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### State of Minnesota

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### EIGHTY-SIXTH SESSION

House File No. 1734

March 16, 2009

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Authored by Lanning and McFarlane

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Environment Policy and Oversight March 15,2010

Committee Recommendation and Adoption of Report:

To Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Finance

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to environment; authorizing establishment of basin boards; authorizing
1.3	taxing authority; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 103B.101,
1.4	subdivision 9; 103B.102, subdivision 2; 103B.231, subdivision 4; 103B.245,
1.5	subdivision 1; 103B.3369, subdivision 2; 103D.205, subdivision 3; 103D.401,
1.6	subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, sections 103B.3369,
1.7	subdivision 5; 275.066; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes,
1.8	chapters 103A; 103B.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

#### Section 1. [103A.212] BASIN WATERSHED MANAGEMENT POLICY.

The quality of life of every Minnesotan depends on water. Minnesota's rivers, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater provide a foundation for the state's recreational, municipal, commercial, industrial, agricultural, environmental, aesthetic, and economic well-being. The legislature finds that it is in the public interest to manage water resources from the perspective of watersheds and river basins to achieve protection, preservation, enhancement, and restoration of the state's valuable water resources.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103B.101, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- 1.18 Subd. 9. **Powers and duties.** In addition to the powers and duties prescribed elsewhere, the board shall:
  - (1) coordinate the water and soil resources planning activities of counties, soil and water conservation districts, watershed districts, watershed management organizations, and any other local units of government through its various authorities for approval of local plans, administration of state grants, and by other means as may be appropriate;
  - (2) facilitate communication and coordination among state agencies in cooperation with the Environmental Quality Board, and between state and local units of government,

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in order to make the expertise and resources of state agencies involved in water and soil resources management available to the local units of government to the greatest extent possible;

- (3) coordinate state and local interests with respect to the study in southwestern Minnesota under United States Code, title 16, section 1009;
- (4) develop information and education programs designed to increase awareness of local water and soil resources problems and awareness of opportunities for local government involvement in preventing or solving them;
- (5) provide a forum for the discussion of local issues and opportunities relating to water and soil resources management;
- (6) adopt an annual budget and work program that integrate the various functions and responsibilities assigned to it by law; and
- (7) report to the governor and the legislature by October 15 of each even-numbered year with an assessment of board programs and recommendations for any program changes and board membership changes necessary to improve state and local efforts in water and soil resources management; and
- (8) report to the legislature by January 15 of each even-numbered year on the progress being made to further the basin watershed management policy established under section 103A.212.

The board may accept grants, gifts, donations, or contributions in money, services, materials, or otherwise from the United States, a state agency, or other source to achieve an authorized purpose. The board may enter into a contract or agreement necessary or appropriate to accomplish the transfer. The board may receive and expend money to acquire conservation easements, as defined in chapter 84C, on behalf of the state and federal government consistent with the Camp Ripley's Army Compatible Use Buffer Project.

Any money received is hereby appropriated and dedicated for the purpose for which it is granted.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103B.102, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, "local water management entities" means basin boards, watershed districts, soil and water conservation districts, metropolitan water management organizations, and counties operating separately or jointly in their role as local water management authorities under chapter 103B, 103C, 103D, or 103G and chapter 114D.

