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H. F. No. 3431

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Valuable<br/>puestState of MinnesotaHOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### NINETY-THIRD SESSION

02/12/2024 Authored by Klevorn and Huot

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on State and Local Government Finance and Policy 04/24/2024 Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

### A bill for an act

relating to state government; specifying administrative courts and work product 12 data; modifying the Administrative Procedure Act; modifying certain salaries of 1.3 employees of the Office of Administrative Hearings; requiring certain grantees to 1.4 establish a capital project replacement fund; making technical changes to 1.5 Department of Administration, Department of Information Technology Services, 1.6 and state personnel management provisions; establishing a state building renewable 1.7 energy, storage, and electric vehicle account; changing a reporting date for report 1.8 of uncollectible debts; requiring reports of cybersecurity incidents; changing 1.9 provisions for campaign practices complaints, cemeteries, certain licensed 1.10 employment, Uniform Commercial Code, and notaries public; designating use of 1.11 certain State Capitol space; modifying provisions for Hennepin County and 1.12 Metropolitan Council; allowing Anoka County to build a jail and criminal justice 1.13 center; assessing penalties; requiring reports; transferring money from the general 1.14 fund to the healthy and sustainable food options account; canceling certain funds; 1.15 appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 14.05, 1.16 1.17 subdivision 7; 14.08; 14.16, subdivision 3; 14.26, subdivision 3a; 14.386; 14.388, subdivision 2; 14.3895, subdivisions 2, 6; 14.48, subdivision 2; 14.62, subdivision 1.18 2a; 15.994; 15A.083, subdivision 6a; 16B.055, subdivision 1; 16B.48, subdivision 1.19 4; 16B.54, subdivision 2; 16B.97, subdivision 1; 16B.98, subdivision 1; 16C.137, 1.20 subdivision 2; 16D.09, subdivision 1; 16E.01, subdivision 2; 16E.03, subdivisions 1.21 3, 4, 5, 7; 16E.04, subdivisions 2, 3; 16E.07; 43A.316, subdivision 5; 211B.33, 1.22 subdivision 2; 211B.34, subdivisions 1, 2; 211B.35, subdivisions 1, 3; 299E.01, 1.23 subdivision 2; 326.10, subdivision 8; 326A.04, subdivision 4; 336.1-110; 358.645, 1.24 subdivision 2; 358.71; 359.01, subdivision 5; 359.03, subdivision 3; 383B.145, 1.25 subdivision 5; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 10.65, subdivision 1.26 2; 16E.01, subdivision 3; 16E.03, subdivision 2; 307.08, subdivision 3a; 473.145; 1.27 1.28 Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, section 11, subdivisions 2, 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 13; 14; 16B; 16E; repealing Minnesota 1.29 Statutes 2022, sections 16E.035; 16E.0465, subdivisions 1, 2; 16E.055; 16E.20; 1.30 127A.095, subdivision 3; 211B.06; 471.9998; Laws 1979, chapter 189, sections 1.31 1; 2, as amended; 3. 1.32

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2.1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLA	ATURE OF THE	STATE OF MINN	ESOTA:
2.2		ARTICLE 1		
2.3	STATE GOVERN	NMENT APPRO	OPRIATIONS	
2.4	Section 1. Laws 2023, chapter 62, art	icle 1. section 11	subdivision 2, is a	mended to read:
	-			
2.5	Subd. 2. Government and Citizen Se	rvices	39,928,000	19,943,000
2.6	The base for this appropriation is \$17,2	68,000		
2.7	in fiscal year 2026 and \$17,280,000 in	fiscal		
2.8	year 2027.			
2.9	Council on Developmental Disabiliti	es.		
2.10	\$222,000 each year is for the Council	on		
2.11	Developmental Disabilities.			
2.12	State Agency Accommodation			
2.13	Reimbursement. \$200,000 each year	may be		
2.14	transferred to the accommodation acco	ount		
2.15	established in Minnesota Statutes, sect	tion		
2.16	16B.4805.			
2.17	<b>Disparity Study.</b> \$500,000 the first ye	ear and		
2.18	\$1,000,000 the second year are to cond	duct a		
2.19	study on disparities in state procuremen	nt. This		
2.20	is a onetime appropriation.			
2.21	Grants Administration Oversight.			
2.22	\$2,411,000 the first year and \$1,782,00	00 the		
2.23	second year are for grants administrati	on		
2.24	oversight. The base for this appropriat	ion in		
2.25	fiscal year 2026 and each year thereaft	er is		
2.26	\$1,581,000.			
2.27	Of this amount, \$735,000 the first year	r and		
2.28	\$201,000 the second year are for a stud	dy to		
2.29	develop a road map on the need for an			
2.30	enterprise grants management system	and to		
2.31	implement the study's recommendation	n. This		
2.32	is a onetime appropriation.			

#### **Risk Management Fund Property** 3.1 Self-Insurance. \$12,500,000 the first year is 3.2 3.3 for transfer to the risk management fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.85. This is a 3.4 onetime appropriation. 3.5 **Office of Enterprise Translations.** 3.6 \$1,306,000 the first year and \$1,159,000 the 3.7 second year are to establish the Office of 3.8 Enterprise Translations. \$250,000 each year 3.9 may be transferred to the language access 3.10 service account established in Minnesota 3.11 Statutes, section 16B.373. 3.12 **Capitol Mall Design Framework** 3.13 Implementation. \$5,000,000 the first year is 3.14 to implement the updated Capitol Mall Design 3.15 Framework, prioritizing the framework plans 3.16 identified in article 2, section 124. This 3.17 appropriation is available until December 31, 3.18 2024. 3.19 **Parking Fund.** \$3,255,000 the first year and 3.20 \$1,085,000 the second year are for a transfer 3.21 to the state parking account to maintain the 3.22 operations of the parking and transit program 3.23 on the Capitol complex. These are onetime 3.24 transfers. 3.25 3.26 **Procurement; Environmental Analysis and** Task Force. \$522,000 the first year and 3.27 \$367,000 the second year are to implement 3.28 the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 3.29 16B.312. 3.30 Center for Rural Policy and Development. 3.31 \$100,000 the first year is for a grant to the 3.32

- 3.33 Center for Rural Policy and Development.
- 3.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2023.

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4.1	Sec. 2. Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, section 11, sub-	division 4, is amende	ed to read:
4.2	Subd. 4. Fiscal Agent	31,121,000	23,833,000
4.3	The base for this appropriation is \$15,833,000		
4.4	in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year		
4.5	thereafter.		
4.6	The appropriations under this section are to		
4.7	the commissioner of administration for the		
4.8	purposes specified.		
4.9	In-Lieu of Rent. \$11,129,000 each year is for		
4.10	space costs of the legislature and veterans		
4.11	organizations, ceremonial space, and		
4.12	statutorily free space.		
4.13	<b>Public Television.</b> (a) \$1,550,000 each year		
4.14	is for matching grants for public television.		
4.15	(b) \$250,000 each year is for public television		
4.16	equipment grants under Minnesota Statutes,		
4.17	section 129D.13.		
4.18	(c) \$500,000 each year is for block grants to		
4.19	public television under Minnesota Statutes,		
4.20	section 129D.13. Of this amount, up to three		
4.21	percent is for the commissioner of		
4.22	administration to administer the grants. This		
4.23	is a onetime appropriation.		
4.24	(d) The commissioner of administration must		
4.25	consider the recommendations of the		
4.26	Minnesota Public Television Association		
4.27	before allocating the amounts appropriated in		
4.28	paragraphs (a) and (b) for equipment or		
4.29	matching grants.		
4.30	Public Radio. (a) \$2,392,000 the first year		
4.31	and \$1,242,000 the second year are for		

- 4.32 community service grants to public
- 4.33 educational radio stations. This appropriation

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may be used to disseminate emergency	
information in foreign languages. Any	
unencumbered balance does not cancel	at the
end of the first year and is available for	the
second year. The association of Minnes	sota
Public Educational Radio Stations may	use up

to four percent of this appropriation to help 5.7

- 5.8 the organization and its member stations to
- better serve Minnesota's communities. 5.9
- (b) \$142,000 each year is for equipment grants 5.10
- to public educational radio stations. This 5.11
- appropriation may be used for the repair, 5.12
- rental, and purchase of equipment including 5.13
- equipment under \$500. 5.14
- (c) \$850,000 the first year is for grants to the 5.15
- Association of Minnesota Public Educational 5.16
- Radio Stations for the purchase of emergency 5.17
- equipment and increased cybersecurity and 5.18
- broadcast technology. The Association of 5.19
- Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations 5.20
- may use up to four percent of this 5.21
- appropriation for costs that are directly related 5.22
- to and necessary for the administration of these 5.23
- grants to help the organization and its member 5.24
- stations to enhance cybersecurity, broadcast 5.25
- technology, and emergency services. 5.26
- (d) \$1,288,000 the first year is for a grant to 5.27
- the Association of Minnesota Public 5.28
- 5.29 Educational Radio Stations to provide a
- diverse community radio news service. Of this 5.30
- amount, up to \$38,000 is for the commissioner 5.31
- of administration to administer this grant. This 5.32
- is a onetime appropriation and is available 5.33
- until June 30, 2027. 5.34

- (e) \$1,020,000 each year is for equipment 6.1 grants to Minnesota Public Radio, Inc., 6.2 including upgrades to Minnesota's Emergency 6.3 Alert and AMBER Alert Systems. 6.4 (f) The appropriations in paragraphs (a) to (e) 6.5 may not be used for indirect costs claimed by 6.6 an institution or governing body. 6.7 (g) The commissioner of administration must 6.8 consider the recommendations of the 6.9 6.10 Association of Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations before awarding grants under 6.11 Minnesota Statutes, section 129D.14, using 6.12 the appropriations in paragraphs (a) to (c). No 6.13 grantee is eligible for a grant unless they are 6.14 a member of the Association of Minnesota 6.15 Public Educational Radio Stations on or before 6.16 July 1, 2023. 6.17 (h) Any unencumbered balance remaining the 6.18 first year for grants to public television or 6.19 public radio stations does not cancel and is 6.20 available for the second year. 6.21 **Real Estate and Construction Services.** 6.22 \$12,000,000 the first year and \$8,000,000 the 6.23 second year are to facilitate space 6.24 consolidation and the transition to a hybrid 6.25 6.26 work environment, including but not limited to the design, remodel, equipping, and 6.27 furnishing of the space. This appropriation 6.28 may also be used for relocation and rent loss. 6.29 This is a onetime appropriation and is 6.30 available until June 30, 2027. 6.31

# 6.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2023.

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7.1	Sec. 3. CAPITOL AREA COMMUNITY VITALITY ACCOUNT.
7.2	(a) Consistent with the program and oversight plan approved by the Capitol Area
7.3	Architectural and Planning Board, the commissioner of administration must expend money
7.4	from the Capitol Area community vitality account as follows:
7.5	(1) \$4,800,000 must be for a grant to the city of St. Paul, Department of Planning and
7.6	Economic Development. The city must use this amount to make subgrants through the
7.7	community vitality grant program, and to support the Community Voices Initiative. The
7.8	city may retain amounts for grants administration and oversight, up to the maximum permitted
7.9	to be retained by a state agency under Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.98, subdivision 14;
7.10	and
7.11	(2) \$200,000 must be transferred to the Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board
7.12	for Community Navigators, and for startup and other costs to facilitate implementation of
7.13	the community vitality grant program and the Community Voices Initiative.
7.14	(b) Minnesota Statutes, sections 16B.97 to 16B.991, do not apply to a grant required by
7.15	this section.
7.16	(c) This section constitutes approval by law for the expenditure of funds from the Capitol
7.17	Area community vitality account, as required by Laws 2023, chapter 53, article 17, section
7.18	<u>2.</u>
7.19	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
7.20	Sec. 4. APPROPRIATION; COMMISSIONER OF ADMINISTRATION; IN LIEU
7.21	OF RENT.
7.22	\$43,000 in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
7.23	of administration for space costs incurred in fiscal years 2025, 2026, and 2027 by tenants
7.24	that provide public-facing professional services on the Capitol complex. The commissioner
7.25	of administration must designate one publicly accessible space on the complex for which
7.26	this appropriation may be used. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June
7.27	<u>30, 2027.</u>
7.28	Sec. 5. <u>HEALTHY AND SUSTAINABLE FOOD OPTIONS ACCOUNT; TRANSFER.</u>
7.29	(a) A healthy and sustainable food options account is established as an account in the
7.30	special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of
7.31	administration for the purpose of enhancing and sustaining access to healthy food alternatives
7.32	on the State Capitol complex, in locations designated by the commissioner.

