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State of Minnesota

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401

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-THIRD SESSION

H. F. No. 3431

02/12/2024 Authored by Klevorn and Huot

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The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on State and Local Government Finance and Policy

04/24/2024 Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means 04/29/2024

Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register as Amended

Read for the Second Time

A bill for an act

relating to state government; specifying administrative courts and work product data; modifying the Administrative Procedure Act; modifying certain salaries of employees of the Office of Administrative Hearings; making technical changes to Department of Administration, Department of Information Technology Services, and state personnel management provisions; establishing a state building renewable energy, storage, and electric vehicle account; changing a reporting date for a report; requiring reports of cybersecurity incidents; changing provisions for campaign practices complaints, Capitol complex security, cemeteries, certain licensed employment, Uniform Commercial Code, and notaries public; designating use of certain State Capitol space; modifying provisions for Hennepin County and Metropolitan Council; allowing Anoka County to build a jail and criminal justice center; modifying provisions for the Department of Military Affairs and the Department of Veterans Affairs; increasing the maximum bonded indebtedness allowed for the State Armory Building Commission; designating Gopher Gunners Memorial Bridge; assessing penalties; requiring reports; transferring money from the general fund to the healthy and sustainable food options account; canceling certain funds; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 14.05, subdivision 7; 14.08; 14.16, subdivision 3; 14.26, subdivision 3a; 14.386; 14.388, subdivision 2; 14.3895, subdivisions 2, 6; 14.48, subdivision 2; 14.62, subdivision 2a; 15.994; 15A.083, subdivision 6a; 16B.055, subdivision 1; 16B.48, subdivision 4; 16B.54, subdivision 2; 16B.97, subdivision 1; 16B.98, subdivision 1; 16C.137, subdivision 2; 16D.09, subdivision 1; 16E.01, subdivision 2; 16E.03, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 7; 16E.04, subdivisions 2, 3; 16E.07; 43A.316, subdivision 5; 161.14, by adding a subdivision; 193.143; 211B.33, subdivision 2; 211B.34, subdivisions 1, 2; 211B.35, subdivisions 1, 3; 299E.01, subdivision 2; 326.10, subdivision 8; 326A.04, subdivision 4; 336.1-110; 358.645, subdivision 2; 358.71; 359.01, subdivision 5; 359.03, subdivision 3; 383B.145, subdivision 5; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 10.65, subdivision 2; 16E.01, subdivision 3; 16E.03, subdivision 2; 307.08, subdivision 3a; 473.145; Laws 2023, chapter 38, article 1, section 3, subdivision 3; Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, section 11, subdivisions 2, 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 13; 14; 16B; 16E; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 16E.035; 16E.0465, subdivisions 1, 2; 16E.055; 16E.20; 127A.095, subdivision 3; 211B.06; 471.9998; Laws 1979, chapter 189, sections 1; 2, as amended; 3.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

2.2	ARTICLE 1				
2.3	STATE GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS				
2.4	Section 1. Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, section	Section 1. Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, section 11, subdivision 2, is amended to read			
2.5	Subd. 2. Government and Citizen Services	39,928,000	19,943,000		
2.6	The base for this appropriation is \$17,268,000				
2.7	in fiscal year 2026 and \$17,280,000 in fiscal				
2.8	year 2027.				
2.9	Council on Developmental Disabilities.				
2.10	\$222,000 each year is for the Council on				
2.11	Developmental Disabilities.				
2.12	State Agency Accommodation				
2.13	Reimbursement. \$200,000 each year may be				
2.14	transferred to the accommodation account				
2.15	established in Minnesota Statutes, section				
2.16	16B.4805.				
2.17	Disparity Study. \$500,000 the first year and				
2.18	\$1,000,000 the second year are to conduct a				
2.19	study on disparities in state procurement. This				
2.20	is a onetime appropriation.				
2.21	Grants Administration Oversight.				
2.22	\$2,411,000 the first year and \$1,782,000 the				
2.23	second year are for grants administration				
2.24	oversight. The base for this appropriation in				
2.25	fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter is				
2.26	\$1,581,000.				
2.27	Of this amount, \$735,000 the first year and				
2.28	\$201,000 the second year are for a study to				
2.29	develop a road map on the need for an				
2.30	enterprise grants management system and to				
2.31	implement the study's recommendation. This				
2.32	is a onetime appropriation.				

3.1	Risk Management Fund Property
3.2	Self-Insurance. \$12,500,000 the first year is
3.3	for transfer to the risk management fund under
3.4	Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.85. This is a
3.5	onetime appropriation.
3.6	Office of Enterprise Translations.
3.7	\$1,306,000 the first year and \$1,159,000 the
3.8	second year are to establish the Office of
3.9	Enterprise Translations. \$250,000 each year
3.10	may be transferred to the language access
3.11	service account established in Minnesota
3.12	Statutes, section 16B.373.
3.13	Capitol Mall Design Framework
3.14	Implementation. \$5,000,000 the first year is
3.15	to implement the updated Capitol Mall Design
3.16	Framework, prioritizing the framework plans
3.17	identified in article 2, section 124. This
3.18	appropriation is available until December 31,
3.19	2024.
3.20	Parking Fund. \$3,255,000 the first year and
3.21	\$1,085,000 the second year are for a transfer
3.22	to the state parking account to maintain the
3.23	operations of the parking and transit program
3.24	on the Capitol complex. These are onetime
3.25	transfers.
3.26	Procurement; Environmental Analysis and
3.27	Task Force. \$522,000 the first year and
3.28	\$367,000 the second year are to implement
3.29	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section
3.30	16B.312.
3.31	Center for Rural Policy and Development.
3.32	\$100,000 the first year is for a grant to the
3.33	Center for Rural Policy and Development.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2023.

	4.1	Sec. 2. Laws 2023	, chapter 62	, article 1	section 11.	subdivision 4	, is amended to re
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4.2	Siibd	4	Hiscal	l Agent

31,121,000

23,833,000

- The base for this appropriation is \$15,833,000
- in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year
- 4.5 thereafter.
- 4.6 The appropriations under this section are to
- 4.7 the commissioner of administration for the
- 4.8 purposes specified.
- 4.9 **In-Lieu of Rent.** \$11,129,000 each year is for
- 4.10 space costs of the legislature and veterans
- 4.11 organizations, ceremonial space, and
- 4.12 statutorily free space.
- 4.13 **Public Television.** (a) \$1,550,000 each year
- 4.14 is for matching grants for public television.
- 4.15 (b) \$250,000 each year is for public television
- 4.16 equipment grants under Minnesota Statutes,
- 4.17 section 129D.13.
- 4.18 (c) \$500,000 each year is for block grants to
- 4.19 public television under Minnesota Statutes,
- section 129D.13. Of this amount, up to three
- 4.21 percent is for the commissioner of
- 4.22 administration to administer the grants. This
- 4.23 is a onetime appropriation.
- 4.24 (d) The commissioner of administration must
- 4.25 consider the recommendations of the
- 4.26 Minnesota Public Television Association
- 4.27 before allocating the amounts appropriated in
- 4.28 paragraphs (a) and (b) for equipment or
- 4.29 matching grants.
- 4.30 **Public Radio.** (a) \$2,392,000 the first year
- 4.31 and \$1,242,000 the second year are for
- 4.32 community service grants to public
- 4.33 educational radio stations. This appropriation

5.1	may be used to disseminate emergency
5.2	information in foreign languages. Any
5.3	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
5.4	end of the first year and is available for the
5.5	second year. The association of Minnesota
5.6	Public Educational Radio Stations may use up
5.7	to four percent of this appropriation to help
5.8	the organization and its member stations to
5.9	better serve Minnesota's communities.
5.10	(b) \$142,000 each year is for equipment grants
5.11	to public educational radio stations. This
5.12	appropriation may be used for the repair,
5.13	rental, and purchase of equipment including
5.14	equipment under \$500.
5.15	(c) \$850,000 the first year is for grants to the
5.16	Association of Minnesota Public Educational
5.17	Radio Stations for the purchase of emergency
5.18	equipment and increased cybersecurity and
5.19	broadcast technology. The Association of
5.20	Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations
5.21	may use up to four percent of this
5.22	appropriation for costs that are directly related
5.23	to and necessary for the administration of these
5.24	grants to help the organization and its member
5.25	stations to enhance cybersecurity, broadcast
5.26	technology, and emergency services.
5.27	(d) \$1,288,000 the first year is for a grant to
5.28	the Association of Minnesota Public
5.29	Educational Radio Stations to provide a
5.30	diverse community radio news service. Of this
5.31	amount, up to \$38,000 is for the commissioner
5.32	of administration to administer this grant. This
5.33	is a onetime appropriation and is available
5.34	until June 30, 2027.

	HF3431 SECOND ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS
6.1	(e) \$1,020,000 each year is for equipme	ent	
6.2	grants to Minnesota Public Radio, Inc.,		
6.3	including upgrades to Minnesota's Emer	gency	
6.4	Alert and AMBER Alert Systems.		
6.5	(f) The appropriations in paragraphs (a)	to (e)	
6.6	may not be used for indirect costs claim	ned by	
6.7	an institution or governing body.		
6.8	(g) The commissioner of administration	ı must	
6.9	consider the recommendations of the		
6.10	Association of Minnesota Public Educa	tional	
6.11	Radio Stations before awarding grants u	under	
6.12	Minnesota Statutes, section 129D.14, u	sing	
6.13	the appropriations in paragraphs (a) to (c	c). No	
6.14	grantee is eligible for a grant unless the	y are	
6.15	a member of the Association of Minnes	sota	
6.16	Public Educational Radio Stations on or b	pefore	
6.17	July 1, 2023.		
6.18	(h) Any unencumbered balance remaining	ng the	
6.19	first year for grants to public television	or	
6.20	public radio stations does not cancel an	d is	
6.21	available for the second year.		
6.22	Real Estate and Construction Service	es.	
6.23	\$12,000,000 the first year and \$8,000,00	00 the	
6 24	second year are to facilitate space		

- second year are to facilitate space 6.24
- consolidation and the transition to a hybrid 6.25
- work environment, including but not limited 6.26
- to the design, remodel, equipping, and 6.27
- furnishing of the space. This appropriation 6.28
- may also be used for relocation and rent loss. 6.29
- This is a onetime appropriation and is 6.30
- available until June 30, 2027. 6.31

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2023. 6.32

Sec. 3. CAPITOL AREA COMMUNITY VITALITY ACCOUNT.

- (a) Consistent with the program and oversight plan approved by the Capitol Area 7.2 Architectural and Planning Board, the commissioner of administration must expend money 7.3 from the Capitol Area community vitality account as follows: 7.4
- 7.5 (1) \$4,800,000 must be for a grant to the city of St. Paul, Department of Planning and Economic Development. The city must use this amount to make subgrants through the 7.6 community vitality grant program, and to support the Community Voices Initiative. The 7.7 city may retain amounts for grants administration and oversight, up to the maximum permitted 7.8
- to be retained by a state agency under Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.98, subdivision 14; 7.9

and 7.10

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- (2) \$200,000 must be transferred to the Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board 7.11 7.12 for Community Navigators, and for startup and other costs to facilitate implementation of the community vitality grant program and the Community Voices Initiative. 7.13
- 7.14 (b) Minnesota Statutes, sections 16B.97 to 16B.991, do not apply to a grant required by this section. 7.15
- (c) This section constitutes approval by law for the expenditure of funds from the Capitol 7.16 Area community vitality account, as required by Laws 2023, chapter 53, article 17, section 7.17 7.18 <u>2.</u>
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 7.19

Sec. 4. APPROPRIATION; COMMISSIONER OF ADMINISTRATION; IN LIEU 7.20 OF RENT. 7.21

\$43,000 in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of administration for space costs incurred in fiscal years 2025, 2026, and 2027 by tenants that provide public-facing professional services on the Capitol complex. The commissioner of administration must designate one publicly accessible space on the complex for which this appropriation may be used. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 7.26 30, 2027.

