section 297A.75.
58.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
58.13	made after June 30, 2021.
58.14	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
58.15	Subdivision 1. Tax collected. The tax on the gross receipts from the sale of the following
58.16	exempt items must be imposed and collected as if the sale were taxable and the rate under
58.17	section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied. The exempt items include:
58.18	(1) building materials for an agricultural processing facility exempt under section
58.19	297A.71, subdivision 13;
58.20	(2) building materials for mineral production facilities exempt under section 297A.71,
58.21	subdivision 14;
58.22	(3) building materials for correctional facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 3;
58.23	(4) building materials used in a residence for veterans with a disability exempt under
58.24	section 297A.71, subdivision 11;
58.25	(5) elevators and building materials exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 12;
58.26	(6) materials and supplies for qualified low-income housing under section 297A.71,

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subdivision 23;

section 297A.71, subdivision 35;

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(7) materials, supplies, and equipment for municipal electric utility facilities under

59.1	(8) equipment and materials used for the generation, transmission, and distribution of
59.2	electrical energy and an aerial camera package exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision
59.3	37;
59.4	(9) commuter rail vehicle and repair parts under section 297A.70, subdivision 3, paragraph
59.5	(a), clause (10);
59.6	(10) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction or improvement of projects and
59.7	facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 40;
59.8	(11) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction, improvement, or expansion of
59.9	a biopharmaceutical manufacturing facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 45;
59.10	(12) enterprise information technology equipment and computer software for use in a
59.11	qualified data center exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 42;
59.12	(13) materials, supplies, and equipment for qualifying capital projects under section
59.13	297A.71, subdivision 44, paragraph (a), clause (1), and paragraph (b);
59.14	(14) items purchased for use in providing critical access dental services exempt under
59.15	section 297A.70, subdivision 7, paragraph (c);
59.16	(15) items and services purchased under a business subsidy agreement for use or
59.17	consumption primarily in greater Minnesota exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision
59.18	44;
59.19	(16) building materials, equipment, and supplies for constructing or replacing real
59.20	property exempt under section 297A.71, subdivisions 49; 50, paragraph (b); and 51; and
59.21	(17) building materials, equipment, and supplies for qualifying capital projects under
59.22	section 297A.71, subdivision 52-; and
59.23	(18) building materials, equipment, and supplies for constructing, remodeling, expanding,
59.24	or improving a fire station, police station, or related facilities exempt under section 297A.71,
59.25	subdivision 53.
59.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
59.27	made after June 30, 2021.
59.28	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.75, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
59.29	Subd. 2. Refund; eligible persons. Upon application on forms prescribed by the
59.30	commissioner, a refund equal to the tax paid on the gross receipts of the exempt items must
59.31	be paid to the applicant. Only the following persons may apply for the refund:

60.1	(1)	for subdivision	1, clauses ((1), (2) , and (3)	(14), the applican	t must be the purchaser
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(2) for subdivision 1, clause (3), the applicant must be the governmental subdivision;

REVISOR

- 60.3 (3) for subdivision 1, clause (4), the applicant must be the recipient of the benefits provided in United States Code, title 38, chapter 21;
- 60.5 (4) for subdivision 1, clause (5), the applicant must be the owner of the homestead property;
- (5) for subdivision 1, clause (6), the owner of the qualified low-income housing project;
- 60.8 (6) for subdivision 1, clause (7), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility or a joint venture of municipal electric utilities;
- 60.10 (7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), (12), and (15), the owner of the qualifying business;
- 60.12 (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (13), and (17), and (18), the applicant must be 60.13 the governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and
- 60.14 (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of the building or project.
- 60.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2021.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Application.** (a) The application must include sufficient information to permit the commissioner to verify the tax paid. If the tax was paid by a contractor, subcontractor, or builder, under subdivision 1, clauses (3) to (13) or (15) to (17) (18), the contractor, subcontractor, or builder must furnish to the refund applicant a statement including the cost of the exempt items and the taxes paid on the items unless otherwise specifically provided by this subdivision. The provisions of sections 289A.40 and 289A.50 apply to refunds under
- (b) An applicant may not file more than two applications per calendar year for refunds for taxes paid on capital equipment exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 5.
- 60.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2021.

this section.

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61.1	Sec. 11. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 1, article 3, section 32, the effective
61.2	date, as amended by Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 6, article 3, section 18, is
61.3	amended to read:
61.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
61.5	made after September 30, 2016, and before January July 1, 2023. Paragraph (b) is effective
61.6	for sales and purchases made (1) after September 30, 2016, and before July 1, 2017; and
61.7	(2) after December 31, 2018, and before July 1, 2019.
61.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
61.9	Sec. 12. PROPERTIES DESTROYED OR DAMAGED BY FIRE; CITY OF
61.10	ALEXANDRIA.
61.11	(a) The sale and purchase of the following items are exempt from sales and use tax
61.12	imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, if the items are used to repair, replace,
61.13	clean, or otherwise remediate damage to real and personal property damaged or destroyed
61.14	in the February 25, 2020, fire in the city of Alexandria, if sales and purchases are made after
61.15	February 24, 2020, and before February 28, 2023:
61.16	(1) building materials and supplies used or consumed in, and equipment incorporated
61.17	into the construction, replacement, or repair of real property; and
61.18	(2) durable equipment used in a restaurant for food storage, preparation, and serving.
61.19	(b) Building cleaning and disinfecting services related to mitigating smoke damage to
61.20	real property are exempt from sales and use tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter
61.21	297A, if sales and purchases are made after February 24, 2020, and before January 1, 2021.
61.22	(c) For sales and purchases made after February 24, 2020, and before July 1, 2021, the
61.23	tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.62,
61.24	subdivision 1, applied and then refunded in the manner provided in Minnesota Statutes,
61.25	section 297A.75. The amount required to pay the refunds under this section is appropriated
61.26	from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue. Refunds for eligible purchases must
61.27	not be issued until after June 30, 2021.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and

applies retroactively to sales and purchases made after February 24, 2020.

	HF9 SECOND ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	EAP	211-H0009-2
62.1	Sec. 13. CITY OF BUFFALO; S	ALES TAX EXEMI	PTION FOR CO	ONSTRUCTION
62.2	MATERIALS.			
62.3	Subdivision 1. Exemption; refu	und. (a) Materials and	d supplies used i	n and equipment
62.4	incorporated into the construction of	of a new fire station,	which includes fi	refighting,
62.5	emergency management, public saf	ety training, and othe	r public safety fa	cilities in the city
62.6	of Buffalo, are exempt from sales a	nd use tax imposed u	nder Minnesota	Statutes, chapter
62.7	297A, if materials, supplies, and equ	uipment are purchase	d after March 31,	2020, and before
62.8	July 1, 2021.			
62.9	(b) The tax must be imposed and	collected as if the rate	e under Minnesot	a Statutes, section
62.10	297A.62, subdivision 1, applied and	then refunded in the	same manner pro	vided for projects
62.11	under Minnesota Statutes, section 2	97A.75, subdivision	1, clause (17). Re	funds for eligible
62.12	purchases must not be issued until	after June 30, 2021.		
62.13	Subd. 2. Appropriation. The ar	nount required to pay	the refunds und	ler subdivision 1
62.14	is appropriated from the general fur	nd to the commission	er of revenue.	
62.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sect	ion is effective retroa	actively from Ap	ril 1, 2020, and
62.16	applies to sales and purchases made	e after March 31, 202	0, and before Jul	y 1, 2021.
(2.17	Sec. 14. CITY OF MAPLEWO	OD. CALECTAV E	VEMDTION E	ND
62.17 62.18	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	-	AEMII HON FO	<u> </u>
62.19	Subdivision 1. Exemption; refu	_	d sunnlies used i	n and aquinment
62.20	incorporated into the construction of			
62.21	operations center, including on-site		-	
62.22	lighting, sidewalks, and utility comp			-
62.23	and use tax imposed under Minneso	-		
62.24	equipment are purchased after Sept	ember 30, 2020, and	before July 1, 20	<u>)21.</u>
62.25	(b) The tax must be imposed and	collected as if the rate	e under Minnesot	a Statutes, section
62.26	297A.62, subdivision 1, applied and	then refunded in the	same manner pro	vided for projects
62.27	under Minnesota Statutes, section 2	97A.75, subdivision	1, clause (17). Re	funds for eligible
62.28	purchases must not be issued until	after June 30, 2021.		
62.29	Subd. 2. Appropriation. The ar	nount required to pay	the refunds und	ler subdivision 1
62.30	is appropriated from the general fur	nd to the commission	er of revenue.	

applies to sales and purchases made after September 30, 2020, and before July 1, 2021. 62.32

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from August 1, 2020, and

Sec. 15. <u>CITY OF PLYMOUTH; SALES TAX EXEMPTION FOR CONSTRUCTION</u>

MATERIALS.
Subdivision 1. Exemption; refund. (a) Materials and supplies used in and equipment
incorporated into the following projects in the city of Plymouth are exempt from sales and
use tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, if materials, supplies, and
equipment are purchased after January 1, 2021, and before July 1, 2021:
(1) demolition and replacement of the existing Fire Station No. 2 on its existing site;
<u>and</u>
(2) renovation and expansion of Fire Station No. 3.
(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, section
297A.62, subdivision 1, applied and then refunded in the same manner provided for projects
under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, clause (17). Refunds for eligible
purchases must not be issued until after June 30, 2021.
Subd. 2. Appropriation. The amount required to pay the refunds under subdivision 1
is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 2, 2021, and
applies to sales and purchases made after January 1, 2021, and before July 1, 2021.
ARTICLE 5
VAPOR AND TOBACCO TAXES
Cartian 1 Minnage Ctatata 2000 and a 207F 01 in annual discussion and discission
Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:
to read:
to read: <u>Subd. 7a.</u> <u>Delivery sale.</u> "Delivery sale" has the meaning given in section 325F.781,
Subd. 7a. Delivery sale. "Delivery sale" has the meaning given in section 325F.781, subdivision 1.
 Subd. 7a. Delivery sale. "Delivery sale" has the meaning given in section 325F.781, subdivision 1. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022.
Subd. 7a. Delivery sale. "Delivery sale" has the meaning given in section 325F.781, subdivision 1. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.01, subdivision 22b, is amended to read:
Subd. 7a. Delivery sale. "Delivery sale" has the meaning given in section 325F.781, subdivision 1. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.01, subdivision 22b, is amended to read: Subd. 22b. Nicotine solution products. (a) "Nicotine solution products" means any
Subd. 7a. Delivery sale. "Delivery sale" has the meaning given in section 325F.781, subdivision 1. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.01, subdivision 22b, is amended to read: Subd. 22b. Nicotine solution products. (a) "Nicotine solution products" means any cartridge, bottle, or other package that contains nicotine made or derived from tobacco, that

64.1	(b) Beginning January 1, 2020, "nicotine solution products" means any cartridge, bottle,
64.2	or other package that contains nicotine, including nicotine made or derived from tobacco
64.3	or sources other than tobacco, that is in a solution that is consumed, or meant to be consumed,
64.4	through the use of a heating element, power source, electronic circuit, or other electronic,
64.5	chemical, or mechanical means that produces vapor or aerosol.
64.6	(c) Nicotine solution products includes any electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic
64.7	cigarillo, electronic pipe, electronic nicotine delivery system, electronic vaping device,
64.8	electronic vape pen, electronic oral device, electronic delivery device, or similar product
64.9	or device, and any batteries, heating elements, or other components, parts, or accessories
64.10	sold with and meant to be used in the consumption of a solution containing nicotine.
64.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022.
04.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022.
64.12	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.031, is amended to read:
64.13	297F.031 REGISTRATION REQUIREMENT.
0 1113	
64.14	Prior to making delivery sales or shipping eigarettes or tobacco products in connection
64.15	with any sales, an out-of-state retailer shall must file with the Department of Revenue a
64.16	statement setting forth the out-of-state retailer's name, trade name, and the address of the
64.17	out-of-state retailer's, principal place of business, and any other place of business.
64.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all delivery sales occurring after
64.19	December 31, 2021.
64.20	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to
64.21	read:
64.22	Subd. 4b. Retailer collection and remittance of use tax. A retailer or out-of-state
64.23	retailer must, for any delivery sale, collect and pay to the state any use tax imposed by this
64.24	section. The retailer or out-of-state retailer must give the purchaser a receipt for the tax paid.
64.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all delivery sales occurring after
64.26	December 31, 2021.
64.27	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
64.28	Subd. 3. Use tax return; cigarette or tobacco products consumer and retailers
64.29	making delivery sales. (a) On or before the 18th day of each calendar month, a consumer
64.30	who, during the preceding calendar month, has acquired title to or possession of cigarettes
64.31	or tobacco products for use or storage in this state, upon which cigarettes or tobacco products

65.1	the tax imposed by this chapter has not been paid, shall file a return with the commissioner
55.2	showing the quantity of cigarettes or tobacco products so acquired. The return must be made
55.3	in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, and must contain any other
65.4	information required by the commissioner. The return must be accompanied by a remittance
55.5	for the full unpaid tax liability shown by it.
65.6	(b) On or before the 18th day of each calendar month, a retailer or out-of-state retailer
65.7	who, during the preceding calendar month, made delivery sales must file a return with the
65.8	commissioner showing the quantity of cigarettes or tobacco products so delivered. The
55.9	commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of returns pursuant to section
55.10	270C.30. The return must be accompanied by a remittance for the full unpaid tax liability.
55.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all delivery sales occurring after
55.12	December 31, 2021.
55.13	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.09, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:
55.14	Subd. 4a. Reporting requirements. No later than the 18th day of each calendar month
55.15	an a retailer or out-of-state retailer that has made a delivery of cigarettes or tobacco products
55.16	or shipped or delivered eigarettes or tobacco products into the state in a delivery sale in the
55.17	previous calendar month shall file with the Department of Revenue reports a report in the
55.18	form and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner of revenue that provides for each
55.19	delivery sale, the name and address of the purchaser and the brand or brands and quantity
55.20	of cigarettes or tobacco products sold. A tobacco retailer or out-of-state retailer that meets
55.21	the requirements of United States Code, title 15, section 375 et seq. satisfies the requirements
55.22	of this subdivision. The filing of a return under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), satisfies the
55.23	requirements of this subdivision for the applicable month.
65.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all delivery sales occurring after
55.25	December 31, 2021.
65.26	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.09, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
65.27	Subd. 7. Electronic payment. A cigarette or distributor, tobacco products distributor,
55.28	retailer, or out-of-state retailer having a liability of \$10,000 or more during a fiscal year
65.29	ending June 30 must remit all liabilities in all subsequent calendar years by electronic means
55.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all delivery sales occurring after

December 31, 2021.

66.1	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
66.2	Subd. 10. Accelerated tax payment; eigarette or tobacco products distributor. A
66.3	cigarette or distributor, tobacco products distributor, retailer, or out-of-state retailer having
66.4	a liability of \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30, shall remit the June
66.5	liability for the next year in the following manner:
66.6	(a) Two business days before June 30 of calendar years 2020 and 2021, the distributor
66.7	shall remit the actual May liability and 87.5 percent of the estimated June liability to the
66.8	commissioner and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.
66.9	(b) On or before August 18 of the year, the distributor, retailer, or out-of-state retailer
66.10	shall submit a return showing the actual June liability and pay any additional amount of tax
66.11	not remitted in June. A penalty is imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability
66.12	required to be paid in June, less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty is not
66.13	imposed if the amount remitted in June equals the lesser of:
66.14	(1) 87.5 percent of the actual June liability for the calendar year 2020 and 2021 June
66.15	liabilities and 84.5 of the actual June liability for June 2022 and thereafter; or
66.16	(2) 87.5 percent of the preceding May liability for the calendar year 2020 and 2021 June
66.17	liabilities and 84.5 percent of the preceding May liability for June 2022 and thereafter.
66.18	(c) For calendar year 2022 and thereafter, the percent of the estimated June liability the
66.19	vendor must remit by two business days before June 30 is 84.5 percent.
66.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all delivery sales occurring after
66.21	December 31, 2021.
66.22	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 325F.781, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
66.23	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
66.24	the meanings given, unless the language or context clearly provides otherwise.
66.25	(b) "Consumer" means an individual who purchases, receives, or possesses tobacco
66.26	products for personal consumption and not for resale.
66.27	(c) "Delivery sale" means:
66.28	(1) a sale of tobacco products to a consumer in this state when:
66.29	(i) the purchaser submits the order for the sale by means of a telephonic or other method
66.30	of voice transmission, the mail or any other delivery service, or the Internet or other online

service; or

67.1	(ii) the tobacco products are delivered by use of the mail or other delivery service; or
67.2	(2) a sale of tobacco products that satisfies the criteria in clause (1), item (i), regardless
67.3	of whether the seller is located inside or outside of the state.
67.4	A sale of tobacco products to an individual in this state must be treated as a sale to a
67.5	consumer, unless the individual is licensed as a distributor or retailer of tobacco products.
67.6	(d) "Delivery service" means a person, including the United States Postal Service, that
67.7	is engaged in the commercial delivery of letters, packages, or other containers.
67.8	(e) "Distributor" means a person, whether located inside or outside of this state, other
67.9	than a retailer, who sells or distributes tobacco products in the state. Distributor does not
67.10	include a tobacco products manufacturer, export warehouse proprietor, or importer with a
67.11	valid permit under United States Code, title 26, section 5712 (1997), if the person sells or
67.12	distributes tobacco products in this state only to distributors who hold valid and current
67.13	licenses under the laws of a state, or to an export warehouse proprietor or another
67.14	manufacturer. Distributor does not include a common or contract carrier that is transporting
67.15	tobacco products under a proper bill of lading or freight bill that states the quantity, source,
67.16	and destination of tobacco products, or a person who ships tobacco products through this
67.17	state by common or contract carrier under a bill of lading or freight bill.
67.18	(f) "Retailer" means a person, whether located inside or outside this state, who sells or
67.19	distributes tobacco products to a consumer in this state.
67.20	(g) "Tobacco products" means: cigarettes and tobacco products as defined in section
67.21	<u>297F.01.</u>
67.22	(1) cigarettes, as defined in section 297F.01, subdivision 3;
67.23	(2) smokeless tobacco as defined in section 325F.76; and
67.24	(3) premium eigars as defined in section 297F.01, subdivision 13a.
67.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022.
(7.2)	See 10 Minnesote Statutes 2020 section 225E 781 subdivision 5 is amonded to made
67.26	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 325F.781, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
67.27	Subd. 5. Registration requirement. Prior to making delivery sales or shipping tobacco
67.28	products in connection with any sales, an out-of-state retailer must meet the requirements
67.29	of register with the commissioner of revenue as required under section 297F.031.

December 31, 2021.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all delivery sales occurring after

68.1	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 325F.781, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
68.2	Subd. 6. Collection of taxes. (a) Prior to shipping any tobacco products to a purchaser
68.3	in this state, the out-of-state A retailer shall comply with all requirements of making delivery
68.4	sales must file all returns and reports, collect and pay all taxes, and maintain all records
68.5	required under chapter 297F and shall ensure that all state excise taxes and fees that apply
68.6	to such tobacco products have been collected and paid to the state and that all related state
68.7	excise tax stamps or other indicators of state excise tax payment have been properly affixed
68.8	to those tobacco products.
68.9	(b) In addition to any penalties under chapter 297F, a distributor a retailer making delivery
68.10	sales who fails to pay any tax due according to paragraph (a) under chapter 297F, shall pay,
68.11	in addition to any other penalty, a penalty of 50 percent of the tax due but unpaid.
68.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all delivery sales occurring after
68.13	December 31, 2021.
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68.14	ARTICLE 6
68.15	PROPERTY TAXES
68.16	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 144F.01, is amended to read:
68.17	144F.01 FIRE PROTECTION AND EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES
68.18	SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICTS.
68.19	Subdivision 1. Political subdivision defined Definitions. For purposes of this section,
68.20	the following terms have the meanings given.
	In this section, (a) "Political subdivision" means a county, a statutory or home rule charter
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68.22	city, or a township organized to provide town government.
68.23	(b) "Governing body" means a city council for a city, a county board for a county, and
68.24	a board of supervisors for a town.
68.25	(c) "Emergency medical services" means supporting the providing of out-of-hospital
68.26	emergency medical services including, but not limited to, first responder or rescue squads
68.27	recognized by the district, ambulance services licensed under chapter 144E and recognized
68.28	by the district, medical control functions set out in chapter 144E, communications equipment
68.29	and systems, and programs of regional emergency medical services authorized by regional
68.30	boards described in section 144E.52.
68.31	Subd. 2. Who may Authority to establish. (a) Two or more political subdivisions, or
68.32	parts of them, may establish, by resolution of their governing bodies, a special taxing district

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for to provide fire protection or emergency medical services. The participating territory of a participating political subdivision need not abut any other participating territory to be in the special taxing district, or both, in the area of the district, comprising the jurisdiction of each of the political subdivisions forming the district. For a county that participates in establishing a district, the county's jurisdiction comprises the unorganized territory of the county that it designated in its resolution for inclusion in the district. The area of the special taxing district need not be contiguous or its boundaries continuous.

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- (b) Before establishing a district under this section, the participating political subdivisions must enter into an agreement that specifies how any liabilities, other than debt issued under subdivision 6, and assets of the district will be distributed if the district is dissolved. The agreement may also include other terms, including a method for apportioning the levy of the district among participating political subdivisions under subdivision 4, paragraph (b), as the political subdivisions determine appropriate. The agreement must be adopted no later than upon passage of the resolution establishing the district under paragraph (a), but may be later amended by agreement of each of the political subdivisions participating in the district.
- (c) If two or more political subdivisions that currently operate separate fire departments seek to merge fire departments into one fire department, or if a political subdivision with an existing fire department requests to join a special taxing district with an established fire department, the resolution under paragraph (a) or agreement under paragraph (b) must specify which, if any, volunteer firefighter pension plan is associated with the district. A special taxing district that operates a fire department under this section may be associated with only one volunteer firefighting relief association or one account in the voluntary statewide volunteer firefighting retirement plan at one time.
- (d) If the special taxing district includes the operation of a fire department, it must file its resolution establishing the fire protection special taxing district, and any agreements required for the establishment of the special taxing district, with the commissioner of revenue, including any subsequent amendments. If the resolution or agreement does not include sufficient information defining the fire department service area of the fire protection special taxing district, the secretary of the district board must file a written statement with the commissioner defining the fire department service area.
- Subd. 3. **Board.** The special taxing district <u>established</u> under this section is governed by a board made up initially of representatives of each participating political subdivision in the proportions set out in the establishing resolution, subject to change as provided in the district's charter, if any, or in the district's bylaws. If a township states in its resolution that

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less than the entire township will participate in the district, the partial townships shall be represented on the board by only one member, appointed from among those townships so participating. The method for appointment shall be governed by the bylaws of the district's joint powers agreement. Each participant's representative serves at the pleasure of that participant's governing body or bodies Each participating political subdivision's representative must be an elected member of the governing body of the political subdivision and shall serve at the pleasure of that participant's governing body.

Subd. 4. **Property tax levy authority.** (a) The district's board may levy a tax on the taxable real and personal property in the district. The ad valorem tax levy may not exceed 0.048 percent of the estimated market value of the district or \$550,000, whichever is less. The proceeds of the levy must be used as provided in subdivision 5. The board shall certify the levy at the times as provided under section 275.07. The board shall provide the county with whatever information is necessary to identify the property that is located within the district. If the boundaries include a part of a parcel, the entire parcel shall be included in the district. The county auditors must spread, collect, and distribute the proceeds of the tax at the same time and in the same manner as provided by law for all other property taxes.

(b) As an alternative to paragraph (a), the board may apportion its levy among the political subdivisions that are members of the district under a formula or method, with factors such as population, number of service calls, costs of providing service, the market value of improvements, or other measures approved by the governing body of each of the participating political subdivisions. The amount of the levy allocated to each political subdivision must be added to that political subdivision's levy and spread at the same time and in the same manner as provided by law for all other property taxes. The proceeds of the levy must be collected and remitted to the district and used as provided in subdivision 5.

Subd. 5. Use of levy proceeds. The proceeds of property taxes levied under this section must be used to support the providing of out-of-hospital emergency medical services including, but not limited to, first responder or rescue squads recognized by the district, ambulance services licensed under chapter 144E and recognized by the district, medical control functions set out in chapter 144E, communications equipment and systems, and programs of regional emergency medical services authorized by regional boards described in section 144E.52 provide fire protection, emergency medical services, or both, to residents of the district and property located in the district, as well as to pay debt issued under subdivision 6. Services may be provided by employees of the district or by contracting for services provided by other governmental or private entities.

71.1	Subd. 6. Advisory committee Debt. A special taxing district board under this section
71.2	must have an advisory committee to advise the board on issues involving emergency medical
71.3	services and EMS communications. The committee's membership must be comprised of
71.4	representatives of first responders, ambulance services, ambulance medical directors, and
71.5	EMS communication experts. The advisory committee members serve at the pleasure of
71.6	the appointing board (a) The district may incur debt under chapter 475 when the board
71.7	determines doing so is necessary to accomplish its duties.
71.8	(b) In addition, the district board may issue certificates of indebtedness or capital notes
71.9	under section 412.301 to purchase capital equipment. In applying section 412.301, paragraph
71.10	(e), the following rules apply:
71.11	(1) the taxable property of the entire district must be used to calculate the percent of
71.12	estimated market value; and
71.13	(2) "the number of voters at the last municipal election" means the sum of the number
71.14	of voters at the last municipal election for each of the cities that is a member of the district
71.15	plus the number of registered voters in each town that is a participating member of the
71.16	<u>district.</u>
71.17	Subd. 7. Powers. (a) In addition to authority expressly granted in this section, a special
71.18	taxing district established under this section may exercise any power that may be exercised
71.19	by any of its participating political subdivisions, except that the board may not incur debt.
71.20	The special taxing district may only use the power to do what that is necessary or reasonable
71.21	to support the services set out in subdivision 5. These powers include the authority to
71.22	participate in state programs and to enforce or carry out state laws related to fire protection
71.23	or emergency medical services, including programs providing state aid, reimbursement or
71.24	funding of employee benefits, and authorizing local enforcement of state standards including
71.25	fire protection related programs and political subdivision powers or responsibilities under
71.26	chapters 299A, 424A, and 477B; sections 6.495, 353.64, and 423A.022; and any other
71.27	administrative rules related to the fire code, to the extent the special taxing district meets
71.28	the qualification criteria and requirements of a program.
71.29	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), To the extent the district's authority under this
71.30	subdivision overlaps with or may conflict with the authority of the participating political
71.31	subdivision, the agreement under subdivision 2, paragraph (b), must provide for allocation
71.32	of those powers or responsibilities between the participating political subdivisions and the
71.33	district, and may provide for resolution of conflicts in the exercise of those powers.

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(c) The district may only levy the taxes tax authorized in this section subdivision 4.

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Subd. 8. Additions and withdrawals. (a) Additional eligible political subdivisions may be added to a special taxing district established under this section as provided by the board of the district and agreed to in a resolution of the governing body of the political subdivision proposed to be added. The addition of a political subdivision to the district may not cause the district to be out of compliance with subdivision 2, paragraph (c).

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- (b) A political subdivision may withdraw from a special taxing district under this section by resolution of its governing body. The political subdivision must notify the board of the special taxing district of the withdrawal by providing a copy of the resolution at least one year two years in advance of the proposed withdrawal. The taxable property of the withdrawing member is subject to the property tax levy under subdivision 4 for the two taxes payable year years following the notice of the withdrawal, unless the board and the withdrawing member agree otherwise by action of their governing bodies. If a political subdivision withdraws from a district for which debt was issued under subdivision 6 when the political subdivision was a participating member, and which is outstanding when the political subdivision withdraws from the district, the taxable property of the withdrawing political subdivision remains subject to the special taxing district levy until the outstanding debt has been paid or defeased. If the district's property tax levy to repay debt was apportioned among the political subdivisions under an alternative formula or method under subdivision 4, paragraph (b), the withdrawing political subdivision is subject to the same percentage of the debt levy as applied in the taxes payable year immediately preceding its withdrawal from the district.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision 2, if the district is comprised of only two political subdivisions and one of the political subdivisions withdraws, the district can continue to exist.
- Subd. 9. **Dissolution.** The special taxing district may be dissolved by resolution approved by a majority vote of the board. If the special taxing district is dissolved, the assets and liabilities may be assigned to a successor entity, if any, or otherwise disposed of for public purposes as provided by law in the agreement adopted under subdivision 2, paragraph (b), or otherwise agreed to by each participating political subdivision. A district may not be dissolved until all debt issued under subdivision 6 has been paid or defeased.
- Subd. 10. **Reports.** (a) On or before March 15, 2005 2024, and March 15, 2007 2026, the special taxing district shall submit a levy and expenditure report to the commissioner of revenue and to the chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over taxes and property taxes. Each report must include the amount of the district's levies for taxes payable for each of the two previous years and its actual expenditures

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of those revenues. Expenditures must be reported by general service category, as listed in
subdivision 5, and include a separate category for administrative expenses.

- (b) On or before March 15, 2024, and March 15, 2026, a political subdivision that has established or joined a special taxing district authorized under this section after June 30, 2021, shall submit a levy and expenditure report to the commissioner of revenue and to the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over taxes and property taxes. The report must include:
- (1) the amount of the political subdivision's levy, and its actual expenditure of the subdivision's levy revenues, including the amount attributable to fire protection and emergency medical services, for taxes payable in each of the two taxes payable years prior to establishing or joining a special taxing district authorized under this section;
- (2) the political subdivision's levy, and its actual expenditure of the subdivision's levy 73.12 revenues, for taxes payable in each of the taxes payable years after establishing or joining 73.13 a special taxing district authorized under this section, up to, and including, taxes payable 73.14 in 2024, and taxes payable in 2026; and 73.15
- (3) a certification from the political subdivision that the subdivision's levy for each of 73.16 the taxes payable years after establishing or joining a special taxing district authorized under 73.17 this section, up to, and including, taxes payable in 2024, and taxes payable in 2026, does 73.18 not include expenditures for fire protection, emergency medical services, or both, except 73.19 as provided in subdivision 4, paragraph (b), or those necessary to establish, or join, a district 73.20 as provided in this section. 73.21
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and 73.22 applies to districts established after June 30, 2021, except that districts established prior to 73.23 June 30, 2021, are eligible for changes made to subdivisions 4 and 6 beginning with property 73.24 taxes payable in 2022. 73.25
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 272.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to 73.26 73.27 read:
- Subd. 104. Certain property owned by an Indian Tribe. (a) Property is exempt that: 73.28
- (1) is located in a county with a population greater than 28,000 but less than 29,000 as 73.29 73.30 of the 2010 federal census;
- (2) was on January 2, 2018, and is for the current assessment owned by a federally 73.31 recognized Indian Tribe or its instrumentality, that is located in Minnesota; 73.32

(3) was on January 2, 2018, erroneously treated as exempt under subdivision 7; and

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74.2	(4) is used for the same purpose as the property was used on January 2, 2018.
74.3	(b) The owner of property exempt under paragraph (a) may apply to the county for a
74.4	refund of any state general tax paid for property taxes payable in 2020 and 2021. The county
74.5	may prescribe the form and manner of the application. The county auditor must certify to
74.6	the commissioner of revenue the amount needed for refunds under this section, which the
74.7	commissioner must pay to the county. An amount necessary for refunds under this paragraph
74.8	is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue in fiscal year 2022.
74.9	This paragraph expires June 30, 2022.
74.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. (a) Paragraph (a) is effective beginning with assessment year
74.11	2021. For assessment year 2021, an exemption application under this section must be filed
74.12	with the county assessor by August 1, 2021.
74.13	(b) Paragraph (b) is effective the day following final enactment.
74.14	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
74.15	Subdivision 1. General rule. (a) Residential real estate that is occupied and used for
74.16	the purposes of a homestead by its owner, who must be a Minnesota resident, is a residential
74.17	homestead.
74.18	Agricultural land, as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 23, that is occupied and used
74.19	as a homestead by its owner, who must be a Minnesota resident, is an agricultural homestead.
74.20	Dates for establishment of a homestead and homestead treatment provided to particular
74.21	types of property are as provided in this section.
74.22	Property held by a trustee under a trust is eligible for homestead classification if the
74.23	requirements under this chapter are satisfied.
74.24	The assessor shall require proof, as provided in subdivision 13, of the facts upon which
74.25	classification as a homestead may be determined. Notwithstanding any other law, the assessor
74.26	may at any time require a homestead application to be filed in order to verify that any
74.27	property classified as a homestead continues to be eligible for homestead status.
74.28	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Department of Revenue may, upon
74.29	request from an assessor, verify whether an individual who is requesting or receiving
74.30	homestead classification has filed a Minnesota income tax return as a resident for the most
74.31	recent taxable year for which the information is available.

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When there is a name change or a transfer of homestead property, the assessor may reclassify the property in the next assessment unless a homestead application is filed to verify that the property continues to qualify for homestead classification.

- (b) For purposes of this section, homestead property shall include property which is used for purposes of the homestead but is separated from the homestead by a road, street, lot, waterway, or other similar intervening property. The term "used for purposes of the homestead" shall include but not be limited to uses for gardens, garages, or other outbuildings commonly associated with a homestead, but shall not include vacant land held primarily for future development. In order to receive homestead treatment for the noncontiguous property, the owner must use the property for the purposes of the homestead, and must apply to the assessor, both by the deadlines given in subdivision 9. After initial qualification for the homestead treatment, additional applications for subsequent years are not required.
- (c) Residential real estate that is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a relative of the owner is a homestead but only to the extent of the homestead treatment that would be provided if the related owner occupied the property. For purposes of this paragraph and paragraph (g), "relative" means a parent, stepparent, child, stepchild, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece. This relationship may be by blood or marriage. Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at any time during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current owner will not be reclassified as a homestead unless it is occupied as a homestead by the owner; this prohibition also applies to property that, in the absence of this paragraph, would have been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at the time when the residence was constructed. Neither the related occupant nor the owner of the property may claim a property tax refund under chapter 290A for a homestead occupied by a relative. In the case of a residence located on agricultural land, only the house, garage, and immediately surrounding one acre of land shall be classified as a homestead under this paragraph, except as provided in paragraph (d).
- (d) Agricultural property that is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a relative of the owner, is a homestead, only to the extent of the homestead treatment that would be provided if the related owner occupied the property, and only if all of the following criteria are met:
- (1) the relative who is occupying the agricultural property is a grandchild, child, sibling, or parent, grandparent, stepparent, stepchild, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece of the owner of the agricultural property or of the spouse of the owner;

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- (2) the owner of the agricultural property must be a Minnesota resident;
- (3) the owner of the agricultural property must not receive homestead treatment on any other agricultural property in Minnesota; and

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(4) the owner of the agricultural property is limited to only one agricultural homestead per family under this paragraph.

Neither the related occupant nor the owner of the property may claim a property tax refund under chapter 290A for a homestead occupied by a relative qualifying under this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph, "agricultural property" means the house, garage, other farm buildings and structures, and agricultural land.

Application must be made to the assessor by the owner of the agricultural property to receive homestead benefits under this paragraph. The assessor may require the necessary proof that the requirements under this paragraph have been met.

- (e) In the case of property owned by a property owner who is married, the assessor must not deny homestead treatment in whole or in part if only one of the spouses occupies the property and the other spouse is absent due to: (1) marriage dissolution proceedings, (2) legal separation, (3) employment or self-employment in another location, or (4) other personal circumstances causing the spouses to live separately, not including an intent to obtain two homestead classifications for property tax purposes. To qualify under clause (3), the spouse's place of employment or self-employment must be at least 50 miles distant from the other spouse's place of employment, and the homesteads must be at least 50 miles distant from each other.
 - (f) The assessor must not deny homestead treatment in whole or in part if:
- (1) in the case of a property owner who is not married, the owner is absent due to residence in a nursing home, boarding care facility, or an elderly assisted living facility property as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 25a, and the property is not otherwise occupied; or
 - (2) in the case of a property owner who is married, the owner or the owner's spouse or both are absent due to residence in a nursing home, boarding care facility, or an elderly assisted living facility property as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 25a, and the property is not occupied or is occupied only by the owner's spouse.
 - (g) If an individual is purchasing property with the intent of claiming it as a homestead and is required by the terms of the financing agreement to have a relative shown on the deed as a co-owner, the assessor shall allow a full homestead classification. This provision only

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- applies to first-time purchasers, whether married or single, or to a person who had previously been married and is purchasing as a single individual for the first time. The application for homestead benefits must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and must contain the data necessary for the assessor to determine if full homestead benefits are warranted.
- (h) If residential or agricultural real estate is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a child of a deceased owner and the property is subject to jurisdiction of probate court, the child shall receive relative homestead classification under paragraph (c) or (d) to the same extent they would be entitled to it if the owner was still living, until the probate is completed. For purposes of this paragraph, "child" includes a relationship by blood or by marriage.
- (i) If a single-family home, duplex, or triplex classified as either residential homestead or agricultural homestead is also used to provide licensed child care, the portion of the property used for licensed child care must be classified as a part of the homestead property.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable 77.14 in 2022 and thereafter. 77.15
- 77.16 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. Homestead established after assessment date. Any property that was not 77.17 77.18 used for the purpose of a homestead on the assessment date, but which was used for the purpose of a homestead on December 1 31 of a year, constitutes class 1 or class 2a. 77.19
 - Any taxpayer meeting the requirements of this subdivision must notify the county assessor, or the assessor who has the powers of the county assessor under section 273.063, in writing, by December 15 31 of the year of occupancy in order to qualify under this subdivision. The assessor must not deny full homestead treatment to a property that is partially homesteaded on January 2 but occupied for the purpose of a full homestead on December 1 31 of a year.
- The county assessor and the county auditor may make the necessary changes on their 77.26 77.27 assessment and tax records to provide for proper homestead classification as provided in this subdivision. 77.28
 - If homestead classification has not been requested as of December 15 31, the assessor will classify the property as nonhomestead for the current assessment year for taxes payable in the following year, provided that the owner of any property qualifying under this subdivision, which has not been accorded the benefits of this subdivision, may be entitled to receive homestead classification by proper application as provided in section 375.192.

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The county assessor may publish in a newspaper of general circulation within the county a notice requesting the public to file an application for homestead as soon as practicable after acquisition of a homestead, but no later than December 15 31.

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The county assessor shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation within the county no later than December 1 of each year a notice informing the public of the requirement to file an application for homestead by December 15 31.

In the case of manufactured homes assessed as personal property, the homestead must be established, and a homestead classification requested, by May 29 of the assessment year. The assessor may include information on these deadlines for manufactured homes assessed as personal property in the published notice or notices.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessments in 2021.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. **Homestead application.** (a) A person who meets the homestead requirements under subdivision 1 must file a homestead application with the county assessor to initially obtain homestead classification.
 - (b) The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the homestead application required to be filed under this chapter pursuant to section 270C.30. The application must clearly inform the taxpayer that this application must be signed by all owners who occupy the property or by the qualifying relative and returned to the county assessor in order for the property to receive homestead treatment.
 - (c) Every property owner applying for homestead classification must furnish to the county assessor the Social Security number of each occupant who is listed as an owner of the property on the deed of record, the name and address of each owner who does not occupy the property, and the name and Social Security number of the spouse of each occupying owner. The application must be signed by each owner who occupies the property and by each owner's spouse who occupies the property, or, in the case of property that qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), by the qualifying relative.
 - If a property owner occupies a homestead, the property owner's spouse may not claim another property as a homestead unless the property owner and the property owner's spouse file with the assessor an affidavit or other proof required by the assessor stating that the property qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (e).
 - Owners or spouses occupying residences owned by their spouses and previously occupied with the other spouse, either of whom fail to include the other spouse's name and Social

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Security number on the homestead application or provide the affidavits or other proof requested, will be deemed to have elected to receive only partial homestead treatment of their residence. The remainder of the residence will be classified as nonhomestead residential. When an owner or spouse's name and Social Security number appear on homestead applications for two separate residences and only one application is signed, the owner or spouse will be deemed to have elected to homestead the residence for which the application was signed.

