1.1	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. No. 2072
1.2 1.3 1.4	A bill for an act relating to education finance; updating a reference; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.05, subdivision 2.
1.5 1.6 1.7	The Honorable Margaret Anderson Kelliher Speaker of the House of Representatives
1.8 1.9	The Honorable James P. Metzen President of the Senate
1.10 1.11	We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 2072 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:
1.12 1.13	That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 2072 be further amended as follows:
1.14	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
1.15	"ARTICLE 1
1.16	GENERAL EDUCATION
1.17	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 11A.16, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
1.18	Subd. 5. Calculation of income. As of the end of each fiscal year, the state
1.19	board shall calculate the investment income earned by the permanent school fund. The
1.20	investment income earned by the fund shall equal the amount of interest on debt securities
1.21	and, dividends on equity securities, and interest earned on certified monthly earnings prior
1.22	to the transfer to the Department of Education. Gains and losses arising from the sale of
1.23	securities shall be apportioned as follows:
1.24	(a) If the sale of securities results in a net gain during a fiscal year, the gain shall
1.25	be apportioned in equal installments over the next ten fiscal years to offset net losses in
1.26	those years. If any portion of an installment is not needed to recover subsequent losses
1.27	identified in paragraph (b) it shall be added to the principal of the fund.

H.F. No. 2072, Conference Committee Report - 86th Legislature (2009-2010)05/16/10 06:44 AM [ccrhf2072]

(b) If the sale of securities results in a net loss during a fiscal year, the net loss shall
be recovered first from the gains in paragraph (a) apportioned to that fiscal year. If these
gains are insufficient, any remaining net loss shall be recovered from interest and dividend
income in equal installments over the following ten fiscal years.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.63, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 2.5 Subd. 3. Capital project levy referendum. (a) A district may levy the local tax 2.6 rate approved by a majority of the electors voting on the question to provide funds for 2.7 an approved project. The election must take place no more than five years before the 2.8 estimated date of commencement of the project. The referendum must be held on a date 2.9 set by the board. A referendum for a project not receiving a positive review and comment 2.10 by the commissioner under section 123B.71 must be approved by at least 60 percent of 2.11 the voters at the election. 2.12
- 2.13 (b) The referendum may be called by the school board and may be held:

2.14 (1) separately, before an election for the issuance of obligations for the project2.15 under chapter 475; or

- 2.16 (2) in conjunction with an election for the issuance of obligations for the project
 2.17 under chapter 475; or
- (3) notwithstanding section 475.59, as a conjunctive question authorizing both the
 capital project levy and the issuance of obligations for the project under chapter 475. Any
 obligations authorized for a project may be issued within five years of the date of the
 election.
- 2.22 (c) The ballot must provide a general description of the proposed project, state the 2.23 estimated total cost of the project, state whether the project has received a positive or 2.24 negative review and comment from the commissioner, state the maximum amount of the 2.25 capital project levy as a percentage of net tax capacity, state the amount that will be raised 2.26 by that local tax rate in the first year it is to be levied, and state the maximum number of 2.27 years that the levy authorization will apply.
- 2.28 The ballot must contain a textual portion with the information required in this2.29 section and a question stating substantially the following:
- 2.30 "Shall the capital project levy proposed by the board of School District2.31 No. be approved?"
- If approved, the amount provided by the approved local tax rate applied to the net
 tax capacity for the year preceding the year the levy is certified may be certified for the
 number of years, not to exceed ten, approved.

(d) If the authority for an existing project is expiring and the district is proposing 3.1 a new project at the same maximum tax rate, the general description on the ballot may 3.2 state that the capital project levy is being renewed and that the tax rate is not being 3.3 increased from the previous year's rate and the notice required under section 276.60, may 3.4 be modified to read: "BY VOTING YES ON THIS BALLOT QUESTION, YOU ARE 3.5 VOTING TO EXTEND THE AUTHORITY FOR AN EXPIRING CAPITAL PROJECT 3.6 AT THE SAME TAX RATE." 3.7 (e) In the event a conjunctive question proposes to authorize both the capital project 38 levy and the issuance of obligations for the project, appropriate language authorizing the 3.9 issuance of obligations must also be included in the question. 3.10 (f) The district must notify the commissioner of the results of the referendum. 3.11 3.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for referenda conducted on or after

July 1, 2010. 3.13

3.20

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.09, subdivision 20, is amended to read: 3.14 Subd. 20. Textbooks; materials. All textbooks and equipment provided to a pupil, 3.15 and paid for under subdivision 13, are the property of the pupil's postsecondary institution. 3.16 Each pupil is required to return all textbooks and equipment to the postsecondary 3.17 institution after the course has ended. The postsecondary institution may bill the pupil for 3.18 any textbooks and equipment that are not promptly returned by the student. 3.19

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2010.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.79, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 3.21 Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the definitions in this 3.22 3.23 subdivision apply.
- (a) "Unreimbursed special education cost" means the sum of the following: 3.24
- (1) expenditures for teachers' salaries, contracted services, supplies, equipment, and 3.25 transportation services eligible for revenue under section 125A.76; plus 3.26
- (2) expenditures for tuition bills received under sections 125A.03 to 125A.24 and 3.27 125A.65 for services eligible for revenue under section 125A.76, subdivision 2; minus 3.28
- (3) revenue for teachers' salaries, contracted services, supplies, equipment, and 3.29 transportation services under section 125A.76; minus 3.30
- (4) tuition receipts under sections 125A.03 to 125A.24 and 125A.65 for services 3.31 eligible for revenue under section 125A.76, subdivision 2. 3.32

(b) "General revenue" for a school district means the sum of the general education 4.1 revenue according to section 126C.10, subdivision 1, excluding alternative teacher 4.2 compensation revenue, plus the total qualifying referendum revenue specified in paragraph 4.3 (e) minus transportation sparsity revenue minus total operating capital revenue. "General 4.4 revenue" for a charter school means the sum of the general education revenue according to 4.5 section 124D.11, subdivision 1, and transportation revenue according to section 124D.11, 4.6 subdivision 2, excluding alternative teacher compensation revenue, minus referendum 4.7 equalization aid minus transportation sparsity revenue minus operating capital revenue. 48 (c) "Average daily membership" has the meaning given it in section 126C.05. 4.9 (d) "Program growth factor" means 1.02 for fiscal year 2012 and later. 4.10(c) "Total qualifying referendum revenue" means two-thirds of the district's total 4.11 referendum revenue as adjusted according to section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs 4.12 (a) to (c), for fiscal year 2006, one-third of the district's total referendum revenue for fiscal 4.13 year 2007, and none of the district's total referendum revenue for fiscal year 2008 and later. 4.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 4.15 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.17, is amended by adding a subdivision 4.16 to read: 4.17 Subd. 9a. Renewal by school board. (a) Notwithstanding the election requirements 4.18 of subdivision 9, a school board may renew an expiring referendum by board action if: 4.19 (1) the per pupil amount of the referendum is the same as the amount expiring; 4.20 (2) the term of the renewed referendum is no longer than the initial term approved 4.21 by the voters; and 4.22 (3) the school board has adopted a written resolution authorizing the renewal after 4.23 holding a meeting and allowing public testimony on the proposed renewal. 4.24 (b) The resolution must be adopted by the school board by June 15 of any calendar 4.25 year and becomes effective 60 days after its adoption unless a petition to revoke the 4.26 referendum authority, signed by a number of qualified voters in excess of 30 percent of 4.27 the registered voters of the district on the day of the petition, is filed with the board. A 4.28 referendum revocation invoked by petition must be held on the first Tuesday after the first 4.29 Monday in November of the calendar year the resolution is adopted. 4 30 (c) The board of directors of a school district where more than 60 percent of the 4.31 district's enrollment is eligible for free or reduced price meals may renew a referendum 4.32 that expired between January 1, 2004, and January 1, 2010, if that referendum has not yet 4.33 been renewed, according to the provisions of this subdivision. 4.34

4.35 (d) This subdivision expires July 1, 2016.

5.1

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

5.2 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 126C.41, subdivision 2, is
5.3 amended to read:

Subd. 2. Retired employee health benefits. (a) A district may levy an amount up 5.4 to the amount the district is required by the collective bargaining agreement in effect 5.5 on March 30, 1992, to pay for health insurance or unreimbursed medical expenses for 5.6 licensed and nonlicensed employees who have terminated services in the employing 5.7 district and withdrawn from active teaching service or other active service, as applicable, 5.8 before July 1, 1992, and to pay for health insurance or unreimbursed medical expenses 5.9 for licensed and nonlicensed employees who have terminated services in the employing 5.10 district and withdrawn from active teaching service or other active service, as applicable 5.11 before July 1, 1998, only if a sunset clause is in effect for the current collective bargaining 5.12 agreement. The total amount of the levy each year may not exceed \$600,000. 5.13

(b) In addition to the levy authority granted under paragraph (a), a school district
may levy for other postemployment benefits expenses <u>actually paid during the previous</u>
<u>fiscal year</u>. For purposes of this subdivision, "postemployment benefits" means benefits
giving rise to a liability under Statement No. 45 of the Government Accounting Standards
Board. A district seeking levy authority under this subdivision must:

- 5.19 (1) create or have created an actuarial liability to pay postemployment benefits to5.20 employees or officers after their termination of service;
- 5.21 (2) have a sunset clause in effect for the current collective bargaining agreement as5.22 required by paragraph (a); and
- 5.23 (3) apply for the authority in the form and manner required by the commissioner5.24 of education.

If the total levy authority requested under this paragraph exceeds the amount established
in paragraph (c), the commissioner must proportionately reduce each district's maximum
levy authority under this subdivision. The commissioner may subsequently adjust each
<u>district's levy authority under this subdivision so long as the total levy authority does not</u>
exceed the maximum levy authority for that year.

- (c) The maximum levy authority under paragraph (b) must not exceed the followingamounts:
- 5.32 (1) \$9,242,000 for taxes payable in 2010;
- 5.33 (2) \$29,863,000 for taxes payable in 2011; and
- 5.34 (3) for taxes payable in 2012 and later, the maximum levy authority must not exceed
 5.35 the sum of the previous year's authority and \$14,000,000.

6.1	Sec. 7. NONPUBLIC PUPIL AID.
6.2	The fiscal year 2011 appropriation for nonpublic pupil aid under Laws 2009, chapter
6.3	96, article 1, section 24, subdivision 6, is reduced by \$458,000.
6.4	ARTICLE 2
6.5	EDUCATION EXCELLENCE
6.6	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120A.22, subdivision 11, is amended to
6.7	read:
6.8	Subd. 11. Assessment of performance. (a) Each year the performance of
6.9	every child who is not enrolled in a public school must be assessed using a nationally
6.10	norm-referenced standardized achievement examination. The superintendent of the
6.11	district in which the child receives instruction and the person in charge of the child's
6.12	instruction must agree about the specific examination to be used and the administration
6.13	and location of the examination or a nationally recognized college entrance exam.
6.14	(b) To the extent the examination in paragraph (a) does not provide assessment in
6.15	all of the subject areas in subdivision 9, the parent must assess the child's performance
6.16	in the applicable subject area. This requirement applies only to a parent who provides
6.17	instruction and does not meet the requirements of subdivision 10, clause (1), (2), or (3).
6.18	(c) If the results of the assessments in paragraphs (a) and (b) indicate that the
6.19	child's performance on the total battery score is at or below the 30th percentile or one
6.20	grade level below the performance level for children of the same age, the parent must
6.21	obtain additional evaluation of the child's abilities and performance for the purpose of
6.22	determining whether the child has learning problems.
6.23	(d) (b) A child receiving instruction from a nonpublic school, person, or institution
6.24	that is accredited by an accrediting agency, recognized according to section 123B.445, or
6.25	recognized by the commissioner, is exempt from the requirements of this subdivision.
6.26	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120A.24, is amended to read:
6.27	120A.24 REPORTING.
6.28	Subdivision 1. Reports to superintendent. (a) The person in charge of providing
6.29	instruction to a child must submit the following information to the superintendent of the
6.30	district in which the child resides the name, birth date, and address of the child; the annual

6.31 tests intended to be used under section 120A.22, subdivision 11, if required; the name of

- 6.32 <u>each instructor; and evidence of compliance with one of the requirements specified in</u>
- 6.33 <u>section 120A.22</u>, subdivision 10:

7.1	(1) by October 1 of each the first school year, the name, birth date, and address
7.2	of each child receiving instruction the child receives instruction after reaching the age
7.3	of seven;
7.4	(2) the name of each instructor and evidence of compliance with one of the
7.5	requirements specified in section 120A.22, subdivision 10;
7.6	(3) an annual instructional calendar; and
7.7	(4) for each child instructed by a parent who meets only the requirement of section
7.8	120A.22, subdivision 10, clause (6), a quarterly report card on the achievement of the
7.9	child in each subject area required in section 120A.22, subdivision 9
7.10	(2) within 15 days of when a parent withdraws a child from public school after
7.11	age seven to homeschool;
7.12	(3) within 15 days of moving out of a district; and
7.13	(4) by October 1 after a new resident district is established.
7.14	(b) The person in charge of providing instruction to a child between the ages of
7.15	seven and 16 must submit, by October 1 of each school year, a letter of intent to continue
7.16	to provide instruction under this section for all students under their supervision and any
7.17	changes to the information required in paragraph (a) for each student.
7.18	(c) The superintendent may collect the required information under this section
7.19	through electronic or Web-based format, but must not require electronic submission of
7.20	information of the person in charge of reporting under this subdivision.
7.21	Subd. 2. Availability of documentation. (a) The person in charge of providing
7.22	instruction to a child must make available maintain documentation indicating that the
7.23	subjects required in section 120A.22, subdivision 9, are being taught and proof that the
7.24	tests under section 120A.22, subdivision 11, have been administered. This documentation
7.25	must include class schedules, copies of materials used for instruction, and descriptions of
7.26	methods used to assess student achievement.
7.27	(b) The parent of a child who enrolls full-time in public school after having been
7.28	enrolled in a home school under section 120A.22, subdivision 6, must provide the
7.29	enrolling public school or school district with the child's scores on any tests administered
7.30	to the child under section 120A.22, subdivision 11, and other education-related documents
7.31	the enrolling school or district requires to determine where the child is placed in school
7.32	and what course requirements apply. This paragraph does not apply to a shared time
7.33	student who does not seek a public school diploma.
7.34	(c) The person in charge of providing instruction to a child must make the
7.35	documentation in this subdivision available to the county attorney when a case is

8.1	commenced under section 120A.26, subdivision 5; chapter 260C; or when diverted under
8.2	chapter 260A.
8.3	Subd. 3. Exemptions. A nonpublic school, person, or other institution that is
8.4	accredited by an accrediting agency, recognized according to section 123B.445, or
8.5	recognized by the commissioner, is exempt from the requirements in subdivisions 1 and
8.6	subdivision 2, except for the requirement in subdivision 1, clause (1).
8.7	Subd. 4. Reports to the state. A superintendent must make an annual report to the
8.8	commissioner of education by December 1 of the total number of nonpublic children
8.9	reported as residing in the district. The report must include the following information:
8.10	(1) the number of children residing in the district attending nonpublic schools or
8.11	receiving instruction from persons or institutions other than a public school;
8.12	(2) the number of children in clause (1) who are in compliance with section 120A.22
8.13	and this section; and
8.14	(3) the number of children in clause (1) who the superintendent has determined are
8.15	not in compliance with section 120A.22 and this section.
8.16	Subd. 5. Obligations. Nothing in this section alleviates the obligations under
8.17	section 120A.22.
8.18	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.021, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
8.19	Subdivision 1. Required academic standards. The following subject areas are
8.20	required for statewide accountability:
8.21	(1) language arts;
8.22	(2) mathematics;

8.23 (3) science;

8.24 (4) social studies, including history, geography, economics, and government and8.25 citizenship;

8.26 (5) <u>physical education;</u>

8.27 (6) health and physical education, for which locally developed academic standards
8.28 apply; and

8.29 (6) (7) the arts, for which statewide or locally developed academic standards apply,
8.30 as determined by the school district. Public elementary and middle schools must offer at
8.31 least three and require at least two of the following four arts areas: dance; music; theater;
8.32 and visual arts. Public high schools must offer at least three and require at least one of the
8.33 following five arts areas: media arts; dance; music; theater; and visual arts.
8.34 The commissioner must submit proposed standards in science and social studies to

the legislature by February 1, 2004.

9.1 For purposes of applicable federal law, the academic standards for language arts,
9.2 mathematics, and science apply to all public school students, except the very few students
9.3 with extreme cognitive or physical impairments for whom an individualized education
9.4 plan team has determined that the required academic standards are inappropriate.
9.5 An individualized education plan team that makes this determination must establish
9.6 alternative standards.

A school district, no later than the 2007-2008 school year, must adopt graduation 9.7 requirements that meet or exceed state graduation requirements established in law or 9.8 rule. A school district that incorporates these state graduation requirements before the 9.9 2007-2008 school year must provide students who enter the 9th grade in or before 9.10 the 2003-2004 school year the opportunity to earn a diploma based on existing locally 9.11 established graduation requirements in effect when the students entered the 9th grade. 9.12 District efforts to develop, implement, or improve instruction or curriculum as a result 9.13 of the provisions of this section must be consistent with sections 120B.10, 120B.11, 9.14 and 120B.20. 9.15

9.16 The commissioner must include the contributions of Minnesota American Indian
9.17 tribes and communities as they relate to the academic standards during the review and
9.18 revision of the required academic standards.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment 9.19 and applies to all school districts and charter schools beginning in the 2012-2013 school 9.20 year and later. A school district or charter school is strongly encouraged to implement 9.21 state physical education standards in an earlier school year than the 2012-2013 school 9.22 year if it has adopted physical education standards equivalent to the standards developed 9.23 by the National Association for Sport and Physical Education under section 31 on the 9.24 effective date of this act, or if it is scheduled to undertake the periodic review of its local 9.25 physical education standards under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.023, subdivision 2, 9.26 paragraph (g), in a school year before the 2012-2013 school year, it is strongly encouraged 9.27 to implement state physical education standards consistent with section 31 in an earlier 9.28 school year. 9.29
- 9.30 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 120B.023, subdivision 2, is
 9.31 amended to read:
- 9.32 Subd. 2. Revisions and reviews required. (a) The commissioner of education must
 9.33 revise and appropriately embed technology and information literacy standards consistent
 9.34 with recommendations from school media specialists into the state's academic standards
 9.35 and graduation requirements and implement a review cycle for state academic standards

and related benchmarks, consistent with this subdivision. During each review cycle, the
 commissioner also must examine the alignment of each required academic standard and
 related benchmark with the knowledge and skills students need for college readiness and
 advanced work in the particular subject area.

(b) The commissioner in the 2006-2007 school year must revise and align the state's
academic standards and high school graduation requirements in mathematics to require
that students satisfactorily complete the revised mathematics standards, beginning in the
2010-2011 school year. Under the revised standards:

10.9 (1) students must satisfactorily complete an algebra I credit by the end of eighth10.10 grade; and

10.11 (2) students scheduled to graduate in the 2014-2015 school year or later must10.12 satisfactorily complete an algebra II credit or its equivalent.

10.13 The commissioner also must ensure that the statewide mathematics assessments

administered to students in grades 3 through 8 and 11 are aligned with the state academic

standards in mathematics, consistent with section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph

10.16 (b). The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related10.17 benchmarks in mathematics beginning in the 2015-2016 school year.

- (c) The commissioner in the 2007-2008 school year must revise and align the state's
 academic standards and high school graduation requirements in the arts to require that
 students satisfactorily complete the revised arts standards beginning in the 2010-2011
 school year. The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and
 related benchmarks in arts beginning in the 2016-2017 school year.
- (d) The commissioner in the 2008-2009 school year must revise and align the state's
 academic standards and high school graduation requirements in science to require that
 students satisfactorily complete the revised science standards, beginning in the 2011-2012
 school year. Under the revised standards, students scheduled to graduate in the 2014-2015
 school year or later must satisfactorily complete a chemistry or physics credit. The
 commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks
 in science beginning in the 2017-2018 school year.
- (e) The commissioner in the 2009-2010 school year must revise and align the state's
 academic standards and high school graduation requirements in language arts to require
 that students satisfactorily complete the revised language arts standards beginning in the
 2012-2013 school year. The commissioner must implement a review of the academic
 standards and related benchmarks in language arts beginning in the 2018-2019 school year.
 (f) The commissioner in the 2010-2011 school year must revise and align the state's
- academic standards and high school graduation requirements in social studies to require

that students satisfactorily complete the revised social studies standards beginning in the 11.1 2013-2014 school year. The commissioner must implement a review of the academic 11.2 standards and related benchmarks in social studies beginning in the 2019-2020 school year. 11.3 (g) School districts and charter schools must revise and align local academic 11.4 standards and high school graduation requirements in health, physical education, world 11.5 11.6 languages, and career and technical education to require students to complete the revised standards beginning in a school year determined by the school district or charter school. 11.7 School districts and charter schools must formally establish a periodic review cycle for 11.8 the academic standards and related benchmarks in health, physical education, world 11.9 languages, and career and technical education. 11.10 (h) The commissioner in the 2013-2014 school year and later must use the good 11.11

11.12 cause exemption under section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to amend the rules
11.13 governing state physical education standards to conform the state standards to changes in
11.14 the standards developed by the National Association for Sport and Physical Education.
11.15 Directions to the commissioner to embed technology and information literacy standards
11.16 under paragraph (a) and other requirements related to state academic standards under
11.17 this chapter do not apply.

- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment 11.18 and applies to all school districts and charter schools beginning in the 2012-2013 school 11.19 year and later, except that paragraph (h) applies beginning in the 2013-2014 school year 11.20 and later. A school district or charter school is strongly encouraged to implement state 11.21 physical education standards in an earlier school year than the 2012-2013 school year if it 11.22 has adopted physical education standards equivalent to the standards developed by the 11.23 National Association for Sport and Physical Education under section 31 on the effective 11.24 date of this act, or if it is scheduled to undertake the periodic review of its local physical 11.25 education standards under paragraph (g) in a school year before the 2012-2013 school 11.26 year, it is strongly encouraged to implement state physical education standards consistent 11.27
- 11.28 with section 31 in an earlier school year.

11.29 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.15, is amended to read:

11.30

120B.15 GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS PROGRAMS.

(a) School districts <u>and charter schools</u> may identify students, locally develop
 programs addressing instructional and affective needs, provide staff development, and

- 11.33 evaluate programs to provide gifted and talented students with challenging <u>and appropriate</u>
- 11.34 educational programs.

(b) School districts <u>and charter schools may adopt guidelines</u> for assessing and
identifying students for participation in gifted and talented programs. The guidelines
should include the use of:

- 12.4 (1) multiple and objective criteria; and
- 12.5 (2) assessments and procedures that are valid and reliable, fair, and based on
- 12.6 current theory and research addressing the use of tools and methods that are sensitive to
- 12.7 <u>underrepresented groups, including, but not limited to, students who are low income,</u>
- 12.8 <u>minority, gifted and learning disabled, and English language learners</u>.
- (c) School districts <u>and charter schools must adopt procedures for the academic</u>
 acceleration of gifted and talented students. These procedures must include how the
 district will:
- 12.12 (1) assess a student's readiness and motivation for acceleration; and
- 12.13 (2) match the level, complexity, and pace of the curriculum to a student to achieve12.14 the best type of academic acceleration for that student.

12.15 Sec. 6. [120B.21] MENTAL HEALTH EDUCATION.

- 12.16 The legislature encourages districts to provide instruction in mental health for
- 12.17 students in grades 7 through 12. Instruction must be aligned with local health standards
- 12.18 and integrated into a district's existing programs, curriculum, or the general school
- 12.19 <u>environment</u>. The commissioner of education, in consultation with mental health
- 12.20 organizations, shall provide assistance to districts including:
- (1) age-appropriate model learning activities for grades 7 through 12 that address
 mental health components of the National Health Education Standards and the benchmarks
 developed by the department's quality teaching network in health and best practices in
- 12.24 mental health education; and
- 12.25 (2) a directory of resources for planning and implementing age-appropriate mental
 12.26 health curriculum and instruction in grades 7 through 12.
- 12.27 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, is12.28 amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Statewide testing. (a) The commissioner, with advice from experts with appropriate technical qualifications and experience and stakeholders, consistent with subdivision 1a, shall include in the comprehensive assessment system, for each grade level to be tested, state-constructed tests developed from and aligned with the state's required academic standards under section 120B.021, include multiple choice questions,
- and be administered annually to all students in grades 3 through 8. State-developed high

school tests aligned with the state's required academic standards under section 120B.021 13.1 and administered to all high school students in a subject other than writing must include 13.2 multiple choice questions. The commissioner shall establish one or more months during 13.3 which schools shall administer the tests to students each school year. For students enrolled 13.4 in grade 8 before the 2005-2006 school year, Minnesota basic skills tests in reading, 13.5 mathematics, and writing shall fulfill students' basic skills testing requirements for a 13.6 passing state notation. The passing scores of basic skills tests in reading and mathematics 13.7 are the equivalent of 75 percent correct for students entering grade 9 based on the first 13.8 uniform test administered in February 1998. Students who have not successfully passed 13.9 a Minnesota basic skills test by the end of the 2011-2012 school year must pass the 13.10 graduation-required assessments for diploma under paragraph (b). 13.11 (b) The state assessment system must be aligned to the most recent revision of 13.12 academic standards as described in section 120B.023 in the following manner: 13.13 (1) mathematics; 13.14 13.15 (i) grades 3 through 8 beginning in the 2010-2011 school year; and (ii) high school level beginning in the 2013-2014 2014-2015 school year; 13.16 (2) science; grades 5 and 8 and at the high school level beginning in the 2011-2012 13.17 school year; and 13.18 (3) language arts and reading; grades 3 through 8 and high school level beginning in 13.19 the 2012-2013 school year. 13.20 (c) For students enrolled in grade 8 in the 2005-2006 school year and later, only the 13.21 following options shall fulfill students' state graduation test requirements: 13.22 13.23 (1) for reading and mathematics: (i) obtaining an achievement level equivalent to or greater than proficient as 13.24 determined through a standard setting process on the Minnesota comprehensive 13.25 13.26 assessments in grade 10 for reading and grade 11 for mathematics or achieving a passing score as determined through a standard setting process on the graduation-required 13.27 assessment for diploma in grade 10 for reading and grade 11 for mathematics or 13.28 subsequent retests; 13.29 (ii) achieving a passing score as determined through a standard setting process on the 13.30 state-identified language proficiency test in reading and the mathematics test for English 13.31 language learners or the graduation-required assessment for diploma equivalent of those 13.32 assessments for students designated as English language learners; 13.33 (iii) achieving an individual passing score on the graduation-required assessment 13.34 for diploma as determined by appropriate state guidelines for students with an individual 13.35

education plan or 504 plan;

(iv) obtaining achievement level equivalent to or greater than proficient as
determined through a standard setting process on the state-identified alternate assessment
or assessments in grade 10 for reading and grade 11 for mathematics for students with
an individual education plan; or

(v) achieving an individual passing score on the state-identified alternate assessment
or assessments as determined by appropriate state guidelines for students with an
individual education plan; and

14.8 (2) for writing:

14.9 (i) achieving a passing score on the graduation-required assessment for diploma;

(ii) achieving a passing score as determined through a standard setting process on
the state-identified language proficiency test in writing for students designated as English
language learners;

(iii) achieving an individual passing score on the graduation-required assessment
for diploma as determined by appropriate state guidelines for students with an individual
education plan or 504 plan; or

(iv) achieving an individual passing score on the state-identified alternate assessment
or assessments as determined by appropriate state guidelines for students with an
individual education plan.