Sec. 5. GREEN SPACE; CAPITOL PARKING LOT C.

\$445,000 in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner 7.29 of administration to design, construct, and equip additional green space, along with work 7.30 needed to facilitate circulation and to add accessible parking stalls, on the site of Parking 7.31 Lot C on the State Capitol complex. In addition to this amount, the commissioner may 7.32

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utilize for this purpose any funds remaining from the appropriation made by Laws 2023,
chapter 71, section 6, subdivision 3, after the project authorized by that subdivision is
complete.

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Sec. 6. APPROPRIATION; HUBERT H. HUMPHREY STATUE.

\$300,000 in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of administration to replace the statue of Henry Mower Rice in the Statuary Hall in the United States Capitol with a statue of Hubert H. Humphrey. This appropriation includes money for the removal and transportation of the Henry Mower Rice statue to the Minnesota State Historical Society, to contract with the Koh-Varilla Guild, Inc., to replicate, with any modifications needed to meet requirements for placement, the Hubert H. Humphrey statue that currently stands on the mall of the Minnesota State Capitol, and the erection of the new Hubert H. Humphrey statue in the Statuary Hall in the United States Capitol, including the necessary base. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until December 31, 2026.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 7. APPROPRIATION; CAPITOL MALL DESIGN FRAMEWORK PHASE TWO.

\$1,712,000 in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of administration to design, construct, install, and equip the elements outlined in the Capitol Mall Design Framework, phase two. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until December 31, 2029.

8.21 ARTICLE 2

STATE GOVERNMENT POLICY

8.23 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 10.65, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings given:

(1) "agency" means the Department of Administration; Department of Agriculture; Department of Children, Youth, and Families; Department of Commerce; Department of Corrections; Department of Education; Department of Employment and Economic Development; Department of Health; Office of Higher Education; Housing Finance Agency; Department of Human Rights; Department of Human Services; Department of Information

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Technology Services; Department of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation; Department
of Labor and Industry; Minnesota Management and Budget; Bureau of Mediation Services;
Department of Military Affairs; Metropolitan Council; Department of Natural Resources;
Pollution Control Agency; Department of Public Safety; Department of Revenue; Department
of Transportation; Department of Veterans Affairs; Gambling Control Board; Racing
Commission; the Minnesota Lottery; the Animal Health Board; the Minnesota Board on
Aging; the Public Utilities Commission; and the Board of Water and Soil Resources;

REVISOR

- (2) "consultation" means the direct and interactive involvement of the Minnesota Tribal governments in the development of policy on matters that have Tribal implications.

 Consultation is the proactive, affirmative process of identifying and seeking input from appropriate Tribal governments and considering their interest as a necessary and integral part of the decision-making process. This definition adds to statutorily mandated notification procedures. During a consultation, the burden is on the agency to show that it has made a good faith effort to elicit feedback. Consultation is a formal engagement between agency officials and the governing body or bodies of an individual Minnesota Tribal government that the agency or an individual Tribal government may initiate. Formal meetings or communication between top agency officials and the governing body of a Minnesota Tribal government is a necessary element of consultation;
- (3) "matters that have Tribal implications" means rules, legislative proposals, policy statements, or other actions that have substantial direct effects on one or more Minnesota Tribal governments, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the state and Minnesota Tribal governments;
- (4) "Minnesota Tribal governments" means the federally recognized Indian Tribes located in Minnesota including: Bois Forte Band; Fond Du Lac Band; Grand Portage Band; Leech Lake Band; Mille Lacs Band; White Earth Band; Red Lake Nation; Lower Sioux Indian Community; Prairie Island Indian Community; Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community; and Upper Sioux Community; and
- (5) "timely and meaningful" means done or occurring at a favorable or useful time that allows the result of consultation to be included in the agency's decision-making process for a matter that has Tribal implications.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024.

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- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms have the meanings 10.2 given. 10.3
- (b) "Administrative courts" means the Office of Administrative Hearings, Tax Court, 10.4 10.5 and Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals.
- (c) "Court services" include hearings, settlement conferences, mediation, and the writing 10.6 10.7 of decisions and orders.
- (d) "Health-related documents and data" means records, reports, or affidavits created 10.8 by medical, health care, or scientific professionals that relate to the past, present, or future 10.9 physical or mental health or condition of an individual, including but not limited to medical 10.10 history, examinations, diagnoses and treatment, prepetition screening reports, or 10.11 court-appointed examiner reports. 10.12
- Subd. 2. Judicial work product. All notes and memoranda or drafts thereof prepared 10.13 by a judge or employee of an administrative court and used in providing a court service are 10.14 confidential or protected nonpublic data. 10.15
- Subd. 3. **Health-related documents and data.** Health-related documents and data 10.16 included in a court file are private data on individuals. 10.17
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.05, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 10.18
- Subd. 7. Electronic documents permitted. An agency may must file rule-related 10.19 documents with the Office of Administrative Hearings by electronic transmission in the 10.20 manner approved by that office and. An agency may file rule-related documents with the 10.21 10.22 Office of the Revisor of Statutes by electronic transmission in the manner approved by that office. 10.23
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.08, is amended to read: 10.24

14.08 APPROVAL OF RULE AND RULE FORM; COSTS.

(a) One copy of a rule adopted under section 14.26 must be submitted by the agency to the chief administrative law judge. The chief administrative law judge shall request from the revisor certified copies of the rule when it is submitted by the agency under section 14.26. Within five working days after the request for certification of the rule is received by the revisor, excluding weekends and holidays, the revisor shall either return the rule with a certificate of approval of the form of the rule to the chief administrative law judge or

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notify the chief administrative law judge and the agency that the form of the rule will not be approved.

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If the chief administrative law judge disapproves a rule, the agency may modify it and the agency shall submit one copy of the modified rule, approved as to form by the revisor, to the chief administrative law judge.

- (b) One copy of a rule adopted after a public hearing must be submitted by the agency to the chief administrative law judge. The chief administrative law judge shall request from the revisor certified copies of the rule when it is submitted by the agency. Within five working days after receipt of the request, the revisor shall either return the rule with a certificate of approval to the chief administrative law judge or notify the chief administrative law judge and the agency that the form of the rule will not be approved.
- (c) If the revisor refuses to approve the form of the rule, the revisor's notice must revise the rule so it is in the correct form.
- (d) After the agency has notified the chief administrative law judge that it has adopted the rule, the chief administrative law judge shall promptly file four paper copies or an electronic copy of the adopted rule in the Office of the Secretary of State. The secretary of state shall forward one copy of each rule filed to the agency, to the revisor of statutes, and to the governor.
- (e) The chief administrative law judge shall assess an agency for the actual cost of processing rules under this section. Each agency shall include in its budget money to pay the assessments. Receipts from the assessment must be deposited in the administrative hearings account established in section 14.54.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.16, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 11.23
- Subd. 3. Filing. After the agency has provided the chief administrative law judge with 11.24 a signed order adopting the rule, the chief administrative law judge shall promptly file four 11.25 paper copies or an electronic copy of the adopted rule in the Office of the Secretary of State. 11.26 The secretary of state shall forward one copy of each rule filed to the agency, to the revisor 11.27 of statutes, and to the governor. 11.28
 - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.26, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. Filing. If the rule is approved, the administrative law judge shall promptly 11.30 file four paper copies or an electronic copy of the adopted rule in the Office of the Secretary 11.31

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- of State. The secretary of state shall forward one copy of each rule to the revisor of statutes, 12.1 to the agency, and to the governor. 12.2
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.386, is amended to read: 12.3

14.386 PROCEDURE FOR ADOPTING EXEMPT RULES; DURATION.

- (a) A rule adopted, amended, or repealed by an agency, under a statute enacted after January 1, 1997, authorizing or requiring rules to be adopted but excluded from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 or from the definition of a rule, has the force and effect of law only if:
- (1) the revisor of statutes approves the form of the rule by certificate; 12.9
- 12.10 (2) the person authorized to adopt the rule on behalf of the agency signs an order adopting the rule; 12.11
- (3) the Office of Administrative Hearings approves the rule as to its legality within 14 12.12 days after the agency submits it for approval and files four paper copies or an electronic 12.13 copy of the adopted rule with the revisor's certificate in the Office of the Secretary of State; 12.14 12.15
- (4) a copy is published by the agency in the State Register. 12.16
- The secretary of state shall forward one copy of the rule to the governor. 12.17
 - A statute enacted after January 1, 1997, authorizing or requiring rules to be adopted but excluded from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 or from the definition of a rule does not excuse compliance with this section unless it makes specific reference to this section.
 - (b) A rule adopted under this section is effective for a period of two years from the date of publication of the rule in the State Register. The authority for the rule expires at the end of this two-year period.
- (c) The chief administrative law judge shall adopt rules relating to the rule approval 12.24 duties imposed by this section and section 14.388, including rules establishing standards 12.25 for review. 12.26
- (d) This section does not apply to: 12.27
- (1) any group or rule listed in section 14.03, subdivisions 1 and 3, except as otherwise 12.28 provided by law; 12.29
- (2) game and fish rules of the commissioner of natural resources adopted under section 12.30 84.027, subdivision 13, or sections 97A.0451 to 97A.0459; 12.31

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(3) experimental and special management waters designated by the commissioner of natural resources under sections 97C.001 and 97C.005;

- 13.3 (4) game refuges designated by the commissioner of natural resources under section 97A.085; or 13.4
 - (5) transaction fees established by the commissioner of natural resources for electronic or telephone sales of licenses, stamps, permits, registrations, or transfers under section 84.027, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3).
- (e) If a statute provides that a rule is exempt from chapter 14, and section 14.386 does 13.8 not apply to the rule, the rule has the force of law unless the context of the statute delegating 13.9 the rulemaking authority makes clear that the rule does not have force of law. 13.10
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.388, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 13.11
- Subd. 2. **Notice.** An agency proposing to adopt, amend, or repeal a rule under this section 13.12 13.13 must give electronic notice of its intent in accordance with section 16E.07, subdivision 3, and notice by United States mail or electronic mail to persons who have registered their 13.14 names with the agency under section 14.14, subdivision 1a. The notice must be given no 13.15 later than the date the agency submits the proposed rule to the Office of Administrative 13.16 Hearings for review of its legality and must include: 13.17
 - (1) the proposed rule, amendment, or repeal;
- (2) an explanation of why the rule meets the requirements of the good cause exemption 13.19 under subdivision 1; and 13.20
- (3) a statement that interested parties have five business working days after the date of 13.21 the notice to submit comments to the Office of Administrative Hearings. 13.22
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.3895, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 13.23
- Subd. 2. Notice plan; prior approval. The agency shall draft a notice plan under which 13.24 the agency will make reasonable efforts to notify persons or classes of persons who may 13.25 be significantly affected by the rule repeal by giving notice of its intention in newsletters, 13.26 newspapers, or other publications, or through other means of communication. Before 13.27 publishing the notice in the State Register and implementing the notice plan, the agency 13.28 shall obtain prior approval of the notice plan by the chief administrative law judge an 13.29 administrative law judge in the Office of Administrative Hearings. 13.30

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Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.3895, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Legal review.** Before publication of the final rule in the State Register, the agency shall submit the rule to the chief administrative law judge in the Office of Administrative Hearings. The chief administrative law judge shall within 14 days approve or disapprove the rule as to its legality and its form to the extent the form relates to legality.