- (d) If residential real estate is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a relative of the owner and qualifies for a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in order for the property to receive homestead status, a homestead application must be filed with the assessor. The Social Security number of each relative occupying the property and the name and Social Security number of the spouse of a relative occupying the property shall be required on the homestead application filed under this subdivision. If a different relative of the owner subsequently occupies the property, the owner of the property must notify the assessor within 30 days of the change in occupancy. The Social Security number of a relative occupying the property or the spouse of a relative occupying the property is private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may be disclosed to the commissioner of revenue, or, for the purposes of proceeding under the Revenue Recapture Act to recover personal property taxes owing, to the county treasurer.
- (e) The homestead application shall also notify the property owners that if the property is granted homestead status for any assessment year, that same property shall remain classified as homestead until the property is sold or transferred to another person, or the owners, the spouse of the owner, or the relatives no longer use the property as their homestead. Upon the sale or transfer of the homestead property, a certificate of value must be timely filed with the county auditor as provided under section 272.115. Failure to notify the assessor within 30 days that the property has been sold, transferred, or that the owner, the spouse of the owner, or the relative is no longer occupying the property as a homestead, shall result in the penalty provided under this subdivision and the property will lose its current homestead status.
- (f) If a homestead application has not been filed with the county by December 15 31, the assessor shall classify the property as nonhomestead for the current assessment year for taxes payable in the following year, provided that the owner may be entitled to receive the homestead classification by proper application under section 375.192.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessments in 2021.

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Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.13, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

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Subd. 23. Class 2. (a) An agricultural homestead consists of class 2a agricultural land that is homesteaded, along with any class 2b rural vacant land that is contiguous to the class 2a land under the same ownership. The market value of the house and garage and immediately surrounding one acre of land has the same classification rates as class 1a or 1b property under subdivision 22. The value of the remaining land including improvements up to the first tier valuation limit of agricultural homestead property has a classification rate of 0.5 percent of market value. The remaining property over the first tier has a classification rate of one percent of market value. For purposes of this subdivision, the "first tier valuation limit of agricultural homestead property" and "first tier" means the limit certified under section 273.11, subdivision 23.

(b) Class 2a agricultural land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof, that are agricultural land and buildings. Class 2a property has a classification rate of one percent of market value, unless it is part of an agricultural homestead under paragraph (a). Class 2a property must also include any property that would otherwise be classified as 2b, but is interspersed with class 2a property, including but not limited to sloughs, wooded wind shelters, acreage abutting ditches, ravines, rock piles, land subject to a setback requirement, and other similar land that is impractical for the assessor to value separately from the rest of the property.

An assessor may classify the part of a parcel described in this subdivision that is used for agricultural purposes as class 2a and the remainder in the class appropriate to its use.

(c) Class 2b rural vacant land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof, that are unplatted real estate, rural in character and not used for agricultural purposes, including land used for growing trees for timber, lumber, and wood and wood products, that is not improved with a structure. The presence of a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure as defined by the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the property from classification under this paragraph. Any parcel of 20 acres or more improved with a structure that is not a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure must be split-classified, and ten acres must be assigned to the split parcel containing the structure. If a parcel of 20 acres or more is enrolled in the sustainable forest management incentive program under chapter 290C, the number of acres assigned to the split parcel improved with a structure that is not a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure must equal three acres or the number of acres excluded from the sustainable forest incentive act covenant due to the structure, whichever is greater. Class 2b property has a classification rate of one percent of market value unless it is part of an agricultural homestead under paragraph (a), or qualifies as class 2c under paragraph (d).

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(d) Class 2c managed forest land consists of no less than 20 and no more than 1,920 acres statewide per taxpayer that is being managed under a forest management plan that meets the requirements of chapter 290C, but is not enrolled in the sustainable forest resource management incentive program. It has a classification rate of .65 percent, provided that the owner of the property must apply to the assessor in order for the property to initially qualify for the reduced rate and provide the information required by the assessor to verify that the property qualifies for the reduced rate. If the assessor receives the application and information before May 1 in an assessment year, the property qualifies beginning with that assessment year. If the assessor receives the application and information after April 30 in an assessment year, the property may not qualify until the next assessment year. The commissioner of natural resources must concur that the land is qualified. The commissioner of natural resources shall annually provide county assessors verification information on a timely basis. The presence of a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure as defined by the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the property from classification under this paragraph.

- (e) Agricultural land as used in this section means:
- (1) contiguous acreage of ten acres or more, used during the preceding year for agricultural purposes; or
- (2) contiguous acreage used during the preceding year for an intensive livestock or poultry confinement operation, provided that land used only for pasturing or grazing does not qualify under this clause.

"Agricultural purposes" as used in this section means the raising, cultivation, drying, or storage of agricultural products for sale, or the storage of machinery or equipment used in support of agricultural production by the same farm entity. For a property to be classified as agricultural based only on the drying or storage of agricultural products, the products being dried or stored must have been produced by the same farm entity as the entity operating the drying or storage facility. "Agricultural purposes" also includes (i) enrollment in a local conservation program or the Reinvest in Minnesota program under sections 103F.501 to 103F.535 or the federal Conservation Reserve Program as contained in Public Law 99-198 or a similar state or federal conservation program if the property was classified as agricultural (A) under this subdivision for taxes payable in 2003 because of its enrollment in a qualifying program and the land remains enrolled or (B) in the year prior to its enrollment, or (ii) use of land, not to exceed three acres, to provide environmental benefits such as buffer strips, old growth forest restoration or retention, or retention ponds to prevent soil erosion. For purposes of this section, a "local conservation program" means a program administered by a town, statutory or home rule charter city, or county, including a watershed district, water

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management organization, or soil and water conservation district, in which landowners voluntarily enroll land and receive incentive payments equal to at least \$50 per acre in exchange for use or other restrictions placed on the land. In order for property to qualify under the local conservation program provision, a taxpayer must apply to the assessor by February 1 of the assessment year and must submit the information required by the assessor, including but not limited to a copy of the program requirements, the specific agreement between the land owner and the local agency, if applicable, and a map of the conservation area. Agricultural classification shall not be based upon the market value of any residential structures on the parcel or contiguous parcels under the same ownership.

"Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of, or a contiguous portion of, a tax parcel as described in section 272.193, or all of, or a contiguous portion of, a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section that are owned by the same person.

- (f) Agricultural land under this section also includes:
- (1) contiguous acreage that is less than ten acres in size and exclusively used in the preceding year for raising or cultivating agricultural products; or
- (2) contiguous acreage that contains a residence and is less than 11 acres in size, if the contiguous acreage exclusive of the house, garage, and surrounding one acre of land was used in the preceding year for one or more of the following three uses:
- (i) for an intensive grain drying or storage operation, or for intensive machinery or equipment storage activities used to support agricultural activities on other parcels of property operated by the same farming entity;
- (ii) as a nursery, provided that only those acres used intensively to produce nursery stock are considered agricultural land; or
- (iii) for intensive market farming; for purposes of this paragraph, "market farming" means the cultivation of one or more fruits or vegetables or production of animal or other agricultural products for sale to local markets by the farmer or an organization with which the farmer is affiliated.
- "Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of a tax parcel as described in section 272.193, or all of a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section that are owned by the same person.
- (g) Land shall be classified as agricultural even if all or a portion of the agricultural use 82.31 of that property is the leasing to, or use by another person for agricultural purposes. 82.32

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Classification under this subdivision is not determinative for qualifying under section
273.111.

REVISOR

- (h) The property classification under this section supersedes, for property tax purposes only, any locally administered agricultural policies or land use restrictions that define minimum or maximum farm acreage.
- (i) The term "agricultural products" as used in this subdivision includes production for 83.6 sale of: 83.7
 - (1) livestock, dairy animals, dairy products, poultry and poultry products, fur-bearing animals, horticultural and nursery stock, fruit of all kinds, vegetables, forage, grains, bees, and apiary products by the owner;
 - (2) aquacultural products for sale and consumption, as defined under section 17.47, if the aquaculture occurs on land zoned for agricultural use;
 - (3) the commercial boarding of horses, which may include related horse training and riding instruction, if the boarding is done on property that is also used for raising pasture to graze horses or raising or cultivating other agricultural products as defined in clause (1);
 - (4) property which is owned and operated by nonprofit organizations used for equestrian activities, excluding racing;
 - (5) game birds and waterfowl bred and raised (i) on a game farm licensed under section 97A.105, provided that the annual licensing report to the Department of Natural Resources, which must be submitted annually by March 30 to the assessor, indicates that at least 500 birds were raised or used for breeding stock on the property during the preceding year and that the owner provides a copy of the owner's most recent schedule F; or (ii) for use on a shooting preserve licensed under section 97A.115;
 - (6) insects primarily bred to be used as food for animals;
- (7) trees, grown for sale as a crop, including short rotation woody crops, and not sold 83.25 for timber, lumber, wood, or wood products; and 83.26
- (8) maple syrup taken from trees grown by a person licensed by the Minnesota 83.27 Department of Agriculture under chapter 28A as a food processor. 83.28
- 83.29 (j) If a parcel used for agricultural purposes is also used for commercial or industrial purposes, including but not limited to: 83.30
- 83.31 (1) wholesale and retail sales;
- (2) processing of raw agricultural products or other goods; 83.32

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- (1) warehousing	or storage of	nrocessed	acours.	ลทด
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- (4) office facilities for the support of the activities enumerated in clauses (1), (2), and (3),
- the assessor shall classify the part of the parcel used for agricultural purposes as class 1b, 2a, or 2b, whichever is appropriate, and the remainder in the class appropriate to its use. The grading, sorting, and packaging of raw agricultural products for first sale is considered an agricultural purpose. A greenhouse or other building where horticultural or nursery products are grown that is also used for the conduct of retail sales must be classified as agricultural if it is primarily used for the growing of horticultural or nursery products from seed, cuttings, or roots and occasionally as a showroom for the retail sale of those products. Use of a greenhouse or building only for the display of already grown horticultural or nursery products does not qualify as an agricultural purpose.
- (k) The assessor shall determine and list separately on the records the market value of the homestead dwelling and the one acre of land on which that dwelling is located. If any farm buildings or structures are located on this homesteaded acre of land, their market value shall not be included in this separate determination.
- (1) Class 2d airport landing area consists of a landing area or public access area of a privately owned public use airport. It has a classification rate of one percent of market value. To qualify for classification under this paragraph, a privately owned public use airport must be licensed as a public airport under section 360.018. For purposes of this paragraph, "landing area" means that part of a privately owned public use airport properly cleared, regularly maintained, and made available to the public for use by aircraft and includes runways, taxiways, aprons, and sites upon which are situated landing or navigational aids. A landing area also includes land underlying both the primary surface and the approach surfaces that comply with all of the following:
- (i) the land is properly cleared and regularly maintained for the primary purposes of the landing, taking off, and taxiing of aircraft; but that portion of the land that contains facilities for servicing, repair, or maintenance of aircraft is not included as a landing area;
 - (ii) the land is part of the airport property; and
- (iii) the land is not used for commercial or residential purposes. 84.30
- The land contained in a landing area under this paragraph must be described and certified 84.31 by the commissioner of transportation. The certification is effective until it is modified, or 84.32 until the airport or landing area no longer meets the requirements of this paragraph. For 84.33

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purposes of this paragraph, "public access area" means property used as an aircraft parking ramp, apron, or storage hangar, or an arrival and departure building in connection with the airport.

- (m) Class 2e consists of land with a commercial aggregate deposit that is not actively being mined and is not otherwise classified as class 2a or 2b, provided that the land is not located in a county that has elected to opt-out of the aggregate preservation program as provided in section 273.1115, subdivision 6. It has a classification rate of one percent of market value. To qualify for classification under this paragraph, the property must be at least ten contiguous acres in size and the owner of the property must record with the county recorder of the county in which the property is located an affidavit containing:
 - (1) a legal description of the property;
- (2) a disclosure that the property contains a commercial aggregate deposit that is not actively being mined but is present on the entire parcel enrolled;
- (3) documentation that the conditional use under the county or local zoning ordinance of this property is for mining; and
- (4) documentation that a permit has been issued by the local unit of government or the mining activity is allowed under local ordinance. The disclosure must include a statement from a registered professional geologist, engineer, or soil scientist delineating the deposit and certifying that it is a commercial aggregate deposit.
- For purposes of this section and section 273.1115, "commercial aggregate deposit" means a deposit that will yield crushed stone or sand and gravel that is suitable for use as a construction aggregate; and "actively mined" means the removal of top soil and overburden in preparation for excavation or excavation of a commercial deposit.
- (n) When any portion of the property under this subdivision or subdivision 22 begins to be actively mined, the owner must file a supplemental affidavit within 60 days from the day any aggregate is removed stating the number of acres of the property that is actively being mined. The acres actively being mined must be (1) valued and classified under subdivision 24 in the next subsequent assessment year, and (2) removed from the aggregate resource preservation property tax program under section 273.1115, if the land was enrolled in that program. Copies of the original affidavit and all supplemental affidavits must be filed with the county assessor, the local zoning administrator, and the Department of Natural Resources, Division of Land and Minerals. A supplemental affidavit must be filed each time a subsequent portion of the property is actively mined, provided that the minimum

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acreage change is five acres, even if the actual mining activity constitutes less than five acres.

(o) The definitions prescribed by the commissioner under paragraphs (c) and (d) are not rules and are exempt from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and the provisions in section 14.386 concerning exempt rules do not apply.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2022 and thereafter.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.13, subdivision 25, is amended to read:
- Subd. 25. **Class 4.** (a) Class 4a is residential real estate containing four or more units and used or held for use by the owner or by the tenants or lessees of the owner as a residence for rental periods of 30 days or more, excluding property qualifying for class 4d. Class 4a also includes hospitals licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, other than hospitals exempt under section 272.02, and contiguous property used for hospital purposes, without regard to whether the property has been platted or subdivided. The market value of class 4a property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.
- (b) Class 4b includes:
- (1) residential real estate containing less than four units, including property rented as a short-term rental property for more than 14 days in the preceding year, that does not qualify as class 4bb, other than seasonal residential recreational property;
 - (2) manufactured homes not classified under any other provision;
- (3) a dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b) containing two or three units; and
- 86.22 (4) unimproved property that is classified residential as determined under subdivision 86.23 33.
- For the purposes of this paragraph, "short-term rental property" means nonhomestead residential real estate rented for periods of less than 30 consecutive days.
- The market value of class 4b property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.
- 86.27 (c) Class 4bb includes:
- 86.28 (1) nonhomestead residential real estate containing one unit, other than seasonal residential recreational property;
- 86.30 (2) a single family dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a 86.31 nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b); and

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(3) a condominium-type storage unit having an individual property identification number that is not used for a commercial purpose.

REVISOR

Class 4bb property has the same classification rates as class 1a property under subdivision 22.

Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at any time during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current owner does not qualify for class 4bb.

(d) Class 4c property includes:

(1) except as provided in subdivision 22, paragraph (c), real and personal property devoted to commercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes, for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For purposes of this clause, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day if any portion of the property is used for residential occupancy, and a fee is charged for residential occupancy. Class 4c property under this clause must contain three or more rental units. A "rental unit" is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping site equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. A camping pad offered for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 4c under this clause is also class 4c under this clause regardless of the term of the rental agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. In order for a property to be classified under this clause, either (i) the business located on the property must provide recreational activities, at least 40 percent of the annual gross lodging receipts related to the property must be from business conducted during 90 consecutive days, and either (A) at least 60 percent of all paid bookings by lodging guests during the year must be for periods of at least two consecutive nights; or (B) at least 20 percent of the annual gross receipts must be from charges for providing recreational activities, or (ii) the business must contain 20 or fewer rental units, and must be located in a township or a city with a population of 2,500 or less located outside the metropolitan area, as defined under section 473.121, subdivision 2, that contains a portion of a state trail administered by the Department of Natural Resources. For purposes of item (i)(A), a paid booking of five or more nights shall be counted as two bookings. Class 4c property also includes commercial use real property used exclusively for recreational purposes in conjunction with other class 4c property classified under this clause and devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes, up to a total of two acres, provided the property is not devoted to commercial recreational use for more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment and is located within two miles of the class 4c property with which it is used. In order for a property to qualify for

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classification under this clause, the owner must submit a declaration to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in the year preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be designated class 4c under this clause as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located will be designated as class 3a. The owner of property desiring designation as class 4c property under this clause must provide guest registers or other records demonstrating that the units for which class 4c designation is sought were not occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment if so requested. The portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not directly related to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes does not qualify for class 4c. For the purposes of this paragraph, "recreational activities" means renting ice fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country ski equipment; providing marina services, launch services, or guide services; or selling bait and fishing tackle;

- (2) qualified property used as a golf course if:
- (i) it is open to the public on a daily fee basis. It may charge membership fees or dues, but a membership fee may not be required in order to use the property for golfing, and its green fees for golfing must be comparable to green fees typically charged by municipal courses; and
 - (ii) it meets the requirements of section 273.112, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).
- A structure used as a clubhouse, restaurant, or place of refreshment in conjunction with the golf course is classified as class 3a property;
 - (3) real property up to a maximum of three acres of land owned and used by a nonprofit community service oriented organization and not used for residential purposes on either a temporary or permanent basis, provided that:
 - (i) the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than six days in the calendar year preceding the year of assessment; or
- (ii) the organization makes annual charitable contributions and donations at least equal to the property's previous year's property taxes and the property is allowed to be used for public and community meetings or events for no charge, as appropriate to the size of the facility.

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For purposes of this clause:

- (A) "charitable contributions and donations" has the same meaning as lawful gambling purposes under section 349.12, subdivision 25, excluding those purposes relating to the payment of taxes, assessments, fees, auditing costs, and utility payments;
 - (B) "property taxes" excludes the state general tax;
- (C) a "nonprofit community service oriented organization" means any corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational purposes, and which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3), (8), (10), or (19) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (D) "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be limited to property or that portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant open to the public, bowling alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations licensed under chapter 349, an insurance business, or office or other space leased or rented to a lessee who conducts a for-profit enterprise on the premises.
- Any portion of the property not qualifying under either item (i) or (ii) is class 3a. The use of the property for social events open exclusively to members and their guests for periods of less than 24 hours, when an admission is not charged nor any revenues are received by the organization shall not be considered a revenue-producing activity.
- The organization shall maintain records of its charitable contributions and donations and of public meetings and events held on the property and make them available upon request any time to the assessor to ensure eligibility. An organization meeting the requirement under item (ii) must file an application by May 1 with the assessor for eligibility for the current year's assessment. The commissioner shall prescribe a uniform application form and instructions;
- (4) postsecondary student housing of not more than one acre of land that is owned by a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A and is used exclusively by a student cooperative, sorority, or fraternity for on-campus housing or housing located within two miles of the border of a college campus;
- (5)(i) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, excluding manufactured home parks described in items (ii) and (iii), (ii) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, that are described in section 273.124, subdivision

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90.1	3a, and (iii) class I manufactured home parks as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision
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- (6) real property that is actively and exclusively devoted to indoor fitness, health, social, recreational, and related uses, is owned and operated by a not-for-profit corporation, and is located within the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;
- (7) a leased or privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:
- (i) the land is on an airport owned or operated by a city, town, county, Metropolitan 90.8 Airports Commission, or group thereof; and 90.9
- (ii) the land lease, or any ordinance or signed agreement restricting the use of the leased 90.10 premise, prohibits commercial activity performed at the hangar. 90.11
- If a hangar classified under this clause is sold after June 30, 2000, a bill of sale must be 90.12 filed by the new owner with the assessor of the county where the property is located within 90.13 60 days of the sale; 90.14
- (8) a privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under section 90.15 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that: 90.16
- (i) the land abuts a public airport; and 90.17
- (ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement 90.18 restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the 90.19 hangar; and 90.20
- (9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, 90.21 and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met: 90.22
- (i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14 90.23 90.24 or fewer days;
- (ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated in 90.25 90.26 the basic room rate;
- (iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewer than 90.27 seven days in the calendar year preceding the year of the assessment; and 90.28
- (iv) the owner is the operator of the property. 90.29
- The market value subject to the 4c classification under this clause is limited to five rental 90.30 units. Any rental units on the property in excess of five, must be valued and assessed as 90.31

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class 3a. The portion of the property used for purposes of a homestead by the owner must be classified as class 1a property under subdivision 22;

(10) real property up to a maximum of three acres and operated as a restaurant as defined under section 157.15, subdivision 12, provided it: (i) is located on a lake as defined under section 103G.005, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3); and (ii) is either devoted to commercial purposes for not more than 250 consecutive days, or receives at least 60 percent of its annual gross receipts from business conducted during four consecutive months. Gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages must be included in determining the property's qualification under item (ii). The property's primary business must be as a restaurant and not as a bar. Gross receipts from gift shop sales located on the premises must be excluded. Owners of real property desiring 4c classification under this clause must submit an annual declaration to the assessor by February 1 of the current assessment year, based on the property's relevant information for the preceding assessment year;

(11) lakeshore and riparian property and adjacent land, not to exceed six acres, used as a marina, as defined in section 86A.20, subdivision 5, which is made accessible to the public and devoted to recreational use for marina services. The marina owner must annually provide evidence to the assessor that it provides services, including lake or river access to the public by means of an access ramp or other facility that is either located on the property of the marina or at a publicly owned site that abuts the property of the marina. No more than 800 feet of lakeshore may be included in this classification. Buildings used in conjunction with a marina for marina services, including but not limited to buildings used to provide food and beverage services, fuel, boat repairs, or the sale of bait or fishing tackle, are classified as class 3a property; and

(12) real and personal property devoted to noncommercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes.

Class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.5 percent of market value, except that (i) each parcel of noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property under clause (12) has the same classification rates as class 4bb property, (ii) manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (i), have the same classification rate as class 4b property, the market value of manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (ii), have a classification rate of 0.75 percent if more than 50 percent of the lots in the park are occupied by shareholders in the cooperative corporation or association and a classification rate of one percent if 50 percent or less of the lots are so occupied, and class I manufactured home parks as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 13, have a classification rate of 1.0 percent, (iii) commercial-use seasonal residential recreational property and marina recreational land

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as described in clause (11), has a classification rate of one percent for the first \$500,000 of market value, and 1.25 percent for the remaining market value, (iv) the market value of property described in clause (4) has a classification rate of one percent, (v) the market value of property described in clauses (2), (6), and (10) has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, (vi) that portion of the market value of property in clause (9) qualifying for class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, and (vii) property qualifying for classification under clause (3) that is owned or operated by a congressionally chartered veterans organization has a classification rate of one percent. The commissioner of veterans affairs must provide a list of congressionally chartered veterans organizations to the commissioner of revenue by June 30, 2017, and by January 1, 2018, and each year thereafter.

- (e) Class 4d property is qualifying low-income rental housing certified to the assessor by the Housing Finance Agency under section 273.128, subdivision 3. If only a portion of the units in the building qualify as low-income rental housing units as certified under section 273.128, subdivision 3, only the proportion of qualifying units to the total number of units in the building qualify for class 4d. The remaining portion of the building shall be classified by the assessor based upon its use. Class 4d also includes the same proportion of land as the qualifying low-income rental housing units are to the total units in the building. For all properties qualifying as class 4d, the market value determined by the assessor must be based on the normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents.
- (f) The first tier of market value of class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.75 percent. The remaining value of class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.25 percent. For the purposes of this paragraph, the "first tier of market value of class 4d property" means the market value of each housing unit up to the first tier limit. For the purposes of this paragraph, all class 4d property value must be assigned to individual housing units. The first tier limit is \$100,000 for assessment year 2014 years 2022 and 2023. For subsequent assessment years, the limit is adjusted each year by the average statewide change in estimated market value of property classified as class 4a and 4d under this section for the previous assessment year, excluding valuation change due to new construction, rounded to the nearest \$1,000, provided, however, that the limit may never be less than \$100,000. Beginning with assessment year 2015, the commissioner of revenue must certify the limit for each assessment year by November 1 of the previous year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2022. 92.32

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Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.13, subdivision 34, is amended to read:

REVISOR

Subd. 34. Homestead of veteran with a disability or family caregiver. (a) All or a portion of the market value of property owned by a veteran and serving as the veteran's homestead under this section is excluded in determining the property's taxable market value if the veteran has a service-connected disability of 70 percent or more as certified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for exclusion under this subdivision, the veteran must have been honorably discharged from the United States armed forces, as indicated by United States Government Form DD214 or other official military discharge papers.

- (b)(1) For a disability rating of 70 percent or more, \$150,000 of market value is excluded, except as provided in clause (2); and
- (2) for a total (100 percent) and permanent disability, \$300,000 of market value is excluded.
- (c) If a veteran with a disability qualifying for a valuation exclusion under paragraph (b), clause (2), predeceases the veteran's spouse, and if upon the death of the veteran the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead and permanently resides there, the exclusion shall carry over to the benefit of the veteran's spouse until such time as the spouse remarries, or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n). Qualification under this paragraph requires an application under paragraph (h), and a spouse must notify the assessor if there is a change in the spouse's marital status, ownership of the property, or use of the property as a permanent residence.
- (d) If the spouse of a member of any branch or unit of the United States armed forces who dies due to a service-connected cause while serving honorably in active service, as indicated on United States Government Form DD1300 or DD2064, holds the legal or beneficial title to a homestead and permanently resides there, the spouse is entitled to the benefit described in paragraph (b), clause (2), until such time as the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n).
- (e) If a veteran meets the disability criteria of paragraph (a) but does not own property classified as homestead in the state of Minnesota, then the homestead of the veteran's primary family caregiver, if any, is eligible for the exclusion that the veteran would otherwise qualify for under paragraph (b).

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(f) In the case of an agricultural homestead, only the portion of the property consisting
of the house and garage and immediately surrounding one acre of land qualifies for the
valuation exclusion under this subdivision.

REVISOR

- (g) A property qualifying for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision is not eligible for the market value exclusion under subdivision 35, or classification under subdivision 22, paragraph (b).
- (h) To qualify for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision a property owner must apply to the assessor by December 15 31 of the first assessment year for which the exclusion is sought. For an application received after December 15, the exclusion shall become effective for the following assessment year. Except as provided in paragraph (c), the owner of a property that has been accepted for a valuation exclusion must notify the assessor if there is a change in ownership of the property or in the use of the property as a homestead.
- (i) A first-time application by a qualifying spouse for the market value exclusion under paragraph (d) must be made any time within two years of the death of the service member.
- (j) For purposes of this subdivision: 94.15
- (1) "active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05; 94.16
 - (2) "own" means that the person's name is present as an owner on the property deed;
 - (3) "primary family caregiver" means a person who is approved by the secretary of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs for assistance as the primary provider of personal care services for an eligible veteran under the Program of Comprehensive Assistance for Family Caregivers, codified as United States Code, title 38, section 1720G; and
 - (4) "veteran" has the meaning given the term in section 197.447.
 - (k) If a veteran dying after December 31, 2011, did not apply for or receive the exclusion under paragraph (b), clause (2), before dying, the veteran's spouse is entitled to the benefit under paragraph (b), clause (2), until the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n), if:
 - (1) the spouse files a first-time application within two years of the death of the service member or by June 1, 2019, whichever is later;
 - (2) upon the death of the veteran, the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead and permanently resides there;
- (3) the veteran met the honorable discharge requirements of paragraph (a); and 94.31
- (4) the United States Department of Veterans Affairs certifies that: 94.32

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95.1	(i) the veteran met the total (100 percent) and permanent disability requirement under
95.2	paragraph (b), clause (2); or
95.3	(ii) the spouse has been awarded dependency and indemnity compensation.
95.4	(l) The purpose of this provision of law providing a level of homestead property tax
95.5	relief for veterans with a disability, their primary family caregivers, and their surviving
95.6	spouses is to help ease the burdens of war for those among our state's citizens who bear
95.7	those burdens most heavily.

REVISOR

- (m) By July 1, the county veterans service officer must certify the disability rating and permanent address of each veteran receiving the benefit under paragraph (b) to the assessor.
- (n) A spouse who received the benefit in paragraph (c), (d), or (k) but no longer holds the legal or beneficial title to the property may continue to receive the exclusion for a property other than the property for which the exclusion was initially granted until the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, provided that:
- (1) the spouse applies under paragraph (h) for the continuation of the exclusion allowed under this paragraph;
- (2) the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the property for which the continuation of the exclusion is sought under this paragraph, and permanently resides there;
- (3) the estimated market value of the property for which the exclusion is sought under this paragraph is less than or equal to the estimated market value of the property that first received the exclusion, based on the value of each property on the date of the sale of the property that first received the exclusion; and
- (4) the spouse has not previously received the benefit under this paragraph for a property other than the property for which the exclusion is sought.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessments in 2021.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 275.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 95.25
- Subdivision 1. Levy amount. The state general levy is levied against 95.26 commercial-industrial property and seasonal residential recreational property, as defined 95.27 in this section. The state general levy for commercial-industrial property is \$737,090,000 95.28 \$716,990,000 for taxes payable in 2020 2023 and thereafter. The state general levy for 95.29 seasonal-recreational property is \$41,690,000 for taxes payable in 2020 and thereafter. The 95.30 tax under this section is not treated as a local tax rate under section 469.177 and is not the 95.31 levy of a governmental unit under chapters 276A and 473F. 95.32

96.1	The commissioner shall increase or decrease the preliminary or final rate for a year as
96.2	necessary to account for errors and tax base changes that affected a preliminary or final rate
96.3	for either of the two preceding years. Adjustments are allowed to the extent that the necessary
96.4	information is available to the commissioner at the time the rates for a year must be certified,
96.5	and for the following reasons:
96.6	(1) an erroneous report of taxable value by a local official;
96.7	(2) an erroneous calculation by the commissioner; and
96.8	(3) an increase or decrease in taxable value for commercial-industrial or seasonal
96.9	residential recreational property reported to the commissioner under section 270C.85,
96.10	subdivision 2, clause (4), for the same year.
96.11	The commissioner may, but need not, make adjustments if the total difference in the tax
96.12	levied for the year would be less than \$100,000.
96.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable
96.14	in 2023 and thereafter.
96.15	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 275.025, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
96.16	Subd. 2. Commercial-industrial tax capacity. For the purposes of this section,
96.17	"commercial-industrial tax capacity" means the tax capacity of all taxable property classified
96.18	as class 3 or class 5(1) under section 273.13, excluding:
96.19	(1) the tax capacity attributable to the first \$\frac{\$100,000}{\$150,000}\$ of market value of each
96.20	parcel of commercial-industrial property as defined under section 273.13, subdivision 24,
96.21	clauses (1) and (2);
96.22	(2) electric generation attached machinery under class 3; and
96.23	(3) property described in section 473.625.
96.24	County commercial-industrial tax capacity amounts are not adjusted for the captured
96.25	net tax capacity of a tax increment financing district under section 469.177, subdivision 2,
96.26	the net tax capacity of transmission lines deducted from a local government's total net tax
96.27	capacity under section 273.425, or fiscal disparities contribution and distribution net tax
96.28	capacities under chapter 276A or 473F. For purposes of this subdivision, the procedures
96.29	for determining eligibility for tier 1 under section 273.13, subdivision 24, clauses (1) and

first \$100,000 \$150,000 of market value.

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(2), shall apply in determining the portion of a property eligible to be considered within the

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 275.065, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Notice of proposed property taxes.** (a) The county auditor shall prepare and the county treasurer shall deliver after November 10 and on or before November 24 each year, by first class mail to each taxpayer at the address listed on the county's current year's assessment roll, a notice of proposed property taxes. Upon written request by the taxpayer, the treasurer may send the notice in electronic form or by electronic mail instead of on paper or by ordinary mail.
 - (b) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the notice.
- (c) The notice must inform taxpayers that it contains the amount of property taxes each taxing authority proposes to collect for taxes payable the following year. In the case of a town, or in the case of the state general tax, the final tax amount will be its proposed tax. The notice must clearly state for each city that has a population over 500, county, school district, regional library authority established under section 134.201, and metropolitan taxing districts as defined in paragraph (i), and fire protection and emergency medical services special taxing districts established under section 144F.01, the time and place of a meeting for each taxing authority in which the budget and levy will be discussed and public input allowed, prior to the final budget and levy determination. The taxing authorities must provide the county auditor with the information to be included in the notice on or before the time it certifies its proposed levy under subdivision 1. The public must be allowed to speak at that meeting, which must occur after November 24 and must not be held before 6:00 p.m. It must provide a telephone number for the taxing authority that taxpayers may call if they have questions related to the notice and an address where comments will be received by mail, except that no notice required under this section shall be interpreted as requiring the printing of a personal telephone number or address as the contact information for a taxing authority. If a taxing authority does not maintain public offices where telephone calls can be received by the authority, the authority may inform the county of the lack of a public telephone number and the county shall not list a telephone number for that taxing authority.
 - (d) The notice must state for each parcel:
- (1) the market value of the property as determined under section 273.11, and used for computing property taxes payable in the following year and for taxes payable in the current year as each appears in the records of the county assessor on November 1 of the current year; and, in the case of residential property, whether the property is classified as homestead

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or nonhomestead. The notice must clearly inform taxpayers of the years to which the market values apply and that the values are final values;

- (2) the items listed below, shown separately by county, city or town, and state general tax, agricultural homestead credit under section 273.1384, school building bond agricultural credit under section 273.1387, voter approved school levy, other local school levy, and the sum of the special taxing districts, and as a total of all taxing authorities:
 - (i) the actual tax for taxes payable in the current year; and
 - (ii) the proposed tax amount.

If the county levy under clause (2) includes an amount for a lake improvement district as defined under sections 103B.501 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that purpose must be separately stated from the remaining county levy amount.

In the case of a town or the state general tax, the final tax shall also be its proposed tax unless the town changes its levy at a special town meeting under section 365.52. If a school district has certified under section 126C.17, subdivision 9, that a referendum will be held in the school district at the November general election, the county auditor must note next to the school district's proposed amount that a referendum is pending and that, if approved by the voters, the tax amount may be higher than shown on the notice. In the case of the city of Minneapolis, the levy for Minneapolis Park and Recreation shall be listed separately from the remaining amount of the city's levy. In the case of the city of St. Paul, the levy for the St. Paul Library Agency must be listed separately from the remaining amount of the city's levy. In the case of Ramsey County, any amount levied under section 134.07 may be listed separately from the remaining amount of the county's levy. In the case of a parcel where tax increment or the fiscal disparities areawide tax under chapter 276A or 473F applies, the proposed tax levy on the captured value or the proposed tax levy on the tax capacity subject to the areawide tax must each be stated separately and not included in the sum of the special taxing districts; and

(3) the increase or decrease between the total taxes payable in the current year and the total proposed taxes, expressed as a percentage.

For purposes of this section, the amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under the senior citizens' property tax deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount of property tax before subtraction of the deferred property tax amount.

(e) The notice must clearly state that the proposed or final taxes do not include the following:

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l (1)	special	assessments
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- (2) levies approved by the voters after the date the proposed taxes are certified, including bond referenda and school district levy referenda;
- (3) a levy limit increase approved by the voters by the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the levy year as provided under section 275.73;
 - (4) amounts necessary to pay cleanup or other costs due to a natural disaster occurring after the date the proposed taxes are certified;
- (5) amounts necessary to pay tort judgments against the taxing authority that become 99.8 final after the date the proposed taxes are certified; and 99.9
- (6) the contamination tax imposed on properties which received market value reductions 99.10 for contamination. 99.11
 - (f) Except as provided in subdivision 7, failure of the county auditor to prepare or the county treasurer to deliver the notice as required in this section does not invalidate the proposed or final tax levy or the taxes payable pursuant to the tax levy.
 - (g) If the notice the taxpayer receives under this section lists the property as nonhomestead, and satisfactory documentation is provided to the county assessor by the applicable deadline, and the property qualifies for the homestead classification in that assessment year, the assessor shall reclassify the property to homestead for taxes payable in the following year.
- (h) In the case of class 4 residential property used as a residence for lease or rental 99.20 periods of 30 days or more, the taxpayer must either: 99.21
- (1) mail or deliver a copy of the notice of proposed property taxes to each tenant, renter, 99.22 or lessee; or 99.23
- 99.24 (2) post a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place on the premises of the property.
 - The notice must be mailed or posted by the taxpayer by November 27 or within three days of receipt of the notice, whichever is later. A taxpayer may notify the county treasurer of the address of the taxpayer, agent, caretaker, or manager of the premises to which the notice must be mailed in order to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph.
- (i) For purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 6, "metropolitan special taxing 99.29 districts" means the following taxing districts in the seven-county metropolitan area that 99.30 levy a property tax for any of the specified purposes listed below: 99.31

	HF9 SECOND ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	EAP	211-H0009-2
100.1	(1) Metropolitan Council under	section 473.132, 473	3.167, 473.249,	473.325, 473.446,
100.2	473.521, 473.547, or 473.834;			
100.3	(2) Metropolitan Airports Comr	nission under section	473.667, 473.67	'1, or 473.672; and
100.4	(3) Metropolitan Mosquito Con	trol Commission und	der section 473.7	11.
100.5	For purposes of this section, any	levies made by the re	egional rail autho	rities in the county
100.6	of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennep	in, Ramsey, Scott, or	Washington und	ler chapter 398A
100.7	shall be included with the appropri	ate county's levy.		
100.8	(j) The governing body of a cou	unty, city, or school d	istrict may, with	the consent of the
100.9	county board, include supplementa	l information with th	e statement of p	roposed property
100.10	taxes about the impact of state aid	increases or decrease	es on property tax	c increases or
100.11	decreases and on the level of service	es provided in the affe	cted jurisdiction.	This supplemental
100.12	information may include information	on for the following	year, the current	year, and for as
100.13	many consecutive preceding years	as deemed appropria	te by the govern	ing body of the
100.14	county, city, or school district. It m	ay include only infor	mation regardin	g:
100.15	(1) the impact of inflation as mo	easured by the implic	cit price deflator	for state and local
100.16	government purchases;			
100.17	(2) population growth and decli	ine;		
100.18	(3) state or federal government	action; and		
100.19	(4) other financial factors that a	ffect the level of pro	perty taxation an	d local services
100.20	that the governing body of the coun	nty, city, or school di	strict may deem	appropriate to
100.21	include.			
100.22	The information may be presen	ted using tables, writ	ten narrative, an	d graphic
100.23	representations and may contain in	struction toward furt	her sources of in	formation or
100.24	opportunity for comment.			
100.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sec	tion is effective begin	nning with prope	erty taxes payable
100.26	<u>in 2022.</u>			
100.27	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020), section 275 065 is	amended by add	ing a subdivision
100.27	to read:	,,,,,,,,,,		
100.20				
100.29	Subd. 3b. Notice of proposed p	roperty taxes requir	ed supplementa	l information. (a)

Article 6 Sec. 12.