(d) Students enrolled in grade 8 in any school year from the 2005-2006 school
year to the 2009-2010 school year who do not pass the mathematics graduation-required
assessment for diploma under paragraph (b) are eligible to receive a high school diploma
with a passing state notation if they:

(1) complete with a passing score or grade all state and local coursework and credits
required for graduation by the school board granting the students their diploma;

(2) participate in district-prescribed academic remediation in mathematics; and 14.25 14.26 (3) fully participate in at least two retests of the mathematics GRAD test or until they pass the mathematics GRAD test, whichever comes first. A school, district, or 14.27 charter school must place on the high school transcript a student's highest current pass 14.28 status for each subject that has a required graduation assessment score for each of the 14.29 following assessments on the student's high school transcript: the mathematics Minnesota 14.30 Comprehensive Assessment, reading Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment, and writing 14.31 Graduation-Required Assessment for Diploma, and when applicable, the mathematics 14.32 Graduation-Required Assessment for Diploma and reading Graduation-Required 14.33 Assessment for Diploma. 14.34

In addition, the school board granting the students their diplomas may formallydecide to include a notation of high achievement on the high school diplomas of those

graduating seniors who, according to established school board criteria, demonstrateexemplary academic achievement during high school.

(e) The 3rd through 8th grade and high school test results shall be available to
districts for diagnostic purposes affecting student learning and district instruction and
curriculum, and for establishing educational accountability. The commissioner must
disseminate to the public the high school test results upon receiving those results.

(f) The 3rd through 8th grade and high school tests must be aligned with state
academic standards. The commissioner shall determine the testing process and the order
of administration. The statewide results shall be aggregated at the site and district level,
consistent with subdivision 1a.

(g) In addition to the testing and reporting requirements under this section, the
commissioner shall include the following components in the statewide public reporting
system:

(1) uniform statewide testing of all students in grades 3 through 8 and at the high
school level that provides appropriate, technically sound accommodations or alternate
assessments;

(2) educational indicators that can be aggregated and compared across school
districts and across time on a statewide basis, including average daily attendance, high
school graduation rates, and high school drop-out rates by age and grade level;

15.20 (3) state results on the American College Test; and

(4) state results from participation in the National Assessment of Educational
Progress so that the state can benchmark its performance against the nation and other
states, and, where possible, against other countries, and contribute to the national effort
to monitor achievement.

15.25 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 120B.30, is amended by adding a15.26 subdivision to read:

15.27 <u>Subd. 1b.</u> <u>High school algebra end-of-course assessment.</u> (a) Notwithstanding
15.28 subdivision 1, the commissioner shall establish a statewide high school algebra

15.28 <u>subdivision 1, the commissioner shall establish a statewide high school algebra</u>

15.29 <u>end-of-course assessment for students entering grade 8 in the 2010-2011 school year</u>

and later that provides information on the college and career readiness of Minnesota

15.31 students and fulfills federal accountability requirements, consistent with this subdivision

15.32 and related rules. For purposes of this subdivision, "college and career readiness" means

15.33 the knowledge and skills that a high school graduate needs to do either credit-bearing

15.34 <u>coursework at a two-year or four-year college or university or career-track employment</u>

16.1	that pays a living wage, provides employment benefits, and offers clear pathways for
16.2	advancement through further education and training.
16.3	(b) This statewide high school algebra end-of-course assessment must conform
16.4	with the following:
16.5	(1) align with the most recently revised academic content standards under section
16.6	<u>120B.023</u> , subdivision 2;
16.7	(2) include both multiple-choice and open-ended items that assess the appropriate
16.8	algebra knowledge and skills contained in the state's academic content standards;
16.9	(3) be designed for computer administration and scoring so that, beginning the
16.10	second year a computerized test is administered and as soon as practicable during the
16.11	first year a computerized test is administered, the exam results of students who take
16.12	computerized tests are available to the school or district within three full school days after
16.13	the exam is administered, among other design characteristics;
16.14	(4) be administered at regular intervals that align with the most common high school
16.15	schedules in Minnesota;
16.16	(5) generate achievement levels established through a professionally recognized
16.17	methodology;
16.18	(6) use achievement level descriptors that define a student's college and career
16.19	readiness;
16.20	(7) comprise 20 percent of the student's overall course grade in the corresponding
16.21	course;
16.22	(8) require a student who does not pass a high school algebra course to (i)
16.23	retake the course or complete a district-authorized credit recovery class, (ii) opt, at the
16.24	student's election, to retake the end-of-course assessment within a regularly scheduled
16.25	administration window, and (iii) have the student select the exam score on the initial test
16.26	or the retest to count as the equivalent of 20 percent of the student's overall course grade;
16.27	(9) allow an eligible student to meet this requirement through an alternative method
16.28	that demonstrates the student's college and career readiness:
16.29	(i) for high school students who transfer into Minnesota from another state where
16.30	the algebra course content, as applicable, is of equal or greater rigor, pass that state's high
16.31	school course and graduation requirements in algebra, as applicable;
16.32	(ii) allow a student who has an active individualized education program to achieve a
16.33	passing status at an individual level as prescribed by the commissioner;
16.34	(iii) waive the required exam for a high school student who is an English language
16.35	learner under section 124D.59 and who has been enrolled for four or fewer years in a

16.36 school in which English is the primary language of instruction; or

17.1	(iv) other alternative methods recommended by the Assessment Advisory
17.2	Committee, if subsequently specifically authorized by law to allow other alternative
17.3	methods;
17.4	(10) use three consecutive school years of research and analysis through the
17.5	2014-2015 school year, as prescribed by the commissioner, to calculate and report an
17.6	alignment index that compares students' final grades in this course with their end-of-course
17.7	assessment scores;
17.8	(11) subsequent to calculating and reporting the alignment index under clause (10),
17.9	require schools that are highly misaligned for two or more consecutive school years to
17.10	transmit written notice of the misalignment to all parents of students enrolled in the school,
17.11	as prescribed by the commissioner; and
17.12	(12) when schools are highly misaligned for two or more consecutive years under
17.13	clause (11), use school district funds under section 122A.60, subdivision 1a, paragraph
17.14	(a), to correct the misalignment.
17.15	(c) The requirements of this subdivision apply to students in public schools,
17.16	including charter schools, who enter grade 8 in the 2010-2011 school year or later. The
17.17	commissioner may establish a transition period where students who enter grade 8 in the
17.18	2010-2011 or 2011-2012 school year graduate either under the Graduation-Required
17.19	Assessment for Diploma requirements under section 120B.30, subdivision 1, or this
17.20	subdivision. The commissioner may seek authority from the legislature to adjust the
17.21	time line under this paragraph if circumstances such as changes in federal law governing
17.22	educational accountability and assessment warrant such an adjustment.
17.23	(d) To fully implement this subdivision and enable school districts to provide
17.24	intervention and support to struggling students and improve instruction for all students,
17.25	the commissioner must provide districts with (1) a benchmark assessment aligned with
17.26	the high school algebra end-of-course assessment, and as funding allows, may provide
17.27	districts with (2) an item bank available to teachers for creating formative assessments to
17.28	help students prepare for the high school algebra end-of-course assessment.
17.29	(e) The commissioner shall expand the membership and purpose of the Assessment
17.30	Advisory Committee established under section 120B.365 to include assessment experts
17.31	and practitioners from both secondary and postsecondary education systems and other
17.32	appropriate stakeholders to monitor the implementation of and student outcomes based
17.33	on the algebra end-of-course assessment and policies and the state support available
17.34	to districts, including small or rural districts, under this subdivision. This committee
17.35	shall report annually by February 15 to the commissioner and the legislature on the
17.36	implementation of and student outcomes based on the assessment and policies under this

- subdivision. Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 3, committee members shall not
 receive compensation, per diem payments, or reimbursement for expenses.
- 18.3 (f) Using a solicitation process that includes a "request for proposal" process and
- 18.4 multiple responses, the commissioner shall contract for at least two independent studies
- 18.5 at two-year intervals to evaluate (1) the implementation of the requirements and (2) the
- 18.6 availability and efficacy of resources to support and improve student outcomes based on
- 18.7 <u>student achievement data under this subdivision</u>. The commissioner must submit the
- 18.8 results of the first study to the education policy and finance committees of the legislature
- 18.9 by February 15, 2015. The commissioner must submit the results of the second study
- 18.10 to the legislature by February 15, 2017.
- (g) The commissioner must not begin to develop additional statewide end-of-course
 exams in geometry, chemistry, or physics until specifically authorized in law to do so.
- 18.13 (h) A district or charter school must indicate on a student's transcript the student's
- 18.14 level of college and career readiness in algebra under this subdivision after the levels have
- 18.15 <u>been established through a professionally recognized methodology.</u>
- 18.16

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 18.17 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 120B.30, subdivision 3, is18.18 amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Reporting.** The commissioner shall report test data results publicly and 18.19 to stakeholders, including the performance achievement levels developed from students' 18.20 unweighted test scores in each tested subject and a listing of demographic factors that 18.21 strongly correlate with student performance. The test results must not include personally 18.22 identifiable information as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 99.3. 18.23 18.24 The commissioner shall also report data that compares performance results among school sites, school districts, Minnesota and other states, and Minnesota and other nations. The 18.25 commissioner shall disseminate to schools and school districts a more comprehensive 18.26 report containing testing information that meets local needs for evaluating instruction 18.27 and curriculum. 18.28
- 18.29 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 120B.30, subdivision 4, is18.30 amended to read:
- 18.31 Subd. 4. Access to tests. <u>Consistent with section 13.34</u>, the commissioner must 18.32 adopt and publish a policy to provide public and parental access for review of basic skills 18.33 tests, Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments, or any other such statewide test and 18.34 assessment which would not compromise the objectivity or fairness of the testing or

examination process. Upon receiving a written request, the commissioner must make
available to parents or guardians a copy of their student's actual responses to the test
questions for their review.

19.4 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 120B.35, subdivision 3, is
19.5 amended to read:

Subd. 3. State growth target; other state measures. (a) The state's educational
assessment system measuring individual students' educational growth is based on
indicators of achievement growth that show an individual student's prior achievement.
Indicators of achievement and prior achievement must be based on highly reliable
statewide or districtwide assessments.

19.11 (b) The commissioner, in consultation with a stakeholder group that includes assessment and evaluation directors and staff and researchers must implement a model 19.12 that uses a value-added growth indicator and includes criteria for identifying schools 19.13 19.14 and school districts that demonstrate medium and high growth under section 120B.299, subdivisions 8 and 9, and may recommend other value-added measures under section 19.15 120B.299, subdivision 3. The model may be used to advance educators' professional 19.16 19.17 development and replicate programs that succeed in meeting students' diverse learning needs. Data on individual teachers generated under the model are personnel data under 19.18 section 13.43. The model must allow users to: 19.19

19.20

(1) report student growth consistent with this paragraph; and

(2) for all student categories, report and compare aggregated and disaggregated state
growth data using the nine student categories identified under the federal 2001 No Child
Left Behind Act and two student gender categories of male and female, respectively,
following appropriate reporting practices to protect nonpublic student data.

19.25 The commissioner must report separate measures of student growth and proficiency,19.26 consistent with this paragraph.

(c) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the
commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2011, must report two core measures indicating
the extent to which current high school graduates are being prepared for postsecondary
academic and career opportunities:

(1) a preparation measure indicating the number and percentage of high school
graduates in the most recent school year who completed course work important to
preparing them for postsecondary academic and career opportunities, consistent with
the core academic subjects required for admission to Minnesota's public colleges and
universities as determined by the Office of Higher Education under chapter 136A; and

(2) a rigorous coursework measure indicating the number and percentage of high
school graduates in the most recent school year who successfully completed one or more
college-level advanced placement, international baccalaureate, postsecondary enrollment
options including concurrent enrollment, other rigorous courses of study under section
120B.021, subdivision 1a, or industry certification courses or programs.

When reporting the core measures under clauses (1) and (2), the commissioner must also analyze and report separate categories of information using the nine student categories identified under the federal 2001 No Child Left Behind Act and two student gender categories of male and female, respectively, following appropriate reporting practices to protect nonpublic student data.

(d) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the 20.11 20.12 commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2014, must report summary data on school safety and students' engagement and connection at school. The summary data under this 20.13 paragraph are separate from and must not be used for any purpose related to measuring 20.14 20.15 or evaluating the performance of classroom teachers. The commissioner, in consultation with qualified experts on student engagement and connection and classroom teachers, 20.16 must identify highly reliable variables that generate summary data under this paragraph. 20.17 20.18 The summary data may be used at school, district, and state levels only. Any data on individuals received, collected, or created that are used to generate the summary data 20.19 under this paragraph are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9. 20.20

(e) For purposes of statewide educational accountability, the commissioner must 20.21 identify and report measures that demonstrate the success of school districts, school sites, 20.22 20.23 charter schools, and alternative program providers in improving the graduation outcomes of students under this paragraph. When reporting student performance under section 20.24 120B.36, subdivision 1, the commissioner, beginning July 1, 2013, must annually report 20.25 20.26 summary data on (i) the four- and six-year graduation rates of students throughout the state who are identified as at risk of not graduating or off track to graduate, including students 20.27 who are eligible to participate in a program under section 123A.05 or 124D.68, among 20.28 other students, and (ii) the success that school districts, school sites, charter schools, and 20.29 alternative program providers experience in: 20.30 (1) identifying at-risk and off-track student populations by grade; 20.31

20.32 (2) providing successful prevention and intervention strategies for at-risk students;

20.33 (3) providing successful recuperative and recovery or reenrollment strategies for

20.34 off-track students; and

20.35 (4) improving the graduation outcomes of at-risk and off-track students.

21.1 For purposes of this paragraph, a student who is at risk of not graduating is a student in eighth or ninth grade who meets one or more of the following criteria: first enrolled 21.2 in an English language learners program in eighth or ninth grade and may be older than 21.3 other students enrolled in the same grade; as an eighth grader, is absent from school for at 21.4 least 20 percent of the days of instruction during the school year, is two or more years 21.5 older than other students enrolled in the same grade, or fails multiple core academic 21.6 courses; or as a ninth grader, fails multiple ninth grade core academic courses in English 21.7 language arts, math, science, or social studies. 21.8 For purposes of this paragraph, a student who is off track to graduate is a student 21.9 who meets one or more of the following criteria: first enrolled in an English language 21.10 learners program in high school and is older than other students enrolled in the same grade; 21.11 21.12 is a returning dropout; is 16 or 17 years old and two or more academic years off track to graduate; is 18 years or older and two or more academic years off track to graduate; or is 21.13 18 years or older and may graduate within one school year. 21.14

EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (e) applies to data that are collected in the
 2012-2013 school year and later and reported annually beginning July 1, 2013, consistent
 with the recommendations the commissioner receives from recognized and qualified
 experts on improving differentiated graduation rates, and establishing alternative routes to
 a standard high school diploma for at-risk and off-track students.

21.20 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 120B.36, subdivision 1, is 21.21 amended to read:

Subdivision 1. School performance report cards. (a) The commissioner 21.22 shall report student academic performance under section 120B.35, subdivision 2; the 21.23 percentages of students showing low, medium, and high growth under section 120B.35, 21.24 subdivision 3, paragraph (b); school safety and student engagement and connection 21.25 under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (d); rigorous coursework under section 21.26 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c); the four- and six-year graduation rates of at-risk and 21.27 off-track students throughout the state under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph 21.28 (e), and the success that school districts, school sites, charter schools, and alternative 21.29 program providers experience in their efforts to improve the graduation outcomes of 21.30 those students; two separate student-to-teacher ratios that clearly indicate the definition 21.31 of teacher consistent with sections 122A.06 and 122A.15 for purposes of determining 21.32 these ratios; staff characteristics excluding salaries; student enrollment demographics; 21.33 district mobility; and extracurricular activities. The report also must indicate a school's 21.34

adequate yearly progress status, and must not set any designations applicable to high- and
low-performing schools due solely to adequate yearly progress status.

- (b) The commissioner shall develop, annually update, and post on the departmentWeb site school performance report cards.
- 22.5 (c) The commissioner must make available performance report cards by the22.6 beginning of each school year.

(d) A school or district may appeal its adequate yearly progress status in writing to
the commissioner within 30 days of receiving the notice of its status. The commissioner's
decision to uphold or deny an appeal is final.

(e) School performance report card data are nonpublic data under section 13.02,
subdivision 9, until not later than ten days after the appeal procedure described in
paragraph (d) concludes. The department shall annually post school performance report
cards to its public Web site no later than September 1.

22.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment 22.15 and applies to annual reports beginning July 1, 2013.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 121A.15, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 22.16 Subd. 8. Report. The administrator or other person having general control and 22.17 supervision of the elementary or secondary school shall file a report with the commissioner 22.18 on all persons enrolled in the school. The superintendent of each district shall file a report 22.19 with the commissioner for all persons within the district receiving instruction in a home 22.20 school in compliance with sections 120A.22 and 120A.24. The parent of persons receiving 22.21 instruction in a home school shall submit the statements as required by subdivisions 1, 2, 22.22 3, and 4 to the superintendent of the district in which the person resides by October 1 of 22.23 each school year the first year of their homeschooling and the 7th grade year. The school 22.24 report must be prepared on forms developed jointly by the commissioner of health and the 22.25 commissioner of education and be distributed to the local districts by the commissioner 22.26 of health. The school report must state the number of persons attending the school, the 22.27 number of persons who have not been immunized according to subdivision 1 or 2, and 22.28 the number of persons who received an exemption under subdivision 3, clause (c) or (d). 22.29 The school report must be filed with the commissioner of education within 60 days of the 22.30 commencement of each new school term. Upon request, a district must be given a 60-day 22.31 extension for filing the school report. The commissioner of education shall forward the 22.32 report, or a copy thereof, to the commissioner of health who shall provide summary 22.33 reports to boards of health as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision 2. The administrator 22.34 22.35 or other person having general control and supervision of the child care facility shall file a

report with the commissioner of human services on all persons enrolled in the child care 23.1 facility. The child care facility report must be prepared on forms developed jointly by 23.2 the commissioner of health and the commissioner of human services and be distributed 23.3 to child care facilities by the commissioner of health. The child care facility report 23.4 must state the number of persons enrolled in the facility, the number of persons with no 23.5 immunizations, the number of persons who received an exemption under subdivision 3, 23.6 clause (c) or (d), and the number of persons with partial or full immunization histories. 23.7 The child care facility report must be filed with the commissioner of human services by 23.8 November 1 of each year. The commissioner of human services shall forward the report, 23.9 or a copy thereof, to the commissioner of health who shall provide summary reports to 23.10 boards of health as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision 2. The report required by this 23.11 subdivision is not required of a family child care or group family child care facility, for 23.12 prekindergarten children enrolled in any elementary or secondary school provided services 23.13 according to sections 125A.05 and 125A.06, nor for child care facilities in which at least 23.14 23.15 75 percent of children in the facility participate on a onetime only or occasional basis to a maximum of 45 hours per child, per month. 23.16

23.17 Sec. 14. [121A.215] LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WELLNESS POLICIES;

23.18 **WEB SITE.**

23.19 Where available, a school district must post its current local school wellness policy 23.20 on its Web site.

23.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2010.

- 23.22 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.16, is amended to read:
- 23.23

122A.16 HIGHLY QUALIFIED TEACHER DEFINED.

23.24 (a) A qualified teacher is one holding a valid license, under this chapter, to perform23.25 the particular service for which the teacher is employed in a public school.

(b) For the purposes of the federal No Child Left Behind Act, a highly qualified
teacher is one who holds a valid license under this chapter to perform the particular service
for which the teacher is employed in a public school or who meets the requirements of a
highly objective uniform state standard of evaluation (HOUSSE).

All Minnesota teachers teaching in a core academic subject area, as defined by the federal No Child Left Behind Act, in which they are not fully licensed may complete the following HOUSSE process in the core subject area for which the teacher is requesting highly qualified status by completing an application, in the form and manner described bythe commissioner, that includes:

24.3 (1) documentation of student achievement as evidenced by norm-referenced test
24.4 results that are objective and psychometrically valid and reliable;

24.5 (2) evidence of local, state, or national activities, recognition, or awards for
24.6 professional contribution to achievement;

24.7 (3) description of teaching experience in the teachers' core subject area in a public
24.8 school under a waiver, variance, limited license or other exception; nonpublic school; and
24.9 postsecondary institution;

24.10 (4) test results from the Praxis II subject area content test;

24.11 (5) evidence of advanced certification from the National Board for Professional24.12 Teaching Standards;

24.13 (6) evidence of the successful completion of course work or pedagogy courses; and

24.14 (7) evidence of the successful completion of high quality professional development24.15 activities.

Districts must assign a school administrator to serve as a HOUSSE reviewer to meet with teachers under this paragraph and, where appropriate, certify the teachers' applications. Teachers satisfy the definition of highly qualified when the teachers receive at least 100 of the total number of points used to measure the teachers' content expertise under clauses (1) to (7). Teachers may acquire up to 50 points only in any one clause (1) to (7). Teachers may use the HOUSSE process to satisfy the definition of highly qualified for more than one subject area.

24.23 (c) Achievement of the HOUSSE criteria is not equivalent to a license. A teacher24.24 must obtain permission from the Board of Teaching in order to teach in a public school.

24.25 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Teacher and support personnel qualifications. (a) The Board of
Teaching must issue licenses under its jurisdiction to persons the board finds to be
qualified and competent for their respective positions.

(b) The board must require a person to <u>successfully complete pass</u> an examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics before being granted an initial teaching license to provide direct instruction to pupils in prekindergarten, elementary, secondary, or special education programs. The board must require colleges and universities offering a board approved teacher preparation program to provide remedial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to persons enrolled in their institution who did not achieve a qualifying score on the skills examination, including those for whom English is a second

language. The colleges and universities must provide assistance in the specific academic 25.1 areas of deficiency in which the person did not achieve a qualifying score. School 25.2 districts must provide similar, appropriate, and timely remedial assistance that includes a 25.3 formal diagnostic component and mentoring to those persons employed by the district 25.4 who completed their teacher education program outside the state of Minnesota, received 25.5 a one-year license to teach in Minnesota and did not achieve a qualifying score on the 25.6 skills examination, including those persons for whom English is a second language. The 25.7 Board of Teaching shall report annually to the education committees of the legislature 25.8 on the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking the 25.9 skills examination, the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination, the 25.10 number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination, the distribution of all 25.11 candidates' scores, the number of candidates who have taken the examination at least once 25.12 before, and the number of candidates who have taken the examination at least once before 25.13 and achieve a qualifying score. 25.14

(c) A person who has completed an approved teacher preparation program and
obtained a one-year license to teach, but has not successfully completed the skills
examination, may renew the one-year license for two additional one-year periods. Each
renewal of the one-year license is contingent upon the licensee:

- 25.19 (1) providing evidence of participating in an approved remedial assistance program
 25.20 provided by a school district or postsecondary institution that includes a formal diagnostic
 25.21 component in the specific areas in which the licensee did not obtain qualifying scores; and
- 25.22 (2) attempting to successfully complete the skills examination during the period
 25.23 of each one-year license.
- 25.24 (d) (c) The Board of Teaching must grant continuing licenses only to those persons
 25.25 who have met board criteria for granting a continuing license, which includes successfully
 25.26 completing passing the skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics.

(c) (d) All colleges and universities approved by the board of teaching to prepare 25.27 persons for teacher licensure must include in their teacher preparation programs a common 25.28 core of teaching knowledge and skills to be acquired by all persons recommended 25.29 for teacher licensure. This common core shall meet the standards developed by the 25.30 interstate new teacher assessment and support consortium in its 1992 "model standards for 25.31 beginning teacher licensing and development." Amendments to standards adopted under 25.32 this paragraph are covered by chapter 14. The board of teaching shall report annually to 25.33 the education committees of the legislature on the performance of teacher candidates 25.34 on common core assessments of knowledge and skills under this paragraph during the 25.35 most recent school year. 25.36

(e) The Board of Teaching must: 26.1 (1) ensure that kindergarten through grade 12 teacher licensing standards are highly 26.2 aligned with the state's kindergarten through grade 12 academic standards; 26.3 (2) adopt a review cycle that is consistent with the kindergarten through grade 12 26.4 academic standards review cycle under section 120B.023, subdivision 2; and 26.5 (3) review and align the teacher licensure standards with the kindergarten through 26.6 grade 12 academic standards within one school year after the commissioner reviews and 26.7 adopts revised kindergarten through grade 12 academic standards in a particular subject 26.8 area. 26.9 (f) All teacher preparation programs approved by the Board of Teaching must 26.10

26.11 require teacher candidates to complete at least one online course.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 26.12 Subd. 2. Applicants licensed in other states. (a) Subject to the requirements 26.13 26.14 of sections 122A.18, subdivision 8, and 123B.03, the Board of Teaching must issue a teaching license or a temporary teaching license under paragraphs (b) to (e) to an 26.15 applicant who holds at least a baccalaureate degree from a regionally accredited college 26.16 26.17 or university and holds or held a similar out-of-state teaching license that requires the applicant to successfully complete a teacher preparation program approved by the issuing 26.18 state, which includes field-specific teaching methods and student teaching or essentially 26.19 equivalent experience. 26.20

26.21

(b) The Board of Teaching must issue a teaching license to an applicant who:

26.22 (1) successfully completed passed all exams and successfully completed human
 26.23 relations preparation components required by the Board of Teaching; and

26.24 (2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license to teach the same content field and
26.25 grade levels if the scope of the out-of-state license is no more than one grade level less
26.26 than a similar Minnesota license.

(c) The Board of Teaching, consistent with board rules, must issue up to three
one-year temporary teaching licenses to an applicant who holds or held an out-of-state
teaching license to teach the same content field and grade levels, where the scope of the
out-of-state license is no more than one grade level less than a similar Minnesota license,
but has not successfully completed passed all exams and successfully completed human
relations preparation components required by the Board of Teaching.

26.33 (d) The Board of Teaching, consistent with board rules, must issue up to three26.34 one-year temporary teaching licenses to an applicant who:

27.1 (1) successfully completed passed all exams and successfully completed human
27.2 relations preparation components required by the Board of Teaching; and

(2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license to teach the same content field
and grade levels, where the scope of the out-of-state license is no more than one grade
level less than a similar Minnesota license, but has not completed field-specific teaching
methods or student teaching or equivalent experience.

The applicant may complete field-specific teaching methods and student teaching
or equivalent experience by successfully participating in a one-year school district
mentorship program consistent with board-adopted standards of effective practice and
Minnesota graduation requirements.

(e) The Board of Teaching must issue a temporary teaching license for a term of
up to three years only in the content field or grade levels specified in the out-of-state
license to an applicant who:

27.14 (1) successfully completed passed all exams and successfully completed human
 27.15 relations preparation components required by the Board of Teaching; and

(2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license where the out-of-state license ismore limited in the content field or grade levels than a similar Minnesota license.

(f) The Board of Teaching must not issue to an applicant more than three one-yeartemporary teaching licenses under this subdivision.