2 Sec. 3.

3.1	Sec. 4. [103B.176] DEFINITIONS.
3.2	(a) For the purposes of sections 103B.176 to 103B.18, the following terms have
3.3	the meanings given.
3.4	(b) "Basin board" means a basin board established under section 103B.178 or
3.5	<u>103B.179.</u>
3.6	(c) "Local water management organizations" means watershed districts, soil
3.7	and water conservation districts, metropolitan water management organizations, lake
3.8	improvement districts, lake conservation districts, and counties under chapters 103B,
3.9	103C, 103D, and 114.
3.10	(d) "Watershed management entity" means: (1) a watershed district under chapter
3.11	103D; (2) a watershed management organization under section 103B.211; or (3) a formally
3.12	organized joint powers organization of counties, cities, soil and water conservation
3.13	districts, and watershed districts located outside the seven-county metropolitan area as
3.14	defined under section 473.121, subdivision 4, encompassing one or more of the state's
3.15	major watersheds as determined by the Board of Water and Soil Resources. A lake
3.16	improvement district is not a watershed management entity.
3.17	Sec. 5. [103B.177] BASIN WATERSHED MANAGEMENT.
3.18	Subdivision 1. Basin management purposes. The purposes of the basin watershed
3.19	management approach are to:
3.20	(1) protect, preserve, and use natural surface water and groundwater storage and
3.21	retention systems;
3.22	(2) maximize benefits of public capital expenditures needed to correct flooding and
3.23	water quality problems;
3.24	(3) identify and plan for means to effectively protect and improve surface water
3.25	and groundwater quality;
3.26	(4) establish more uniform policies, goals, and objectives for surface water and
3.27	groundwater management;
3.28	(5) prevent erosion of soil and associated pollutants into surface water systems;
3.29	(6) promote groundwater recharge;
3.30	(7) protect and enhance fish and wildlife habitat;
3.31	(8) secure other benefits associated with the sustainable use and management of
3.32	surface water and groundwater resources;
3.33	(9) promote coordination and cooperation among local water management
3.34	organizations;

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4.1	(10) work with other public agencies and citizen volunteers collecting scientific data
4.2	used to identify and restore impaired waters; and
4.3	(11) facilitate resolution of water resources conflicts.
4.4	Subd. 2. Basin boards. (a) Basin boards may be established in each of the state's
4.5	major river basins. Basin boards shall be established by petition under section 103B.178
4.6	in the following major river basins:
4.7	(1) Rainy River Basin;
4.8	(2) Great Lakes Basin;
4.9	(3) St. Croix River Basin;
4.10	(4) Middle Mississippi River Basin;
4.11	(5) Lower Mississippi-Cedar Rivers Basin;
4.12	(6) Missouri-Des Moines Rivers Basin;
4.13	(7) Upper Mississippi River Basin; and
4.14	(8) Minnesota River Basin.
4.15	(b) The board for the Red River of the North Basin shall be the Red River Watershed
4.16	Management Board established under Laws 1976, chapter 162. The Red River Watershed
4.17	Management Board may reorganize and establish itself under the petition for amendment
4.18	process under section 103B.179. Until the Red River Watershed Management Board
4.19	is established under section 103B.179, the board shall continue to operate under Laws
4.20	1976, chapter 162.
4.21	Subd. 3. Membership; organization. (a) Membership of the basin boards under
4.22	subdivision 2, paragraph (a), consists of one member from each of the existing watershed
4.23	management entities within the basin and one member from each of the major watershed
4.24	units where there is no watershed management entity. The governing body for each
4.25	watershed management entity shall appoint one member. If no watershed management
4.26	entity exists, the counties and soil and water conservation districts located wholly or
4.27	partially within, or any watershed district located partially within, each major watershed
4.28	unit shall jointly appoint one member that resides in the major watershed unit. A member
4.29	of a basin board must be a county commissioner, a soil and water conservation district
4.30	supervisor, a watershed district manager, or an elected city official.
4.31	(b) Each basin board established by petition under section 103B.178 shall annually
4.32	elect from among its members a chair, vice-chair, and secretary-treasurer who shall serve
4.33	for concurrent three-year terms. The chair shall preside over all meetings of the basin
4.34	board and may call special meetings at reasonable times and with adequate notice, when
4.35	necessary. The vice-chair shall preside over the meetings of the basin board in the absence
4.36	of the chair. The secretary-treasurer or the designee of the secretary-treasurer shall keep a