100.32 contain for each parcel:

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proposed taxes described in subdivision 3. The statement must fit on one sheet of paper and

100.30 The county auditor must prepare a separate statement to be delivered with the notice of

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(1) for the county, city or township, and school district in which the parcel lies, the
certified levy for the current taxes payable year, the proposed levy for taxes payable in the
following year, and the increase or decrease between these two amounts, expressed as a
percentage; and

- (2) summary budget information listed in paragraph (b).
- (b) Summary budget information must contain budget data from the county, city, and 101.6 school district that proposes a property tax levy on the parcel for taxes payable the following 101.7 year. For the school district, the summary budget data must include the information provided 101.8 101.9 to the public under section 123B.10, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), for the current year and prior year. For the county and city, the reported summary budget data must contain the same information, in the same categories, and in the same format as provided to the Office of the 101.11 State Auditor as required by section 6.745. The statement must provide the governmental 101.12 revenues and current expenditures information in clauses (1) and (2) for the taxing authority's 101.13 budget for taxes payable the following year and the taxing authority's budget from taxes 101.14 payable in the current year, as well as the percent change between the two years. The city 101.15 must provide the county auditor with the summary budget data at the same time as the 101.16 101.17 information required under subdivision 3. Only cities with a population of at least 500 are required to report the data described in this paragraph. If a city with a population over 500 101.18 101.19 fails to report the required information to the county auditor, the county auditor must list the city as "budget information not reported" on the portion of the statement dedicated to 101.20 the city's budget information. The statement may take the same format as the annual summary 101.21 budget report for cities and counties issued by the Office of the State Auditor. The summary 101.22 budget data must include: 101.23
- 101.24 (1) a governmental revenues category, including and separately stating:
- 101.25 (i) "property taxes" defined as property taxes levied on an assessed valuation of real 101.26 property and personal property, if applicable, by the city and county, including fiscal disparities; 101.27
- 101.28 (ii) "special assessments" defined as levies made against certain properties to defray all or part of the costs of a specific improvement, such as new sewer and water mains, deemed 101.29 to benefit primarily those properties; 101.30
- 101.31 (iii) "state general purpose aid" defined as aid received from the state that has no restrictions on its use, including local government aid, county program aid, and market 101.32 value credits; and 101.33

Article 6 Sec. 12.

REVISOR

102.1	(iv) "state categorical aid" defined as revenues received for a specific purpose, such as
102.2	streets and highways, fire relief, and flood control, including but not limited to police and
102.3	fire state aid and out-of-home placement aid; and
102.4	(2) a current expenditures category, including and separately stating:
102.5	(i) "general government" defined as administration costs of city or county governments,
102.6	including salaries of officials and maintenance of buildings;
102.7	(ii) "public safety" defined as costs related to the protection of persons and property,
102.8	such as police, fire, ambulance services, building inspections, animal control, and flood
102.9	<u>control;</u>
102.10	(iii) "streets and highways" defined as costs associated with the maintenance and repair
102.11	of local highways, streets, bridges, and street equipment, such as patching, seal coating,
102.12	street lighting, street cleaning, and snow removal;
102.13	(iv) "sanitation" defined as costs of refuse collection and disposal, recycling, and weed
102.14	and pest control;
102.15	(v) "human services" defined as activities designed to provide public assistance and
102.16	institutional care for individuals economically unable to provide for themselves;
102.17	(vi) "health" defined as costs of the maintenance of vital statistics, restaurant inspection,
102.18	communicable disease control, and various health services and clinics;
102.19	(vii) "culture and recreation" defined as costs of libraries, park maintenance, mowing,
102.20	planting, removal of trees, festivals, bands, museums, community centers, cable television,
102.21	baseball fields, and organized recreation activities;
102.22	(viii) "conservation of natural resources" defined as the conservation and development
102.23	of natural resources, including agricultural and forestry programs and services, weed
102.24	inspection services, and soil and water conservation services;
102.25	(ix) "economic development and housing" defined as costs for development and
102.26	redevelopment activities in blighted or otherwise economically disadvantaged areas, including
102.27	low-interest loans, cleanup of hazardous sites, rehabilitation of substandard housing and
102.28	other physical facilities, and other assistance to those wanting to provide housing and
102.29	economic opportunity within a disadvantaged area; and
102.30	(x) "all other current expenditures" defined as costs not classified elsewhere, such as
102.31	airport expenditures, cemeteries, unallocated insurance costs, unallocated pension costs,
102.32	and public transportation costs.

103.1	(c) If a taxing authority reporting this data does not have revenues or expenditures in a
103.2	category listed in paragraph (b), then the taxing authority must designate the amount as "0"
103.3	for that specific category.
103.4	(d) The supplemental statement provided under this subdivision must be sent in electronic
103.5	form or by e-mail if the taxpayer requests an electronic version the notice of proposed
103.6	property taxes under subdivision 3, paragraph (a).
103.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for property taxes payable in 2023 and
103.8	thereafter.
103.9	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 275.066, is amended to read:
103.10	275.066 SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICTS; DEFINITION.
103.11	For the purposes of property taxation and property tax state aids, the term "special taxing
103.12	districts" includes the following entities:
103.13	(1) watershed districts under chapter 103D;
103.14	(2) sanitary districts under sections 442A.01 to 442A.29;
103.15	(3) regional sanitary sewer districts under sections 115.61 to 115.67;
103.16	(4) regional public library districts under section 134.201;
103.17	(5) park districts under chapter 398;
103.18	(6) regional railroad authorities under chapter 398A;
103.19	(7) hospital districts under sections 447.31 to 447.38;
103.20	(8) St. Cloud Metropolitan Transit Commission under sections 458A.01 to 458A.15;
103.21	(9) Duluth Transit Authority under sections 458A.21 to 458A.37;
103.22	(10) regional development commissions under sections 462.381 to 462.398;
103.23	(11) housing and redevelopment authorities under sections 469.001 to 469.047;
103.24	(12) port authorities under sections 469.048 to 469.068;
103.25	(13) economic development authorities under sections 469.090 to 469.1081;
103.26	(14) Metropolitan Council under sections 473.123 to 473.549;
103.27	(15) Metropolitan Airports Commission under sections 473.601 to 473.679;

(16) Metropolitan Mosquito Control Commission under sections 473.701 to 473.716;

- (17) Morrison County Rural Development Financing Authority under Laws 1982, chapter 104.1
- 437, section 1; 104.2
- (18) Croft Historical Park District under Laws 1984, chapter 502, article 13, section 6; 104.3
- (19) East Lake County Medical Clinic District under Laws 1989, chapter 211, sections 104.4
- 104.5 1 to 6;
- (20) Floodwood Area Ambulance District under Laws 1993, chapter 375, article 5, 104.6
- 104.7 section 39;
- (21) Middle Mississippi River Watershed Management Organization under sections 104.8
- 103B.211 and 103B.241; 104.9
- (22) fire protection and emergency medical services special taxing districts under section 104.10
- 144F.01; 104.11
- (23) a county levying under the authority of section 103B.241, 103B.245, or 103B.251; 104.12
- (24) Southern St. Louis County Special Taxing District; Chris Jensen Nursing Home 104.13
- under Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 21, article 4, section 12; 104.14
- (25) an airport authority created under section 360.0426; and 104.15
- (26) any other political subdivision of the state of Minnesota, excluding counties, school 104.16
- districts, cities, and towns, that has the power to adopt and certify a property tax levy to the 104.17
- county auditor, as determined by the commissioner of revenue. 104.18
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and 104.19
- applies to districts established after June 30, 2021. 104.20
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 104.21
- Subd. 3. **Income.** (a) "Income" means the sum of the following: 104.22
- (1) federal adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code; and 104.23
- (2) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (1): 104.24
- (i) all nontaxable income; 104.25
- (ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section 469, 104.26
- paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity loss 104.27
- carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code; 104.28

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105.1	(iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness of a
105.2	solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal Revenue
105.3	Code;
105.4	(iv) cash public assistance and relief;
105.5	(v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received
105.6	under the federal Social Security Act, Supplemental Security Income, and veterans benefits),
105.7	which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was funded exclusively
105.8	by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded from federal adjusted
105.9	gross income in the years when the payments were made;
105.10	(vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality or
105.11	political subdivision thereof;
105.12	(vii) workers' compensation;
105.13	(viii) nontaxable strike benefits;
105.14	(ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or sick
105.15	pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through insurance
105.16	or otherwise;
105.17	(x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of
105.18	1986, as amended through December 31, 1995;
105.19	(xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account, including
105.20	a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan;
105.21	self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k) of
105.22	the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the Internal
105.23	Revenue Code, to the extent the sum of amounts exceeds the retirement base amount for
105.24	the claimant and spouse;
105.25	(xii) to the extent not included in federal adjusted gross income, distributions received
105.26	by the claimant or spouse from a traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan;
105.27	(xiii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants;
105.28	(xiv) alimony received to the extent not included in the recipient's income;
105.29	(xv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal Revenue
105.30	Code;

105.32 Code; and

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(xvi) the amount deducted for tuition expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue

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(xvii) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

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In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the term "federal adjusted gross income" shall mean federal adjusted gross income reflected in the fiscal year ending in the calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income shall not be reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss carryback or carryforward allowed for the year.

- (b) "Income" does not include: 106.8
- (1) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and 102; 106.9
- (2) amounts of any pension or annuity which was exclusively funded by the claimant 106.10 or spouse and which funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross 106.11 income in the years when the payments were made; 106.12
- (3) to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, amounts contributed by the 106.13 claimant or spouse to a traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan, but not to exceed 106.14 the retirement base amount reduced by the amount of contributions excluded from federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero; 106.16
- (4) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency; 106.17
- (5) relief granted under this chapter; 106.18
- (6) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution or 106.19 legal separation; 106.20
- (7) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as 106.21 defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, 106.22 Public Law 107-16; or 106.23
- 106.24 (8) alimony paid; or
- (9) veterans disability compensation paid under title 38 of the United States Code. 106.25
- (c) The sum of the following amounts may be subtracted from income: 106.26
- (1) for the claimant's first dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.4; 106.27
- (2) for the claimant's second dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.3; 106.28
- (3) for the claimant's third dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.2; 106.29
- (4) for the claimant's fourth dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.1; 106.30

- (5) for the claimant's fifth dependent, the exemption amount; and
- 107.2 (6) if the claimant or claimant's spouse had a disability or attained the age of 65 on or before December 31 of the year for which the taxes were levied or rent paid, the exemption amount.

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- 107.5 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given:
- 107.6 (1) "exemption amount" means the exemption amount under section 290.0121, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), for the taxable year for which the income is reported;
- 107.8 (2) "retirement base amount" means the deductible amount for the taxable year for the claimant and spouse under section 219(b)(5)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted for inflation as provided in section 219(b)(5)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard to whether the claimant or spouse claimed a deduction; and
- 107.12 (3) "traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan" means retirement plans under sections 401, 403, 408, 408A, and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for refund claims based on property taxes
 payable in 2022 and rent paid in 2021 and thereafter.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 429.021, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Improvements authorized.** The council of a municipality shall have power to make the following improvements:
- (1) To acquire, open, and widen any street, and to improve the same by constructing, reconstructing, and maintaining sidewalks, pavement, gutters, curbs, and vehicle parking strips of any material, or by grading, graveling, oiling, or otherwise improving the same, including the beautification thereof and including storm sewers or other street drainage and connections from sewer, water, or similar mains to curb lines.
- 107.24 (2) To acquire, develop, construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain storm and sanitary sewers and systems, including outlets, holding areas and ponds, treatment plants, pumps, lift stations, service connections, and other appurtenances of a sewer system, within and without the corporate limits.
- 107.28 (3) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain steam heating mains.
- 107.29 (4) To install, replace, extend, and maintain street lights and street lighting systems and special lighting systems.

(5) To acquire, improve, construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain water works systems, 108.1 including mains, valves, hydrants, service connections, wells, pumps, reservoirs, tanks, 108.2 treatment plants, and other appurtenances of a water works system, within and without the 108.3 corporate limits. 108.4

REVISOR

- 108.5 (6) To acquire, improve and equip parks, open space areas, playgrounds, and recreational facilities within or without the corporate limits. 108.6
- (7) To plant trees on streets and provide for their trimming, care, and removal. 108.7
- (8) To abate nuisances and to drain swamps, marshes, and ponds on public or private 108.8 property and to fill the same. 108.9
- (9) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain dikes and other flood control works. 108.10
- (10) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain retaining walls and area walls. 108.11
- (11) To acquire, construct, reconstruct, improve, alter, extend, operate, maintain, and 108.12 promote a pedestrian skyway system. Such improvement may be made upon a petition 108.13 pursuant to section 429.031, subdivision 3. 108.14
- 108.15 (12) To acquire, construct, reconstruct, extend, operate, maintain, and promote underground pedestrian concourses. 108.16
- (13) To acquire, construct, improve, alter, extend, operate, maintain, and promote public 108.17 malls, plazas or courtyards. 108.18
- (14) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain district heating systems. 108.19
- (15) To construct, reconstruct, alter, extend, operate, maintain, and promote fire protection 108.20 systems in existing buildings, but only upon a petition pursuant to section 429.031, 108.21 subdivision 3. 108.22
- (16) To acquire, construct, reconstruct, improve, alter, extend, and maintain highway 108.23 sound barriers. 108.24
- (17) To improve, construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain gas and electric distribution 108.25 facilities owned by a municipal gas or electric utility. 108.26
- (18) To purchase, install, and maintain signs, posts, and other markers for addressing 108.27 related to the operation of enhanced 911 telephone service. 108.28
- (19) To improve, construct, extend, and maintain facilities for Internet access and other 108.29 communications purposes, if the council finds that: 108.30

109.1	(i) the facilities are necessary to make available Internet access or other communications
109.2	services that are not and will not be available through other providers or the private market
109.3	in the reasonably foreseeable future; and
109.4	(ii) the service to be provided by the facilities will not compete with service provided
109.5	by private entities.
109.6	(20) To assess affected property owners for all or a portion of the costs agreed to with
109.7	an electric utility, telecommunications carrier, or cable system operator to bury or alter a
109.8	new or existing distribution system within the public right-of-way that exceeds the utility's
109.9	design and construction standards, or those set by law, tariff, or franchise, but only upon
109.10	petition under section 429.031, subdivision 3.
109.11	(21) To assess affected property owners for repayment of voluntary energy improvement
109.12	financings under section 216C.436, subdivision 7, or 216C.437, subdivision 28.
109.13	(22) To construct, reconstruct, alter, extend, operate, maintain, and promote energy
109.14	improvement projects in existing buildings, provided that:
109.15	(i) a petition for the improvement is made by a property owner under section 429.031,
109.16	subdivision 3;
109.17	(ii) the municipality funds and administers the energy improvement project;
109.18	(iii) project funds are only used for the installation of improvements to heating,
109.19	ventilation, and air conditioning equipment and building envelope and for the installation
109.20	of renewable energy systems;
109.21	(iv) each property owner petitioning for the improvement receives notice that free or
109.22	low-cost energy improvements may be available under federal, state, or utility programs;
109.23	(v) for energy improvement projects on residential property, only residential property
109.24	having five or more units may obtain financing for projects under this clause; and
109.25	(vi) prior to financing an energy improvement project or imposing an assessment for a
109.26	project, written notice is provided to the mortgage lender of any mortgage encumbering or
109 27	otherwise secured by the property proposed to be improved

109.29 <u>and thereafter.</u>

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for special assessments payable in 2022

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Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 429.031, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Petition by all owners.** Whenever all owners of real property abutting upon any street named as the location of any improvement shall petition the council to construct the improvement and to assess the entire cost against their property, the council may, without a public hearing, adopt a resolution determining such fact and ordering the improvement. The validity of the resolution shall not be questioned by any taxpayer or property owner or the municipality unless an action for that purpose is commenced within 30 days after adoption of the resolution as provided in section 429.036. Nothing herein prevents any property owner from questioning the amount or validity of the special assessment against the owner's property pursuant to section 429.081. In the case of a petition for the municipality to own 110.10 and install a fire protection system, energy improvement projects, a pedestrian skyway 110.11 system, or on-site water contaminant improvements, the petition must contain or be accompanied by an undertaking satisfactory to the city by the petitioner that the petitioner will grant the municipality the necessary property interest in the building to permit the city 110.14 to enter upon the property and the building to construct, maintain, and operate the fire 110.15 protection system, energy improvement projects, pedestrian skyway system, or on-site water 110.16 contaminant improvements. In the case of a petition for the installation of a privately owned 110.17 fire protection system, energy improvement projects, a privately owned pedestrian skyway 110.18 system, or privately owned on-site water contaminant improvements, the petition shall contain the plans and specifications for the improvement, the estimated cost of the 110.20 improvement and a statement indicating whether the city or the owner will contract for the 110.21 construction of the improvement. If the owner is contracting for the construction of the 110.22 improvement, the city shall not approve the petition until it has reviewed and approved the 110.23 plans, specifications, and cost estimates contained in the petition. The construction cost 110.24 financed under section 429.091 shall not exceed the amount of the cost estimate contained in the petition. In the case of a petition for the installation of a fire protection system, energy 110.26 improvement projects, a pedestrian skyway system, or on-site water contaminant 110.27 improvements, the petitioner may request abandonment of the improvement at any time 110.28 after it has been ordered pursuant to subdivision 1 and before contracts have been awarded 110.29 for the construction of the improvement under section 429.041, subdivision 2. If such a 110.30 request is received, the city council shall abandon the proceedings but in such case the 110.31 petitioner shall reimburse the city for any and all expenses incurred by the city in connection with the improvement. 110.33

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for special assessments payable in 2022 and thereafter.

Article 6 Sec. 16.

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Sec. 17. Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 2, section 46, subdivision 3, as amended by Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 4, section 37, and Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 6, article 4, section 34, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Tax.** The district board may impose a property tax on taxable property as provided in this subdivision to pay the costs of providing fire or ambulance services, or both, throughout the district. The board shall annually determine the total amount of the levy that is attributable to the cost of providing fire services and the cost of providing ambulance services within the primary service area. For those municipalities that only receive ambulance services, the costs for the provision of ambulance services shall be levied against taxable property within those municipalities at a rate necessary not to exceed 0.019 percent of the estimated market value. For those municipalities that receive both fire and ambulance services, the tax shall be imposed at a rate that does not exceed 0.2835 percent of estimated market value.

When a member municipality opts to receive fire service from the district or an additional municipality becomes a member of the district, the cost of providing fire services to that community shall be determined by the board and added to the maximum levy amount.

Each county auditor of a county that contains a municipality subject to the tax under this section must collect the tax and pay it to the Fire and Ambulance Special Taxing District.

The district may also impose other fees or charges as allowed by law for the provision of fire and ambulance services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the

Cloquet Area Fire and Ambulance Special Taxing District and its chief clerical officer

comply with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and

3.

Sec. 18. SUSTAINABLE FOREST INCENTIVE ACT; VIOLATIONS.

Land that was split-classified under Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 273.13, subdivision 111.26 23, paragraph (c), while enrolled in the sustainable forest incentive act management program 111.27 under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290C, is not in violation of the conditions of enrollment 111.28 under Minnesota Statutes, sections 290C.03 and 290C.11, if, at the time of enrollment, a 111.29 structure that is not a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure, or an excluded area three 111.30 acres or larger that now contains a structure that is not a minor, ancillary nonresidential 111.31 structure, was identified on the covenant required under Minnesota Statutes, section 290C.04, 111.32 and appropriate acreage was excluded in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 111.33 290C.03. 111.34

112.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for determinations of violations of the
112.2	conditions of enrollment after June 30, 2021.
112.3	Sec. 19. 4D AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROGRAMS REPORT.
112.4	(a) No later than January 15, 2022, the commissioner of revenue, in consultation with
112.5	the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, must produce a report on class 4d property, as
112.6	defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 273.13, subdivision 25, and on local 4d affordable
112.7	housing programs. The commissioner must provide a copy of the report to the chairs and
112.8	ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over property
112.9	taxation. The report must comply with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections
112.10	3.195 and 3.197. The report must include the following to the extent available:
112.11	(1) for properties classified in part or in whole as 4d qualifying under Minnesota Statutes,
112.12	section 273.128, subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (4), with separate amounts given for properties
112.13	under each clause:
112.14	(i) the number of units classified as 4d in each property in the previous assessment year
112.15	as reported by each county;
112.16	(ii) the number of units not classified as 4d in each property in the previous assessment
112.17	<u>year;</u>
112.18	(iii) the property tax paid in 2021;
112.19	(iv) the property tax reduction in 2021 resulting from the property being classified as
112.20	4d rather than 4a; and
112.21	(v) the total number of 4d units in each of the last ten years; and
112.22	(2) for properties classified in part or in whole as 4d qualifying under Minnesota Statutes,
112.23	section 273.128, subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (4):
112.24	(i) the percent change in each political subdivision's net tax capacity if the first-tier class
112.25	rate of the 4d classification was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.25 percent;
112.26	(ii) the number of 4d properties located within tax increment financing districts, and the
112.27	impact on increment generation in those districts as a result of these properties being
112.28	classified as 4d rather than 4a;

112.29

(iii) the impact that a 4d class rate reduction from 0.75 percent to 0.25 percent for the

entire valuation would have on the property tax burden for homestead property;

113.1	(iv) the total number of 4d units whose value qualifies for the second tier in each year
113.2	since 2019;
113.3	(v) the impact that a reduction of the 4d class rate from 0.75 percent to 0.25 percent for
113.4	the entire valuation would have on property tax refunds received by renters and on property
113.5	tax refunds received by homeowners in jurisdictions that contain 4d property; and
113.6	(vi) a profile of income limits and area median incomes used in Minnesota by the United
113.7	States Department of Housing and Urban Development to determine the eligibility for
113.8	assisted housing programs.
113.9	(b) Counties must report to the commissioner of revenue any data required by paragraph
113.10	(a), clauses (1) and (2), by November 1, 2021.
113.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
113.12	Sec. 20. REVIEW OF UTILITY AND PIPELINE VALUATION PROCESS.
113.13	The commissioner of revenue shall initiate a review of the framework for valuations of
113.14	property described in Minnesota Statutes, sections 273.33, 273.35, 273.36, and 273.37,
113.15	including the methodology for valuations prescribed in Minnesota Rules, chapter 8100.
113.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
113.17	ARTICLE 7
113.18	AIDS AND CREDITS
113.19	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.03, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:
113.20	Subd. 2b. Counties. (a) For aids payable in 2018 and 2019, the total aid payable under
113.21	section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$103,795,000, of which \$3,000,000 shall be allocated
113.22	as required under Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4, section 6. For aids payable in 2020,
113.23	the total aid payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$116,795,000, of which
113.24	\$3,000,000 shall be allocated as required under Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4, section
113.25	6. For aids payable in 2021 through 2024, the total aid payable under section 477A.0124,
113.26	subdivision 3, is \$118,795,000, of which \$3,000,000 shall be allocated as required under
113.27	Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4, section 6. For aids payable in 2025 and thereafter, the
113.28	total aid payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$115,795,000. Each calendar
113.29	year On or before the first installment date provided in section 477A.015, paragraph (a),
113.30	\$500,000 of this appropriation shall be retained transferred each year by the commissioner
113.31	of revenue to make reimbursements to the commissioner of management and budget the
113.32	Board of Public Defense for payments made the payment of services under section 611.27.

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The reimbursements shall be to defray the additional costs associated with court-ordered counsel under section 611.27. Any retained transferred amounts not used for reimbursement in a year expended or encumbered in a fiscal year shall be certified by the board of public defense to the commissioner of revenue on or before October 1 and shall be included in the next distribution certification of county need aid that is certified to the county auditors for the purpose of property tax reduction for the next taxes payable year.

(b) For aids payable in 2018 and 2019, the total aid under section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$130,873,444. For aids payable in 2020, the total aid under section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$143,873,444. For aids payable in 2021 and thereafter, the total aid under section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$145,873,444. The commissioner of revenue shall 114.10 transfer to the commissioner of management and budget \$207,000 annually for the cost of 114.11 preparation of local impact notes as required by section 3.987, and other local government activities. The commissioner of revenue shall transfer to the commissioner of education \$7,000 annually for the cost of preparation of local impact notes for school districts as 114.14 required by section 3.987. The commissioner of revenue shall deduct the amounts transferred 114.15 under this paragraph from the appropriation under this paragraph. The amounts transferred 114.16 are appropriated to the commissioner of management and budget and the commissioner of 114.17 education respectively. 114.18

114.19 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.17, is amended to read:

477A.17 LAKE VERMILION-SOUDAN UNDERGROUND MINE STATE PARK; 114.20 ANNUAL PAYMENTS. 114.21

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), in lieu of the payment amount provided under section 477A.12, subdivision 1, clause (1), the county shall receive an annual payment for state-owned land within the boundary of Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park, established in section 85.012, subdivision 38a, equal to 1.5 percent of the appraised value of the state-owned land.

(b) For the purposes of this section paragraph, the appraised value of the land acquired for 114.27 Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park for the first five years after acquisition shall be the purchase price of the land, plus the value of any portion of the land that is 114.29 acquired by donation. Thereafter, the appraised value of the state-owned land shall be as 114.30 determined under section 477A.12, subdivision 3, except that the appraised value of the 114.31 state-owned land within the park shall not be reduced below the 2010 appraised value of 114.33 the land.

115.1	(e) The annual payments under this section paragraph shall be distributed to the taxing
115.2	jurisdictions containing the property as follows: one-third to the school districts; one-third
115.3	to the town; and one-third to the county. The payment to school districts is not a county
115.4	apportionment under section 127A.34 and is not subject to aid recapture. Each of those
115.5	taxing jurisdictions may use the payments for their general purposes.
115.6	(b) Beginning with aids payable in 2022, for land within the boundary of Lake
115.7	Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park designated as the Granelda Unit under
115.8	section 85.012, subdivision 38a, the county shall receive an annual payment equal to 1.5
115.9	percent of the appraised value of all parcels comprising the Granelda Unit as determined
115.10	for assessment year 2021. In each subsequent year, the county shall receive an annual
115.11	payment equal to 1.5 percent of the appraised value of all parcels comprising the Granelda
115.12	Unit for the most recent assessment year except that the appraised value of the parcels shall
115.13	not be reduced below the assessment year 2021 appraised value of the parcels.
115.14	The annual payments under this paragraph shall be distributed to the taxing jurisdictions
115.15	containing the property as follows: one-third to the school districts; one-third to the town;
115.16	and one-third to the county, except that the annual payment distributed to the county on
115.17	behalf of unorganized Township 63, Range 17, shall be transferred by the county to the
115.18	governing body of the public safety facility located in Section 32 in Township 63, Range
115.19	17, to be used for ongoing operations and maintenance of the facility. The payment to school
115.20	districts is not a county apportionment under section 127A.34 and is not subject to aid
115.21	recapture. Unless otherwise noted, each of those taxing jurisdictions may use the payments
115.22	for their general purposes.
115.23	(d) (c) Except as provided in this section, the payments shall be made as provided in
115.24	sections 477A.11 to 477A.13.
115.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with aids payable in 2022.
115.26	Sec. 3. [477A.30] LOCAL HOMELESS PREVENTION AID.
115.27	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
115.28	meanings given:
115.29	(1) "city" means a statutory or home rule charter city;
115.30	(2) "distribution factor" means the total number of students experiencing homelessness
115.31	in a county in the current school year and the previous two school years divided by the total
115.32	number of students experiencing homelessness in all counties in the current school year and

115.33 the previous two school years; and

116.1	(3) "families" means families and persons 24 years of age or younger.
116.2	Subd. 2. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to help local governments ensure no
116.3	child is homeless within a local jurisdiction by keeping families from losing housing and
116.4	helping those experiencing homelessness find housing.
116.5	Subd. 3. Distribution. (a) A county's initial local homeless prevention aid amount equals
116.6	the greater of: (1) \$5,000; or (2)(i) five percent of the money appropriated to local homeless
116.7	prevention aid under this section, times (ii) the ratio of the population of the county to the
116.8	population of all counties. For the purpose of this paragraph, "population" means the
116.9	population estimate used to calculate aid under section 477A.0124 for the same aid payable
116.10	<u>year.</u>
116.11	(b) The amount of the appropriation remaining after the allocation under paragraph (a)
116.12	must be allocated to counties by multiplying each county's distribution factor by the total
116.13	distribution available under this paragraph. Distribution factors must be based on the most
116.14	recent counts of students experiencing homelessness in each county, as certified by the
116.15	commissioner of education to the commissioner of revenue by July 1 of the year the aid is
116.16	certified to the counties under subdivision 5.
116.17	(c) A county's total local homeless prevention aid equals the sum of the amounts under
116.18	paragraphs (a) and (b).
116.19	Subd. 4. Use of proceeds. (a) Counties that receive a distribution under this section must
116.20	use the proceeds to fund new or existing family homeless prevention and assistance projects
116.21	or programs. These projects or programs may be administered by a county, a group of
116.22	contiguous counties jointly acting together, a city, a group of contiguous cities jointly acting
116.23	together, a Tribe, a group of Tribes, or a community-based nonprofit organization. Each
116.24	project or program must include plans for:
116.25	(1) targeting families with children who are eligible for a prekindergarten through grade
116.26	12 academic program and are:
116.27	(i) living in overcrowded conditions in their current housing;
116.28	(ii) paying more than 50 percent of their income for rent; or
116.29	(iii) lacking a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence;

116.30

(2) targeting unaccompanied youth in need of an alternative residential setting;

117.1	(3) connecting families with the social services necessary to maintain the families'
117.2	stability in their homes, including but not limited to housing navigation, legal representation
117.3	and family outreach; and
117.4	(4) one or more of the following:
117.5	(i) providing rental assistance for a specified period of time which may exceed 24 months
117.6	<u>or</u>
117.7	(ii) providing support and case management services to improve housing stability,
117.8	including but not limited to housing navigation and family outreach.
117.9	(b) Counties may choose not to spend all or a portion of the distribution under this
117.10	section. Any unspent funds must be returned to the commissioner of revenue by December
117.11	31 of the year following the year that the aid was received. Any funds returned to the
117.12	commissioner under this paragraph must be added to the overall distribution of aids certified
117.13	under this section in the following year. Any unspent funds returned to the commissioner
117.14	after the expiration under subdivision 8 are canceled to the general fund.
117.15	Subd. 5. Payments. The commissioner of revenue must compute the amount of local
117.16	homeless prevention aid payable to each county under this section. On or before August 1
117.17	of each year, the commissioner shall certify the amount to be paid to each county in the
117.18	following year. The commissioner shall pay local homeless prevention aid annually at the
117.19	times provided in section 477A.015.
117.20	Subd. 6. Appropriation. \$20,000,000 is annually appropriated from the general fund
117.21	to the commissioner of revenue to make payments required under this section.
117.22	Subd. 7. Report. (a) No later than January 15, 2025, the commissioner of revenue must
117.23	produce a report on projects and programs funded by counties under this section. The report
117.24	must include a list of the projects and programs, the number of people served by each, and
117.25	an assessment of how each project and program impacts people who are currently
117.26	experiencing homelessness or who are at risk of experiencing homelessness, as reported by
117.27	the counties to the commissioner by December 31 each year on a form prescribed by the
117.28	commissioner. The commissioner must provide a copy of the report to the chairs and ranking
117.29	minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over property taxes and
117.30	services for persons experiencing homelessness.
117.31	(b) The report in paragraph (a) must be updated every two years and the commissioner
117.32	of revenue must provide copies of the updated reports to the chairs and ranking minority
117.33	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over property taxes and services

118.1	for persons experiencing homelessness by January 15 of the year the report is due. Report
118.2	requirements under this subdivision expire following the report which includes the final
118.3	distribution preceding the expiration in subdivision 8.
118.4	Subd. 8. Expiration. Distributions under this section expire after aids payable in 2028
118.5	have been distributed.
118.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with aids payable in 2023 and
118.7	thereafter.
118.8	Sec. 4. ADDITION TO STATE PARK.
118.9	[85.012] [Subd. 38a.] Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park, St.
118.10	Louis County. The following areas are added to Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground
118.11	Mine State Park, St. Louis County, and are designated as the Granelda Unit:
118.12	(1) Lot 3 of Section 28 and Lot 5 of Section 29 in Township 63 North of Range 17, all
118.13	West of the 4th Principal Meridian, according to the United States Government Survey
118.14	thereof;
118.15	(2) the Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, the Northwest Quarter, the Southeast
118.16	Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, and Lots
118.17	numbered 1, 2, 3, and 4 of Section 29 in Township 63 North of Range 17, all West of the
118.18	4th Principal Meridian, according to the United States Government Survey thereof;
118.19	(3) Lots 1 and 2 of Section 32 in Township 63 North of Range 17, all West of the 4th
118.20	Principal Meridian, according to the United States Government Survey thereof; and
118.21	(4) Lot 4 of Section 23 in Township 63 North of Range 18, all West of the 4th Principal
118.22	Meridian, according to the United States Government Survey thereof.
118.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
118.24	Sec. 5. SUPPLEMENTAL 2022 CITY AID DISTRIBUTION.
110.24	Sec. 5. SUIT LEWIENTAL 2022 CITT AID DISTRIBUTION.
118.25	(a) Supplemental aid for a city equals the greater of: (1) zero; or (2) the difference
118.26	between the local government aid amount under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.013,
118.27	subdivision 9, certified for the city for aid payable in 2021, minus the local government aid
118.28	amount under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.013, subdivision 9, certified for the city
118 29	for aid payable in 2022.

119.1	(b) The commissioner of revenue must notify a city of its supplemental aid amount
119.2	before August 1, 2021, and must pay the aid in calendar year 2022 in two installments on
119.3	the dates specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.015.
119.4	(c) Supplemental aid under this section must not be included for any calculations under
119.5	Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.013, that rely on prior year aid amounts.
119.6	(d) An amount sufficient to pay supplemental aid under this section is appropriated in
119.7	fiscal year 2023 from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue. This is a onetime
119.8	appropriation.
119.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aid payable in calendar year 2022.
119.10	Sec. 6. CITY OF FLOODWOOD; GRANT.
119.11	(a) \$250,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
119.12	of revenue for a grant to the city of Floodwood. This is a onetime appropriation. The grant
119.13	shall be paid by July 15, 2021.
119.14	(b) The grant must be used by the city of Floodwood to pay the capital and administrative
119.15	costs of the Floodwood City-wide Street and Infrastructure Project.
119.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
119.17	Sec. 7. LOCAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS.
119.18	(a) \$29,354,688 in fiscal year 2022 only is appropriated from the general fund to the
119.19	commissioner of revenue for grants to counties identified in this section to pay a portion of
119.20	the refund to a taxpayer under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 271, or Minnesota Statutes,
119.21	section 278.12, for a final judgment that is the result of an appeal filed by a fluid pipeline
119.22	company under Minnesota Statutes, section 273.372, based on assessment years 2012
119.23	through 2018. These grants must be used by each county to pay refund amounts owed by
119.24	the county and other taxing districts within the county. The grants are exempt from the
119.25	requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.98, and must be paid to the counties by
119.26	August 15, 2021, and allocated as follows:
119.27	(1) \$91,781 to Aitkin County;
119.28	(2) \$2,225,319 to Beltrami County;
119.29	(3) \$2,573,615 to Carlton County;

119.30

(4) \$2,631,052 to Cass County;

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120.1	(5) \$3,690,961 to Clearwater County;
120.2	(6) \$549,582 to Hubbard County;
120.3	(7) \$5,591,840 to Itasca County;
120.4	(8) \$1,189,765 to Kittson County;
120.5	(9) \$2,404,267 to Marshall County;
120.6	(10) \$2,551,225 to Pennington County;
120.7	(11) \$1,166,654 to Polk County;
120.8	(12) \$1,904,685 to Red Lake County; and
120.9	(13) \$2,783,942 to Saint Louis County.
120.10	(b) The appropriation under this section is onetime.
120.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
120.12	ARTICLE 8
120.13	LOCAL TAXES
120.14	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.99, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
120.15	Subd. 2. Local resolution before application for authority. (a) Before the governing
120.16	body of a political subdivision requests legislative approval to impose a local sales tax
120.17	authorized by a special law, it shall adopt a resolution indicating its approval of the tax. The
120.18	resolution must include the following information:
120.19	(1) the proposed tax rate;
120.20	(2) a detailed description of no more than five capital projects that will be funded with
120.21	revenue from the tax;
120.22	(3) documentation of the regional significance of each project, including the share of
120.23	the economic benefit to or use of each project by persons residing, or businesses located,
120.24	outside of the jurisdiction;
120.25	(4) the amount of local sales tax revenue that would be used for each project and the
120.26	estimated time needed to raise that amount of revenue; and
120.27	(5) the total revenue that will be raised for all projects before the tax expires, and the
120.28	estimated length of time that the tax will be in effect if all proposed projects are funded.

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(b) The jurisdiction seeking authority to impose a local sales tax by special law must submit the resolution in paragraph (a) along with underlying documentation indicating how the benefits under paragraph (a), clause (3), were determined, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over taxes no later than January 31 of the year in which the jurisdiction is seeking a special law authorizing the tax.

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- (c) The special legislation granting local sales tax authority is not required to allow 121.6 funding for all projects listed in the resolution with the revenue from the local sales tax, but 121.7 must not include any projects not contained in the resolution. 121.8
- (d) For purposes of this section, a "capital project" or "project" means: 121.9
- (1) a single building or structure including associated infrastructure needed to safely 121.10 access or use the building or structure; 121.11
- (2) improvements within a single park or named recreation area; or 121.12
- (3) a contiguous trail. 121.13
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for local sales tax proposals submitted 121.14 for approval after the day following final enactment. 121.15
- Sec. 2. Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 6, article 6, section 27, is amended to 121.16 121.17 read:

Sec. 27. CITY OF SARTELL; LOCAL TAXES AUTHORIZED. 121.18

- 121.19 Subdivision 1. Food and beverage tax authorized. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99 or 477A.016, or any ordinance or other provision of law, and if approved 121 20 by voters at the November 3, 2020, a general election, or at a special election held before 121.21 November 3, 2020 pursuant to a resolution adopted by its governing body, the city of Sartell 121.22 may, by ordinance, impose a sales tax of up to 1-1/2 percent on the gross receipts of all food 121.23 and beverages sold by a restaurant or place of refreshment, as defined by ordinance of the 121.24 city, that is located within the city. For purposes of this section, "food and beverages" include 121.25 121.26 retail on-sale of intoxicating liquor and fermented malt beverages.
- Subd. 2. Use of proceeds from authorized taxes. The proceeds of the taxes imposed 121.27 under subdivision 1 must be used by the city to fund capital or operational costs for new 121.28 and existing recreational facilities and related amenities within the city. Authorized expenses 121.29 include securing or paying debt service on bonds or other obligations issued to finance 121.30 construction and improvement projects. 121.31

122.1	Subd. 3. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires five years
122.2	after the tax is first imposed.
122.3	Subd. 4. Collection, administration, and enforcement. The city may enter into an
122.4	agreement with the commissioner of revenue to administer, collect, and enforce the taxes
122.5	under subdivision 1. If the commissioner agrees to collect the tax, the provisions of Minnesota
122.6	Statutes, sections 270C.171 and 297A.99, related to collection, administration, and
122.7	enforcement apply.
122.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
122.9	city of Sartell and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
122.10	subdivisions 2 and 3.
122.11	Sec. 3. CARLTON COUNTY; LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX AUTHORIZED.
122.12	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
122.13	sections 297A.99, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), and 477A.016, or any other law or ordinance,
122.14	and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes,
122.15	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, Carlton County may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use
122.16	tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise
122.17	provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the
122.18	imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this
122.19	subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and
122.20	use tax imposed under any other special law.
122.21	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
122.22	under subdivision 1 must be used by Carlton County to pay the costs of collecting and
122.23	administering the tax, and to finance up to \$60,000,000 for the construction of a new building
122.24	consisting of a law enforcement center, judicial center, and jail serving a regional female
122.25	offender program. Authorized costs include related parking, design, construction,
122.26	reconstruction, mechanical upgrades, and engineering costs, as well as the associated bond
122.27	costs for any bonds issued under subdivision 3.
122.28	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) Carlton County may issue bonds under Minnesota
122.29	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in
122.30	subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may
122.31	not exceed \$60,000,000, plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the
122.32	bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the county,
122.33	including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this

subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.