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.48, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Chief administrative law judge. (a) The office shall be under the direction of a chief administrative law judge who shall be learned in the law and appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, for a term ending on June 30 of the sixth calendar year after appointment. Senate confirmation of the chief administrative law judge shall be as provided by section 15.066.
- (b) The chief administrative law judge may hear cases and, in accordance with chapter 43A, shall appoint a deputy chief judge and additional administrative law judges and compensation judges to serve in the office as necessary to fulfill the duties of the Office of Administrative Hearings.
- (c) The chief administrative law judge may delegate to a subordinate employee the exercise of a specified statutory power or duty as deemed advisable, subject to the control of the chief administrative law judge. Every delegation must be by written order filed with the secretary of state. The chief administrative law judge is subject to the provisions of the Minnesota Constitution, article VI, section 6, the jurisdiction of the Board on Judicial Standards, and the provisions of the Code of Judicial Conduct.
- 14.22 (d) If a vacancy in the position of chief administrative law judge occurs, an acting or
 14.23 temporary chief administrative law judge must be named as follows:
 - (1) at the end of the term of a chief administrative law judge, the incumbent chief administrative law judge may, at the discretion of the appointing authority, serve as acting chief administrative law judge until a successor is appointed; and
 - (2) if at the end of a term of a chief administrative law judge the incumbent chief administrative law judge is not designated as acting chief administrative law judge, or if a vacancy occurs in the position of chief administrative law judge, the deputy chief judge shall immediately become temporary chief administrative law judge without further official action.
 - (e) The appointing authority of the chief administrative law judge may appoint a person other than the deputy chief judge to serve as temporary chief administrative law judge and

may replace any other acting or temporary chief administrative law judge designated pursuant to paragraph (d), clause (1) or (2).

Sec. 12. [14.525] INTERPRETERS.

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- The chief administrative law judge may enter contracts with interpreters identified by the Supreme Court through the Court Interpreter Program. Interpreters may be utilized as the chief administrative law judge directs. These contracts are not subject to the requirements of chapters 16B and 16C.
- 15.8 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.62, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2a. Administrative law judge decision final; exception. Unless otherwise provided by law, the report or order of the administrative law judge constitutes the final decision in the case unless the agency modifies or rejects it under subdivision 1 within 90 days after the record of the proceeding closes under section 14.61. When the agency fails to act within 90 days on a licensing case, the agency must return the record of the proceeding to the administrative law judge for consideration of disciplinary action. In all contested cases where the report or order of the administrative law judge constitutes the final decision in the case, the administrative law judge shall issue findings of fact, conclusions, and an order within 90 days after the hearing record closes under section 14.61. Upon a showing of good cause by a party or the agency, the chief administrative law judge may order a reasonable extension of either of the two 90-day deadlines specified in this subdivision.

 The 90-day deadline will be tolled while the chief administrative law judge considers a request for reasonable extension so long as the request was filed and served within the applicable 90-day period.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.994, is amended to read:

15.24 **15.994 INTERNET GRANT INFORMATION.**

- 15.25 A state agency with an Internet site must provide information on grants available through 15.26 the agency and must provide a link to any grant application under section 16E.20.
- 15.27 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.083, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6a. **Administrative law judge; salaries.** The salary of the chief administrative law judge is 98.52 percent of the salary of a chief district court judge. The salaries of the assistant chief administrative law judge and administrative law judge supervisors deputy chief judge and judge supervisors employed by the Office of Administrative Hearings are

law, this council does not expire.

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100 percent of the salary of a district court judge. The salary of an administrative law judge employed by the Office of Administrative Hearings is 98.52 percent of the salary of a district court judge as set under section 15A.082, subdivision 3.

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.055, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Federal Assistive Technology Act. (a) The Department of Administration 16.5 is designated as the lead agency to carry out all the responsibilities under the 21st Century 16.6 Assistive Technology Act of 1998, as provided by Public Law 108-364, as amended 117-81. 16.7 The Minnesota Assistive Technology Advisory Council is established to fulfill the 16.8 responsibilities required by the Assistive Technology Act, as provided by Public Law 16.9 108-364, as amended 117-81. Because the existence of this council is required by federal 16.10
 - (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the governor shall appoint the membership of the council as required by the 21st Century Assistive Technology Act of 1998, as provided by Public Law 108-364, as amended 117-81. After the governor has completed the appointments required by this subdivision, the commissioner of administration, or the commissioner's designee, shall convene the first meeting of the council following the appointments. Members shall serve two-year terms commencing July 1 of each odd-numbered year, and receive the compensation specified by the 21st Century Assistive Technology Act of 1998, as provided by Public Law 108-364, as amended 117-81. The members of the council shall select their chair at the first meeting following their appointment.
 - (c) After consulting with the appropriate commissioner, the commissioner of administration shall appoint a representative from:
- (1) State Services for the Blind who has assistive technology expertise; 16.23
- (2) vocational rehabilitation services who has assistive technology expertise; 16.24
- (3) the Workforce Development Board; and 16.25
- (4) the Department of Education who has assistive technology expertise-; and 16.26
- (5) the Board on Aging. 16.27
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.48, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 16.28
- Subd. 4. Reimbursements. (a) Except as specifically provided otherwise by law, each 16.29 agency shall reimburse the general services revolving funds for the cost of all services, 16.30 supplies, materials, labor, and depreciation of equipment, including reasonable overhead 16.31

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costs, which the commissioner is authorized and directed to furnish an agency. The cost of all publications or other materials produced by the commissioner and financed from the general services revolving fund must include reasonable overhead costs.

- (b) The commissioner of administration shall report the rates to be charged for the general services revolving funds no later than July 1 September 15 each year to the chair of the committee or division in the senate and house of representatives with primary jurisdiction over the budget of the Department of Administration.
- (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall make appropriate transfers to the revolving funds described in this section when requested by the commissioner of administration. The commissioner of administration may make allotments, encumbrances, and, with the approval of the commissioner of management and budget, disbursements in anticipation of such transfers. In addition, the commissioner of administration, with the approval of the commissioner of management and budget, may require an agency to make advance payments to the revolving funds in this section sufficient to cover the agency's estimated obligation for a period of at least 60 days.
- (d) All reimbursements and other money received by the commissioner of administration under this section must be deposited in the appropriate revolving fund. Any earnings remaining in the fund established to account for the documents service prescribed by section 16B.51 at the end of each fiscal year not otherwise needed for present or future operations, as determined by the commissioners of administration and management and budget, must be transferred to the general fund.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.54, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Vehicles. (a) The commissioner may direct an agency to make a transfer of a passenger motor vehicle or truck currently assigned to it. The transfer must be made to the commissioner for use in the enterprise fleet. The commissioner shall reimburse an agency whose motor vehicles have been paid for with funds dedicated by the constitution for a special purpose and which are assigned to the enterprise fleet. The amount of reimbursement for a motor vehicle is its average wholesale price as determined from the midwest edition of the National Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.
- (b) To the extent that funds are available for the purpose, the commissioner may purchase or otherwise acquire additional passenger motor vehicles and trucks necessary for the enterprise fleet. The title to all motor vehicles assigned to or purchased or acquired for the enterprise fleet is in the name of the Department of Administration.

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18.1	(c) On the request of an agency, the commissioner may transfer to the enterprise fleet
18.2	any passenger motor vehicle or truck for the purpose of disposing of it. The department or
18.3	agency transferring the vehicle or truck must be paid for it from the motor pool revolving
18.4	account established by this section in an amount equal to two-thirds of the average wholesale
18.5	price of the vehicle or truck as determined from the midwest edition of the National
18.6	Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.
18.7	(d) The commissioner shall provide for the uniform marking of all motor vehicles. Motor
18.8	vehicle colors must be selected from the regular color chart provided by the manufacturer
18.9	each year. The commissioner may further provide for the use of motor vehicles without
18.10	marking by:
18.11	(1) the governor;
18.12	(2) the lieutenant governor;
18.13	(3) the Division of Criminal Apprehension, the Division of Alcohol and Gambling
18.14	Enforcement, and arson investigators of the Division of Fire Marshal in the Department of
18.15	Public Safety;
18.16	(4) the Financial Institutions Division and investigative staff of the Department of
18.17	Commerce;
18.18	(5) the Division of Disease Prevention and Control of the Department of Health;
18.19	(6) the State Lottery;
18.20	(7) criminal investigators of the Department of Revenue;
18.21	(8) state-owned community service facilities in the Department of Human Services;
18.22	(9) the Office of the Attorney General;
18.23	(10) the investigative staff of the Gambling Control Board; and
18.24	(11) the Department of Corrections inmate community work crew program under section
18.25	352.91, subdivision 3g; and
18.26	(12) the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care staff.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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19.1	Sec. 19. [16B.851] STATE BUILDING RENEWABLE ENERGY; STORAGE;
19.2	ELECTRIC VEHICLE ACCOUNT.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

- 19.5 (b) "Energy storage" means the predesign, design, acquisition, construction, or installation of technology which stores and delivers electric or thermal energy. 19.6
- 19.7 (c) "EVSE" means electric vehicle service equipment, including charging equipment and associated infrastructure and site upgrades. 19.8
- (d) "Renewable energy" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision 1, 19.9 paragraph (c), and the same sources in thermal energy. 19.10
- (e) "Renewable energy improvement" means the predesign, design, acquisition, 19.11 construction, or installation of a renewable energy production system or energy storage 19.12 equipment or system, and associated infrastructure and facilities that are designed to result 19.13 in a demand-side net reduction in energy use by the state building's electrical, heating, 19.14 ventilating, air-conditioning, and hot water systems. 19.15
- (f) "State agency" has the definition given in section 13.02, subdivision 17, or designated 19.16 definition given in section 15.01 and includes the Office of Higher Education, Housing 19.17 Finance Agency, Pollution Control Agency, Metropolitan Council, and Bureau of Mediation 19.18 Services. State agency includes the agencies, boards, commissions, committees, councils, 19.19 and authorities designated in section 15.012. 19.20
- (g) "State building" means a building or facility owned by the state of Minnesota. 19.21
- 19.22 Subd. 2. Account established. A state building renewable energy, storage, and electric vehicle account is established in the special revenue fund to provide funds to state agencies 19.23 19.24 to:
- 19.25 (1) design, construct, and equip renewable energy improvement and renewable energy storage projects at state buildings; 19.26
- (2) purchase state fleet electric vehicles in accordance with section 16C.135; 19.27
- (3) purchase and install EVSE and related infrastructure; and 19.28
- (4) carry out management projects by the commissioner. 19.29
- Subd. 3. Account management. The commissioner shall manage and administer the 19.30 state building renewable energy, storage, and electric vehicle account. 19.31

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professional or technical contract, purchase, lease, or barter property or services for the direct benefit or use of the granting agency.