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5.1	record of all proceedings of the basin board. The secretary-treasurer shall provide for the
5.2	proper receipt and disbursement of funds.
5.3	Subd. 4. Advisory committee. (a) A basin board must appoint an advisory
5.4	committee to advise and assist the basin board on all matters affecting the interests of the
5.5	basin and make recommendations to the basin board on all projects and improvements
5.6	proposed by the basin board.
5.7	(b) The advisory committee consists of at least six members. The members of the
5.8	advisory committee shall be from the advisory committees of the watershed management
5.9	entities within the basin. If no watershed management entity exists, the advisory
5.10	committee member shall be appointed in the same manner as the basin membership under
5.11	subdivision 3. The members must be residents of the basin and shall serve two-year terms.
5.12	Subd. 5. Basin management plans. Within 24 months of establishment under
5.13	section 103B.178 or 103B.179, a basin board shall adopt a basin management plan as
5.14	approved by the Board of Water and Soil Resources.
5.15	Subd. 6. Watershed management entity plans. Within 120 days of basin board
5.16	establishment under section 103B.178 or 103B.179, all watershed management entity
5.17	plans and local water plans developed under sections 103B.231, 103B.235, 103B.255,
5.18	103B.311, 103B.501, 103B.601, 103B.651, 103C.331, subdivision 11, and 103D.401,
5.19	shall be submitted to the basin board for review and comment on the consistency
5.20	of the proposed plan with the basin management plan. A county or soil and water
5.21	conservation district may use the watershed management entity plan to meet the local
5.22	water management plan requirements of sections 103B.311 and 103C.331, subdivision 11.
5.23	Subd. 7. Taxing and other authority. (a) For taxes levied the year following
5.24	the establishment of the basin board and thereafter, a basin board with taxing authority
5.25	under paragraph (b) or a county with taxing authority under paragraph (c) may levy an ad
5.26	valorem tax not to exceed 0.048 percent of the taxable market value of all property within
5.27	the basin, or \$1,000,000, whichever is less. A levy under this subdivision is in addition to
5.28	any other levy authorized by statute. The levy shall be allocated as follows:
5.29	(1) one-half of the levy shall be credited to the general fund of the basin board and
5.30	shall be used: (i) to develop and implement the basin board's management plan; and (ii)
5.31	for water resource projects and programs of benefit to the basin. The basin board must
5.32	adopt criteria for application and allocation of these funds by the basin board; and
5.33	(2) the remaining one-half of the levy shall be credited to the watershed management
5.34	fund of the watershed management entity for development, construction, maintenance,
5.35	implementation, and operation of projects and programs of benefit to the watershed and
5.36	basin for the restoration, enhancement, preservation, and protection of water and related

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6.1	land resources. If no watershed management entity exists for a major watershed unit,
6.2	the levy under this clause shall be credited to the county and held by the county until a
6.3	watershed management entity is established, at which time the funds shall be transferred
6.4	for use by the watershed management entity.
6.5	(b) A basin board may establish taxing authority under this section if the majority of
6.6	the members of the basin board are elected officials at the time the levy is established.
6.7	A basin board with taxing authority under this section is a special taxing district under
6.8	section 275.066.
6.9	(c) A county may levy a tax under paragraph (a) on behalf of a basin board when a
6.10	basin board does not have taxing authority under paragraph (b). A county levying under
6.11	this section is a special taxing district under section 275.066.
6.12	(d) A basin board may hire or contract for goods and services to carry out its
6.13	responsibilities under this section.
6.14	(e) A basin board has the authority to participate in interstate and international basin
6.15	organizations that are geographically and hydrologically connected with the basin.
6.16	(f) A basin board is eligible for funding from the clean water fund under section
6.17	114D.50, provided the basin board meets the requirements established under section
6.18	103B.18, subdivision 1.
6.19	(g) A basin board may enter into joint powers agreements under section 471.59.
6.20	Sec. 6. [103B.178] ESTABLISHMENT PETITION.
6.21	Subdivision 1. Filing. To establish a basin board as permitted under section
6.22	103B.177, an establishment petition must be filed with the Board of Water and Soil
6.23	Resources.
6.24	Subd. 2. Requirements. The establishment petition must state:
6.25	(1) the name of the proposed basin board;
6.26	(2) the major river basin under section 103B.177 to be represented by the board,
6.27	including a map and description of the property to be included;
6.28	(3) the membership structure of the board meeting the requirements under section
6.29	103B.177, subdivision 3; and
6.30	(4) whether the board intends to meet the elected official requirements for
6.31	establishing taxing authority under section 103B.177, subdivision 7.
6.32	Subd. 3. Signatures. The establishment petition must be signed by one or more
6.33	of the following groups:
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	(1) one-half or more of the counties, soil and water conservation districts, or