23.1	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the county.
23.2	Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest
23.3	on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds
23.4	under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
23.5	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
23.6	earlier of: (1) 30 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the county determines that
23.7	it has received from this tax \$60,000,000 to fund the project listed in subdivision 2, plus an
23.8	amount sufficient to pay costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision
23.9	3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes,
23.10	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the
23.11	allowed costs due to timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section
23.12	297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the county's general fund. The tax imposed
23.13	under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the county determines by ordinance.
23.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
23.15	Carlton County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
23.16	subdivisions 2 and 3.
23.17	Sec. 4. CITY OF CLOQUET; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
23.18	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
23.19	section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter,
23.20	and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes,
23.21	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Cloquet may impose by ordinance a sales and
23.22	use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as
23.23	otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
23.24	govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized
23.25	under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local
23.26	sales and use tax imposed under any other special law.
23.27	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
23.28	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Cloquet to pay the costs of collecting and
23.29	administering the tax and the capital and administrative costs of any or all of the projects
23.30	listed in this subdivision. The amount spent on each project is limited to the amount set
23.31	forth below plus an amount equal to interest on and the costs of issuing any bonds:
23.32	(1) construction, reconstruction, expansion, or improvement related to the Pine Valley
23.33	Regional Park Project, including ski jump repairs, chalet replacement, and parking and

123.34 <u>lighting improvements</u>, in an amount not to exceed \$2,124,700; and

(2) restoration, repair, and upgrading of the Cloquet Ice Arena in an amount not to exceed

124.1

124.2	\$6,025,500.
124.3	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Cloquet may issue bonds under Minnesota
124.4	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance up to \$8,150,200 of the portion of the costs of the facilities
124.5	authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes,
124.6	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds
124.7	issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$8,150,200 plus an amount to be applied to
124.8	the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by
124.9	any funds available to the city of Cloquet, including the tax authorized under subdivision
124.10	1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections
124.11	275.60 and 275.61.
124.12	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
124.13	of Cloquet, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
124.14	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
124.15	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
124.16	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
124.17	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) ten years
124.18	after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
124.19	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
124.20	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
124.21	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
124.22	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
124.23	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
124.24	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
124.25	of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the
124.26	general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time
124.27	if the city so determines by ordinance.
124.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
124.29	city of Cloquet and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
124.30	subdivisions 2 and 3.
124.31	Sec. 5. <u>CITY OF EDINA; TAXES AUTHORIZED.</u>
124.32	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,

124.34

section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter,

and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes,

25.1	section 29/A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Edina may impose by ordinance a sales and use
25.2	tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise
25.3	provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the
25.4	imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this
25.5	subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and
25.6	use tax imposed under any other special law.
25.7	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
25.8	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Edina to pay the costs of collecting and
25.9	administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing
25.10	and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:
25.11	(1) \$17,700,000 plus associated bonding costs for development of Fred Richards Park
25.12	as identified in the Fred Richards Park Master Plan; and
25.13	(2) \$21,600,000 plus associated bonding costs for improvements to Braemar Park as
25.14	identified in the Braemar Park Master Plan.
25.15	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Edina may issue bonds under Minnesota
25.16	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the projects authorized in
25.17	subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section
25.18	297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued
25.19	under this subdivision may not exceed: (1) \$17,700,000 for the project listed in subdivision
25.20	2, clause (1), plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds;
25.21	and (2) \$21,600,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount to be
25.22	applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or
25.23	secured by any funds available to the city of Edina, including the tax authorized under
25.24	subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota
25.25	Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
25.26	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
25.27	of Edina, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
25.28	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
25.29	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
25.30	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
25.31	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 19 years
25.32	after the tax is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
25.33	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
25 34	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A 99

126.1	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
126.2	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
126.3	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
126.4	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
126.5	of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, must be placed in the
126.6	general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time
126.7	if the city so determines by ordinance.
126.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
126.9	city of Edina and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
126.10	subdivisions 2 and 3.
126.11	Sec. 6. CITY OF FERGUS FALLS; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
126.12	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax; authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
126.13	section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter,
126.14	the city of Fergus Falls may, if approved by the voters at a general election as required under
126.15	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, impose, by ordinance, a sales and use
126.16	tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise
126.17	provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the
126.18	imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this
126.19	subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and
126.20	use tax imposed under any other special law.
126.21	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
126.22	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Fergus Falls to pay the costs of collecting
126.23	and administering the tax and for the following projects in the city, including securing and
126.24	paying debt service, on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:
126.25	(1) \$7,800,000 for an aquatics center; and
126.26	(2) \$5,200,000 for the DeLagoon Improvement Project.
126.27	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Fergus Falls may issue bonds under
126.28	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities
126.29	authorized in subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes,
126.30	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds
126.31	issued under this subdivision may not exceed:

127.1	(1) \$7,800,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount needed
127.2	to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing
127.3	the bonds; and
127.4	(2) \$5,200,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount needed
127.5	to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing
127.6	the bonds.
127.7	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Fergus
127.8	Falls, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
127.9	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
127.10	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
127.11	of Fergus Falls, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay
127.12	principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election
127.13	to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
127.14	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
127.15	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) December
127.16	31, 2037, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received from the tax is
127.17	sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for projects approved
127.18	by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph
127.19	(a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized
127.20	under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in
127.21	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining
127.22	after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under
127.23	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of
127.24	the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so
127.25	determines by ordinance.
127.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
127.27	city of Fergus Falls and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
127.28	<u>645.021</u> , subdivisions 2 and 3.
127.29	Sec. 7. CITY OF GRAND RAPIDS; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
127.30	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
127.31	section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter,
127.32	and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes,
127.22	saction 207 A 00 subdivision 2 the city of Grand Panida may impose by ordinance a salas

and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except 128.1 as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 128.2 128.3 govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local 128.4 sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 128.5 128.6 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Grand Rapids to pay the costs of collecting 128.7 and administering the tax including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued and 128.8 to finance up to \$5,980,000 for reconstruction, remodeling, and upgrades to the Grand 128.9 Rapids IRA Civic Center. Authorized costs include design, construction, reconstruction, 128.10 mechanical upgrades, and engineering costs, as well as the associated bond costs for any 128.11 128.12 bonds issued under subdivision 3. Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Grand Rapids may issue bonds under 128.13 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities 128.14 authorized in subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this 128.15 subdivision may not exceed \$5,980,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of 128.16 the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available 128.17 to the city of Grand Rapids, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance 128.18 of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 128.19 275.61. 128.20 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city 128.21 of Grand Rapids, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay 128.22 principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election 128.23 to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 128.24 128.25 Subd. 4. **Termination of taxes.** The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) seven years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council 128.26 determines that it has received from this tax \$5,980,000 to fund the project listed in 128.27 subdivision 2 for projects approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, 128.28 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs 128.29 related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the 128.30 bonds. Any funds remaining after payment of all such costs and retirement or redemption 128.31 of the bonds shall be placed in the general fund of the city, except for funds required to be 128.32 128.33 retained in the state general fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines 128.34

by ordinance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 129.1 city of Grand Rapids and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 129.2 129.3 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

REVISOR

Sec. 8. CITY OF HERMANTOWN; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

- 129.5 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, 129.6 and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, 129.7 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Hermantown may impose by ordinance a sales 129.8 129.9 and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 129.10 govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized 129.11 under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 129.13
- 129.14 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Hermantown to pay the costs of collecting 129.15 and administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city related to a Community Recreational Initiative, including securing and paying debt service on bonds 129.17 issued to finance all or part of the following projects: 129.18
- (1) \$10,840,000 for an addition of a second ice sheet with locker rooms and other facilities 129.19 129.20 and upgrades to the Hermantown Hockey Arena;
- (2) \$4,570,000 for construction of the Hermantown-Proctor trail running from the Essentia 129.21 Wellness Center to the border with Proctor and eventually connecting to the Munger Trail; 129.22 129.23 and
- 129.24 (3) \$3,900,000 for improvements and upgrades to Fichtner Park.

issued under this subdivision may not exceed:

- Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Hermantown may issue bonds under 129.25 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities 129.26 129.27 authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds 129.28
- (1) \$10,840,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount to be 129.30 applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds; 129.31
- (2) \$4,570,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount to be 129.32 applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds; and 129.33

(3) \$3,900,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (3), plus an amount to be 130.1 130.2 applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. 130.3 The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Hermantown, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this 130.4 130.5 subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city 130.6 of Hermantown, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay 130.7 principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election 130.8 to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 130.9 Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 130.10 subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 20 years 130.11 after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received 130.12 from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for 130.13 projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 130.15 of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 130.16 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 130.17 any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 130.18 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 130.19 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 130.20 if the city so determines by ordinance. 130.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 130.22 city of Hermantown and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 130.23 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 9. ITASCA COUNTY; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 130.26 section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law or ordinance and if approved 130.27 by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, Itasca County may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one percent 130.29 130.30 for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, 130.31 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed 130.32 under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other 130.33 130.34 special law.

131.1	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
131.2	under subdivision 1 must be used by Itasca County to pay the costs of collecting and
131.3	administering the tax and paying for up to \$75,000,000 for new construction of or upgrades
131.4	to correctional facilities, new construction of or upgrades to court facilities including ancillary
131.5	support accommodations, and new construction of or upgrades to county offices, plus an
131.6	amount needed for securing and paying debt service on bonds issued for the project.
131.7	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) Itasca County may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes,
131.8	chapter 475, to finance the costs of the facility authorized in subdivision 2. The aggregate
131.9	principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$75,000,000 for
131.10	the project listed in subdivision 2, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs
131.11	of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the
131.12	county, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
131.13	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
131.14	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the county,
131.15	and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal and interest
131.16	on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds
131.17	under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
131.18	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
131.19	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 30 years
131.20	after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the county board determines that the amount
131.21	received from the tax is sufficient to pay \$75,000,000 in project costs authorized under
131.22	subdivision 2, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds
131.23	authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided
131.24	in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining
131.25	after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under
131.26	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of
131.27	the county. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the county
131.28	so determines by ordinance.
131.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of Itasca
131.30	County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
131.31	subdivisions 2 and 3.
131.32	Sec. 10. CITY OF LITCHFIELD; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
131.32	500. 10. CILL OF LITCHFIELD, IAAES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 131.33 section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter,

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132.1	and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes,
132.2	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Litchfield may impose by ordinance a sales and
132.3	use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as
132.4	otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
132.5	govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized
132.6	under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local
132.7	sales and use tax imposed under any other special law.
132.8	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
132.9	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Litchfield to pay the costs of collecting and
132.10	administering the tax and for up to \$10,000,000 for the cost of constructing a community
132.11	wellness/recreation center that will include a gymnasium and general fitness spaces, a
132.12	dedicated walking section, a community room, and any locker rooms and mechanical
132.13	equipment needed for future additions to the facility.
132.14	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Litchfield may issue bonds under Minnesota
132.15	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in
132.16	subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section
132.17	297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued
132.18	under this subdivision may not exceed \$10,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2
132.19	plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds
132.20	may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Litchfield, including the
132.21	tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not
132.22	subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
132.23	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
132.24	of Litchfield and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
132.25	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
132.26	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
132.27	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
132.28	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 20 years
132.29	after being first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
132.30	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
132.31	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
132.32	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
132.33	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
132.34	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
132.35	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination

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of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Litchfield and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 11. CITY OF LITTLE FALLS; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Little Falls may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law.

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Little Falls to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and for up to \$17,000,000 for the cost of constructing a community recreational facility that includes a gymnasium with an indoor track, multipurpose rooms for meeting and educational spaces, office and storage space, and outdoor recreational facilities for aquatic recreation with a master plan to incorporate future additions to the facility.

Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Little Falls may issue bonds under Minnesota 133.24 133.25 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 133.26 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued 133.27 under this subdivision may not exceed \$17,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2 133.28 plus an amount needed to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment 133.29 133.30 of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Little Falls, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The 133.31 issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 133.32 and 275.61. 133.33

(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city 134.1 of Little Falls, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay 134.2 134.3 principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election 134.4 to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 134.5 Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 30 years 134.6 after being first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received 134.7 from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for the 134.8 project if approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 134.9 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 134.10 of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 134.11 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 134.12 any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 134.13 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 134.14 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 134.15 if the city so determines by ordinance. 134.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 134.17 city of Little Falls and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 134.18 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 134.19 Sec. 12. CITY OF MAPLE GROVE; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 134.20

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 134.21 section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters 134.22 at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 134.23 the city of Maple Grove may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one 134.24 percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this 134.25 section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, 134.26 administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. 134.27 The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed 134.28 under any other special law. 134.29

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Maple Grove to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax, and to finance up to \$90,000,000 for the expansion and renovation of the Maple Grove Community Center, plus an amount needed for securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance the project.

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135.1	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Maple Grove may issue bonds under
135.2	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project
135.3	authorized in subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes
135.4	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds
135.5	issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$90,000,000, plus an amount applied to the
135.6	payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any
135.7	funds available to the city, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance
135.8	of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and
135.9	<u>275.61.</u>
135.10	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city.
135.11	Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest
135.12	on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds
135.13	under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
135.14	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
135.15	earlier of: (1) 20 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines
135.16	that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized
135.17	under subdivision 2 for the project approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes
135.18	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs
135.19	related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the
135.20	bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision
135.21	3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of allowed costs due to the timing of
135.22	the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall
135.23	be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire
135.24	at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.
135.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
135.26	city of Maple Grove and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
135.27	<u>645.021</u> , subdivisions 2 and 3.
135.28	Sec. 13. MILLE LACS COUNTY; LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX AUTHORIZED
135.29	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes
135.30	section 477A.016, or any other law or ordinance, and if approved by the voters at a general
135.31	election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, Mille Lacs
135.32	County may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the
135.33	purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
125 24	provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 207 A 00, govern the imposition, administration

136.1	collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed
136.2	under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other
136.3	special law.
136.4	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
136.5	under subdivision 1 must be used by Mille Lacs County to pay the costs of collecting and
136.6	administering the tax, and to finance up to \$10,000,000 for the construction of a public
136.7	works building in Mille Lacs County, plus an amount needed for securing and paying debt
136.8	service on bonds issued to finance the project.
136.9	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) Mille Lacs County may issue bonds under Minnesota
136.10	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in
136.11	subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section
136.12	297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued
136.13	under this subdivision may not exceed \$10,000,000, plus an amount applied to the payment
136.14	of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds
136.15	available to the county, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of
136.16	bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and
136.17	<u>275.61.</u>
136.18	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the county.
136.19	Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest
136.20	on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds
136.21	under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
136.22	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
136.23	earlier of: (1) eight years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the county board
136.24	determines that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs
136.25	authorized under subdivision 2 for the project approved by voters as required under
136.26	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient
136.27	to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including
136.28	interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
136.29	subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of allowed costs due to the
136.30	timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision
136.31	12, shall be placed in the general fund of the county. The tax imposed under subdivision 1
136.32	may expire at an earlier time if the county so determines by ordinance.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of Mille
Lacs County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
subdivisions 2 and 3.

REVISOR

Sec. 14. CITY OF MOORHEAD; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Moorhead may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law.

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Moorhead to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax, and to finance up to \$31,590,000 for the construction of a regional

administering the tax, and to finance up to \$31,590,000 for the construction of a regional library and community center in the city of Moorhead, plus an amount needed for securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance the project.

Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Moorhead may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in

subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section
297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued
under this subdivision may not exceed \$31,590,000, plus an amount applied to the payment

of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds

available to the city, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds

under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.

(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city.

Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest
on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds
under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 22 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for the project approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes,

section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs 138.1 related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the 138.2 138.3 bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of allowed costs due to the timing of 138.4 the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall 138.5 be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire 138.6 at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance. 138.7

138.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Moorhead and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 138.9 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 138.10

Sec. 15. CITY OF OAKDALE; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

- Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 138.12 section 477A.016, or any other ordinance or city charter, and if approved by the voters at 138.13 a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 138.14 the city of Oakdale may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent 138.15 for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, 138.17 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed 138.18 under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other 138.19 special law. 138.20
- 138.21 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Oakdale to pay the costs of collecting and 138.22 138.23 administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects: 138.24
- 138.25 (1) \$22,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new public works facility; and 138.26
- (2) \$15,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction and rehabilitation, and 138.27 associated building costs of the police department facility. 138.28
- Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Oakdale may issue bonds under Minnesota 138.29 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the projects authorized in 138.30 subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may 138.31 138.32 not exceed: (1) \$22,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds; and (2) \$15,000,000 for the projects 138.33

139.1	listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing
139.2	the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of
139.3	Oakdale, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under
139.4	this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
139.5	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city.
139.6	Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest
139.7	on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds
139.8	under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
139.9	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
139.10	earlier of: (1) 25 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines
139.11	that the city has received from this tax \$37,000,000 to fund the projects listed in subdivision
139.12	2, plus an amount sufficient to pay costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized in
139.13	subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided under Minnesota
139.14	Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment
139.15	of the allowed costs due to timing of the termination under Minnesota Statutes, section
139.16	297A.99, shall be placed in the city's general fund. The tax imposed under subdivision 1
139.17	may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.
139.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
139.19	city of Oakdale and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021
139.20	subdivisions 2 and 3.
139.21	Sec. 16. CITY OF ST. CLOUD; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
139.22	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes
139.23	section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters
139.24	at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3
139.25	the city of St. Cloud may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent
139.26	C. 41
139.27	for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
139.27	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration
139.27	
	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration
139.28	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed
139.28 139.29	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other
139.28 139.29 139.30	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law.

140.1	finance up to \$21,100,000 plus associated bonding costs for expansion and improvement
140.2	of St. Cloud's Municipal Athletic Complex.
140.3	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of St. Cloud may issue bonds under Minnesota
140.4	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the projects authorized in
140.5	subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may
140.6	not exceed \$21,100,000 plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds
140.7	The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of St. Cloud,
140.8	including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
140.9	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
140.10	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city.
140.11	Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest
140.12	on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds
140.13	under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
140.14	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
140.15	earlier of: (1) five years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines
140.16	that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized
140.17	under subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes,
140.18	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, plus an amount sufficient to pay costs related to issuance
140.19	of any bonds authorized in subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Any funds
140.20	remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to timing of the termination under
140.21	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, shall be placed in the city's general fund. The tax
140.22	imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by
140.23	ordinance.
140.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
140.25	city of St. Cloud and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
140.26	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
140.27	Sec. 17. CITY OF ST. PETER; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
140.28	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes.
140.29	section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter,
140.30	and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes,
140.31	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of St. Peter may impose by ordinance a sales and
140.32	use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as
140.33	otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
140.34	govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized

141.1	under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local
141.2	sales and use tax imposed under any other special law.
141.3	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
141.4	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of St. Peter to pay the costs of collecting and
141.5	administering the tax and paying for up to \$9,121,000 for construction of a new fire station,
141.6	plus an amount needed for securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance the
141.7	project.
141.8	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of St. Peter may issue bonds under Minnesota
141.9	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance the costs of the facility authorized in subdivision 2. The
141.10	aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$9,121,000
141.11	for the project listed in subdivision 2, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the
141.12	costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available
141.13	to the city of St. Peter, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of
141.14	bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and
141.15	<u>275.61.</u>
141.16	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
141.17	of St. Peter; and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
141.18	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
141.19	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
141.20	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
141.21	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 40 years
141.22	after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
141.23	from the tax is sufficient to pay for \$9,121,000 in project costs authorized under subdivision
141.24	2, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized
141.25	under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in
141.26	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining
141.27	after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under
141.28	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of
141.29	the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so
141.30	determines by ordinance.
141.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
141.32	city of St. Peter and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
141 33	subdivisions 2 and 3

142.1	Sec. 18. <u>CITY OF STAPLES; LOCAL SALES AND USE TAXES AUTHORIZED.</u>
142.2	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
142.3	section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters
142.4	at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3,
142.5	the city of Staples may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent
142.6	for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
142.7	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
142.8	collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed
142.9	under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other
142.10	special law.
142.11	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
142.12	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Staples to pay the costs of collecting and
142.13	administering the tax, and to finance up to \$1,600,000 for the renovation of the Staples
142.14	Community Center, plus an amount needed for securing and paying debt service on bonds
142.15	issued to finance the project.
142.16	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Staples may issue bonds under Minnesota
142.17	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in
142.18	subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section
142.19	297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued
142.20	under this subdivision may not exceed \$1,600,000, plus an amount applied to the payment
142.21	of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds
142.22	available to the city, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds
142.23	under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
142.24	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city.
142.25	Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest
142.26	on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds
142.27	under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
142.28	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
142.29	earlier of: (1) 25 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines
142.30	that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized
142.31	under subdivision 2 for the project approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes,
142.32	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs
142.33	related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the
142.34	bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision

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143.1	3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of allowed costs due to the timing of
143.2	the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall
143.3	be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire
143.4	at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.
143.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
143.6	city of Staples and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
143.7	subdivisions 2 and 3.
143.8	Sec. 19. CITY OF WADENA; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
143.9	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
143.10	section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters
143.11	at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3,
143.12	the city of Wadena may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-quarter of one
143.13	percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this
143.14	section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition,
143.15	administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.
143.16	The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed
143.17	under any other special law.
143.18	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
143.19	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Wadena to pay the costs of collecting and
143.20	administering the tax and to finance up to \$3,000,000, plus associated bonding costs including
143.21	securing and paying debt service on bonds issued, for the Wadena Library Rehabilitation
143.22	<u>Project.</u>
143.23	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Wadena may issue bonds under Minnesota
143.24	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in
143.25	subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may
143.26	not exceed \$3,000,000, plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds.
143.27	The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Wadena,
143.28	including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
143.29	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
143.30	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city.

(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city. 143.31 Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds 143.33 under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

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44.1	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
44.2	earlier of: (1) 20 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines
44.3	that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized
44.4	under subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes,
44.5	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, plus an amount sufficient to pay costs related to issuance
44.6	of any bonds authorized in subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Any funds
44.7	remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to timing of the termination under
44.8	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, shall be placed in the city's general fund. The tax
44.9	imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by
44.10	ordinance.
44.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
44.12	city of Wadena and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
44.13	subdivisions 2 and 3.
44.14	Sec. 20. CITY OF WAITE PARK; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
44.15	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
44.16	section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter,
44.17	and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes,
44.18	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Waite Park may impose by ordinance a sales
44.19	and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except
44.20	as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
44.21	govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized
44.22	under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local
44.23	sales and use tax imposed under any other special law.
44.24	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
44.25	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Waite Park to pay the costs of collecting
44.26	and administering the tax and for the following projects in the city, including securing and
44.27	paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:
44.28	(1) up to \$7,500,000 plus associated bonding costs for regional trail connections; and
44.29	(2) up to \$20,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction and equipping of
44.30	a public safety facility.
44.31	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Waite Park may issue bonds under Minnesota
44.32	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in
44.33	subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section

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145.1	297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued
145.2	under this subdivision may not exceed:
145.3	(1) \$7,500,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount needed
145.4	to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing
145.5	the bonds; and
145.6	(2) \$20,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount needed
145.7	to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing
145.8	the bonds.
145.9	The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Waite Park,
145.10	including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
145.11	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
145.12	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
145.13	of Waite Park, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay
145.14	principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election
145.15	to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
145.16	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
145.17	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 19 years
145.18	after the tax is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
145.19	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
145.20	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
145.21	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
145.22	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
145.23	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
145.24	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
145.25	of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the
145.26	general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time
145.27	if the city so determines by ordinance.
145.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
145.29	city of Waite Park and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
145.30	<u>645.021</u> , subdivisions 2 and 3.
145.31	Sec. 21. CITY OF WARREN; LOCAL SALES AND USE TAXES AUTHORIZED.
145.32	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,

section 477A.016, or any other law or ordinance, and if approved by the voters at a general

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146.1	election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of
146.2	Warren may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the
146.3	purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
146.4	provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
146.5	collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed
146.6	under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under current
146.7	<u>law.</u>
146.8	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
146.9	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Warren to pay the costs of collecting and
146.10	administering the tax, and to finance up to \$1,600,000 for the construction of a new child
146.11	care facility. Authorized costs include related parking, design, and construction costs, as
146.12	well as payment of debt service on bonds issued to finance the project listed in this
146.13	subdivision.
146.14	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Warren may issue bonds under Minnesota
146.15	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in
146.16	subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section
146.17	297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued
146.18	under this subdivision may not exceed \$1,600,000, plus an amount needed to pay capitalized
146.19	interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The
146.20	bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city, including the tax
146.21	authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject
146.22	to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
146.23	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city.
146.24	Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest
146.25	on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds
146.26	under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
146.27	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
146.28	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 20 years
146.29	after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
146.30	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for the
146.31	project approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
146.32	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
146.33	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
146.34	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
146.35	any funds remaining after payment of allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of

the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 147.1 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 147.2 147.3 if the city so determines by ordinance. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 147.4 147.5 city of Warren and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 147.6 **ARTICLE 9** 147.7 TAX INCREMENT FINANCING 147.8 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.176, is amended by adding a subdivision 147.9 to read: 147.10 Subd. 4n. **Temporary use of increment authorized.** (a) Notwithstanding any other 147.11 provision of this section or any other law to the contrary, except the requirements to pay 147.12 bonds to which increments are pledged, the authority may elect, by resolution, to transfer 147.13 unobligated increment for one or more of the following purposes: 147.14 (1) to provide improvements, loans, interest rate subsidies, or assistance in any form to 147.15 private development consisting of the construction or substantial rehabilitation of buildings 147.16 and ancillary facilities, if doing so will create or retain jobs in the state, including construction 147.17 jobs, and the construction commences before December 31, 2025, and would not have 147.18 commenced before that date without the assistance; or 147.19 (2) to make an equity or similar investment in a corporation, partnership, or limited 147.20 147.21 liability company that the authority determines is necessary to make construction of a development that meets the requirement of clause (1) financially feasible. 147.22 147.23 (b) For each calendar year for which transfers are permitted under this subdivision, the maximum transfer equals the excess of the district's unobligated increment which includes 147.24 any increment not required for payments of obligations due during six months following 147.25 the transfer on outstanding bonds, binding contracts, and other outstanding financial 147.26 obligations of the district to which the district's increment is pledged. 147.27 147.28 (c) The authority may transfer increments permitted under this subdivision after creating a written spending plan that authorizes the authority to take the action described in paragraph 147.29 (a) and details the use of transferred increment. Additionally, the municipality must approve 147.30 the authority's spending plan after holding a public hearing. The municipality must publish 147.31

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notice of the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality and on the

- municipality's public website at least ten days, but not more than 30 days, prior to the date
 of the hearing.
- (d) Increment that is improperly retained, received, spent, or transferred is not eligible for transfer under this subdivision.
- (e) An authority making a transfer under this subdivision must provide to the Office of
 the State Auditor a copy of the spending plan approved and signed by the municipality.
- (f) The authority to transfer increments under this subdivision expires on December 31, 2022. All transferred increments must be spent by December 31, 2025. Increment not spent by December 31, 2025, must be returned to the district. If the district has already been decertified, the increment shall be treated as excess increment and distributed as provided in subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (4).
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to increments from any district that are unobligated as of the date of final enactment regardless of when the request for certification was made.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Expenditures outside district. (a) For each tax increment financing district, 148.16 an amount equal to at least 75 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid 148.17 by properties in the district must be expended on activities in the district or to pay bonds, 148.18 to the extent that the proceeds of the bonds were used to finance activities in the district or 148.19 to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other 148.20 than redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 148.21 1995, the in-district percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 80 percent. Not 148.22 more than 25 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties 148.23 in the district may be expended, through a development fund or otherwise, on activities 148.24 outside of the district but within the defined geographic area of the project except to pay, 148.25 or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other than 148.26 redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 1995, 148.27 the pooling percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 20 percent. The revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district that are expended on costs 148.29 under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, paragraph (b), may be deducted first before calculating 148.30 the percentages that must be expended within and without the district. 148.31
- (b) In the case of a housing district, a housing project, as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 11, is an activity in the district.

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(c) All administrative expenses are for activities outside of the district, except that if the
only expenses for activities outside of the district under this subdivision are for the purposes
described in paragraph (d), administrative expenses will be considered as expenditures for
activities in the district.

- (d) The authority may elect, in the tax increment financing plan for the district, to increase by up to ten percentage points the permitted amount of expenditures for activities located outside the geographic area of the district under paragraph (a). As permitted by section 469.176, subdivision 4k, the expenditures, including the permitted expenditures under paragraph (a), need not be made within the geographic area of the project. Expenditures that meet the requirements of this paragraph are legally permitted expenditures of the district, notwithstanding section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, and 4j. To qualify for the increase under this paragraph, the expenditures must:
- (1) be used exclusively to assist housing that meets the requirement for a qualified low-income building, as that term is used in section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (2) not exceed the qualified basis of the housing, as defined under section 42(c) of the 149.15 Internal Revenue Code, less the amount of any credit allowed under section 42 of the Internal 149.16 Revenue Code; and 149.17
- (3) be used to: 149.18
- (i) acquire and prepare the site of the housing; 149.19
- (ii) acquire, construct, or rehabilitate the housing; or 149.20
- (iii) make public improvements directly related to the housing; or 149.21
- (4) be used to develop housing: 149.22
- (i) if the market value of the housing does not exceed the lesser of: 149.23
- 149.24 (A) 150 percent of the average market value of single-family homes in that municipality; or 149.25
- (B) \$200,000 for municipalities located in the metropolitan area, as defined in section 149.26 473.121, or \$125,000 for all other municipalities; and 149.27
- 149.28 (ii) if the expenditures are used to pay the cost of site acquisition, relocation, demolition of existing structures, site preparation, and pollution abatement on one or more parcels, if 149.29 the parcel contains a residence containing one to four family dwelling units that has been 149.30 vacant for six or more months and is in foreclosure as defined in section 325N.10, subdivision 149.31

7, but without regard to whether the residence is the owner's principal residence, and only after the redemption period has expired-; or

- 150.3 (5) to assist owner-occupied housing that meets the requirements of section 469.1761, subdivision 2.
- 150.5 (e) The authority under paragraph (d), clause (4), expires on December 31, 2016.

 150.6 Increments may continue to be expended under this authority after that date, if they are used
 150.7 to pay bonds or binding contracts that would qualify under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), if
 150.8 December 31, 2016, is considered to be the last date of the five-year period after certification
 150.9 under that provision.
- 150.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 150.11 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Five-year rule.** (a) Revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district are considered to have been expended on an activity within the district under subdivision 2 only if one of the following occurs:
- 150.15 (1) before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues are actually paid to a third party with respect to the activity;
- (2) bonds, the proceeds of which must be used to finance the activity, are issued and sold to a third party before or within five years after certification, the revenues are spent to repay the bonds, and the proceeds of the bonds either are, on the date of issuance, reasonably expected to be spent before the end of the later of (i) the five-year period, or (ii) a reasonable temporary period within the meaning of the use of that term under section 148(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, or are deposited in a reasonably required reserve or replacement fund;
- 150.24 (3) binding contracts with a third party are entered into for performance of the activity 150.25 before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are spent under 150.26 the contractual obligation;
- (4) costs with respect to the activity are paid before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are spent to reimburse a party for payment of the costs, including interest on unreimbursed costs; or
- (5) expenditures are made for housing purposes as permitted by subdivision 2, paragraphs
 (b) and (d), or for public infrastructure purposes within a zone as permitted by subdivision
 2, paragraph (e).

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, bonds include subsequent refunding bonds if the 151.1 original refunded bonds meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2). 151.2

- 151.3 (c) For a redevelopment district or a renewal and renovation district certified after June 30, 2003, and before April 20, 2009, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are 151.4 extended to ten years after certification of the district. For a redevelopment district certified 151.5 after April 20, 2009, and before June 30, 2012, the five-year periods described in paragraph 151.6 (a) are extended to eight years after certification of the district. This extension is provided 151.7 151.8 primarily to accommodate delays in development activities due to unanticipated economic circumstances. 151.9
- 151.10 (d) For a redevelopment district that was certified after December 31, 2017, and before June 30, 2020, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are extended to eight years 151.11 after certification of the district. 151.12
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for districts for which the request for 151.13 certification was made after December 31, 2017. 151.14
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 151.15
- Subd. 4. Use of revenues for decertification. (a) In each year beginning with the sixth 151.16 year following certification of the district, or beginning with the ninth year following 151.17 151.18 certification of the district for districts whose five-year rule is extended to eight years under subdivision 3, paragraph (d), if the applicable in-district percent of the revenues derived 151.19 from tax increments paid by properties in the district exceeds the amount of expenditures 151.20 that have been made for costs permitted under subdivision 3, an amount equal to the 151.21 difference between the in-district percent of the revenues derived from tax increments paid 151.22 by properties in the district and the amount of expenditures that have been made for costs 151.23 permitted under subdivision 3 must be used and only used to pay or defease the following 151.24 151.25 or be set aside to pay the following:
- (1) outstanding bonds, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a), clause (2), and (b); 151.26
- 151.27 (2) contracts, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4);
- (3) credit enhanced bonds to which the revenues derived from tax increments are pledged, 151.28 but only to the extent that revenues of the district for which the credit enhanced bonds were 151.29 issued are insufficient to pay the bonds and to the extent that the increments from the 151.30 applicable pooling percent share for the district are insufficient; or 151.31
- (4) the amount provided by the tax increment financing plan to be paid under subdivision 151.32 2, paragraphs (b), (d), and (e). 151.33

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152.1	(b) The district must be decertified and the pledge of tax increment discharged when
152.2	the outstanding bonds have been defeased and when sufficient money has been set aside to
152.3	pay, based on the increment to be collected through the end of the calendar year, the following
152.4	amounts:
152.5	(1) contractual obligations as defined in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (3) and
152.6	(4);
152.7	(2) the amount specified in the tax increment financing plan for activities qualifying
152.8	under subdivision 2, paragraph (b), that have not been funded with the proceeds of bonds
152.9	qualifying under paragraph (a), clause (1); and
152.10	(3) the additional expenditures permitted by the tax increment financing plan for housing
152.11	activities under an election under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), that have not been funded
152.12	with the proceeds of bonds qualifying under paragraph (a), clause (1).
152.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
152.14	Sec. 5. CITIES OF MINNETONKA, RICHFIELD, AND ST. LOUIS PARK;
152.15	TEMPORARY TRANSFER OF INCREMENT AUTHORIZED.
152.16	Subdivision 1. Transfer of increment. (a) The city of Minnetonka, or its economic
152.17	development authority, may transfer tax increment accumulated for housing development
152.17	purposes under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (b) or (d),
152.19	to the housing trust fund established by the city of Minnetonka under Minnesota Statutes,
152.20	section 462C.16. Increment transferred under this paragraph must be used as provided in
152.21	subdivision 2.
152.22	(b) The city of Richfield, or its housing and redevelopment authority, may transfer tax
152.23	increment accumulated for housing development purposes under Minnesota Statutes, section
152.24	469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (b) or (d), to the housing trust fund established by the
152.25	city of Richfield under Minnesota Statutes, section 462C.16. Increment transferred under
152.26	this paragraph must be used as provided in subdivision 2.
152.27	(c) The city of St. Louis Park, or its economic development authority, may transfer tax
152.28	increment accumulated for housing development purposes under Minnesota Statutes, section
152.29	469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (b) or (d), to the housing trust fund established by the
152.30	city of St. Louis Park under Minnesota Statutes, section 462C.16. Increment transferred
152.31	under this paragraph must be used as provided in subdivision 2.
152.32	Subd. 2. Allowable use. Tax increment transferred under subdivision 1 must be used

152.33 <u>only to:</u>

153.1	(1) make grants, loans, and loan guarantees for the development, rehabilitation, or
153.2	financing of housing; or
153.3	(2) match other funds from federal, state, or private resources for housing projects.
153.4	Subd. 3. Annual financial reporting. Tax increment transferred under this section is
153.5	subject to the annual reporting requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.175,
153.6	subdivision 6.
153.7	Subd. 4. Legislative report. By February 1, 2024, and February 1, 2026, each city must
153.8	issue a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
153.9	jurisdiction over taxes and property taxes. The report must include detailed information
153.10	relating to each housing project financed with increment transferred under this section,
153.11	including, when applicable, the percentage of area median income relative to each housing
153.12	project, the total cost per housing project, the number of units per housing project, and
153.13	income and rent limitations required under federal, state, or local law for each housing
153.14	project.
153.15	Subd. 5. Expiration. The authority to make transfers under subdivision 1 expires
153.16	<u>December 31, 2026.</u>
153.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. (a) Subdivision 1, paragraph (a), is effective the day after the
153.18	governing body of the city of Minnetonka and its chief clerical officer comply with the
153.19	requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
153.20	(b) Subdivision 1, paragraph (b), is effective the day after the governing body of the city
153.21	of Richfield and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes,
153.22	section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
153.23	(c) Subdivision 1, paragraph (c), is effective the day after the governing body of the city
153.24	of St. Louis Park and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
153.25	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
153.26	Sec. 6. CITY OF BLOOMINGTON; TIF AUTHORITY; AMERICAN BOULEVARD.
153.27	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision
153.28	2, the housing and redevelopment authority of the city of Bloomington or the city of
153.29	Bloomington may establish a redevelopment district within the city of Bloomington, limited
153.30	to the following parcels, identified by tax identification numbers, together with adjacent
153.31	roads and rights-of-way: 04-027-24-11-0032, 04-027-24-11-0033, and 04-027-24-11-0034.

154.1	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing
154.2	district under this section, the following special rules apply:
154.3	(1) the district meets all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174,
154.4	subdivision 10;
154.5	(2) expenditures incurred in connection with the development of the property described
154.6	in subdivision 1 meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision
154.7	4j; and
154.8	(3) increments generated from the district may be expended on undergrounding or
154.9	overhead power lines, transformers, and related utility infrastructure within the project area
154.10	and all such expenditures are deemed expended on activities within the district for purposes
154.11	of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763.
154.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
154.13	city of Bloomington and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
154.14	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
154.15	Sec. 7. CITY OF BLOOMINGTON; TIF AUTHORITY; 98TH AND ALDRICH.
154.16	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision
154.17	2, the housing and redevelopment authority of the city of Bloomington or the city of
154.18	Bloomington may establish a redevelopment district within the city of Bloomington, limited
154.19	to the following parcels, identified by tax identification numbers, together with adjacent
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	roads and rights-of-way: 16-027-24-41-0010, 16-027-24-41-0011, and 16-027-24-41-0012.
154.21	roads and rights-of-way: 16-027-24-41-0010, 16-027-24-41-0011, and 16-027-24-41-0012. Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing
154.21 154.22	
	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing
154.22	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing district under this section, the following special rules apply:
154.22 154.23	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing district under this section, the following special rules apply: (1) the district meets all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174,
154.22 154.23 154.24	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing district under this section, the following special rules apply: (1) the district meets all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10; and
154.22 154.23 154.24 154.25	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing district under this section, the following special rules apply: (1) the district meets all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10; and (2) expenditures incurred in connection with the development of the property described
154.22 154.23 154.24 154.25 154.26	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing district under this section, the following special rules apply: (1) the district meets all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10; and (2) expenditures incurred in connection with the development of the property described in subdivision 1 meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision
154.22 154.23 154.24 154.25 154.26 154.27	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing district under this section, the following special rules apply: (1) the district meets all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10; and (2) expenditures incurred in connection with the development of the property described in subdivision 1 meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j.