(g) The Board of Teaching must not issue a license under this subdivision if the
applicant has not attained the additional degrees, credentials, or licenses required in a
particular licensure field.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.42, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 27.23 Subdivision 1. Providing education materials and tests. The commissioner of 27.24 27.25 education shall promulgate rules under the provisions of chapter 14 requiring that in each school year, based upon formal requests by or on behalf of nonpublic school pupils 27.26 in a nonpublic school with enrollment that exceeds 15 students, the local districts or 27.27 intermediary service areas must purchase or otherwise acquire textbooks, individualized 27.28 instructional or cooperative learning materials, and standardized tests and loan or provide 27.29 them for use by children enrolled in that nonpublic school. These textbooks, individualized 27.30 instructional or cooperative learning materials, and standardized tests must be loaned or 27.31 provided free to the children for the school year for which requested. The loan or provision 27.32 of the textbooks, individualized instructional or cooperative learning materials, and 27.33 standardized tests shall be subject to rules prescribed by the commissioner of education. 27.34

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.44, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 28.1 Subdivision 1. Provided services. The commissioner of education shall promulgate 28.2 rules under the provisions of chapter 14 requiring each district or other intermediary 28.3 service area: (a) to provide each year upon formal request by a specific date by or on 28.4 behalf of a nonpublic school pupil enrolled in a nonpublic school located in that district 28.5 or area with a total enrollment of more than 15 pupils, the same specific health services 28.6 as are provided for public school pupils by the district where the nonpublic school is 28.7 located; and (b) to provide each year upon formal request by a specific date by or on 28.8 behalf of a nonpublic school secondary pupil enrolled in a nonpublic school located in that 28.9 district or area, the same specific guidance and counseling services as are provided for 28.10 public school secondary pupils by the district where the nonpublic school is located. The 28.11 district where the nonpublic school is located must provide the necessary transportation 28.12 within the district boundaries between the nonpublic school and a public school or 28.13 neutral site for nonpublic school pupils who are provided pupil support services under 28.14 28.15 this section if the district elects to provide pupil support services at a site other than the nonpublic school. Each request for pupil support services must set forth the guidance and 28.16 counseling or health services requested by or on behalf of all eligible nonpublic school 28.17 pupils enrolled in a given nonpublic school. No district or intermediary service area 28.18 must not expend an amount for these pupil support services which exceeds the amount 28.19 allotted to it under this section. 28.20

- 28.21 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 3, is 28.22 amended to read:
- 28.23 Subd. 3. Authorizer. (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this
 28.24 subdivision have the meanings given them.

28.25 "Application" to receive approval as an authorizer means the proposal an eligible
28.26 authorizer submits to the commissioner under paragraph (c) before that authorizer is able
28.27 to submit any affidavit to charter to a school.

28.28 "Application" under subdivision 4 means the charter school business plan a
28.29 school developer submits to an authorizer for approval to establish a charter school that
28.30 documents the school developer's mission statement, school purposes, program design,
28.31 financial plan, governance and management structure, and background and experience,
28.32 plus any other information the authorizer requests. The application also shall include a
28.33 "statement of assurances" of legal compliance prescribed by the commissioner.

29.1 "Affidavit" means a written statement the authorizer submits to the commissioner
29.2 for approval to establish a charter school under subdivision 4 attesting to its review and
29.3 approval process before chartering a school.

29.4 "Affidavit" means the form an authorizer submits to the commissioner that is a
29.5 precondition to a charter school organizing an affiliated nonprofit building corporation
29.6 under subdivision 17a.

29.7

(b) The following organizations may authorize one or more charter schools:

- 29.8 (1) a school board; intermediate school district school board; education district
 29.9 organized under sections 123A.15 to 123A.19;
- (2) a charitable organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
 Code of 1986, excluding a nonpublic sectarian or religious institution, without an
 approved affidavit by the commissioner prior to July 1, 2009, and any person other than a
 natural person that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls,
 is controlled by, or is under common control with the nonpublic sectarian or religious
 institution, and any other charitable organization under this clause that in the federal IRS
 Form 1023, Part IV, describes activities indicating a religious purpose, that:
- 29.17 (i) is a member of the Minnesota Council of Nonprofits or the Minnesota Council on29.18 Foundations;
- 29.19 (ii) is registered with the attorney general's office;

29.20 (iii) reports an end-of-year fund balance of at least \$2,000,000; and

29.21 (iv) is incorporated in the state of Minnesota;

- (3) a Minnesota private college, notwithstanding clause (2), that grants two- or
 four-year degrees and is registered with the Minnesota Office of Higher Education under
 chapter 136A; community college, state university, or technical college governed by the
 Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities; or the University of
 Minnesota; or
- (4) a nonprofit corporation subject to chapter 317A, described in section 317A.905,
 and exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code
 of 1986, may authorize one or more charter schools if the charter school has operated
 for at least three years under a different authorizer and if the nonprofit corporation has
 existed for at least 25 years.
- (5) no more than three single-purpose sponsors that are charitable, nonsectarian
 organizations formed under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and
 incorporated in the state of Minnesota whose sole purpose is to charter schools. Eligible
 organizations interested in being approved as a sponsor under this paragraph must submit a
 proposal to the commissioner that includes the provisions of paragraph (c) and a five-year

financial plan. Such authorizers shall consider and approve applications using the criteria
 provided in subdivision 4 and shall not limit the applications it solicits, considers, or
 approves to any single curriculum, learning program, or method.

- (c) An eligible authorizer under this subdivision must apply to the commissioner for 30.4 approval as an authorizer before submitting any affidavit to the commissioner to charter 30.5 a school. The application for approval as a charter school authorizer must demonstrate 30.6 the applicant's ability to implement the procedures and satisfy the criteria for chartering a 30.7 school under this section. The commissioner must approve or disapprove an application 30.8 within 60 business days of the application deadline. If the commissioner disapproves 30.9 the application, the commissioner must notify the applicant of the deficiencies and the 30.10 applicant then has 20 business days to address the deficiencies to the commissioner's 30.11 satisfaction. Failing to address the deficiencies to the commissioner's satisfaction makes 30.12 an applicant ineligible to be an authorizer. The commissioner, in establishing criteria for 30.13 approval, must consider the applicant's: 30.14
- 30.15 (1) capacity and infrastructure;
- 30.16 (2) application criteria and process;
- 30.17 (3) contracting process;
- 30.18 (4) ongoing oversight and evaluation processes; and
- 30.19 (5) renewal criteria and processes.
- 30.20 (d) The affidavit application for approval to be submitted to and evaluated by the
 30.21 commissioner must include at least the following:
- 30.22 (1) how chartering schools is a way for the organization to carry out its mission;
- 30.23 (2) a description of the capacity of the organization to serve as a sponsor, including 30.24 the personnel who will perform the sponsoring duties, their qualifications, the amount of 30.25 time they will be assigned to this responsibility, and the financial resources allocated 30.26 by the organization to this responsibility;
- 30.27 (3) a description of the application and review process the authorizer will use to make
 30.28 decisions regarding the granting of charters, which will include at least the following:
- 30.29 (i) how the statutory purposes defined in subdivision 1 are addressed;
- 30.30 (ii) the mission, goals, program model, and student performance expectations;
- 30.31 (iii) an evaluation plan for the school that includes criteria for evaluating educational,
- 30.32 organizational, and fiscal plans;
- 30.33 (iv) the school's governance plan;
- 30.34 (v) the financial management plan; and
- 30.35 (vi) the administration and operations plan;

31.1 (4) a description of the type of contract it will arrange with the schools it charters
31.2 that meets the provisions of subdivision 6 and defines the rights and responsibilities of the
31.3 charter school for governing its educational program, controlling its funds, and making
31.4 school management decisions;

31.5 (5) the process to be used for providing ongoing oversight of the school consistent
31.6 with the contract expectations specified in clause (4) that assures that the schools chartered
31.7 are complying with both the provisions of applicable law and rules, and with the contract;

31.8 (6) the process for making decisions regarding the renewal or termination of
31.9 the school's charter based on evidence that demonstrates the academic, organizational,
31.10 and financial competency of the school, including its success in increasing student
31.11 achievement and meeting the goals of the charter school agreement; and

31.12 (7) an assurance specifying that the organization is committed to serving as a31.13 sponsor for the full five-year term.

31.14 A disapproved applicant under this paragraph may resubmit an application during a31.15 future application period.

31.16

(e) The authorizer must participate in department-approved training.

31.17 (f) An authorizer that chartered a school before August 1, 2009, must apply by
31.18 June 30, 2011, to the commissioner for approval, under paragraph (c), to continue as an
31.19 authorizer under this section. For purposes of this paragraph, an authorizer that fails to
31.20 submit a timely application is ineligible to charter a school.

(g) The commissioner shall review an authorizer's performance every five years in 31.21 a manner and form determined by the commissioner and may review an authorizer's 31.22 31.23 performance more frequently at the commissioner's own initiative or at the request of a charter school operator, charter school board member, or other interested party. The 31.24 commissioner, after completing the review, shall transmit a report with findings to the 31.25 31.26 authorizer. If, consistent with this section, the commissioner finds that an authorizer has not fulfilled the requirements of this section, the commissioner may subject the 31.27 authorizer to corrective action, which may include terminating the contract with the 31.28 charter school board of directors of a school it chartered. The commissioner must notify 31.29 the authorizer in writing of any findings that may subject the authorizer to corrective 31.30 action and the authorizer then has 15 business days to request an informal hearing before 31.31 the commissioner takes corrective action. 31.32

31.33 (h) The commissioner may at any time take corrective action against an authorizer,
31.34 including terminating an authorizer's ability to charter a school for:

31.35 (1) failing to demonstrate the criteria under paragraph (c) under which the
31.36 commissioner approved the authorizer;

- 32.1 (2) violating a term of the chartering contract between the authorizer and the charter32.2 school board of directors; or
- 32.3 (3) unsatisfactory performance as an approved authorizer.
- 32.4 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 4, is 32.5 amended to read:

Subd. 4. Formation of school. (a) An authorizer, after receiving an application from 32.6 a school developer, may charter a licensed teacher under section 122A.18, subdivision 32.7 1, or a group of individuals that includes one or more licensed teachers under section 32.8 122A.18, subdivision 1, to operate a school subject to the commissioner's approval of the 32.9 authorizer's affidavit under paragraph (b). The school must be organized and operated 32.10 as a cooperative under chapter 308A or nonprofit corporation under chapter 317A and 32.11 the provisions under the applicable chapter shall apply to the school except as provided 32.12 in this section. 32.13

Notwithstanding sections 465.717 and 465.719, a school district, subject to this section and section 124D.11, may create a corporation for the purpose of establishing a charter school.

(b) Before the operators may establish and operate a school, the authorizer must file 32.17 an affidavit with the commissioner stating its intent to charter a school. An authorizer 32.18 must file a separate affidavit for each school it intends to charter. The affidavit must 32.19 state the terms and conditions under which the authorizer would charter a school and 32.20 how the authorizer intends to oversee the fiscal and student performance of the charter 32.21 32.22 school and to comply with the terms of the written contract between the authorizer and the charter school board of directors under subdivision 6. The commissioner must 32.23 approve or disapprove the authorizer's affidavit within 60 business days of receipt of the 32.24 32.25 affidavit. If the commissioner disapproves the affidavit, the commissioner shall notify the authorizer of the deficiencies in the affidavit and the authorizer then has 20 business 32.26 days to address the deficiencies. If the authorizer does not address deficiencies to the 32.27 commissioner's satisfaction, the commissioner's disapproval is final. Failure to obtain 32.28 commissioner approval precludes an authorizer from chartering the school that is the 32.29 subject of this affidavit. 32.30

32.31 (c) The authorizer may prevent an approved charter school from opening for
32.32 operation if, among other grounds, the charter school violates this section or does not meet
32.33 the ready-to-open standards that are part of the authorizer's oversight and evaluation
32.34 process or are stipulated in the charter school contract.

(d) The operators authorized to organize and operate a school, before entering into a 33.1 contract or other agreement for professional or other services, goods, or facilities, must 33.2 incorporate as a cooperative under chapter 308A or as a nonprofit corporation under 33.3 chapter 317A and must establish a board of directors composed of at least five members 33.4 who are not related parties until a timely election for members of the ongoing charter 33.5 school board of directors is held according to the school's articles and bylaws under 33.6 paragraph (f). A charter school board of directors must be composed of at least five 33.7 members who are not related parties. Staff members employed at the school, including 33.8 teachers providing instruction under a contract with a cooperative, and all parents or legal 33.9 guardians of children enrolled in the school are the voters eligible to elect the members 33.10 of the school's board of directors. A charter school must notify eligible voters of the 33.11 school board election dates at least 30 days before the election. Board of director meetings 33.12 must comply with chapter 13D. 33.13

(e) Upon the request of an individual, the charter school must make available in 33.14 a timely fashion the minutes of meetings of the board of directors, and of members 33.15 and committees having any board-delegated authority; financial statements showing all 33.16 operations and transactions affecting income, surplus, and deficit during the school's last 33.17 annual accounting period; and a balance sheet summarizing assets and liabilities on the 33.18 closing date of the accounting period. A charter school also must post on its official Web 33.19 site information identifying its authorizer and indicate how to contact that authorizer and 33.20 include that same information about its authorizer in other school materials that it makes 33.21 available to the public. 33.22

(f) Every charter school board member shall attend department-approved training
on board governance, the board's role and responsibilities, employment policies and
practices, and financial management. A board member who does not begin the required
training within six months of being seated and complete the required training within 12
months of being seated on the board is ineligible to continue to serve as a board member.

(g) The ongoing board must be elected before the school completes its third year 33.28 of operation. Board elections must be held during a time when school is in session. The 33.29 charter school board of directors shall be composed of at least five nonrelated members 33.30 and include: (i) at least one licensed teacher employed and serving as a teacher at the 33.31 school or a licensed teacher providing instruction under a contact contract between the 33.32 charter school and a cooperative; (ii) the parent or legal guardian of a student enrolled 33.33 in the charter school who is not employed by the charter school; and (iii) an interested 33.34 community member who is not employed by the charter school and does not have a child 33.35 enrolled in the school. The board may be a teacher majority board composed of teachers 33.36

described in this paragraph. The chief financial officer and the chief administrator are may
only serve as ex-officio nonvoting board members and shall not serve as a voting member
of the board. Charter school employees shall not serve on the board unless item (i) applies.
Contractors providing facilities, goods, or services to a charter school shall not serve on
the board of directors of the charter school. Board bylaws shall outline the process and
procedures for changing the board's governance model, consistent with chapter 317A. A
board may change its governance model only:

34.8 (1) by a majority vote of the board of directors and the licensed teachers employed
34.9 by the school, including licensed teachers providing instruction under a contract between
34.10 the school and a cooperative; and

34.11 (2) with the authorizer's approval.

34.12 Any change in board governance must conform with the board structure established34.13 under this paragraph.

34.14 (h) The granting or renewal of a charter by an authorizer must not be conditioned34.15 upon the bargaining unit status of the employees of the school.

(i) The granting or renewal of a charter school by an authorizer must not be 34.16 contingent on the charter school being required to contract, lease, or purchase services 34.17 from the authorizer. Any potential contract, lease, or purchase of service from an 34.18 authorizer must be disclosed to the commissioner, accepted through an open bidding 34.19 process, and be a separate contract from the charter contract. The school must document 34.20 the open bidding process. An authorizer must not enter into a contract to provide 34.21 management and financial services for a school that it authorizes, unless the school 34.22 34.23 documents that it received at least two competitive bids.

(j) An authorizer may permit the board of directors of a charter school to expand
the operation of the charter school to additional sites or to add additional grades at the
school beyond those described in the authorizer's original affidavit as approved by
the commissioner only after submitting a supplemental affidavit for approval to the
commissioner in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. The supplemental
affidavit must show that:

34.30 (1) the expansion proposed by the charter school is supported by need and projected34.31 enrollment;

34.32 (2) the charter school expansion is warranted, at a minimum, by longitudinal data
34.33 demonstrating students' improved academic performance and growth on statewide
34.34 assessments under chapter 120B;

34.35 (3) the charter school is fiscally sound and has the financial capacity to implement34.36 the proposed expansion; and

- 35.1 (4) the authorizer finds that the charter school has the management capacity to35.2 carry out its expansion.
- 35.3 (k) The commissioner shall have 30 business days to review and comment on the 35.4 supplemental affidavit. The commissioner shall notify the authorizer of any deficiencies in 35.5 the supplemental affidavit and the authorizer then has 30 business days to address, to the 35.6 commissioner's satisfaction, any deficiencies in the supplemental affidavit. The school 35.7 may not expand grades or add sites until the commissioner has approved the supplemental 35.8 affidavit. The commissioner's approval or disapproval of a supplemental affidavit is final.
- 35.9 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 6a,
 35.10 is amended to read:
- 35.11 Subd. 6a. Audit report. (a) The charter school must submit an audit report to the 35.12 commissioner and its authorizer by December 31 each year.
- 35.13 (b) The charter school, with the assistance of the auditor conducting the audit, must 35.14 include with the report a copy of all charter school agreements for corporate management 35.15 services. If the entity that provides the professional services to the charter school is 35.16 exempt from taxation under section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, that entity 35.17 must file with the commissioner by February 15 a copy of the annual return required under 35.18 section 6033 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- (c) If the commissioner receives an audit report indicating that a material weakness
 exists in the financial reporting systems of a charter school, the charter school must
 submit a written report to the commissioner explaining how the material weakness will
 be resolved. <u>An entity, as a condition of providing financial services to a charter school,</u>
 <u>must agree to make available information about a charter school's financial audit to the</u>
 <u>commissioner upon request.</u>
- 35.25 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 23,
 35.26 is amended to read:

Subd. 23. Causes for nonrenewal or termination of charter school contract. (a) 35.27 The duration of the contract with an authorizer must be for the term contained in the 35.28 contract according to subdivision 6. The authorizer may or may not renew a contract at 35.29 the end of the term for any ground listed in paragraph (b). An authorizer may unilaterally 35.30 terminate a contract during the term of the contract for any ground listed in paragraph 35.31 (b). At least 60 days before not renewing or terminating a contract, the authorizer shall 35.32 notify the board of directors of the charter school of the proposed action in writing. The 35.33 notice shall state the grounds for the proposed action in reasonable detail and that the 35.34

charter school's board of directors may request in writing an informal hearing before the 36.1 authorizer within 15 business days of receiving notice of nonrenewal or termination of the 36.2 contract. Failure by the board of directors to make a written request for a hearing within 36.3 the 15-business-day period shall be treated as acquiescence to the proposed action. Upon 36.4 receiving a timely written request for a hearing, the authorizer shall give ten business days' 36.5 notice to the charter school's board of directors of the hearing date. The authorizer shall 36.6 conduct an informal hearing before taking final action. The authorizer shall take final 36.7 action to renew or not renew a contract no later than 20 business days before the proposed 36.8 date for terminating the contract or the end date of the contract. 36.9

36.10

(b) A contract may be terminated or not renewed upon any of the following grounds:

36.11 (1) failure to meet the requirements for pupil performance contained in the contract;

36.12 (2) failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management;

36.13 (3) violations of law; or

36.14 (4) other good cause shown.

36.15 If a contract is terminated or not renewed under this paragraph, the school must be
36.16 dissolved according to the applicable provisions of chapter 308A or 317A.

(c) If the sponsor and the charter school board of directors mutually agree to 36.17 terminate or not renew the contract, a change in sponsors is allowed if the commissioner 36.18 approves the transfer to a different eligible authorizer to authorize the charter school. 36.19 Both parties must jointly submit their intent in writing to the commissioner to mutually 36.20 terminate the contract. The sponsor that is a party to the existing contract at least must 36.21 inform the approved different eligible sponsor about the fiscal and operational status 36.22 36.23 and student performance of the school. Before the commissioner determines whether to approve a transfer of authorizer, the commissioner first must determine whether the 36.24 charter school and prospective new authorizer can identify and effectively resolve those 36.25 36.26 circumstances causing the previous authorizer and the charter school to mutually agree to terminate the contract. If no transfer of sponsor is approved, the school must be dissolved 36.27 according to applicable law and the terms of the contract. 36.28

(d) The commissioner, after providing reasonable notice to the board of directors of
a charter school and the existing authorizer, and after providing an opportunity for a public
hearing <u>under chapter 14</u>, may terminate the existing contract between the authorizer and
the charter school board if the charter school has a history of:

36.33 (1) failure to meet pupil performance requirements contained in the contract
 36.34 <u>consistent with state law;</u>

36.35 (2) financial mismanagement or failure to meet generally accepted standards of36.36 fiscal management; or

37.1 (3) repeated or major violations of the law.

- (e) If the commissioner terminates a charter school contract under subdivision 3,
 paragraph (g), the commissioner shall provide the charter school with information about
 other eligible authorizers.
- 37.5 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 37.6 Subd. 2. Person less than 18 years of age. (a) Notwithstanding any provision
 37.7 in subdivision 1 to the contrary, the department may issue an instruction permit to an
 37.8 applicant who is 15, 16, or 17 years of age and who:
- 37.9 (1) has completed a course of driver education in another state, has a previously
 37.10 issued valid license from another state, or is enrolled in either:
- (i) a public, private, or commercial driver education program that is approved by
 the commissioner of public safety and that includes classroom and behind-the-wheel
 training; or
- 37.14 (ii) an approved behind-the-wheel driver education program when the student is receiving full-time instruction in a home school within the meaning of sections 120A.22 37.15 and 120A.24, the student is working toward a homeschool diploma, the student's status 37.16 as a homeschool student has been certified by the superintendent of the school district in 37.17 which the student resides, and the student is taking home-classroom driver training with 37.18 classroom materials approved by the commissioner of public safety, and the student's 37.19 parent has certified the student's homeschool and home-classroom driver training status on 37.20 the form approved by the commissioner; 37.21
- 37.22

37.23

- (2) has completed the classroom phase of instruction in the driver education program;
- (3) has passed a test of the applicant's eyesight;
- 37.24 (4) has passed a department-administered test of the applicant's knowledge of traffic37.25 laws;
- (5) has completed the required application, which must be approved by (i) either 37.26 parent when both reside in the same household as the minor applicant or, if otherwise, then 37.27 (ii) the parent or spouse of the parent having custody or, in the event there is no court order 37.28 for custody, then (iii) the parent or spouse of the parent with whom the minor is living 37.29 or, if items (i) to (iii) do not apply, then (iv) the guardian having custody of the minor or, 37.30 in the event a person under the age of 18 has no living father, mother, or guardian, or is 37.31 married or otherwise legally emancipated, then (v) the applicant's adult spouse, adult close 37.32 family member, or adult employer; provided, that the approval required by this clause 37.33 contains a verification of the age of the applicant and the identity of the parent, guardian, 37.34 adult spouse, adult close family member, or adult employer; and 37.35

- 38.1 (6) has paid the fee required in section 171.06, subdivision 2.
- 38.2 (b) For the purposes of determining compliance with the certification of paragraph
- 38.3 (a), clause (1), item (ii), the commissioner may request verification of a student's
- 38.4 <u>homeschool status from the superintendent of the school district in which the student</u>

38.5 resides and the superintendent shall provide that verification.

- 38.6 (c) The instruction permit is valid for two years from the date of application and
 38.7 may be renewed upon payment of a fee equal to the fee for issuance of an instruction
 38.8 permit under section 171.06, subdivision 2.
- 38.9 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 38.10 Subdivision 1. Offenses. (a) The department shall immediately revoke the license
 38.11 of a driver upon receiving a record of the driver's conviction of:
- 38.12 (1) manslaughter resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle or criminal
 38.13 vehicular homicide or injury under section 609.21;
- 38.14 (2) a violation of section 169A.20 or 609.487;
- 38.15 (3) a felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used;
- (4) failure to stop and disclose identity and render aid, as required under section
 169.09, in the event of a motor vehicle accident, resulting in the death or personal injury
 of another;
- (5) perjury or the making of a false affidavit or statement to the department under
 any law relating to the <u>application</u>, ownership or operation of a motor vehicle, <u>including</u>
 <u>on the certification required under section 171.05</u>, <u>subdivision 2</u>, <u>clause (1)</u>, <u>item (ii)</u>, <u>to</u>
 <u>issue an instruction permit to a homeschool student;</u>
- (6) except as this section otherwise provides, three charges of violating within a
 period of 12 months any of the provisions of chapter 169 or of the rules or municipal
 ordinances enacted in conformance with chapter 169, for which the accused may be
 punished upon conviction by imprisonment;
- 38.27 (7) two or more violations, within five years, of the misdemeanor offense described
 38.28 in section 169.444, subdivision 2, paragraph (a);
- 38.29 (8) the gross misdemeanor offense described in section 169.444, subdivision 2,
 38.30 paragraph (b);
- 38.31 (9) an offense in another state that, if committed in this state, would be grounds for38.32 revoking the driver's license; or
- 38.33 (10) a violation of an applicable speed limit by a person driving in excess of 100
 38.34 miles per hour. The person's license must be revoked for six months for a violation of

this clause, or for a longer minimum period of time applicable under section 169A.53,

39.2 169A.54, or 171.174.

39.3 (b) The department shall immediately revoke the school bus endorsement of a driver
39.4 upon receiving a record of the driver's conviction of the misdemeanor offense described in
39.5 section 169.443, subdivision 7.

39.6 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
39.7 Subdivision 1. Violations. With regard to any driver's license, including a
39.8 commercial driver's license, it shall be unlawful for any person:

39.9 (1) to display, cause or permit to be displayed, or have in possession, any fictitious
39.10 or fraudulently altered driver's license or Minnesota identification card;

39.11 (2) to lend the person's driver's license or Minnesota identification card to any other39.12 person or knowingly permit the use thereof by another;

39.13 (3) to display or represent as one's own any driver's license or Minnesota
39.14 identification card not issued to that person;

39.15 (4) to use a fictitious name or date of birth to any police officer or in any application
39.16 for a driver's license or Minnesota identification card, or to knowingly make a false
39.17 statement, or to knowingly conceal a material fact, or otherwise commit a fraud in any
39.18 such application;

39.19 (5) to alter any driver's license or Minnesota identification card;

39.20 (6) to take any part of the driver's license examination for another or to permitanother to take the examination for that person;

39.22

(7) to make a counterfeit driver's license or Minnesota identification card;

39.23 (8) to use the name and date of birth of another person to any police officer for the
39.24 purpose of falsely identifying oneself to the police officer; or

39.25 (9) to display as a valid driver's license any canceled, revoked, or suspended driver's
39.26 license. A person whose driving privileges have been withdrawn may display a driver's
39.27 license only for identification purposes; or

39.28 (10) to submit a false affidavit or statement to the department on the certification
 39.29 required under section 171.05, subdivision 2, clause (1), item (ii), to issue an instruction
 39.30 permit to a homeschool student.

39.31 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 181A.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
39.32 Subdivision 1. When issued. Any minor 14 or 15 years of age who wishes to work
39.33 on school days during school hours shall first secure an employment certificate. The
39.34 certificate shall be issued only by the school district superintendent, the superintendent's

40.1 agent, or some other person designated by the Board of Education, or by the person in

40.2 <u>charge of providing instruction for students enrolled in nonpublic schools as defined in</u>

40.3 <u>section 120A.22</u>, subdivision 4. The employment certificate shall be issued only for

40.4 a specific position with a designated employer and shall be issued only in the following40.5 circumstances:

40.6 (1) if a minor is to be employed in an occupation not prohibited by rules promulgated
40.7 under section 181A.09 and as evidence thereof presents a signed statement from the
40.8 prospective employer; and

40.9

(2) if the parent or guardian of the minor consents to the employment; and

40.10 (3) if the issuing officer believes the minor is physically capable of handling the job
40.11 in question and further believes the best interests of the minor will be served by permitting
40.12 the minor to work.

40.13 Sec. 28. Laws 2009, chapter 96, article 2, section 67, subdivision 14, is amended to 40.14 read:

40.15 Subd. 14. Collaborative urban educator. For the collaborative urban educator40.16 grant program:

 40.17
 \$
 528,000

 2010

 40.18
 \$
 528,000

 2011

40.19 <u>\$210,000 each year is for the Southeast Asian teacher program at Concordia</u>
40.20 <u>University, St. Paul; \$159,000 each year is for the collaborative urban educator program at</u>
40.21 <u>the University of St. Thomas; and \$159,000 each year is for the Center for Excellence in</u>
40.22 <u>Urban Teaching at Hamline University. Grant recipients must collaborate with urban and</u>
40.23 <u>nonurban school districts.</u> Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available
40.24 in the second year.