- (b) This section does not apply to general obligation grants as defined by section 16A.695 and, capital project grants to political subdivisions as defined by section 16A.86, or capital project grants otherwise subject to section 16A.642.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.98, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 21.6
- Subdivision 1. Limitation. (a) As a condition of receiving a grant from an appropriation of state funds, the recipient of the grant must agree to minimize administrative costs. The granting agency is responsible for negotiating appropriate limits to these costs so that the 21.9 state derives the optimum benefit for grant funding. 21.10
- (b) This section does not apply to general obligation grants as defined by section 16A.695 21.11 and also, capital project grants to political subdivisions as defined by section 16A.86, or 21.12 capital project grants otherwise subject to section 16A.642. 21.13
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16C.137, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 21.14
 - Subd. 2. Report. (a) The commissioner of administration, in collaboration with the commissioners of the Pollution Control Agency, the Departments of Agriculture, Commerce, Natural Resources, and Transportation, and other state departments, must evaluate the goals and directives established in this section and report include their findings to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature by February 1 of each odd-numbered year in the public dashboard under section 16B.372. In the report public dashboard, the commissioner must make recommendations for new or adjusted goals, directives, or legislative initiatives, in light of the progress the state has made implementing this section and the availability of new or improved technologies.
 - (b) The Department of Administration shall implement a fleet reporting and information management system. Each department will use this management system to demonstrate its progress in complying with this section.
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16D.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 21.27
- 21.28 Subdivision 1. Generally. (a) When a debt is determined by a state agency to be uncollectible, the debt may be written off by the state agency from the state agency's financial 21.29 accounting records and no longer recognized as an account receivable for financial reporting 21.30 purposes. A debt is considered to be uncollectible when (1) all reasonable collection efforts 21.31 have been exhausted, (2) the cost of further collection action will exceed the amount 21.32

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recoverable, (3) the debt is legally without merit or cannot be substantiated by evidence, (4) the debtor cannot be located, (5) the available assets or income, current or anticipated, that may be available for payment of the debt are insufficient, (6) the debt has been discharged in bankruptcy, (7) the applicable statute of limitations for collection of the debt has expired, or (8) it is not in the public interest to pursue collection of the debt.

- (b) Uncollectible debt must be reported by the state agency as part of its quarterly reports to the commissioner of management and budget. The basis for the determination of the uncollectibility of the debt must be maintained by the state agency. If an uncollectible debt equals or exceeds \$100,000, the agency shall notify the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the state agency's budget at the time the debt is determined to be uncollectible. The information reported shall contain the entity associated with the uncollected debt, the amount of the debt, the revenue type, the reason the debt is considered uncollectible, and the duration the debt has been outstanding. The commissioner of management and budget shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over Minnesota Management and Budget an annual summary of the number and dollar amount of debts determined to be uncollectible during the previous fiscal year by Oetober 31 November 30 of each year. Determining that the debt is uncollectible does not cancel the legal obligation of the debtor to pay the debt.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Discretionary powers.** The department may:
 - (1) enter into contracts for goods or services with public or private organizations and charge fees for services it provides;
- (2) apply for, receive, and expend money from public agencies;
- 22.25 (3) apply for, accept, and disburse grants and other aids from the federal government 22.26 and other public or private sources;
 - (4) enter into contracts with agencies of the federal government, local governmental units, the University of Minnesota and other educational institutions, and private persons and other nongovernmental organizations as necessary to perform its statutory duties;
- 22.30 (5) sponsor and conduct conferences and studies, collect and disseminate information, 22.31 and issue reports relating to information and communications technology issues;
 - (6) review the technology infrastructure of regions of the state and cooperate with and make recommendations to the governor, legislature, state agencies, local governments, local

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technology development agencies, the federal government, private businesses, and individuals
for the realization of information and communications technology infrastructure development
potential;

- (7) sponsor, support, and facilitate innovative and collaborative economic and community development and government services projects or initiatives, including technology initiatives related to culture and the arts, with public and private organizations; and
- (8) review and recommend alternative sourcing strategies for state information and communications systems.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 16E.01, subdivision 3, is amended 23.9 23.10 to read:
- 23.11 Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The department shall:
 - (1) manage the efficient and effective use of available federal, state, local, and public-private resources to develop statewide information and telecommunications technology systems and services and its infrastructure;
 - (2) approve state agency and intergovernmental information and telecommunications technology systems and services development efforts involving state or intergovernmental funding, including federal funding, provide information to the legislature regarding projects and initiatives reviewed, and recommend projects and initiatives for inclusion in the governor's budget under section 16A.11;
 - (3) promote cooperation and collaboration among state and local governments in developing intergovernmental information and telecommunications technology systems and services;
- (4) cooperate and collaborate with the legislative and judicial branches in the development 23.23 of information and communications systems in those branches, as requested; 23.24
- (5) promote and coordinate public information access and network initiatives, consistent 23.25 with chapter 13, to connect Minnesota's citizens and communities to each other, to their 23.26 governments, and to the world continue to collaborate on the development of MN.gov, the 23.27 state's official comprehensive online service and information initiative; 23.28
 - (6) manage and promote the regular and periodic reinvestment in the information and telecommunications technology systems and services infrastructure so that state and local government agencies can effectively and efficiently serve their customers;

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- (7) facilitate the cooperative development of and ensure compliance with standards and policies for information and telecommunications technology systems and services and electronic data practices and privacy security within the executive branch;
- (8) eliminate unnecessary duplication of existing information and telecommunications technology systems and services provided by state agencies;
- (9) identify, sponsor, develop, and execute shared information and telecommunications technology projects and initiatives, and ongoing operations;
 - (10) ensure overall security of the state's information and technology systems and services: and
 - (11) manage and direct compliance with accessibility standards for informational technology, including hardware, software, websites, online forms, and online surveys.
 - (b) The chief information officer, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, must determine when it is cost-effective for agencies to develop and use shared information technology systems, platforms, and services for the delivery of digital government services. The chief information officer may require agencies to use shared information and telecommunications technology systems and services. The chief information officer shall establish reimbursement rates in cooperation with the commissioner of management and budget to be billed to agencies and other governmental entities sufficient to cover the actual development, operating, maintenance, and administrative costs of the shared systems. The methodology for billing may include the use of interagency agreements, or other means as allowed by law.
 - (c) A state agency that has an information and telecommunications technology project or initiative, whether funded as part of the biennial budget or by any other means, shall register with the department by submitting basic project or initiative startup documentation as specified by the chief information officer in both format and content. State agency business and technology project leaders, in accordance with policies and standards set forth by the chief information officer, must demonstrate that the project or initiative will be properly managed, ensure alignment with enterprise technology strategic direction, provide updates to the project or initiative documentation as changes are proposed, and regularly report on the current status of the project or initiative on a schedule agreed to with the chief information officer. The chief information officer has the authority to define a project or initiative for the purposes of this chapter.
 - (d) The chief information officer shall monitor progress on any active information and telecommunications technology project with a total expected project cost of more than

25.1	\$5,000,000 projects and initiatives and report on the performance of the projects or	
25.2	<u>initiatives</u> in comparison with the plans for the project in terms of time, scope, and budget.	
25.3	The chief information officer may conduct an independent project audit of the project or	
25.4	initiative. If an independent audit is conducted, the audit analysis and evaluation of the	
25.5	projects subject to paragraph (e) project or initiative must be presented to agency executive	
25.6	sponsors, the project governance bodies, and the chief information officer. All reports and	
25.7	responses must become part of the project or initiative record.	
25.8	(e) For any active information and telecommunications technology project or initiative,	
25.9	with a total expected project cost of more than \$10,000,000, the state agency must perform	
25.10	an annual independent audit that conforms to published project audit principles adopted by	
25.11	the department must be conducted.	
25.12	(f) The chief information officer shall report by January 15 of each year to the chairs	
25.13	and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction	
25.14	over the department regarding projects the department has reviewed under paragraph (a),	
25.15	elause (10) on the status of the state's comprehensive project and initiatives portfolio. Th	
25.16	report must include: descriptions of each project and its current status, information technology	
25.17	costs associated with the project, and estimated date on when the information technology	
25.18	project is expected to be completed.	
25.19	(1) each project in the IT portfolio whose status is either active or on hold;	
25.20	(2) each project presented to the office for consultation in the time since the last report;	
25.21	(3) the information technology cost associated with the project;	
25.22	(4) the current status of the information technology project;	
25.23	(5) the date the information technology project is expected to be completed; and	
25.24	(6) the projected costs for ongoing support and maintenance after the project is complete.	
25.25	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 16E.03, subdivision 2, is amended	
25.26	to read:	
25.27	Subd. 2. Chief information officer's responsibility. The chief information officer shall:	
25.28	(1) design a strategic plan for information and telecommunications technology systems	
25.29	and services in the state and shall report on the plan to the governor and legislature at the	
25.30	beginning of each regular session;	

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(2) coordinate, review, and approve all information and telecommunications technology
projects develop and implement processes for review, approval, and monitoring and oversee
the state's information and telecommunications technology systems and services;

- (3) establish and enforce compliance with standards for information and telecommunications technology systems and services that are cost-effective and support open systems environments and that are compatible with state, national, and international standards, including accessibility standards;
- (4) maintain a library of systems and programs developed by the state for use by agencies of government;
- (5) direct and manage the shared operations of the state's information and telecommunications technology systems and services; and
- 26.12 (6) establish and enforce standards and ensure acquisition of hardware, software, and services necessary to protect data and systems in state agency networks connected to the 26.13 Internet. 26.14
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 26.15
- Subd. 3. Evaluation and approval. A state agency may not undertake an information 26.16 and telecommunications technology project or initiative until it has been evaluated according 26.17 to the procedures developed under subdivision 4. The chief information officer or delegate 26.18 shall give written approval of the proposed project record project approval as a part of the 26.19 project. 26.20
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 26.21
- Subd. 4. Evaluation procedure. The chief information officer shall establish and, as 26.22 necessary, update and modify procedures to evaluate information and communications 26.23 projects or initiatives proposed by state agencies. The evaluation procedure must assess the 26.24 necessity, design and plan for development, ability to meet user requirements, accessibility, 26.25 26.26 feasibility, and flexibility of the proposed data processing device or system, its relationship to other state data processing devices or systems, and its costs and benefits when considered 26.27 by itself and when compared with other options cost, and benefits of the project or initiative. 26.28
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 26.29
- 26.30 Subd. 5. Report to legislature. The chief information officer shall submit to the legislature, at the same time as the governor's budget required by section 16A.11, a concise 26.31

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narrative explanation of any information and communication technology project <u>or initiative</u> <u>being proposed as part of the governor's budget</u> that involves collaboration between state agencies and an explanation of how the budget requests of the several agencies collaborating on the project <u>or initiative</u> relate to each other.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.03, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

- Subd. 7. **Cyber security systems.** (a) In consultation with the attorney general and appropriate agency heads, the chief information officer shall develop cyber security policies, guidelines, and standards, and shall install advise, implement, and administer state data security systems solutions and practices on the state's emputer facilities information technology services, systems, and applications consistent with these policies, guidelines, standards, and state law to ensure the integrity, confidentiality, and availability of emputer-based and other information technology systems and services, and data and to ensure applicable limitations on access to data, consistent with the public's right to know as defined in chapter 13. The chief information officer is responsible for overall security of state agency networks connected to the Internet. Each department or agency head is responsible for the security of the department's or agency's data within the guidelines of established enterprise policy.
- (b) The state chief information officer, or state chief information security officer, may advise and consult on security strategy and programs for state entities and political subdivisions not subject to section 16E.016.
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Responsibilities.** (a) The office shall may develop and establish a state information architecture to ensure:
- 27.24 (1) that state agency information and communications systems, equipment, and services 27.25 do not needlessly duplicate or conflict with the systems of other agencies; and
- 27.26 (2) enhanced public access to data can be provided consistent with standards developed under section 16E.05, subdivision 4.
- When state agencies have need for the same or similar public data, the chief information officer, in coordination with the affected agencies, shall manage the most efficient and cost-effective method of producing and storing data for or sharing data between those agencies. The development of this information architecture must include the establishment

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of standards and guidelines to be followed by state agencies. The office shall ensure compliance with the architecture.