Article 1 Sec. 5.

8.1 (b) \$500,000 in fiscal year 2025 is transferred from the general fund to the healthy and
 8.2 sustainable food options account. This is a onetime transfer.

# 8.3 Sec. 6. GREEN SPACE; CAPITOL PARKING LOT C.

- 8.4 \$445,000 in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
- 8.5 of administration to design, construct, and equip additional green space, along with work
- 8.6 needed to facilitate circulation and to add accessible parking stalls, on the site of Parking
- 8.7 Lot C on the State Capitol complex. In addition to this amount, the commissioner may
- 8.8 <u>utilize for this purpose any funds remaining from the appropriation made by Laws 2023,</u>
- 8.9 <u>chapter 71, section 6, subdivision 3, after the project authorized by that subdivision is</u>
- 8.10 <u>complete.</u>

# 8.11 Sec. 7. APPROPRIATION; HUBERT H. HUMPHREY STATUE.

- 8.12 \$300,000 in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
- 8.13 of administration to replace the statue of Henry Mower Rice in the Statuary Hall in the
- 8.14 United States Capitol with a statue of Hubert H. Humphrey. This appropriation includes
- 8.15 money for the removal and transportation of the Henry Mower Rice statue to the Minnesota
- 8.16 State Historical Society, to contract with the Koh-Varilla Guild, Inc., to replicate, with any
- 8.17 modifications needed to meet requirements for placement, the Hubert H. Humphrey statue
- that currently stands on the mall of the Minnesota State Capitol, and the erection of the new
- 8.19 Hubert H. Humphrey statue in the Statuary Hall in the United States Capitol, including the
- 8.20 necessary base. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until December 31, 2026.
- 8.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

# 8.22 Sec. 8. CANCELLATION; APPROPRIATION; CAPITOL MALL DESIGN

# 8.23 **FRAMEWORK.**

- 8.24 Subdivision 1. **Cancellation.** \$4,950,000 of the general fund appropriation in Laws
- 8.25 <u>2023, chapter 62, article 1, section 11, subdivision 2, for implementation of the Capitol Mall</u>
  8.26 Design Framework is canceled to the general fund by June 30, 2024.
- 8.27 Subd. 2. Appropriation. (a) \$6,162,000 in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the

8.28 general fund to the commissioner of administration to design, construct, install, and equip

- 8.29 the elements outlined in the authorizing legislation for the Capitol Mall Design Framework,
- 8.30 as follows:
- 8.31 (1) landscaping, trees, benches, lighting, security, and irrigation on the upper mall, the
  8.32 northern border of the lower mall with Martin Luther King, Jr. Boulevard, and in the medians

9.1	of John Ireland Boulevard between the intersection of Rice Street and Martin Luther King,
9.2	Jr. Boulevard, and Cedar Street between the intersection of 12th Street and Martin Luther
9.3	King Jr., Boulevard; and
9.4	(2) visual markers and welcome information for the Capitol campus, appropriately spaced
9.5	for wayfinding of the major streets on the Capitol campus, anchoring a pathway to the State
9.6	Capitol Building and Capitol Mall that features interpretive markers honoring the importance
9.7	and stature of the Capitol campus as both a historic site and as a modern, active public
9.8	gathering place for all visitors.
9.9	(b) Upon completion of the work identified in paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), any
9.10	remaining balance of funds may be utilized to paint the Administration Building parking
9.11	ramp and install new grates.
9.12	(c) This is a onetime appropriation and is available until December 31, 2029.
9.13	ARTICLE 2
9.14	STATE GOVERNMENT POLICY
9.15	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 10.65, subdivision 2, is amended
9.16	to read:
9.17	Subd. 2. Definitions. As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings
9.18	given:
9.19	(1) "agency" means the Department of Administration; Department of Agriculture;
9.20	Department of Children, Youth, and Families; Department of Commerce; Department of
9.21	Corrections; Department of Education; Department of Employment and Economic
9.22	Development; Department of Health; Office of Higher Education; Housing Finance Agency;
9.23	Department of Human Rights; Department of Human Services; Department of Information
9.24	Technology Services; Department of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation; Department
9.25	of Labor and Industry; Minnesota Management and Budget; Bureau of Mediation Services;
9.26	Department of Military Affairs; Metropolitan Council; Department of Natural Resources;
9.27	Pollution Control Agency; Department of Public Safety; Department of Revenue; Department
9.28	of Transportation; Department of Veterans Affairs; Gambling Control Board; Racing
9.29	Commission; the Minnesota Lottery; the Animal Health Board; the Minnesota Board on
9.30	Aging; the Public Utilities Commission; and the Board of Water and Soil Resources;
9.31	(2) "consultation" means the direct and interactive involvement of the Minnesota Tribal
9.32	governments in the development of policy on matters that have Tribal implications.

9.33 Consultation is the proactive, affirmative process of identifying and seeking input from

appropriate Tribal governments and considering their interest as a necessary and integral 10.1 part of the decision-making process. This definition adds to statutorily mandated notification 10.2 10.3 procedures. During a consultation, the burden is on the agency to show that it has made a good faith effort to elicit feedback. Consultation is a formal engagement between agency 10.4 officials and the governing body or bodies of an individual Minnesota Tribal government 10.5 that the agency or an individual Tribal government may initiate. Formal meetings or 10.6 communication between top agency officials and the governing body of a Minnesota Tribal 10.7 10.8 government is a necessary element of consultation;

(3) "matters that have Tribal implications" means rules, legislative proposals, policy
statements, or other actions that have substantial direct effects on one or more Minnesota
Tribal governments, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the state
and Minnesota Tribal governments;

(4) "Minnesota Tribal governments" means the federally recognized Indian Tribes located
in Minnesota including: Bois Forte Band; Fond Du Lac Band; Grand Portage Band; Leech
Lake Band; Mille Lacs Band; White Earth Band; Red Lake Nation; Lower Sioux Indian
Community; Prairie Island Indian Community; Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community;
and Upper Sioux Community; and

(5) "timely and meaningful" means done or occurring at a favorable or useful time that
allows the result of consultation to be included in the agency's decision-making process for
a matter that has Tribal implications.

#### 10.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024.

10.22 Sec. 2. [13.95] ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS.

# 10.23 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the terms have the meanings 10.24 given.

# (b) "Administrative courts" means the Office of Administrative Hearings, Tax Court, and Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals.

- 10.27 (c) "Court services" include hearings, settlement conferences, mediation, and the writing
   10.28 of decisions and orders.
- 10.29 (d) "Health-related documents and data" means records, reports, or affidavits created
- 10.30 by medical, health care, or scientific professionals that relate to the past, present, or future
- 10.31 physical or mental health or condition of an individual, including but not limited to medical
- 10.32 history, examinations, diagnoses and treatment, prepetition screening reports, or
- 10.33 court-appointed examiner reports.

- 11.1 Subd. 2. Judicial work product. All notes and memoranda or drafts thereof prepared
- 11.2 by a judge or employee of an administrative court and used in providing a court service are
- 11.3 <u>confidential or protected nonpublic data.</u>
- 11.4 Subd. 3. Health-related documents and data. Health-related documents and data
  11.5 included in a court file are private data on individuals.

11.6 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.05, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Electronic documents permitted. An agency may must file rule-related
documents with the Office of Administrative Hearings by electronic transmission in the
manner approved by that office and. An agency may file rule-related documents with the
Office of the Revisor of Statutes by electronic transmission in the manner approved by that
office.

11.12 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.08, is amended to read:

# 11.13 **14.08 APPROVAL OF RULE AND RULE FORM; COSTS.**

(a) One copy of a rule adopted under section 14.26 must be submitted by the agency to 11.14 the chief administrative law judge. The chief administrative law judge shall request from 11.15 11.16 the revisor certified copies of the rule when it is submitted by the agency under section 14.26. Within five working days after the request for certification of the rule is received by 11.17 the revisor, excluding weekends and holidays, the revisor shall either return the rule with 11.18 a certificate of approval of the form of the rule to the chief administrative law judge or 11.19 notify the chief administrative law judge and the agency that the form of the rule will not 11.20 be approved. 11.21

If the chief administrative law judge disapproves a rule, the agency may modify it and
the agency shall submit one copy of the modified rule, approved as to form by the revisor,
to the chief administrative law judge.

(b) One copy of a rule adopted after a public hearing must be submitted by the agency
to the chief administrative law judge. The chief administrative law judge shall request from
the revisor certified copies of the rule when it is submitted by the agency. Within five
working days after receipt of the request, the revisor shall either return the rule with a
certificate of approval to the chief administrative law judge or notify the chief administrative
law judge and the agency that the form of the rule will not be approved.

(c) If the revisor refuses to approve the form of the rule, the revisor's notice must revisethe rule so it is in the correct form.

(d) After the agency has notified the chief administrative law judge that it has adopted
the rule, the chief administrative law judge shall promptly file four paper copies or an
electronic copy of the adopted rule in the Office of the Secretary of State. The secretary of
state shall forward one copy of each rule filed to the agency, to the revisor of statutes, and
to the governor.

(e) The chief administrative law judge shall assess an agency for the actual cost of
processing rules under this section. Each agency shall include in its budget money to pay
the assessments. Receipts from the assessment must be deposited in the administrative
hearings account established in section 14.54.

12.10 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.16, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Filing. After the agency has provided the chief administrative law judge with
a signed order adopting the rule, the chief administrative law judge shall promptly file four
paper copies or an electronic copy of the adopted rule in the Office of the Secretary of State.
The secretary of state shall forward one copy of each rule filed to the agency, to the revisor
of statutes, and to the governor.

12.16 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.26, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. Filing. If the rule is approved, the administrative law judge shall promptly
file four paper copies or an electronic copy of the adopted rule in the Office of the Secretary
of State. The secretary of state shall forward one copy of each rule to the revisor of statutes,
to the agency, and to the governor.

12.21 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.386, is amended to read:

12.22 **14.386 PROCEDURE FOR ADOPTING EXEMPT RULES; DURATION.** 

(a) A rule adopted, amended, or repealed by an agency, under a statute enacted after
January 1, 1997, authorizing or requiring rules to be adopted but excluded from the
rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 or from the definition of a rule, has the force and effect
of law only if:

12.27 (1) the revisor of statutes approves the form of the rule by certificate;

(2) the person authorized to adopt the rule on behalf of the agency signs an order adoptingthe rule;

(3) the Office of Administrative Hearings approves the rule as to its legality within 14
days after the agency submits it for approval and files four paper copies or an electronic

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13.1 copy of the adopted rule with the revisor's certificate in the Office of the Secretary of State;13.2 and

13.3 (4) a copy is published by the agency in the State Register.

13.4 The secretary of state shall forward one copy of the rule to the governor.

A statute enacted after January 1, 1997, authorizing or requiring rules to be adopted but
excluded from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 or from the definition of a rule does
not excuse compliance with this section unless it makes specific reference to this section.

(b) A rule adopted under this section is effective for a period of two years from the date
of publication of the rule in the State Register. The authority for the rule expires at the end
of this two-year period.

(c) The chief administrative law judge shall adopt rules relating to the rule approval
duties imposed by this section and section 14.388, including rules establishing standards
for review.

13.14 (d) This section does not apply to:

(1) any group or rule listed in section 14.03, subdivisions 1 and 3, except as otherwise
provided by law;

13.17 (2) game and fish rules of the commissioner of natural resources adopted under section
13.18 84.027, subdivision 13, or sections 97A.0451 to 97A.0459;

(3) experimental and special management waters designated by the commissioner ofnatural resources under sections 97C.001 and 97C.005;

(4) game refuges designated by the commissioner of natural resources under section97A.085; or

(5) transaction fees established by the commissioner of natural resources for electronic
or telephone sales of licenses, stamps, permits, registrations, or transfers under section
84.027, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3).

(e) If a statute provides that a rule is exempt from chapter 14, and section 14.386 does
not apply to the rule, the rule has the force of law unless the context of the statute delegating
the rulemaking authority makes clear that the rule does not have force of law.

