This Document can be made available in alternative formats upon request

1.1

1.2

1.3

State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

A bill for an act

relating to air quality; prohibiting emission of objectionable odors; requiring testing

NINETY-THIRD SESSION

н. ғ. №. 2171

Authored by Hansen, R.; Bierman; Fischer; Lee, F.; Vang and others The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Finance and Policy 02/21/2023

1.3 1.4	based on odor complaints; requiring odor-management plans under certain circumstances; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116.
1.5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.6	Section 1. [116.062] ODOR MANAGEMENT.
1.7	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
1.8	the meanings given:
1.9	(1) "commissioner" means the commissioner of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency;
1.10	(2) "objectionable odor" means air pollution consisting of an odor that, considering its
1.11	characteristics, intensity, frequency, and duration:
1.12	(i) is or can reasonably be expected to be injurious to public health or welfare; or
1.13	(ii) unreasonably interferes with the enjoyment of life or the use of property of persons
1.14	exposed to the odor; and
1.15	(3) "odor complaint" means a notification received and recorded by the commissioner
1.16	or by a political subdivision from an identifiable person that describes the nature, duration,
1.17	and location of an odor.
1.18	Subd. 2. Prohibition. A person may not cause or allow emission into the ambient air of
1.19	any substance or combination of substances in quantities that produce an objectionable odor
1.20	beyond the property line of the facility that is the source of the odor, unless the person has
1.21	implemented odor-control measures satisfactory to the commissioner to abate or control
1.22	the emissions.

02/15/23	REVISOR	CKM/JW	23-03802

2.1	Subd. 3. Odor complaints; investigation. (a) The commissioner must conduct a site
2.2	investigation of any facility against which six or more verifiable odor complaints have been
2.3	submitted to the commissioner or to a political subdivision within a six-month period. The
2.4	investigation must include:
2.5	(1) an interview with the owner or operator of the facility against which the complaint
2.6	was made;
2.7	(2) a physical examination of the facilities; equipment; operations; conditions; methods;
2.8	storage areas for material inputs, chemicals, and waste; and any other factors that may
2.9	contribute to or are designed to mitigate the emission of odors; and
2.10	(3) testing at locations identified in the odor complaints and at other locations beyond
2.11	the property line of the facility that is the source of the odor using a precision instrument
2.12	capable of measuring odors in ambient air.
2.13	(b) The commissioner, based upon the site investigation and the results of odor testing
2.14	and considering the nature, intensity, frequency, and duration of the odor and other relevant
2.15	factors, must determine whether the odor emitted from the facility constitutes an objectionable
2.16	odor. In making the determination, the commissioner may consider the opinions of a random
2.17	sample of persons exposed to samples of the odor taken from ambient air beyond the property
2.18	line of the facility that is the source of the odor.
2.19	(c) The commissioner must notify officials in local jurisdictions that odor complaints
2.20	filed with respect to properties located within those jurisdictions must be forwarded to the
2.21	commissioner.
2.22	Subd. 4. Objectionable odor; management plan. (a) If the commissioner determines
2.23	under subdivision 3 that the odor emitted from a facility is an objectionable odor, the
2.24	commissioner must require the owner of the facility to develop an odor-management plan
2.25	designed to mitigate odor emissions.
2.26	(b) The owner of the facility must submit a management plan required under paragraph
2.27	(a) to the commissioner for review within 90 days. The commissioner may grant an extension
2.28	for submitting the odor-management plan for up to an additional 90 days for good cause.
2.29	(c) The commissioner must provide technical assistance to the property owner in
2.30	developing a management plan, including:
2.31	(1) identifying odor-control technology and equipment that may reduce odor emissions;
2.32	and

02/15/23	REVISOR	CKM/JW	23-03802

<u>(</u>	(2) identifying alternative methods of operation or alternative materials that may reduce
odo	<u>r emissions.</u>
<u>(</u>	(d) An odor-management plan must contain, at a minimum, for each odor source
con	tributing to odor emissions:
<u>(</u>	(1) a description of plant operations and materials that generate odors;
<u>(</u>	(2) proposed changes in equipment, operations, or materials that are designed to mitigate
odo	r emissions;
<u>(</u>	(3) the estimated effectiveness of the plan in reducing odor emissions;
<u>(</u>	(4) the estimated cost of implementing the plan;
<u>(</u>	(5) a schedule of plan implementation activities; and
<u>(</u>	(6) a description of any monitoring equipment that will be installed to measure odor
emi	ssions after the plan is implemented.
<u>(</u>	(e) The commissioner may accept, reject, or modify an odor-management plan submitted
und	er this subdivision.
<u>(</u>	(f) No sooner than 60 days after final implementation of an odor-management plan
appı	roved by the commissioner, the commissioner must test ambient air to measure the
effic	cacy of the odor-management plan in reducing odor emissions. At a minimum, the
om	missioner must test ambient air at the same locations where initial testing occurred
ınd	er subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (3).
<u>(</u>	(g) If the commissioner determines, based upon the same factors considered under
subo	division 3, paragraph (b), that implementing the odor-management plan has failed to
edu	ace the facility's odor emissions to a level where the odor is no longer an objectionable
odo	r, the commissioner must order the facility owner to revise the odor-management plan
with	nin 90 days of receipt of the commissioner's order.
<u>(</u>	(h) If the revised odor-management plan is not acceptable to the commissioner or is
imp	lemented but fails to reduce the facility's odor emissions to a level where the odor is no
long	ger an objectionable odor, the commissioner may impose penalties under section 115.071
or n	nay modify or revoke the facility's permit under section 116.07, subdivision 4a, paragraph
(d).	
<u>.</u>	Subd. 5. Exemptions. This section does not apply to:
<u>(</u>	(1) on-farm animal and agricultural operations;

02/15/23	REVISOR	CKM/JW	23-03802
02/13/23	VE A 12OV	CIXIVI/J VV	23-03602

- 4.1 (2) motor vehicles and transportation facilities;
- 4.2 (3) municipal wastewater treatment plants;
- 4.3 (4) single-family dwellings not used for commercial purposes;
- 4.4 (5) materials odorized for safety purposes;
- 4.5 (6) painting and coating operations that are not required to be licensed; and
- 4.6 (7) temporary activities and operations.
- 4.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.