40.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

40.26 Sec. 29. <u>IMPLEMENTING DIFFERENTIATED GRADUATION RATE</u> 40.27 <u>MEASURES AND EXPLORING ALTERNATIVE ROUTES TO A STANDARD</u> 40.28 DIPLOMA FOR AT-RISK AND OFF-TRACK STUDENTS.

40.29 (a) To implement the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.35,
40.30 subdivision 3, paragraph (e), the commissioner of education must convene a group
40.31 of recognized and qualified experts on improving differentiated graduation rates and
40.32 establishing alternative routes to a standard high school diploma for at-risk and off-track
40.33 students throughout the state. The commissioner must assist the group, as requested,
40.34 to explore and recommend to the commissioner and the legislature (i) research-based

measures that demonstrate the relative success of school districts, school sites, charter 41.1 41.2 schools, and alternative program providers in improving the graduation outcomes of at-risk and off-track students, and (ii) state options for establishing alternative routes to a 41.3 standard diploma consistent with the educational accountability system under Minnesota 41.4 Statutes, chapter 120B. When proposing alternative routes to a standard diploma, the 41.5 group also must identify highly reliable variables that generate summary data to comply 41.6 with Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (e), including: who 41.7 initiates the request for an alternative route; who approves the request for an alternative 41.8 route; the parameters of the alternative route process, including whether a student first 41.9 must fail a regular, state-mandated exam; and the comparability of the academic and 41.10 achievement criteria reflected in the alternative route and the standard route for a standard 41.11 41.12 diploma. The group is also encouraged to identify the data, time lines, and methods needed to evaluate and report on the alternative routes to a standard diploma once they are 41.13 implemented and the student outcomes that result from those routes. 41.14 41.15 (b) The commissioner must convene the first meeting of this group by September 15, 2010. Group members must include: one administrator of, one teacher from, and 41.16 one parent of a student currently enrolled in a state-approved alternative program 41.17 selected by the Minnesota Association of Alternative Programs; one representative 41.18 selected by the Minnesota Online Learning Alliance; one representative selected by 41.19 41.20 the Metropolitan Federation of Alternative Schools; one representative selected by the Minnesota Association of Charter Schools; one representative selected by the Minnesota 41.21 School Board Association; one representative selected by Education Minnesota; one 41.22 41.23 representative selected by the Association of Metropolitan School Districts; one 41.24 representative selected by the Minnesota Rural Education Association; two faculty members selected by the dean of the college of education at the University of Minnesota 41.25 41.26 with expertise in serving and assessing at-risk and off-track students; two Minnesota State Colleges and Universities faculty members selected by the Minnesota State Colleges 41.27 and Universities chancellor with expertise in serving and assessing at-risk and off-track 41.28 students; one currently serving superintendent from a school district selected by the 41.29 Minnesota Association of School Administrators; one currently serving high school 41.30 principal selected by the Minnesota Association of Secondary School Principals; and 41.31 two public members selected by the commissioner. The group may seek input from 41.32 representatives of other interested stakeholders and organizations with expertise to help 41.33 inform the group's work. The group must meet at least quarterly. Group members do not 41.34 41.35 receive compensation or reimbursement of expenses for participating in this group. The group expires February 16, 2012. 41.36

(c) The group, by February 15, 2012, must develop and submit to the commissioner 42.1 and the education policy and finance committees of the legislature recommendations 42.2 and legislation, consistent with this section and Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.35, 42.3 subdivision 3, paragraph (e), for: 42.4 (1) measuring and reporting differentiated graduation rates for at-risk and off-track 42.5 students throughout the state and the success and costs that school districts, school sites, 42.6 charter schools, and alternative program providers experience in identifying and serving 42.7 at-risk or off-track student populations; and 42.8 (2) establishing alternative routes to a standard diploma. 42.9

42.10 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment 42.11 and applies to school report cards beginning July 1, 2013.

42.12 Sec

Sec. 30. <u>RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.</u>

42.13 The commissioner of education shall adopt rules consistent with chapter 14 that

42.14 provide English language proficiency standards for instruction of students identified

42.15 <u>as limited English proficient under Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.58 to 124D.64.</u>

42.16 <u>The English language proficiency standards must encompass the language domains of</u>

42.17 <u>listening, speaking, reading, and writing. The English language proficiency standards must</u>

42.18 reflect social and academic dimensions of acquiring a second language that are accepted

42.19 <u>of English language learners in prekindergarten through grade 12. The English language</u>

42.20 proficiency standards must address the specific contexts for language acquisition in the

42.21 <u>areas of social and instructional settings as well as academic language encountered in</u>

42.22 language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies. The English language proficiency

42.23 standards must express the progression of language development through language

42.24 proficiency levels. The English language proficiency standards must be implemented

42.25 for all limited English proficient students beginning in the 2011-2012 school year and

- 42.26 assessed beginning in the 2012-2013 school year.
- 42.27

Sec. 31. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

42.28 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Recess guidelines. The department is encouraged to develop
42.29 <u>voluntary school district guidelines that promote high quality recess practices and foster</u>
42.30 <u>student behaviors that lead students to increase their activity levels, improve their social</u>
42.31 <u>skills, and misbehave less.</u>

43.1 Subd. 2. Common course catalogue. The department is encouraged to include
 43.2 in the Minnesota common course catalogue all district physical education classes and
 43.2 submission equation and the state of th

43.3 physical education graduation requirements.

43.4 <u>Subd. 3.</u> Standards adoption. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections

- 43.5 <u>120B.021</u>, subdivision 2, and 120B.023, any statutory criteria required when reviewing or
- 43.6 revising standards and benchmarks, any requirements governing the content of statewide
- 43.7 <u>standards</u>, and any other law to the contrary, the commissioner of education shall initially
- 43.8 adopt the most recent standards developed by the National Association for Sport and
- 43.9 <u>Physical Education for physical education in kindergarten through grade 12.</u>
- 43.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

43.11 Sec. 32. <u>HEALTHY KIDS AWARDS PROGRAM.</u>

43.12 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Recognition. The healthy kids awards program rewards kindergarten

43.13 through grade 12 students for their nutritional well-being and physical activity. In addition

43.14 to the physical and nutritional education students receive in physical education classes,

- 43.15 the program is intended to integrate physical activity and nutritional education into
- 43.16 <u>nonphysical education classes, recess, and extracurricular activities throughout the day.</u>
- 43.17 Interested schools must agree to participate from October through May of each school year.
- 43.18 Subd. 2. School district participation. School districts annually by September
- 43.19 15 may submit to the commissioner of education a letter of intent to participate in a
- 43.20 <u>healthy kids awards program from October to May during the current school year. The</u>
- 43.21 <u>commissioner must recognize on the school performance report card under Minnesota</u>
- 43.22 <u>Statutes, section 120B.36, those schools and districts that affirm to the commissioner, as</u>
- 43.23 prescribed by the commissioner, that at least 75 percent of students in the school or district
- 43.24 <u>are physically active for at least 60 minutes each school day. The time students spend</u>
- 43.25 participating in a physical education class counts toward the daily 60-minute requirement.
- 43.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
 43.27 and applies beginning in the 2010-2011 school year and later.

43.28 Sec. 33. ASSESSMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE; RECOMMENDATIONS.

43.29 (a) The Assessment Advisory Committee must develop recommendations for

- 43.30 <u>alternative methods by which students satisfy the high school algebra end-of-course</u>
- 43.31 requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30, subdivision 1b, paragraph (b),
- 43.32 <u>clause (9)</u>, and demonstrate their college and career readiness. The Assessment Advisory

 (ACT) or Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT) exam; (2) achieve a college-credit score on a College-Level Examination Program (CLE for algebra; (3) achieve a score on an equivalent Advanced Placement or International Baccalaureate exam that would earn credit at a four-year college or university; or (4) pass a credit-bearing course in college algebra or a more advanced course in the subject with a grade of C or better under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, includin Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, subdivision 10. (b) The Assessment Advisory Committee, in the context of the high school algebre end-of-course assessment under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30, subdivision 1b, m develop recommendations on integrating universal design principles to improve access to learning and assessments for all students, more accurately understand what students know and can do, provide Minnesota with more cost-effective assessments, and provide educators with more valid inferences about students' achievement levels. (c) The Assessment Advisory Committee, for purposes of fully implementing the high school algebra end-of-course assessment under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.33 subdivision 1b, also must develop recommendations for: (1) calculating the alignment index, including how questions about validity and reliability are resolved; and (2) defining "misaligned" and "highly misaligned" and when and under what specie circumstances misalignments occur. (d) By February 15, 2011, the Assessment Advisory Committee must submit its recommendations under this section to the education commissioner and the education policy and finance committees of the legislature. (e) The commissioner must not implement any element of any recommendation under paragraphs (a) to (d) related to the high school algebra end-of-course assessment 	 (1) achieve the mathematics college readiness score on the American College Test (ACT) or Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT) exam; (2) achieve a college-credit score on a College-Level Examination Program (CLEP) for algebra; (3) achieve a score on an equivalent Advanced Placement or International Baccalaureate exam that would earn credit at a four-year college or university; or (4) pass a credit-bearing course in college algebra or a more advanced course in that subject with a grade of C or better under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, including Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, subdivision 10. (b) The Assessment Advisory Committee, in the context of the high school algebra end-of-course assessment under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30, subdivision 1b, may develop recommendations on integrating universal design principles to improve access to learning and assessments for all students, more accurately understand what students know and can do, provide Minnesota with more cost-effective assessments, and provide educators with more valid inferences about students' achievement levels. (c) The Assessment Advisory Committee, for purposes of fully implementing the high school algebra end-of-course assessment under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30 subdivision 1b, also must develop recommendations for: (1) calculating the alignment index, including how questions about validity and reliability are resolved; and (2) defining "misaligned" and "highly misaligned" and when and under what specific circumstances misalignments occur. (d) By February 15, 2011, the Assessment Advisory Committee must submit its recommendations under this section to the education commissioner and the education policy and finance committees of the legislature. (e) The commissioner must not implement any element
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legislative authority to do so.	legislative authority to do so.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

44.33 Sec. 34. <u>PERSISTENTLY LOWEST-ACHIEVING SCHOOL DESIGNATION;</u> 44.34 <u>FEDERAL SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GRANTS.</u>

45.1	Upon request of a traditional public or charter school, the commissioner shall seek
45.2	an exception from the United States Department of Education, to the extent it is permitted
45.3	under the school improvement grant requirements, from the designation as a persistently
45.4	lowest-achieving school if the school has shown student growth in proficiency from 2007
45.5	through 2010 of over 50 percent in the high-growth category under the Minnesota growth
45.6	model under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.299. A traditional public or charter school
45.7	may only request this exemption if it is identified as a persistently lowest-achieving
45.8	school under the graduation rate definition or if the school has an approved program
45.9	under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.68.
45.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
45.11	Sec. 35. <u>REPEALER.</u>
45.12	Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120A.26, subdivisions 1 and 2, are repealed.
45.12	ARTICLE 3
45.13	
45.14	SPECIAL PROGRAMS
45.15	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 125A.02, subdivision 1,
45.16	is amended to read:
45.17	Subdivision 1. Child with a disability. "Child with a disability" means a child
45.18	identified under federal and state special education law as having a hearing impairment,
45.19	blindness, visual disability, deaf or hard-of-hearing, blind or visually impaired, deafblind,
45.20	or having a speech or language impairment, a physical disability impairment, other health
45.21	impairment disability, mental developmental cognitive disability, emotional/behavioral an
45.22	emotional or behavioral disorder, specific learning disability, autism spectrum disorder,
45.23	traumatic brain injury, or severe multiple disabilities impairments, or deafblind disability
45.24	and who needs special education and related services, as determined by the rules of the
45.25	commissioner, is a child with a disability. A licensed physician, an advanced practice
45.26	nurse, or a licensed psychologist is qualified to make a diagnosis and determination
45.27	of attention deficit disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder for purposes of
45.28	identifying a child with a disability.
45.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

45.30 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.03, is amended to read:

45.31 **125A.03 SPECIAL INSTRUCTION FOR CHILDREN WITH A DISABILITY.**

(a) As defined Except as provided in paragraph (b), every district must provide or 46.1 make available special instruction education and related services, either within the district 46.2 or in another district, for all children every child with a disability, including providing 46.3 required services under Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 300.121, paragraph 46.4 (d), to those children suspended or expelled from school for more than ten school days 46.5 in that school year, who are residents is a resident of the district and who are disabled as 46.6 set forth in section 125A.02 from birth until that child becomes 21 years old or receives 46.7 a regular high school diploma, whichever comes first. For purposes of state and federal 46 8 special education laws, The phrase "special instruction education and related services" 46.9 in the state Education Code means a free and appropriate public education provided to an 46.10 eligible child with disabilities and includes special education and related services defined 46.11 in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, subpart A, section 300.24 a disability. 46.12

(b) Notwithstanding any age limits in laws to the contrary, special instruction and 46.13 services must be provided from birth until July 1 after the child with a disability becomes 46.14 21 years old but shall not extend beyond secondary school or its equivalent, except as 46.15 provided in section 124D.68, subdivision 2. If a child with a disability becomes 21 years 46.16 old during the school year, the district shall continue to make available special education 46.17 and related services until the last day of the school year, or until the day the child receives 46.18 a regular high school diploma, whichever comes first. 46.19

(c) For purposes of this section and section 121A.41, subdivision 7, paragraph (a), 46.20 clause (2), "school year" means the days of student instruction designated by the school 46.21 board as the regular school year in the annual calendar adopted under section 120A.41. 46.22 (d) A district shall identify, locate, and evaluate children with a disability in the 46.23 district who are in need of special education and related services. Local health, education, 46.24 and social service agencies must refer children under age five who are known to need or 46.25 suspected of needing special instruction education and related services to the school 46.26 district. Districts with less than the minimum number of eligible children with a disability 46.27 as determined by the commissioner must cooperate with other districts to maintain a full 46.28 range of programs for education and services for children with a disability. This section

46.30

46.31

46.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

does not alter the compulsory attendance requirements of section 120A.22.

Sec. 3. [125A.031] RESOLVING DISPUTES AMONG DISTRICTS. 46.32

If districts dispute which district is responsible for providing or making available 46.33 special education and related services to a child with a disability who is not currently 46.34

46.35 enrolled in a district because the child's district of residence is disputed, the district in

- 47.1 which that child first tries to enroll shall provide or make available special education
- 47.2 and related services to the child until the commissioner is notified and expeditiously
- 47.3 resolves the dispute. For purposes of this section, "district" means a school district or a
- 47.4 <u>charter school.</u>
- 47.5 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 125A.091, subdivision 7, is
 47.6 amended to read:
- Subd. 7. Conciliation conference. A parent must have an opportunity to meet with 47.7 appropriate district staff in at least one conciliation conference if the parent objects to 47.8 any proposal of which the parent receives notice under subdivision 3a. A district must 47.9 offer to hold a conciliation conference within two business days after receiving a parent's 47.10 objection to a proposal or refusal in the prior written notice. The district must hold the 47.11 conciliation conference within ten calendar days from the date the district receives $\frac{1}{2}$ the 47.12 parent's objection to a proposal or refusal in the prior written notice. Except as provided 47.13 47.14 in this section, all discussions held during a conciliation conference are confidential and are not admissible in a due process hearing. Within five school days after the final 47.15 conciliation conference, the district must prepare and provide to the parent a conciliation 47.16 47.17 conference memorandum that describes the district's final proposed offer of service. This memorandum is admissible in evidence in any subsequent proceeding. 47.18
- 47.19 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
 47.20 and applies to all conciliation conferences required after that date.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 47.21 Subd. 2. Third party reimbursement. (a) Beginning July 1, 2000, districts shall 47.22 seek reimbursement from insurers and similar third parties for the cost of services 47.23 provided by the district whenever the services provided by the district are otherwise 47.24 covered by the child's health coverage. Districts shall request, but may not require, the 47.25 child's family to provide information about the child's health coverage when a child with a 47.26 disability begins to receive services from the district of a type that may be reimbursable, 47.27 and shall request, but may not require, updated information after that as needed. 47.28
- (b) For children enrolled in medical assistance under chapter 256B or MinnesotaCare
 under chapter 256L who have no other health coverage, a district shall provide an initial
 written notice to the enrolled child's parent or legal representative of its intent to seek
 reimbursement from medical assistance or MinnesotaCare for the individual education
 plan health-related services provided by the district. <u>The notice shall include:</u>

48.1	(1) the right of the parent or legal representative to request a copy of all records
48.2	concerning individualized education program health-related services disclosed by the
48.3	district to any third party;
48.4	(2) the right of the parent or legal representative to withdraw consent for disclosing a
48.5	child's records at any time without consequence, including consent that was initially
48.6	given as part of the application process for MinnesotaCare or medical assistance under
48.7	section 256B.08, subdivision 1; and
48.8	(3) a decision to revoke consent for schools to share information from education
48.9	records does not impact a parent's eligibility for MinnesotaCare or medical assistance.
48.10	(c) The district shall give the parent or legal representative annual written notice of:
48.11	(1) the district's intent to seek reimbursement from medical assistance or
48.12	MinnesotaCare for individual education plan health-related services provided by the
48.13	district;
48.14	(2) the right of the parent or legal representative to request a copy of all records
48.15	concerning individual education plan health-related services disclosed by the district to
48.16	any third party; and
48.17	(3) the right of the parent or legal representative to withdraw consent for disclosure
48.18	of a child's records at any time without consequence, including consent that was initially
48.19	given as part of the application process for MinnesotaCare or medical assistance under
48.20	section 256B.08, subdivision 1.
48.21	The written notice shall be provided as part of the written notice required by Code of
48.22	Federal Regulations, title 34, section 300.504.
48.23	(d) In order to access the private health care coverage of a child who is covered by
48.24	private health care coverage in whole or in part, a district must:
48.25	(1) obtain annual written informed consent from the parent or legal representative, in
48.26	compliance with subdivision 5; and
48.27	(2) inform the parent or legal representative that a refusal to permit the district
48.28	or state Medicaid agency to access their private health care coverage does not relieve
48.29	the district of its responsibility to provide all services necessary to provide free and
48.30	appropriate public education at no cost to the parent or legal representative.
48.31	(e) If the commissioner of human services obtains federal approval to exempt
48.32	covered individual education plan health-related services from the requirement that private
48.33	health care coverage refuse payment before medical assistance may be billed, paragraphs
48.34	(b), (c), and (d) shall also apply to students with a combination of private health care
48.35	coverage and health care coverage through medical assistance or MinnesotaCare.

(f) In the event that Congress or any federal agency or the Minnesota legislature 49.1 or any state agency establishes lifetime limits, limits for any health care services, 49.2 cost-sharing provisions, or otherwise provides that individual education plan health-related 49.3 services impact benefits for persons enrolled in medical assistance or MinnesotaCare, the 49.4 amendments to this subdivision adopted in 2002 are repealed on the effective date of any 49.5 federal or state law or regulation that imposes the limits. In that event, districts must 49.6 obtain informed consent consistent with this subdivision as it existed prior to the 2002 49.7 amendments and subdivision 5, before seeking reimbursement for children enrolled in 49.8 medical assistance under chapter 256B or MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L who have 49.9 no other health care coverage. 49.10

49.11

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

49.12 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.21, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
49.13 Subd. 3. Use of reimbursements. Of the reimbursements received, districts may:
49.14 (1) retain an amount sufficient to compensate the district for its administrative costs
49.15 of obtaining reimbursements;

49.16 (2) regularly obtain from education- and health-related entities training and other
49.17 appropriate technical assistance designed to improve the district's ability to determine
49.18 which services are reimbursable and to seek timely reimbursement in a cost-effective
49.19 manner access third-party payments for individualized education program health-related
49.20 services; or

49.21 (3) reallocate reimbursements for the benefit of students with special needs
 49.22 individualized education programs or individual family service plans in the district.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.21, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 49.23 Subd. 5. Informed consent. When obtaining informed consent, consistent with 49.24 sections 13.05, subdivision 4, paragraph (d); and, 256B.77, subdivision 2, paragraph 49.25 (p), and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, parts 99 and 300, to bill health plans for 49.26 covered services, the school district must notify the legal representative (1) that the cost of 49.27 the person's private health insurance premium may increase due to providing the covered 49.28 service in the school setting, (2) that the school district may pay certain enrollee health 49.29 plan costs, including but not limited to, co-payments, coinsurance, deductibles, premium 49.30 increases or other enrollee cost-sharing amounts for health and related services required 49.31 by an individual service plan, or individual family service plan, and (3) that the school's 49.32 billing for each type of covered service may affect service limits and prior authorization 49.33

thresholds. The informed consent may be revoked in writing at any time by the personauthorizing the billing of the health plan.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.21, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 50.3 Subd. 7. District disclosure of information. A school district may disclose 50.4 information contained in a student's individual education plan, consistent with section 50.5 13.32, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, part 99; 50.6 including records of the student's diagnosis and treatment, to a health plan company only 50.7 with the signed and dated consent of the student's parent, or other legally authorized 50.8 individual. The school district shall disclose only that information necessary for the health 50.9 plan company to decide matters of coverage and payment. A health plan company may 50.10 use the information only for making decisions regarding coverage and payment, and for 50.11 any other use permitted by law. 50.12

50.13 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 125A.63, subdivision 2, is 50.14 amended to read:

50.15 Subd. 2. **Programs.** <u>The Department of Education, through the resource centers</u> 50.16 must offer summer institutes or other training programs <u>and other educational strategies</u> 50.17 throughout the state for deaf or hard-of-hearing, blind or visually impaired, and multiply 50.18 disabled pupils. The resource centers must also offer workshops for teachers, and 50.19 leadership development for teachers.

50.20 A program offered through the resource centers must promote and develop education 50.21 programs offered by school districts or other organizations. The program must assist 50.22 school districts or other organizations to develop innovative programs.

50.23 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 125A.63, subdivision 4, is 50.24 amended to read:

50.25 Subd. 4. Advisory committees. (a) The commissioner shall establish an advisory committee for each resource center. The advisory committees shall develop recommendations regarding the resource centers and submit an annual report to the commissioner on the form and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner.

(b) The advisory committee for the Resource Center for the Deaf and Hard of
Hearing shall meet periodically at least four times per year and submit an annual report
to the commissioner, the education policy and finance committees of the legislature,
and the Commission of Deaf, DeafBlind, and Hard of Hearing Minnesotans. The report
must, at least:

(1) identify and report the aggregate, data-based education outcomes for children 51.1 with the primary disability classification of deaf and hard of hearing, consistent with 51.2 the commissioner's child count reporting practices, the commissioner's state and local 51.3 outcome data reporting system by district and region, and the school performance report 51.4 cards under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, and relevant IDEA Parts B and C mandated 51.5 reporting data; and 51.6 (2) describe the implementation of a data-based plan for improving the education 51.7 outcomes of deaf and hard of hearing children that is premised on evidence-based best 51.8 practices, and provide a cost estimate for ongoing implementation of the plan-; and 51.9 (3) include the recommendations for improving the developmental outcomes of 51.10 children birth to age 3 and the data underlying those recommendations that the coordinator 51.11

51.12 <u>identifies under subdivision 5.</u>

51.13 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 125A.63, subdivision 5, is 51.14 amended to read:

51.15 Subd. 5. Statewide hearing loss early education intervention coordinator. (a)
51.16 The coordinator shall:

(1) collaborate with the early hearing detection and intervention coordinator for the
Department of Health, the director of the Department of Education Resource Center for
Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, and the Department of Health Early Hearing Detection and
Intervention Advisory Council;

51.21 (2) coordinate and support Department of Education early hearing detection and51.22 intervention teams;

(3) leverage resources by serving as a liaison between interagency early intervention 51.23 committees; part C coordinators from the Departments of Education, Health, and 51.24 51.25 Human Services; Department of Education regional low-incidence facilitators; service coordinators from school districts; Minnesota children with special health needs in the 51.26 Department of Health; public health nurses; child find; Department of Human Services 51.27 Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Services Division; and others as appropriate; 51.28 (4) identify, support, and promote culturally appropriate and evidence-based early 51.29 intervention practices for infants with hearing loss, and provide training, outreach, and use 51.30

51.31 of technology to increase consistency in statewide service provision;

51.32 (5) identify culturally appropriate specialized reliable and valid instruments to assess
51.33 and track the progress of children with hearing loss and promote their use;

(6) ensure that early childhood providers, parents, and members of the individual
family service and intervention plan are provided with child progress data resulting from
specialized assessments;

52.4 (7) educate early childhood providers and teachers of the deaf and hard-of-hearing
52.5 to use developmental data from specialized assessments to plan and adjust individual
52.6 family service plans; and

(8) make recommendations that would improve educational outcomes to the early
hearing detection and intervention committee, the commissioners of education and health,
the Commission of Deaf, DeafBlind and Hard-of-Hearing Minnesotans, and the advisory
council of the Minnesota Department of Education Resource Center for the Deaf and
Hard-of-Hearing.

(b) The Department of Education must provide aggregate data regarding outcomes
of deaf and hard-of-hearing children with hearing loss who receive early intervention
services within the state in accordance with the state performance plan.

52.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 52.16 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.69, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 52.17 Subdivision 1. Two kinds Admissions. There are two kinds of Admission to the
 52.18 Minnesota State Academies is described in this section.
- (a) A pupil who is deaf, hard of hearing, or blind-deaf, may be admitted to the
 Academy for the Deaf. A pupil who is blind or visually impaired, blind-deaf, or multiply
 disabled may be admitted to the Academy for the Blind. For a pupil to be admitted, two
 decisions must be made under sections 125A.03 to 125A.24 and 125A.65.

(1) It must be decided by the individual education planning team that education in
regular or special education classes in the pupil's district of residence cannot be achieved
satisfactorily because of the nature and severity of the deafness or blindness or visual
impairment respectively.

52.27 (2) It must be decided by the individual education planning team that the academy
52.28 provides the most appropriate placement within the least restrictive alternative for the
52.29 pupil.

(b) A deaf or hard of hearing child or a visually impaired pupil may be admitted toget socialization skills or on a short-term basis for skills development.

52.32 (c) A parent of a child who resides in Minnesota and who meets the disability criteria

52.33 <u>for being deaf or hard-of-hearing, blind or visually impaired, or multiply disabled may</u>

52.34 apply to place the child in the Minnesota State Academies. Academy staff must review

52.35 the application to determine whether the Minnesota State Academies is an appropriate

placement for the child. If academy staff determine that the Minnesota State Academies 53.1 is an appropriate placement, the staff must invite the individualized education program 53.2 team at the child's resident school district to participate in a meeting to arrange a trial 53.3 placement of between 60 and 90 calendar days at the Minnesota State Academies. If 53.4 the child's parent consents to the trial placement, the Minnesota State Academies is the 53.5 responsible serving school district and incur all due process obligations under law and the 53.6 child's resident school district is responsible for any transportation included in the child's 53.7 individualized education program during the trial placement. Before the trial placement 53.8 ends, academy staff must convene an individualized education program team meeting to 53.9 determine whether to continue the child's placement at the Minnesota State Academies or 53.10 that another placement is appropriate. If the individualized education program team and 53.11 the parent are unable to agree on the child's placement, the child's placement reverts to the 53.12 placement in the child's individualized education program that immediately preceded the 53.13 trial placement. If the parent and individualized education program team agree to continue 53.14 53.15 the placement beyond the trial period, the transportation and due process responsibilities are the same as those described for the trial placement under this paragraph. 53.16

53.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2010-2011 school year and 53.18 later.

53.19 Sec. 13. Laws 2009, chapter 79, article 5, section 60, is amended to read:

53.20 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 256L.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1c. Open enrollment and streamlined application and enrollment
process. (a) The commissioner and local agencies working in partnership must develop a
streamlined and efficient application and enrollment process for medical assistance and
MinnesotaCare enrollees that meets the criteria specified in this subdivision.