- (b) The office shall review and approve agency requests for funding for the development or purchase of information systems equipment or software before the requests may be included in the governor's budget.
- (c) The office shall may review and approve agency requests for grant funding that have an information and technology component.
 - (d) The office shall review major purchases of information systems equipment to:
- 28.9 (1) ensure that the equipment follows the standards and guidelines of the state information architecture;
 - (2) ensure the agency's proposed purchase reflects a cost-effective policy regarding volume purchasing; and
 - (3) ensure that the equipment is consistent with other systems in other state agencies so that data can be shared among agencies, unless the office determines that the agency purchasing the equipment has special needs justifying the inconsistency.
 - (e) The office shall review the operation of information systems by state agencies and ensure that these systems are operated efficiently and securely and continually meet the standards and guidelines established by the office. The standards and guidelines must emphasize uniformity that is cost-effective for the enterprise, that encourages information interchange, open systems environments, and portability of information whenever practicable and consistent with an agency's authority and chapter 13.
- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Risk assessment and mitigation.** (a) A risk assessment and risk mitigation plan are required for all information systems development projects <u>or initiatives</u> undertaken by a state agency in the executive or judicial branch or by a constitutional officer. The chief information officer must contract with an entity outside of state government to conduct the initial assessment and prepare the mitigation plan for a project <u>or initiative</u> estimated to cost more than \$5,000,000 \$10,000,000. The outside entity conducting the risk assessment and preparing the mitigation plan must not have any other direct or indirect financial interest in the project <u>or initiative</u>. The risk assessment and risk mitigation plan must provide for periodic monitoring by the commissioner until the project or initiative is completed.

29.1	(b) The risk assessment and risk mitigation plan must be paid for with money appropriated
29.2	for the information and telecommunications technology project or initiative.
29.3	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.07, is amended to read:
29.4	16E.07 NORTH STAR ONLINE GOVERNMENT INFORMATION SERVICES.
29.5	Subdivision 1. Definitions <u>Definition</u> . (a) The <u>definitions</u> <u>definition</u> in this subdivision
29.6	apply applies to this section.
29.7	(b) "Core services" means accessible information system applications required to provide
29.8	secure information services and online applications and content to the public from
29.9	government units. Online applications may include, but are not limited to:
29.10	(1) standardized public directory services and standardized content services;
29.11	(2) online search systems;
29.12	(3) general technical services to support government unit online services;
29.13	(4) electronic conferencing and communication services;
29.14	(5) secure electronic transaction services;
29.15	(6) digital audio, video, and multimedia services; and
29.16	(7) government intranet content and service development.
29.17	(e) (b) "Government unit" means a state department, agency, commission, council, board,
29.18	task force, or committee; a constitutional office; a court entity; the Minnesota State Colleges
29.19	and Universities; a county, statutory or home rule charter city, or town; a school district; a
29.20	special district; or any other board, commission, district, or authority created under law,
29.21	local ordinance, or charter provision.
29.22	Subd. 2. Established. The office department shall establish "North Star" as the state's
29.23	comprehensive government online information service. North Star is the state's governmental
29.24	framework for coordinating and collaborating in providing online government information
29.25	and services. Government agencies that provide electronic access to government information
29.26	are requested to make available to North Star their most frequently requested public data
29.27	collaborate with state agencies to maintain MN.gov and associated websites that provide
29.28	online government information services.
29.29	Subd. 3. Access to data. The legislature determines that the greatest possible access to
29.30	certain government information and data is essential to allow citizens to participate fully in
29 31	a democratic system of government. Certain information and data, including, but not limited

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to the following, must be provided free of charge or for a nominal cost associated with
reproducing the information or data:

- (1) directories of government services and institutions, including an electronic version of the guidebook to state agency services published by the commissioner of administration;
- (2) legislative and rulemaking information, including an electronic version of the State Register, public information newsletters, bill text and summaries, bill status information, rule status information, meeting schedules, and the text of statutes and rules;
 - (3) supreme court and court of appeals opinions and general judicial information;
- (4) opinions of the attorney general;
 - (5) Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board and election information;
- 30.11 (6) public budget information;
 - (7) local government documents, such as codes, ordinances, minutes, meeting schedules, and other notices in the public interest;
 - (8) official documents, releases, speeches, and other public information issued by government agencies; and
 - (9) the text of other government documents and publications that government agencies determine are important to public understanding of government activities.
 - Subd. 4. Staff. The chief information officer shall appoint the manager of the North Star online information service and hire staff to carry out the responsibilities of the service.
 - Subd. 5. Participation; consultation; guidelines. The North Star staff shall consult with governmental and nongovernmental organizations to establish rules for participation in the North Star service. Government units planning, developing, or providing publicly accessible online services shall provide access through and collaborate with North Star and formally register with the office. The University of Minnesota is requested to establish online connections and collaborate with North Star. Units of the legislature shall make their services available through North Star. Government units may be required to submit standardized directory and general content for core services but are not required to purchase core services from North Star. North Star shall promote broad public access to the sources of online information or services through multiple technologies.
 - Subd. 6. Fees. The office shall may establish fees for technical and transaction services for government units through North Star. Fees must be credited to the North Star account.

31.1	The office may not charge a fee for viewing or inspecting data made available through North		
31.2	Star MN.gov or linked facilities, unless specifically authorized by law.		
31.3	Subd. 7. North Star Online government information service account. The North Star		
31.4	online government information service account is created in the special revenue fund. The		
31.5	account consists of:		
31.6	(1) grants received from nonstate entities;		
31.7	(2) fees and charges collected by the office;		
31.8	(3) gifts, donations, and bequests made to the office; and		
31.9	(4) other money credited to the account by law.		
31.10	Money in the account is appropriated to the office to be used to continue the development		
31.11	of the North Star project online government information services.		
31.12	Subd. 8. Secure transaction system. The office shall plan and develop a secure		
31.13	transaction system systems to support delivery of government services electronically. A		
31.14	state agency that implements electronic government services for fees, licenses, sales, or		
31.15	other purposes must use the may be required to use secure transaction system systems		
31.16	developed in accordance with this section.		
31.17	Subd. 9. Aggregation of service demand. The office shall may identify opportunities		
31.18	to aggregate demand for technical services required by government units for online activities		
31.19	and may contract with governmental or nongovernmental entities to provide services. These		
31.20	contracts are not subject to the requirements of chapters 16B and 16C, except sections		
31.21	16C.04, 16C.08, and 16C.09.		
31.22	Subd. 10. Outreach. The office may promote the availability of government online		
31.23	information and services through public outreach and education. Public network expansion		
31.24	in communities through libraries, schools, colleges, local government, and other community		
31.25	access points must include access to North Star. North Star may make materials available		
31.26	to those public sites to promote awareness of the service.		
31.27	Subd. 11. Advanced development collaboration. The office shall identify information		
31.28	technology services with broad public impact and advanced development requirements.		
31.29	Those services shall assist in the development of and utilization of core services to the		
31.30	greatest extent possible where appropriate, cost-effective, and technically feasible. This		
31.31	includes, but is not limited to, higher education, statewide online library, economic and		
31.32	community development, and K-12 educational technology services. North Star shall		
31.33	participate in electronic commerce research and development initiatives with the University		

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- of Minnesota and other partners. The statewide online library service shall consult, collaborate, and work with North Star to ensure development of proposals for advanced government information locator and electronic depository and archive systems.
- Subd. 12. **Private entity services; fee authority.** (a) The department may enter into a contract with a private entity to manage, maintain, support, and expand North Star and online government information services to citizens and businesses.
- (b) A contract established under paragraph (a) may provide for compensation of the private entity through a fee established under paragraph (c).
- (c) The department, subject to the approval of the agency or department responsible for the data or services involved in the transaction, may charge and may authorize a private entity that enters into a contract under paragraph (a) to charge a convenience fee for users of North Star and online government information services up to a total of \$2 per transaction, provided that no fee shall be charged for viewing or inspecting data. A fee established under this paragraph is in addition to any fees or surcharges authorized under other law.
- (d) Receipts from the convenience fee shall be deposited in the North Star online government information service account established in subdivision 7. Notwithstanding section 16A.1285, subdivision 2, receipts credited to the account are appropriated to the department for payment to the contracted private entity under paragraph (a). In lieu of depositing the receipts in the North Star online government information service account, the department can directly transfer the receipts to the private entity or allow the private entity to retain the receipts pursuant to a contract established under this subdivision.
- (e) The department shall report Information regarding any convenience fee receipts collected under paragraph (d) must be reported to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over state government finance by January 15 of each odd-numbered year regarding the convenience fee receipts and the status of North Star projects and online government information services developed and supported by convenience fee receipts.

Sec. 34. [16E.36] CYBERSECURITY INCIDENTS.

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
- 32.31 (b) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

33.1	(c) "Cybersecurity incident" means an action taken through the use of an information
33.2	system or network that results in an actual or potentially adverse effect on an information
33.3	system, network, or the information residing therein.
33.4	(d) "Cyber threat indicator" means information that is necessary to describe or identify:
33.5	(1) malicious reconnaissance, including but not limited to anomalous patterns of
33.6	communication that appear to be transmitted for the purpose of gathering technical
33.7	information related to a cybersecurity threat or vulnerability;
33.8	(2) a method of defeating a security control or exploitation of a security vulnerability;
33.9	(3) a security vulnerability, including but not limited to anomalous activity that appears
33.10	to indicate the existence of a security vulnerability;
33.11	(4) a method of causing a user with legitimate access to an information system or
33.12	information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an information system to unwittingly
33.13	enable the defeat of a security control or exploitation of a security vulnerability;
33.14	(5) malicious cyber command and control;
33.15	(6) the actual or potential harm caused by an incident, including but not limited to a
33.16	description of the data exfiltrated as a result of a particular cyber threat; and
33.17	(7) any other attribute of a cyber threat, if disclosure of such attribute is not otherwise
33.18	prohibited by law.
33.19	(e) "Defensive measure" means an action, device, procedure, signature, technique, or
33.20	other measure applied to an information system or information that is stored on, processed
33.21	by, or transiting an information system that detects, prevents, or mitigates a known or
33.22	suspected cyber threat or security vulnerability, but does not include a measure that destroys,
33.23	renders unusable, provides unauthorized access to, or substantially harms an information
33.24	system or information stored on, processed by, or transiting an information system not
33.25	owned by the entity operating the measure, or another entity that is authorized to provide
33.26	consent and has provided consent to that private entity for operation of the measure.
33.27	(f) "Government contractor" means an individual or entity that performs work for or on
33.28	behalf of a public agency on a contract basis with access to or hosting of the public agency's
33.29	network, systems, applications, or information.
33.30	(g) "Information resource" means information and related resources, such as personnel,
33.31	equipment, funds, and information technology.