155.1	Sec. 8. CITY OF BURNSVILLE; TIF AUTHORITY; BURNSVILLE CENTER
155.2	MALL.
155.3	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Under the special rules established in subdivision 2, the
155.4	economic development authority of the city of Burnsville or the city of Burnsville may
155.5	establish one or more redevelopment districts located wholly within the area of the city of
155.6	Burnsville limited to the parcels comprising the Burnsville Center mall together with adjacent
155.7	roads and rights-of-way.
155.8	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing
155.9	district under this section, the following special rules apply:
155.10	(1) the districts are deemed to meet all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section
155.11	469.174, subdivision 10;
155.12	(2) expenditures incurred in connection with the development of the property described
155.13	in subdivision 1 are deemed to meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176,
155.14	subdivision 4j; and
155.15	(3) increments generated from the districts may be expended for the construction and
155.16	acquisition of property for a bridge, tunnel, or other connector from the property described
155.17	in subdivision 1 across adjacent roads and rights-of-way and all such expenditures are
155.18	deemed expended on activities within the district for purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section
155.19	<u>469.1763.</u>
155.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
155.21	city of Burnsville and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
155.22	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
155.23	Sec. 9. CITY OF MOUNTAIN LAKE; TIF DISTRICT NO. 1-8; FIVE-YEAR RULE
155.24	EXTENSION.
155.25	(a) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities
155.26	must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a tax increment
155.27	financing district, is extended by a five-year period for Tax Increment Financing District
155.28	No. 1-8, administered by the city of Mountain Lake or its economic development authority.
155.29	(b) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, relating to
155.30	the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period under Minnesota Statutes,
155.31	section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is extended to the 11th year for Tax Increment Financing
155.32	District No. 1-8.

156.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
156.2	city of Mountain Lake and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of
156.3	Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
156.4	Sec. 10. <u>CITY OF RAMSEY; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT NO.</u>
156.5	14; FIVE-YEAR RULE EXTENSION.
156.6	(a) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities
156.7	must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a tax increment
156.8	financing district, is extended by a two-year period to November 28, 2023, for Tax Increment
156.9	Financing District No. 14 administered by the city of Ramsey.
156.10	(b) The requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, relating
156.11	to the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period under Minnesota Statutes,
156.12	section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is extended to the 13th year for Tax Increment Financing
156.13	District No. 14.
156.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
156.15	city of Ramsey and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
156.16	subdivisions 2 and 3.
156.17	Sec. 11. CITY OF WAYZATA; TIF DISTRICT NO. 6; EXPENDITURES
156.18	ALLOWED.
156.19	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, the city of Wayzata
156.20	may expend increments generated from Tax Increment Financing District No. 6 for the
156.21	design and construction of the lakefront pedestrian walkway and community transient lake
156.22	public access infrastructure related to the Panoway on Wayzata Bay project, and all such
156.23	expenditures are deemed expended on activities within the district.
156.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
156.25	city of Wayzata and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
156.26	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
156.27	Sec. 12. CITY OF WINDOM; TIF DISTRICT NO. 1-22; FIVE-YEAR RULE
156.28	EXTENSION; DURATION EXTENSION.
156.29	(a) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities
156.30	must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a tax increment
156.31	financing district, is considered to be met for Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-22,

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administered by the city o	f Windom or its economic develop	ment authority, if activities are
undertaken within ten yea	ars of the district's certification.	

- (b) The requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, relating to the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is extended to the 11th year for Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-22.
- (c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 1b, the city of Windom, or its economic development authority, may elect to extend the duration of Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-22 by five years.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraphs (a) and (b) are effective the day after the governing body of the city of Windom and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. Paragraph (c) is effective upon compliance by the city of Windom, Cottonwood County, and Independent School District No. 177 with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

157.16 ARTICLE 10 157.17 PUBLIC FINANCE

157.18 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.993, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

157.19 Subd. 2. Allocation; termination. The proceeds of the taxes must be dedicated exclusively to: (1) payment of the capital cost of a specific transportation project or 157.20 improvement; (2) payment of the costs, which may include both capital and operating costs, 157.21 of a specific transit project or improvement; (3) payment of the capital costs of a safe routes 157.22 to school program under section 174.40; or (4) payment of transit operating costs; or (5) 157.23 payment of the capital cost of constructing buildings and other facilities for maintaining 157.24 transportation or transit projects or improvements. The transportation or transit project or 157.25 157.26 improvement must be designated by the board of the county, or more than one county acting under a joint powers agreement. Except for taxes for operating costs of a transit project or 157.27 improvement, or for transit operations, the taxes must terminate when revenues raised are 157.28 sufficient to finance the project. Nothing in this subdivision prohibits the exclusive dedication 157.29 of the proceeds of the taxes to payments for more than one project or improvement. After 157.30 a public hearing a county may, by resolution, dedicate the proceeds of the tax for a new enumerated project. 157.32

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 453A.04, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 21. All other powers Exercising powers of a municipal power agency. It may exercise all other powers not inconsistent with the Constitution of the state of Minnesota or the United States Constitution, which powers may be reasonably necessary or appropriate for or incidental to the effectuation of its authorized purposes or to the exercise of any of the powers enumerated in this section, and generally may exercise in connection with its property and affairs, and in connection with property within its control, any and all powers which might be exercised by a natural person or a private corporation in connection with similar property and affairs. It may exercise the powers of a municipal power agency under chapter 453, for the limited purpose of engaging in tax-exempt prepayments and related transactions as described in section 148(b)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, part 1, section 1.148-1(e)(2)(iii), both as may be amended from time to time, or as may otherwise be authorized by statute or the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 453A.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 22. All other powers. It may exercise all other powers not inconsistent with the

 Constitution of the state of Minnesota or the United States Constitution, which powers may

 be reasonably necessary or appropriate for or incidental to the effectuation of its authorized

 purposes or to the exercise of any of the powers enumerated in this section, and generally

 may exercise in connection with its property and affairs, and in connection with property

 within its control, any and all powers which might be exercised by a natural person or a

 private corporation in connection with similar property and affairs.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 465.71, is amended to read:
- 465.71 INSTALLMENT, LEASE PURCHASE; CITY, COUNTY, TOWN,
 SCHOOL.

A home rule charter city, statutory city, county, town, or school district may purchase personal property under an installment contract, or lease real or personal property with an option to purchase under a lease-purchase agreement, by which contract or agreement title is retained by the seller or vendor or assigned to a third party as security for the purchase price, including interest, if any, but such purchases are subject to statutory and charter provisions applicable to the purchase of real or personal property. For purposes of the bid requirements contained in section 471.345, "the amount of the contract" shall include the

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total of all lease payments for the entire term of the lease under a lease-purchase agreement. The obligation created by <u>an installment contract or</u> a lease-purchase agreement for personal property, or <u>an installment contract or</u> a lease-purchase agreement for real property if the amount of the contract for purchase of the real property is less than \$1,000,000, shall not be included in the calculation of net debt for purposes of section 475.53, and shall not constitute debt under any other statutory provision. No election shall be required in connection with the execution of <u>an installment contract or</u> a lease-purchase agreement authorized by this section. The city, county, town, or school district must have the right to terminate a lease-purchase agreement at the end of any fiscal year during its term.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 475.56, is amended to read:

475.56 INTEREST RATE.

- (a) Any municipality issuing obligations under any law may issue obligations bearing interest at a single rate or at rates varying from year to year which may be lower or higher in later years than in earlier years. Such higher rate for any period prior to maturity may be represented in part by separate coupons designated as additional coupons, extra coupons, or B coupons, but the The highest aggregate rate of interest contracted to be so paid for any period shall not exceed the maximum rate authorized by law. Such higher rate may also be represented in part by the issuance of additional obligations of the same series, over and above but not exceeding two percent of the amount otherwise authorized to be issued, and the amount of such additional obligations shall not be included in the amount required by section 475.59 to be stated in any bond resolution, notice, or ballot, or in the sale price required by section 475.60 or any other law to be paid; but if the principal amount of the entire series exceeds its cash sale price, such excess shall not, when added to the total amount of interest payable on all obligations of the series to their stated maturity dates, cause and the average annual rate of such interest to may not exceed the maximum rate authorized by law. This section does not authorize a provision in any such obligations for the payment of a higher rate of interest after maturity than before.
- (b) Any municipality issuing obligations under any law may sell original issue discount or premium obligations having a stated principal amount in excess of the authorized amount and the sale price, provided that: To determine the average annual rate of interest on the obligations, any discount shall be added to, and any premium subtracted from, the total amount of interest on the obligations to their stated maturity dates.
- 159.33 (1) the sale price does not exceed by more than two percent the amount of obligations
 159.34 otherwise authorized to be issued;

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(2) the underwriting fee, discount, or other sales or underwriting commission does not exceed two percent of the sale price; and

- (3) the discount rate necessary to present value total principal and interest payments over the term of the issue to the sale price does not exceed the lesser of the maximum rate permitted by law for municipal obligations or ten percent.
- (c) Any obligation may bear interest at a rate varying periodically at the time or times and on the terms, including convertibility to a fixed rate of interest, determined by the governing body of the municipality, but the rate of interest for any period shall not exceed any maximum rate of interest for the obligations established by law. For purposes of section 475.61, subdivisions 1 and 3, the interest payable on variable rate obligations for their term shall be determined as if their rate of interest is the lesser of the maximum rate of interest payable on the obligations in accordance with their terms or the rate estimated for such purpose by the governing body, but if the interest rate is subsequently converted to a fixed rate the levy may be modified to provide at least five percent in excess of amounts necessary to pay principal of and interest at the fixed rate on the obligations when due. For purposes of computing debt service or interest pursuant to section 475.67, subdivision 12, interest throughout the term of bonds issued pursuant to this subdivision is deemed to accrue at the rate of interest first borne by the bonds. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to general obligations issued by a statutory or home rule charter city with a population of less than 7,500, as defined in section 477A.011, subdivision 3, or to general obligations that are not rated A or better, or an equivalent subsequently established rating, by Standard and Poor's Corporation, Moody's Investors Service or other similar nationally recognized rating agency, except that any statutory or home rule charter city, regardless of population or bond rating, may issue variable rate obligations as a participant in a bond pooling program established by the League of Minnesota Cities that meets this bond rating requirement.
 - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 475.58, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3b. **Street reconstruction and bituminous overlays.** (a) A municipality may, without regard to the election requirement under subdivision 1, issue and sell obligations for street reconstruction or bituminous overlays, if the following conditions are met:
- (1) the streets are reconstructed or overlaid under a street reconstruction or overlay plan that describes the street reconstruction or overlay to be financed, the estimated costs, and any planned reconstruction or overlay of other streets in the municipality over the next five years, and the plan and issuance of the obligations has been approved by a vote of a two-thirds majority of the members of the governing body present at the meeting following a public

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hearing for which notice has been published in the official newspaper at least ten days but not more than 28 days prior to the hearing; and

- (2) if a petition requesting a vote on the issuance is signed by voters equal to five percent of the votes cast in the last municipal general election and is filed with the municipal clerk within 30 days of the public hearing, the municipality may issue the bonds only after obtaining the approval of a majority of the voters voting on the question of the issuance of the obligations. If the municipality elects not to submit the question to the voters, the municipality shall not propose the issuance of bonds under this section for the same purpose and in the same amount for a period of 365 days from the date of receipt of the petition. If the question of issuing the bonds is submitted and not approved by the voters, the provisions of section 475.58, subdivision 1a, shall apply.
- (b) Obligations issued under this subdivision are subject to the debt limit of the municipality and are not excluded from net debt under section 475.51, subdivision 4.
- (c) For purposes of this subdivision, street reconstruction and bituminous overlays includes include but are not limited to: utility replacement and relocation and other activities incidental to the street reconstruction; the addition or reconstruction of turn lanes, bicycle lanes, sidewalks, paths, and other improvements having a substantial public safety function; realignments, and other modifications to intersect with state and county roads; and the local share of state and county road projects. For purposes of this subdivision, "street reconstruction" includes expenditures for street reconstruction that have been incurred by a municipality before approval of a street reconstruction plan, if such expenditures are included in a street reconstruction plan approved on or before the date of the public hearing under paragraph (a), clause (1), regarding issuance of bonds for such expenditures.
- (d) Except in the case of turn lanes, <u>bicycle lanes</u>, <u>sidewalks</u>, <u>paths</u>, <u>and other safety</u> improvements; realignments; intersection modifications; and the local share of state and county road projects, street reconstruction and bituminous overlays does not include the portion of project cost allocable to widening a street or adding curbs and gutters where none previously existed.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 475.60, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Advertisement.** All obligations shall be negotiated and sold by the governing body, except when authority therefor is delegated by the governing body or by the charter of the municipality to a board, department, or officers of the municipality. Except as provided in section 475.56, obligations shall be sold at not less than par value plus accrued interest to date of delivery and not greater than two percent greater than the amount

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MISCELLANEOUS 162.27

Section 1. [3.084] LOBBYING ACTIVITIES PROHIBITED. 162.28

162.29 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section, "lobbying" means engaging in activities that would require an individual to register as a lobbyist, as defined in section 10A.01, 162.30

subdivision 21. 162.31

163.1	Subd. 2. Prohibition. (a) A sitting member of the legislature is prohibited from accepting
163.2	employment with or otherwise receiving compensation for services performed from:
163.3	(1) a business whose primary source of revenue is derived from lobbying, government
163.4	relations or government affairs services;
163.5	(2) a business whose primary source of revenue is derived from facilitating government
163.6	relations or government affairs services between two third parties; or
163.7	(3) any other business that employs or contracts with lobbyists, government relations
163.8	or government affairs professionals, if the member's job duties include acting in that capacity
163.9	or providing direct or indirect consulting, advice, or administrative support for that work.
163.10	(b) This prohibition applies regardless of the location where the work of the business is
163.11	substantially conducted or its clients are located.
163.12	(c) The house of representatives and the senate must adopt rules to enforce this section.
163.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 3, 2023.
163.14	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.192, is amended to read:
163.15	3.192 REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW OR RENEWED TAX EXPENDITURES.
163.16	(a) Any bill that creates, renews, or continues a tax expenditure must include a statement
163.17	of intent that clearly provides the purpose of the tax expenditure and a standard or goal
163.18	against which its effectiveness may be measured.
163.19	(b) For purposes of this section, "tax expenditure" has the meaning given in section
163.20	270C.11, subdivision 6.
163.21	(c) Any bill that creates a new tax expenditure or continues an expiring tax expenditure
163.22	must include an expiration date for the tax expenditure that is no more than eight years from
163.23	the day the provision takes effect.
163.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with the 2022 legislative
163.25	session.
163.26	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 3.8853, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
163.27	Subd. 2. Director ; staff. (a) The Legislative Budget Office Oversight Commission must
163.28	appoint a director and establish the director's duties. The director may hire staff necessary
163.29	to do the work of the office. The director serves in the unclassified service for a term of six
163.30	years and may not be removed during a term except for cause after a public hearing.

164.1	(b) The director and staff hired under this section must provide professional and technical
164.2	assistance to the Tax Expenditure Review Commission under section 3.8855.
164.3	Sec. 4. [3.8855] TAX EXPENDITURE REVIEW COMMISSION.
164.4	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The Tax Expenditure Review Commission is created to
164.5	review Minnesota's tax expenditures and evaluate their effectiveness and fiscal impact.
164.6	Subd. 2. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, "significant tax expenditure,"
164.7	"tax," and "tax expenditure" have the meanings given in section 270C.11, subdivision 6.
164.8	Subd. 3. Membership. (a) The commission consists of:
164.9	(1) two senators appointed by the senate majority leader;
164.10	(2) two senators appointed by the senate minority leader;
164.11	(3) two representatives appointed by the speaker of the house;
164.12	(4) two representatives appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives;
164.13	and
164.14	(5) the commissioner of revenue or the commissioner's designee.
164.15	(b) Each appointing authority must make appointments by January 31 of the regular
164.16	legislative session in the odd-numbered year.
164.17	(c) If the chair of the house or senate committee with primary jurisdiction over taxes is
164.18	not an appointed member, the chair is an ex officio, nonvoting member of the commission.
164.19	Subd. 4. Duties. (a) In the first three years after the commission is established, the
164.20	commission must complete an initial review of the state's tax expenditures. The initial review
164.21	must identify the purpose of each of the state's tax expenditures, if none was identified in
164.22	the enacting legislation in accordance with section 3.192. The commission may also identify
164.23	metrics for evaluating the effectiveness of an expenditure.
164.24	(b) In each year following the initial review under paragraph (a), the commission must
164.25	review and evaluate Minnesota's tax expenditures on a regular, rotating basis. The
164.26	commission must establish a review schedule that ensures each tax expenditure will be
164.27	reviewed by the commission at least once every ten years. The commission may review
164.28	expenditures affecting similar constituencies or policy areas in the same year, but the
164.29	commission must review a subset of the tax expenditures within each tax type each year.

164.30 To the extent possible, the commission must review a similar number of tax expenditures

165.1	within each tax type each year. The commission may decide not to review a tax expenditure
165.2	that is adopted by reference to federal law.
165.3	(c) Before December 1 of the year a tax expenditure is included in a commission report,
165.4	the commission must hold a public hearing on the expenditure, including but not limited to
165.5	a presentation of the review components in subdivision 5.
165.6	Subd. 5. Components of review. (a) When reviewing a tax expenditure, the commission
165.7	must at a minimum:
165.8	(1) provide an estimate of the annual revenue lost as a result of the expenditure;
165.9	(2) identify the purpose of the tax expenditure if none was identified in the enacting
165.10	legislation in accordance with section 3.192;
165.11	(3) estimate the measurable impacts and efficiency of the tax expenditure in
165.12	accomplishing the purpose of the expenditure;
165.13	(4) compare the effectiveness of the tax expenditure and a direct expenditure with the
165.14	same purpose;
165.15	(5) identify potential modifications to the tax expenditure to increase its efficiency or
165.16	effectiveness;
165.17	(6) estimate the amount by which the tax rate for the relevant tax could be reduced if
165.18	the revenue lost due to the tax expenditure were applied to a rate reduction;
165.19	(7) if the tax expenditure is a significant tax expenditure, estimate the incidence of the
165.20	tax expenditure and the effect of the expenditure on the incidence of the state's tax system;
165.21	(8) consider the cumulative fiscal impacts of other state and federal taxes providing
165.22	benefits to taxpayers for similar activities; and
165.23	(9) recommend whether the expenditure be continued, repealed, or modified.
165.24	(b) The commission may omit a component in paragraph (a) if the commission determines
165.25	it is not feasible due to the lack of available data, third-party research, staff resources, or
165.26	lack of a majority support for a recommendation.
165.27	Subd. 6. Department of Revenue; research support. (a) The research division of the
165.28	Department of Revenue must provide the commission with the summary data required to
165.29	complete the review components in subdivision 5, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (6), (7), and
165.30	(8).

166.1	(b) At the request of the commission, the research division of the Department of Revenue
166.2	must provide the commission with summary data on a tax expenditure in support of a review.
166.3	(c) Data shared under this section must comply with the rules governing statistical studies
166.4	under section 270B.04, subdivision 2.
166.5	Subd. 7. Report to legislature. (a) By December 15 of each year, the commission must
166.6	submit a written report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over tax policy. The
166.7	report must detail the results of the commission's review of tax expenditures in the previous
166.8	calendar year, including the review components detailed in subdivision 5.
166.9	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), during the period of initial review under subdivision
166.10	4, the report may be limited to the purpose statements and metrics for evaluating the
166.11	effectiveness of expenditures, as identified by the commission. The report may also include
166.12	relevant publicly available data on an expenditure.
166.13	(c) The report may include any additional information the commission deems relevant
166.14	to the review of an expenditure.
166.15	(d) The legislative committees with jurisdiction over tax policy must hold a public
166.16	hearing on the report during the regular legislative session in the year following the year in
166.17	which the report was submitted.
166.18	Subd. 8. Terms; vacancies. (a) Members of the commission serve a term beginning
166.19	upon appointment and ending at the beginning of the regular legislative session in the next
166.20	odd-numbered year. The appropriate appointing authority must fill a vacancy for a seat of
166.21	a current legislator for the remainder of the unexpired term. Members may be removed or
166.22	replaced at the pleasure of the appointing authority.
166.23	(b) If a commission member ceases to be a member of the legislative body from which
166.24	the member was appointed, the member vacates membership on the commission.
166.25	Subd. 9. Officers. The commission shall elect a chair and vice-chair as presiding officers.
166.26	The chair and vice-chair must alternate every two years between members of the house of
166.27	representatives and senate. The chair and vice-chair may not be from the same legislative
166.28	<u>chamber.</u>
166.29	Subd. 10. Staff. Legislative Budget Office staff hired under section 3.8853, subdivision
166.30	2, must provide professional and technical assistance to the commission as the commission
166.31	deems necessary, including assistance with the report under subdivision 7.
166.32	Subd. 11. Expenses. The members of the commission and its staff shall be reimbursed

166.33 for all expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties.

167.1	Reimbursement for expenses incurred shall be made in accordance with policies adopted
167.2	by the Legislative Coordinating Commission.
167.3	EFFECTIVE DATE ; SPECIAL PROVISIONS . (a) This section is effective the day
167.4	following final enactment.
167.5	(b) Appointing authorities for the commission must make initial appointments by January
167.6	15, 2022. The speaker of the house must designate one member of the commission to convene
167.7	the first meeting of the commission by July 1, 2022. The first report of the commission
167.8	under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.8855, subdivision 7, is due on December 15, 2022.
167.9	Sec. 5. [10.65] GOVERNMENT-TO-GOVERNMENT RELATIONSHIP WITH
167.10	TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS.
167.11	Subdivision 1. Recognition of Tribal status and relationship with the state of
167.12	Minnesota. (a) The state of Minnesota is home to 11 federally recognized Indian Tribes
167.13	with elected Tribal government officials. The state of Minnesota acknowledges and supports
167.14	the unique status of the Minnesota Tribes and their absolute right to existence,
167.15	self-governance, and self-determination.
167.16	(b) The United States and the state of Minnesota have a unique relationship with federally
167.17	recognized Indian Tribes, formed by the Constitution of the United States, treaties, statutes,
167.18	case law, and agreements.
167.19	(c) The state of Minnesota and the Minnesota Tribal governments significantly benefit
167.20	from working together, learning from one another, and partnering where possible.
167.21	(d) Timely and meaningful consultation between the state of Minnesota and Minnesota
167.22	Tribal governments will facilitate better understanding and informed decision-making by
167.23	allowing for communication on matters of mutual interest and help to establish mutually
167.24	respectful and beneficial relationships between the state and Minnesota Tribal governments.
167.25	Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings
167.26	given:
167.27	(1) "agency" means the Department of Administration, Department of Agriculture,
167.28	Department of Commerce, Department of Corrections, Department of Education, Department
167.29	of Employment and Economic Development, Department of Health, Office of Higher
167.30	Education, Housing Finance Agency, Department of Human Rights, Department of Human
167.31	Services, Office of MN.IT Services, Department of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation,
167.32	Department of Labor and Industry, Minnesota Management and Budget, Bureau of Mediation
167.33	Services, Department of Military Affairs, Metropolitan Council, Department of Natural

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168.1	Resources, Pollution Control Agency, Department of Public Safety, Department of Revenue,
168.2	Department of Transportation, Department of Veterans Affairs, Gambling Control Board,
168.3	Racing Commission, the Minnesota Lottery, the Animal Health Board, and the Board of
168.4	Water and Soil Resources;
168.5	(2) "consultation" means the direct and interactive involvement of the Minnesota Tribal
168.6	governments in the development of policy on matters that have Tribal implications.
168.7	Consultation is the proactive, affirmative process of identifying and seeking input from
168.8	appropriate Tribal governments and considering their interest as a necessary and integral
168.9	part of the decision-making process. This definition adds to statutorily mandated notification
168.10	procedures. During a consultation, the burden is on the agency to show that it has made a
168.11	good faith effort to elicit feedback. Consultation is a formal engagement between agency
168.12	officials and the governing body or bodies of an individual Minnesota Tribal government
168.13	that the agency or an individual Tribal government may initiate. Formal meetings or
168.14	communication between top agency officials and the governing body of a Minnesota Tribal
168.15	government is a necessary element of consultation;
168.16	(3) "matters that have Tribal implications" means rules, legislative proposals, policy
168.17	statements, or other actions that have substantial direct effects on one or more Minnesota
168.18	Tribal governments, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the state
168.19	and Minnesota Tribal governments;
168.20	(4) "Minnesota Tribal governments" means the federally recognized Indian Tribes located
168.21	in Minnesota including: Bois Forte Band; Fond Du Lac Band; Grand Portage Band; Leech
168.22	Lake Band; Mille Lacs Band; White Earth Band; Red Lake Nation; Lower Sioux Indian
168.23	Community; Prairie Island Indian Community; Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community;
168.24	and Upper Sioux Community; and
168.25	(5) "timely and meaningful" means done or occurring at a favorable or useful time that
168.26	allows the result of consultation to be included in the agency's decision-making process for
168.27	a matter that has Tribal implications.
168.28	Subd. 3. Consultation duties. (a) An agency must recognize the unique legal relationship
168.29	between the state of Minnesota and the Minnesota Tribal governments, respect the
168.30	fundamental principles that establish and maintain this relationship, and accord Tribal
168.31	governments the same respect accorded to other governments.
168.32	(b) An agency must, in consultation with Minnesota Tribal governments, implement
168.33	Tribal consultation policies to comply with this section and guide the agency's work with
168.34	Minnesota Tribal governments, and must submit these policies to the governor and lieutenant

169.1	governor. Tribal consultation policies should address the communication protocols for each
169.2	Minnesota Tribal government, which should be developed in coordination with
169.3	representatives of each Minnesota Tribal government. An agency must update the Tribal
169.4	consultation policies as often as required in order to facilitate timely and meaningful
169.5	consultation, but no less than biannually.
169.6	(c) Consultation under this section is a duty of an agency to consult with the governing
169.7	body or bodies of each individual Minnesota Tribal government. Coordination with groups
169.8	or entities that have representation on some or all of the governing bodies of the Minnesota
169.9	Tribal governments, such as the Minnesota Indian Affairs Council or the Minnesota
169.10	Chippewa Tribe, is encouraged but does not satisfy an agency's duty to consult with
169.11	individual Minnesota Tribal governments on matters that have Tribal implications. If a
169.12	matter has implications for one Minnesota Tribal government, but not others, the agency's
169.13	duty is to only consult those Minnesota Tribal governments affected.
169.14	(d) An agency must consult with each Minnesota Tribal government at least annually,
169.15	and as often as is required to address matters that have Tribal implications.
169.16	(e) An agency must consult with Minnesota Tribal governments on legislative and fiscal
169.17	matters that affect one or all Minnesota Tribal governments or their members to identify
169.18	priority issues in order to allow agencies to proactively engage Minnesota Tribal governments
169.19	in the agency's development of legislative and fiscal proposals in time for submission into
169.20	the governor's recommended budget and legislative proposals each year.
169.21	(f) An agency must develop and maintain ongoing consultation with the Minnesota
169.22	Tribal governments related to matters that have Tribal implications. Agencies must consider
169.23	the input gathered from Tribal consultation into their decision-making processes, with the
169.24	goal of achieving mutually beneficial solutions.
169.25	(g) An agency and a Minnesota Tribal government may agree that a formal consultation
169.26	is not necessary for a given year on a given matter that has Tribal implications, and the
169.27	agency must keep a written record of this decision.
169.28	(h) The prospective duty to consult does not apply to action on a matter that has Tribal
169.29	implications if immediate action is required to address a present and immediate threat to
169.30	the health, safety, or welfare of Minnesota citizens. For these actions, every effort should
169.31	be made to communicate, and formal consultation should occur as soon as possible. The
169.32	duty to consult also does not apply to criminal proceedings or other investigations or legal
169.33	proceedings that prohibit an agency from disclosure.

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(i) An agency must designate a Tribal liaison to assume responsibility for implementation of the Tribal consultation policy and to serve as the principal point of contact for Minnesota Tribal governments. The Tribal liaison must be able to directly and regularly meet and communicate with the agency's commissioner and deputy and assistant commissioners in order to appropriately conduct government-to-government consultation and cooperation.

- (j) The state has instituted Tribal-state government relations training, which is the foundation and basis of all other Tribal government relations training sources. All agencies must direct certain staff to complete available training to foster a collaborative relationship between the state of Minnesota and Minnesota Tribal governments, and to facilitate timely and meaningful consultation. In addition to all commissioners, deputy commissioners, and assistant commissioners, at a minimum all agency employees whose work is likely to include matters that have Tribal implications must attend Tribal-state relations training. Tribal liaisons must actively support and participate in the Tribal-state relations training.
- (k) Any agency or board that is not listed in the definition of agency in subdivision 2 is encouraged to and may engage in consultation and communication with the Minnesota 170.15 Tribal governments for all matters that have Tribal implications. 170.16
- Subd. 4. Applicability. Nothing in this section requires the state or an agency to violate 170.17 or ignore any laws, rules, directives, or other legal requirements or obligations imposed by 170.18 state or federal law or set forth in agreements or compact between one or more Minnesota 170.19 Tribal governments or any other Tribal government and the state or its agencies. This section 170.20 is not intended to, and does not, create any right to administrative or judicial review, or any 170.21 other right, benefit, or responsibility, substantive or procedural, enforceable against the state 170.22 of Minnesota, its agencies or instrumentalities, its officers or employees, or its subdivisions 170.23 or any other persons. Nothing in this section prohibits or limits any agency from asserting 170.24 any rights or pursuing any administrative or judicial action under state or federal law to 170.25 effectuate the interests of the state of Minnesota or any of its agencies. Nothing in this 170.26 section is intended to alter or reduce the state's duties to individual Minnesota citizens 170.27 including those of Native American descent. 170.28
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 170.29
- 170.30 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 10A.01, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
- Subd. 21. **Lobbyist.** (a) "Lobbyist" means an individual: 170.31
- 170.32 (1) engaged for pay or other consideration of more than \$3,000 from all sources in any 170.33 year:

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(i) for the purpose of attempting to influence legislative or administrative action, or the official action of a metropolitan governmental unit, by communicating or urging others to communicate with public or local officials; or

- (ii) from a business whose primary source of revenue is derived from facilitating government relations or government affairs services between two third parties; or
- (2) who spends more than \$250, not including the individual's own traveling expenses and membership dues, in any year for the purpose of attempting to influence legislative or administrative action, or the official action of a metropolitan governmental unit, by communicating or urging others to communicate with public or local officials.
- (b) "Lobbyist" does not include: 171.10
- (1) a public official; 171.11
- (2) an employee of the state, including an employee of any of the public higher education 171.12 171.13 systems;
- (3) an elected local official; 171.14
- (4) a nonelected local official or an employee of a political subdivision acting in an 171.15 official capacity, unless the nonelected official or employee of a political subdivision spends 171.16 more than 50 hours in any month attempting to influence legislative or administrative action, or the official action of a metropolitan governmental unit other than the political subdivision 171.18 employing the official or employee, by communicating or urging others to communicate 171.19 with public or local officials, including time spent monitoring legislative or administrative 171.20 action, or the official action of a metropolitan governmental unit, and related research, 171.21 analysis, and compilation and dissemination of information relating to legislative or 171.22 administrative policy in this state, or to the policies of metropolitan governmental units; 171.23
- (5) a party or the party's representative appearing in a proceeding before a state board, 171.24 commission, or agency of the executive branch unless the board, commission, or agency is 171.25 taking administrative action; 171.26
- 171.27 (6) an individual while engaged in selling goods or services to be paid for by public funds; 171.28
- 171.29 (7) a news medium or its employees or agents while engaged in the publishing or broadcasting of news items, editorial comments, or paid advertisements which directly or 171.30 indirectly urge official action; 171.31

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(8) a paid expert witness whose testimony is requested by the body before which the 172.1 witness is appearing, but only to the extent of preparing or delivering testimony; or 172.2

- (9) a party or the party's representative appearing to present a claim to the legislature and communicating to legislators only by the filing of a claim form and supporting documents 172.4 and by appearing at public hearings on the claim.
- (c) An individual who volunteers personal time to work without pay or other consideration 172.6 on a lobbying campaign, and who does not spend more than the limit in paragraph (a), clause 172.7 (2), need not register as a lobbyist. 172.8
- (d) An individual who provides administrative support to a lobbyist and whose salary 172.9 and administrative expenses attributable to lobbying activities are reported as lobbying 172.10 expenses by the lobbyist, but who does not communicate or urge others to communicate 172.11 with public or local officials, need not register as a lobbyist. 172.12
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 3, 2023. 172.13
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16A.152, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 172.14 2021, chapter 31, article 1, section 9, is amended to read: 172.15
- Subd. 2. Additional revenues; priority. (a) If on the basis of a forecast of general fund 172.16 revenues and expenditures, the commissioner of management and budget determines that 172.17 there will be a positive unrestricted budgetary general fund balance at the close of the 172.18 biennium, the commissioner of management and budget must allocate money to the following 172.19 accounts and purposes in priority order: 172.20
- 172.21 (1) the cash flow account established in subdivision 1 until that account reaches 172.22 \$350,000,000;
- (2) the budget reserve account established in subdivision 1a until that account reaches 172.23 \$1,596,522,000 \$2,377,399,000; 172.24
- (3) the amount necessary to increase the aid payment schedule for school district aids 172.25 and credits payments in section 127A.45 to not more than 90 percent rounded to the nearest 172.26 tenth of a percent without exceeding the amount available and with any remaining funds 172.27 deposited in the budget reserve; 172.28
- (4) the amount necessary to restore all or a portion of the net aid reductions under section 172.29 127A.441 and to reduce the property tax revenue recognition shift under section 123B.75, 172.30 subdivision 5, by the same amount; and 172.31

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(5) the amount necessary to increase the Minnesota 21st century fund by not more than
the difference between \$5,000,000 and the sum of the amounts credited and canceled to it
in the previous 12 months under Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 1, section 11, until the sum
of all transfers under this section and all amounts credited or canceled under Laws 2020,
chapter 71, article 1, section 11, equals \$20,000,000.

- (b) The amounts necessary to meet the requirements of this section are appropriated from the general fund within two weeks after the forecast is released or, in the case of transfers under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), as necessary to meet the appropriations schedules otherwise established in statute.
- 173.10 (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall certify the total dollar amount of the reductions under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), to the commissioner of education. 173.11 The commissioner of education shall increase the aid payment percentage and reduce the 173 12 property tax shift percentage by these amounts and apply those reductions to the current 173.13 fiscal year and thereafter. 173.14
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2021. 173.15
- 173.16 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 41A.19, is amended to read:
- 41A.19 REPORT; INCENTIVE PROGRAMS. 173.17
- By January 15 each year, the commissioner shall report on the incentive programs under 173.18 sections 41A.16, 41A.17, and 41A.18, 41A.20, and 41A.21 to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over environment and agriculture policy and finance. The report shall 173.20 include information on production and incentive expenditures under the programs. 173.21
- Sec. 9. [41A.21] ORIENTED STRAND BOARD PRODUCTION INCENTIVE. 173.22
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this 173.23 subdivision have the meanings given them. 173.24
- (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture. 173.25
- (c) "Forest resources" means raw wood logs and material primarily made up of cellulose, 173.26 hemicellulose, or lignin, or a combination of those ingredients. 173.27
- (d) "Oriented strand board" or "OSB" means a material manufactured into panels using 173.28 forest resources. 173.29
- Subd. 2. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this section must source 173.30 at least 80 percent of its forest resources raw materials from Minnesota. The facility must 173.31

174.1	be located in Minnesota; must begin construction activities by December 31, 2022, for a
174.2	specific location; must begin production at a specific location by June 30, 2025; and must
174.3	not begin operating before January 1, 2022. Eligible facilities must be new OSB construction
174.4	sites with total capital investment in excess of \$250,000,000. Eligible OSB production
174.5	facilities must produce at least 200,000,000 OSB square feet on a 3/8 inch nominal basis
174.6	of OSB each year. At least one product produced at the facility should be a wood-based
174.7	wall or roof structural sheathing panel that has an integrated, cellulose-based paper overlay
174.8	that serves as a water resistive barrier.
174.9	(b) No payments shall be made for OSB production that occurs after June 30, 2036, for
174.10	those eligible producers under paragraph (a).
174.11	(c) An eligible producer of OSB shall not transfer the producer's eligibility for payments
174.12	under this section to a facility at a different location.
174.13	(d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive payments
174.14	under this section until the producer resumes production.
174.15	Subd. 3. Payment amounts; limits. (a) The commissioner shall make payments to
174.16	eligible producers of OSB. The amount of the payment for each eligible producer's annua
174.17	production is \$7.50 per 1,000 OSB square feet on a 3/8 inch nominal basis of OSB produced
174.18	at a specific location for ten years starting after the first calendar year in which production
174.19	begins.
174.20	(b) Total payments under this section to an eligible OSB producer in a fiscal year may
174.21	not exceed the amount necessary for 400,000,000 OSB square feet on a 3/8 inch nominal
174.22	basis of OSB produced. Total payments under this section to all eligible OSB producers in
174.23	a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 400,000,000 OSB square feet on a
174.24	3/8 inch nominal basis of OSB produced. If the total amount for which all producers are
174.25	eligible in a quarter exceeds the amount available for payments, the commissioner shall
174.26	make the payments on a pro rata basis.
174.27	(c) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more than
174.28	one OSB facility is considered a single eligible producer.
174.29	Subd. 4. Forest resources requirements. Forest resources that are purchased to be used
174.30	at the facility must be in compliance with one or more of the following: the Sustainable
174.31	Forestry Initiative Fiber Sourcing Standard, the Forest Stewardship Council Chain of Custody
174.32	Standard, or the Forest Stewardship Controlled Wood Standard. For forest resources that
174.33	come from land parcels greater than 160 acres, all efforts must be made to procure from
174.34	land that is certified by one or more of the following: the Forest Stewardship Council Forest

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175.1	Management Standard, the Sustainable Forestry Initiative Forest Management Standard, or
175.2	the American Tree Farm System.
175.3	Subd. 5. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each eligible
175.4	OSB producer shall file a claim for payment for OSB production during the preceding three
175.5	calendar months. An eligible OSB producer that files a claim under this subdivision shall
175.6	include a statement of the eligible producer's total board feet of OSB produced during the
175.7	quarter covered by the claim. For each claim and statement of total board feet of OSB filed
175.8	under this subdivision, the board feet of OSB produced must be examined by a certified
175.9	public accounting firm with a valid permit to practice under chapter 326A, in accordance
175.10	with Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements established by the American
175.11	Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
175.12	(b) The commissioner must issue payments by November 15, February 15, May 15, and
175.13	August 15. A separate payment must be made for each claim filed.
175.14	Subd. 6. Appropriation. (a) In fiscal year 2025, a sum sufficient to make the payments
175.15	required by this section, not to exceed \$1,500,000, is appropriated from the general fund to
175.16	the commissioner. This is a onetime appropriation.
175.17	(b) From fiscal year 2026 through fiscal year 2034, a sum sufficient to make the payments
175.17	required by this section, not to exceed \$3,000,000 in a fiscal year, is annually appropriated
175.19	from the general fund to the commissioner.
1/3.17	nom the general rand to the commissioner.
175.20	Sec. 10. [116J.9924] TARGETED COMMUNITY CAPITAL PROJECT GRANT
175.21	PROGRAM.
175.22	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
175.22	the meanings given.
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175.24	(b) "Capital project" or "project" means the acquisition or betterment of buildings or
175.25	other fixed assets and other improvements of a capital nature.
175.26	(c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.
175.27	(d) "Economically disadvantaged persons or groups" means one or more persons or
175.28	groups that:
175.29	(1) qualify as a low-income person as defined under section 116M.14, subdivision 4a;
175.30	<u>or</u>

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(2) live in a low-income area as defined under section 116M.14, subdivision 4.