(b) The commissioners of human services and education shall provide
recommendations to the legislature by January 15, 2010, on the creation of an open
enrollment process for medical assistance and MinnesotaCare that is coordinated with
the public education system. The recommendations must:

(1) be developed in consultation with medical assistance and MinnesotaCare
enrollees and representatives from organizations that advocate on behalf of children and
families, low-income persons and minority populations, counties, school administrators
and nurses, health plans, and health care providers;

53.34 (2) be based on enrollment and renewal procedures best practices, including express
53.35 lane eligibility as required under subdivision 1d;

(3) simplify the enrollment and renewal processes wherever possible; and 54.1 (4) establish a process: 54.2 (i) to disseminate information on medical assistance and MinnesotaCare to all 54.3 children in the public education system, including prekindergarten programs; and 54.4 (ii) for the commissioner of human services to enroll children and other household 54.5 members who are eligible. 54.6 The commissioner of human services in coordination with the commissioner of 54.7 education shall implement an open enrollment process by August 1, 2010, to be effective 54.8 beginning with the 2010-2011 school year. 54.9 (c) The commissioner and local agencies shall develop an online application process 54.10 for medical assistance and MinnesotaCare. 54.11 (d) The commissioner shall develop an application that is easily understandable 54.12 and does not exceed four pages in length. 54.13 (e) The commissioner of human services shall present to the legislature, by January 54.14 54.15 15, 2010, an implementation plan for the open enrollment period and online application process. 54.16 (f) To ensure parity between all providers of medical services in the ability to seek 54.17 reimbursement from MinnesotaCare or medical assistance, the commissioner of human 54.18 services, in consultation with the commissioner of education, shall include on new or 54.19 revised enrollment forms consent authorization language for all providers of medical 54.20 services to the parent's child or children, including schools, by incorporating language on 54.21 the enrollment form that is consistent with federal data practices laws requiring consent 54.22 54.23 before a school may release information from individual educational records. The consent language shall include a statement that the medical services providers may share with the 54.24 commissioner of human services medical or other information in the possession of the 54.25 54.26 provider that is necessary for the provider to be reimbursed by MinnesotaCare or medical assistance. The consent language also shall state that information may be shared from 54.27 a child's individual educational records and that the parent may revoke the consent for 54.28 schools to share information from educational records at any time. The commissioner 54.29 shall include substantially similar consent authorization language on each of its other 54.30 enrollment forms as they are scheduled for review, revision, or replacement. 54.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2010, or upon federal 54.32 approval, which must be requested by the commissioner, whichever is later. 54.33

54.34 Sec. 14. THIRD-PARTY BILLING.

55.1	To allow the cost effective billing of medical assistance for covered services that
55.2	are not reimbursed by other legally liable third parties, the commissioner of human
55.3	services must:
55.4	(1) summarize and document school district efforts to secure reimbursement from
55.5	legally liable third parties; and
55.6	(2) request permission from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to
55.7	allow school districts to bill Medicaid alone, without first billing private payers, when:
55.8	(i) a child has both public and private coverage; and
55.9	(ii) documentation demonstrates that the private payer involved does not reimburse
55.10	for individualized education program health-related services.
55.11	Sec. 15. <u>REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.</u>
55.12	The revisor of statutes shall substitute the term "individualized education program"
55.13	or similar terms for "individual education plan" or similar terms wherever they appear
55.14	in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules referring to the requirements relating to
55.15	the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. The revisor shall also make
55.16	grammatical changes related to the changes in terms.
55.17	Sec. 16. <u>REPEALER.</u>
55.18	Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.54, is repealed.
55.19	ARTICLE 4
55.20	FACILITIES AND TECHNOLOGY
55.21	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.57, as amended by Laws 2009
55.22	chapter 96, article 4, section 2, is amended to read:
55.23	123B.57 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE; HEALTH AND SAFETY.
55.24	Subdivision 1. Health and safety program revenue application. (a) To receive
55.25	health and safety revenue for any fiscal year a district must submit to the commissioner
55.26	an a capital expenditure health and safety revenue application for aid and levy by the
55.27	date determined by the commissioner. The application may be for hazardous substance
55.28	removal, fire and life safety code repairs, labor and industry regulated facility and
55.29	equipment violations, and health, safety, and environmental management, including
55.30	indoor air quality management. The application must include a health and safety program
55.31	budget adopted and confirmed by the school district board as being consistent with the
55.32	district's health and safety policy under subdivision 2. The program budget must include
55.33	the estimated cost, per building, of the program per Uniform Financial Accounting and

<u>Reporting Standards (UFARS) finance code,</u> by fiscal year. Upon approval through the
adoption of a resolution by each of an intermediate district's member school district
boards and the approval of the Department of Education, a school district may include
its proportionate share of the costs of health and safety projects for an intermediate
district in its application.

(b) Health and safety projects with an estimated cost of \$500,000 or more per
site are not eligible for health and safety revenue. Health and safety projects with an
estimated cost of \$500,000 or more per site that meet all other requirements for health and
safety funding, are eligible for alternative facilities bonding and levy revenue according
to section 123B.59. A school board shall not separate portions of a single project into
components to qualify for health and safety revenue, and shall not combine unrelated
projects into a single project to qualify for alternative facilities bonding and levy revenue.

56.13 (c) The commissioner of education shall not make eligibility for health and safety
 56.14 revenue contingent on a district's compliance status, level of program development, or
 56.15 training. The commissioner shall not mandate additional performance criteria such as
 56.16 training, certifications, or compliance evaluations as a prerequisite for levy approval.

56.17Subd. 2. Contents of program Health and safety policy.To qualify for health56.18and safety revenue, a district school board must adopt a health and safety program policy.56.19The program policy must include plans, where applicable, for hazardous substance56.20removal, fire and life safety code repairs, regulated facility and equipment violations,56.21and provisions for implementing a health and safety program that complies with health,56.22safety, and environmental management, regulations and best practices including indoor56.23air quality management.

(a) A hazardous substance plan must contain provisions for the removal or 56.24 encapsulation of asbestos from school buildings or property, asbestos-related repairs, 56.25 cleanup and disposal of polychlorinated biphenyls found in school buildings or property, 56.26 and cleanup, removal, disposal, and repairs related to storing heating fuel or transportation 56.27 fuels such as alcohol, gasoline, fuel, oil, and special fuel, as defined in section 296A.01. 56.28 If a district has already developed a plan for the removal or encapsulation of asbestos as 56.29 required by the federal Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act of 1986, the district 56.30 may use a summary of that plan, which includes a description and schedule of response 56.31 actions, for purposes of this section. The plan must also contain provisions to make 56.32 modifications to existing facilities and equipment necessary to limit personal exposure 56.33 to hazardous substances, as regulated by the federal Occupational Safety and Health 56.34 Administration under Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z; or is 56.35 determined by the commissioner to present a significant risk to district staff or student 56.36

health and safety as a result of foreseeable use, handling, accidental spill, exposure, or 57.1 contamination. 57.2 (b) A fire and life safety plan must contain a description of the current fire and life 57.3 safety code violations, a plan for the removal or repair of the fire and life safety hazard, 57.4 and a description of safety preparation and awareness procedures to be followed until the 57.5 hazard is fully corrected. 57.6 (c) A facilities and equipment violation plan must contain provisions to correct 57.7 health and safety hazards as provided in Department of Labor and Industry standards 57.8 pursuant to section 182.655. 57.9 (d) A health, safety, and environmental management plan must contain a description 57.10 of training, record keeping, hazard assessment, and program management as defined 57.11 in section 123B.56. 57.12 (c) A plan to test for and mitigate radon produced hazards. 57.13 (f) A plan to monitor and improve indoor air quality. 57.14 57.15 Subd. 3. Health and safety revenue. A district's health and safety revenue for a fiscal year equals the district's alternative facilities levy under section 123B.59, 57.16 subdivision 5, paragraph (b), plus the greater of zero or: 57.17 (1) the sum of (a) the total approved cost of the district's hazardous substance 57.18 plan for fiscal years 1985 through 1989, plus (b) the total approved cost of the district's 57.19 health and safety program for fiscal year 1990 through the fiscal year to which the levy 57.20 is attributable, excluding expenditures funded with bonds issued under section 123B.59 57.21 or 123B.62, or chapter 475; certificates of indebtedness or capital notes under section 57.22 123B.61; levies under section 123B.58, 123B.59, 123B.63, or 126C.40, subdivision 1 or 57.23 6; and other federal, state, or local revenues, minus 57.24 (2) the sum of (a) the district's total hazardous substance aid and levy for fiscal years 57.25 57.26 1985 through 1989 under sections 124.245 and 275.125, subdivision 11c, plus (b) the district's health and safety revenue under this subdivision, for years before the fiscal year 57.27 to which the levy is attributable. 57.28

57.29 Subd. 4. **Health and safety levy.** To receive health and safety revenue, a district 57.30 may levy an amount equal to the district's health and safety revenue as defined in 57.31 subdivision 3 multiplied by the lesser of one, or the ratio of the quotient derived by 57.32 dividing the adjusted net tax capacity of the district for the year preceding the year the 57.33 levy is certified by the adjusted marginal cost pupil units in the district for the school year 57.34 to which the levy is attributable, to \$2,935.

57.35 Subd. 5. **Health and safety aid.** A district's health and safety aid is the difference 57.36 between its health and safety revenue and its health and safety levy. If a district does not

levy the entire amount permitted, health and safety aid must be reduced in proportion to
the actual amount levied. Health and safety aid may not be reduced as a result of reducing
a district's health and safety levy according to section 123B.79.

Subd. 6. Uses of health and safety revenue. (a) Health and safety revenue may 58.4 be used only for approved expenditures necessary to correct fire and life safety hazards, 58.5 or for the; design, purchase, installation, maintenance, and inspection of fire protection 58.6 and alarm equipment; purchase or construction of appropriate facilities for the storage of 58.7 combustible and flammable materials; inventories and facility modifications not related 58.8 to a remodeling project to comply with lab safety requirements under section 121A.31; 58.9 inspection, testing, repair, removal or encapsulation, and disposal of asbestos from school 58.10 buildings or property owned or being acquired by the district, asbestos-related repairs, 58.11 asbestos-containing building materials; cleanup and disposal of polychlorinated biphenyls 58.12 found in school buildings or property owned or being acquired by the district, or the; 58.13 cleanup and disposal of hazardous and infectious wastes; cleanup, removal, disposal, and 58.14 58.15 repairs related to storing heating fuel or transportation fuels such as alcohol, gasoline, fuel oil, and special fuel, as defined in section 296A.01, Minnesota; correction of occupational 58.16 safety and health administration regulated facility and equipment hazards, indoor air 58.17 quality inspections, investigations, and testing; mold abatement; upgrades or replacement 58.18 of mechanical ventilation systems to meet American Society of Heating, Refrigerating 58.19 and Air Conditioning Engineers standards and State Mechanical Code; design, materials, 58.20 and installation of local exhaust ventilation systems, including required make up air for 58.21 controlling regulated hazardous substances; correction of Department of Health Food 58.22 58.23 Code and violations; correction of swimming pool hazards excluding depth correction; playground safety inspections and the installation of impact surfacing materials; bleacher 58.24 repair or rebuilding to comply with the order of a building code inspector under section 58.25 326B.112; testing and mitigation of elevated radon hazards; lead in water, paint, soil, 58.26 and toys testing; copper in water testing; cleanup after major weather-related disasters 58.27 or flooding; reduction of excessive organic and inorganic levels in wells and well 58.28 capping of abandoned wells; installation and testing of boiler backflow valves to prevent 58.29 contamination of potable water; vaccinations, titers, and preventative supplies for 58.30 bloodborne pathogen compliance; costs to comply with the Janet B. Johnson Parents' 58.31 Right To Know Act; and health, safety, and environmental management costs associated 58.32 with implementing the district's health and safety program including costs to establish 58.33 and operate safety committees, in school buildings or property owned or being acquired 58.34 by the district. Testing and calibration activities are permitted for existing mechanical 58.35 ventilation systems at intervals no less than every five years. Health and safety revenue 58.36

must not be used to finance a lease purchase agreement, installment purchase agreement,
 or other deferred payments agreement. Health and safety revenue must not be used for
 the construction of new facilities or the purchase of portable classrooms, for interest or
 other financing expenses, or for energy efficiency projects under section 123B.65. The
 revenue may not be used for a building or property or part of a building or property used
 for postsecondary instruction or administration or for a purpose unrelated to elementary
 and secondary education.

Subd. 6a. Restrictions on health and safety revenue. (b) Notwithstanding 59.8 paragraph (a) subdivision 6, health and safety revenue must not be used to finance a 59.9 lease purchase agreement, installment purchase agreement, or other deferred payments 59.10 agreement, for the construction of new facilities, remodeling of existing facilities, or 59.11 59.12 the purchase of portable classrooms, for interest or other financing expenses, or for energy efficiency projects under section 123B.65, for a building or property or part of a 59.13 building or property used for postsecondary instruction or administration or for a purpose 59.14 59.15 unrelated to elementary and secondary education, for replacement of building materials or facilities including roof, walls, windows, internal fixtures and flooring, nonhealth and 59.16 safety costs associated with demolition of facilities, structural repair or replacement of 59.17 facilities due to unsafe conditions, violence prevention and facility security, ergonomics, 59.18 or for building and heating, ventilating and air conditioning supplies, maintenance, and 59.19 cleaning activities. All assessments, investigations, inventories, and support equipment 59.20 not leading to the engineering or construction of a project shall be included in the health, 59.21 safety, and environmental management costs in subdivision 8, paragraph (a). 59.22

59.23 Subd. 6b. Health and safety projects. (a) Health and safety revenue applications defined in subdivision 1 must be accompanied by a description of each project for which 59.24 funding is being requested. Project descriptions must provide enough detail for an auditor 59.25 to determine if the work qualifies for revenue. For projects other than fire and life 59.26 safety projects, playground projects, and health, safety, and environmental management 59.27 activities, a project description does not need to include itemized details such as material 59.28 types, room locations, square feet, names, or license numbers. The commissioner shall 59.29 approve only projects that comply with subdivisions 6 and 8, as defined by the Department 59.30 of Education. 59.31

59.32 (b) Districts may request funding for allowable projects based on self-assessments,
59.33 safety committee recommendations, insurance inspections, management assistance
59.34 reports, fire marshal orders, or other mandates. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, paragraph
59.35 (b), and subdivision 8, paragraph (b), for projects under \$500,000, individual project
59.36 size for projects authorized by this subdivision is not limited and may include related

work in multiple facilities. Health and safety management costs from subdivision 8 may 60.1 be reported as a single project. 60.2 (c) All costs directly related to a project shall be reported in the appropriate Uniform 60.3 Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS) finance code. 60.4 (d) For fire and life safety egress and all other projects exceeding \$20,000, cited 60.5 under Minnesota Fire Code, a fire marshal plan review is required. 60.6 (e) Districts shall update project estimates with actual expenditures for each 60.7 fiscal year. If a project's final cost is significantly higher than originally approved, the 60.8 commissioner may request additional supporting information. 60.9 Subd. 6c. Appeals process. In the event a district is denied funding approval for 60.10 a project the district believes complies with subdivisions 6 and 8, and is not otherwise 60.11 excluded, a district may appeal the decision. All such requests must be in writing. The 60.12 commissioner shall respond in writing. A written request must contain the following: 60.13 project number; description and amount; reason for denial; unresolved questions for 60.14 60.15 consideration; reasons for reconsideration; and a specific statement of what action the district is requesting. 60.16 Subd. 7. **Proration.** In the event that the health and safety aid available for any year 60.17 is prorated, a district having its aid prorated may levy an additional amount equal to the 60.18 amount not paid by the state due to proration. 60.19 Subd. 8. Health, safety, and environmental management cost. (a) "Health, safety, 60.20 and environmental management" is defined in section 123B.56. 60.21 (b) A district's cost for health, safety, and environmental management is limited to 60.22 60.23 the lesser of: (1) actual cost to implement their plan; or 60.24 (2) an amount determined by the commissioner, based on enrollment, building 60.25 age, and size. 60.26 (b) (c) The department may contract with regional service organizations, private 60.27 contractors, Minnesota Safety Council, or state agencies to provide management 60.28 assistance to school districts for health and safety capital projects. Management assistance 60.29 is the development of written programs for the identification, recognition and control of 60.30 hazards, and prioritization and scheduling of district health and safety capital projects. 60.31 The department commissioner shall not mandate management assistance or exclude 60.32 private contractors from the opportunity to provide any health and safety services to 60.33 school districts. 60.34 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), the department may approve revenue, up to 60.35 60.36 the limit defined in paragraph (a) for districts having an approved health, safety, and

61.1 environmental management plan that uses district staff to accomplish coordination and

61.2 provided services.

61.3

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 61.4 Subdivision 1. To lease building or land. (a) When an independent or a special 61.5 school district or a group of independent or special school districts finds it economically 61.6 advantageous to rent or lease a building or land for any instructional purposes or for 61.7 school storage or furniture repair, and it determines that the operating capital revenue 61.8 authorized under section 126C.10, subdivision 13, is insufficient for this purpose, it may 61.9 apply to the commissioner for permission to make an additional capital expenditure levy 61.10 61.11 for this purpose. An application for permission to levy under this subdivision must contain financial justification for the proposed levy, the terms and conditions of the proposed 61.12 lease, and a description of the space to be leased and its proposed use. 61.13

(b) The criteria for approval of applications to levy under this subdivision must 61.14 include: the reasonableness of the price, the appropriateness of the space to the proposed 61.15 activity, the feasibility of transporting pupils to the leased building or land, conformity 61.16 of the lease to the laws and rules of the state of Minnesota, and the appropriateness of 61.17 the proposed lease to the space needs and the financial condition of the district. The 61.18 commissioner must not authorize a levy under this subdivision in an amount greater than 61.19 the cost to the district of renting or leasing a building or land for approved purposes. 61.20 The proceeds of this levy must not be used for custodial or other maintenance services. 61.21 A district may not levy under this subdivision for the purpose of leasing or renting a 61.22 district-owned building or site to itself. 61.23

(c) For agreements finalized after July 1, 1997, a district may not levy under this
subdivision for the purpose of leasing: (1) a newly constructed building used primarily
for regular kindergarten, elementary, or secondary instruction; or (2) a newly constructed
building addition or additions used primarily for regular kindergarten, elementary, or
secondary instruction that contains more than 20 percent of the square footage of the
previously existing building.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a district may levy under this subdivision for the
purpose of leasing or renting a district-owned building or site to itself only if the amount
is needed by the district to make payments required by a lease purchase agreement,
installment purchase agreement, or other deferred payments agreement authorized by law,
and the levy meets the requirements of paragraph (c). A levy authorized for a district by
the commissioner under this paragraph may be in the amount needed by the district to

62.1 make payments required by a lease purchase agreement, installment purchase agreement,

or other deferred payments agreement authorized by law, provided that any agreement

62.3 include a provision giving the school districts the right to terminate the agreement62.4 annually without penalty.

(e) The total levy under this subdivision for a district for any year must not exceed
\$150 times the resident pupil units for the fiscal year to which the levy is attributable.

(f) For agreements for which a review and comment have been submitted to the
Department of Education after April 1, 1998, the term "instructional purpose" as used in
this subdivision excludes expenditures on stadiums.

(g) The commissioner of education may authorize a school district to exceed the
limit in paragraph (e) if the school district petitions the commissioner for approval. The
commissioner shall grant approval to a school district to exceed the limit in paragraph (e)
for not more than five years if the district meets the following criteria:

62.14 (1) the school district has been experiencing pupil enrollment growth in the62.15 preceding five years;

62.16

(2) the purpose of the increased levy is in the long-term public interest;

62.17 (3) the purpose of the increased levy promotes colocation of government services;62.18 and

62.19 (4) the purpose of the increased levy is in the long-term interest of the district by62.20 avoiding over construction of school facilities.

(h) A school district that is a member of an intermediate school district may include
in its authority under this section the costs associated with leases of administrative and
classroom space for intermediate school district programs. This authority must not exceed
\$43 times the adjusted marginal cost pupil units of the member districts. This authority is
in addition to any other authority authorized under this section.

(i) In addition to the allowable capital levies in paragraph (a), for taxes payable in
2011 to 2021, a district that is a member of the "Technology and Information Education
Systems" data processing joint board, that finds it economically advantageous to enter
into a lease purchase agreement for to finance improvements to a building for a group of
school districts or special school districts for staff development purposes, may levy for
its portion of lease costs attributed to the district within the total levy limit in paragraph
(e). The total levy authority under this paragraph shall not exceed \$632,000 each year.

62.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2011 and later.

62.34 Sec. 3. Laws 1999, chapter 241, article 4, section 25, is amended to read:

62.35 Sec. 25. ALTERNATIVE FACILITIES REVENUE PROGRAM.

63.1	Subdivision 1. [INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 622, NORTH ST.
63.2	PAUL-MAPLEWOOD-OAKDALE.] Independent school district No. 622, North St.
63.3	Paul-Maplewood-Oakdale, is eligible for the alternative facilities revenue program under
63.4	Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.59, for the purposes of financing school facilities
63.5	in the district.
63.6	Subd. 2. Stillwater. Independent school district No. 834, Stillwater, is eligible for
63.7	the alternative facilities revenue program under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.59, for
63.8	the purposes of financing school facilities in the district.
63.9	Subd. 3. Independent School District No. 284, Wayzata. Independent School
63.10	District No. 284, Wayzata, is eligible for the alternative facilities revenue program under
63.11	Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.59, for the purposes of financing school facilities
63.12	in the district.
(2.12	EFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for feed ween 2012
63.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2013
63.14	and later.
(2.15	Soo A HEATTH AND SAFETY DOLICY
63.15	Sec. 4. <u>HEALTH AND SAFETY POLICY.</u> Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 123P 57, subdivision 2, a school board
63.16	<u>Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.57, subdivision 2, a school board</u> that has not yet adopted a health and safety policy by September 30, 2010, may submit an
63.17 63.18	
	application for health and safety revenue for taxes payable in 2011 in the form and manner specified by the commissioner of education
63.19	specified by the commissioner of education.
63.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
63.21	ARTICLE 5
63.22	ACCOUNTING
63.23	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 16A.152, subdivision 2, as
63.24	amended by Laws 2010, chapter 215, article 11, section 15, is amended to read:
63.25	Subd. 2. Additional revenues; priority. (a) If on the basis of a forecast of general
63.26	fund revenues and expenditures, the commissioner of management and budget determines
63.27	that there will be a positive unrestricted budgetary general fund balance at the close of
63.28	the biennium, the commissioner of management and budget must allocate money to the
63.29	following accounts and purposes in priority order:
63.30	(1) the cash flow account established in subdivision 1 until that account reaches
63.31	\$350,000,000;
63.32	(2) the budget reserve account established in subdivision 1a until that account
63.33	reaches \$653,000,000;

64.1 (3) the amount necessary to increase the aid payment schedule for school district
64.2 aids and credits payments in section 127A.45 to not more than 90 percent rounded to the
64.3 nearest tenth of a percent without exceeding the amount available and with any remaining
64.4 funds deposited in the budget reserve;

(4) the amount necessary to restore all or a portion of the net aid reductions under
section 127A.441 and to reduce the property tax revenue recognition shift under section
123B.75, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), and Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 9,
article 5, section 34, as amended by Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 23, section
by the same amount;

(5) to the state airports fund, the amount necessary to restore the amount transferred
from the state airports fund under Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 11, section 3,
subdivision 5; and

64.13 (6) to the fire safety account in the special revenue fund, the amount necessary to64.14 restore transfers from the account to the general fund made in Laws 2010.

(b) The amounts necessary to meet the requirements of this section are appropriated
from the general fund within two weeks after the forecast is released or, in the case of
transfers under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), as necessary to meet the appropriations
schedules otherwise established in statute.

(c) The commissioner of management and budget shall certify the total dollar
amount of the reductions under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), to the commissioner of
education. The commissioner of education shall increase the aid payment percentage and
reduce the property tax shift percentage by these amounts and apply those reductions to
the current fiscal year and thereafter.

64.24

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

64.25 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.12, is amended to read:

64.26

123B.12 INSUFFICIENT FUNDS TO PAY ORDERS.

(a) In the event that a district or a cooperative unit defined in section 123A.24, 64.27 64.28 subdivision 2, has insufficient funds to pay its usual lawful current obligations, subject to section 471.69, the board may enter into agreements with banks or any person to take its 64.29 orders. Any order drawn, after having been presented to the treasurer for payment and not 64.30 paid for want of funds shall be endorsed by the treasurer by putting on the back thereof 64.31 the words "not paid for want of funds," giving the date of endorsement and signed by the 64.32 treasurer. A record of such presentment, nonpayment and endorsement shall be made by 64.33 the treasurer. The treasurer shall serve a written notice upon the payee or the payee's 64.34

assignee, personally, or by mail, when the treasurer is prepared to pay such orders. The
notice may be directed to the payee or the payee's assignee at the address given in writing
by such payee or assignee to such treasurer, at any time prior to the service of such notice.
No order shall draw any interest if such address is not given when the same is unknown to
the treasurer, and no order shall draw any interest after the service of such notice.

(b) A district may enter, subject to section 471.69, into $\frac{1}{2}$ an unsecured line of credit agreement with a financial institution. The amount of credit available must not exceed $\frac{95}{380}$ percent of average expenditure per month of operating expenditures in the previous fiscal year. Any amount advanced must be repaid no later than $\frac{45}{120}$ days after the day of advancement.

65.11

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 127A.42, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Violations of law. The commissioner may reduce or withhold the district's
state aid for any school year whenever the board of the district authorizes or permits
violations of law within the district by:

(1) employing a teacher who does not hold a valid teaching license or permit in apublic school;

(2) noncompliance with a mandatory rule of general application promulgated by the
commissioner in accordance with statute, unless special circumstances make enforcement
inequitable, impose an extraordinary hardship on the district, or the rule is contrary to
the district's best interests;

(3) the district's continued performance of a contract made for the rental of rooms
or buildings for school purposes or for the rental of any facility owned or operated by or
under the direction of any private organization, if the contract has been disapproved, the
time for review of the determination of disapproval has expired, and no proceeding for
review is pending;

(4) any practice which is a violation of sections 1 and 2 of article 13 of theConstitution of the state of Minnesota;

65.29 (5) failure to reasonably provide for a resident pupil's school attendance under65.30 Minnesota Statutes;

(6) noncompliance with state laws prohibiting discrimination because of race,
color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, age, marital status, status with regard to
public assistance or disability, as defined in sections 363A.08 to 363A.19 and 363A.28,
subdivision 10; or

65.35 (7) using funds contrary to the statutory purpose of the funds.

- 66.1 The reduction or withholding must be made in the amount and upon the procedure
- 66.2 provided in this section, or, in the case of the violation stated in clause (1), upon the
- 66.3 procedure provided in section 127A.43.
- 66.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2010.

66.5 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 127A.43, is amended to read:

66.6 127A.43 DISTRICT EMPLOYMENT OF UNLICENSED TEACHERS; AID 66.7 REDUCTION.

66.8 When a district employs one or more teachers who do not hold a valid teaching 66.9 license, state aid shall be <u>withheld reduced</u> in the proportion that the number of such 66.10 teachers is to the total number of teachers employed by the district, multiplied by 60 66.11 percent of the basic revenue, as defined in section 126C.10, subdivision 2, of the district 66.12 for the year in which the employment occurred.

66.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2010.