13.29 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.388, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

13.30 Subd. 2. Notice. An agency proposing to adopt, amend, or repeal a rule under this section

13.31 must give electronic notice of its intent in accordance with section 16E.07, subdivision 3,

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and notice by United States mail or electronic mail to persons who have registered their 14.1 names with the agency under section 14.14, subdivision 1a. The notice must be given no 14.2 later than the date the agency submits the proposed rule to the Office of Administrative 14.3 Hearings for review of its legality and must include: 14.4

(1) the proposed rule, amendment, or repeal; 14.5

(2) an explanation of why the rule meets the requirements of the good cause exemption 14.6 under subdivision 1; and 14.7

(3) a statement that interested parties have five business working days after the date of 14.8 the notice to submit comments to the Office of Administrative Hearings. 14.9

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.3895, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 14.10

Subd. 2. Notice plan; prior approval. The agency shall draft a notice plan under which 14.11 the agency will make reasonable efforts to notify persons or classes of persons who may 14.12 be significantly affected by the rule repeal by giving notice of its intention in newsletters, 14.13 newspapers, or other publications, or through other means of communication. Before 14.14 publishing the notice in the State Register and implementing the notice plan, the agency 14.15 shall obtain prior approval of the notice plan by the chief administrative law judge an 14.16 administrative law judge in the Office of Administrative Hearings. 14.17

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.3895, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 14.18

Subd. 6. Legal review. Before publication of the final rule in the State Register, the 14.19 agency shall submit the rule to the chief administrative law judge in the Office of 14.20 Administrative Hearings. The chief administrative law judge shall within 14 days approve 14.21 or disapprove the rule as to its legality and its form to the extent the form relates to legality. 14.22

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.48, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 14.23

Subd. 2. Chief administrative law judge. (a) The office shall be under the direction of 14.24 a chief administrative law judge who shall be learned in the law and appointed by the 14.25 governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, for a term ending on June 30 of the 14.26 sixth calendar year after appointment. Senate confirmation of the chief administrative law 14.27 14.28 judge shall be as provided by section 15.066.

(b) The chief administrative law judge may hear cases and, in accordance with chapter 14.29 14.30 43A, shall appoint a deputy chief judge and additional administrative law judges and

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compensation judges to serve in the office as necessary to fulfill the duties of the Office of 15.1 Administrative Hearings. 15.2 15.3 (c) The chief administrative law judge may delegate to a subordinate employee the exercise of a specified statutory power or duty as deemed advisable, subject to the control 15.4 of the chief administrative law judge. Every delegation must be by written order filed with 15.5 the secretary of state. The chief administrative law judge is subject to the provisions of the 15.6 Minnesota Constitution, article VI, section 6, the jurisdiction of the Board on Judicial 15.7 Standards, and the provisions of the Code of Judicial Conduct. 15.8 (d) If a vacancy in the position of chief administrative law judge occurs, an acting or 15.9 15.10 temporary chief administrative law judge must be named as follows: (1) at the end of the term of a chief administrative law judge, the incumbent chief 15.11 administrative law judge may, at the discretion of the appointing authority, serve as acting 15.12 chief administrative law judge until a successor is appointed; and 15.13 (2) if at the end of a term of a chief administrative law judge the incumbent chief 15.14 administrative law judge is not designated as acting chief administrative law judge, or if a 15.15 vacancy occurs in the position of chief administrative law judge, the deputy chief judge 15.16

15.17 shall immediately become temporary chief administrative law judge without further official
15.18 action.

(e) The appointing authority of the chief administrative law judge may appoint a person
 other than the deputy chief judge to serve as temporary chief administrative law judge and
 may replace any other acting or temporary chief administrative law judge designated pursuant
 to paragraph (d), clause (1) or (2).

15.23 Sec. 12. [14.525] INTERPRETERS.

15.24The chief administrative law judge may enter contracts with interpreters identified by15.25the Supreme Court through the Court Interpreter Program. Interpreters may be utilized as15.26the chief administrative law judge directs. These contracts are not subject to the requirements15.27of chapters 16B and 16C.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 14.62, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
Subd. 2a. Administrative law judge decision final; exception. Unless otherwise
provided by law, the report or order of the administrative law judge constitutes the final
decision in the case unless the agency modifies or rejects it under subdivision 1 within 90
days after the record of the proceeding closes under section 14.61. When the agency fails

to act within 90 days on a licensing case, the agency must return the record of the proceeding 16.1 to the administrative law judge for consideration of disciplinary action. In all contested 16.2 cases where the report or order of the administrative law judge constitutes the final decision 16.3 in the case, the administrative law judge shall issue findings of fact, conclusions, and an 16.4 order within 90 days after the hearing record closes under section 14.61. Upon a showing 16.5 of good cause by a party or the agency, the chief administrative law judge may order a 16.6 reasonable extension of either of the two 90-day deadlines specified in this subdivision. 16.7 16.8 The 90-day deadline will be tolled while the chief administrative law judge considers a request for reasonable extension so long as the request was filed and served within the 16.9

16.10 applicable 90-day period.

16.11 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.994, is amended to read:

#### 16.12 **15.994 INTERNET GRANT INFORMATION.**

A state agency with an Internet site must provide information on grants available through
the agency and must provide a link to any grant application under section 16E.20.

16.15 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.083, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:

16.16 Subd. 6a. Administrative law judge; salaries. The salary of the chief administrative 16.17 law judge is 98.52 percent of the salary of a chief district court judge. The salaries of the 16.18 assistant chief administrative law judge and administrative law judge supervisors deputy 16.19 chief judge and judge supervisors employed by the Office of Administrative Hearings are 16.20 100 percent of the salary of a district court judge. The salary of an administrative law judge 16.21 employed by the Office of Administrative Hearings is 98.52 percent of the salary of a district 16.22 court judge as set under section 15A.082, subdivision 3.

16.23 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.055, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Federal Assistive Technology Act. (a) The Department of Administration
is designated as the lead agency to carry out all the responsibilities under the <u>21st Century</u>
Assistive Technology Act of 1998, as provided by Public Law 108-364, as amended <u>117-81</u>.
The Minnesota Assistive Technology Advisory Council is established to fulfill the
responsibilities required by the Assistive Technology Act, as provided by Public Law
108-364, as amended <u>117-81</u>. Because the existence of this council is required by federal
law, this council does not expire.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the governor shall appoint the membership of
 the council as required by the <u>21st Century</u> Assistive Technology Act of 1998, as provided

17.1	by Public Law 108-364, as amended 117-81. After the governor has completed the
17.2	appointments required by this subdivision, the commissioner of administration, or the
17.3	commissioner's designee, shall convene the first meeting of the council following the
17.4	appointments. Members shall serve two-year terms commencing July 1 of each odd-numbered
17.5	year, and receive the compensation specified by the 21st Century Assistive Technology Act
17.6	of 1998, as provided by Public Law 108-364, as amended 117-81. The members of the
17.7	council shall select their chair at the first meeting following their appointment.
17.8	(c) After consulting with the appropriate commissioner, the commissioner of
17.9	administration shall appoint a representative from:
17.10	(1) State Services for the Blind who has assistive technology expertise;
17.11	(2) vocational rehabilitation services who has assistive technology expertise;
17.12	(3) the Workforce Development Board; <del>and</del>
17.13	(4) the Department of Education who has assistive technology expertise.; and
17.14	(5) the Board on Aging.
17.15	Sec. 17. [16B.336] CAPITAL PROJECT REPLACEMENT ACCOUNTS.
17.16	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
17.17	the meanings given.
17.18	(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of administration.
17.19	(c) "Preservation" means improvements and betterments of a capital nature consistent
17.20	with those described in section 16B.307, subdivision 1, paragraph (d).
17.21	Subd. 2. Replacement account establishment. (a) A grantee that receives a direct
17.22	appropriation or grant from an appropriation of state money for a capital project subject to
17.23	section 16A.642, 16A.695, or 16A.86 must establish a capital project replacement fund for
17.24	major rehabilitation, expansion, replacement, or preservation of the capital project once the
17.25	project has reached its useful life, or another use as permitted under this section. Money
17.26	must remain in the account for the useful life of the capital project, as determined by the
17.27	grant agreement with the granting state agency, unless use of the fund is approved in writing
17.28	by the granting state agency for major rehabilitation, expansion, replacement, or preservation
17.29	of the capital project funded with state money, or to address a capital project for a different
17.30	capital asset owned by the grantee.

 <sup>17.31 (</sup>b) A grantee must adopt a capital project replacement policy that specifies the following
 17.32 for the capital project replacement fund:

18.1	(1) the risks to be mitigated or managed by the fund;
18.2	(2) the intended use of the replacement fund, including but not limited to how the fund
18.3	will be used for major rehabilitation, expansion, replacement, or preservation of the capital
18.4	project; and
18.5	(3) criteria for the use of the fund to address other capital improvement needs of the
18.6	grantee, including safety and security, maintenance and utility costs, availability of repair
18.7	parts and materials, sustainability, and any other criteria the grantee deems relevant.
18.8	(c) For the purposes of this section, "grantee" does not include a state agency, state
18.9	official, the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota, or the Board of Trustees of
18.10	the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities.
18.11	Subd. 3. Minimum deposits; fund balance. (a) The commissioner must determine the
18.12	annual minimum deposit amounts into capital project replacement funds by capital project
18.13	type. The commissioner must take into account depreciation, construction cost inflation,
18.14	and other relevant factors when determining the minimum deposit amounts.
18.15	(b) A grantee must not be required to maintain a capital project replacement fund balance
18.16	greater than the amount of the direct appropriation or grant from an appropriation of state
18.17	money for the capital project.
18.18	Subd. 4. Account auditing. The state auditor may audit capital project replacement
18.19	accounts as part of the regular audits of local governments.
18.20	Subd. 5. Exceptions. Capital projects that already require a replacement fund under
18.21	section 446A.072, subdivision 12, or any other law, rule, or ordinance, are exempt from the
18.22	requirements under this section, so long as the deposits into the replacement fund are at
18.23	least as large as the minimum deposits established by the commissioner under subdivision
18.24	<u>3.</u>
18.25	Subd. 6. Penalty. Failure of a grantee to comply with the requirements of this section
18.26	shall result in the granting state agency assessing a penalty fee to the grantee equal to one
18.27	percent of the appropriation of state money for the capital project for each year of
18.28	noncompliance. Penalty fees shall be remitted by the granting state agency to the
18.29	commissioner of management and budget for deposit into the general fund.
18.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for capital projects funded through state
18.31	capital project grant agreements entered into on or after July 1, 2024.

19.1 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.48, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Reimbursements. (a) Except as specifically provided otherwise by law, each
agency shall reimburse the general services revolving funds for the cost of all services,
supplies, materials, labor, and depreciation of equipment, including reasonable overhead
costs, which the commissioner is authorized and directed to furnish an agency. The cost of
all publications or other materials produced by the commissioner and financed from the
general services revolving fund must include reasonable overhead costs.

(b) The commissioner of administration shall report the rates to be charged for the general
services revolving funds no later than July 1 September 15 each year to the chair of the
committee or division in the senate and house of representatives with primary jurisdiction
over the budget of the Department of Administration.

(c) The commissioner of management and budget shall make appropriate transfers to 19.12 the revolving funds described in this section when requested by the commissioner of 19.13 administration. The commissioner of administration may make allotments, encumbrances, 19.14 and, with the approval of the commissioner of management and budget, disbursements in 19.15 anticipation of such transfers. In addition, the commissioner of administration, with the 19.16 approval of the commissioner of management and budget, may require an agency to make 19.17 advance payments to the revolving funds in this section sufficient to cover the agency's 19.18 estimated obligation for a period of at least 60 days. 19.19

(d) All reimbursements and other money received by the commissioner of administration
under this section must be deposited in the appropriate revolving fund. Any earnings
remaining in the fund established to account for the documents service prescribed by section
16B.51 at the end of each fiscal year not otherwise needed for present or future operations,
as determined by the commissioners of administration and management and budget, must
be transferred to the general fund.