(h) "Information system" means a discrete set of information resources organized for

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34.2	collecting, processing, maintaining, using, sharing, disseminating, or disposing of			
34.3	information.			
34.4	(i) "Information technology" means any equipment or interconnected system or subsystem			
34.5	of equipment that is used in automatic acquisition, storage, manipulation, management,			
34.6	movement, control, display, switching, interchange, transmission, or reception of data or			
34.7	information used by a public agency or a government contractor under contract with a public			
34.8	agency which requires the use of the equipment or requires the use, to a significant exten			
34.9	of the equipment in the performance of a service or the furnishing of a product. The term			
34.10	information technology also has the meaning given to information and telecommunication			
34.11	technology systems and services in section 16E.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).			
34.12	(j) "Private entity" means any individual, corporation, company, partnership, firm,			
34.13	association, or other entity, but does not include a public agency, or a foreign government,			
34.14	or any component thereof.			
34.15	(k) "Public agency" means any public agency of the state or any political subdivision;			
34.16	school districts; charter schools; intermediate districts; cooperative units under section			
34.17	123A.24, subdivision 2; and public postsecondary education institutions.			
34.18	(l) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.			
34.19	Subd. 2. Report on cybersecurity incidents. (a) Beginning December 1, 2024, the head			
34.20	of or the decision-making body for a public agency must report a cybersecurity incident			
34.21	that impacts the public agency to the commissioner. A government contractor or vendor			
34.22	that provides goods or services to a public agency must report a cybersecurity incident to			
34.23	the public agency if the incident impacts the public agency.			
34.24	(b) The report must be made within 72 hours of when the public agency or government			
34.25	contractor reasonably identifies or believes that a cybersecurity incident has occurred.			
34.26	(c) The commissioner must coordinate with the superintendent to promptly share reported			
34.27	cybersecurity incidents.			
34.28	(d) By September 30, 2024, the commissioner, in coordination with the superintendent,			
34.29	must establish a cyber incident reporting system having capabilities to facilitate submission			
34.30	of timely, secure, and confidential cybersecurity incident notifications from public agencies,			
34.31	government contractors, and private entities to the office.			
34.32	(e) By September 30, 2024, the commissioner must develop, in coordination with the			

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superintendent, and prominently post instructions for submitting cybersecurity incident

reports on the o	department and bureau websites. The instructions must include, at a minimum,
the types of cy	bersecurity incidents to be reported and a list of other information to be
included in a r	report made through the cyber incident reporting system.
(f) The cyb	per incident reporting system must permit the commissioner, in coordination
with the super	intendent, to:
(1) securely	y accept a cybersecurity incident notification from any individual or private
entity, regardle	ess of whether the entity is a public agency or government contractor;
(2) track an	ad identify trends in cybersecurity incidents reported through the cyber incident
reporting syste	em; and
(3) produce	e reports on the types of incidents, cyber threat, indicators, defensive measures,
and entities rep	ported through the cyber incident reporting system.
(g) Any cy	bersecurity incident report submitted to the commissioner is security
nformation pu	ursuant to section 13.37, is not discoverable in a civil or criminal action absent
court order o	or a search warrant, and is not subject to subpoena.
(h) Notwith	hstanding the provisions of paragraph (g), the commissioner may anonymize
and share cybe	er threat indicators and relevant defensive measures to help prevent attacks
nd share cybe	ersecurity incident notifications with potentially impacted parties through
ybersecurity 1	threat bulletins or relevant law enforcement authorities.
(i) Informa	ation submitted to the commissioner through the cyber incident reporting
system is subje	ect to privacy and protection procedures developed and implemented by the
office, which s	shall be based on the comparable privacy protection procedures developed
or information	n received and shared pursuant to the federal Cybersecurity Information
Sharing Act of	f 2015, United States Code, title 6, section 1501, et seq.
<u>Subd. 3.</u> A	nnual report to the governor and legislature. Beginning January 31, 2026,
and annually t	hereafter, the commissioner, in coordination with the superintendent, must
submit a repor	t on its cyber security incident report collection and resolution activities to
he governor a	and to the legislative commission on cybersecurity. The report must include,
at a minimum:	<u>:</u>
(1) informa	ation on the number of notifications received and a description of the
cybersecurity i	incident types during the one-year period preceding the publication of the
report;	
(2) the cate	egories of reporting entities that submitted cybersecurity reports: and

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(3) any other information required in the submission of a cybersecurity incident report, noting any changes from the report published in the previous year.

- Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.316, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Public employee participation. (a) Participation in the program is subject to the conditions in this subdivision.
- (b) Each exclusive representative for an eligible employer determines whether the employees it represents will participate in the program. The exclusive representative shall give the employer notice of intent to participate at least 30 days before the expiration date of the collective bargaining agreement preceding the collective bargaining agreement that covers the date of entry into the program. The exclusive representative and the eligible employer shall give notice to the commissioner of the determination to participate in the program at least 30 days before entry into the program. Entry into the program is governed by a schedule established by the commissioner.
- (c) Employees not represented by exclusive representatives may become members of the program upon a determination of an eligible employer to include these employees in the program. Either all or none of the employer's unrepresented employees must participate. The eligible employer shall give at least 30 days' notice to the commissioner before entering the program. Entry into the program is governed by a schedule established by the commissioner.
- (d) Participation in the program is for a two-year four-year term. Participation is automatically renewed for an additional two-year four-year term unless the exclusive representative, or the employer for unrepresented employees, gives the commissioner notice of withdrawal at least 30 days before expiration of the participation period. A group that withdraws must wait two years before rejoining. An exclusive representative, or employer for unrepresented employees, may also withdraw if premiums increase 50 20 percent or more from one insurance year to the next.
- (e) The exclusive representative shall give the employer notice of intent to withdraw to the commissioner at least 30 days before the expiration date of a collective bargaining agreement that includes the date on which the term of participation expires.
- (f) Each participating eligible employer shall notify the commissioner of names of individuals who will be participating within two weeks of the commissioner receiving notice of the parties' intent to participate. The employer shall also submit other information as required by the commissioner for administration of the program.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.33, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Recommendation.** (a) If the administrative law judge determines that the complaint does not set forth a prima facie violation of chapter 211A or 211B, the administrative law judge must dismiss the complaint.
- (b) If the administrative law judge determines that the complaint sets forth a prima facie violation of section 211B.06 and was filed within 60 days before the primary or special election or within 90 days before the general election to which the complaint relates, the administrative law judge must conduct an expedited probable cause hearing under section 211B.34.
- (e) (b) If the administrative law judge determines that the complaint sets forth a prima facie violation of a provision of chapter 211A or 211B, other than section 211B.06, and that the complaint was filed within 60 days before the primary or special election or within 90 days before the general election to which the complaint relates, the administrative law judge, on request of any party, must conduct an expedited probable cause hearing under section 211B.34.
- (d) (c) If the administrative law judge determines that the complaint sets forth a prima facie violation of chapter 211A or 211B, and was filed more than not filed within 60 days before the primary or special election or more than 90 days before the general election to which the complaint relates, the administrative law judge must schedule an evidentiary hearing under section 211B.35.
- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Time for review.** The assigned administrative law judge must hold a probable cause hearing on the complaint no later than three business days after receiving the assignment if determining the complaint sets forth a prima facie violation of chapter 211A or 211B, an expedited hearing is required by section 211B.33, except that for good cause the administrative law judge may hold the hearing no later than seven days after receiving the assignment the prima facie determination. If an expedited hearing is not required by section 211B.33, because no party requested one under section 211B.33, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), the administrative law judge must hold the hearing not later than 30 days after receiving the assignment determining the complaint sets forth a prima facie violation of chapter 211A or 211B.

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38.1	Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.34, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
38.2	Subd. 2. Disposition. At After the probable cause hearing, the administrative law judge
38.3	must make one of the following determinations within three business days after the hearing
38.4	record closes:
38.5	(a) The complaint is frivolous, or there is no probable cause to believe that the violation
38.6	of law alleged in the complaint has occurred. If the administrative law judge makes either
38.7	determination, the administrative law judge must dismiss the complaint.
38.8	(b) There is probable cause to believe that the violation of law alleged in the complaint
38.9	has occurred. If the administrative law judge so determines, the chief administrative law
38.10	judge must schedule the complaint for an evidentiary hearing under section 211B.35.
38.11	Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.35, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
38.12	Subdivision 1. Deadline for hearing. When required by section 211B.33, subdivision
38.13	2, paragraph (c), or by section 211B.34, subdivision 2 or 3, the chief administrative law
38.14	judge must assign the complaint to a panel of three administrative law judges for an
38.15	evidentiary hearing. The hearing must be held within the following times:
38.16	(1) ten days after the complaint was assigned to the panel, if an expedited probable cause
38.17	hearing was requested or required under section 211B.33;
38.18	(2) 30 days after the complaint was filed, if it was filed within 60 days before the primary
38.19	or special election or within 90 days before the general election to which the complaint
38.20	relates; or
38.21	(3) 90 days after the complaint was filed, if it was filed at any other time.
38.22	For good cause shown, the panel may extend the deadline set forth in clause (2) or (3)

REVISOR

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Time for disposition.** The panel must dispose of the complaint:

- (1) within three <u>business</u> days after the hearing record closes, if an expedited probable cause hearing was required by section 211B.33; and
- 38.28 (2) within 14 days after the hearing record closes, if an expedited probable cause hearing was not required by section 211B.33.

by 60 days.

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Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299E.01, subdivision 2, is amended	to r	ea	d
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Subd. 2. Responsibilities. (a) The division shall be responsible and shall utilize state employees for security and public information services in state-owned buildings and state leased-to-own buildings in the Capitol Area, as described in section 15B.02. It shall provide personnel as are required by the circumstances to insure the orderly conduct of state business and the convenience of the public. It shall provide emergency assistance and security escorts at any location within the Capitol Area, as described in section 15B.02, when requested by a state constitutional officer.

REVISOR

- (b) As part of the division permanent staff, the director must establish the position of emergency manager that includes, at a minimum, the following duties:
- (1) oversight of the consolidation, development, and maintenance of plans and procedures 39.11 39.12 that provide continuity of security operations;
- (2) the development and implementation of tenant training that addresses threats and 39.13 emergency procedures; and 39.14
 - (3) the development and implementation of threat and emergency exercises.
- (c) The director must provide a minimum of one state trooper assigned to the Capitol 39.16 complex at all times. 39.17
- (d) The director, in consultation with the advisory committee under section 299E.04, 39.18 shall, at least annually, hold a meeting or meetings to discuss, among other issues, Capitol 39.19 complex security, emergency planning, public safety, and public access to the Capitol 39.20 complex. The meetings must include, at a minimum: 39.21
- (1) Capitol complex tenants and state employees; 39.22
- (2) nongovernmental entities, such as lobbyists, vendors, and the media; and 39.23
- 39.24 (3) the public and public advocacy groups.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 39.25
- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 307.08, subdivision 3a, is amended 39.26 to read: 39.27
- Subd. 3a. Cemeteries; records and condition assessments. (a) Cemeteries shall be 39.28 assessed according to this subdivision. 39.29

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- (b) The state archaeologist shall implement and maintain a system of records identifying the location of known, recorded, or suspected cemeteries. The state archaeologist shall provide access to the records as provided in subdivision 11.
- (c) The cemetery condition assessment of non-American Indian cemeteries is at the discretion of the state archaeologist based on the needs identified in this section or upon request by an agency, a landowner, or other appropriate authority.
- (d) The cemetery condition assessment of American Indian cemeteries is at the discretion of the Indian Affairs Council based on the needs identified in this section or upon request by an agency, a landowner, or other appropriate authority. If the Indian Affairs Council has possession or takes custody of remains they may follow United States Code, title 25, sections 3001 to 3013.
- (e) The cemetery condition assessment of cemeteries that include American Indian and non-American Indian remains or include remains whose ancestry cannot be determined shall be assessed at the discretion of the state archaeologist in collaboration with the Indian Affairs Council based on the needs identified in this section or upon request by an agency, a landowner, or other appropriate authority.
- (f) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council shall have 90 days from the date a request is received to begin a cemetery condition assessment or provide notice to the requester whether or not a condition assessment of a cemetery is needed.
- (g) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council may retain the services of a qualified professional archaeologist, a qualified forensic anthropologist, or other appropriate experts for the purpose of gathering information that the state archaeologist or the Indian Affairs Council can use to assess or identify cemeteries. If probable American Indian cemeteries are to be disturbed or probable American Indian remains analyzed, the Indian Affairs Council must approve the professional archaeologist, qualified anthropologist, or other appropriate expert.
- Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326.10, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Expiration and renewal.** (a) All licenses and certificates, other than in-training certificates, issued by the board expire at midnight on June 30 of each even-numbered calendar year if not renewed. A holder of a license or certificate issued by the board may renew it by completing and filing with the board an application for renewal consisting of a fully completed form provided by the board and the fee specified in section 326.105. Both the fee and the application must be submitted at the same time and by June 30 of each

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even-numbered calendar year. The form must be signed by the applicant, contain all of the information requested, and clearly show that the licensee or certificate holder has completed the minimum number of required professional development hours or has been granted an exemption under section 326.107, subdivision 4. An application for renewal that does not comply with the requirements of this subdivision is an incomplete application and must not be accepted by the board.