66.14 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 127A.45, is amended by adding a subdivision66.15 to read:

Subd. 6a. Cash flow adjustment. The board of directors of any charter school 66.16 serving fewer than 150 students where the percentage of students eligible for special 66.17 education services equals 100 percent of the charter school's total enrollment may request 66.18 that the commissioner of education accelerate the school's cash flow under this section. 66.19 The commissioner must approve a properly submitted request within 30 days of its receipt. 66.20 The commissioner must accelerate the school's regular special education aid payments 66.21 according to the schedule in the school's request and modify the payments to the school 66.22 under subdivision 3 accordingly. A school must not receive current payments of regular 66.23 special education aid exceeding 90 percent of its estimated aid entitlement for the fiscal 66.24 year. The commissioner must delay the special education aid payments to all other school 66.25 districts and charter schools in proportion to each district or charter school's total share 66.26 of regular special education aid such that the overall aid payment savings from the aid 66.27 payment shift remains unchanged for any fiscal year. 66.28

66.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
 66.30 and applies to school district or charter school payments made on or after that date.

67.1	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 127A.45, is amended by adding a subdivision
67.2	to read:
67.3	Subd. 17. Payment to creditors. Except where otherwise specifically authorized,
67.4	state education aid payments shall be made only to the school district, charter school, or
67.5	other education organization earning state aid revenues as a result of providing education
67.6	services.
67.7	Sec. 7. FUND TRANSFERS.
67.8	Subdivision 1. Aitkin. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.79;
67.9	123B.80; and 475.61, subdivision 4, on June 30, 2010, Independent School District No.
67.10	1, Aitkin, may permanently transfer up to \$70,000 from its debt redemption fund to its
67.11	undesignated general fund balance without making a levy reduction.
67.12	Subd. 2. Anoka-Hennepin. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.79,
67.13	123B.80, and 475.61, subdivision 4, on June 30, 2010, Independent School District No.
67.14	11, Anoka-Hennepin, may permanently transfer up to \$400,000 from its debt redemption
67.15	fund to its undesignated general fund balance without making a levy reduction.
67.16	Subd. 3. Elk River. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.79,
67.17	123B.80, and 475.61, subdivision 4, on June 30, 2010, Independent School District No.
67.18	728, Elk River, may permanently transfer up to \$500,000 from its debt redemption fund to
67.19	its undesignated general fund balance without making a levy reduction.
67.20	Subd. 4. Hayfield. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.79 or
67.21	123B.80, on June 30, 2010, Independent School District No. 203, Hayfield, may
67.22	permanently transfer up to \$75,000 from its reserved for operating capital account to its
67.23	undesignated general fund balance without making a levy reduction.
67.24	Subd. 5. Kenyon-Wanamingo. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections
67.25	123B.79, 123B.80, and 475.61, subdivision 4, on June 30, 2010, Independent School
67.26	District No. 2172, Kenyon-Wanamingo, may permanently transfer up to \$55,000 from
67.27	its debt redemption fund to its undesignated general fund balance without making a levy
67.28	reduction.
67.29	Subd. 6. Madelia. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.79, 123B.80,
67.30	and 475.61, subdivision 4, on June 30, 2010, Independent School District No. 837,
67.31	Madelia, may permanently transfer up to \$350,000 from its debt redemption fund to its

67.32 reserved for operating capital account without making a levy reduction.

68.1	Subd. 7. Rochester. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.79,
68.2	123B.80, and 475.61, subdivision 4, on June 30, 2010, Independent School District No.
68.3	535, Rochester, may permanently transfer up to \$400,000 from its debt redemption fund to
68.4	its undesignated general fund balance without making a levy reduction.
68.5	Subd. 8. St. Louis Park. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.79,
68.6	123B.80, and 475.61, subdivision 4, on June 30, 2010, Independent School District
68.7	No. 283, St. Louis Park, may permanently transfer up to \$225,000 from its reserved
68.8	for operating capital account to its undesignated general fund balance without making
68.9	a levy reduction. Any funds transferred under this subdivision must be used to pay for
68.10	the costs directly associated with closing the Cedar Manor Elementary School, including
68.11	moving and storage costs.
68.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
68.13	ARTICLE 6
68.14	STATE AGENCIES
68.15	Section 1. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION; APPROPRIATIONS.
68.16	\$24,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$23,000 in fiscal year 2011 are transferred from the
68.17	department's special revenue fund to the general fund.
68.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
68.19	Sec. 2. PERPICH CENTER FOR ARTS EDUCATION; APPROPRIATION.
68.20	\$19,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$11,000 in fiscal year 2011 are transferred from the
68.21	Perpich Center's special revenue fund to the general fund.
68.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
68.23	ARTICLE 7
68.24	CHARTER SCHOOL FACILITIES
68.25	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 3,
68.26	is amended to read:
68.27	Subd. 3. Authorizer. (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this
68.28	subdivision have the meanings given them.
68.29	"Application" to receive approval as an authorizer means the proposal an eligible
68.30	authorizer submits to the commissioner under paragraph (c) before that authorizer is able
68.31	to submit any affidavit to charter to a school.

"Application" under subdivision 4 means the charter school business plan a 69.1 school developer submits to an authorizer for approval to establish a charter school that 69.2 documents the school developer's mission statement, school purposes, program design, 69.3 financial plan, governance and management structure, and background and experience, 69.4 plus any other information the authorizer requests. The application also shall include a 69.5 "statement of assurances" of legal compliance prescribed by the commissioner. 69.6

"Affidavit" means a written statement the authorizer submits to the commissioner 69.7 for approval to establish a charter school under subdivision 4 attesting to its review and 69.8 approval process before chartering a school. 69.9

"Affidavit" means the form an authorizer submits to the commissioner that is a 69.10 precondition to a charter school organizing an affiliated nonprofit building corporation 69.11 under subdivision 17a. 69.12

(b) The following organizations may authorize one or more charter schools: 69.13

(1) a school board; intermediate school district school board; education district 69.14 organized under sections 123A.15 to 123A.19; 69.15

(2) a charitable organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code 69.16 of 1986, excluding a nonpublic sectarian or religious institution, any person other than a 69.17 natural person that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, 69.18 is controlled by, or is under common control with the nonpublic sectarian or religious 69.19 institution, and any other charitable organization under this clause that in the federal IRS 69.20 Form 1023, Part IV, describes activities indicating a religious purpose, that: 69.21

(i) is a member of the Minnesota Council of Nonprofits or the Minnesota Council on 69.22 69.23 Foundations;

(ii) is registered with the attorney general's office; 69.24

(iii) reports an end-of-year fund balance of at least \$2,000,000; and 69.25

69.26 (iv) is incorporated in the state of Minnesota;

(3) a Minnesota private college, notwithstanding clause (2), that grants two- or 69.27 four-year degrees and is registered with the Minnesota Office of Higher Education under 69.28 chapter 136A; community college, state university, or technical college governed by the 69.29 Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities; or the University of 69.30 Minnesota; or 69.31

(4) a nonprofit corporation subject to chapter 317A, described in section 317A.905, 69.32 and exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code 69.33 of 1986, may authorize one or more charter schools if the charter school has operated 69.34 for at least three years under a different authorizer and if the nonprofit corporation has 69.35 existed for at least 25 years-; or 69.36

- (5) no more than three single-purpose sponsors that are charitable, nonsectarian
 organizations formed under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and
 incorporated in the state of Minnesota whose sole purpose is to charter schools.
- 70.4 <u>A board member or employee of an eligible organization must not be an employee,</u>
 70.5 <u>contractor, or board member of a charter school.</u>
- Eligible organizations interested in being approved as a sponsor under this paragraph must submit a proposal to the commissioner that includes the provisions of paragraph (c) and a five-year financial plan. Such authorizers shall consider and approve applications using the criteria provided in subdivision 4 and shall not limit the applications it solicits, considers, or approves to any single curriculum, learning program, or method.
- (c) An eligible authorizer under this subdivision must apply to the commissioner for 70.11 approval as an authorizer before submitting any affidavit to the commissioner to charter 70.12 a school. The application for approval as a charter school authorizer must demonstrate 70.13 the applicant's ability to implement the procedures and satisfy the criteria for chartering a 70.14 70.15 school under this section. The commissioner must approve or disapprove an application within 60 business days of the application deadline. If the commissioner disapproves 70.16 the application, the commissioner must notify the applicant of the deficiencies and the 70.17 applicant then has 20 business days to address the deficiencies to the commissioner's 70.18 satisfaction. Failing to address the deficiencies to the commissioner's satisfaction makes 70.19 an applicant ineligible to be an authorizer. The commissioner, in establishing criteria for 70.20 approval, must consider the applicant's: 70.21
- 70.22 (1) c

(1) capacity and infrastructure;

- 70.23 (2) application criteria and process;
- 70.24 (3) contracting process;
- 70.25 (4) ongoing oversight and evaluation processes; and
- 70.26 (5) renewal criteria and processes.

(d) The affidavit to be submitted to and evaluated by the commissioner must includeat least the following:

- 70.29 (1) how chartering schools is a way for the organization to carry out its mission;
- (2) a description of the capacity of the organization to serve as a sponsor, including
 the personnel who will perform the sponsoring duties, their qualifications, the amount of
 time they will be assigned to this responsibility, and the financial resources allocated
 by the organization to this responsibility;
- (3) a description of the application and review process the authorizer will use to make
 decisions regarding the granting of charters, which will include at least the following:
- 70.36 (i) how the statutory purposes defined in subdivision 1 are addressed;

71.1 (ii) the mission, goals, program model, and student performance expectations;

71.2 (iii) an evaluation plan for the school that includes criteria for evaluating educational,

71.3 organizational, and fiscal plans;

71.4 (iv) the school's governance plan;

71.5 (v) the financial management plan; and

71.6 (vi) the administration and operations plan;

(4) a description of the type of contract it will arrange with the schools it charters
that meets the provisions of subdivision 6 and defines the rights and responsibilities of the
charter school for governing its educational program, controlling its funds, and making
school management decisions;

(5) the process to be used for providing ongoing oversight of the school consistent
with the contract expectations specified in clause (4) that assures that the schools chartered
are complying with both the provisions of applicable law and rules, and with the contract;

(6) the process for making decisions regarding the renewal or termination of
the school's charter based on evidence that demonstrates the academic, organizational,
and financial competency of the school, including its success in increasing student

achievement and meeting the goals of the charter school agreement; and

(7) an assurance specifying that the organization is committed to serving as asponsor for the full five-year term.

A disapproved applicant under this paragraph may resubmit an application during afuture application period.

(e) The authorizer must participate in department-approved training.

(f) An authorizer that chartered a school before August 1, 2009, must apply by
June 30, 2011, to the commissioner for approval, under paragraph (c), to continue as an
authorizer under this section. For purposes of this paragraph, an authorizer that fails to
submit a timely application is ineligible to charter a school.

(g) The commissioner shall review an authorizer's performance every five years in 71.27 a manner and form determined by the commissioner and may review an authorizer's 71.28 performance more frequently at the commissioner's own initiative or at the request of a 71.29 charter school operator, charter school board member, or other interested party. The 71.30 commissioner, after completing the review, shall transmit a report with findings to the 71.31 authorizer. If, consistent with this section, the commissioner finds that an authorizer 71.32 has not fulfilled the requirements of this section, the commissioner may subject the 71.33 authorizer to corrective action, which may include terminating the contract with the 71.34 charter school board of directors of a school it chartered. The commissioner must notify 71.35 the authorizer in writing of any findings that may subject the authorizer to corrective 71.36

action and the authorizer then has 15 business days to request an informal hearing before

72.2 the commissioner takes corrective action.

- 72.3 (h) The commissioner may at any time take corrective action against an authorizer,
- 72.4 including terminating an authorizer's ability to charter a school for:
- (1) failing to demonstrate the criteria under paragraph (c) under which thecommissioner approved the authorizer;
- 72.7 (2) violating a term of the chartering contract between the authorizer and the charter72.8 school board of directors; or
- 72.9 (3) unsatisfactory performance as an approved authorizer.

72.10 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment 72.11 and paragraph (b) shall apply retroactively to August 1, 2009.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 4, isamended to read:

Subd. 4. Formation of school. (a) An authorizer, after receiving an application from 72.14 a school developer, may charter a licensed teacher under section 122A.18, subdivision 72.15 1, or a group of individuals that includes one or more licensed teachers under section 72.16 122A.18, subdivision 1, to operate a school subject to the commissioner's approval of the 72.17 authorizer's affidavit under paragraph (b). The school must be organized and operated 72.18 as a cooperative under chapter 308A or nonprofit corporation under chapter 317A and 72.19 the provisions under the applicable chapter shall apply to the school except as provided 72.20 in this section. 72.21

Notwithstanding sections 465.717 and 465.719, a school district, subject to this
section and section 124D.11, may create a corporation for the purpose of establishing a
charter school.

(b) Before the operators may establish and operate a school, the authorizer must file 72.25 an affidavit with the commissioner stating its intent to charter a school. An authorizer 72.26 must file a separate affidavit for each school it intends to charter. The affidavit must 72.27 state the terms and conditions under which the authorizer would charter a school and 72.28 how the authorizer intends to oversee the fiscal and student performance of the charter 72.29 school and to comply with the terms of the written contract between the authorizer 72.30 and the charter school board of directors under subdivision 6. The commissioner must 72.31 approve or disapprove the authorizer's affidavit within 60 business days of receipt of the 72.32 affidavit. If the commissioner disapproves the affidavit, the commissioner shall notify 72.33 the authorizer of the deficiencies in the affidavit and the authorizer then has 20 business 72.34 72.35 days to address the deficiencies. If the authorizer does not address deficiencies to the

commissioner's satisfaction, the commissioner's disapproval is final. Failure to obtain
commissioner approval precludes an authorizer from chartering the school that is the
subject of this affidavit.

(c) The authorizer may prevent an approved charter school from opening for
operation if, among other grounds, the charter school violates this section or does not meet
the ready-to-open standards that are part of the authorizer's oversight and evaluation
process or are stipulated in the charter school contract.

(d) The operators authorized to organize and operate a school, before entering into a 73.8 contract or other agreement for professional or other services, goods, or facilities, must 73.9 incorporate as a cooperative under chapter 308A or as a nonprofit corporation under 73.10 chapter 317A and must establish a board of directors composed of at least five members 73.11 who are not related parties until a timely election for members of the ongoing charter 73.12 school board of directors is held according to the school's articles and bylaws under 73.13 paragraph (f). A charter school board of directors must be composed of at least five 73.14 73.15 members who are not related parties. Staff members employed at the school, including teachers providing instruction under a contract with a cooperative, and all parents or legal 73.16 guardians of children enrolled in the school are the voters eligible to elect the members 73.17 of the school's board of directors. A charter school must notify eligible voters of the 73.18 school board election dates at least 30 days before the election. Board of director meetings 73.19 must comply with chapter 13D. 73.20

(e) Upon the request of an individual, the charter school must make available in 73.21 a timely fashion the minutes of meetings of the board of directors, and of members 73.22 73.23 and committees having any board-delegated authority; financial statements showing all operations and transactions affecting income, surplus, and deficit during the school's last 73.24 annual accounting period; and a balance sheet summarizing assets and liabilities on the 73.25 73.26 closing date of the accounting period. A charter school also must post on its official Web site information identifying its authorizer and indicate how to contact that authorizer and 73.27 include that same information about its authorizer in other school materials that it makes 73.28 available to the public. 73.29

(f) Every charter school board member shall attend department-approved training
on board governance, the board's role and responsibilities, employment policies and
practices, and financial management. A board member who does not begin the required
training within six months of being seated and complete the required training within 12
months of being seated on the board is ineligible to continue to serve as a board member.
(g) The ongoing board must be elected before the school completes its third year
of operation. Board elections must be held during a time when school is in session. The

charter school board of directors shall be composed of at least five nonrelated members 74.1 and include: (i) at least one licensed teacher employed at the school or a licensed teacher 74.2 providing instruction under a contact between the charter school and a cooperative; (ii) the 74.3 parent or legal guardian of a student enrolled in the charter school; and (iii) an interested 74.4 community member who is not employed by the charter school and does not have a 74.5 child enrolled in the school. The board may be a teacher majority board composed of 74.6 teachers described in this paragraph. The chief financial officer and the chief administrator 74.7 are ex-officio nonvoting board members. Board bylaws shall outline the process and 74.8 procedures for changing the board's governance model, consistent with chapter 317A. A 74.9 board may change its governance model only: 74.10

(1) by a majority vote of the board of directors and the licensed teachers employed
by the school, including licensed teachers providing instruction under a contract between
the school and a cooperative; and

74.14 (2) with the authorizer's approval.

Any change in board governance must conform with the board structure establishedunder this paragraph.

- (h) The granting or renewal of a charter by an authorizer must not be conditionedupon the bargaining unit status of the employees of the school.
- (i) The granting or renewal of a charter school by an authorizer must not be 74.19 contingent on the charter school being required to contract, lease, or purchase services 74.20 from the authorizer. Any potential contract, lease, or purchase of service from an 74.21 authorizer must be disclosed to the commissioner, accepted through an open bidding 74.22 74.23 process, and be a separate contract from the charter contract. The school must document the open bidding process. An authorizer must not enter into a contract to provide 74.24 management and financial services for a school that it authorizes, unless the school 74.25 74.26 documents that it received at least two competitive bids.

(j) An authorizer may permit the board of directors of a charter school to expand
the operation of the charter school to additional sites or to add additional grades at the
school beyond those described in the authorizer's original affidavit as approved by
the commissioner only after submitting a supplemental affidavit for approval to the
commissioner in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. The supplemental
affidavit must show that:

(1) the expansion proposed by the charter school is supported by need and projectedenrollment;

- (2) the charter school expansion is warranted, at a minimum, by longitudinal data
 demonstrating students' improved academic performance and growth on statewide
 assessments under chapter 120B;
- (3) the charter school is fiscally sound and has the financial capacity to implementthe proposed expansion; and
- (4) the authorizer finds that the charter school has the management capacity tocarry out its expansion.
- (k) The commissioner shall have 30 business days to review and comment on the
 supplemental affidavit. The commissioner shall notify the authorizer of any deficiencies in
 the supplemental affidavit and the authorizer then has 30 business days to address, to the
 commissioner's satisfaction, any deficiencies in the supplemental affidavit. The school
 may not expand grades or add sites until the commissioner has approved the supplemental
 affidavit. The commissioner's approval or disapproval of a supplemental affidavit is final.
- (1) A charter school approved and operating under this section shall not merge with
 another charter school without prior approval from the commissioner. The merger shall
 comply with chapter 317A and section 124D.11, subdivision 9, paragraph (g). The
- 75.17 <u>commissioner shall review the proposed merger submitted by the proposed surviving</u>
- 75.18 charter school and approve or disapprove the merger based on the following criteria:
- 75.19 (1) the financial management plan, including the transfer of assets and liabilities;
- 75.20 (2) the administration and operations plan;
- 75.21 (3) the school's governance plan; and
- 75.22 (4) the academic achievement plan.

75.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 75.24 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 4a, is75.25 amended to read:
- Subd. 4a. Conflict of interest. (a) An individual is prohibited from serving as a 75.26 member of the charter school board of directors if the individual, an immediate family 75.27 member, or the individual's partner is an owner, employee or agent of, or a contractor 75.28 contracting with a for-profit or entity, a nonprofit entity, or an individual with whom 75.29 the charter school contracts, directly or indirectly, for professional services, goods, or 75.30 facilities. A violation of this prohibition renders a contract voidable at the option of the 75.31 commissioner or the charter school board of directors. A member of a charter school 75.32 board of directors who violates this prohibition is individually liable to the charter school 75.33 for any damage caused by the violation. 75.34

(b) No member of the board of directors, employee, officer, or agent of a charter
school shall participate in selecting, awarding, or administering a contract if a conflict
of interest exists. A conflict exists when:

- 76.4 (1) the board member, employee, officer, or agent;
- 76.5 (2) the immediate family of the board member, employee, officer, or agent;

76.6 (3) the partner of the board member, employee, officer, or agent; or

(4) an organization that employs, or is about to employ any individual in clauses(1) to (3),

has a financial or other interest in the entity with which the charter school is contracting.A violation of this prohibition renders the contract void.

(c) Any employee, agent, or board member of the authorizer who participates
in the initial review, approval, ongoing oversight, evaluation, or the charter renewal or
nonrenewal process or decision is ineligible to serve on the board of directors of a school
chartered by that authorizer.

(d) An individual may serve as a member of the board of directors if no conflict ofinterest under paragraph (a) exists.

(e) <u>A charter school board member must not receive any remuneration such as a</u>
<u>fee-for-service as part of a financial transaction involving the charter school. A charter</u>
<u>school employee may receive remuneration such as a fee-for-service as part of a financial</u>
<u>transaction involving a charter school only if the services for which the remuneration is</u>
<u>paid are in addition to the services the employee already agreed to provide to the charter</u>
<u>school and the charter school board of directors formally approve the remuneration.</u>

(f) The conflict of interest provisions under this subdivision do not apply to
 compensation paid to a teacher employed by the charter school who also serves as a
 member of the board of directors.

76.26 (f) (g) The conflict of interest provisions under this subdivision do not apply to a 76.27 teacher who provides services to a charter school through a cooperative formed under 76.28 chapter 308A when the teacher also serves on the charter school board of directors.

76.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

76.30 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 6, is
76.31 amended to read:

Subd. 6. Charter contract. The authorization for a charter school must be in the
form of a written contract signed by the authorizer and the board of directors of the charter
school. The contract must be completed within 45 business days of the commissioner's
approval of the authorizer's affidavit. The authorizer shall submit to the commissioner a

copy of the signed charter contract within ten business days of its execution. The contractfor a charter school must be in writing and contain at least the following:

(1) a declaration of the purposes in subdivision 1 that the school intends to carry out
and how the school will report its implementation of those purposes;

(2) a description of the school program and the specific academic and nonacademic
outcomes that pupils must achieve;

77.7 (3) a statement of admission policies and procedures;

77.8

(4) a governance, management, and administration plan for the school;

(5) signed agreements from charter school board members to comply with all
federal and state laws governing organizational, programmatic, and financial requirements
applicable to charter schools;

(6) the criteria, processes, and procedures that the authorizer will use for ongoingoversight of operational, financial, and academic performance;

(7) the performance evaluation that is a prerequisite for reviewing a charter contractunder subdivision 15;

(8) types and amounts of insurance liability coverage to be obtained by the charterschool;

(9) the term of the contract, which may be up to three years for an initial contract
plus an additional preoperational planning year, and up to five years for a renewed contract
if warranted by the school's academic, financial, and operational performance;

(10) how the board of directors or the operators of the charter school will provide
special instruction and services for children with a disability under sections 125A.03
to 125A.24, and 125A.65, a description of the financial parameters within which the
charter school will operate to provide the special instruction and services to children
with a disability;

(11) the process and criteria the authorizer intends to use to monitor and evaluate thefiscal and student performance of the charter school, consistent with subdivision 15; and

(12) the plan for an orderly closing of the school under chapter 308A or 317A, if the closure is a termination for cause, a voluntary termination, or a nonrenewal of the contract, and that includes establishing the responsibilities of the school board of directors and the authorizer and notifying the commissioner, authorizer, school district in which the charter school is located, and parents of enrolled students about the closure, the transfer of student records to students' resident districts, and procedures for closing financial operations.

77.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

78.1 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 8, is
78.2 amended to read:

Subd. 8. Federal, state, and local requirements. (a) A charter school shall meet all
federal, state, and local health and safety requirements applicable to school districts.

(b) A school must comply with statewide accountability requirements governingstandards and assessments in chapter 120B.

(c) A school sponsored by a school board may be located in any district, unless the
school board of the district of the proposed location disapproves by written resolution.

(d) A charter school must be nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies,
employment practices, and all other operations. A sponsor may not authorize a charter
school or program that is affiliated with a nonpublic sectarian school or a religious
institution. A charter school student must be released for religious instruction, consistent
with section 120A.22, subdivision 12, clause (3).

(e) Charter schools must not be used as a method of providing education orgenerating revenue for students who are being home-schooled.

(f) The primary focus of a charter school must be to provide a comprehensive
program of instruction for at least one grade or age group from five through 18 years
of age. Instruction may be provided to people younger than five years and older than
18 years of age.

78.20 (g) A charter school may not charge tuition.

(h) A charter school is subject to and must comply with chapter 363A and section121A.04.

(i) A charter school is subject to and must comply with the Pupil Fair Dismissal
Act, sections 121A.40 to 121A.56, and the Minnesota Public School Fee Law, sections
123B.34 to 123B.39.

78.26 (j) A charter school is subject to the same financial audits, audit procedures, and audit requirements as a district. Audits must be conducted in compliance with generally 78.27 accepted governmental auditing standards, the Federal Single Audit Act, if applicable, 78.28 and section 6.65. A charter school is subject to and must comply with sections 15.054; 78.29 118A.01; 118A.02; 118A.03; 118A.04; 118A.05; 118A.06; 471.38; 471.391; 471.392; and 78.30 471.425. The audit must comply with the requirements of sections 123B.75 to 123B.83, 78.31 except to the extent deviations are necessary because of the program at the school. 78.32 Deviations must be approved by the commissioner and authorizer. The Department of 78.33 Education, state auditor, legislative auditor, or authorizer may conduct financial, program, 78.34 or compliance audits. A charter school determined to be in statutory operating debt under 78.35 sections 123B.81 to 123B.83 must submit a plan under section 123B.81, subdivision 4. 78.36

- (k) A charter school is a district for the purposes of tort liability under chapter 466. 79.1 79.2 (1) A charter school must comply with chapters 13 and 13D; and sections 120A.22, subdivision 7; 121A.75; and 260B.171, subdivisions 3 and 5. 79.3 (m) A charter school is subject to the Pledge of Allegiance requirement under 79.4 section 121A.11, subdivision 3. 79.5 (n) A charter school offering online courses or programs must comply with section 79.6 124D.095. 79.7 (o) A charter school and charter school board of directors are subject to chapter 181. 79.8 (p) A charter school must comply with section 120A.22, subdivision 7, governing 79.9 the transfer of students' educational records and sections 138.163 and 138.17 governing 79.10 the management of local records. 79.11 79.12 (q) A charter school seeking endorsement from the Charter School Facilities Authority under section 124D.1105 for a proposed facility that requires an expenditure in 79.13 excess of \$1,400,000 must comply with the requirements of section 123B.71, subdivisions 79.14 79.15 8 and 9. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2011 79.16 79.17 and later. Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 17, is 79.18 amended to read: 79.19 Subd. 17. Leased space. (a) A charter school may lease space from an independent 79.20 or special school board eligible to be an authorizer, other public organization, private, 79.21 nonprofit nonsectarian organization, private property owner, or a sectarian organization if 79.22 the leased space is constructed as a school facility. A charter school may not lease space 79.23 79.24 from an organization if the primary purpose of the organization proposing to lease a building or land to the charter school is to provide a facility for the charter school, and (1) 79.25 the organization has financed the acquisition of the school facility through rent paid by the 79.26 charter school from building lease aid under section 124D.11, subdivision 4; or (2) the 79.27 organization is maintaining the school facility on behalf of the charter school through rent 79.28 paid by the charter school's building lease aid. The department must review and approve 79.29 or disapprove leases in a timely manner. 79.30 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), with the approval of the commissioner of 79.31 education, a charter school that is approved to receive building lease aid under section 79.32 124D.11, subdivision 4, may lease space from a corporation or organization whose owner, 79.33
- 79.34 board members, employees, or related parties are not board members or employees
- 79.35 or related to board members or employees of the charter school, and the corporation

or organization is not otherwise directly or indirectly controlled by board members, 80.1 80.2 employees, or related parties of the charter school leasing the facility. If the commissioner determines that a charter school is proposing to lease under this paragraph for the purpose 80.3 of purchasing a building using building lease aid, the commissioner must deny the lease. 80.4 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a charter school that is approved to receive 80.5 building lease transition aid under section 124D.11, subdivision 4d, may lease space 80.6 from an independent or special school district eligible to be an authorizer or other public 80.7 organization, private, nonprofit nonsectarian organization, private property owner, or 80.8 a sectarian organization, if the leased space is constructed as a school facility. The 80.9 department must review and approve or disapprove leases in a timely manner. 80.10

80.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2011 80.12 and later.