19.26 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.54, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

19.27 Subd. 2. Vehicles. (a) The commissioner may direct an agency to make a transfer of a 19.28 passenger motor vehicle or truck currently assigned to it. The transfer must be made to the 19.29 commissioner for use in the enterprise fleet. The commissioner shall reimburse an agency 19.30 whose motor vehicles have been paid for with funds dedicated by the constitution for a 19.31 special purpose and which are assigned to the enterprise fleet. The amount of reimbursement 19.32 for a motor vehicle is its average wholesale price as determined from the midwest edition 19.33 of the National Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.

(b) To the extent that funds are available for the purpose, the commissioner may purchase
or otherwise acquire additional passenger motor vehicles and trucks necessary for the
enterprise fleet. The title to all motor vehicles assigned to or purchased or acquired for the
enterprise fleet is in the name of the Department of Administration.

(c) On the request of an agency, the commissioner may transfer to the enterprise fleet
any passenger motor vehicle or truck for the purpose of disposing of it. The department or
agency transferring the vehicle or truck must be paid for it from the motor pool revolving
account established by this section in an amount equal to two-thirds of the average wholesale
price of the vehicle or truck as determined from the midwest edition of the National
Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.

(d) The commissioner shall provide for the uniform marking of all motor vehicles. Motor
vehicle colors must be selected from the regular color chart provided by the manufacturer
each year. The commissioner may further provide for the use of motor vehicles without
marking by:

20.15 (1) the governor;

20.16 (2) the lieutenant governor;

20.17 (3) the Division of Criminal Apprehension, the Division of Alcohol and Gambling
20.18 Enforcement, and arson investigators of the Division of Fire Marshal in the Department of
20.19 Public Safety;

20.20 (4) the Financial Institutions Division and investigative staff of the Department of20.21 Commerce;

20.22 (5) the Division of Disease Prevention and Control of the Department of Health;

20.23 (6) the State Lottery;

20.24 (7) criminal investigators of the Department of Revenue;

20.25 (8) state-owned community service facilities in the Department of Human Services;

- 20.26 (9) the Office of the Attorney General;
- 20.27 (10) the investigative staff of the Gambling Control Board; and
- 20.28 (11) the Department of Corrections inmate community work crew program under section

20.29 352.91, subdivision 3g; and

- 20.30 (12) the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care staff.
- 20.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

21.1	Sec. 20. [16B.851] STATE BUILDING RENEWABLE ENERGY; STORAGE;
21.2	ELECTRIC VEHICLE ACCOUNT.
21.3	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
21.4	the meanings given.
21.5	(b) "Energy storage" means the predesign, design, acquisition, construction, or installation
21.6	of technology which stores and delivers electric or thermal energy.
21.7	(c) "EVSE" means electric vehicle service equipment, including charging equipment
21.8	and associated infrastructure and site upgrades.
21.9	(d) "Renewable energy" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision 1,
21.10	paragraph (c), and the same sources in thermal energy.
21.11	(e) "Renewable energy improvement" means the predesign, design, acquisition,
21.12	construction, or installation of a renewable energy production system or energy storage
21.13	equipment or system, and associated infrastructure and facilities that are designed to result
21.14	in a demand-side net reduction in energy use by the state building's electrical, heating,
21.15	ventilating, air-conditioning, and hot water systems.
21.16	(f) "State agency" has the definition given in section 13.02, subdivision 17, or designated
21.17	definition given in section 15.01 and includes the Office of Higher Education, Housing
21.18	Finance Agency, Pollution Control Agency, Metropolitan Council, and Bureau of Mediation
21.19	Services. State agency includes the agencies, boards, commissions, committees, councils,
21.20	and authorities designated in section 15.012.
21.21	(g) "State building" means a building or facility owned by the state of Minnesota.
21.22	Subd. 2. Account established. A state building renewable energy, storage, and electric
21.23	vehicle account is established in the special revenue fund to provide funds to state agencies
21.24	<u>to:</u>
21.25	(1) design, construct, and equip renewable energy improvement and renewable energy
21.26	storage projects at state buildings;
21.27	(2) purchase state fleet electric vehicles in accordance with section 16C.135;
21.28	(3) purchase and install EVSE and related infrastructure; and
21.29	(4) carry out management projects by the commissioner.
21.30	Subd. 3. Account management. The commissioner shall manage and administer the
21.31	state building renewable energy, storage, and electric vehicle account.

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22.1	Subd. 4. Accepting funds. (a) The commissioner shall make an application to the federal
22.2	government on behalf of the state of Minnesota for all state projects eligible for elective
22.3	payments under sections 6417 and 6418 of the Internal Revenue Code, as added by Public
22.4	Law 117-169, 136 Statute 1818, the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022.
22.5	(b) The commissioner may apply for, receive, and expend money made available from
22.6	federal, state, or other sources for the purposes of carrying out the duties in this section.
22.7	(c) Notwithstanding section 16A.72, all funds received under this subdivision are
22.8	deposited into the state building renewable energy, storage, and electric vehicle account
22.9	and appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes of subdivision 2 and as permitted
22.10	under this section.
22.11	(d) Money in the state building renewable energy, storage, and electric vehicle account
22.12	does not cancel and is available until expended.
22.13	Subd. 5. Applications. A state agency applying for state building renewable energy,
22.14	storage, EVSE, and electric fleet vehicle funds must submit an application to the
22.15	commissioner on a form, in the manner, and at the time prescribed by the commissioner.
22.16	Subd. 6. Treatment of certain payments received from federal government. (a)
22.17	Federal payments received for eligible renewable energy improvement and storage projects
22.18	and EVSE projects made with appropriations from general obligation bonds may be
22.19	transferred to the state bond fund if consistent with federal treasury regulations.
22.20	(b) Federal payments received for eligible electric fleet vehicle purchases by the
22.21	Department of Administration's fleet division must be transferred to the motor pool revolving
22.22	account established in section 16B.54, subdivision 8.
22.23	(c) Federal payments received for eligible electric fleet vehicle purchases made directly
22.24	by a state agency shall be transferred to the fund from which the purchase was made.
22.25	(d) When obligated to fulfill financing agreements, federal payments received for eligible
22.26	renewable energy improvements shall be transferred to the appropriate agency.
22.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
22.28	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.97, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
22.29	Subdivision 1. Grant agreement. (a) A grant agreement is a written instrument or
22.30	electronic document defining a legal relationship between a granting agency and a grantee
22.31	when the principal purpose of the relationship is to transfer cash or something of value to
22.32	the recipient to support a public purpose authorized by law instead of acquiring by

professional or technical contract, purchase, lease, or barter property or services for thedirect benefit or use of the granting agency.

(b) This section does not apply to general obligation grants as defined by section 16A.695
 and, capital project grants to political subdivisions as defined by section 16A.86, or capital
 project grants otherwise subject to section 16A.642.

23.6 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.98, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

23.7 Subdivision 1. Limitation. (a) As a condition of receiving a grant from an appropriation 23.8 of state funds, the recipient of the grant must agree to minimize administrative costs. The 23.9 granting agency is responsible for negotiating appropriate limits to these costs so that the 23.10 state derives the optimum benefit for grant funding.

(b) This section does not apply to general obligation grants as defined by section 16A.695
 and also, capital project grants to political subdivisions as defined by section 16A.86, or
 capital project grants otherwise subject to section 16A.642.

23.14 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16C.137, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Report. (a) The commissioner of administration, in collaboration with the 23.15 commissioners of the Pollution Control Agency, the Departments of Agriculture, Commerce, 23.16 Natural Resources, and Transportation, and other state departments, must evaluate the goals 23.17 and directives established in this section and report include their findings to the governor 23.18 and the appropriate committees of the legislature by February 1 of each odd-numbered year 23.19 in the public dashboard under section 16B.372. In the report public dashboard, the 23.20 commissioner must make recommendations for new or adjusted goals, directives, or 23.21 legislative initiatives, in light of the progress the state has made implementing this section 23.22 and the availability of new or improved technologies. 23.23

(b) The Department of Administration shall implement a fleet reporting and information
management system. Each department will use this management system to demonstrate its
progress in complying with this section.

23.27 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16D.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Generally. (a) When a debt is determined by a state agency to be
uncollectible, the debt may be written off by the state agency from the state agency's financial
accounting records and no longer recognized as an account receivable for financial reporting
purposes. A debt is considered to be uncollectible when (1) all reasonable collection efforts
have been exhausted, (2) the cost of further collection action will exceed the amount

recoverable, (3) the debt is legally without merit or cannot be substantiated by evidence,
(4) the debtor cannot be located, (5) the available assets or income, current or anticipated,
that may be available for payment of the debt are insufficient, (6) the debt has been
discharged in bankruptcy, (7) the applicable statute of limitations for collection of the debt
has expired, or (8) it is not in the public interest to pursue collection of the debt.

(b) Uncollectible debt must be reported by the state agency as part of its quarterly reports 24.6 to the commissioner of management and budget. The basis for the determination of the 24.7 24.8 uncollectibility of the debt must be maintained by the state agency. If an uncollectible debt equals or exceeds \$100,000, the agency shall notify the chairs and ranking minority members 24.9 of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the state agency's budget at the time the 24.10 debt is determined to be uncollectible. The information reported shall contain the entity 24.11 associated with the uncollected debt, the amount of the debt, the revenue type, the reason 24.12 the debt is considered uncollectible, and the duration the debt has been outstanding. The 24.13 commissioner of management and budget shall report to the chairs and ranking minority 24.14 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over Minnesota Management and 24.15 Budget an annual summary of the number and dollar amount of debts determined to be 24.16 uncollectible during the previous fiscal year by October 31 November 30 of each year. 24.17 Determining that the debt is uncollectible does not cancel the legal obligation of the debtor 24.18 to pay the debt. 24.19

24.20 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

24.21

Subd. 2. **Discretionary powers.** The department may:

24.22 (1) enter into contracts for goods or services with public or private organizations and
24.23 charge fees for services it provides;

24.24 (2) apply for, receive, and expend money from public agencies;

24.25 (3) apply for, accept, and disburse grants and other aids from the federal government24.26 and other public or private sources;

- (4) enter into contracts with agencies of the federal government, local governmental
  units, the University of Minnesota and other educational institutions, and private persons
  and other nongovernmental organizations as necessary to perform its statutory duties;
- 24.30 (5) sponsor and conduct conferences and studies, collect and disseminate information,
  24.31 and issue reports relating to information and communications technology issues;
- (6) review the technology infrastructure of regions of the state and cooperate with andmake recommendations to the governor, legislature, state agencies, local governments, local

technology development agencies, the federal government, private businesses, and individuals
for the realization of information and communications technology infrastructure development
potential;

(7) sponsor, support, and facilitate innovative and collaborative economic and community
development and government services projects or initiatives, including technology initiatives
related to culture and the arts, with public and private organizations; and

25.7 (8) review and recommend alternative sourcing strategies for state information and25.8 communications systems.

25.9 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 16E.01, subdivision 3, is amended
25.10 to read:

25.11 Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The department shall:

(1) manage the efficient and effective use of available federal, state, local, and
public-private resources to develop statewide information and telecommunications technology

25.14 systems and services and its infrastructure;

(2) approve state agency and intergovernmental information and telecommunications
technology systems and services development efforts involving state or intergovernmental
funding, including federal funding, provide information to the legislature regarding projects
<u>and initiatives</u> reviewed, and recommend projects <u>and initiatives</u> for inclusion in the
governor's budget under section 16A.11;

(3) promote cooperation and collaboration among state and local governments in
developing intergovernmental information and telecommunications technology systems
and services;

(4) cooperate and collaborate with the legislative and judicial branches in the development
of information and communications systems in those branches, as requested;

(5) promote and coordinate public information access and network initiatives, consistent
 with chapter 13, to connect Minnesota's citizens and communities to each other, to their
 governments, and to the world continue to collaborate on the development of MN.gov, the

25.28 state's official comprehensive online service and information initiative;

(6) manage and promote the regular and periodic reinvestment in the information and
telecommunications technology systems and services infrastructure so that state and local
government agencies can effectively and efficiently serve their customers;

26.1 (7) facilitate the cooperative development of and ensure compliance with standards and
26.2 policies for information and telecommunications technology systems and services and
26.3 electronic data practices and privacy security within the executive branch;

26.4 (8) eliminate unnecessary duplication of existing information and telecommunications
26.5 technology systems and services provided by state agencies;

26.6 (9) identify, sponsor, develop, and execute shared information and telecommunications
 26.7 technology projects <u>and initiatives</u>, and ongoing operations;

26.8 (10) ensure overall security of the state's information and technology systems and
26.9 services; and

(11) manage and direct compliance with accessibility standards for informational
technology, including hardware, software, websites, online forms, and online surveys.