176.1	(e) "Government entity" means a city, township, county, or any political subdivision,
176.2	or an American Indian Tribal government entity located within a federally recognized
176.3	American Indian reservation.
176.4	(f) "Nonprofit organization" means a not-for-profit corporation under section 501(c)(3)
176.5	of the Internal Revenue Code or a Tribal nonprofit under section 7871 of the Internal Revenue
176.6	Code that serves underserved communities or economically disadvantaged persons or groups
176.7	(g) "Underserved community" means one or more persons or groups that qualify as:
176.8	(1) a minority person as defined under section 116M.14, subdivision 6; or
176.9	(2) persons with disabilities as defined under section 116M.14, subdivision 9.
176.10	Subd. 2. Grant program established. (a) The commissioner shall make competitive
176.11	grants for capital projects to nonprofit organizations and government entities that provide
176.12	increase, or expand services to underserved communities or economically disadvantaged
176.13	persons or groups.
176.14	(b) The commissioner shall give priority to applicants under subdivision 3 that:
176.15	(1) do not have a history of receiving capital grants from the state;
176.16	(2) demonstrate local support for the project;
176.17	(3) address needs for an underserved community, an economically disadvantaged area
176.18	or people or groups who are economically disadvantaged;
176.19	(4) provide community benefits; or
176.20	(5) have previously received phased grant funds as described under subdivision 4.
176.21	(c) In selecting projects for grants, the commissioner must equitably divide the total
176.22	appropriation between the metropolitan areas and greater Minnesota.
176.23	Subd. 3. Eligibility. A prospective grantee under this section must submit a written
176.24	application to the commissioner in the form, at the time, and in the manner prescribed by
176.25	the commissioner. The written application must include:
176.26	(1) a description of the capital project to be funded by the grant;
176.27	(2) the rationale for the project, including a description of the services provided and
176.28	populations served by the applicant;
176.29	(3) the total cost of the project and the cost of individual phases of the project, including
176.30	but not limited to predesign, design, construction, engineering, furnishing, and equipping;

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177.1	(4) the requested grant amount;
177.2	(5) the property owner of the facility to be improved;
177.3	(6) the sources and amounts of state and nonstate funds previously received and
177.4	committed to the project;
177.5	(7) the public purpose achieved by the project;
177.6	(8) an estimated timeline of the project; and
177.7	(9) any additional information requested by the commissioner.
177.8	Subd. 4. Grant amount; project phasing. (a) The commissioner shall award grants in
177.9	an amount not to exceed \$1,500,000 per grant.
177.10	(b) A grant awarded under this section must be no less than the amount required to
177.11	complete one or more phases of the project, less any nonstate funds already committed for
177.12	such activities.
177.13	Subd. 5. Match. (a) The commissioner may not award a grant for which the applicant
177.14	does not provide nonstate funds for the project unless the applicant:
177.15	(1) is located in an area with a very low net tax capacity;
177.16	(2) the applicant is experiencing hardship; or
177.17	(3) the applicant serves underserved communities or economically disadvantaged persons
177.18	or groups.
177.19	(b) For the purposes of this section, "area with a very low net tax capacity" means a city
177.20	with a net tax capacity per capita that is less than the median net tax capacity per capita
177.21	among all cities statewide.
177.22	Subd. 6. Applicability of other laws. The provisions of chapter 16A that apply to general
177.23	fund appropriations for capital projects also apply to grants under this section. Money
177.24	granted under this section is available until the project is completed or abandoned subject
177.25	to section 16A.642.
177.26	Subd. 7. Appropriation; administration and monitoring. Up to five percent of any
177.27	appropriation for the program under this section is for administration and monitoring of the
177.28	program. The commissioner must also use the funds under this subdivision to provide
177.29	technical assistance, education, and support for program applicants, as needed, and may
177.30	contract with a third-party to provide such services.

Subd. 8. Report to the legislature. On or before January 31, 2022, and every January 31 thereafter, the commissioner must submit a report as required under section 3.195 that details the grants awarded under this section, including the total grants distributed, the recipients of the grants, the services supported by the grants, and any other information the commissioner deems pertinent. A copy of this report must also be sent to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees of the house of representatives and the senate having jurisdiction over capital investment and economic development.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2021.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 256B.76, subdivision 2, as amended by 2021 First Special Session H.F. No. 33, article 1, section 22, if enacted, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Dental reimbursement.** (a) Effective for services rendered on or after October 1, 1992, the commissioner shall make payments for dental services as follows:
- 178.13 (1) dental services shall be paid at the lower of (i) submitted charges, or (ii) 25 percent above the rate in effect on June 30, 1992; and
- 178.15 (2) dental rates shall be converted from the 50th percentile of 1982 to the 50th percentile of 1989, less the percent in aggregate necessary to equal the above increases.
- (b) Beginning October 1, 1999, the payment for tooth sealants and fluoride treatments shall be the lower of (1) submitted charge, or (2) 80 percent of median 1997 charges.
- (c) Effective for services rendered on or after January 1, 2000, payment rates for dental services shall be increased by three percent over the rates in effect on December 31, 1999.
- (d) Effective for services provided on or after January 1, 2002, payment for diagnostic examinations and dental x-rays provided to children under age 21 shall be the lower of (1) the submitted charge, or (2) 85 percent of median 1999 charges.
- (e) The increases listed in paragraphs (b) and (c) shall be implemented January 1, 2000, for managed care.
- (f) Effective for dental services rendered on or after October 1, 2010, by a state-operated dental clinic, payment shall be paid on a reasonable cost basis that is based on the Medicare principles of reimbursement. This payment shall be effective for services rendered on or after January 1, 2011, to recipients enrolled in managed care plans or county-based purchasing plans.
- 178.31 (g) Beginning in fiscal year 2011, if the payments to state-operated dental clinics in paragraph (f), including state and federal shares, are less than \$1,850,000 per fiscal year, a

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supplemental state payment equal to the difference between the total payments in paragraph (f) and \$1,850,000 shall be paid from the general fund to state-operated services for the operation of the dental clinics.

- (h) Effective for services rendered on or after January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2021, payment rates for dental services shall be increased by five percent from the rates in effect on December 31, 2013. This increase does not apply to state-operated dental clinics in paragraph (f), federally qualified health centers, rural health centers, and Indian health services. Effective January 1, 2014, payments made to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans under sections 256B.69, 256B.692, and 256L.12 shall reflect the payment increase described in this paragraph.
- (i) Effective for services provided on or after January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2021, the commissioner shall increase payment rates by 9.65 percent for dental services provided outside of the seven-county metropolitan area. This increase does not apply to state-operated dental clinics in paragraph (f), federally qualified health centers, rural health centers, or Indian health services. Effective January 1, 2017, payments to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans under sections 256B.69 and 256B.692 shall reflect the payment increase described in this paragraph.
- (j) Effective for services provided on or after July 1, 2017, through December 31, 2022 2021, the commissioner shall increase payment rates by 23.8 percent for dental services provided to enrollees under the age of 21. This rate increase does not apply to state-operated dental clinics in paragraph (f), federally qualified health centers, rural health centers, or Indian health centers. This rate increase does not apply to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans.
- (k) Effective for services provided on or after January 1, 2022, the commissioner shall exclude from medical assistance and MinnesotaCare payments for dental services to public health and community health clinics the 20 percent increase authorized under Laws 1989, chapter 327, section 5, subdivision 2, paragraph (b).
- (l) Effective for services provided on or after January 1, 2022, the commissioner shall increase payment rates by 98 percent for all dental services. This rate increase does not apply to state-operated dental clinics, federally qualified health centers, rural health centers, or Indian health services.
- (m) Managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans shall reimburse providers at a level that is at least equal to the rate paid under fee-for-service for dental services. If, for any coverage year, federal approval is not received for this paragraph, the commissioner

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must adjust the capitation rates paid to managed care plans and county-based purchasing
plans for that contract year to reflect the removal of this provision. Contracts between
managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans and providers to whom this paragraph
applies must allow recovery of payments from those providers if capitation rates are adjusted
in accordance with this paragraph. Payment recoveries must not exceed an amount equal
to any increase in rates that results from this provision. If, for any coverage year, federal
approval is not received for this paragraph, the commissioner shall not implement this
paragraph for subsequent coverage years.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective at the same time the provision being 180.9 amended is effective. 180.10
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270A.04, is amended by adding a subdivision 180.11 to read: 180.12
- Subd. 5. Private nonprofit hospital. A private nonprofit hospital that leases its building 180.13 from the county or city in which it is located must annually provide the commissioner with 180.14 a copy of the lease agreement. 180.15
- 180.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270B.13, is amended by adding a subdivision 180.17 to read: 180.18
- Subd. 3. Background check; access to federal tax information. An individual 180.19 performing services for an independent contractor or a vendor under subdivision 1 who has 180.20 or will have access to federal tax information is subject to the requirements of section 180.21 299C.76. 180.22
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 180.23
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270C.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 180.24
- Subd. 2. Preparation; submission. The commissioner shall prepare a tax expenditure 180.25 budget for the state. The tax expenditure budget report shall be submitted to the legislature 180.26 by February November 1 of each even-numbered year.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax expenditure budgets due on or 180.28 after November 1, 2023. 180.29

181.1	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270C.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:						
181.2	Subd. 4. Contents. (a) The report shall detail for each tax expenditure item:						
181.3	(1) the amount of tax revenue forgone;						
181.4	(2) a citation of the statutory or other legal authority for the expenditure, and:						
181.5	(3) the year in which it was enacted or the tax year in which it became effective-;						
181.6	(4) the purpose of the expenditure, as identified in the enacting legislation in accordance						
181.7	with section 3.192 or by the Tax Expenditure Review Commission;						
181.8	(5) the incidence of the expenditure, if it is a significant sales or income tax expenditure;						
181.9	<u>and</u>						
181.10	(6) the revenue-neutral amount by which the relevant tax rate could be reduced if the						
181.11	expenditure were repealed.						
181.12	(b) The report may contain additional information which the commissioner considers						
181.13	relevant to the legislature's consideration and review of individual tax expenditure items.						
181.14	This may include, but is not limited to, statements of the intended purpose of the tax						
181.15	expenditure, analysis of whether the expenditure is achieving that objective, and the effect						
181.16	of the expenditure device on the distribution of the tax burden and administration of the tax						
181.17	system.						
181.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for tax expenditure budgets due on or						
181.19	after November 1, 2023.						
181.20	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270C.11, subdivision 6, is amended to read:						
181.21	Subd. 6. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings						
181.22	given:						
181.23	(1) "business tax credit" means:						
181.24	(i) a credit against the corporate franchise tax claimed by a C corporation; or						
181.25	(ii) a credit against the individual or fiduciary income tax claimed by a pass-through						
181.26	entity that is allocated to its partners, members, or shareholders;						
181.27	(2) "pass-through entity" means a partnership, limited liability corporation, or S						
181.28	corporation;						

181.30 <u>expenditure that:</u>

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(3) "significant tax expenditure" means a tax expenditure, but excluding any tax

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182.1	(i) is incorporated into state law by reference to a federal definition of income;					
182.2	(ii) results in a revenue reduction of less than \$10,000,000 per biennium; or					
182.3	(iii) is a business tax credit;					
182.4	(4) "tax expenditure" means a tax provision which provides a gross income definition,					
182.5	deduction, exemption, credit, or rate for certain persons, types of income, transactions, or					
182.6	property that results in reduced tax revenue, but excludes provisions used to mitigate tax					
182.7	pyramiding; and					
182.8	(2) (5) "tax" means any tax of statewide application or any tax authorized by state law					
182.9	to be levied by local governments generally. It does not include a special local tax levied					
182.10	pursuant to special law or to a special local tax levied pursuant to general authority that is					
182.11	no longer applicable to local governments generally: ; and					
182.12	(6) "tax pyramiding" means imposing sales taxes under chapter 297A on intermediate					
182.13	business-to-business transactions rather than sales to final consumers.					
182.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for tax expenditure budgets due on or					
182.15	after November 1, 2023.					
182.16	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270C.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:					
182.17	Subdivision 1. Biennial report. (a) The commissioner shall report to the legislature by					
182.18	March 1 of each odd-numbered year on the overall incidence of the income tax, sales and					
182.19	excise taxes, and property tax.					
182.20	(b) The commissioner must submit the report:					
182.21	(1) by March 1, 2021; and					
182.22	(2) by March 1, 2024, and each even-numbered year thereafter.					
182.23	(c) The report shall present information on the distribution of the tax burden as follows					
182.24	(1) for the overall income distribution, using a systemwide incidence measure such as the					
182.25	Suits index or other appropriate measures of equality and inequality; (2) by income classes					
182.26	including at a minimum deciles of the income distribution; and (3) by other appropriate					
182.27	taxpayer characteristics.					
182.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for tax incidence reports due on or after					
182.29	March 1, 2021.					

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Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297H.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. Rate. (a) Commercial generators that generate nonmixed municipal solid waste shall pay a solid waste management tax of 60 cents per noncompacted cubic yard of periodic waste collection capacity purchased by the generator, based on the size of the container for the nonmixed municipal solid waste, the actual volume, or the weight-to-volume conversion schedule in paragraph (c). However, the tax must be calculated by the waste management service provider using the same method for calculating the waste management service fee so that both are calculated according to container capacity, actual volume, or weight.
- (b) Notwithstanding section 297H.02, a residential generator that generates nonmixed 183.9 183.10 municipal solid waste shall pay a solid waste management tax in the same manner as provided in paragraph (a). 183.11
 - (c) The weight-to-volume conversion schedule tax for:
- (1) construction debris as defined in section 115A.03, subdivision 7, is equal to 60 cents 183.13 per cubic yard. The commissioner of revenue, after consultation with the commissioner of 183.14 the Pollution Control Agency, shall determine and may publish by notice a weight-to-volume 183.15 conversion schedule for construction debris; 183.16
- (2) industrial waste as defined in section 115A.03, subdivision 13a, is equal to 60 cents 183.17 per cubic yard. The commissioner of revenue after consultation with the commissioner of 183.18 the Pollution Control Agency, shall determine, and may publish by notice, a 183.19 weight-to-volume conversion schedule for various industrial wastes; and 183.20
- (3) infectious waste as defined in section 116.76, subdivision 12, and pathological waste 183.21 as defined in section 116.76, subdivision 14, is 150 pounds equals one cubic yard, or 60 183.22 cents per 150 pounds. 183.23
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2021. 183.24
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297H.05, is amended to read: 183.25
- 297H.05 SELF-HAULERS. 183.26
- (a) A self-hauler of mixed municipal solid waste shall pay the tax to the operator of the 183.27 waste management facility to which the waste is delivered at the rate imposed under section 183.28 297H.03, based on the sales price of the waste management services. 183.29
- (b) A self-hauler of nonmixed municipal solid waste shall pay the tax to the operator of 183.30 the waste management facility to which the waste is delivered at the rate imposed under 183.31 section 297H.04. 183.32

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(c) The tax imposed on the self-hauler of nonmixed municipal solid waste may be based
either on the capacity of the container, the actual volume, or the weight-to-volume conversion
schedule in paragraph (d). However, the tax must be calculated by the operator using the
same method for calculating the tipping fee so that both are calculated according to container
capacity, actual volume, or weight.

- (d) The weight-to-volume conversion schedule tax for:
- (1) construction debris as defined in section 115A.03, subdivision 7, is one ton equals 184.7 3.33 cubic yards, or \$2 per ton equal to 60 cents per cubic yard. The commissioner of 184.8 revenue, after consultation with the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, shall 184.9 184.10 determine and publish by notice a weight-to-volume conversion schedule for construction debris; 184.11
- 184.12 (2) industrial waste as defined in section 115A.03, subdivision 13a, is equal to 60 cents per cubic yard. The commissioner of revenue, after consultation with the commissioner of 184.13 the Pollution Control Agency, shall determine, and may publish by notice, a weight-to-volume conversion schedule for various industrial wastes; and 184.15
- (3) infectious waste as defined in section 116.76, subdivision 12, and pathological waste 184 16 as defined in section 116.76, subdivision 14, is 150 pounds equals one cubic yard, or 60 184.17 cents per 150 pounds. 184.18
- (e) For mixed municipal solid waste the tax is imposed upon the difference between the 184.19 market price and the tip fee at a processing or disposal facility if the tip fee is less than the 184.20 market price and the political subdivision subsidizes the cost of service at the facility. The 184.21 political subdivision is liable for the tax.
- 184.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2021, except the new rate for construction debris applies to waste delivered after June 30, 2021. 184.24
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 298.001, is amended by adding a subdivision 184.25 184.26 to read:
- 184.27 Subd. 13. Merchantable iron ore concentrate. "Merchantable iron ore concentrate" means iron-bearing material that has been treated in Minnesota by any means of beneficiation, 184.28 184.29 separation, concentration, or refinement for the purpose of making it salable for its iron ore content. 184.30
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2022 and thereafter. 184 31

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Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 298.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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Subdivision 1. **Imposed; calculation.** (a) For concentrate produced in 2013, there is imposed upon taconite and iron sulphides, and upon the mining and quarrying thereof, and upon the production of iron ore concentrate therefrom, and upon the concentrate so produced, a tax of \$2.56 per gross ton of merchantable iron ore concentrate produced therefrom.

- (b) For concentrates produced in 2014 and subsequent years, the tax rate shall be equal to the preceding year's tax rate plus an amount equal to the preceding year's tax rate multiplied by the percentage increase in the implicit price deflator from the fourth quarter of the second preceding year to the fourth quarter of the preceding year. "Implicit price deflator" means the implicit price deflator for the gross domestic product prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of Commerce.
- (c) An additional tax is imposed equal to three cents per gross ton of merchantable iron ore concentrate for each one percent that the iron content of the product exceeds 72 percent, when dried at 212 degrees Fahrenheit.
- (d) The tax on taconite and iron sulphides shall be imposed on the average of the production for the current year and the previous two years. The rate of the tax imposed will be the current year's tax rate. This clause shall not apply in the case of the closing of a taconite facility if the property taxes on the facility would be higher if this clause and section 298.25 were not applicable.
 - (e) The tax under paragraph (a) is also imposed upon other iron-bearing material <u>as</u> <u>described in section 298.405 on the tonnage of merchantable iron ore concentrate produced therefrom.</u> The tax on other iron-bearing material shall be imposed on the current year production. The rate of the tax imposed is the current year's tax rate.
- (f) If the tax or any part of the tax imposed by this subdivision is held to be unconstitutional, a tax of \$2.56 per gross ton of merchantable iron ore concentrate produced shall be imposed.
- (g) Consistent with the intent of this subdivision to impose a tax based upon the weight of merchantable iron ore concentrate, the commissioner of revenue may indirectly determine the weight of merchantable iron ore concentrate included in fluxed pellets by subtracting the weight of the limestone, dolomite, or olivine derivatives or other basic flux additives included in the pellets from the weight of the pellets. For purposes of this paragraph, "fluxed pellets" are pellets produced in a process in which limestone, dolomite, olivine, or other basic flux additives are combined with merchantable iron ore concentrate. No subtraction

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from the weight of the pellets shall be allowed for binders, mineral and chemical additives other than basic flux additives, or moisture.

- (h)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, for the first two years of a plant's commercial production of direct reduced ore from ore mined in this state, no tax is imposed under this section. For the third year of a plant's commercial production of direct reduced ore, the rate to be applied to direct reduced ore is 25 percent of the rate otherwise determined under this subdivision. For the fourth commercial production year, the rate is 50 percent of the rate otherwise determined under this subdivision; for the fifth commercial production year, the rate is 75 percent of the rate otherwise determined under this subdivision; and for all subsequent commercial production years, the full rate is imposed.
- (2) Subject to clause (1), production of direct reduced ore in this state is subject to the tax imposed by this section, but if that production is not produced by a producer of taconite, iron sulfides, or other iron-bearing material, the production of taconite, iron sulfides, or other iron-bearing material, that is consumed in the production of direct reduced ore in this state is not subject to the tax imposed by this section on taconite, iron sulfides, or other iron-bearing material.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, no tax is imposed on direct reduced ore under this section during the facility's noncommercial production of direct reduced ore. The taconite or iron sulphides consumed in the noncommercial production of direct reduced ore is subject to the tax imposed by this section on taconite and iron sulphides. Three-year average production of direct reduced ore does not include production of direct reduced ore in any noncommercial year.
- (4) Three-year average production for a direct reduced ore facility that has noncommercial production is the average of the commercial production of direct reduced ore for the current year and the previous two commercial years.
- (5) As used in this paragraph, "commercial production" means production of more than 50,000 tons of direct reduced ore in the current year or in any prior year, and "noncommercial production" means production of 50,000 tons or less of direct reduced ore in any year.
 - (6) This paragraph applies only to plants for which all environmental permits have been obtained and construction has begun before July 1, 2008.
- 186.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2022 and thereafter.

187.1	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 298.285, is amended to read:					
187.2	298.285 STATE AID AMOUNT; APPROPRIATION.					
187.3	(a) The commissioner of revenue shall determine a state aid amount equal to a tax of 33					
187.4	cents per taxable ton of iron ore concentrates for production year 2001 and 22 cents per					
187.5	taxable ton of iron ore concentrates for production years 2002 and thereafter, except as					
187.6	provided in paragraph (b). There is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner					
187.7	an amount equal to the state aid determined under this section. It must be distributed under					
187.8	section 298.28, as if the aid were production tax revenues.					
187.9	(b) Other iron-bearing material, as defined in section 298.001, subdivision 9, must not					
187.10	be included in the determination of state aid amounts under paragraph (a) until distribution					
187.11	<u>year 2024.</u>					
187.12	(c) There is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner an amount equal					
187.13	to the state aid determined under this section. The appropriation must be distributed under					
187.14	section 298.28, as if the aid were production tax revenues.					
187.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.					
187.16	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 298.405, subdivision 1, is amended to read:					
187.17	Subdivision 1. Definition. Iron-bearing material, other than taconite and semitaconite,					
187.18	having not more than 46.5 percent natural iron content on the average, is subject to taxation					
187.19	under section 298.24. The tax under that section applies to material that is:					
187.20	(1) finer than or ground to 90 percent passing 20 mesh; and					
187.21	(2) treated in Minnesota for the purpose of separating the iron particles from silica,					
187.22	alumina, or other detrimental compounds or elements unless used in a direct reduction					
187.23	process: making the iron-bearing material merchantable by any means of beneficiation,					
187.24	separation, concentration, or refinement. The tax under section 298.24 does not apply to					
187.25	unmined iron ore and low-grade iron-bearing formations as described in section 273.13,					
187.26	subdivision 31, clause (1).					

- 187.27 (i) by electrostatic separation, roasting and magnetic separation, or flotation;
- 187.28 (ii) by a direct reduction process;
- 187.29 (iii) by any combination of such processes; or

188.1	(iv) by any other process or method not presently employed in gravity separation plants
188.2	employing only crushing, screening, washing, jigging, heavy media separation, spirals,
188.3	eyclones, drying or any combination thereof.
188.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2022 and thereafter.
188.5	Sec. 24. [299C.76] BACKGROUND CHECK; ACCESS TO FEDERAL TAX
188.6	<u>INFORMATION.</u>
188.7	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions
188.8	apply.
188.9	(b) "Federal tax information" means federal tax returns and return information or
188.10	information derived or created from federal tax returns, in possession of or control by the
188.11	requesting agency, that is covered by the safeguarding provisions of section 6103(p)(4) of
188.12	the Internal Revenue Code.
188.13	(c) "IRS Publication 1075" means Internal Revenue Service Publication 1075 that
188.14	provides guidance and requirements for the protection and confidentiality of federal tax
188.15	information as required in section 6103(p)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.
188.16	(d) "National criminal history record information" means the Federal Bureau of
188.17	Investigation identification records as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 28,
188.18	section 20.3(d).
188.19	(e) "Requesting agency" means the Department of Revenue, Department of Employment
188.20	and Economic Development, Department of Human Services, board of directors of MNsure,
188.21	the Office of MN.IT Services, and counties.
188.22	Subd. 2. National criminal history record information check. As required by IRS
188.23	Publication 1075, a requesting agency shall require fingerprints for a national criminal
188.24	history record information check from the following individuals who have or will have
188.25	access to federal tax information:
188.26	(1) a current or prospective permanent or temporary employee of the requesting agency;
188.27	(2) an independent contractor or vendor of the requesting agency;
188.28	(3) an employee or agent of an independent contractor or vendor of the requesting agency;
188.29	<u>or</u>
188.30	(4) any other individual authorized to access federal tax information by the requesting
188.31	agency.

189.1	Subd. 3. Fingerprint submission and written statement of understanding. An					
189.2	individual subject to this section must provide fingerprints and a written statement of					
189.3	understanding that the fingerprints will be used for a background check to the requesting					
189.4	agency. The requesting agency must submit the fingerprints and written statement of					
189.5	understanding, along with the processing fees, to the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal					
189.6	Apprehension. The fingerprints must only be used for the purposes described in this section.					
189.7	Subd. 4. Bureau of Criminal Apprehension requirements. (a) After the superintendent					
189.8	of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension notifies requesting agencies that the United States					
189.9	Attorney General has approved the request for submission under Public Law 92-544, a					
189.10	requesting agency may submit information under subdivision 3.					
189.11	(b) Upon receipt of the information under subdivision 3, the superintendent of the Bureau					
189.12	of Criminal Apprehension must:					
189.13	(1) perform a state criminal history record information search;					
189.14	(2) exchange the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation to facilitate a search					
189.15	of the national criminal history record information;					
189.16	(3) compile the results of the state and national criminal history record information					
189.17	searches; and					
189.18	(4) provide the results to the requesting agency.					
189.19	Subd. 5. Classification of data. (a) All data collected, created, received, maintained, or					
189.20	disseminated by the requesting agency under this section is classified as private data on					
189.21	individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.					
189.22	(b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a requesting agency must not further					
189.23	disseminate the results received under subdivision 4.					
189.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.					
189.25	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.074, is amended by adding a subdivision					
189.26	to read:					
107.20						
189.27	Subd. 4. Nonprofit corporation creation authority. The Seaway Port Authority of					
189.28	Duluth may create a corporation as a nonprofit corporation under chapter 317A with the					
189.29	mission of furthering its goals and duties.					

Sec. 26. Laws 1963, chapter 305, section 2, as amended by Laws 1998, chapter 404, section 62, is amended to read:

190.3 Sec. 2.

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The authority created under this act shall consist of 11 directors, seven appointed by the city of Duluth and four appointed by the governor. The directors serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for authorized out-of-pocket expenses incurred in the fulfillment of their duties. The original term of three of the directors shall be for one year; the original term of two of the directors shall be for two years; and the original term of two of the directors shall be for three years, and until their respective successors are appointed and qualified. Subsequent terms of directors appointed by the city shall be for three years. All terms shall expire on June 30 of the appropriate year. Directors appointed by the governor serve at the pleasure of the governor. Whenever a vacancy on such authority shall occur by reason of resignation, death, removal from the city, or removal for failure or neglect to perform duties of a director, such vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term. All appointments and removal of directors of the authority appointed by the city shall be made by the mayor, with the approval of the city council, evidenced by resolution. Every appointee who shall fail, within ten days after notification of his appointment, to file with the city clerk his the appointee's oath or affirmation to perform faithfully, honestly, and impartially the duties of his the office, shall be deemed to have refused such appointment, and thereupon another person shall be appointed in the manner prescribed in this section.

Sec. 27. Laws 1963, chapter 305, section 3, as amended by Laws 1998, chapter 404, section 63, is amended to read:

190.23 Sec. 3.

Subdivision 1. Within 30 days after the members of the authority shall have qualified for office, the authority shall meet and organize, and adopt and thereafter may amend such rules and regulations for the conduct of the authority as the authority shall deem to be in the public interest and most likely to advance, enhance, foster, and promote the use of regional assets, the entertainment and convention center and its facilities for activities, conventions, events, and athletic, and cultural productions. Such rules and regulations shall at all times be in harmony with this act.

Subd. 2. Such directors shall elect from among their number a <u>president_chair</u> and a <u>vice-president_vice-chair</u>, and shall also elect a <u>treasurer or</u> secretary who may or may not be a member of such authority, or both. No two of such offices may be held by one director.

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The officers shall have the duties and powers usually attendant upon such officers, and such other duties and powers not inconsistent herewith as may be provided by the authority.

Subd. 3. The authority shall select a specific site within the city of Duluth for location of a national class entertainment and convention center, and may spend money appropriated, or otherwise available to it for that purpose, to acquire property for the center and to plan, design, construct, equip, and furnish the center. The authority shall administer, promote, and operate the center as a state facility, but for which the state assumes no financial responsibility or liability beyond the amounts appropriated for the facility.

Sec. 28. Laws 1963, chapter 305, section 4, as amended by Laws 1998, chapter 404, 191.9 section 64, is amended to read: 191.10

Sec. 4. 191.11

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Subdivision 1. The city treasurer of the city of Duluth shall be the treasurer fiscal agent of the authority. The treasurer fiscal agent shall receive and have the custody of all moneys of the authority from whatever source derived, and the same shall be deemed public funds. The treasurer city of Duluth shall disburse such funds only upon written orders drawn against such funds, signed by the manager and approved by the president chair, or in his the chair's absence, the vice-president vice-chair of such authority; and each order shall state the name of the payee and the nature of the claim for which the same is issued. The treasurer fiscal agent shall keep an account of all monies coming into his the fiscal agent's hands, showing the source of all receipts and the nature, purpose, and authority of all disbursements, and at least four times each year, at times and in a form to be determined by the city council, the authority shall file with the city clerk a financial statement of the authority, showing all receipts and disbursements, the nature of the same, the moneys on hand, and the purposes for which the same are applicable, the credits and assets of the authority, and its outstanding liabilities.

Subd. 2. The authority has the exclusive power to receive, control, and order the 191.26 191.27 expenditure of any and all moneys and funds pertaining to the center operations.

Subd. 3. There are hereby created in the treasury of the city of Duluth a special entertainment and convention center fund, hereinafter referred to as the special fund, and an entertainment and convention center operating fund, hereinafter referred to as the operating fund. The moneys in the special fund shall be used solely for the acquisition and preparation of a site, and for the planning, construction, and equipping of the center. The special fund shall consist of:

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(1) All moneys derived from the sale of bonds by the city to provide funds for the acquisition and preparation of a site, and for the planning, construction, and equipping of the center.

- (2) All moneys appropriated or made available to the city of Duluth for the acquisition and preparation of a site, and for the planning, construction, and equipping of the center.
- (3) The proceeds of all financial aid or assistance by the city or state governments for the acquisition and preparation of a site, and for the planning, construction, and equipping of the center.
- (4) All moneys received from the United States of America to aid in the acquisition and 192.9 preparation of a site, and for the planning, construction, and equipping of the center. 192.10
- (5) All moneys received as gifts or contributions to the acquisition and preparation of a 192.11 site, and for the planning, construction, and equipping of the center. 192.12
- The operating fund shall be used for maintenance, marketing and promotion, operation, or betterment of the center, and for expenses of the authority. The operating fund shall consist of all moneys of the authority derived from any source other than moneys credited 192.15 to the special fund as hereinabove provided. 192.16
 - Subd. 4. At least once in each year the city auditor shall make, or cause to be made, at the expense of the authority, a complete examination and audit of all books and accounts of the aforesaid authority; and for such purpose the city auditor shall have the authority and power to inspect and examine such books and accounts at any time during regular business hours and such intervals as he may determine determined by the city auditor. One copy of such yearly audit shall be filed by the city auditor with the city clerk as a public document.
- Subd. 5. The authority shall annually submit to the governor and the legislature a report 192.23 detailing its activities and finances for the previous year. The report shall also include a 192.24 192.25 proposed budget for the succeeding two years, showing in reasonable detail estimated operating and nonoperating revenues from all sources, and estimated expenditures for 192.26 operation, administration, ordinary repair, and debt service. 192.27
- Subd. 6. The legislative auditor shall make an annual audit of the authority's books and 192.28 accounts once each year or as often as the legislative auditor's funds and personnel permit. 192.29

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Sec. 29. Laws 1963, chapter 305, section 5, as amended by Laws 1998, chapter 404, section 65, is amended to read:

193.3 Sec. 5.

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- Subdivision 1. Wherever the word "center" is used in this act, it means the entertainment and convention center complex and its facilities of the city of Duluth, including the land upon which it stands and land appurtenant thereto.
- Subd. 2. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any law, or in the charter of the city of Duluth, or in any ordinance thereof, passed by the city council, or approved by the electors of the city, there is hereby conferred upon such authority the power and duty to contract for and superintend the erection, construction, equipping and furnishing of the center, and to administer, promote, control, direct, manage, and operate the center as a municipal facility.
- 193.13 Sec. 30. Laws 1963, chapter 305, section 8, as amended by Laws 1998, chapter 404, section 67, is amended to read:
- 193.15 Sec. 8.
- 193.16 The authority shall have the power:
- To adopt and alter all bylaws and rules and regulations which it shall from time to time deem best for the conduct of the business of the authority, and for the use of the facilities of the authority, and for the purposes of carrying out the objects of this act; but such bylaws, rules, and regulations shall not be in conflict with the terms of this act.
- To appoint and remove a manager and such other employees as the authority may deem necessary, who shall not be within the civil service classifications of the city, and to prescribe the duties and fix the compensation and other benefits of such manager and employees, without regard to any provision contained in the charter or any ordinance of the city relating to civil service, or to any provision contained in Minnesota Statutes 1961, Sections 197.45 to 197.47, inclusive.
- To procure and provide for a policy or policies of insurance for the defense and indemnification of the city of Duluth, its officers and employees, and directors, manager, and employees of the authority, against claims arising against them out of the performance of duty, whether such claims be groundless, or otherwise. Premiums for any policies of insurance required by this act shall be paid for out of the funds of the entertainment convention center authority.

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To implement and carry out the provisions of section 7 of this act. 194.1

To utilize the services and facilities of the city so far as the same are offered by appropriate city officials and accepted by the authority, and to pay the city for all charges and costs for such services.

To operate and maintain and to lease from others all facilities necessary or convenient in connection with the center and to contract for the operation and maintenance of any parts thereof or for services to be performed; to lease the whole or parts thereof, and grant concessions, all on such terms and conditions as the authority may determine.

To authorize and direct the city treasurer fiscal agent to invest, in the manner provided by law, any funds held in reserve, or sinking funds, or any funds not required for immediate disbursement.

To fix, alter, charge, and collect rates, fees, and all other charges to be made for all 194.12 services or facilities furnished by the authority for the use of the center facilities by any 194.13 persons or public or private agencies utilizing such services or facilities. 194.14

To make and execute contracts, agreements, instruments, and other arrangements necessary or convenient to the exercise of its powers. 194.16

Sec. 31. Laws 1963, chapter 305, section 9, as amended by Laws 1998, chapter 404, 194.17 section 68, is amended to read: 194 18

Sec. 9. 194.19

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The manager of the center shall be responsible for the custody and control of all moneys received and collected from the daily operations of the center until such moneys are delivered to the city treasurer fiscal agent and he the fiscal agent shall have obtained a receipt therefor, or until such moneys are deposited in a bank account under control of the city treasurer fiscal agent.

The manager shall give bond in favor of the city of Duluth in a sum equal to twice the amount of money which will probably be in his the manager's hands at any time during any one year, that amount to be determined at least annually by the authority; such bond to be conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his the manager's official duties, and be approved as to form, correctness, and validity by the city attorney, and filed with the city auditor; such bond, however, shall not exceed \$300,000. Premiums for such bonds shall be paid out of funds of the authority.

195.1 Sec. 32. Laws 1963, chapter 305, section 10, as amended by Laws 1998, chapter 404, section 69, is amended to read:

- 195.3 Sec. 10.
- The authority shall regulate the making of bids and the letting of contracts through procedure established by the authority, subject to the following conditions:
- 195.6 (a) In all cases of work to be done by contract or the purchase of property of any kind, 195.7 or the rendering of any service to the authority other than professional services, competitive 195.8 bids shall be secured before any purchase is made or any contract awarded where the amount 195.9 involved exceeds the sum of \$2,000 \$50,000.
- (b) All bids shall be sealed when received, shall be opened in public at the hour stated in the notice; and all original bids, together with all documents pertaining to the award of the contract, shall be retained and made a part of the permanent file or record, and shall be open to public inspection.
- (c) Purchases of \$2,000 \$50,000 or less may, through procedure established by the authority, be delegated to the center manager. Contracts involving more than \$2,000 \$50,000 shall be awarded only after authorization by the authority.
- 195.17 (d) The authority may reject, or through procedure established by the authority, authorize 195.18 the center manager to reject, any and all bids.
- (e) Contract shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder, and purchases shall be made from the responsible bidder who offers to furnish the article desired for the lowest sum.
- (f) In determining the lowest responsible bidder, in addition to price, the following may be considered:
- 195.23 (1) The ability, capacity, and skill of the bidder to perform the contract or provide the service required.
- 195.25 (2) Whether the bidder can perform the contract or provide the service promptly, or within the time specified, without delay or interference.
- 195.27 (3) The character, integrity, reputation, judgment, experience and efficiency of the bidder.
- 195.28 (4) The quality of performance of previous contracts or services.
- 195.29 (5) The sufficiency of the financial resources and ability of the bidder to perform the contract or provide the service.

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196.1	(6) The quality, availability, and adaptability of the supplies or contractual service to					
196.2	the particular use required.					
196.3	(7) The ability of the bidder to provide future maintenance and service for the use of the					
196.4	subject of the contract.					
196.5	(8) The number and scope of conditions attached to the bid.					
196.6	(g) Specifications shall not be so prepared as to exclude all but one type or kind, but					
196.7	shall include competitive supplies and equipment; provided, however, that unique or					
196.8	noncompetitive articles which are determined by the authority to be sufficiently superior					
196.9	for the service intended by the authority, may be purchased without regard to other bids.					
196.10	Sec. 33. Laws 2020, Fifth Special Session chapter 3, article 3, section 5, subdivision 10,					
196.11	is amended to read:					
190.11	is amended to read.					
196.12	Subd. 10. Victoria Theater, St. Paul 1,400,000					
196.13	For a grant to the eity of St. Paul Victoria					
196.14	Theater Arts Center to acquire property					
196.15	located at 825 University Avenue West, and					
196.16	to predesign, design, construct, furnish, and					
196.17	equip the renovation of the historic Victoria					
196.18	Theater, to serve as a regional multicultural					
196.19	community and event center. This					
196.20	appropriation includes money for: demolition					
196.21	work; improvements to or replacement of the					
196.22	mechanical, electrical, plumbing, heating,					
196.23	ventilating, and air conditioning systems;					
196.24	renovate the exterior envelope, and prepare					
196.25	the site of the historic Victoria Theater. This					
196.26	appropriation includes money for: building					
196.27	acquisition; predesign and design costs; project					
196.28	management fees; repairs and improvements					
196.29	to the existing roof and exterior enclosure; and					

196.30 site and substructure improvements;

196.31 construction or renovation of interior spaces;

196.32 and other improvements of a capital nature to

196.33 the historic Victoria Theater, to serve as a

197.2 center.