80.13 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 23, is 80.14 amended to read:

Subd. 23. Causes for nonrenewal or termination of charter school contract. (a) 80.15 The duration of the contract with an authorizer must be for the term contained in the 80.16 contract according to subdivision 6. The authorizer may or may not renew a contract at 80.17 the end of the term for any ground listed in paragraph (b). An authorizer may unilaterally 80.18 terminate a contract during the term of the contract for any ground listed in paragraph 80.19 (b). At least 60 days before not renewing or terminating a contract, the authorizer shall 80.20 notify the board of directors of the charter school of the proposed action in writing. The 80.21 notice shall state the grounds for the proposed action in reasonable detail and that the 80.22 charter school's board of directors may request in writing an informal hearing before the 80.23 80.24 authorizer within 15 business days of receiving notice of nonrenewal or termination of the contract. Failure by the board of directors to make a written request for a hearing within 80.25 the 15-business-day period shall be treated as acquiescence to the proposed action. Upon 80.26 receiving a timely written request for a hearing, the authorizer shall give ten business days' 80.27 notice to the charter school's board of directors of the hearing date. The authorizer shall 80.28 conduct an informal hearing before taking final action. The authorizer shall take final 80.29 action to renew or not renew a contract no later than 20 business days before the proposed 80.30 date for terminating the contract or the end date of the contract. 80.31

(b) A contract may be terminated or not renewed upon any of the following grounds:
(1) failure to meet the requirements for pupil performance contained in the contract;
(2) failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management;

80.35 (3) violations of law; or

81.1 (4) other good cause shown.

- 81.2 If a contract is terminated or not renewed under this paragraph, the school must be 81.3 dissolved according to the applicable provisions of chapter 308A or 317A.
- (c) If the sponsor and the charter school board of directors mutually agree to 81.4 terminate or not renew the contract, a change in sponsors is allowed if the commissioner 81.5 approves the transfer to a different eligible authorizer to authorize the charter school. 81.6 Both parties must jointly submit their intent in writing to the commissioner to mutually 81.7 terminate the contract. The sponsor that is a party to the existing contract at least must 81.8 inform the approved different eligible sponsor about the fiscal and operational status 81.9 and student performance of the school. Before the commissioner determines whether 81.10 to approve a transfer of authorizer, the commissioner first must determine whether the 81.11 charter school and prospective new authorizer can identify and effectively resolve those 81.12 circumstances causing the previous authorizer and the charter school to mutually agree to 81.13 terminate the contract. If no transfer of sponsor is approved, the school must be dissolved 81.14 81.15 according to applicable law and the terms of the contract.
- (d) The commissioner, after providing reasonable notice to the board of directors of
 a charter school and the existing authorizer, and after providing an opportunity for a public
 hearing, may terminate the existing contract between the authorizer and the charter school
 board if the charter school has a history of:

(1) failure to meet pupil performance requirements contained in the contract;

81.21 (2) financial mismanagement or failure to meet generally accepted standards of81.22 fiscal management; or

- (3) repeated or major violations of the law.
- (e) If the commissioner terminates a charter school contract under subdivision 3,
 paragraph (g), the commissioner shall provide the charter school with information about
 other eligible authorizers.
- 81.27

7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

81.28 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 23a,
81.29 is amended to read:

Subd. 23a. Related party lease costs. (a) A charter school is prohibited from
entering a lease of real property with a related party unless the lessor is a nonprofit
corporation under chapter 317A or a cooperative under chapter 308A, and the lease cost is
reasonable under section 124D.11, subdivision 4, clause (1).

(b) For purposes of this section and section 124D.11:

(1) "related party" means an affiliate or immediate relative of the other party inquestion, an affiliate of an immediate relative, or an immediate relative of an affiliate;

- 82.3 (2) "affiliate" means a person that directly or indirectly, through one or more
 82.4 intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another person;
- 82.5 (3) "immediate family" means an individual whose relationship by blood, marriage,
 82.6 adoption, or partnering is no more remote than first cousin;
- 82.7

(4) "person" means an individual or entity of any kind; and

82.8 (5) "control" means the ability to affect the management, operations, or policy
82.9 actions or decisions of a person, whether through ownership of voting securities, by
82.10 contract, or otherwise.

(c) A lease of real property to be used for a charter school, not excluded in paragraph
(a), must contain the following statement: "This lease is subject to Minnesota Statutes,
section 124D.10, subdivision 23a."

(d) If a charter school enters into as lessee a lease with a related party and the
charter school subsequently closes, the commissioner has the right to recover from the
lessor any lease payments in excess of those that are reasonable under section 124D.11,
subdivision 4, clause (1).

82.18

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

82.19 Sec. 9. [124D.101] VACANT BUILDING INVENTORY.

The commissioner of administration, in conjunction with the commissioner of 82.20 education, shall annually publish a list of vacant and unused buildings and vacant and 82.21 unused portions of buildings that are owned by the state or by school districts in the 82.22 state and that may be suitable for the long-term operation of a charter school. The 82.23 commissioner of education shall make the list available to applicants for charter schools 82.24 and to existing charter schools. The list shall include the address of each building, a short 82.25 description of the building, and the name of the owner of the building. Nothing in this 82.26 section requires the owner of a building on the list to sell or lease the building or a portion 82.27 of the building to a charter school or to any other school or to any other prospective buyer 82.28 or tenant. The commissioner of education may request information from school districts 82.29 to compile the vacant building list under this section. School districts must comply with 82.30 the commissioner's request. 82.31

82.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

82.33 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. General education revenue. (a) General education revenue must 83.1 be paid to a charter school as though it were a district. The general education revenue 83.2 for each adjusted marginal cost pupil unit is the state average general education revenue 83.3 per pupil unit, plus the referendum equalization aid allowance in the pupil's district of 83.4 residence, minus an amount equal to the product of the formula allowance according to 83.5 section 126C.10, subdivision 2, times .0485, calculated without basic skills revenue, 83.6 extended time revenue, alternative teacher compensation revenue, transition revenue, and 83.7 transportation sparsity revenue, plus basic skills revenue, extended time revenue, basic 83.8 alternative teacher compensation aid according to section 126C.10, subdivision 34, and 83.9 transition revenue as though the school were a school district. The general education 83.10 revenue for each extended time marginal cost pupil unit equals \$4,378. 83.11

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for charter schools in the first year of operation,
general education revenue shall be computed using the number of adjusted pupil units
in the current fiscal year.

83.15 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), general education revenue for a charter school
83.16 receiving facilities aid under subdivision 4a must be reduced by an amount equal to the
83.17 greater of zero or the difference between the school's facilities aid and the product of the
83.18 pupil units served times:

83.19 (1) for a school receiving building lease aid for fiscal year 2010, the lesser of \$1,120
 83.20 or the school's building lease aid per pupil unit served for fiscal year 2010; or

83.21 (2) for a school not receiving building lease aid for fiscal year 2010, \$1,120.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Use of total operating capital revenue. (a) Notwithstanding section
126C.10, subdivision 14, a charter school may use total operating capital revenue for any
purpose related to the school unless the charter school has been endorsed under section
124D.1106.

83.27 (b) A charter school that has been endorsed under section 124D.1106 must reserve
83.28 at least \$100 per pupil of its annual operating capital revenue for capital repairs and
83.29 replacement.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Building lease aid. (a) When a charter school finds it economically
advantageous to rent or lease a building or land for any instructional purposes and it
determines that the total operating capital revenue under section 126C.10, subdivision 13,
is insufficient for this purpose, it may apply to the commissioner for building lease aid

84.1	for this purpose. The commissioner must review and either approve or deny a lease aid		
84.2	application using the following criteria:		
84.3	(1) the reasonableness of the price based on current market values;		
84.4	(2) the extent to which the lease conforms to applicable state laws and rules; and		
84.5	(3) the appropriateness of the proposed lease in the context of the space needs and		
84.6	financial circumstances of the charter school;		
84.7	(4) for fiscal year 2011 and in later years, for the first year a lease is initiated or		
84.8	modified, any other information the commissioner requests of the charter school in order		
84.9	to implement this subdivision including, at a minimum, the following:		
84.10	(i) the owner of the building;		
84.11	(ii) a statement from the lessee stating that its owner, board members, employees,		
84.12	or related parties are not board members or employees or related to board members or		
84.13	employees of the charter school, and the lessee is not otherwise directly or indirectly		
84.14	controlled by board members, employees, or related parties of the charter school leasing		
84.15	the facility;		
84.16	(iii) a copy of the lessor's annual audit or annual report, whichever applies;		
84.17	(iv) the terms of the proposed lease and a copy of the proposed lease;		
84.18	(v) the enrollment projections of the school;		
84.19	(vi) the long-range strategic and financial plan of the school;		
84.20	(vii) a copy of the certificate of occupancy from the local jurisdiction; and		
84.21	(viii) a copy of the state fire marshal's fire inspection report or orders and		
84.22	accompanying documentation of costs associated with bringing the proposed lease site		
84.23	up to code; and		
84.24	(5) for fiscal year 2012 and later, for leases approved for building lease aid in the		
84.25	prior fiscal year and not modified for the current fiscal year, any other information the		
84.26	commissioner requests of the charter school in order to implement this subdivision,		
84.27	including, at a minimum, the following:		
84.28	(i) the enrollment projections of the school;		
84.29	(ii) a statement from the lessee stating that its owner, board members, employees,		
84.30	or related parties are not board members or employees or related to board members or		
84.31	employees of the charter school, and the lessee is not otherwise directly or indirectly		
84.32	controlled by board members, employees, or related parties of the charter school leasing		
84.33	the facility;		
84.34	(iii) an update to the long-range strategic and financial plan of the school; and		
84.35	(iv) a letter from the school's director certifying that there has been no change in any		
84.36	of the other information listed in this paragraph, except as reported in the letter.		

85.1 (b) If the commissioner determines that a charter school has not provided
85.2 information required under this subdivision, the commissioner must deny the charter
85.3 school's lease aid application under this subdivision.

(c) If the commissioner determines that the primary purpose of the organization 85.4 proposing to lease a building or land to the charter school is to provide a facility for the 85.5 charter school, and (1) the organization has financed the acquisition of the school facility 85.6 through rent paid by the charter school from building lease aid under this subdivision; 85.7 or (2) the organization is maintaining the school facility on behalf of the charter school 85.8 through rent paid by the charter school's lease aid under this subdivision, the commissioner 85.9 must deny the charter school's lease aid application under this subdivision. 85.10 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), the commissioner of education may approve 85.11 85.12 a charter school's lease aid application if the charter school is leasing space from a corporation or organization whose owner, board members, employees, or related parties 85.13 are not board members or employees or related to board members or employees of the 85.14 85.15 charter school, and the corporation or organization is not otherwise directly or indirectly controlled by board members, employees, or related parties of the charter school leasing 85.16 the facility. If the commissioner determines that a charter school is proposing to lease 85.17

under this paragraph for the purpose of purchasing a building using building lease aid, the
 commissioner must deny the lease aid application.

(e) A charter school must not use the building lease aid it receives for custodial, 85.20 maintenance service, utility, or other operating costs. The amount of building lease aid per 85.21 pupil unit served for a charter school at education sites eligible for building lease aid for 85.22 85.23 any year shall not exceed the lesser of $\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ 90 percent of the approved cost or $\frac{(b)}{(2)}$ the product of the pupil units served for the current school year times the greater of the 85.24 charter school's building lease aid per pupil unit served for fiscal year 2003, excluding 85.25 the adjustment under Laws 2002, chapter 392, article 6, section 4, or \$1,200. A charter 85.26 school that receives facilities aid under subdivision 4a for an education site is not eligible 85.27 for building lease aid under this subdivision for that site. A charter school that received 85.28 more than \$1,200 per pupil unit in lease aid for an education site for fiscal year 2010 must 85.29 continue to receive that per pupil aid amount until June 30, 2011. 85.30

85.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2011 85.32 and later.

85.33 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.11, is amended by adding a
85.34 subdivision to read:

86.1 Subd. 4a. Facilities aid. (a) An endorsed charter school under section 124D.1106 that is required to make loan payments to be applied to principal or interest payments on 86.2 an outstanding debt obligation issued by the Charter School Facilities Authority under 86.3 this section is eligible to receive facilities aid in an amount equal to the amount needed 86.4 to meet when due the principal or interest payments on the obligations of the Charter 86.5 School Facilities Authority for eligible projects endorsed by the authority under section 86.6 124D.1106. 86.7 Aid received under this paragraph may be used only to pay loan payments to be 86.8 applied to the principal or interest payments due on obligations of the Charter School 86.9 Facilities Authority for eligible projects endorsed by the authority. 86.10 (b) A charter school that received facilities aid under paragraph (a) and that has 86.11 satisfied all of its debt obligation is eligible for annual facilities aid equal to \$400 times its 86.12 pupil units for the current year. Aid received under this paragraph must be maintained 86.13 in a reserve account within the charter school's general fund and may be only used for 86.14 86.15 deferred capital and maintenance expenditures associated with the facility owned by the charter school. 86.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2011 86.17 and later. 86.18 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.11, is amended by adding a 86.19 subdivision to read: 86.20 Subd. 4b. Charter school facilities credit enhancement account. (a) A charter 86.21 school credit enhancement account is created in the special revenue fund in the state 86.22 treasury to provide credit enhancement to charter school facilities financed with bonds 86.23 under section 124D.1108. 86.24 (b) For fiscal year 2011 and later, an annual amount equal to six percent of an 86.25 endorsed charter school's loan payments for the current bond year to be applied to 86.26 principal or interest payments on bonds issued under section 124D.1108 must be deducted 86.27 from the charter school's operating capital revenue for that year by the commissioner and 86.28 credited to the charter school facilities credit enhancement account. The total amount 86.29 credited to the charter school facilities credit enhancement account for all fiscal years shall 86.30 not exceed 100 percent of the amount of facilities aid payable to the endorsed charter 86.31

86.32 school under subdivision 4a in the current fiscal year. Amounts credited to this account

- 86.33 <u>under this paragraph or any other annual appropriation shall be available for the benefit of</u>
- 86.34 <u>all endorsed charter schools that have outstanding bonds issued under section 124D.1108.</u>

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- 87.1 (c) The charter school facilities credit enhancement account may receive grants or
- 87.2 gifts and must be used for the purpose of the account under paragraph (a). Grants and gifts
- 87.3 received by the charter school facilities credit enhancement account must be available for
- 87.4 <u>the benefit of all endorsed charter schools that have bonds issued under section 124D.1108.</u>
- 87.5 <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2011
 87.6 and later.
- 87.7 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 87.9 Subd. 4c. Sale or transfer of assets. A charter school board must notify the
 87.10 commissioner if the board intends to sell or transfer property financed by building lease
 87.11 transition aid under subdivision 4d or facilities aid under subdivision 4a. Sales under this
 87.12 subdivision must be made at appraised market value.
- 87.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 87.14 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 87.16 Subd. 4d. Building lease transition aid. (a) An eligible charter school may apply to
 87.17 the commissioner for building lease transition aid. Building lease transition aid may be
 87.18 used for the same purpose as building lease aid under subdivision 4. The commissioner
 87.19 must review and either approve or deny a building lease transition aid application using
 87.20 the following criteria:
- 87.21 (1) the reasonableness of the price based on current market values;
- 87.22 (2) the extent to which the lease conforms to applicable state laws and rules; and
- 87.23 (3) the appropriateness of the proposed lease in the context of the space needs and
- 87.24 <u>financial circumstances of the charter school.</u>
- 87.25 (b) For fiscal year 2011 and in later years, for the first year a lease is initiated or
 87.26 modified, to retain eligibility for building lease transition aid, an eligible charter school
 87.27 must submit the following information to the commissioner:
- 87.28 (1) the owner of the building;
- 87.29 (2) a list of the lessor's current board members or principals, whichever applies;
- 87.30 (3) a copy of the lessor's annual audit or annual report, whichever applies;
- 87.31 (4) the terms of the proposed lease and a copy of the proposed lease;
- 87.32 (5) the enrollment projections of the school;
- 87.33 (6) the long-range strategic and financial plan of the school;

88.1	(7) a copy of the certificate of occupancy from the local jurisdiction;	
88.2	(8) a copy of the state fire marshal's fire inspection report or orders; and	
88.3	(9) a resolution passed by the board of the charter school acknowledging an	
88.4	agreement between the charter school and the organization that has financed the acquisition	
88.5	of the school facility through rent paid by the charter school from building lease transition	
88.6	aid, that the ownership of the school facility will transfer to the charter school upon the	
88.7	maturity of the bonds or debt instruments used to finance the school facility.	
88.8	(c) For fiscal year 2012 and later, for leases approved for building lease aid in the	
88.9	prior fiscal year and not modified for the current fiscal year, any other information the	
88.10	commissioner requests of the charter school in order to implement this subdivision,	
88.11	including, at a minimum, the following:	
88.12	(1) the enrollment projections of the school;	
88.13	(2) a copy of the lessor's annual audit or annual report, whichever applies;	
88.14	(3) an update to the long-range strategic and financial plan of the school; and	
88.15	(4) a letter from the school's director certifying that there has been no change in any	
88.16	of the other information listed in this paragraph, except as reported in the letter.	
88.17	(d) If the commissioner determines that a charter school that is eligible to receive	
88.18	building lease transition aid has not provided information required under this subdivision,	
88.19	the commissioner must deny the charter school's building lease transition aid.	
88.20	(e) A charter school must not use the building lease transition aid for custodial,	
88.21	maintenance service, utility, or other operating costs. The amount of building lease	
88.22	transition aid per pupil unit served at education sites eligible for building lease transition	
88.23	aid in any year shall not exceed the lesser of:	
88.24	(1) 90 percent of the approved cost; or	
88.25	(2) the product of the pupil units served for the current school year times \$1,200.	
88.26	A charter school that receives building lease aid for an education site under subdivision 4,	
88.27	or charter school facilities aid for an education site under subdivision 4a, is not eligible	
88.28	for building lease transition aid for the same site under this subdivision. A charter school	
88.29	that received more than \$1,200 per pupil unit in lease aid for an education site under	
88.30	subdivision 4 for fiscal year 2010 must continue to receive that per pupil unit aid amount	
88.31	for education sites eligible for building lease transition aid until that charter school	
88.32	receives facilities aid under subdivision 4a.	
88.33	(f) A charter school is not eligible for building lease transition aid after the date	
88.34	on which its original bond issue matures.	

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- 89.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2011
 89.2 and later, except that the resolution required by paragraph (b), clause (9), need not be
 89.3 submitted for fiscal year 2011.
- 89.4 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.11, is amended by adding a
 89.5 subdivision to read:
- 89.6 Subd. 4e. Charter school building aid. For fiscal year 2011 and later, a charter
 89.7 school's building aid equals the sum of the following amounts:
 89.8 (1) building lease aid, under subdivision 4;
 89.9 (2) facilities aid, under subdivision 4a; and
- 89.10 (3) building lease transition aid, under subdivision 4d.
- 89.11 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.11, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

89.12 Subd. 7. Use of state money. Money received from the state may not be used to

89.13 purchase land or buildings <u>unless endorsed by the Charter School Facilities Authority</u>

89.14 <u>under section 124D.1106 for the purpose of making loan payments on principal or interest</u>

89.15 payments on a debt obligation. The school may own land and buildings if obtained
89.16 through nonstate sources.

89.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2011 89.18 and later.

89.19 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.11, subdivision 9, is89.20 amended to read:

Subd. 9. Payment of aids to charter schools. (a) Notwithstanding section 127A.45,
subdivision 3, aid payments for the current fiscal year to a charter school shall be of an
equal amount on each of the 24 payment dates.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and section 127A.45, for a charter school ceasing 89.24 operation on or prior to June 30 of a school year, for the payment periods occurring after 89.25 the school ceases serving students, the commissioner shall withhold the estimated state aid 89.26 owed the school. The charter school board of directors and authorizer must submit to the 89.27 commissioner a closure plan under chapter 308A or 317A, and financial information about 89 28 the school's liabilities and assets. After receiving the closure plan, financial information, 89.29 an audit of pupil counts, documentation of lease expenditures, and monitoring of special 89.30 education expenditures, the commissioner may release cash withheld and may continue 89.31 regular payments up to the current year payment percentages if further amounts are 89.32 89.33 owed. If, based on audits and monitoring, the school received state aid in excess of the

amount owed, the commissioner shall retain aid withheld sufficient to eliminate the aid 90.1 90.2 overpayment. For a charter school ceasing operations prior to, or at the end of, a school year, notwithstanding section 127A.45, subdivision 3, preliminary final payments may 90.3 be made after receiving the closure plan, audit of pupil counts, monitoring of special 90.4 education expenditures, documentation of lease expenditures, and school submission of 90.5 Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS) financial data for the 90.6 final year of operation. Final payment may be made upon receipt of audited financial 90.7 statements under section 123B.77, subdivision 3. 90.8

90.9 (c) If a charter school fails to comply with the commissioner's directive to return,
90.10 for cause, federal or state funds administered by the department, the commissioner may
90.11 withhold an amount of state aid sufficient to satisfy the directive.

(d) If, within the timeline under section 471.425, a charter school fails to pay the state 90.12 of Minnesota, a school district, intermediate school district, or service cooperative after 90.13 receiving an undisputed invoice for goods and services, the commissioner may withhold 90.14 90.15 an amount of state aid sufficient to satisfy the claim and shall distribute the withheld aid to the interested state agency, school district, intermediate school district, or service 90.16 cooperative. An interested state agency, school district, intermediate school district, or 90.17 education cooperative shall notify the commissioner when a charter school fails to pay an 90.18 undisputed invoice within 75 business days of when it received the original invoice. 90.19

90.20 (e) Notwithstanding section 127A.45, subdivision 3, and paragraph (a), 80 percent
90.21 of the start-up cost aid under subdivision 8 shall be paid within 45 days after the first day
90.22 of student attendance for that school year.

90.23 (f) In order to receive state aid payments under this subdivision, a charter school in its first three years of operation must submit a school calendar in the form and manner 90.24 requested by the department and a quarterly report to the Department of Education. The 90.25 90.26 report must list each student by grade, show the student's start and end dates, if any, with the charter school, and for any student participating in a learning year program, 90.27 the report must list the hours and times of learning year activities. The report must be 90.28 submitted not more than two weeks after the end of the calendar quarter to the department. 90.29 The department must develop a Web-based reporting form for charter schools to use 90.30 when submitting enrollment reports. A charter school in its fourth and subsequent year of 90.31 operation must submit a school calendar and enrollment information to the department in 90.32 the form and manner requested by the department. 90.33

90.34 (g) Notwithstanding sections 317A.701 to 317A.791, upon closure of a charter
90.35 school and satisfaction of creditors, cash and, investment balances, facilities, and all
90.36 <u>other assets remaining shall be returned to the state. For mergers approved under section</u>

- 91.1 <u>124D.10</u>, subdivision 4, paragraph (1), a charter school may first sell at appraised market
- 91.2 <u>value or transfer its assets to a school district or a charter school.</u>
- 91.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

91.4 Sec. 20. [124D.1105] CHARTER SCHOOL FACILITIES AUTHORITY.

91.5 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Creation; membership; administration.</u> (a) A state agency known
91.6 as the Charter School Facilities Authority is created. The Charter School Facilities

- 91.7 Authority shall consist of eight members, five of which are appointed by the governor
- 91.8 with the advice and consent of the senate, the commissioner of management and budget or
- 91.9 <u>the commissioner's designee, and the commissioner of education or the commissioner's</u>
- 91.10 <u>designee</u>. The governor shall appoint members of the authority described in paragraph (b).
- 91.11 (b) All members to be appointed by the governor shall be residents of the state. At
- 91.12 least two members must reside outside the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121,
- 91.13 subdivision 2. At least one of the members shall be a person having skill, knowledge, and
- 91.14 experience in the field of state and municipal finance; at least one of the members shall
- 91.15 <u>be a person having skill, knowledge, and experience in the building construction field; at</u>
- 91.16 least one of the members shall be a person having skill, knowledge, and experience in the
- 91.17 <u>field of school facilities finance; at least one member shall be a representative of a member</u>
- 91.18 of the Minnesota Association of Charter Schools; and at least one member shall be an
- 91.19 expert in education finance from the Department of Education. With the exception of the
- 91.20 representative of the Minnesota Association of Charter Schools, each appointed member
- 91.21 of the authority shall be independent and not affiliated with a charter school organization
- 91.22 <u>or any entity working or contracting with a charter school.</u>
- 91.23 (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall administer the authority.

91.24 Subd. 2. Minnesota School Boards Association. The president of the Minnesota

- 91.25 School Boards Association, or the president's designee, shall serve without compensation
- 91.26 <u>as an advisory, nonvoting member of the board.</u>
- 91.27 <u>Subd. 3.</u> Term; compensation; removal. The membership terms, compensation,
- 91.28 removal of members, and filling of vacancies for board members other than the
- 91.29 <u>commissioner of management and budget, the commissioner of education, representative</u>
- 91.30 of the Department of Education, and the president of the Minnesota School Boards
- 91.31 Association, shall be as provided in section 15.0575. The commissioner of management
- 91.32 and budget, or the commissioner's designee, shall convene the first meeting of the
- 91.33 <u>authority no later than August 15, 2010. The authority shall elect a chair at its first meeting</u>
- 91.34 and shall determine a rotation for the chair.