REVISOR

- (b) No later than 30 days before the expiration of a license or certificate, the board must send the holder of the license or certificate a notice by email that the license or certificate is about to expire. The notice must include information on the process and requirements for renewal. The application form for a new or renewed license or certificate issued by the board must request that the applicant provide an email address for the purpose of providing this notice. If the board does not have a record of a license or certificate holder's email address, the board must send the notice to the holder by standard mail.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to licenses 41.14 and renewals scheduled to expire on or after that date. 41.15
- 41.16 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326A.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. Program of learning. Each licensee shall participate in a program of learning designed to maintain professional competency. The program of learning must comply with rules adopted by the board. The board may by rule create an exception to this requirement for licensees who do not perform or offer to perform for the public one or more kinds of services involving the use of auditing skills, including issuance of reports on: attest or compilation engagements, management advisory services, financial advisory services, or consulting services. A licensee granted such an exception by the board must place the word "inactive" or "retired," if applicable, adjacent to the CPA title on any business card, letterhead, or any other document or device, with the exception of the licensee's certificate on which the CPA title appears. The board must not conduct an audit of a licensee's compliance with these requirements during the 60 days prior to the deadline for filing an individual income tax return under section 289A.18, subdivision 1.
- Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 336.1-110, is amended to read: 41.29
 - 336.1-110 UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE ACCOUNT.
- The Uniform Commercial Code account is established as an account in the state treasury. 41.31
- Fees that are not expressly set by statute but are charged by the secretary of state to offset 41.32

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the costs of providing a service under this chapter must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the Uniform Commercial Code account.

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Fees that are not expressly set by statute but are charged by the secretary of state to offset the costs of providing information contained in the computerized records maintained by the secretary of state must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the Uniform Commercial Code account.

Money in the Uniform Commercial Code account is continuously appropriated to the secretary of state to implement and maintain the central filing system under this chapter, to provide, improve, and expand other online or remote lien and business entity filing, retrieval, and payment method services provided by the secretary of state, and to provide electronic access and to support, maintain, and expand all other computerized records and systems maintained by the secretary of state.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 358.645, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Qualifications; registration required. (a) A remote online notary public: 42.15
 - (1) is a notary public for purposes of chapter 359 and is subject to and must be appointed and commissioned under that chapter;
 - (2) may perform notarial acts as provided by this chapter and chapter 359 in addition to performing remote online notarizations; and
 - (3) may perform remote online notarizations authorized under this section.
 - (b) A notary public commissioned in this state may apply for remote online notarization registration according to this section. Before a notary performs a remote online notarization, the notary must register the capability to perform notarial acts pursuant to section 358.645 with the secretary of state according to section 359.01, subdivision 5, and must certify that the notary intends to use communication technology that conforms to this section.
 - (c) Unless terminated under this section, the term of registration to perform remote online notarial acts begins on the registration starting date set by the secretary of state and continues as long as the notary public's current commission to perform notarial acts remains valid.
- (d) Upon the applicant's fulfillment of the requirements for remote online notarization 42.29 registration under this section, the secretary of state shall record the registration under the 42.30 applicant's notary public commission number. 42.31

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(e) The secretary of state may reject a registration application if the applicant fails to comply with paragraphs (a) to (d). The commissioner of commerce may revoke a registration if the applicant fails to comply with subdivisions 2 to 6.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 358.71, is amended to read:

358.71 DATABASE OF NOTARIES PUBLIC.

- The secretary of state shall maintain an electronic database of notaries public:
- 43.7 (1) through which a person may verify the authority of a notary public to perform notarial acts, including notarial acts pursuant to section 358.645; and to perform notarial acts on electronic records.
- 43.10 (2) which indicates whether a notary public has applied to the commissioning officer or
 43.11 agency to perform notarial acts on electronic records or to perform notarial acts pursuant
 43.12 to section 358.645.
- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 359.01, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 5. Registration to perform electronic notarizations. Before performing electronic notarial acts, a notary public shall register the capability to notarize electronically with the secretary of state. Before performing electronic notarial acts after recommissioning, a notary public shall reregister with the secretary of state. Unless terminated for any reason, the term of registration to perform electronic notarial acts begins on the registration starting date set by the secretary of state and continues as long as the notary public has a valid commission to perform notarial acts. The requirements of this chapter relating to electronic notarial acts do not apply to notarial acts performed under sections 358.15, paragraph (a), clause (4), and 358.60, subdivision 1, clause (2).
- Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 359.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

44.1	(b) A notarial stamp that complied with these requirements at the time of issuance may
44.2	continue to be used during the remainder of the current term of the notary even if changes
44.3	to any of these requirements subsequently become effective.
44.4	Sec. 50. STATE CAPITOL; MANAGEMENT OF SPACE.
44.5	Notwithstanding any law or space use agreements to the contrary, the commissioner of
44.6	administration must allocate the first floor, North corridor adjoining rooms 107 and 112 of
44.7	the State Capitol building to the use and management of the house of representatives during
44.8	any period in which the legislature is convened in regular or special session. During these
44.9	periods, public use of the space must not interfere with the conduct of legislative business
44.10	or the security of legislators or legislative staff, and events and other programs scheduled
44.11	within the space must only be permitted if approved by the speaker of the house.
44.12	Sec. 51. REPEALER; FALSE POLITICAL AND CAMPAIGN MATERIAL.
44.13	Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.06, is repealed.
44.14	Sec. 52. REPEALER; FEDERAL EDUCATION LAW IMPLEMENTATION
44.15	REPORT.
44.16	Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 127A.095, subdivision 3, is repealed.
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44.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
44.18	Sec. 53. REPEALER; DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
44.19	SERVICES PROVISIONS.
44.20	Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 16E.035; 16E.0465, subdivisions 1 and 2; 16E.055;
44.21	and 16E.20, are repealed.
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44.22	ARTICLE 3
44.23	LOCAL GOVERNMENT POLICY
44.24	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 383B.145, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
44.25	Subd. 5. Set-aside contracts. (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
44.26	board may set aside an amount, for each fiscal year, for awarding contracts to businesses
44.27	and social services organizations which have a majority of employees that employ persons
44.28	who would be eligible for public assistance or who would require rehabilitative services in
44.29	the absence of their employment. The set-aside amount may not exceed two percent of the

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amount appropriated by the board in the budget for the preceding fiscal year. Failure by the board to designate particular procurements for the set-aside program shall not prevent vendors from seeking the procurement award through the normal solicitation and bidding processes pursuant to the provisions of the Uniform Municipal Contracting Act, section 471.345.

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- (b) The board may elect to use a negotiated price or bid contract procedure in the awarding of a procurement contract under the set-aside program. The amount of the award shall not exceed by more than five percent the estimated price for the goods or services, if they were to be purchased on the open market and not under the set-aside program.
- (c) Before contracting with a business or <u>social</u> service organization under the set-aside program, the board or authorized person shall conduct an investigation of the business or <u>social</u> service organization with whom it seeks to contract and shall make findings, to be contained in the provisions of the contract, that:
- (1) the vendor either:
- 45.15 (i) has in its employ at least 50 percent of its employees who would be eligible to receive 45.16 some form of public assistance or other rehabilitative services in the absence of the award 45.17 of a contract to the vendor; or
 - (ii) if the vendor is a business providing construction services, has in its employ to deliver the set-aside contract as many employees who would be eligible to receive some form of public assistance or other rehabilitative services in the absence of the award of a contract to the vendor as is practicable in consideration of industry safety standards, established supervisory ratios for apprentices, and requirements for licensed persons to perform certain work;
- 45.24 (2) the vendor has elected to apply to the board for a contract under the set-aside 45.25 provisions; and
- 45.26 (3) the vendor is able to perform the set-aside contract.
- 45.27 (d) The board shall publicize the provisions of the set-aside program, attempt to locate vendors able to perform set-aside procurement contracts and otherwise encourage participation therein.

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 473.145, is amended to read:

473.145 DEVELOPMENT GUIDE.

- (a) The Metropolitan Council must prepare and adopt, after appropriate study and such public hearings as may be necessary, a comprehensive development guide for the metropolitan area. It must consist of a compilation of policy statements, goals, standards, programs, and maps prescribing guides for the orderly and economical development, public and private, of the metropolitan area. The comprehensive development guide must recognize and encompass physical, social, or economic needs of the metropolitan area and those future developments which will have an impact on the entire area including but not limited to such matters as land use, climate mitigation and adaptation, parks and open space land needs, the necessity for and location of airports, highways, transit facilities, public hospitals, libraries, schools, and other public buildings.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, "climate mitigation and adaptation" includes mitigation goals and strategies that meet or exceed the greenhouse gas emissions-reduction goals established by the state under section 216H.02, subdivision 1, and transportation targets established by the commissioner of transportation, including vehicle miles traveled reduction targets established in the statewide multimodal transportation plan under section 174.03, subdivision 1a, as well as plans and policies to address climate adaptation in the region. The commissioner of transportation must consult with the Metropolitan Council on transportation targets prior to establishing the targets.
- (c) The adoption or amendment of a comprehensive plan, fiscal device, or official control that is consistent with or approved in connection with sections 473.858 to 473.865 shall not constitute conduct that causes or is likely to cause pollution, impairment, or destruction, as defined under section 116B.02, subdivision 5. Nothing in this paragraph prevents a challenge under chapter 116B to an individual project, as defined under Minnesota Rules, part 4410.0200, subpart 65.
- 46.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all comprehensive plans and amendments authorized by the Metropolitan Council during the most recent decennial review under section 473.864, and local controls approved in accordance with those comprehensive plans and amendments.

Article 3 Sec. 2.

47.1	Sec. 3. ANOKA COUNTY; JAIL AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE CENTER.
47.2	Subdivision 1. Jail and criminal justice center. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
47.3	section 373.05, Anoka County may build a jail and criminal justice center in any city located
47.4	within the county to replace the current jail located in the city of Anoka.
47.5	Subd. 2. Sheriff's office. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 382.04, the sheriff
47.6	of Anoka County may keep the sheriff's office in the jail and criminal justice center
47.7	authorized under subdivision 1 instead of in the county seat.
47.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
47.9	Sec. 4. <u>REPEALER.</u>
47.10	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 471.9998, is repealed.
47.11	(b) Laws 1979, chapter 189, sections 1; 2, as amended by Laws 1984, chapter 548,
47.12	section 8; and 3, are repealed.
47.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective the day following final enactment.
47.14	Paragraph (b) is effective the day after the governing body of the city of St. Paul and its
47.15	chief clerical officer timely complete their compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section
47.16	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
47.17	ARTICLE 4
47.18	MILITARY AND VETERANS AFFAIRS
47.19	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 161.14, is amended by adding a subdivision
47.20	to read:
47.21	Subd. 105. Gopher Gunners Memorial Bridge. (a) The bridge on marked Trunk
47.22	Highway 55 and Trunk Highway 62, crossing the Minnesota River, commonly known as
47.23	the Mendota Bridge, is named and designated as "Gopher Gunners Memorial Bridge."
47.24	Notwithstanding section 161.139, the commissioner must adopt a suitable marking design
47.25	to mark this bridge and erect appropriate signs.
47.26	(b) The adjutant general of the Department of Military Affairs must reimburse the

commissioner of transportation for costs incurred under this subdivision.