197.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 197.4 Sec. 34. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section 9, is amended to
- 197.5 read:
- 197.6 Sec. 9. EXPLORE MINNESOTA TOURISM \$ 15,434,000 \$ 14,523,000
- 197.7 (a) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
- second year must be matched from nonstate
- 197.9 sources to develop maximum private sector
- 197.10 involvement in tourism. Each \$1 of state
- incentive must be matched with \$6 of private
- 197.12 sector money. "Matched" means revenue to
- 197.13 the state or documented cash expenditures
- 197.14 directly expended to support Explore
- 197.15 Minnesota Tourism programs. Up to one-half
- 197.16 of the private sector contribution may be
- 197.17 in-kind or soft match. The incentive in fiscal
- 197.18 year 2022 is based on fiscal year 2021 private
- 197.19 sector contributions. The incentive in fiscal
- 197.20 year 2023 is based on fiscal year 2022 private
- 197.21 sector contributions. This incentive is ongoing.
- 197.22 (b) Money for marketing grants is available
- 197.23 either year of the biennium. Unexpended grant
- 197.24 money from the first year is available in the
- 197.25 second year.
- 197.26 (c) \$100,000 each year is for a grant to the
- 197.27 Northern Lights International Music Festival.
- 197.28 (d) \$1,000,000 the first year is for a recovery
- 197.29 grant program, including grants for local and
- 197.30 Tribal governments, for tourism, meetings and
- 197.31 conventions, and events assistance and
- 197.32 promotions. This is a onetime appropriation.
- 197.33 Of this amount, \$250,000 is for a grant to the

198.1	Grand Portage Band to focus tourism to Grand					
198.2	Portage.					
198.3	Sec. 35. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 7, article 9, section 5, the effective date,					
198.4	if enacted, is amended to read:					
198.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is The changes made by this section to paragraph					
198.6	(c) are effective January 1, 2023. The changes made by this section to paragraphs (h) and					
198.7	(i) are effective the day following final enactment.					
198.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective on or retroactively from July 1, 2021.					
198.9	Sec. 36. COVID-19 PUBLIC HEALTH DISASTER RESPONSE.					
198.10	Subdivision 1. Public health disaster declaration; eligibility for federal assistance. (a)					
198.11	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the commissioner of human services or the					
198.12	commissioner of health may declare a public health disaster if either commissioner determines					
198.13	that the state must take action to protect the public health, including providing public health					
198.14	services or enforcing existing health and human services laws, as part of the state's response					
198.15	to the ongoing COVID-19 infectious disease outbreak.					
198.16	(b) The declaration of a public health disaster under this subdivision does not provide					
198.17	any authority in addition to existing law.					
198.18	Subd. 2. Expiration. A public health disaster declared under subdivision 1 expires on					
198.19	the earlier of the following dates:					
198.20	(1) the date the commissioner of health or the commissioner of human services determines					
198.21	the public health disaster declaration is no longer necessary; or					
198.22	(2) the public health emergency issued under section 319 of the Public Health Service					
198.23	Act expires, subject to renewal by the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services.					
198.24	Subd. 3. Orderly redeployment of state workers. (a) Until August 1, 2021, the					
198.25	commissioner of management and budget may suspend provisions of all state employee					
198.26	collective bargaining agreements and compensation plans regarding: limitations on the					
198.27	appointing authority's ability to determine employee work schedules and hours of work;					
198.28	notice periods for changes in work schedules, work hours, or work locations; limitations					
198.29	on supervisor recission of vacation approval; seniority requirements for filling vacancies,					
198.30	reassignment, or distribution of overtime or on-call work; restrictions on appointment,					
198.31	assignment, or reassignment, including reassignment between job classifications; and notice					

requirements for seasonal layoff and recall. Until August 1, 2021, executive branch

199.1	employees are subject to the scheduling and assignment decisions and work direction of					
199.2	their appointing authority.					
199.3	(b) To the extent necessary, and until August 1, 2021, the commissioner of management					
199.4	and budget may transfer the direction, personnel, and functions of state agencies, including,					
199.5	but not limited to, redeploying executive branch employees from one state agency to another					
199.6	state agency, and between job classifications.					
199.7	Subd. 4. Unemployment insurance program. To facilitate the recovery of the					
199.8	unemployment insurance program, strict compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section					
199.9	268.047, is suspended through August 1, 2021.					
199.10	Subd. 5. Testing and vaccination authority. Until the federal public health emergency					
199.11	issued under section 319 of the Public Health Service Act expires, the commissioner of					
199.12	health may exercise the authority provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 144.4197, to					
199.13	authorize persons to administer COVID-19 vaccinations and testing, and may take action					
199.14	to establish and operate COVID-19 vaccination and testing sites, notwithstanding the					
199.15	requirements of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 16C, and without compliance with					
199.16	time-consuming procedures and formalities prescribed by law. The commissioner's authority					
199.17	under this subdivision is subject to the terms and conditions provided in Minnesota Statutes,					
199.18	section 144.4197, except that any extension of this authority must be provided by law and					
199.19	not pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 144.4197. Persons authorized to administer					
199.20	vaccines and testing under this subdivision shall be held harmless as provided under					
199.21	Minnesota Statutes, section 144.4197, under the same terms and conditions.					
199.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from June 29, 2021.					
199.23	Sec. 37. ELIGIBILITY OF PRIOR TARGETED GRANT RECIPIENTS FOR					
199.24	TARGETED COMMUNITY CAPITAL PROJECT GRANTS.					
199.25	Notwithstanding the eligibility criteria in Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.9924, any					
199.26	grantee named in Laws 2020, Fifth Special Session chapter 3, article 3, is eligible for a grant					
199.27	under the targeted community capital project grant program under Minnesota Statutes,					
199.28	section 116J.9924, in fiscal year 2022, so long as the grantee submits a written application					
199.29	at the time, and in the form and manner, prescribed by the commissioner of employment					
199.30	and economic development.					
199.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.					

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200.1	Sec. 38. FRONTLINE WORKER PAY WORKING GROUP.
200.2	Subdivision 1. Establishment. A working group is established to make recommendations
200.3	to the legislature on the disbursement of \$250,000,000 in direct financial support to frontline
200.4	workers.
200.5	Subd. 2. Membership. (a) The working group consists of nine members:
200.6	(1) two members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house
200.7	of representatives;
200.8	(2) one member of the house of representatives appointed by the minority leader of the
200.9	house of representatives;
200.10	(3) two members of the senate appointed by the senate majority leader;
200.11	(4) one member of the senate appointed by the minority leader of the senate; and
200.12	(5) three members representing the executive branch appointed by the governor.
200.13	(b) All appointments under this subdivision must be made by July 15, 2021. The working
200.14	group must elect a chair and vice-chair from among its members.
200.15	Subd. 3. Duties. The working group must make a recommendation for the disbursement
200.16	of \$250,000,000 in direct financial support to frontline workers, including but not limited
200.17	to long-term care workers. In developing its recommendation, the working group must
200.18	consider factors including a frontline worker's increased financial burden and increased risk
200.19	of virus exposure due to the nature of their work.
200.20	Subd. 4. Meetings; administrative support. The speaker of the house must designate
200.21	one member to convene the first meeting. Meetings of the working group must be open to
200.22	the public. The Legislative Coordinating Commission must provide physical or electronic
200.23	meeting space and other administrative support as requested by the working group.
200.24	Subd. 5. Submission of legislation. (a) The working group must submit proposed
200.25	legislative language implementing its recommendations to the governor, speaker of the
200.26	house, and senate majority leader by September 6, 2021. For the working group to adopt a
200.27	recommendation, seven of nine members must vote to approve it.
200.28	(b) If seven of nine members do not approve a single recommendation, then the working

Subd. 6. Expiration. The working group expires upon submission of the proposed 200.30 legislation required by subdivision 5. 200.31

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group may present not more than three drafts of legislation implementing potential options.

201 1	EFFECTIVE DATE.	This section	ic offortive	the day	following	final anastment
201.1	EFFECTIVE DATE.	Inis section	is effective	the day	Iollowing	imai enactment.

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Sec 39	EFFECTIVE	DATES FOR	CERTAIN	ENACTMENTS.
500.57.		DAILDION		

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 645.02 and 645.21, or any other law 201.3 to the contrary, every act finally enacted as a result of the 2021 first special legislative 201.4 session is effective on or retroactively from July 1, 2021. Except as provided in paragraph 201.5 (b), if a provision in an act specifies an effective date different than July 1, 2021, for purposes 201.6
- of the provision the effective date specified in the act prevails. 201.7
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), Minnesota Statutes, sections 645.02 and 645.21, or 201.8 any other law to the contrary, if a provision in an act finally enacted as a result of the 2021 201.9 first special legislative session appropriates, cancels, transfers, or reallocates a fiscal year 201.11 2021 appropriation, the provision is effective on or retroactively from June 30, 2021, or the
- effective date for the provision provided in the act, whichever is earlier. 201.12
- 201.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 40. 2008 DISTRIBUTION TRANSFER; CITY OF BIWABIK STREET AND 201.14

HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENTS. 201.15

- Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, by July 1, 2021, St. Louis County shall transfer 201.16 \$1,500,000 from the appropriation in Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 12, section 12, 201.17 subdivision 4, to the city of Biwabik for deposit in its general fund account to be used for the preservation and reconstruction of existing streets and highways in the city of Biwabik 201.19 or the construction of new streets in the city of Biwabik. Any remaining unspent money 201.20 from the appropriation in Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 12, section 12, subdivision 4, 201.21 201.22 shall be retained by St. Louis County for road improvements to County Road 138, north of
- 201.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 41. APPROPRIATION; TARGETED COMMUNITY CAPITAL PROJECT 201.25 **GRANT PROGRAM.** 201.26

- 201.27 \$24,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner 201.28 of employment and economic development for the targeted community capital project grant program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.9924. This appropriation is available until 201.29 encumbered or spent subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.642. 201.30
- 201.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2021.

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Sec. 42. APPROPRIATION; MEAT PROCESSING BUSINESSES IN

REDEVELOPMENT AREA.

202.3 Of an appropriation in fiscal year 2022 for the targeted community capital project grant program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.9924, the commissioner of employment 202.4 202.5 and economic development must grant \$6,000,000 for one or more grants to any business 202.6 engaged in the meat processing industry and currently conducting operations in a building or buildings constructed on or before January 1, 1947, and located in a city of the second 202.7 202.8 class that was designated as a redevelopment area by the United States Department of Commerce under the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, Public Law 202.9 89-136, title IV, section 401(a)(4). This appropriation includes: site acquisition costs; 202.10 relocation costs; predesign; design; sewer, water, and stormwater infrastructure; site 202.11 preparation; engineering; and the cost of improvements to real property locally zoned to allow a meat processing land use that are incurred by any qualified business under this 202.13 section. A grantee under this section must work in consultation with a local government 202.14 unit with jurisdiction over the area where the property is located on activities funded by the 202.15 grant. This is a onetime appropriation. A grant issued under this section is not subject to 202.16 the grant requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.9924. 202.17

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 202.18

Sec. 43. APPROPRIATIONS; TAX EXPENDITURE REVIEW. 202.19

- (a) \$36,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$628,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from 202.20 the general fund to the Legislative Coordinating Commission for the Tax Expenditure 202.21 Review Commission under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.8855. The base for this 202.22 appropriation is \$607,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$658,000 in fiscal year 2025. 202.23
- (b) \$148,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner 202.24 202.25 of revenue to provide research support to the Tax Expenditure Review Commission under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.8855. 202.26

Sec. 44. ADMINISTRATIVE APPROPRIATION. 202.27

\$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner 202.28 of revenue to administer this act. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2023. The 202.29 base for this appropriation is \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$0 in fiscal year 2025. 202.30

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Sec. 45. APPROPRIATION; DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

REVISOR

\$6,200,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner 203.2 203.3 of transportation for project development of a land bridge freeway lid over marked Interstate Highway 94 in a portion of the segment from Lexington Avenue to Rice Street in St. Paul. 203.4 203.5 This amount is available to match federal funds and for project planning and development, including area planning, community and land use planning, economic development planning, 203.6 design, and project management and analysis. From this amount, the commissioner may 203.7 203.8 make grants to Reconnect Rondo to perform any eligible project development activities. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2025. 203.9

Sec. 46. APPROPRIATIONS; FIRE REMEDIATION GRANTS.

Subdivision 1. City of Melrose. \$643,729 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue for a grant to the city of Melrose to remediate the effects of fires in the city on September 8, 2016. This appropriation represents the amounts that lapsed by the terms of the appropriation in Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 1, article 4, section 31. The commissioner of revenue must remit the funds to the city of Melrose by July 20, 2021. The city must use the funds to administer grants to public or private entities for use in accordance with subdivision 3.

Subd. 2. City of Alexandria. \$120,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue for a grant to the city of Alexandria to remediate the effects of the fire in the city on February 25, 2020. The commissioner of revenue must remit the funds to the city of Alexandria by July 20, 2021. The city must use the funds to administer grants to public or private entities for use in accordance with subdivision 3.

Subd. 3. Allowed use. A grant recipient must use the money appropriated under this section for remediation costs, including disaster recovery, infrastructure, reimbursement for equipment costs, and reimbursements for property tax abatements, incurred by public or private entities as a result of the fires.

These appropriations are onetime and are available until June 30, 2023.

203.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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204.1 **ARTICLE 12**

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE POLICY AND TECHNICAL: INCOME AND CORPORATE FRANCHISE TAXES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.08, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

- Subd. 7. Composite income tax returns for nonresident partners, shareholders, and beneficiaries. (a) The commissioner may allow a partnership with nonresident partners to file a composite return and to pay the tax on behalf of nonresident partners who have no other Minnesota source income. This composite return must include the names, addresses, Social Security numbers, income allocation, and tax liability for the nonresident partners electing to be covered by the composite return.
- (b) The computation of a partner's tax liability must be determined by multiplying the income allocated to that partner by the highest rate used to determine the tax liability for individuals under section 290.06, subdivision 2c. Nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed.
- (c) The partnership must submit a request to use this composite return filing method for nonresident partners. The requesting partnership must file a composite return in the form prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The filing of a composite return is considered a request to use the composite return filing method.
- (d) The electing partner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the income from the partnership and other electing partnerships. If it is determined that the electing partner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of the income and tax liability for that partner under this provision will not constitute a return to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the individual as part of the composite return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the individual on the date on which the composite return payment was made. If the electing nonresident partner has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the composite return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1.
- (e) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that an individual pay estimated tax if the individual's liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section 289A.25. The individual's liability to pay estimated tax is, however, satisfied when the partnership pays composite estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25.
- 204.31 (f) If an electing partner's share of the partnership's gross income from Minnesota sources is less than the filing requirements for a nonresident under this subdivision, the tax liability is zero. However, a statement showing the partner's share of gross income must be included as part of the composite return.

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(g) The election provided in this subdivision is only available to a partner who has no other Minnesota source income and who is either (1) a full-year nonresident individual or (2) a trust or estate that does not claim a deduction under either section 651 or 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (h) A corporation defined in section 290.9725 and its nonresident shareholders may make an election under this paragraph. The provisions covering the partnership apply to the corporation and the provisions applying to the partner apply to the shareholder.
- (i) Estates and trusts distributing current income only and the nonresident individual beneficiaries of the estates or trusts may make an election under this paragraph. The provisions covering the partnership apply to the estate or trust. The provisions applying to the partner apply to the beneficiary.
- (j) For the purposes of this subdivision, "income" means the partner's share of federal 205.12 adjusted gross income from the partnership modified by the additions provided in section 205.13 290.0131, subdivisions 8 to 10 and, 16, and 17, and the subtractions provided in: (1) section 290.0132, subdivision subdivisions 9, 27, and 28, to the extent the amount is assignable or 205.15 allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17; and (2) section 290.0132, subdivision 14. The 205.16 subtraction allowed under section 290.0132, subdivision 9, is only allowed on the composite 205.17 tax computation to the extent the electing partner would have been allowed the subtraction. 205.18
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 205.19 after December 31, 2015. 205.20
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 205.21
- Subd. 2. Withholding statement. (a) A person required to deduct and withhold from 205.22 an employee a tax under section 290.92, subdivision 2a or 3, or 290.923, subdivision 2, or 205.23 who would have been required to deduct and withhold a tax under section 290.92, subdivision 205.24 205.25 2a or 3, or persons required to withhold tax under section 290.923, subdivision 2, determined without regard to section 290.92, subdivision 19, if the employee or payee had claimed no 205.26 more than one withholding exemption allowance, or who paid wages or made payments 205.27 not subject to withholding under section 290.92, subdivision 2a or 3, or 290.923, subdivision 2, to an employee or person receiving royalty payments in excess of \$600, or who has 205.29 205.30 entered into a voluntary withholding agreement with a payee under section 290.92, subdivision 20, must give every employee or person receiving royalty payments in respect 205.31 to the remuneration paid by the person to the employee or person receiving royalty payments 205.32 during the calendar year, on or before January 31 of the succeeding year, or, if employment 205.33 is terminated before the close of the calendar year, within 30 days after the date of receipt 205.34

of a written request from the employee if the 30-day period ends before January 31, a written statement showing the following:

(1) name of the person;

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- 206.4 (2) the name of the employee or payee and the employee's or payee's Social Security account number;
- (3) the total amount of wages as that term is defined in section 290.92, subdivision 1, paragraph (1); the total amount of remuneration subject to withholding under section 290.92, subdivision 20; the amount of sick pay as required under section 6051(f) of the Internal Revenue Code; and the amount of royalties subject to withholding under section 290.923, subdivision 2; and
- 206.11 (4) the total amount deducted and withheld as tax under section 290.92, subdivision 2a or 3, or 290.923, subdivision 2.
- 206.13 (b) The statement required to be furnished by paragraph (a) with respect to any remuneration must be furnished at those times, must contain the information required, and must be in the form the commissioner prescribes.
- 206.16 (c) The commissioner may prescribe rules providing for reasonable extensions of time, not in excess of 30 days, to employers or payers required to give the statements to their employees or payees under this subdivision.
- 206.19 (d) A duplicate of any statement made under this subdivision and in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner must be filed with the commissioner on or before January 31 of the year after the payments were made.
- (e) If an employer cancels the employer's Minnesota withholding account number required by section 290.92, subdivision 24, the information required by paragraph (d), must be filed with the commissioner within 30 days of the end of the quarter in which the employer cancels its account number.
- 206.26 (f) The employer must submit the statements required to be sent to the commissioner.

 The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the statement pursuant to section 270C.30.
- 206.29 (g) A "third-party bulk filer" as defined in section 290.92, subdivision 30, paragraph 206.30 (a), clause (2), must submit the returns required by this subdivision and subdivision 1, 206.31 paragraph (a), with the commissioner by electronic means.

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207.1	EFFECTIVE DATE.	This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
207.2	31, 2020.	

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0121, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Inflation adjustment.** For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019,
- 207.5 the commissioner must adjust for inflation the exemption amount in subdivision 1, paragraph
- 207.6 (b), and the threshold amounts in subdivision 2, as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory
- year is taxable year 2019. The amounts as adjusted must be rounded down to the nearest
- \$50 amount. If the amount ends in \$25, the amount is rounded down to the nearest \$50
- 207.9 amount. The threshold amount for married individuals filing separate returns must be one-half
- 207.10 of the adjusted amount for married individuals filing joint returns.
- 207.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (1) **Wages.** For purposes of this section, the term "wages"
- means the same as that term is defined in section 3401(a), (f), and (i) of the Internal Revenue
- 207.15 Code.
- 207.16 (2) Payroll period. For purposes of this section the term "payroll period" means a period
- 207.17 for which a payment of wages is ordinarily made to the employee by the employee's
- employer, and the term "miscellaneous payroll period" means a payroll period other than a
- 207.19 daily, weekly, biweekly, semimonthly, monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual payroll
- 207.20 period.
- 207.21 (3) **Employee.** For purposes of this section the term "employee" means any resident
- 207.22 individual performing services for an employer, either within or without, or both within and
- 207.23 without the state of Minnesota, and every nonresident individual performing services within
- 207.24 the state of Minnesota, the performance of which services constitute, establish, and determine
- 207.25 the relationship between the parties as that of employer and employee. As used in the
- 207.26 preceding sentence, the term "employee" includes an officer of a corporation, and an officer,
- 207.27 employee, or elected official of the United States, a state, or any political subdivision thereof,
- or the District of Columbia, or any agency or instrumentality of any one or more of the
- 207.29 foregoing.
- 207.30 (4) **Employer.** For purposes of this section the term "employer" means any person,
- 207.31 including individuals, fiduciaries, estates, trusts, partnerships, limited liability companies,
- 207.32 and corporations transacting business in or deriving any income from sources within the

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state of Minnesota for whom an individual performs or performed any service, of whatever nature, as the employee of such person, except that if the person for whom the individual performs or performed the services does not have control of the payment of the wages for such services, the term "employer," except for purposes of paragraph (1), means the person having control of the payment of such wages. As used in the preceding sentence, the term "employer" includes any corporation, individual, estate, trust, or organization which is exempt from taxation under section 290.05 and further includes, but is not limited to, officers of corporations who have control, either individually or jointly with another or others, of the payment of the wages.

- (5) Number of withholding exemptions allowances claimed. For purposes of this section, the term "number of withholding exemptions allowances claimed" means the number of withholding exemptions allowances claimed in a withholding exemption allowances certificate in effect under subdivision 5, except that if no such certificate is in effect, the number of withholding exemptions allowances claimed shall be considered to be zero.
- 208.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 208.16 31, 2020.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. **Collection at source.** (1) **Deductions.** Every employer making payment of wages shall deduct and withhold upon such wages a tax as provided in this section.
 - (2) **Withholding on payroll period.** The employer shall withhold the tax on the basis of each payroll period or as otherwise provided in this section.
 - (3) Withholding tables. Unless the amount of tax to be withheld is determined as provided in subdivision 3, the amount of tax to be withheld for each individual shall be based upon tables to be prepared and distributed by the commissioner. The tables shall be computed for the several permissible withholding periods and shall take account of exemptions allowances allowed under this section; and the amounts computed for withholding shall be such that the amount withheld for any individual during the individual's taxable year shall approximate in the aggregate as closely as possible the tax which is levied and imposed under this chapter for that taxable year, upon the individual's salary, wages, or compensation for personal services of any kind for the employer.
 - (4) **Miscellaneous payroll period.** If wages are paid with respect to a period which is not a payroll period, the amount to be deducted and withheld shall be that applicable in the case of a miscellaneous payroll period containing a number of days, including Sundays and

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holidays, equal to the number of days in the period with respect to which such wages are paid.

- (5) **Miscellaneous payroll period.** (a) In any case in which wages are paid by an employer without regard to any payroll period or other period, the amount to be deducted and withheld shall be that applicable in the case of a miscellaneous payroll period containing a number of days equal to the number of days, including Sundays and holidays, which have elapsed since the date of the last payment of such wages by such employer during the calendar year, or the date of commencement of employment with such employer during such year, or January 1 of such year, whichever is the later.
- (b) In any case in which the period, or the time described in clause (a), in respect of any wages is less than one week, the commissioner, under rules prescribed by the commissioner, may authorize an employer to determine the amount to be deducted and withheld under the tables applicable in the case of a weekly payroll period, in which case the aggregate of the wages paid to the employee during the calendar week shall be considered the weekly wages.
- 209.15 (6) **Wages computed to nearest dollar.** If the wages exceed the highest bracket, in determining the amount to be deducted and withheld under this subdivision, the wages may, at the election of the employer, be computed to the nearest dollar.
 - (7) **Rules on withholding.** The commissioner may, by rule, authorize employers:
- (a) to estimate the wages which will be paid to any employee in any quarter of the calendar year;
 - (b) to determine the amount to be deducted and withheld upon each payment of wages to such employee during such quarter as if the appropriate average of the wages so estimated constituted the actual wages paid; and
 - (c) to deduct and withhold upon any payment of wages to such employee during such quarter such amount as may be necessary to adjust the amount actually deducted and withheld upon wages of such employee during such quarter to the amount required to be deducted and withheld during such quarter without regard to this paragraph (7).
 - (8) **Additional withholding.** The commissioner is authorized to provide by rule for increases or decreases in the amount of withholding otherwise required under this section in cases where the employee requests the changes. Such additional withholding shall for all purposes be considered tax required to be deducted and withheld under this section.
- 209.32 (9) **Tips.** In the case of tips which constitute wages, this subdivision shall be applicable only to such tips as are included in a written statement furnished to the employer pursuant

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to section 6053 of the Internal Revenue Code and only to the extent that the tax can be deducted and withheld by the employer, at or after the time such statement is so furnished and before the close of the calendar year in which such statement is furnished, from such wages of the employee (excluding tips, but including funds turned over by the employee to the employer for the purpose of such deduction and withholding) as are under the control of the employer; and an employer who is furnished by an employee a written statement of tips (received in a calendar month) pursuant to section 6053 of the Internal Revenue Code to which subdivision 1 is applicable may deduct and withhold the tax with respect to such tips from any wages of the employee (excluding tips) under the employer's control, even though at the time such statement is furnished the total amount of the tips included in statements furnished to the employer as having been received by the employee in such calendar month in the course of employment by such employer is less than \$20. Such tax shall not at any time be deducted and withheld in an amount which exceeds the aggregate of such wages and funds as are under the control of the employer minus any tax required by other provisions of state or federal law to be collected from such wages and funds.

- (10) **Vehicle fringe benefits.** An employer shall not deduct and withhold any tax under this section with respect to any vehicle fringe benefit provided to an employee if the employer has so elected for federal purposes and the requirement of and the definition contained in section 3402(s) of the Internal Revenue Code are complied with.
- 210.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 210.21 31, 2020.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Withholding, irregular period.** If payment of wages is made to an employee by an employer
- (a) With respect to a payroll period or other period, any part of which is included in a payroll period or other period with respect to which wages are also paid to such employees by such employer, or
- (b) Without regard to any payroll period or other period, but on or prior to the expiration of a payroll period or other period with respect to which wages are also paid to such employee by such employer, or
- (c) With respect to a period beginning in one and ending in another calendar year, or
- 210.32 (d) Through an agent, fiduciary, or other person who also has the control, receipt, custody, or disposal of or pays, the wages payable by another employer to such employee.

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The manner of withholding and the amount to be deducted and withheld under subdivision
2a shall be determined in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner under which
the withholding exemption allowance allowed to the employee in any calendar year shall
approximate the withholding exemption allowance allowable with respect to an annual
payroll period, except that if supplemental wages are not paid concurrent with a payroll
period the employer shall withhold tax on the supplemental payment at the rate of 6.25
percent as if no exemption allowance had been claimed.

- 211.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020. 211.9
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 4b, is amended to read: 211 10
- 211.11 Subd. 4b. Withholding by partnerships. (a) A partnership shall deduct and withhold a tax as provided in paragraph (b) for nonresident individual partners based on their distributive shares of partnership income for a taxable year of the partnership. 211.13
- (b) The amount of tax withheld is determined by multiplying the partner's distributive 211.14 share allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17, paid or credited during the taxable year 211.16 by the highest rate used to determine the income tax liability for an individual under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, except that the amount of tax withheld may be determined by the 211.17 commissioner if the partner submits a withholding exemption allowance certificate under 211.18 211.19 subdivision 5.
- (c) The commissioner may reduce or abate the tax withheld under this subdivision if the 211.20 partnership had reasonable cause to believe that no tax was due under this section. 211.21
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a partnership is not required to deduct and withhold 211.22 tax for a nonresident partner if: 211.23
- (1) the partner elects to have the tax due paid as part of the partnership's composite return 211.24 under section 289A.08, subdivision 7; 211.25
- (2) the partner has Minnesota assignable federal adjusted gross income from the 211.26 partnership of less than \$1,000; or 211.27
- (3) the partnership is liquidated or terminated, the income was generated by a transaction 211.28 related to the termination or liquidation, and no cash or other property was distributed in the current or prior taxable year; 211.30
- 211.31 (4) the distributive shares of partnership income are attributable to:
- (i) income required to be recognized because of discharge of indebtedness; 211.32

(ii) income recognized because of a sale, exchange, or other disposition of real estate, depreciable property, or property described in section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code; or

- 212.4 (iii) income recognized on the sale, exchange, or other disposition of any property that
 212.5 has been the subject of a basis reduction pursuant to section 108, 734, 743, 754, or 1017 of
 212.6 the Internal Revenue Code
- to the extent that the income does not include cash received or receivable or, if there is cash received or receivable, to the extent that the cash is required to be used to pay indebtedness by the partnership or a secured debt on partnership property; or
- 212.10 (5) the partnership is a publicly traded partnership, as defined in section 7704(b) of the 212.11 Internal Revenue Code.
- (e) For purposes of sections 270C.60, 289A.09, subdivision 2, 289A.20, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), 289A.50, 289A.56, 289A.60, and 289A.63, a partnership is considered an employer.
- (f) To the extent that income is exempt from withholding under paragraph (d), clause 212.15 (4), the commissioner has a lien in an amount up to the amount that would be required to 212.16 be withheld with respect to the income of the partner attributable to the partnership interest, 212.17 but for the application of paragraph (d), clause (4). The lien arises under section 270C.63 212.18 from the date of assessment of the tax against the partner, and attaches to that partner's share 212.19 of the profits and any other money due or to become due to that partner in respect of the 212.20 partnership. Notice of the lien may be sent by mail to the partnership, without the necessity 212.21 for recording the lien. The notice has the force and effect of a levy under section 270C.67, and is enforceable against the partnership in the manner provided by that section. Upon 212.23 payment in full of the liability subsequent to the notice of lien, the partnership must be 212.24 notified that the lien has been satisfied. 212.25
- 212.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 212.27 31, 2020.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 4c, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4c. **Withholding by S corporations.** (a) A corporation having a valid election in effect under section 290.9725 shall deduct and withhold a tax as provided in paragraph (b) for nonresident individual shareholders their share of the corporation's income for the taxable year.

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213.1	(b) The amount of tax withheld is determined by multiplying the amount of income
213.2	allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17 by the highest rate used to determine the income
213.3	tax liability of an individual under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, except that the amount
213.4	of tax withheld may be determined by the commissioner if the shareholder submits a
213.5	withholding exemption allowance certificate under subdivision 5.
213.6	(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a corporation is not required to deduct and withhold
213.7	tax for a nonresident shareholder, if:
213.8	(1) the shareholder elects to have the tax due paid as part of the corporation's composite
213.9	return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7;
213.10	(2) the shareholder has Minnesota assignable federal adjusted gross income from the
213.11	corporation of less than \$1,000; or
213.12	(3) the corporation is liquidated or terminated, the income was generated by a transaction
213.13	related to the termination or liquidation, and no cash or other property was distributed in
213.14	the current or prior taxable year.
213.15	(d) For purposes of sections 270C.60, 289A.09, subdivision 2, 289A.20, subdivision 2,
213.16	paragraph (c), 289A.50, 289A.56, 289A.60, and 289A.63, a corporation is considered an
213.17	employer.
213.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
213.19	<u>31, 2020.</u>
213.20	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
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213.21	Subd. 5. Exemptions Allowances. (1) Entitlement. An employee receiving wages shall on any day be entitled to claim withholding exemptions allowances in a number not to
213.22213.23	exceed the number of withholding exemptions allowances that the employee claims and
213.23	that are allowable pursuant to section $3402(f)(1)$, (m), and (n) of the Internal Revenue Code
213.24	for federal withholding purposes, except:
213.26	(i) the standard deduction amount for the purposes of section 3402(f)(1)(E) of the Internal
213.27	Revenue Code shall be the amount calculated under section 290.0123, subdivision 1; and
213.28	(ii) the exemption allowance amount for the purposes of section 3402(f)(1)(A) of the
213.29	Internal Revenue Code shall be the amount calculated under section 290.0121, subdivision
213.30	1 . ;

213.32 Code are not allowed;

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(iii) withholding allowances under sections 3402(f)(1)(C) and (D) of the Internal Revenue

214.1	(iv) estimated itemized deductions allowable under section 290.0122, but only if the
214.2	employee's spouse does not have in effect a withholding certificate electing this allowance;
214.3	<u>and</u>
214.4	(v) any additional allowances, at the discretion of the commissioner, that are in the best
214.5	interests of determining the proper amount to withhold for the payment of taxes under this
214.6	<u>chapter.</u>
214.7	(2) Withholding exemption allowance certificate. The provisions concerning exemption
214.8	allowance certificates contained in section 3402(f)(2) and (3) of the Internal Revenue Code
214.9	shall apply.
214.10	(3) Form of certificate. Withholding exemption allowance certificates shall be in such
214.11	form and contain such information as the commissioner may by rule prescribe.
214.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
214.13	<u>31, 2020.</u>
214.14	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:
214.15	Subd. 5a. Verification of withholding exemptions allowances; appeal. (a) An employer
214.16	shall submit to the commissioner a copy of any withholding exemption allowance certificate
214.17	or any affidavit of residency received from an employee on which the employee claims any
214.18	of the following:
214.19	(1) a total number of withholding exemptions allowances in excess of ten or a number
214.20	prescribed by the commissioner, or
214.21	(2) a status that would exempt the employee from Minnesota withholding, including
214.22	where the employee is a nonresident exempt from withholding under subdivision 4a, clause
214.23	(3), except where the employer reasonably expects, at the time that the certificate is received,
214.24	that the employee's wages under subdivision 1 from the employer will not then usually
214.25	exceed \$200 per week, or
214.26	(3) any number of withholding exemptions allowances which the employer has reason
214.27	to believe is in excess of the number to which the employee is entitled.
214.28	(b) Copies of exemption allowance certificates and affidavits of residency required to
214.29	be submitted by paragraph (a) shall be submitted to the commissioner within 30 days after
214.30	receipt by the employer unless the employer is also required by federal law to submit copies
214.31	to the Internal Revenue Service, in which case the employer may elect to submit the copies

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to the commissioner at the same time that the employer is required to submit them to the Internal Revenue Service.

- (c) An employer who submits a copy of a withholding exemption allowance certificate in accordance with paragraph (a) shall honor the certificate until notified by the commissioner that the certificate is invalid. The commissioner shall mail a copy of any such notice to the employee. Upon notification that a particular certificate is invalid, the employer shall not honor that certificate or any subsequent certificate unless instructed to do so by the commissioner. The employer shall allow the employee the number of exemptions allowances and compute the withholding tax as instructed by the commissioner in accordance with paragraph (d).
- (d) The commissioner may require an employee to verify entitlement to the number of exemptions allowances or to the exempt status claimed on the withholding exemption allowance certificate or, to verify nonresidency. The employee shall be allowed at least 30 days to submit the verification, after which time the commissioner shall, on the basis of the 215.14 best information available to the commissioner, determine the employee's status and allow 215.15 the employee the maximum number of withholding exemptions allowances allowable under 215.16 this chapter. The commissioner shall mail a notice of this determination to the employee at 215.17 the address listed on the exemption allowance certificate in question or to the last known 215.18 address of the employee. Pursuant to section 270B.06, the commissioner may notify the 215.19 employer of this determination and instruct the employer to withhold tax in accordance with 215.20 the determination.
 - However, where the commissioner has reasonable grounds for believing that the employee is about to leave the state or that the collection of any tax due under this chapter will be jeopardized by delay, the commissioner may immediately notify the employee and the employer, pursuant to section 270B.06, that the certificate is invalid, and the employer must not honor that certificate or any subsequent certificate unless instructed to do so by the commissioner. The employer shall allow the employee the number of exemptions allowances and compute the withholding tax as instructed by the commissioner.
- (e) The commissioner's determination under paragraph (d) shall be appealable to Tax 215.29 Court in accordance with section 271.06, and shall remain in effect for withholding tax 215.30 purposes pending disposition of any appeal. 215.31
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 215.32 31, 2020. 215.33

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216.1	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
216.2	Subd. 19. Employees incurring no income tax liability. Notwithstanding any other
216.3	provision of this section, except the provisions of subdivision 5a, an employer is not required
216.4	to deduct and withhold any tax under this chapter from wages paid to an employee if:
216.5	(1) the employee furnished the employer with a withholding exemption allowance
216.6	certificate that:
216.7	(i) certifies the employee incurred no liability for income tax imposed under this chapter
216.8	for the employee's preceding taxable year;
216.9	(ii) certifies the employee anticipates incurring no liability for income tax imposed under
216.10	this chapter for the current taxable year; and
216.11	(iii) is in a form and contains any other information prescribed by the commissioner; or
216.12	(2)(i) the employee is not a resident of Minnesota when the wages were paid; and
216.13	(ii) the employer reasonably expects that the employer will not pay the employee enough
216.14	wages assignable to Minnesota under section 290.17, subdivision 2, paragraph (a)(1), to
216.15	meet the nonresident requirement to file a Minnesota individual income tax return for the
216.16	taxable year under section 289A.08, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).
216.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
216.18	<u>31, 2020.</u>
216.19	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 20, is amended to read:
216.20	Subd. 20. Voluntary withholding agreements Miscellaneous withholding
216.21	<u>arrangements</u> . (a) For purposes of this section, any payment of an annuity to an individual,
216.22	if at the time the payment is made a request that such annuity be subject to withholding
216.23	under this section is in effect, or distribution to an individual as defined under section
216.24	3405(e)(2) or (3) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as if it were a payment of
216.25	wages by an employer to an employee for a payroll period. Any payment to an individual
216.26	of sick pay which does not constitute wages, determined without regard to this subdivision,
216.27	shall be treated as if it were a payment of wages by an employer to an employee for a payroll
216.28	period, if, at the time the payment is made a request that such sick pay be subject to
216.29	withholding under this section is in effect. Sick pay means any amount which:

Article 12 Sec. 12.

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(1) is paid to an employee pursuant to a plan to which the employer is a party, and

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(2) constitutes remuneration or a payment in lieu of remuneration for any period during
which the employee is temporarily absent from work on account of sickness or personal
injuries.