(b) The chief information officer, in consultation with the commissioner of management 26.12 and budget, must determine when it is cost-effective for agencies to develop and use shared 26.13 information technology systems, platforms, and services for the delivery of digital 26.14 government services. The chief information officer may require agencies to use shared 26.15 information and telecommunications technology systems and services. The chief information 26.16 officer shall establish reimbursement rates in cooperation with the commissioner of 26.17 management and budget to be billed to agencies and other governmental entities sufficient 26.18 to cover the actual development, operating, maintenance, and administrative costs of the 26.19 shared systems. The methodology for billing may include the use of interagency agreements, 26.20 or other means as allowed by law. 26.21

(c) A state agency that has an information and telecommunications technology project 26.22 or initiative, whether funded as part of the biennial budget or by any other means, shall 26.23 register with the department by submitting basic project or initiative startup documentation 26.24 as specified by the chief information officer in both format and content. State agency business 26.25 and technology project leaders, in accordance with policies and standards set forth by the 26.26 chief information officer, must demonstrate that the project or initiative will be properly 26.27 managed, ensure alignment with enterprise technology strategic direction, provide updates 26.28 to the project or initiative documentation as changes are proposed, and regularly report on 26.29 the current status of the project or initiative on a schedule agreed to with the chief information 26.30 officer. The chief information officer has the authority to define a project or initiative for 26.31 the purposes of this chapter. 26.32

26.33 (d) The chief information officer shall monitor progress on <del>any</del> active information and
 26.34 telecommunications technology <del>project with a total expected project cost of more than</del>

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27.1 \$5,000,000 projects and initiatives and report on the performance of the project projects or
27.2 initiatives in comparison with the plans for the project in terms of time, scope, and budget.
27.3 The chief information officer may conduct an independent project audit of the project or
27.4 initiative. If an independent audit is conducted, the audit analysis and evaluation of the
27.5 projects subject to paragraph (c) project or initiative must be presented to agency executive
27.6 sponsors, the project governance bodies, and the chief information officer. All reports and
27.7 responses must become part of the project or initiative record.

(e) For any active information and telecommunications technology project <u>or initiative</u>,
with a total expected <del>project</del> cost of more than \$10,000,000, the state agency must perform
an annual independent audit that conforms to published <del>project</del> audit principles adopted by
the department must be conducted.

(f) The chief information officer shall report by January 15 of each year to the chairs
and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction
over the department regarding projects the department has reviewed under paragraph (a),
elause (10) on the status of the state's comprehensive project and initiatives portfolio. The

27.15 clause (10) on the status of the state's comprehensive project and initiatives portfolio. The

27.16 report must include: descriptions of each project and its current status, information technology

27.17 costs associated with the project, and estimated date on when the information technology

27.18 project is expected to be completed.

27.19 (1) each project in the IT portfolio whose status is either active or on hold;

27.20 (2) each project presented to the office for consultation in the time since the last report;

27.21 (3) the information technology cost associated with the project;

27.22 (4) the current status of the information technology project;

27.23 (5) the date the information technology project is expected to be completed; and

27.24 (6) the projected costs for ongoing support and maintenance after the project is complete.

27.25 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 16E.03, subdivision 2, is amended
27.26 to read:

27.27 Subd. 2. Chief information officer's responsibility. The chief information officer shall:

27.28 (1) design a strategic plan for information and telecommunications technology systems

and services in the state and shall report on the plan to the governor and legislature at the

27.30 beginning of each regular session;

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(2) coordinate, review, and approve all information and telecommunications technology
projects develop and implement processes for review, approval, and monitoring and oversee
the state's information and telecommunications technology systems and services;
(3) establish and enforce compliance with standards for information and
telecommunications technology systems and services that are cost-effective and support
open systems environments and that are compatible with state, national, and international
standards, including accessibility standards;

(4) maintain a library of systems and programs developed by the state for use by agenciesof government;

(5) direct and manage the shared operations of the state's information andtelecommunications technology systems and services; and

(6) establish and enforce standards and ensure acquisition of hardware, software, and
services necessary to protect data and systems in state agency networks connected to the
Internet.

28.15 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Evaluation and approval. A state agency may not undertake an information and telecommunications technology project or initiative until it has been evaluated according to the procedures developed under subdivision 4. The chief information officer or delegate shall give written approval of the proposed project record project approval as a part of the project.

28.21 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Evaluation procedure. The chief information officer shall establish and, as necessary, update and modify procedures to evaluate information and communications projects <u>or initiatives</u> proposed by state agencies. The evaluation procedure must assess the necessity, design and plan for development, ability to meet user requirements, accessibility, feasibility, <del>and flexibility of the proposed data processing device or system, its relationship</del> to other state data processing devices or systems, and its costs and benefits when considered by itself and when compared with other options <u>cost</u>, and benefits of the project or initiative.

28.29 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Report to legislature. The chief information officer shall submit to the
legislature, at the same time as the governor's budget required by section 16A.11, a concise

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29.1 narrative explanation of any information and communication technology project <u>or initiative</u>
29.2 being proposed as part of the governor's budget that involves collaboration between state

agencies and an explanation of how the budget requests of the several agencies collaborating
on the project or initiative relate to each other.

29.5 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.03, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Cyber security systems. (a) In consultation with the attorney general and 29.6 appropriate agency heads, the chief information officer shall develop cyber security policies, 29.7 guidelines, and standards, and shall install advise, implement, and administer state data 29.8 security systems solutions and practices on the state's computer facilities information 29.9 technology services, systems, and applications consistent with these policies, guidelines, 29.10 standards, and state law to ensure the integrity, confidentiality, and availability of 29.11 computer-based and other information technology systems and services, and data and to 29.12 ensure applicable limitations on access to data, consistent with the public's right to know 29.13 29.14 as defined in chapter 13. The chief information officer is responsible for overall security of state agency networks connected to the Internet. Each department or agency head is 29.15 responsible for the security of the department's or agency's data within the guidelines of 29.16 established enterprise policy. 29.17

29.18 (b) The state chief information officer, or state chief information security officer, may
 29.19 advise and consult on security strategy and programs for state entities and political
 29.20 subdivisions not subject to section 16E.016.

29.21 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

29.22 Subd. 2. Responsibilities. (a) The office shall may develop and establish a state
29.23 information architecture to ensure:

29.24 (1) that state agency information and communications systems, equipment, and services
29.25 do not needlessly duplicate or conflict with the systems of other agencies; and

29.26 (2) enhanced public access to data can be provided consistent with standards developed
29.27 under section 16E.05, subdivision 4.

29.28 When state agencies have need for the same or similar public data, the chief information 29.29 officer, in coordination with the affected agencies, shall manage the most efficient and 29.30 cost-effective method of producing and storing data for or sharing data between those 29.31 agencies. The development of this information architecture must include the establishment

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30.1 of standards and guidelines to be followed by state agencies. The office shall ensure30.2 compliance with the architecture.

30.3 (b) The office shall review and approve agency requests for funding for the development
30.4 or purchase of information systems equipment or software before the requests may be
30.5 included in the governor's budget.

30.6 (c) The office shall may review and approve agency requests for grant funding that have
 30.7 an information and technology component.

30.8 (d) The office shall review major purchases of information systems equipment to:

30.9 (1) ensure that the equipment follows the standards and guidelines of the state information30.10 architecture;

30.11 (2) ensure the agency's proposed purchase reflects a cost-effective policy regarding30.12 volume purchasing; and

30.13 (3) ensure that the equipment is consistent with other systems in other state agencies so
30.14 that data can be shared among agencies, unless the office determines that the agency
30.15 purchasing the equipment has special needs justifying the inconsistency.

30.16 (e) The office shall review the operation of information systems by state agencies and 30.17 ensure that these systems are operated efficiently and securely and continually meet the 30.18 standards and guidelines established by the office. The standards and guidelines must 30.19 emphasize uniformity that is cost-effective for the enterprise, that encourages information 30.20 interchange, open systems environments, and portability of information whenever practicable 30.21 and consistent with an agency's authority and chapter 13.

30.22 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Risk assessment and mitigation. (a) A risk assessment and risk mitigation 30.23 plan are required for all information systems development projects or initiatives undertaken 30.24 by a state agency in the executive or judicial branch or by a constitutional officer. The chief 30.25 information officer must contract with an entity outside of state government to conduct the 30.26 initial assessment and prepare the mitigation plan for a project or initiative estimated to cost 30.27 more than \$5,000,000 \$10,000,000. The outside entity conducting the risk assessment and 30.28 preparing the mitigation plan must not have any other direct or indirect financial interest in 30.29 the project or initiative. The risk assessment and risk mitigation plan must provide for 30.30 periodic monitoring by the commissioner until the project or initiative is completed. 30.31

(b) The risk assessment and risk mitigation plan must be paid for with money appropriated
for the information and telecommunications technology project or initiative.
Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.07, is amended to read:

#### 31.4 **16E.07 NORTH STAR ONLINE GOVERNMENT INFORMATION SERVICES.**

- 31.5 Subdivision 1. Definitions Definition. (a) The definitions definition in this subdivision
  31.6 apply applies to this section.
- 31.7 (b) "Core services" means accessible information system applications required to provide
- 31.8 secure information services and online applications and content to the public from
- 31.9 government units. Online applications may include, but are not limited to:
- 31.10 (1) standardized public directory services and standardized content services;
- 31.11 (2) online search systems;
- 31.12 (3) general technical services to support government unit online services;
- 31.13 (4) electronic conferencing and communication services;
- 31.14 (5) secure electronic transaction services;
- 31.15 (6) digital audio, video, and multimedia services; and
- 31.16 (7) government intranet content and service development.
- 31.17 (e) (b) "Government unit" means a state department, agency, commission, council, board,
  31.18 task force, or committee; a constitutional office; a court entity; the Minnesota State Colleges
  31.19 and Universities; a county, statutory or home rule charter city, or town; a school district; a
  31.20 special district; or any other board, commission, district, or authority created under law,
- 31.21 local ordinance, or charter provision.
- 31.22Subd. 2. Established. The office department shall establish "North Star" as the state's31.23comprehensive government online information service. North Star is the state's governmental31.24framework for coordinating and collaborating in providing online government information31.25and services. Government agencies that provide electronic access to government information31.26are requested to make available to North Star their most frequently requested public data31.27collaborate with state agencies to maintain MN.gov and associated websites that provide31.28online government information services.
- 31.29 Subd. 3. Access to data. The legislature determines that the greatest possible access to 31.30 certain government information and data is essential to allow citizens to participate fully in 31.31 a democratic system of government. Certain information and data, including, but not limited

to the following, must be provided free of charge or for a nominal cost associated with 32.1 reproducing the information or data: 32.2 (1) directories of government services and institutions, including an electronic version 32.3 of the guidebook to state agency services published by the commissioner of administration; 32.4 32.5 (2) legislative and rulemaking information, including an electronic version of the State Register, public information newsletters, bill text and summaries, bill status information, 32.6 rule status information, meeting schedules, and the text of statutes and rules; 32.7 (3) supreme court and court of appeals opinions and general judicial information; 32.8 (4) opinions of the attorney general; 32.9 32.10 (5) Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board and election information; (6) public budget information; 32.11 (7) local government documents, such as codes, ordinances, minutes, meeting schedules, 32.12 and other notices in the public interest; 32.13 (8) official documents, releases, speeches, and other public information issued by 32.14 government agencies; and 32.15 (9) the text of other government documents and publications that government agencies 32.16 determine are important to public understanding of government activities. 32.17 Subd. 4. Staff. The chief information officer shall appoint the manager of the North Star 32.18 online information service and hire staff to carry out the responsibilities of the service. 32.19 Subd. 5. Participation; consultation; guidelines. The North Star staff shall consult 32.20 with governmental and nongovernmental organizations to establish rules for participation 32.21 in the North Star service. Government units planning, developing, or providing publicly 32.22 accessible online services shall provide access through and collaborate with North Star and 32.23 formally register with the office. The University of Minnesota is requested to establish 32.24 online connections and collaborate with North Star. Units of the legislature shall make their 32.25 32.26 services available through North Star. Government units may be required to submit standardized directory and general content for core services but are not required to purchase 32.27 core services from North Star. North Star shall promote broad public access to the sources 32.28 of online information or services through multiple technologies. 32.29

32.30 Subd. 6. Fees. The office shall may establish fees for technical and transaction services
32.31 for government units through North Star. Fees must be credited to the North Star account.