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 193.143, is amended to read:

193.143 STATE ARMORY BUILDING COMMISSION, POWERS.

Such corporation, subject to the conditions and limitations prescribed in sections 193.141 to 193.149, shall possess all the powers of a body corporate necessary and convenient to accomplish the objectives and perform the duties prescribed by sections 193.141 to 193.149, including the following, which shall not be construed as a limitation upon the general powers hereby conferred:

- (1) To acquire by lease, purchase, gift, or condemnation proceedings all necessary right, title, and interest in and to the lands required for a site for a new armory and all other real or personal property required for the purposes contemplated by the Military Code and to hold and dispose of the same, subject to the conditions and limitations herein prescribed; provided that any such real or personal property or interest therein may be so acquired or accepted subject to any condition which may be imposed thereon by the grantor or donor and agreed to by such corporation not inconsistent with the proper use of such property by the state for armory or military purposes as herein provided.
- (2) To exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner provided by chapter 117, for the purpose of acquiring any property which such corporation is herein authorized to acquire by condemnation; provided, that the corporation may take possession of any such property so to be acquired at any time after the filing of the petition describing the same in condemnation proceedings; provided further, that this shall not preclude the corporation from abandoning the condemnation of any such property in any case where possession thereof has not been taken.
- (3) To construct and equip new armories as authorized herein; to pay therefor out of the funds obtained as hereinafter provided and to hold, manage, and dispose of such armory, equipment, and site as hereinafter provided. The total amount of bonds issued on account of such armories shall not exceed the amount of the cost thereof; provided also, that the total bonded indebtedness of the commission shall not at any time exceed the aggregate sum of \$15,000,000 \$45,000,000.
- (4) To provide partnerships with federal and state governments and to match federal and local funds, when available.
- 48.31 (5) To sue and be sued.
- 48.32 (6) To contract and be contracted with in any matter connected with any purpose or activity within the powers of such corporations as herein specified; provided, that no officer

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or member of such corporation shall be personally interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract in which such corporation is interested.

- (7) To employ any and all professional and nonprofessional services and all agents, employees, workers, and servants necessary and proper for the purposes and activities of such corporation as authorized or contemplated herein and to pay for the same out of any portion of the income of the corporation available for such purposes or activities. The officers and members of such corporation shall not receive any compensation therefrom, but may receive their reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in connection with the performance of their duties; provided however, that whenever the duties of any member of the commission require full time and attention the commission may compensate the member therefor at such rates as it may determine.
- (8) To borrow money and issue bonds for the purposes and in the manner and within the limitations herein specified, and to pledge any and all property and income of such corporation acquired or received as herein provided to secure the payment of such bonds, subject to the provisions and limitations herein prescribed, and to redeem any such bonds if so provided therein or in the mortgage or trust deed accompanying the same.
- (9) To use for the following purposes any available money received by such corporation from any source as herein provided in excess of those required for the payment of the cost of such armory and for the payment of any bonds issued by the corporation and interest thereon according to the terms of such bonds or of any mortgage or trust deed accompanying the same:
- (a) to pay the necessary incidental expenses of carrying on the business and activities of the corporation as herein authorized;
 - (b) to pay the cost of operating, maintaining, repairing, and improving such new armories;
- (c) if any further excess money remains, to purchase upon the open market at or above or below the face or par value thereof any bonds issued by the corporation as herein authorized, provided that any bonds so purchased shall thereupon be canceled.
 - (10) To adopt and use a corporate seal.
 - (11) To adopt all needful bylaws and rules for the conduct of business and affairs of such corporation and for the management and use of all armories while under the ownership and control of such corporation as herein provided, not inconsistent with the use of such armory for armory or military purposes.
 - (12) Such corporation shall issue no stock.

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(13) No officer or member of such corporation shall have any personal share or interest in any funds or property of the corporation or be subject to any personal liability by reason of any liability of the corporation.

- (14) The Minnesota State Armory Building Commission created under section 193.142 shall keep all money and credits received by it as a single fund, to be designated as the "Minnesota State Armory Building Commission fund," with separate accounts for each armory; and the commission may make transfers of money from funds appertaining to any armory under its control for use for any other such armory; provided such transfers shall be made only from money on hand, from time to time, in excess of the amounts required to meet payments of interest or principal on bonds or other obligations appertaining to the armory to which such funds pertain and only when necessary to pay expenses of construction, operation, maintenance, and debt service of such other armory; provided further, no such transfer of any money paid for the support of any armory by the municipality in which such armory is situated shall be made by the commission.
- (15) The corporation created under section 193.142 may designate one or more state or national banks as depositories of its funds, and may provide, upon such conditions as the corporation may determine, that the treasurer of the corporation shall be exempt from personal liability for loss of funds deposited in any such depository due to the insolvency or other acts or omissions of such depository.
- (16) The governor is empowered to apply for grants of money, equipment, and materials which may be made available to the states by the federal government for leasing, building, and equipping armories for the use of the military forces of the state which are reserve components of the armed forces of the United States, whenever the governor is satisfied that the conditions under which such grants are offered by the federal government, are for the best interests of the state and are not inconsistent with the laws of the state relating to armories, and to accept such grants in the name of the state. The Minnesota State Armory Building Commission is designated as the agency of the state to receive such grants and to use them for armory purposes as prescribed in this chapter, and by federal laws, and regulations not inconsistent therewith.
- Sec. 3. Laws 2023, chapter 38, article 1, section 3, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 50.30

Subd. 3. Veterans Health Care 50.31

90,025,000

100,797,000

(a) The base for this appropriation in fiscal 50.32

year 2026 is \$93,387,000 and \$94,435,000 in

fiscal year 2027 and each fiscal year thereafter. 50.34

Article 4 Sec. 3.

51.1	(b) \$88,885,000 the first year and \$99,847,000	
51.2	the second year may be transferred to a	
51.3	veterans homes special revenue account in the	
51.4	special revenue fund in the same manner as	
51.5	other receipts are deposited according to	
51.6	Minnesota Statutes, section 198.34, and are	
51.7	appropriated to the commissioner of veterans	
51.8	affairs for the operation of veterans homes	
51.9	facilities and programs. If the amount available	
51.10	in fiscal year 2024 is insufficient, the amount	
51.11	appropriated in fiscal year 2025 is available	
51.12	in fiscal year 2024. The base for this transfer	
51.13	is \$92,437,000 in fiscal year 2026 and	
51.14	\$93,485,000 in fiscal year 2027.	
51.15	(c) The department shall seek opportunities to	
51.16	maximize federal reimbursements of	
51.17	Medicare-eligible expenses and provide annual	
51.18	reports to the commissioner of management	
51.19	and budget on the federal Medicare	
51.20	reimbursements that are received. Contingent	
51.21	upon future federal Medicare receipts,	
51.22	reductions to the veterans homes' general fund	
51.23	appropriation may be made.	
51.24	(d) \$400,000 each year is for the department	
51.25	to staff Veteran Community Health Navigators	
51.26	in community-based hospitals.	
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51.27	(e) \$190,000 the first year is for the working	
51.28	group established under article 2, section 8.	

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H3431-2

16E.035 TECHNOLOGY INVENTORY.

The chief information officer must prepare a financial inventory of technology owned or leased by the Department of Information Technology Services. The inventory must include: (1) information on how the technology fits into the state's information technology architecture; and (2) a projected replacement schedule. The chief information officer must report the inventory to the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over state technology issues by July 1 of each even-numbered year.

16E.0465 TECHNOLOGY APPROVAL.

Subdivision 1. **Application.** This section applies to an appropriation of more than \$1,000,000 of state or federal funds to a state agency for any information and telecommunications technology project or for any phase of such a project, device, or system. For purposes of this section, an appropriation of state or federal funds to a state agency includes an appropriation:

- (1) to a constitutional officer;
- (2) for a project that includes both a state agency and units of local government; and
- (3) to a state agency for grants to be made to other entities.
- Subd. 2. **Required review and approval.** (a) A state agency receiving an appropriation for an information and telecommunications technology project subject to this section must divide the project into phases.
- (b) An encumbrance or expenditure may not be made for any phase of a state agency information and telecommunications technology project subject to this section unless the Department of Information Technology Services has reviewed each phase of the project and based on this review, the chief information officer has determined for each phase that:
- (1) the project is compatible with the state information architecture and other policies and standards established by the chief information officer;
- (2) the agency is able to accomplish the goals of the phase of the project with the funds appropriated; and
 - (3) the project supports the enterprise information technology strategy.

16E.055 ELECTRONIC GOVERNMENT SERVICES.

A state agency that implements electronic government services for fees, licenses, sales, or other purposes must use the single entry site created by the chief information officer for all agencies to use for electronic government services.

16E.20 ELECTRONIC CONDUCT OF STATE BUSINESS.

The chief information officer shall develop and implement a system under which:

- (1) state business can be conducted and permits or licenses obtained through electronic communication with the appropriate state agencies; and
 - (2) applications for grants can be made electronically to state agencies when feasible.

127A.095 IMPLEMENTATION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT.

Subd. 3. **Department of Management and Budget certification.** The commissioner of management and budget shall certify and report to the legislature annually beginning January 1, 2008, the amount of federal revenue, if any, that the federal government may withhold as a result of a potential state decision to discontinue implementation of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. The report shall also specify the intended purpose of the federal revenue and the amount of revenue that the federal government may withhold from the state, each school district, and each charter school in each fiscal year.

211B.06 FALSE POLITICAL AND CAMPAIGN MATERIAL.

Subdivision 1. **Gross misdemeanor.** (a) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor who intentionally participates in the preparation, dissemination, or broadcast of paid political advertising or campaign material with respect to the personal or political character or acts of a candidate, or with respect to the effect of a ballot question, that is designed or tends to elect, injure, promote, or defeat a candidate for nomination or election to a public office or to promote or defeat a ballot

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H3431-2

question, that is false, and that the person knows is false or communicates to others with reckless disregard of whether it is false.

- (b) A person is guilty of a misdemeanor who intentionally participates in the drafting of a letter to the editor with respect to the personal or political character or acts of a candidate, or with respect to the effect of a ballot question, that is designed or tends to elect, injure, promote, or defeat any candidate for nomination or election to a public office or to promote or defeat a ballot question, that is false, and that the person knows is false or communicates to others with reckless disregard of whether it is false.
- Subd. 2. **Exception.** Subdivision 1 does not apply to any person or organization whose sole act is, in the normal course of their business, the printing, manufacturing, or dissemination of the false information.

471.9998 MERCHANT BAGS.

Subdivision 1. **Merchant option.** All merchants, itinerant vendors, and peddlers doing business in this state shall have the option to provide customers a paper, plastic, or reusable bag for the packaging of any item or good purchased, provided such purchase is of a size and manner commensurate with the use of paper, plastic, or reusable bags.

Subd. 2. **Prohibition; bag ban.** Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no political subdivision shall impose any ban upon the use of paper, plastic, or reusable bags for packaging of any item or good purchased from a merchant, itinerant vendor, or peddler.