- (b) A request for withholding, the amount withheld, and sick pay paid pursuant to certain collective bargaining agreements shall conform with the provisions of section 3402(o)(3),
- (4), and (5) of the Internal Revenue Code. 217.6
- (c) The commissioner is authorized by rules to provide for withholding: 217.7
- (1) from remuneration for services performed by an employee for the employer which, 217.8 without regard to this subdivision, does not constitute wages, and 217.9
- (2) from any other type of payment with respect to which the commissioner finds that 217.10 withholding would be appropriate under the provisions of this section, if the employer and 217.11 the employee, or in the case of any other type of payment the person making and the person 217.12 receiving the payment, agree to such withholding. Such agreement shall be made in such 217.13 form and manner as the commissioner may by rules provide. For purposes of this section 217.14 217.15 remuneration or other payments with respect to which such agreement is made shall be treated as if they were wages paid by an employer to an employee to the extent that such 217.16 remuneration is paid or other payments are made during the period for which the agreement 217.17 is in effect. 217.18
- (d) An individual receiving a payment or distribution under paragraph (a) may elect to 217.19 have paragraph (a) not apply to the payment or distribution as follows. 217.20
- (1) For payments defined under section 3405(e)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, an 217.21 election remains in effect until revoked by such individual. 217.22
- (2) For distributions defined under section 3405(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, the 217.23 election is on a distribution-by-distribution basis. 217.24
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for payments and distributions made 217.25 after December 31, 2021. 217.26
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.923, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 217.27
- Subd. 9. Payees incurring no income tax liability. Notwithstanding any other provision 217.28 of this section a payor shall not be required to deduct and withhold any tax under this chapter 217.29 upon a payment of royalties to a payee if there is in effect with respect to the payment a 217.30 217.31 withholding exemption allowance certificate, in the form and containing the information

218.1	prescribed by the commissioner, furnished to the payor by the payee certifying that the
218.2	payee:

- 218.3 (1) incurred no liability for income tax imposed under this chapter for the payee's preceding taxable year; and 218.4
- 218.5 (2) anticipates incurring no liability for income tax under this chapter for the current taxable year. 218.6
- 218.7 The commissioner shall provide by rule for the coordination of the provisions of this subdivision with the provisions of subdivision 4. 218.8
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 218.9 31, 2020. 218.10
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.993, is amended to read: 218.11

290.993 SPECIAL LIMITED ADJUSTMENT. 218.12

- (a) For an individual income taxpayer subject to tax under section 290.06, subdivision 218.13 2e, estate, or trust, or a partnership that elects to file a composite return under section 218.14 289A.08, subdivision 7, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and before 218.15 January 1, 2019, the following special rules apply: 218.16
- (1) an individual income taxpayer may: (i) take the standard deduction; or (ii) make an 218.17 election under section 63(e) of the Internal Revenue Code to itemize, for Minnesota individual 218.18 income tax purposes, regardless of the choice made on their federal return; and 218.19
- (2) there is an adjustment to tax equal to the difference between the tax calculated under 218.20 this chapter using the Internal Revenue Code as amended through December 16, 2016, and 218.21 the tax calculated under this chapter using the Internal Revenue Code amended through 218.22 December 31, 2018, before the application of credits. The end result must be zero additional 218.23 tax due or refund. 218.24
- (b) The adjustment in paragraph (a), clause (2), does not apply to any changes due to 218.25 sections 11012, 13101, 13201, 13202, 13203, 13204, 13205, 13207, 13301, 13302, 13303, 218.26 13313, 13502, 13503, 13801, 14101, 14102, 14211 through 14215, and 14501 of Public 218.27 Law 115-97; and section 40411 of Public Law 115-123. 218.28
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 218.29 after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2019. 218.30

ARTICLE 13

219.2 219.3	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE POLICY AND TECHNICAL: PROPERTY TAXES AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT AIDS
219.4	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270.41, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
219.5	Subd. 3a. Report on disciplinary actions. Each odd-numbered year, When issuing the
219.6	report required under section 214.07, the board must publish a report detailing include the
219.7	number and types of disciplinary actions recommended by the commissioner of revenue
219.8	under section 273.0645, subdivision 2, and the disposition of those recommendations by
219.9	the board. The report must be presented to the house of representatives and senate committees
219.10	with jurisdiction over property taxes by February 1 of each odd-numbered year in addition
219.11	to the recipients required under section 214.07.
219.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for reports issued in 2022 and thereafter.
219.13	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270.44, is amended to read:
219.14	270.44 CHARGES FOR COURSES, EXAMINATIONS OR MATERIALS.
219.15	The board shall charge the following fees:
219.16	(1) \$150 for a senior accredited Minnesota assessor license;
219.17	(2) \$125 for an accredited Minnesota assessor license;
219.18	(3) \$95 for a certified Minnesota assessor specialist license;
219.19	(4) \$85 for a certified Minnesota assessor license;
219.20	(5) \$85 for a temporary license;
219.21	(6) \$50 for a trainee registration;
219.22	(7) \$80 for grading a form appraisal;
219.23	(8) \$140 for grading a narrative appraisal; and
219.24	(9) \$50 for reinstatement; and.
219.25	(10) \$20 for record retention.
219.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
219.27	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 272.029, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
219.28	Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section:

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(1) "wind energy conversion system" has the meaning given in section 216C.06,
subdivision 19, and also includes a substation that is used and owned by one or more wind
energy conversion facilities;

- (2) "large scale wind energy conversion system" means a wind energy conversion system of more than 12 megawatts, as measured by the nameplate capacity of the system or as combined with other systems as provided in paragraph (b);
- (3) "medium scale wind energy conversion system" means a wind energy conversion system of over two and not more than 12 megawatts, as measured by the nameplate capacity of the system or as combined with other systems as provided in paragraph (b); and
- (4) "small scale wind energy conversion system" means a wind energy conversion system 220.10 of two megawatts and under, as measured by the nameplate capacity of the system or as 220.11 combined with other systems as provided in paragraph (b). 220.12
- (b) For systems installed and contracted for after January 1, 2002, the total size of a wind energy conversion system under this subdivision shall be determined according to this 220.14 paragraph. Unless the systems are interconnected with different distribution systems, the 220.15 nameplate capacity of one wind energy conversion system shall be combined with the 220.16 nameplate capacity of any other wind energy conversion system that is: 220.17
- (1) located within five miles of the wind energy conversion system; 220.18
- (2) constructed within the same 12-month period as the wind energy conversion system; 220.19 220.20 and
- (3) under common ownership. 220.21
- In the case of a dispute, the commissioner of commerce shall determine the total size of the 220.22 system, and shall draw all reasonable inferences in favor of combining the systems. 220.23
- For the purposes of making a determination under this paragraph, the original construction 220.24 date of an existing wind energy conversion system is not changed if the system is replaced, 220.25 repaired, or otherwise maintained or altered. 220.26
- (c) In making a determination under paragraph (b), the commissioner of commerce may 220.27 determine that two wind energy conversion systems are under common ownership when 220.28 the underlying ownership structure contains similar persons or entities, even if the ownership 220.29 shares differ between the two systems. Wind energy conversion systems are not under 220.30 common ownership solely because the same person or entity provided equity financing for 220.31 the systems. 220.32

221.1	EFFECTIVE DATE.	This s	section i	s effe	ctive	the da	y fo	llowing	final	enactment.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 272.0295, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the term "solar energy
- 221.4 generating system" means a set of devices whose primary purpose is to produce electricity
- by means of any combination of collecting, transferring, or converting solar generated
- 221.6 energy.
- 221.7 (b) The total size of a solar energy generating system under this subdivision shall be
 221.8 determined according to this paragraph. Unless the systems are interconnected with different
- distribution systems, the nameplate capacity of a solar energy generating system shall be
- 221.10 combined with the nameplate capacity of any other solar energy generating system that:
- (1) is constructed within the same 12-month period as the solar energy generating system;
- 221.12 and
- (2) exhibits characteristics of being a single development, including but not limited to
- 221.14 ownership structure, an umbrella sales arrangement, shared interconnection, revenue-sharing
- 221.15 arrangements, and common debt or equity financing.
- 221.16 In the case of a dispute, the commissioner of commerce shall determine the total size of the
- 221.17 system and shall draw all reasonable inferences in favor of combining the systems.
- 221.18 For the purposes of making a determination under this paragraph, the original construction
- date of an existing solar energy conversion system is not changed if the system is replaced,
- 221.20 repaired, or otherwise maintained or altered.
- (c) In making a determination under paragraph (b), the commissioner of commerce may
- 221.22 determine that two solar energy generating systems are under common ownership when the
- 221.23 underlying ownership structure contains similar persons or entities, even if the ownership
- shares differ between the two systems. Solar energy generating systems are not under
- 221.25 common ownership solely because the same person or entity provided equity financing for
- 221.26 the systems.
- 221.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 272.0295, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Notification of tax.** (a) On or before February 28, the commissioner of revenue
- 221.30 shall notify the owner of each solar energy generating system of the tax due to each county

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222.1	for the current year and shall certify to the county auditor of each county in which the system
222.2	is located the tax due from each owner for the current year.
222.3	(b) If the commissioner of revenue determines that the amount of production tax has
222.4	been erroneously calculated, the commissioner may correct the error. The commissioner
222.5	must notify the owner of the solar energy generating system of the correction and the amount
222.6	of tax due to each county and must certify the correction to the county auditor of each county
222.7	in which the system is located on or before April 1 of the current year. <u>The commissioner</u>
222.8	may correct errors that are clerical in nature until December 31.
222.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
222.10	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.063, is amended to read:
222.11	273.063 APPLICATION; LIMITATIONS.
222.12	The provisions of sections 272.161, 273.061, 273.062, 273.063, 273.072, 273.08, 273.10,
222.13	274.01, and 375.192 shall apply to all counties except Ramsey County. The following
222.14	limitations shall apply as to the extent of the county assessors jurisdiction:
222.15	In counties having a city of the first class, the powers and duties of the county assessor
222.16	within such city shall be performed by the duly appointed city assessor. In all other cities
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	having a population of 30,000 persons or more, according to the last preceding federal
222.18	census, except in counties having a county assessor on January 1, 1967, the powers and
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	census, except in counties having a county assessor on January 1, 1967, the powers and

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 222.23

the powers and duties identified in section 273.061, subdivision 8, clauses (5) to (16).

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.0755, is amended to read: 222.24

273.0755 TRAINING AND EDUCATION OF PROPERTY TAX PERSONNEL. 222.25

(a) Beginning with the four-year period starting on July 1, 2000 2020, every person 222.26 licensed by the state Board of Assessors at the Accredited Minnesota Assessor level or 222.27 higher, shall successfully complete a weeklong Minnesota laws course 30 hours of 222.28 educational coursework on Minnesota laws, assessment administration, and administrative 222.29 procedures sponsored by the Department of Revenue at least once in every four-year period. 222.30 An assessor need not attend the course if they successfully pass the test for the course. 222.31

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- (b) The commissioner of revenue may require that each county, and each city for which the city assessor performs the duties of county assessor, have (1) a person on the assessor's staff who is certified by the Department of Revenue in sales ratio calculations, (2) an officer or employee who is certified by the Department of Revenue in tax calculations, and (3) an officer or employee who is certified by the Department of Revenue in the proper preparation of information reported to the commissioner under section 270C.85, subdivision 2, clause (4). Certifications under this paragraph expire after four years.
- (c) Beginning with the four-year educational licensing period starting on July 1, 2004, every Minnesota assessor licensed by the State Board of Assessors must attend and participate in a seminar that focuses on ethics, professional conduct and the need for standardized assessment practices developed and presented by the commissioner of revenue. This requirement must be met at least once in every subsequent four-year period. This requirement applies to all assessors licensed for one year or more in the four-year period.
- (d) When the commissioner of revenue determines that an individual or board that performs functions related to property tax administration has performed those functions in a manner that is not uniform or equitable, the commissioner may require that the individual or members of the board complete supplemental training. The commissioner may not require that an individual complete more than 32 hours of supplemental training pursuant to this paragraph. If the individual is required to complete supplemental training due to that individual's membership on a local or county board of appeal and equalization, the commissioner may not require that the individual complete more than two hours of supplemental training.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for the four-year licensing period starting on July 1, 2020, and thereafter.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- Subd. 14. **Agricultural homesteads; special provisions.** (a) Real estate of less than ten acres that is the homestead of its owner must be classified as class 2a under section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), if:
- (1) the parcel on which the house is located is contiguous on at least two sides to (i) agricultural land, (ii) land owned or administered by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, or (iii) land administered by the Department of Natural Resources on which in lieu taxes are paid under sections 477A.11 to 477A.14 or section 477A.17;

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224.1	(2) its owner also owns a noncontiguous parcel of agricultural land that is at least 20
224.2	acres;

- (3) the noncontiguous land is located not farther than four townships or cities, or a combination of townships or cities from the homestead; and
- 224.5 (4) the agricultural use value of the noncontiguous land and farm buildings is equal to at least 50 percent of the market value of the house, garage, and one acre of land.
 - Homesteads initially classified as class 2a under the provisions of this paragraph shall remain classified as class 2a, irrespective of subsequent changes in the use of adjoining properties, as long as the homestead remains under the same ownership, the owner owns a noncontiguous parcel of agricultural land that is at least 20 acres, and the agricultural use value qualifies under clause (4). Homestead classification under this paragraph is limited to property that qualified under this paragraph for the 1998 assessment.
- 224.13 (b)(i) Agricultural property shall be classified as the owner's homestead, to the same 224.14 extent as other agricultural homestead property, if all of the following criteria are met:
- (1) the agricultural property consists of at least 40 acres including undivided government lots and correctional 40's;
- (2) the owner, the owner's spouse, or a grandchild, child, sibling, or parent of the owner or of the owner's spouse, is actively farming the agricultural property, either on the person's own behalf as an individual or on behalf of a partnership operating a family farm, family farm corporation, joint family farm venture, or limited liability company of which the person is a partner, shareholder, or member;
- 224.22 (3) both the owner of the agricultural property and the person who is actively farming 224.23 the agricultural property under clause (2), are Minnesota residents;
- 224.24 (4) neither the owner nor the spouse of the owner claims another agricultural homestead 224.25 in Minnesota; and
- (5) neither the owner nor the person actively farming the agricultural property lives farther than four townships or cities, or a combination of four townships or cities, from the agricultural property, except that if the owner or the owner's spouse is required to live in employer-provided housing, the owner or owner's spouse, whichever is actively farming the agricultural property, may live more than four townships or cities, or combination of four townships or cities from the agricultural property.
- The relationship under this paragraph may be either by blood or marriage.

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(ii) Property containing the residence of an owner who owns qualified property under
clause (i) shall be classified as part of the owner's agricultural homestead, if that property
is also used for noncommercial storage or drying of agricultural crops.

- (iii) As used in this paragraph, "agricultural property" means class 2a property and any class 2b property that is contiguous to and under the same ownership as the class 2a property.
- (c) Noncontiguous land shall be included as part of a homestead under section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), only if the homestead is classified as class 2a and the detached land is located in the same township or city, or not farther than four townships or cities or combination thereof from the homestead. Any taxpayer of these noncontiguous lands must notify the county assessor that the noncontiguous land is part of the taxpayer's homestead, and, if the homestead is located in another county, the taxpayer must also notify the assessor of the other county.
- (d) Agricultural land used for purposes of a homestead and actively farmed by a person 225.13 holding a vested remainder interest in it must be classified as a homestead under section 225.14 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a). If agricultural land is classified class 2a, any other 225.15 dwellings on the land used for purposes of a homestead by persons holding vested remainder 225.16 interests who are actively engaged in farming the property, and up to one acre of the land 225.17 surrounding each homestead and reasonably necessary for the use of the dwelling as a home, 225.18 must also be assessed class 2a. 225.19
- (e) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under section 225.20 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 1997 assessment shall remain classified as 225.21 agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if: 225.22
- (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural 225.23 homestead as a result of the April 1997 floods; 225.24
- (2) the property is located in the county of Polk, Clay, Kittson, Marshall, Norman, or 225.25 Wilkin; 225.26
- (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the current 225.27 assessment year as existed for the 1997 assessment year and continue to be used for 225.28 agricultural purposes; 225.29
- 225.30 (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in Minnesota and is within 30 miles of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and 225.31
- (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the 1997 floods, 225.32 and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by the assessor in 225.33

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verifying the change in dwelling. Further notifications to the assessor are not required if the
property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any dwellings on the
agricultural land remain uninhabited.

- (f) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 1998 assessment shall remain classified agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:
- (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural 226.7 homestead as a result of damage caused by a March 29, 1998, tornado; 226.8
- (2) the property is located in the county of Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood, LeSueur, 226.9 Nicollet, Nobles, or Rice; 226.10
- (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the current 226.11 assessment year as existed for the 1998 assessment year; 226.12
- (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in this state and is within 50 miles of 226.13 one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and 226.14
- (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to a March 29, 226.15 1998, tornado, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by 226.16 the assessor in verifying the change in homestead dwelling. For taxes payable in 1999, the 226.17 owner must notify the assessor by December 1, 1998. Further notifications to the assessor 226.18 are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited. 226.20
- (g) Agricultural property of a family farm corporation, joint family farm venture, family 226.21 farm limited liability company, or partnership operating a family farm as described under 226.22 subdivision 8 shall be classified homestead, to the same extent as other agricultural homestead property, if all of the following criteria are met: 226.24
- (1) the property consists of at least 40 acres including undivided government lots and 226.25 correctional 40's; 226.26
- (2) a shareholder, member, or partner of that entity is actively farming the agricultural 226.27 property; 226.28
- (3) that shareholder, member, or partner who is actively farming the agricultural property 226.29 is a Minnesota resident; 226.30
- 226.31 (4) neither that shareholder, member, or partner, nor the spouse of that shareholder, member, or partner claims another agricultural homestead in Minnesota; and

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227.1	(5) that shareholder, member, or	partner does not live	e farther than fou	ır townships or
227.2	cities, or a combination of four town	nships or cities, from	n the agricultural	property.
227.3	Homestead treatment applies und	der this paragraph ev	ven if:	
227.4	(i) the shareholder, member, or p	artner of that entity	is actively farmin	ng the agricultural
227.5	property on the shareholder's, memb	per's, or partner's ow	n behalf; or	
227.6	(ii) the family farm is operated by	y a family farm corp	oration, joint fan	nily farm venture,
227.7	partnership, or limited liability comp	any other than the fa	mily farm corpor	ration, joint family
227.8	farm venture, partnership, or limited	l liability company t	hat owns the land	d, provided that:
227.9	(A) the shareholder, member, or	partner of the family	y farm corporation	on, joint family
227.10	farm venture, partnership, or limited	l liability company t	hat owns the land	d who is actively
227.11	farming the land is a shareholder, m	ember, or partner of	the family farm	corporation, joint
227.12	family farm venture, partnership, or	limited liability con	npany that is ope	rating the farm;
227.13	and			
227.14	(B) more than half of the shareho	olders, members, or	partners of each	family farm
227.15	corporation, joint family farm ventur	e, partnership, or lin	nited liability con	npany are persons
227.16	or spouses of persons who are a qua	lifying relative unde	er section 273.12	4, subdivision 1,
227.17	paragraphs (c) and (d).			
227.18	Homestead treatment applies und	der this paragraph fo	or property leased	d to a family farm
227.19	corporation, joint farm venture, limit	ted liability company	y, or partnership of	operating a family
227.20	farm if legal title to the property is in	the name of an indivi	dual who is a men	mber, shareholder,
227.21	or partner in the entity.			
227.22	(h) To be eligible for the special a	gricultural homeste	ad under this sub	division, an initial
227.23	full application must be submitted to	the county assesso	r where the prop	erty is located.
227.24	Owners and the persons who are acti	vely farming the pro	perty shall be req	quired to complete
227.25	only a one-page abbreviated version	of the application i	n each subsequer	nt year provided
227.26	that none of the following items have	e changed since the	initial applicatio	n:
227.27	(1) the day-to-day operation, adr	ninistration, and fina	ancial risks rema	in the same;
227.28	(2) the owners and the persons as	ctively farming the p	property continue	to live within the

(3) the same operator of the agricultural property is listed with the Farm Service Agency;

(4) a Schedule F or equivalent income tax form was filed for the most recent year;

(5) the property's acreage is unchanged; and

four townships or city criteria and are Minnesota residents;

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(6) none of the property's acres have been enrolled in a federal or state farm program since the initial application.

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The owners and any persons who are actively farming the property must include the appropriate Social Security numbers, and sign and date the application. If any of the specified information has changed since the full application was filed, the owner must notify the assessor, and must complete a new application to determine if the property continues to qualify for the special agricultural homestead. The commissioner of revenue shall prepare a standard reapplication form for use by the assessors.

- (i) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under section 228.9 228.10 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 2007 assessment shall remain classified agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if: 228.11
- (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural 228.12 homestead as a result of damage caused by the August 2007 floods; 228.13
- (2) the property is located in the county of Dodge, Fillmore, Houston, Olmsted, Steele, 228.14 Wabasha, or Winona; 228.15
- (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the current 228.16 assessment year as existed for the 2007 assessment year; 228.17
- (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in this state and is within 50 miles of 228.18 one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and 228.19
- (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the August 2007 228.20 floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by the 228.21 assessor in verifying the change in homestead dwelling. For taxes payable in 2009, the 228.22 owner must notify the assessor by December 1, 2008. Further notifications to the assessor 228.23 are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and 228.24 228.25 any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.
- (j) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under section 228.26 228.27 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 2008 assessment shall remain classified as agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if: 228.28
- (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural 228.29 homestead as a result of the March 2009 floods; 228.30
- (2) the property is located in the county of Marshall; 228.31

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(3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the current
assessment year as existed for the 2008 assessment year and continue to be used for
agricultural purposes;

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- (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in Minnesota and is within 50 miles of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and
- (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the 2009 floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by the assessor in verifying the change in dwelling. Further notifications to the assessor are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited. 229.10
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 229.11
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.18, is amended to read: 229.12

273.18 LISTING, VALUATION, AND ASSESSMENT OF EXEMPT PROPERTY 229.13 BY COUNTY AUDITORS. 229.14

- (a) In every sixth year after the year 2010, the county auditor shall enter the description 229.15 of each tract of real property exempt by law from taxation, with the name of the owner, and 229 16 the assessor shall value and assess the same in the same manner that other real property is 229.17 valued and assessed, and shall designate in each case the purpose for which the property is 229.18 229.19 used.
- 229.20 (b) The county auditor shall include in the exempt property information that the commissioner may require under section 270C.85, subdivision 2, clause (4), the total number 229.21 of acres of all natural resources lands for which in lieu payments are made under sections 229.22 477A.11 to 477A.14 and 477A.17. The assessor shall estimate its market value, provided 229.23 that if the assessor is not able to estimate the market value of the land on a per parcel basis, 229.24 the assessor shall furnish the commissioner of revenue with an estimate of the average value 229.25 per acre of this land within the county. 229.26
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 229.27
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 287.04, is amended to read: 229.28
- 287.04 EXEMPTIONS. 229.29
- The tax imposed by section 287.035 does not apply to: 229.30
- 229.31 (a) (1) a decree of marriage dissolution or an instrument made pursuant to it.;

- 230.1 (b) (2) a mortgage given to correct a misdescription of the mortgaged property-;
- 230.2 (e) (3) a mortgage or other instrument that adds additional security for the same debt 230.3 for which mortgage registry tax has been paid-;
- 230.4 (d) (4) a contract for the conveyance of any interest in real property, including a contract 230.5 for deed-;
- 230.6 (e) (5) a mortgage secured by real property subject to the minerals production tax of sections 298.24 to 298.28-;
- 230.8 (f) The principal amount of (6) a mortgage loan made under a low and moderate income 230.9 housing program, or other affordable housing program, if: (i) the mortgagee is a federal, 230.10 state, or local government agency; or (ii) the assignee is a federal, state, or local government 230.11 agency;
- 230.12 (g) (7) mortgages granted by fraternal benefit societies subject to section 64B.24-;
- 230.13 (h) (8) a mortgage amendment or extension, as defined in section 287.01-;
- 230.14 (i) (9) an agricultural mortgage if the proceeds of the loan secured by the mortgage are
- 230.15 used to acquire or improve real property classified under section 273.13, subdivision 23,
- 230.16 paragraph (a) or (b).; and
- 230.17 (i) (10) a mortgage on an armory building as set forth in section 193.147.
- 230.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for mortgages recorded after June 30, 230.19 2021.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.10, is amended to read:
- 230.21 477A.10 NATURAL RESOURCES LAND PAYMENTS IN LIEU; PURPOSE.
- 230.22 The purposes of sections 477A.11 to 477A.14 and 477A.17 are:
- 230.23 (1) to compensate local units of government for the loss of tax base from state ownership 230.24 of land and the need to provide services for state land;
- 230.25 (2) to address the disproportionate impact of state land ownership on local units of government with a large proportion of state land; and
- 230.27 (3) to address the need to manage state lands held in trust for the local taxing districts.
- 230.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

231.1	ARTICLE 14
231.2 231.3	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE POLICY AND TECHNICAL: SALES AND USE TAXES
231.4	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.20, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
231.5	Subd. 4. Sales and use tax. (a) The taxes imposed by chapter 297A are due and payable
231.6	to the commissioner monthly on or before the 20th day of the month following the month
231.7	in which the taxable event occurred, or following another reporting period as the
231.8	commissioner prescribes or as allowed under section 289A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph (f)
231.9	or (g), except that use taxes due on an annual use tax return as provided under section
231.10	289A.11, subdivision 1, are payable by April 15 following the close of the calendar year.
231.11	(b) A vendor having a liability of \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30
231.12	must remit the June liability for the next year in the following manner:
231.13	(1) Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2020 and 2021, the vendor must
231.14	remit 87.5 percent of the estimated June liability to the commissioner. Two business days
231.15	before June 30 of calendar year 2022 and thereafter, the vendor must remit 84.5 percent of
231.16	the estimated June liability to the commissioner.
231.17	(2) On or before August 20 of the year, the vendor must pay any additional amount of
231.18	tax not remitted in June.
231.19	(c) A vendor having a liability of:
231.20	(1) \$10,000 or more, but less than \$250,000 during a fiscal year ending June 30, 2013,
231.21	and fiscal years thereafter, must remit by electronic means all liabilities on returns due for
231.22	periods beginning in all subsequent calendar years on or before the 20th day of the month
231.23	following the month in which the taxable event occurred, or on or before the 20th day of
231.24	the month following the month in which the sale is reported under section 289A.18,
231.25	subdivision 4; or
231.26	(2) \$250,000 or more, during a fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and fiscal years
231.27	thereafter, must remit by electronic means all liabilities in the manner provided in paragraph
231.28	(a) on returns due for periods beginning in the subsequent calendar year, except for 90
231.29	percent the percentage of the estimated June liability, as provided in paragraph (b), clause
231.30	(1), which is due two business days before June 30. The remaining amount of the June
231.31	liability is due on August 20.
231.32	(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) or (c), a person prohibited by the person's religious

231.33 beliefs from paying electronically shall be allowed to remit the payment by mail. The filer

232.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
232.5	basis.
232.4	days before the due date for making the payment in order to be considered paid on a timely
232.3	payment by mail under this paragraph. The payment must be postmarked at least two business
232.2	form prescribed by the commissioner. No extra fee may be charged to a person making
232.1	must notify the commissioner of revenue of the intent to pay by mail before doing so on a

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 295.75, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 232.7
- Subd. 2. Gross receipts tax imposed. A tax is imposed on each liquor retailer equal to 232.8
- 2.5 percent of gross receipts from retail sales in Minnesota of liquor. The liquor retailer 232.9
- may, but is not required to, collect the tax from the purchaser. If separately stated on the
- 232.11 invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the purchaser, the tax is excluded from
- the sales price for purposes of the tax imposed under chapter 297A. 232.12
- 232.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.66, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 232.14
- Subd. 3. Marketplace provider liability. (a) A marketplace provider is deemed the 232.15
- retailer or seller for all retail sales it facilitates, and is subject to audit on the retail sales it 232.16
- facilitates if it is required to collect sales and use taxes and remit them to the commissioner 232.17
- under subdivision 2, paragraphs (b) and (c).
- 232.19 (b) A marketplace provider is not liable for failing to file, collect, and remit sales and
- use taxes to the commissioner if the marketplace provider demonstrates that the error was 232.20
- due to incorrect or insufficient information given to the marketplace provider by the retailer. 232.21
- This paragraph does not apply if the marketplace provider and the marketplace retailer are
- related as defined in subdivision 4, paragraph (b). 232.23
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 232.24
- Sec. 4. REPEALER. 232.25
- Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270C.17, subdivision 2, is repealed. 232.26
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 232.27

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ARTICLE 15 233.1

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE POLICY AND TECHNICAL: SPECIAL TAXES

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 296A.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Suspension of license. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, the license of a distributor, special fuel dealer, or bulk purchaser that has not filed a tax return or report or paid a delinquent tax or fee within five days after notice and demand by the commissioner is suspended. The suspension remains in effect until the demanded tax return or report has been filed and the tax and fees shown on that return or report have been paid. If the commissioner determines that the failure to file or failure to pay is due to reasonable cause, then a license must not be suspended, or if suspended, must be reinstated.
- 233.11 (b) A licensee whose license is suspended under this subdivision may request a contested case hearing under chapter 14. Any such hearing must be held within 20 days of the issuance 233.12 of the notice and demand issued under paragraph (a), unless the parties agree to a later 233.13 hearing date. The administrative law judge's report must be issued within 20 days after the 233.14 close of the hearing record, unless the parties agree to a later report issuance date. The 233.15 commissioner must issue a final decision within 30 days after receipt of the report of the administrative law judge and subsequent exceptions and argument under section 14.61. The 233.17 233.18 suspension imposed under paragraph (a) remains in effect during any contested case hearing process requested pursuant to this paragraph. 233.19
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 233.20
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 233.21
- Subd. 2. Refusal to issue or renew; revocation. The commissioner must not issue or 233.22 renew a license under this chapter, and may revoke a license under this chapter, if the 233.23 applicant or licensee: 233.24
- (1) owes \$500 or more in delinquent taxes as defined in section 270C.72, subdivision 233.25 2; 233.26
- (2) after demand, has not filed tax returns required by the commissioner; 233.27
- (3) had a cigarette or tobacco license revoked by the commissioner within the past two 233.28 233.29 years;
- 233.30 (4) had a sales and use tax permit revoked by the commissioner within the past two years; or 233.31

234.1	(5) has been convicted of a crime involving cigarettes or tobacco products, including
234.2	but not limited to: selling stolen cigarettes or tobacco products, receiving stolen cigarettes
234.3	or tobacco products, or involvement in the smuggling of cigarettes or tobacco products.
234.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
234.5	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
234.6	Subd. 10. Accelerated tax payment; cigarette or tobacco products distributor. A
234.7	cigarette or tobacco products distributor having a liability of \$250,000 or more during a
234.8	fiscal year ending June 30, shall remit the June liability for the next year in the following
234.9	manner:
234.10	(a) Two business days before June 30 of calendar years 2020 and year 2021, the
234.11	distributor shall remit the actual May liability and 87.5 percent of the estimated June liability
234.12	to the commissioner and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the
234.13	commissioner. Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2022 and each calendar
234.14	year thereafter, the distributor must remit the actual May liability and 84.5 percent of the
234.15	estimated June liability to the commissioner and file the return in the form and manner
234.16	prescribed by the commissioner.
234.17	(b) On or before August 18 of the year, the distributor shall submit a return showing the
234.18	actual June liability and pay any additional amount of tax not remitted in June. A penalty
234.19	is imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability required to be paid in June,
234.20	less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty is not imposed if the amount remitted
234.21	in June equals the lesser of:
234.22	(1) for calendar year 2021, the lesser of 87.5 percent of the actual June liability for the
234.23	that calendar year 2020 and 2021 June liabilities and 84.5 of the actual June liability for
234.24	June 2022 and thereafter or 87.5 percent of the May liability for that calendar year; or
234.25	(2) 87.5 for calendar year 2022 and each calendar year thereafter, the lesser of 84.5
234.26	percent of the preceding actual June liability for that calendar year or 84.5 percent of the
234.27	May liability for the calendar year 2020 and 2021 June liabilities and 84.5 percent of the
234.28	preceding May liability for June 2022 and thereafter for that calendar year.
234.29	(c) For calendar year 2022 and thereafter, the percent of the estimated June liability the
234.30	vendor must remit by two business days before June 30 is 84.5 percent.
234.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estimated payments required to be
234.32	made after the date following final enactment.

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235.1	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.13, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
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Subd. 4. Retailer and subjobber to preserve purchase invoices. Every retailer and subjobber shall procure itemized invoices of all cigarettes or tobacco products purchased.

The retailer and subjobber shall preserve a legible copy of each invoice for one year from the date of the invoice or as long as the cigarette or tobacco product listed on the invoice is available for sale or in their possession, whichever period is longer. The retailer and subjobber shall preserve copies of the invoices at each retail location or at a central location provided that the invoice must be produced and made available at a retail location within one hour when requested by the commissioner or duly authorized agents and employees. Copies should be numbered and kept in chronological order.

To determine whether the business is in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, at any time during usual business hours, the commissioner, or duly authorized agents and employees, may enter any place of business of a retailer or subjobber without a search warrant and inspect the premises, the records required to be kept under this chapter, and the packages of cigarettes, tobacco products, and vending devices contained on the premises.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all cigarette and tobacco products available for sale or in a retailer or subjobber's possession after December 31, 2021.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. General rule. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the amount of any tax due must be assessed within 3-1/2 years after a return is filed. The taxes are considered assessed within the meaning of this section when the commissioner has prepared a notice of tax assessment and mailed it to the person required to file a return to the post office address given in the return. The notice of tax assessment must be sent by mail to the post office address given in the return and the record of the mailing is presumptive evidence of the giving of such notice, and such records must be preserved by the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for notices of tax assessment issued after 235.26 235.27 the date of final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297G.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 235.28

Subd. 9. Accelerated tax payment; penalty. A person liable for tax under this chapter 235.29 having a liability of \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30, shall remit the 235.30 June liability for the next year in the following manner: 235.31

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236.1	(a) Two business days before June 30 of calendar years 2020 and year 2021, the taxpayer
236.2	shall remit the actual May liability and 87.5 percent of the estimated June liability to the
236.3	commissioner and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.
236.4	Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2022 and each calendar year thereafter,
236.5	the distributor must remit the actual May liability and 84.5 percent of the estimated June
236.6	liability to the commissioner and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the
236.7	commissioner.
236.8	(b) On or before August 18 of the year, the taxpayer shall submit a return showing the
236.9	actual June liability and pay any additional amount of tax not remitted in June. A penalty
236.10	is imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability required to be paid in June
236.11	less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty is not imposed if the amount remitted
236.12	in June equals the lesser of:
236.13	(1) for calendar year 2021, the lesser of 87.5 percent of the actual June liability for the
236.14	that calendar year 2020 and 2021 June liabilities and 84.5 percent of the actual June liability
236.15	for June 2022 and thereafter or 87.5 percent of the May liability for that calendar year; or
236.16	(2) 87.5 for calendar year 2022 and each calendar year thereafter, the lesser of 84.5
236.17	percent of the preceding actual June liability for that calendar year or 84.5 percent of the
236.18	May liability for the calendar year 2020 and 2021 June liabilities and 84.5 percent of the
236.19	preceding May liability for June 2022 and thereafter for that calendar year.
236.20	(c) For calendar year 2022 and thereafter, the percent of the estimated June liability the
236.21	vendor must remit by two business days before June 30 is 84.5 percent.
236.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estimated payments required to be
236.23	made after the date following final enactment.
236.24	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609B.153, is amended to read:
236.25	609B.153 CIGARETTE AND TOBACCO DISTRIBUTOR OR SUBJOBBER
236.26	LICENSE; SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION.
236.27	Under section 297F.04, the commissioner of revenue must not issue or renew a license
236.28	issued under chapter 297F, and may revoke a license issued under chapter 297F, if the
236.29	applicant has been convicted of a crime involving cigarettes or tobacco products.
236.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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237.1 ARTICLE 16

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE POLICY AND TECHNICAL: MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270C.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- Subdivision 1. **Adjustment; definition; period; rounding.** (a) The commissioner shall annually make a cost of living adjustment to the dollar amounts noted in sections that reference this section. The commissioner shall adjust the amounts based on the index as provided in this section. For purposes of this section, "index" means the Chained Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The values of the index used to determine the adjustments under this section are the latest published values when the Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes the initial value of the index for August of the year preceding the year to which the adjustment applies.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, "statutory year" means the year preceding the first year for which dollar amounts are to be adjusted for inflation under sections that reference this section. For adjustments under chapter 290A, the statutory year refers to the year in which a taxpayer's household income used to calculate refunds under chapter 290A was earned and not the year in which refunds are payable. For all other adjustments, the statutory year refers to the taxable year unless otherwise specified.
- (c) To determine the dollar amounts for taxable year 2020, the commissioner shall determine the percentage change in the index for the 12-month period ending on August 31, 2019, and increase each of the unrounded dollar amounts in the sections referencing this section by that percentage change. For each subsequent taxable year, the commissioner shall increase the dollar amounts by the percentage change in the index from August 31 of the year preceding the statutory year to August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year.
- (d) To determine the dollar amounts for refunds payable in 2020 under chapter 290A, the commissioner shall determine the percentage change in the index for the 12-month period ending on August 31, 2019, and increase each of the unrounded dollar amounts in the sections referencing this section by that percentage change. For each subsequent year, the commissioner shall increase the dollar amounts by the percentage change in the index from August 31 of the year preceding the statutory year to August 31 of the year preceding the year in which refunds are payable.
- (e) Unless otherwise provided, the commissioner shall round the amounts as adjusted to the nearest \$10 amount. If an amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount.

238.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for property tax refunds
238.2	based on property taxes payable in 2020, and rent paid in 2019.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270C.445, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 238.3
- Subd. 3. **Standards of conduct.** No tax preparer shall: 238.4
- (1) without good cause fail to promptly, diligently, and without unreasonable delay 238.5 complete a client's return; 238.6
- (2) obtain the signature of a client to a return or authorizing document that contains 238.7 blank spaces to be filled in after it has been signed; 238.8
- (3) fail to sign a client's return when compensation for services rendered has been made; 238.9
- 238.10 (4) fail to provide on a client's return the preparer tax identification number when required under section 6109(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code or section 289A.60, subdivision 28; 238.11
- (5) fail or refuse to give a client a copy of any document requiring the client's signature 238.12 within a reasonable time after the client signs the document;
- (6) fail to retain for at least four years a copy of a client's returns; 238.14
- (7) fail to maintain a confidential relationship with clients or former clients; 238.15
- (8) fail to take commercially reasonable measures to safeguard a client's nonpublic 238.16 238.17 personal information;
- (9) make, authorize, publish, disseminate, circulate, or cause to make, either directly or 238.18 indirectly, any false, deceptive, or misleading statement or representation relating to or in 238.19 connection with the offering or provision of tax preparation services; 238.20
- 238.21 (10) require a client to enter into a loan arrangement in order to complete a client's return;
- (11) claim credits or deductions on a client's return for which the tax preparer knows or 238.22 reasonably should know the client does not qualify; 238.23
- (12) report a household income on a client's claim filed under chapter 290A that the tax 238.24 preparer knows or reasonably should know is not accurate; 238.25
- (13) engage in any conduct that is subject to a penalty under section 289A.60, subdivision 238.26 238.27 13, 20, 20a, 26, or 28;
- (14) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, fail to conform to the standards 238.28 of conduct required by Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 4;

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239.1	(15) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, engage in any conduct that is
239.2	incompetent conduct under Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 5;
239.3	(16) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, engage in any conduct that is
239.4	disreputable conduct under Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 6;
239.5	(17) charge, offer to accept, or accept a fee based upon a percentage of an anticipated
239.6	refund for tax preparation services;
239.7	(18) under any circumstances, withhold or fail to return to a client a document provided
239.8	by the client for use in preparing the client's return;
239.9	(19) establish take control or ownership of a client's refund by any means, including:
239.10	(i) directly or indirectly endorsing or otherwise negotiating a check or other refund
239.10	instrument, including an electronic version of a check;
239.11	instrument, including an electronic version of a cheek,
239.12	(ii) directing an electronic or direct deposit of the refund into an account unless the
239.13	client's name is on the account; and
239.14	(iii) establishing or using an account in the preparer's name to receive a client's refund
239.15	through a direct deposit or any other instrument unless the client's name is also on the
239.16	account, except that a taxpayer may assign the portion of a refund representing the Minnesota
239.17	education credit available under section 290.0674 to a bank account without the client's
239.18	name, as provided under section 290.0679;
239.19	(20) fail to act in the best interests of the client;
239.20	(21) fail to safeguard and account for any money handled for the client;
239.21	(22) fail to disclose all material facts of which the preparer has knowledge which might
239.22	reasonably affect the client's rights and interests;
239.23	(23) violate any provision of section 332.37;
239.24	(24) include any of the following in any document provided or signed in connection
239.25	with the provision of tax preparation services:
239.26	(i) a hold harmless clause;
239.27	(ii) a confession of judgment or a power of attorney to confess judgment against the
239.28	client or appear as the client in any judicial proceeding;

239.29

239.30 a debtor;

(iii) a waiver of the right to a jury trial, if applicable, in any action brought by or against

240.1	(iv) an assignment of or an order for payment of wages or other compensation for
240.2	services;

- (v) a provision in which the client agrees not to assert any claim or defense otherwise available;
- 240.5 (vi) a waiver of any provision of this section or a release of any obligation required to 240.6 be performed on the part of the tax preparer; or
- 240.7 (vii) a waiver of the right to injunctive, declaratory, or other equitable relief or relief on 240.8 a class basis; or
- 240.9 (25) if making, providing, or facilitating a refund anticipation loan, fail to provide all 240.10 disclosures required by the federal Truth in Lending Act, United States Code, title 15, in a 240.11 form that may be retained by the client.
- 240.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 211-H0009-2

270C.17 COMMISSIONER TO COLLECT CERTAIN LOCAL TAXES.

Subd. 2. **Development costs.** If the commissioner determines that a new computer system will be required to collect the local taxes, the costs of development of the system will be charged to the first local units of government to be included in the system. Any additional local units of government that by agreement are added to the system will be charged for a share of the development costs. The charge will be determined by the commissioner who shall then refund to the original local units of government their portion of the development costs recovered from the additional users.

469.055 POWERS AND DUTIES.

Subd. 7. **Sale of realty.** The authority may sell, convey, and exchange any real or personal property owned or held by it in any manner and on any terms it wishes. Real property owned by the authority must not be sold, be exchanged, or have its title transferred without approval of two-thirds of the commissioners. All commissioners must have ten days' written notice of a regular or special meeting at which a sale, conveyance, exchange, or transfer of property is to be voted on. The notice must contain a complete description of the affected real estate. The resolution authorizing the real estate transaction is not effective unless a quorum is present.