92.1	Subd. 4. Duties; applications; fees. The authority shall provide an efficient and
92.2	cost-effective method of financing charter school facilities in this state. The authority
92.3	shall adopt policies and procedures necessary to fulfill its responsibilities. The authority
92.4	shall determine which charter schools are in a financial and academic position to develop
92.5	a facility. The authority shall review applications for the issuance of bonds under
92.6	section 124D.1108 for specific projects. The authority shall accept applications from
92.7	charter schools on an annual basis and may charge a charter school an application or
92.8	administrative fee. The annual application deadline and any fees must be determined
92.9	by the authority. Charter schools may apply annually to the authority, unless otherwise
92.10	directed by the authority. The authority may hire or contract for services.
92.11	Subd. 5. Eligibility for endorsement to purchase or renovate. (a) A charter
92.12	school that has been enrolling students for five or more years may seek endorsement
92.13	from the authority to purchase an existing building or purchase and renovate an existing
92.14	building within two years of purchase.
92.15	(b) The charter school must submit to the authority the following information:
92.16	(1) evidence that, for reading and math separately, the three-year average percentage
92.17	of the school's students making medium and high growth is equal to or greater than the
92.18	percentage of students in the state making medium and high growth as defined under
92.19	section 120B.299;
92.20	(2) documentation that the school's charter has been renewed within the last 24
92.21	months;
92.22	(3) financial statements showing that the charter school has had a net positive
92.23	unreserved general fund balance as of June 30 in the preceding five fiscal years;
92.24	(4) a long-range strategic and financial plan, including the physical space needs
92.25	of the school;
92.26	(5) a feasibility study of available buildings, including an appraisal of the proposed
92.27	facility;
92.28	(6) documents showing stable or growing enrollment projections and the need to
92.29	renovate or purchase an existing facility to serve as a school prepared by an independent
92.30	third party;
92.31	(7) a statement adopted by the charter school's board of directors acknowledging
92.32	that the building and any assets will revert to the state in the event of the charter school
92.33	closing and satisfaction of creditors;
92.34	(8) a statement from the charter school authorizer indicating its support of the
92.35	charter school's proposed facility; and

93.1	(9) for projects in excess of \$1,400,000, a positive review and comment from the		
93.2	commissioner of education under section 123B.71.		
93.3	(c) A charter school that has an approved program under section 124D.68 or		
93.4	demonstrates that at least 75 percent of its students are eligible pupils under section		
93.5	124D.68, subdivision 2, may apply to the commissioner of education for a waiver from		
93.6	the requirements in paragraph (b), clause (1). The commissioner must grant a waiver if		
93.7	the charter school demonstrates it has made sufficient progress toward the growth goal		
93.8	under section 120B.299 in the last three years to demonstrate that the school is making		
93.9	progress toward meeting the goal within the next two years.		
93.10	Subd. 6. Eligibility for endorsement to construct. (a) A charter school that has		
93.11	been enrolling students for eight or more years may seek endorsement from the authority		
93.12	to construct a facility.		
93.13	(b) The charter school must submit to the authority the following information:		
93.14	(1) evidence that, for reading and math separately, the three-year average percentage		
93.15	of the school's students making medium and high growth is equal to or greater than the		
93.16	percentage of students in the state making medium and high growth as defined in section		
93.17	<u>120B.299;</u>		
93.18	(2) documentation that the school's charter has been renewed within the last 24		
93.19	months;		
93.20	(3) financial statements showing that the charter school has had a net positive		
93.21	unreserved general fund balance as of June 30 in the preceding eight fiscal years;		
93.22	(4) a long-range strategic and financial plan, including the physical needs of the		
93.23	<u>school;</u>		
93.24	(5) a feasibility study of facility options, including evidence of the lack of existing		
93.25	facilities available to serve as a school;		
93.26	(6) documents showing stable or growing enrollment projections and the need to		
93.27	construct a new school facility;		
93.28	(7) a statement adopted by the charter school's board of directors acknowledging		
93.29	that the building and any assets will revert to the state in the event of the charter school		
93.30	closing and satisfaction of creditors;		
93.31	(8) a statement from the charter school authorizer indicating its support of the		
93.32	charter school's proposed facility; and		
93.33	(9) for projects in excess of \$1,400,000, a positive review and comment from the		
93.34	commissioner of education under section 123B.71.		
93.35	(c) A charter school that has an approved program under section 124D.68 or		

93.36 demonstrates that at least 75 percent of its students are eligible pupils under section

124D.68, subdivision 2, may apply to the commissioner of education for a waiver from 94.1 the requirements in paragraph (b), clause (1). The commissioner must grant a waiver if 94.2 the charter school demonstrates it has made sufficient progress toward the growth goal 94.3 under section 120B.299 in the last three years to demonstrate that the school is making 94.4 progress toward meeting the goal within the next two years. 94.5 Subd. 7. Determination. The authority may make additional requests of the charter 94.6 school to make their determination. The authority must use the criteria submitted as 94.7 required by subdivisions 5 and 6 and any additional information the authority receives 94.8 to determine whether to allow a charter school to purchase, purchase and renovate, or 94.9 construct a school facility and use debt financing to pay for the costs of a school facility. 94.10 For charter schools eligible for building lease transition aid under section 124D.11, 94.11 subdivision 4d, the authority must also consider at least the following: 94.12 (1) call dates on outstanding debt paid through building lease transition aid; and 94.13 (2) financing costs for outstanding debt paid through building lease transition aid in 94.14 94.15 relation to financing costs estimated for debt to be issued through the authority. The authority must notify the charter school of their determination within 90 94.16 business days after the application deadline. The decision of the authority is final. 94.17 94.18 Subd. 8. Expiration. The authority is permanent and the provisions of section 15.059, subdivision 5, do not apply. 94.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 94.20 Sec. 21. [124D.1106] ENDORSED CHARTER SCHOOL BORROWING; 94.21

94.22 **DEFINITIONS.**

Subdivision 1. Endorsement. The authority shall approve a charter school to 94.23 purchase, purchase and renovate, or construct a school facility and finance that school 94.24 facility through the issuance of bonds. The authority shall only approve the sale of bonds 94.25 on behalf of charter schools that are issued through the authority. The authority shall not 94.26 approve the sale of bonds for a charter school if the reduction to general education aid 94.27 under section 124D.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), is projected to exceed 16 percent of 94.28 the principal and interest payments on the proposed debt obligation in any fiscal year. The 94.29 decision of the authority is final. 94.30 Subd. 2. Definition. For the purpose of sections 124D.1106 to 124D.1109, an 94.31 "endorsed charter school" is one that has received approval to purchase, purchase and 94.32

- 94.33 renovate, or construct a school facility and finance that school facility through the issuance
- 94.34 of bonds by the authority under subdivision 1.

- 95.1 Subd. 3. Mortgage. A charter school that receives an endorsement under 95.2 subdivision 1 must provide the authority with a mortgage on the facility that may be assigned to a trustee for the benefit of bondholders. 95.3 Subd. 4. Use. A charter school is prohibited from using the term "endorsed" 95.4 or "endorsement" as defined in subdivision 2 in educational promotional materials or 95.5 advertising. A charter school may use the term "endorsed" or "endorsement" for the 95.6 purposes of issuing bonds through the authority. 95.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2011 95.8 95.9 and later. 95.10 Sec. 22. [124D.1107] AUTHORITY TO BORROW MONEY; LIMITATIONS. 95.11 The board of an endorsed charter school, by a two-thirds majority, may vote to acquire school facilities financed with the proceeds of bonds issued by the Charter School 95.12 Facilities Authority in the manner and subject to the limitations set forth in section 95.13 124D.1108 in anticipation of the receipt of charter school facilities aid under section 95.14 124D.11, subdivision 4a. 95.15 95.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2011 and later. 95.17 Sec. 23. [124D.1108] CHARTER SCHOOL BONDS; REPAYMENT. 95.18 Subdivision 1. Issuance of bonds. (a) The Charter School Facilities Authority 95.19 may sell and issue state revenue bonds, in anticipation of the collection of facilities aid 95.20 revenues under section 124D.11, subdivision 4a, from an endorsed charter school, to 95.21 finance, in whole or in part, the cost of the acquisition, acquisition and renovation, or 95.22 95.23 construction of a charter school building. The authority may enter into a loan agreement with an endorsed charter school so that payments required to be made by the endorsed 95.24 charter school are fixed and revised as necessary to produce income and revenue sufficient 95.25 to provide for the prompt payment of principal or interest on all bonds issued when due. 95.26 The loan agreement must also provide that the endorsed charter school is required to pay 95.27 all expenses of the operation and maintenance of the charter school building, including 95.28
- 95.29 adequate insurance and insurance against all liability for injury to persons or property
- 95.30 arising from its operation, and all taxes and special assessments levied upon or with
- 95.31 respect to the charter school building and payable during the term of the loan agreement.
- 95.32 (b) The bonds must be issued, sold, and secured on the terms and conditions and
 95.33 in the manner determined by resolution of the authority. The bonds may be sold at

competitive or negotiated sale. The authority may enter any agreements or pledges the 96.1 96.2 authority determines necessary or useful to sell the bonds that are not inconsistent with sections 124D.10 to 124D.1109. Sections 16A.672 to 16A.675 apply to the bonds. The 96.3 proceeds of the bonds issued under this section must be credited to a special charter school 96.4 bond proceeds account in the state treasury and are appropriated to the authority to make 96.5 the loans and other payments authorized by this section. 96.6 (c) Bonds issued by the authority to finance a school facility and bonds issued to 96.7 96.8 refund bonds issued by the authority to finance a school facility must mature within 20 years from the date of issue of the first bonds issued to finance the school facility. 96.9 (d) The amount of total outstanding debt obligation issued under this section must 96.10 not exceed \$150,000,000. 96.11 Subd. 2. Refunding bonds. The authority may issue bonds to refund outstanding 96.12 bonds issued under subdivision 1, including the payment of any redemption premiums on 96.13 the bonds and any interest accrued or to accrue to the first redemption date after delivery 96.14 96.15 of the refunding bonds. The proceeds of the refunding bonds may, in the discretion of the authority, be applied to the purchases or payment at maturity of the bonds to be refunded, 96.16 or the redemption of the outstanding bonds on the first redemption date after delivery of 96.17 the refunding bonds and may, until so used, be placed in escrow to be applied to the 96.18 purchase, retirement, or redemption. Refunding bonds issued under this subdivision must 96.19 be issued and secured in the manner provided by the authority. 96.20 Subd. 3. No full faith and credit. Bonds issued under this section are not public 96.21 debt of the state. The full faith and credit and taxing powers of the state are not and 96.22 96.23 may not be pledged for the payment of debt obligations under this section or for any payment the state makes under section 124D.1109. No person may compel the levy of a 96.24 tax for the payment or compel the appropriation of money of the state or the authority 96.25 for the payment of the bonds, except as specifically provided in section 124D.1109. The 96.26 payments are subject to annual appropriation by the state and may be reduced or repealed 96.27 at any time. Any bonds issued must contain a conspicuous statement to that effect. 96.28 Subd. 4. **Bond validity.** The validity of any bonds and the provisions made for the 96.29 security of any bonds issued under this section are not affected by any determination that 96.30 the interest on the bonds is includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. 96.31 Subd. 5. Trustee. The authority may contract with and appoint a trustee for bond 96.32 holders. The trustee has the powers and authority vested in it by the authority under the 96.33 bond and trust indentures. 96.34

96.35Subd. 6. Pledges. Any pledge made by the authority is valid and binding from96.36the time the pledge is made. The money or property pledged and later received by the

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authority is immediately subject to the lien of the pledge without any physical delivery 97.1 97.2 of the property or money or further act, and the lien of any pledge is valid and binding as against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the 97.3 authority, whether or not those parties have notice of the lien or pledge. Neither the order 97.4 nor any other instrument by which a pledge is created need be recorded. 97.5 Subd. 7. Bonds; purchase and cancellation. The authority, subject to agreements 97.6 with bondholders that may then exist, may, out of any money available for the purpose, 97.7 purchase bonds of the authority at a price not exceeding (1) if the bonds are then 97.8 redeemable, the redemption price then applicable plus accrued interest to the next interest 97.9 payment date thereon, or (2) if the bonds are not redeemable, the redemption price 97.10 applicable on the first date after the purchase upon which the bonds become subject to 97.11 97.12 redemption plus accrued interest to that date. Subd. 8. State pledge against impairment of contracts. The state pledges and 97.13 agrees with the holders of any bonds that the state will not limit or alter the rights vested in 97.14 97.15 the authority to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the bondholders, or in any way impair the rights and remedies of the holders until the bonds, together with interest on 97.16 them, with interest on any unpaid installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in 97.17 connection with any action or proceeding by or on behalf of the bondholders, are fully met 97.18 and discharged. The authority may include this pledge and agreement of the state in any 97.19 agreement with the holders of bonds issued under this section. 97.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2011 97.21 97.22 and later.

97.23 Sec. 24. [124D.1109] STATE PAYMENT OF ENDORSED CHARTER SCHOOL 97.24 DEBT OBLIGATION UPON POTENTIAL DEFAULT; REPAYMENT; STATE 97.25 OBLIGATION NOT DEBT.

- 97.26 Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section and sections 124D.10
 97.27 and 124D.11, the term "debt obligation" means bonds issued by the Charter School
 97.28 Facilities Authority under section 124D.1108.
- 97.29 Subd. 2. Notifications; payment; appropriation. (a) If an endorsed charter school
 97.30 believes that it may be unable to pay the amount sufficient to permit the Charter School
 97.31 Facilities Authority to make a principal or interest payment on an outstanding debt
 97.32 obligation on the date that payment is due, it must notify the commissioner of education
 97.33 as soon as possible, but not less than 15 business days before the date that principal or
 97.34 interest payment is due. The notice must include the name of the endorsed charter school,
 97.35 an identification of the debt obligation issue in question, the date the payment is due,

98.1 the amount of principal or interest due on the payment date, the amount of principal or 98.2 interest that the endorsed charter school will be unable to repay on that date, the trustee or paying agent for the debt obligation, the wire transfer instructions to transfer funds to 98.3 that trustee or paying agent, and an indication whether a payment is being requested 98.4 by the endorsed charter school under this section. If a trustee or paying agent becomes 98.5 aware of a potential default, it shall immediately inform the commissioner of education 98.6 of that fact. After receipt of a notice that requests a payment under this section, after 98.7 consultation with the endorsed charter school and the trustee or paying agent, and after 98.8 verification of the accuracy of the information provided, the commissioner of education 98.9 shall notify the commissioner of management and budget of the potential default. The 98.10 notice must include a statement of the amount due that the endorsed charter school will be 98.11 98.12 unable to repay on the date due. (b) Except as provided in subdivision 6, upon receipt of this notice from the 98.13 commissioner of education, the commissioner of management and budget shall issue a 98.14 98.15 warrant and authorize the commissioner of education to pay to the trustee or paying agent for the debt obligation the specified amount on or before the date due. The amounts 98.16 needed for the purposes of this subdivision are annually appropriated to the commissioner 98.17 of education from the charter school credit enhancement account in the special revenue 98.18 fund in the state treasury. 98.19 98.20 (c) The commissioners of education and management and budget must jointly develop detailed procedures for endorsed charter schools to notify the state that they 98.21 have obligated themselves to be bound by the provisions of this section, procedures for 98.22 98.23 endorsed charter schools and trustees and paying agents to notify the state of potential defaults and to request state payment under this section, and procedures for the state to 98.24 expedite payments to prevent defaults. The procedures are not subject to chapter 14. 98.25 98.26 Subd. 3. Endorsed charter school bound; interest rate on state-paid amount. If, at the request of an endorsed charter school, the state has paid part or all of the principal or 98.27 interest due on an endorsed charter school's debt obligation on a specific date, the endorsed 98.28 charter school is bound by all provisions of this section and the amount paid shall bear 98.29 taxable interest from the date paid until the date of repayment at the invested cash rate as it 98.30 is certified by the commissioner of management and budget. Interest shall only accrue 98.31 on the amounts paid and outstanding, less the reduction in aid under subdivision 4, and 98.32 other payments received from the endorsed charter school. 98.33 Subd. 4. Aid reduction for repayment. (a) Except as provided in this subdivision, 98.34 98.35 the commissioner must reduce the state aid payable to the endorsed charter school under section 124D.11 by the amount paid by the commissioner under this section on behalf 98.36

99.1 of the endorsed charter school, plus the interest due on it, and the commissioner of
 99.2 management and budget shall transfer the amount reduced from the appropriate account
 99.3 to the charter school facilities credit enhancement account. No federal aid payments
 99.4 shall be reduced.

(b) If, after review of the financial situation of the endorsed charter school, the 99.5 commissioner of education advises the commissioner of management and budget that a 99.6 total reduction of aids would cause an undue hardship on or an undue disruption of the 99.7 educational program of the endorsed charter school, the commissioner of education, with 99.8 the approval of the commissioner of management and budget, may establish a different 99.9 schedule for reduction of aids to repay the state. The amount of aids to be reduced is 99.10 decreased by any amounts repaid to the state by the endorsed charter school from other 99.11 99.12 revenue sources.

99.13 Subd. 5. Mandatory plan; technical assistance. If the commissioner makes
99.14 payments on behalf of an endorsed charter school under this section or the endorsed
99.15 charter school defaults in the payment of principal or interest on an outstanding debt
99.16 obligation, it must submit a plan to the commissioner of education for approval specifying
99.17 the measures it intends to implement to resolve the issues that led to its inability to make
99.18 the payment and to prevent further defaults. The commissioners must provide technical
99.19 assistance to the endorsed charter school in preparing its plan.

99.20 Subd. 6. State bond rating. If the commissioner of management and budget
99.21 determines that issuing warrants under subdivision 2 would adversely affect the credit
99.22 rating of the state, the commissioner of management and budget shall not issue warrants
99.23 for the payment of principal or interest on debt obligations under this section.

99.24Subd. 7. Continuing disclosure agreements. The commissioner of management99.25and budget may enter into written agreements or contracts relating to the continuing99.26disclosure of information with respect to bonds issued to finance the school facilities of99.27endorsed charter schools according to federal securities laws, rules, and regulations,99.28including Securities and Exchange Commission rules and regulations, section99.29240.15c2-12. The agreements or contracts may be in any form the commissioner of

99.30 <u>management and budget deems reasonable and in the state's best interests.</u>

99.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2011 99.32 and later.

99.33 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.103, subdivision 11, is amended to99.34 read:

- Subd. 11. **Public building.** "Public building" means a building and its grounds the cost of which is paid for by the state or a state agency regardless of its cost, and a <u>public</u> school district building project the cost of which is \$100,000 or more.
- 100.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 26. Laws 2009, chapter 96, article 2, section 67, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 Subd. 2. Charter school building lease aid. For building lease aid under Minnesota
 Statutes, section 124D.11, subdivision 4:
- 100.8 $\frac{40,453,000}{34,833,000}$ 2010100.9\$ 34,833,000.....2010100.10 $\frac{44,775,000}{11,513,000}$2011
- 100.12The 2010 appropriation includes \$3,704,000 for 2009 and \$36,749,000 \$31,129,000100.13for 2010.
- 100.14
 The 2011 appropriation includes \$4,083,000 \$11,513,000 for 2010 and \$40,692,000

 100.15
 \$0 for 2011.
- 100.16 Sec. 27. TRANSITION ELIGIBILITY.
- 100.17 Subdivision 1. Eligibility. The following charter schools are eligible to apply to
- 100.18 the commissioner of education for approval to receive building lease transition aid under
- 100.19 Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11, subdivision 4d:
- 100.20 (1) Charter School No. 4001, Bluffview Montessori;
- 100.21 (2) Charter School No. 4005, Metro Deaf;
- 100.22 (3) Charter School No. 4007, Minnesota New Country School;
- 100.23 (4) Charter School No. 4008, Pact Charter School;
- 100.24 (5) Charter School No. 4015, Community of Peace;
- 100.25 (6) Charter School No. 4016, World Learner;
- 100.26 (7) Charter School No. 4017, Minnesota Transitions;
- 100.27 (8) Charter School No. 4018, Achieve Language Academy;
- 100.28 (9) Charter School No. 4026, E.C.H.O. Charter School;
- 100.29 (10) Charter School No. 4027, Higher Ground Academy;
- 100.30 (11) Charter School No. 4029, New Spirit;
- 100.31 (12) Charter School No. 4043, Math and Science Academy;
- 100.32 (13) Charter School No. 4057, El Colegio Charter;
- 100.33 (14) Charter School No. 4067, Aurora School:
- 100.34 (15) Charter School No. 4068, Excell Academy Charter;

101.1 (16) Charter School No. 4070, Hope Community Academy;

- 101.2 (17) Charter School No. 4074, Agricultural and Food Sciences Academy;
- 101.3 (18) Charter School No. 4083, Ridgeway Community School;
- 101.4 (19) Charter School No. 4100, Great Expectations;
- 101.5 (20) Charter School No. 4103, Hmong Academy;
- 101.6 (21) Charter School No. 4105, Great River School;
- 101.7 (22) Charter School No. 4112, St. Paul Conservatory for Performing Artists;
- 101.8 (23) Charter School No. 4116, Lakes International Language Academy;
- 101.9 (24) Charter School No. 4118, Kaleidoscope Charter School;
- 101.10 (25) Charter School No. 4120, St. Croix Preparatory Academy;
- 101.11 (26) Charter School No. 4126, Prairie Seeds Academy;
- 101.12 (27) Charter School No. 4137, Swan River;
- 101.13 (28) Charter School No. 4140, Yinghua Academy;
- 101.14 (29) Charter School No. 4146, Northern Lights;
- 101.15 (30) Charter School No. 4164, Laura Jeffrey Academy Charter; and
- 101.16 (31) Charter School No. 4170, Hiawatha Leadership Academy.
- 101.17 <u>Subd. 2.</u> Program management. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section

101.18 124D.11, subdivisions 4a and 4d, the commissioner may adjust payments for a charter

101.19 school's eligibility for building lease transition aid and facilities aid in the fiscal year in

- 101.20 which the charter school is changing eligibility between programs to ensure efficient
- 101.21 <u>management.</u>
- 101.22Subd. 3. Affiliated nonprofit building corporation. An affiliated nonprofit101.23building corporation must:
- 101.24 (1) be incorporated under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 317A, and comply with 101.25 applicable Internal Revenue Service regulations;
- 101.26 (2) submit to the commissioner each fiscal year a list of current board members
- 101.27 and a copy of its annual audit; and
- 101.28 (3) comply with government data practices law under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13.
 101.29 The state is immune from liability resulting from a contract between a charter school and
 101.30 an affiliated nonprofit building corporation.
- 101.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

101.32 Sec. 28. CHARTER SCHOOL STARTUP AID.

- Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11, subdivision 8, for fiscal year
 2012, a charter school in its first year of operation is not eligible for charter school startup
 aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11, subdivision 8.
- 102.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

102.5 Sec. 29. <u>CHARTER SCHOOL FACILITIES CREDIT ENHANCEMENT</u> 102.6 ACCOUNT; INITIAL CAPITALIZATION.

- 102.7 <u>\$258,000 in fiscal year 2012 and \$608,000 in fiscal year 2013 is appropriated from</u>
 102.8 the general fund to the Department of Management and Budget to initially capitalize the
 102.9 charter school facilities credit enhancement account under Minnesota Statutes, section
 102.10 124D.11, subdivision 4d. The commissioner of the Department of Management and
 102.11 Budget shall credit the amounts appropriated in this section to the charter school facilities
 102.12 credit enhancement account.
- 102.13 Sec. 30. EDUCATION SITE CALCULATION.
- 102.14For a charter school with one or more education sites qualifying for building lease102.15aid for fiscal year 2011 under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11, subdivision 4, and102.16one or more sites qualifying for building lease transition aid for fiscal year 2011 under102.17Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11, subdivision 4d, the commissioner shall determine102.18the fiscal year 2010 building lease aid per pupil unit served at each site by apportioning102.19the total building lease aid among sites based on the approved lease cost for each site, and102.20dividing the apportioned lease aid for each site by the pupil units served at that site.

102.21 Sec. 31. EXTENSION OF BUILDING LEASE AID FORMULA; FISCAL YEAR 102.22 2012.

102.23Subdivision 1. Eligibility. For fiscal year 2012 only, if a charter school that received102.24building lease aid in excess of \$1,200 per pupil unit in fiscal year 2011 is unable to102.25renegotiate its lease so that its building lease aid in fiscal year 2012 is \$1,200 per pupil102.26unit served or less, the charter school is eligible to receive an extension of its building102.27lease aid formula allowance under this section, with the approval of the commissioner102.28under subdivision 2.

102.29Subd. 2. Commissioner approval. An eligible charter school may apply to102.30the commissioner to extend its building lease aid formula for fiscal year 2012. The102.31commissioner may grant approval under this section if the commissioner is satisfied that

103.1 <u>the charter school has attempted to renegotiate its lease with the owner of the school's</u>
103.2 leased building, but has not been successful.

103.3Subd. 3. Extension allowance. The extension allowance equals the difference103.4between a charter school's building lease aid per pupil unit served for fiscal year 2011103.5and \$1,200 times 0.5.

103.6Subd. 4.Formula.Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11,103.7subdivision 4, paragraph (d), at the commissioner's discretion, an eligible charter school's103.8building lease aid per pupil unit served for a charter school for fiscal year 2012 only shall103.9not exceed the lesser of (1) 90 percent of the approved cost, or (2) the product of the103.10pupil units served for the current school year times the sum of \$1,200 and the school's103.11extension allowance under subdivision 3.

103.12 Sec. 32. TRANSITION ELIGIBILITY; DULUTH PUBLIC ACADEMY.

103.13 Charter School No. 4020, Duluth Public Schools Academy, is eligible to apply to

103.14 <u>the commissioner of education for approval to receive building lease transition aid under</u>

103.15 Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11, subdivision 4d, if the charter school has received a

103.16 positive review and comment from the Department of Education on its K-8 school project

- 103.17 by July 15, 2010, and the bonds to construct the K-8 school project have been sold by
- 103.18 <u>September 1, 2010.</u>
- 103.19 Sec. 33. <u>APPROPRIATIONS.</u>

103.20Subdivision 1.Department of Education.Unless otherwise indicated, the sums103.21indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of103.22Education for the fiscal years designated.

- 103.23 <u>Subd. 2.</u> Charter school building aid. For charter school building aid under
 103.24 Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11, subdivision 4e:
- 103.25 <u>\$ 33,248,000</u> 2011
- 103.26 The 2011 appropriation includes \$0 for 2010 and \$33,248,000 for 2011.
- 103.27 <u>Subd. 3.</u> Vacant buildings list. The appropriation to the Department of Education
- under Laws 2009, chapter 96, article 7, section 3, subdivision 1, is increased by \$8,000 in
- 103.29 fiscal year 2011 to pay for costs of creating the vacant building inventory, under Minnesota
- 103.30 Statutes, section 124D.101. The base for the Department of Education is increased by
- 103.31 <u>\$4,000 in fiscal year 2012 and later.</u>

104.1	Subd. 4. Department, Minnesota Management and Budget. For the Charter		
104.2	School Facilities Authority under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.1105.		
104.3	<u>\$ 392,000 2011</u>		
104.4	The base appropriation for fiscal year 2012 and later is \$147,000.		
104.5	Sec. 34. <u>REPEALER.</u>		
104.6	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 124D.10, subdivision 17a, is		
104.7	repealed effective the day following final enactment.		
104.8	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.11, subdivision 8, is repealed effective		
104.9	for revenue for fiscal year 2013."		
104.10	Delete the title and insert:		
104.11	"A bill for an act		
104.12	relating to education; providing for policy and funding for kindergarten through		
104.13	grade 12 education including general education, education excellence, special		
104.14	programs, facilities and technology, accounting, state agencies, and charter		
104.15	school facilities; authorizing rulemaking; requiring reports; appropriating		
104.16	money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 11A.16, subdivision 5;		
104.17			
104.18	subdivision 8; 122A.16; 122A.18, subdivision 2; 122A.23, subdivision 2;		
104.19	123B.12; 123B.42, subdivision 1; 123B.44, subdivision 1; 123B.57, as amended;		
104.20	123B.63, subdivision 3; 124D.09, subdivision 20; 124D.11, subdivisions 1, 3, 4,		
104.21	7, by adding subdivisions; 125A.03; 125A.21, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 7; 125A.69,		
104.22	subdivision 1; 125A.79, subdivision 1; 126C.17, by adding a subdivision;		
104.23	126C.40, subdivision 1; 127A.42, subdivision 2; 127A.43; 127A.45, by adding		
104.24	subdivisions; 171.05, subdivision 2; 171.17, subdivision 1; 171.22, subdivision		
104.25	1; 181A.05, subdivision 1; 326B.103, subdivision 11; Minnesota Statutes		
104.26	2009 Supplement, sections 16A.152, subdivision 2, as amended; 120B.023,		
104.27	subdivision 2; 120B.30, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, by adding a subdivision; 120B.35,		
104.28	subdivision 3; 120B.36, subdivision 1; 124D.10, subdivisions 3, 4, 4a, 6, 6a,		
104.29	8, 17, 23, 23a; 124D.11, subdivision 9; 125A.02, subdivision 1; 125A.091,		
104.30	subdivision 7; 125A.63, subdivisions 2, 4, 5; 126C.41, subdivision 2; Laws		
104.31	1999, chapter 241, article 4, section 25; Laws 2009, chapter 79, article 5,		
104.32	section 60; Laws 2009, chapter 96, article 2, section 67, subdivisions 2, 14;		
104.33	proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 120B; 121A;		
104.34	124D; 125A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 120A.26, subdivisions 1, 2; 124D.11, subdivision 8; 125A.54; Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement,		
104.35 104.36	section 124D.10, subdivision 17a."		
104.30	555101112712.10, 500011151011170.		

105.1 We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

105.2	House Conferees:	
105.3 105.4	Mindy Greiling	Carlos Mariani
105.5 105.6	Pat Garofalo	John Ward
105.7 105.8	Kathy Brynaert	
105.9	Senate Conferees:	
105.10 105.11	LeRoy Stumpf	Charles Wiger
105.12 105.13	Gen Olson	Kathy Saltzman
105.14 105.15	Terri Bonoff	