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## State of Minnesota

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

A bill for an act

relating to eminent domain; authorizing inverse condemnation by a business closed

by executive order due to a peacetime emergency; proposing coding for new law

NINETY-SECOND SESSION

H. F. No. 555

| 1.4  | in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 12.   |
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| 1.5  | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:                                    |
| 1.6  | C 1 112 2451 INVEDGE CONDEMNIATION, DE ACETIME EMEDCENCY.                                      |
| 1.6  | Section 1. [12.345] INVERSE CONDEMNATION; PEACETIME EMERGENCY;                                 |
| 1.7  | COMPENSATION.  |
| 1.8  | Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions; procedures.</b> (a) Chapter 117 applies to this section.        |
| 1.9  | (b) For the purposes of this section, "executive order" means an executive order that is       |
| 1.10 | issued on or after January 1, 2020, during a peacetime public emergency declared by the        |
| 1.11 | governor under this chapter.   |
| 1.12 | Subd. 2. Public purpose; cause of action. (a) An executive order that requires a business      |
| 1.13 | to partially or completely close is a public purpose. An owner, as defined in section 117.186, |
| 1.14 | may bring an action in district court to compel the state to commence condemnation             |
| 1.15 | proceedings and payment of just compensation for:  |
| 1.16 | (1) loss of income during, and for a reasonable period of time after, a temporary partial      |
| 1.17 | or complete closure of the business that would not have occurred but for compliance with       |
| 1.18 | the executive order; or  |
| 1.19 | (2) loss of going concern, including the loss of real property, if the closure of the business |
| 1.20 | results in the owner going out of business and the owner would not have gone out of business   |
| 1.21 | but for compliance with the executive order.   |

Section 1.

| 01/12/21 | REVISOR | MS/LN | 21-00517 |
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| (b) The owner has the burden of proving that the loss is due to the executive order and       |
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| proving the amount of the compensation for losses. An owner bringing an action under this     |
| section may petition the court for reimbursement of reasonable costs and expenses, including  |
| reasonable attorney fees, appraisal fees, and costs actually incurred in bringing the action. |
| Subd. 3. Time limitation. A petition for just compensation brought under this section         |
| must be filed within one year of the expiration of the executive order that resulted in the   |
| business closure.   |

2.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Section 1. 2