The office may not charge a fee for viewing or inspecting data made available through North
 Star MN.gov or linked facilities, unless specifically authorized by law.

33.3 Subd. 7. North Star Online government information service account. The North Star
 33.4 online government information service account is created in the special revenue fund. The
 33.5 account consists of:

- 33.6 (1) grants received from nonstate entities;
- 33.7 (2) fees and charges collected by the office;
- 33.8 (3) gifts, donations, and bequests made to the office; and
- 33.9 (4) other money credited to the account by law.
- 33.10 Money in the account is appropriated to the office to be used to continue the development

33.11 of the North Star project online government information services.

33.12 Subd. 8. Secure transaction system. The office shall plan and develop <del>a</del> secure 33.13 transaction system systems to support delivery of government services electronically. A 33.14 state agency that implements electronic government services for fees, licenses, sales, or 33.15 other purposes must use the may be required to use secure transaction system systems 33.16 developed in accordance with this section.

Subd. 9. Aggregation of service demand. The office shall may identify opportunities
to aggregate demand for technical services required by government units for online activities
and may contract with governmental or nongovernmental entities to provide services. These
contracts are not subject to the requirements of chapters 16B and 16C, except sections
16C.04, 16C.08, and 16C.09.

Subd. 10. Outreach. The office may promote the availability of government online
information and services through public outreach and education. Public network expansion
in communities through libraries, schools, colleges, local government, and other community
access points must include access to North Star. North Star may make materials available
to those public sites to promote awareness of the service.

Subd. 11. Advanced development collaboration. The office shall identify information
technology services with broad public impact and advanced development requirements.
Those services shall assist in the development of and utilization of core services to the
greatest extent possible where appropriate, cost-effective, and technically feasible. This
includes, but is not limited to, higher education, statewide online library, economic and
community development, and K-12 educational technology services. North Star shall
participate in electronic commerce research and development initiatives with the University

34.1 of Minnesota and other partners. The statewide online library service shall consult,

34.2 collaborate, and work with North Star to ensure development of proposals for advanced

34.3 government information locator and electronic depository and archive systems.

Subd. 12. Private entity services; fee authority. (a) The department may enter into a
contract with a private entity to manage, maintain, support, and expand North Star and
online government information services to citizens and businesses.

34.7 (b) A contract established under paragraph (a) may provide for compensation of the
34.8 private entity through a fee established under paragraph (c).

34.9 (c) The department, subject to the approval of the agency or department responsible for
34.10 the data or services involved in the transaction, may charge and may authorize a private
34.11 entity that enters into a contract under paragraph (a) to charge a convenience fee for users
34.12 of North Star and online government information services up to a total of \$2 per transaction,
34.13 provided that no fee shall be charged for viewing or inspecting data. A fee established under
34.14 this paragraph is in addition to any fees or surcharges authorized under other law.

(d) Receipts from the convenience fee shall be deposited in the North Star online
government information service account established in subdivision 7. Notwithstanding
section 16A.1285, subdivision 2, receipts credited to the account are appropriated to the
department for payment to the contracted private entity under paragraph (a). In lieu of
depositing the receipts in the North Star online government information service account,
the department can directly transfer the receipts to the private entity or allow the private
entity to retain the receipts pursuant to a contract established under this subdivision.

(e) The department shall report <u>Information regarding any convenience fee receipts</u>
collected under paragraph (d) must be reported to the chairs and ranking minority members
of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over state government
finance by January 15 of each odd-numbered year regarding the convenience fee receipts
and the status of North Star projects and online government information services developed
and supported by convenience fee receipts.

#### 34.28 Sec. 35. [16E.36] CYBERSECURITY INCIDENTS.

# 34.29 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have 34.30 <u>the meanings given.</u>

34.31 (b) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

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35.1	(c) "Cybersecurity incident" means an action taken through the use of an information
35.2	system or network that results in an actual or potentially adverse effect on an information
35.3	system, network, or the information residing therein.
35.4	(d) "Cyber threat indicator" means information that is necessary to describe or identify:
35.5	(1) malicious reconnaissance, including but not limited to anomalous patterns of
35.6	communication that appear to be transmitted for the purpose of gathering technical
35.7	information related to a cybersecurity threat or vulnerability;
35.8	(2) a method of defeating a security control or exploitation of a security vulnerability;
35.9	(3) a security vulnerability, including but not limited to anomalous activity that appears
35.10	to indicate the existence of a security vulnerability;
35.11	(4) a method of causing a user with legitimate access to an information system or
35.12	information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an information system to unwittingly
35.13	enable the defeat of a security control or exploitation of a security vulnerability;
35.14	(5) malicious cyber command and control;
35.15	(6) the actual or potential harm caused by an incident, including but not limited to a
35.16	description of the data exfiltrated as a result of a particular cyber threat; and
35.17	(7) any other attribute of a cyber threat, if disclosure of such attribute is not otherwise
35.18	prohibited by law.
35.19	(e) "Defensive measure" means an action, device, procedure, signature, technique, or
35.20	other measure applied to an information system or information that is stored on, processed
35.21	by, or transiting an information system that detects, prevents, or mitigates a known or
35.22	suspected cyber threat or security vulnerability, but does not include a measure that destroys,
35.23	renders unusable, provides unauthorized access to, or substantially harms an information
35.24	system or information stored on, processed by, or transiting an information system not
35.25	owned by the entity operating the measure, or another entity that is authorized to provide
35.26	consent and has provided consent to that private entity for operation of the measure.
35.27	(f) "Government contractor" means an individual or entity that performs work for or on
35.28	behalf of a public agency on a contract basis with access to or hosting of the public agency's
35.29	network, systems, applications, or information.
35.30	(g) "Information resource" means information and related resources, such as personnel,

35.31 equipment, funds, and information technology.

36.1	(h) "Information system" means a discrete set of information resources organized for
36.2	collecting, processing, maintaining, using, sharing, disseminating, or disposing of
36.3	information.
36.4	(i) "Information technology" means any equipment or interconnected system or subsystem
36.5	of equipment that is used in automatic acquisition, storage, manipulation, management,
36.6	movement, control, display, switching, interchange, transmission, or reception of data or
36.7	information used by a public agency or a government contractor under contract with a public
36.8	agency which requires the use of the equipment or requires the use, to a significant extent,
36.9	of the equipment in the performance of a service or the furnishing of a product. The term
36.10	information technology also has the meaning given to information and telecommunications
36.11	technology systems and services in section 16E.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
36.12	(j) "Private entity" means any individual, corporation, company, partnership, firm,
36.13	association, or other entity, but does not include a public agency, or a foreign government,
36.14	or any component thereof.
36.15	(k) "Public agency" means any public agency of the state or any political subdivision;
36.16	school districts; charter schools; intermediate districts; cooperative units under section
36.17	123A.24, subdivision 2; and public postsecondary education institutions.
36.18	(1) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.
36.19	Subd. 2. Report on cybersecurity incidents. (a) Beginning December 1, 2024, the head
36.20	of or the decision-making body for a public agency must report a cybersecurity incident
36.21	that impacts the public agency to the commissioner. A government contractor or vendor
36.22	that provides goods or services to a public agency must report a cybersecurity incident to
36.23	the public agency if the incident impacts the public agency.
36.24	(b) The report must be made within 72 hours of when the public agency or government
36.25	contractor reasonably identifies or believes that a cybersecurity incident has occurred.
36.26	(c) The commissioner must coordinate with the superintendent to promptly share reported
36.27	cybersecurity incidents.
36.28	(d) By September 30, 2024, the commissioner, in coordination with the superintendent,
36.29	must establish a cyber incident reporting system having capabilities to facilitate submission
36.30	of timely, secure, and confidential cybersecurity incident notifications from public agencies,
36.31	government contractors, and private entities to the office.
36.32	(e) By September 30, 2024, the commissioner must develop, in coordination with the
36.33	superintendent, and prominently post instructions for submitting cybersecurity incident

37.1	reports on the department and bureau websites. The instructions must include, at a minimum,			
37.2	the types of cybersecurity incidents to be reported and a list of other information to be			
37.3	included in a report made through the cyber incident reporting system.			
37.4	(f) The cyber incident reporting system must permit the commissioner, in coordination			
37.5	with the superintendent, to:			
37.6	(1) securely accept a cybersecurity incident notification from any individual or private			
37.7	entity, regardless of whether the entity is a public agency or government contractor;			
37.8	(2) track and identify trends in cybersecurity incidents reported through the cyber incident			
37.9	reporting system; and			
37.10	(3) produce reports on the types of incidents, cyber threat, indicators, defensive measures,			
37.11	and entities reported through the cyber incident reporting system.			
37.12	(g) Any cybersecurity incident report submitted to the commissioner is security			
37.13	information pursuant to section 13.37, is not discoverable in a civil or criminal action absent			
37.14	a court order or a search warrant, and is not subject to subpoena.			
37.15	(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (g), the commissioner may anonymize			
37.16	and share cyber threat indicators and relevant defensive measures to help prevent attacks			
37.17	and share cybersecurity incident notifications with potentially impacted parties through			
37.18	cybersecurity threat bulletins or relevant law enforcement authorities.			
37.19	(i) Information submitted to the commissioner through the cyber incident reporting			
37.20	system is subject to privacy and protection procedures developed and implemented by the			
37.21	office, which shall be based on the comparable privacy protection procedures developed			
37.22	for information received and shared pursuant to the federal Cybersecurity Information			
37.23	Sharing Act of 2015, United States Code, title 6, section 1501, et seq.			
37.24	Subd. 3. Annual report to the governor and legislature. Beginning January 31, 2026,			
37.25	and annually thereafter, the commissioner, in coordination with the superintendent, must			
37.26	submit a report on its cyber security incident report collection and resolution activities to			
37.27	the governor and to the legislative commission on cybersecurity. The report must include,			
37.28	at a minimum:			
37.29	(1) information on the number of notifications received and a description of the			
37.30	cybersecurity incident types during the one-year period preceding the publication of the			
37.31	report;			
37.32	(2) the categories of reporting entities that submitted cybersecurity reports; and			

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- 38.1 (3) any other information required in the submission of a cybersecurity incident report,
   38.2 noting any changes from the report published in the previous year.
- 38.3 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.316, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 38.4 Subd. 5. Public employee participation. (a) Participation in the program is subject to
  38.5 the conditions in this subdivision.

(b) Each exclusive representative for an eligible employer determines whether the 38.6 employees it represents will participate in the program. The exclusive representative shall 38.7 give the employer notice of intent to participate at least 30 days before the expiration date 38.8 of the collective bargaining agreement preceding the collective bargaining agreement that 38.9 covers the date of entry into the program. The exclusive representative and the eligible 38.10 employer shall give notice to the commissioner of the determination to participate in the 38.11 program at least 30 days before entry into the program. Entry into the program is governed 38.12 by a schedule established by the commissioner. 38.13

(c) Employees not represented by exclusive representatives may become members of
the program upon a determination of an eligible employer to include these employees in
the program. Either all or none of the employer's unrepresented employees must participate.
The eligible employer shall give at least 30 days' notice to the commissioner before entering
the program. Entry into the program is governed by a schedule established by the
commissioner.

(d) Participation in the program is for a two-year four-year term. Participation is
automatically renewed for an additional two-year four-year term unless the exclusive
representative, or the employer for unrepresented employees, gives the commissioner notice
of withdrawal at least 30 days before expiration of the participation period. A group that
withdraws must wait two years before rejoining. An exclusive representative, or employer
for unrepresented employees, may also withdraw if premiums increase 50 20 percent or
more from one insurance year to the next.

(e) The exclusive representative shall give the employer notice of intent to withdraw to
the commissioner at least 30 days before the expiration date of a collective bargaining
agreement that includes the date on which the term of participation expires.

(f) Each participating eligible employer shall notify the commissioner of names of
individuals who will be participating within two weeks of the commissioner receiving notice
of the parties' intent to participate. The employer shall also submit other information as
required by the commissioner for administration of the program.

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39.1	EFFECTIVE DATE.	This section is effective th	ne day following fin	al enactment.

39.2 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.33, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
39.3 Subd. 2. Recommendation. (a) If the administrative law judge determines that the
39.4 complaint does not set forth a prima facie violation of chapter 211A or 211B, the

39.5 administrative law judge must dismiss the complaint.

39.6 (b) If the administrative law judge determines that the complaint sets forth a prima facie
39.7 violation of section 211B.06 and was filed within 60 days before the primary or special
39.8 election or within 90 days before the general election to which the complaint relates, the
administrative law judge must conduct an expedited probable cause hearing under section
39.10 211B.34.

39.11 (e) (b) If the administrative law judge determines that the complaint sets forth a prima
39.12 facie violation of a provision of chapter 211A or 211B, other than section 211B.06, and that
39.13 the complaint was filed within 60 days before the primary or special election or within 90
39.14 days before the general election to which the complaint relates, the administrative law judge,
39.15 on request of any party, must conduct an expedited probable cause hearing under section
39.16 211B.34.

39.17 (d) (c) If the administrative law judge determines that the complaint sets forth a prima
39.18 facie violation of chapter 211A or 211B, and was filed more than not filed within 60 days
39.19 before the primary or special election or more than 90 days before the general election to
39.20 which the complaint relates, the administrative law judge must schedule an evidentiary
39.21 hearing under section 211B.35.

39.22 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Time for review. The assigned administrative law judge must hold a 39.23 39.24 probable cause hearing on the complaint no later than three business days after receiving the assignment if determining the complaint sets forth a prima facie violation of chapter 39.25 211A or 211B, an expedited hearing is required by section 211B.33, except that for good 39.26 cause the administrative law judge may hold the hearing no later than seven days after 39.27 receiving the assignment the prima facie determination. If an expedited hearing is not 39.28 39.29 required by section 211B.33, because no party requested one under section 211B.33, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), the administrative law judge must hold the hearing not later 39.30 than 30 days after receiving the assignment determining the complaint sets forth a prima 39.31

39.32 <u>facie violation of chapter 211A or 211B</u>.

40.1 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.34, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

40.2 Subd. 2. Disposition. At <u>After the probable cause hearing</u>, the administrative law judge
40.3 must make one of the following determinations within three business days after the hearing
40.4 record closes:

40.5 (a) The complaint is frivolous, or there is no probable cause to believe that the violation
40.6 of law alleged in the complaint has occurred. If the administrative law judge makes either
40.7 determination, the administrative law judge must dismiss the complaint.

40.8 (b) There is probable cause to believe that the violation of law alleged in the complaint
40.9 has occurred. If the administrative law judge so determines, the chief administrative law
40.10 judge must schedule the complaint for an evidentiary hearing under section 211B.35.

40.11 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.35, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Deadline for hearing. When required by section 211B.33, subdivision
2, paragraph (c), or by section 211B.34, subdivision 2 or 3, the chief administrative law
judge must assign the complaint to a panel of three administrative law judges for an
evidentiary hearing. The hearing must be held within the following times:

40.16 (1) ten days after the complaint was assigned to the panel, if an expedited probable cause
40.17 hearing was requested or required under section 211B.33;

40.18 (2) 30 days after the complaint was filed, if it was filed within 60 days before the primary
40.19 or special election or within 90 days before the general election to which the complaint
40.20 relates; or

40.21 (3) 90 days after the complaint was filed, if it was filed at any other time.

40.22 For good cause shown, the panel may extend the deadline set forth in clause (2) or (3)40.23 by 60 days.

40.24 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

40.25 Subd. 3. Time for disposition. The panel must dispose of the complaint:

40.26 (1) within three <u>business</u> days after the hearing record closes, if an expedited probable
40.27 cause hearing was required by section 211B.33; and

40.28 (2) within 14 days after the hearing record closes, if an expedited probable cause hearing
40.29 was not required by section 211B.33.

41.1	Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299E.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
41.2	Subd. 2. Responsibilities. (a) The division shall be responsible and shall utilize state
41.3	employees for security and public information services in state-owned buildings and state
41.4	leased-to-own buildings in the Capitol Area, as described in section 15B.02. It shall provide
41.5	personnel as are required by the circumstances to insure the orderly conduct of state business
41.6	and the convenience of the public. It shall provide emergency assistance and security escorts
41.7	at any location within the Capitol Area, as described in section 15B.02, when requested by
41.8	a state constitutional officer.
41.9	(b) As part of the division permanent staff, the director must establish the position of
41.10	emergency manager that includes, at a minimum, the following duties:
41.11	(1) oversight of the consolidation, development, and maintenance of plans and procedures
41.12	that provide continuity of security operations;
41.13	(2) the development and implementation of tenant training that addresses threats and
41.14	emergency procedures; and
41.15	(3) the development and implementation of threat and emergency exercises.
41.16	(c) The director must provide a minimum of one state trooper assigned to the Capitol
41.17	complex at all times.
41.18	(d) The director, in consultation with the advisory committee under section 299E.04,
41.19	shall, at least annually, hold a meeting or meetings to discuss, among other issues, Capitol
41.20	complex security, emergency planning, public safety, and public access to the Capitol
41.21	complex. The meetings must include, at a minimum:
41.22	(1) Capitol complex tenants and state employees;
41.23	(2) nongovernmental entities, such as lobbyists, vendors, and the media; and
41.24	(3) the public and public advocacy groups.
41.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
41.26	Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 307.08, subdivision 3a, is amended
41.27	to read:
41.28	Subd. 3a. <b>Cemeteries; records and condition assessments.</b> (a) Cemeteries shall be
41.29	assessed according to this subdivision.

42.1 (b) The state archaeologist shall implement and maintain a system of records identifying
42.2 the location of known, recorded, or suspected cemeteries. The state archaeologist shall
42.3 provide access to the records as provided in subdivision 11.

42.4 (c) The cemetery condition assessment of non-American Indian cemeteries is at the
42.5 discretion of the state archaeologist based on the needs identified in this section or upon
42.6 request by an agency, a landowner, or other appropriate authority.

42.7 (d) The cemetery condition assessment of American Indian cemeteries is at the discretion
42.8 of the Indian Affairs Council based on the needs identified in this section or upon request
42.9 by an agency, a landowner, or other appropriate authority. If the Indian Affairs Council has
42.10 possession or takes custody of remains they may follow United States Code, title 25, sections
42.11 3001 to 3013.

42.12 (e) The cemetery condition assessment of cemeteries that include American Indian and
42.13 non-American Indian remains or include remains whose ancestry cannot be determined
42.14 shall be assessed at the discretion of the state archaeologist in collaboration with the Indian
42.15 Affairs Council based on the needs identified in this section or upon request by an agency,
42.16 a landowner, or other appropriate authority.

42.17 (f) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council shall have 90 days from the
42.18 date a request is received to begin a cemetery condition assessment or provide notice to the
42.19 requester whether or not a condition assessment of a cemetery is needed.

(g) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council may retain the services of a
qualified professional archaeologist, a qualified forensic anthropologist, or other appropriate
experts for the purpose of gathering information that the state archaeologist or the Indian
Affairs Council can use to assess or identify cemeteries. If probable American Indian
cemeteries are to be disturbed or probable American Indian remains analyzed, the Indian
Affairs Council must approve the professional archaeologist, qualified anthropologist, or
other appropriate expert.

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42.27 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326.10, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
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Subd. 8. Expiration and renewal. (a) All licenses and certificates, other than in-training
certificates, issued by the board expire at midnight on June 30 of each even-numbered
calendar year if not renewed. A holder of a license or certificate issued by the board may
renew it by completing and filing with the board an application for renewal consisting of a
fully completed form provided by the board and the fee specified in section 326.105. Both
the fee and the application must be submitted at the same time and by June 30 of each

even-numbered calendar year. The form must be signed by the applicant, contain all of the
information requested, and clearly show that the licensee or certificate holder has completed
the minimum number of required professional development hours or has been granted an
exemption under section 326.107, subdivision 4. An application for renewal that does not
comply with the requirements of this subdivision is an incomplete application and must not
be accepted by the board.

43.7 (b) No later than 30 days before the expiration of a license or certificate, the board must
43.8 send the holder of the license or certificate a notice by email that the license or certificate
43.9 is about to expire. The notice must include information on the process and requirements for

43.10 renewal. The application form for a new or renewed license or certificate issued by the

43.11 board must request that the applicant provide an email address for the purpose of providing

43.12 this notice. If the board does not have a record of a license or certificate holder's email

43.13 <u>address</u>, the board must send the notice to the holder by standard mail.

# 43.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to licenses 43.15 and renewals scheduled to expire on or after that date.

43.16 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326A.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Program of learning. Each licensee shall participate in a program of learning 43.17 designed to maintain professional competency. The program of learning must comply with 43.18 rules adopted by the board. The board may by rule create an exception to this requirement 43.19 for licensees who do not perform or offer to perform for the public one or more kinds of 43.20 services involving the use of auditing skills, including issuance of reports on: attest or 43.21 compilation engagements, management advisory services, financial advisory services, or 43.22 consulting services. A licensee granted such an exception by the board must place the word 43.23 "inactive" or "retired," if applicable, adjacent to the CPA title on any business card, letterhead, 43.24 or any other document or device, with the exception of the licensee's certificate on which 43.25 the CPA title appears. The board must not conduct an audit of a licensee's compliance with 43.26 these requirements during the 60 days prior to the deadline for filing an individual income 43.27 43.28 tax return under section 289A.18, subdivision 1.

#### 43.30 **336.1-110 UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE ACCOUNT.**

The Uniform Commercial Code account is established as an account in the state treasury.
Fees that are not expressly set by statute but are charged by the secretary of state to offset

<sup>43.29</sup> Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 336.1-110, is amended to read:

the costs of providing a service under this chapter must be deposited in the state treasuryand credited to the Uniform Commercial Code account.

44.3 Fees that are not expressly set by statute but are charged by the secretary of state to
44.4 offset the costs of providing information contained in the computerized records maintained
44.5 by the secretary of state must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the Uniform
44.6 Commercial Code account.

44.7 Money in the Uniform Commercial Code account is continuously appropriated to the 44.8 secretary of state to implement and maintain the central filing system under this chapter, to 44.9 provide, improve, and expand other online or remote lien and business entity filing, retrieval, 44.10 and payment method services provided by the secretary of state, and to provide electronic 44.11 access <u>and to support, maintain, and expand all</u> other computerized records <u>and systems</u>

44.12 maintained by the secretary of state.

#### 44.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

44.14 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 358.645, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

44.15 Subd. 2. Qualifications; registration required. (a) A remote online notary public:

44.16 (1) is a notary public for purposes of chapter 359 and is subject to and must be appointed
44.17 and commissioned under that chapter;

44.18 (2) may perform notarial acts as provided by this chapter and chapter 359 in addition to
44.19 performing remote online notarizations; and

44.20 (3) may perform remote online notarizations authorized under this section.

(b) A notary public commissioned in this state may apply for remote online notarization
registration according to this section. Before a notary performs a remote online notarization,
the notary must register <u>the capability to perform notarial acts pursuant to section 358.645</u>
with the secretary of state according to section 359.01, subdivision 5, and must certify that
the notary intends to use communication technology that conforms to this section.

(c) Unless terminated under this section, the term of registration to perform remote online
notarial acts begins on the registration starting date set by the secretary of state and continues
as long as the notary public's current commission to perform notarial acts remains valid.

(d) Upon the applicant's fulfillment of the requirements for remote online notarization
registration under this section, the secretary of state shall record the registration under the
applicant's notary public commission number.

45.1 (e) The secretary of state may reject a registration application if the applicant fails to
45.2 comply with paragraphs (a) to (d). The commissioner of commerce may revoke a registration
45.3 if the applicant fails to comply with subdivisions 2 to 6.

45.4 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 358.71, is amended to read:

45.5 **358.71 DATABASE OF NOTARIES PUBLIC.** 

45.6 The secretary of state shall maintain an electronic database of notaries public:

45.7 (1) through which a person may verify the authority of a notary public to perform notarial
45.8 acts, including notarial acts pursuant to section 358.645; and to perform notarial acts on
45.9 electronic records.

45.10 (2) which indicates whether a notary public has applied to the commissioning officer or
45.11 agency to perform notarial acts on electronic records or to perform notarial acts pursuant
45.12 to section 358.645.

45.13 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 359.01, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Registration to perform electronic notarizations. Before performing electronic 45.14 notarial acts, a notary public shall register the capability to notarize electronically with the 45.15 secretary of state. Before performing electronic notarial acts after recommissioning, a notary 45.16 public shall reregister with the secretary of state. Unless terminated for any reason, the term 45.17 of registration to perform electronic notarial acts begins on the registration starting date set 45.18 by the secretary of state and continues as long as the notary public has a valid commission 45.19 to perform notarial acts. The requirements of this chapter relating to electronic notarial acts 45.20 do not apply to notarial acts performed under sections 358.15, paragraph (a), clause (4), 45.21 and 358.60, subdivision 1, clause (2). 45.22

45.23 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 359.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Specifications. (a) The official notarial stamp consists of the seal of the state 45.24 of Minnesota, the name of the notary as it appears on the commission or the name of the 45.25 ex officio notary, the words "Notary Public," or "Notarial Officer" in the case of an ex 45.26 officio notary, and the words "My commission expires ...... (or where applicable) My 45.27 term is indeterminate," with the expiration date shown on it and must be able to be reproduced 45.28 in any legibly reproducible manner. The official notarial stamp shall be a rectangular form 45.29 of not more than three-fourths of an inch vertically by 2-1/2 inches horizontally, with a 45.30 serrated or milled edge border, and shall contain the information required by this subdivision. 45.31

(b) A notarial stamp that complied with these requirements at the time of issuance may
 continue to be used during the remainder of the current term of the notary even if changes
 to any of these requirements subsequently become effective.

#### 46.4 Sec. 51. STATE CAPITOL; MANAGEMENT OF SPACE.

Notwithstanding any law or space use agreements to the contrary, the commissioner of 46.5 administration must allocate the first floor, North corridor adjoining rooms 107 and 112 of 46.6 the State Capitol building to the use and management of the house of representatives during 46.7 any period in which the legislature is convened in regular or special session. During these 46.8 46.9 periods, public use of the space must not interfere with the conduct of legislative business or the security of legislators or legislative staff, and events and other programs scheduled 46.10 within the space must only be permitted if approved by the speaker of the house. 46.11 Sec. 52. REPEALER; FALSE POLITICAL AND CAMPAIGN MATERIAL. 46.12

46.13 Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.06, is repealed.

# 46.14 Sec. 53. <u>REPEALER; FEDERAL EDUCATION LAW IMPLEMENTATION</u> 46.15 REPORT.

- 46.16 Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 127A.095, subdivision 3, is repealed.
- 46.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

### 46.18 Sec. 54. <u>REPEALER; DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY</u> 46.19 SERVICES PROVISIONS.

# 46.20 <u>Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 16E.035; 16E.0465, subdivisions 1 and 2; 16E.055;</u> 46.21 and 16E.20, are repealed.

- 46.22
- 46.23

#### ARTICLE 3

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT POLICY

46.24 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 383B.145, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

46.25 Subd. 5. **Set-aside contracts.** (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the 46.26 board may set aside an amount, for each fiscal year, for awarding contracts to businesses 46.27 and social services organizations which have a majority of employees that employ persons 46.28 who would be eligible for public assistance or who would require rehabilitative services in 46.29 the absence of their employment. The set-aside amount may not exceed two percent of the

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amount appropriated by the board in the budget for the preceding fiscal year. Failure by the 47.1 board to designate particular procurements for the set-aside program shall not prevent 47.2 47.3 vendors from seeking the procurement award through the normal solicitation and bidding processes pursuant to the provisions of the Uniform Municipal Contracting Act, section 47.4 471.345. 47.5

(b) The board may elect to use a negotiated price or bid contract procedure in the awarding 47.6 of a procurement contract under the set-aside program. The amount of the award shall not 47.7 47.8 exceed by more than five percent the estimated price for the goods or services, if they were to be purchased on the open market and not under the set-aside program. 47.9

47.10 (c) Before contracting with a business or social service organization under the set-aside program, the board or authorized person shall conduct an investigation of the business or 47.11 social service organization with whom it seeks to contract and shall make findings, to be 47.12 contained in the provisions of the contract, that: 47.13

(1) the vendor either: 47.14

(i) has in its employ at least 50 percent of its employees who would be eligible to receive 47.15 some form of public assistance or other rehabilitative services in the absence of the award 47.16 of a contract to the vendor; or 47.17

(ii) if the vendor is a business providing construction services, has in its employ to deliver 47.18 the set-aside contract as many employees who would be eligible to receive some form of 47.19 public assistance or other rehabilitative services in the absence of the award of a contract 47.20 to the vendor as is practicable in consideration of industry safety standards, established 47.21 supervisory ratios for apprentices, and requirements for licensed persons to perform certain 47.22 work; 47.23

(2) the vendor has elected to apply to the board for a contract under the set-aside 47.24 provisions; and 47.25

(3) the vendor is able to perform the set-aside contract. 47.26

47.27 (d) The board shall publicize the provisions of the set-aside program, attempt to locate vendors able to perform set-aside procurement contracts and otherwise encourage 47.28 participation therein. 47.29

### 48.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 473.145, is amended to read:

### **48.2 473.145 DEVELOPMENT GUIDE.**

(a) The Metropolitan Council must prepare and adopt, after appropriate study and such 48.3 public hearings as may be necessary, a comprehensive development guide for the 48.4 metropolitan area. It must consist of a compilation of policy statements, goals, standards, 48.5 programs, and maps prescribing guides for the orderly and economical development, public 48.6 and private, of the metropolitan area. The comprehensive development guide must recognize 48.7 and encompass physical, social, or economic needs of the metropolitan area and those future 48.8 developments which will have an impact on the entire area including but not limited to such 48.9 matters as land use, climate mitigation and adaptation, parks and open space land needs, 48.10 the necessity for and location of airports, highways, transit facilities, public hospitals, 48.11 libraries, schools, and other public buildings. 48.12

(b) For the purposes of this section, "climate mitigation and adaptation" includes 48.13 mitigation goals and strategies that meet or exceed the greenhouse gas emissions-reduction 48.14 goals established by the state under section 216H.02, subdivision 1, and transportation 48.15 targets established by the commissioner of transportation, including vehicle miles traveled 48.16 reduction targets established in the statewide multimodal transportation plan under section 48.17 174.03, subdivision 1a, as well as plans and policies to address climate adaptation in the 48.18 region. The commissioner of transportation must consult with the Metropolitan Council on 48.19 transportation targets prior to establishing the targets. 48.20

(c) The adoption or amendment of a comprehensive plan, fiscal device, or official control
that is consistent with or approved in connection with sections 473.858 to 473.865 shall not
constitute conduct that causes or is likely to cause pollution, impairment, or destruction, as
defined under section 116B.02, subdivision 5. Nothing in this paragraph prevents a challenge
under chapter 116B to an individual project, as defined under Minnesota Rules, part
48.26
4410.0200, subpart 65.

#### 48.27 Sec. 3. ANOKA COUNTY; JAIL AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE CENTER.

48.28 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Jail and criminal justice center. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
 48.29 <u>section 373.05</u>, Anoka County may build a jail and criminal justice center in any city located
 48.30 within the county to replace the current jail located in the city of Anoka.

- 48.31 Subd. 2. Sheriff's office. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 382.04, the sheriff
- 48.32 of Anoka County may keep the sheriff's office in the jail and criminal justice center
- 48.33 authorized under subdivision 1 instead of in the county seat.

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49.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sect	tion is effective the da	y following final er	lactment.
49.2	Sec. 4. <b>REPEALER.</b>			
49.3	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, se	ction 471.9998, is rep	ealed.	
49.4	(b) Laws 1979, chapter 189, sec	ctions 1; 2, as amende	d by Laws 1984, ch	apter 548 <u>,</u>
49.5	section 8; and 3, are repealed.			
49.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragrap	h (a) is effective the c	lay following final e	enactment.
49.7	Paragraph (b) is effective the day a	fter the governing boo	ly of the city of St.	Paul and its
49.8	chief clerical officer timely comple	te their compliance w	rith Minnesota Statu	tes, section

49.9 <u>645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.</u>

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#### 16E.035 TECHNOLOGY INVENTORY.

The chief information officer must prepare a financial inventory of technology owned or leased by the Department of Information Technology Services. The inventory must include: (1) information on how the technology fits into the state's information technology architecture; and (2) a projected replacement schedule. The chief information officer must report the inventory to the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over state technology issues by July 1 of each even-numbered year.

#### 16E.0465 TECHNOLOGY APPROVAL.

Subdivision 1. **Application.** This section applies to an appropriation of more than \$1,000,000 of state or federal funds to a state agency for any information and telecommunications technology project or for any phase of such a project, device, or system. For purposes of this section, an appropriation of state or federal funds to a state agency includes an appropriation:

(1) to a constitutional officer;

(2) for a project that includes both a state agency and units of local government; and

(3) to a state agency for grants to be made to other entities.

Subd. 2. **Required review and approval.** (a) A state agency receiving an appropriation for an information and telecommunications technology project subject to this section must divide the project into phases.

(b) An encumbrance or expenditure may not be made for any phase of a state agency information and telecommunications technology project subject to this section unless the Department of Information Technology Services has reviewed each phase of the project and based on this review, the chief information officer has determined for each phase that:

(1) the project is compatible with the state information architecture and other policies and standards established by the chief information officer;

(2) the agency is able to accomplish the goals of the phase of the project with the funds appropriated; and

(3) the project supports the enterprise information technology strategy.

#### 16E.055 ELECTRONIC GOVERNMENT SERVICES.

A state agency that implements electronic government services for fees, licenses, sales, or other purposes must use the single entry site created by the chief information officer for all agencies to use for electronic government services.

#### **16E.20 ELECTRONIC CONDUCT OF STATE BUSINESS.**

The chief information officer shall develop and implement a system under which:

(1) state business can be conducted and permits or licenses obtained through electronic communication with the appropriate state agencies; and

(2) applications for grants can be made electronically to state agencies when feasible.

### 127A.095 IMPLEMENTATION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT.

Subd. 3. **Department of Management and Budget certification.** The commissioner of management and budget shall certify and report to the legislature annually beginning January 1, 2008, the amount of federal revenue, if any, that the federal government may withhold as a result of a potential state decision to discontinue implementation of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. The report shall also specify the intended purpose of the federal revenue and the amount of revenue that the federal government may withhold from the state, each school district, and each charter school in each fiscal year.

#### 211B.06 FALSE POLITICAL AND CAMPAIGN MATERIAL.

Subdivision 1. **Gross misdemeanor.** (a) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor who intentionally participates in the preparation, dissemination, or broadcast of paid political advertising or campaign material with respect to the personal or political character or acts of a candidate, or with respect to the effect of a ballot question, that is designed or tends to elect, injure, promote, or defeat a candidate for nomination or election to a public office or to promote or defeat a ballot

#### APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H3431-1

question, that is false, and that the person knows is false or communicates to others with reckless disregard of whether it is false.

(b) A person is guilty of a misdemeanor who intentionally participates in the drafting of a letter to the editor with respect to the personal or political character or acts of a candidate, or with respect to the effect of a ballot question, that is designed or tends to elect, injure, promote, or defeat any candidate for nomination or election to a public office or to promote or defeat a ballot question, that is false, and that the person knows is false or communicates to others with reckless disregard of whether it is false.

Subd. 2. **Exception.** Subdivision 1 does not apply to any person or organization whose sole act is, in the normal course of their business, the printing, manufacturing, or dissemination of the false information.

#### 471.9998 MERCHANT BAGS.

Subdivision 1. **Merchant option.** All merchants, itinerant vendors, and peddlers doing business in this state shall have the option to provide customers a paper, plastic, or reusable bag for the packaging of any item or good purchased, provided such purchase is of a size and manner commensurate with the use of paper, plastic, or reusable bags.

Subd. 2. **Prohibition; bag ban.** Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no political subdivision shall impose any ban upon the use of paper, plastic, or reusable bags for packaging of any item or good purchased from a merchant, itinerant vendor, or peddler.