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7.1	(2) counties, soil and water conservation districts, or watershed districts collectively
7.2	having 50 percent or more of the area within the basin;
7.3	(3) cities that represent the majority of city residents within the basin; or
7.4	(4) 50 or more resident owners residing in a watershed from at least 25 percent of
7.5	the watersheds within the basin, excluding resident owners within the corporate limits of
7.6	a city if the city has signed the petition.
7.7	Subd. 4. Filing establishment petitions. (a) The petitioners must file a copy of
7.8	the original establishment petition with a signed statement of delivery or receipt with the
7.9	auditors of affected counties and with the Board of Water and Soil Resources.
7.10	(b) An auditor that receives a copy of an establishment petition must determine
7.11	whether the petitioners are resident owners from the tax records. The tax records are prima
7.12	facie evidence of ownership. The auditor must certify the number of petitioners that are
7.13	resident owners and file the certification with the Board of Water and Soil Resources.
7.14	(c) After receiving a copy of the establishment petition, the Board of Water and Soil
7.15	Resources shall acknowledge that an establishment petition has been received and prepare
7.16	a preliminary river basin map and a preliminary report about the basin.
7.17	Subd. 5. Similar and duplicate establishment petitions. Similar and duplicate
7.18	establishment petitions for the same proposed basin board may be filed and regarded as
7.19	one establishment petition. All establishment petitions filed before the establishment
7.20	hearing must be considered by the Board of Water and Soil Resources as part of the
7.21	original petition.
7.22	Subd. 6. Defective establishment petition. An establishment petition that has the
7.23	requisite number of petitioner signatures may not be dismissed because of defects in the
7.24	establishment petition. The Board of Water and Soil Resources must allow petitioners to
7.25	amend a defective establishment petition at any time before the end of the establishment
7.26	hearing.
7.27	Subd. 7. Withdrawal of petitioners. After an establishment petition has been filed,
7.28	a petitioner may not withdraw from the establishment petition unless the withdrawing
7.29	petitioner obtains the written consent of all other petitioners and files the written consent
7.30	with the Board of Water and Soil Resources.
7.31	Subd. 8. Hearings; notice. (a) After receiving an establishment petition, the
7.32	Board of Water and Soil Resources must determine whether the establishment petition
7.33	has the requisite number of petitioner signatures. If the establishment petition does
7.34	not have the requisite number of petitioners, the board must dismiss the establishment
7.35	petition and return it to the petitioners with an explanation of why the petition was
7.36	dismissed. If the board determines that an establishment petition has the requisite number

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of petitioner signatures, the board must, by order, set a time and location for hearings on
the establishment petition within 35 days after the board's determination. The hearings
must be held within the limits of the basin to be established unless the board determines
a suitable place is not located within the basin and selects a place within the limits of a
county that would be affected by the proposed basin board.
(b) The Board of Water and Soil Resources must give notice of the establishment
hearings by publication in a legal newspaper that is published in counties affected by the
proposed basin board. The last publication must occur at least ten days before the last
establishment hearing. The board must give notice of the establishment hearings to the
commissioners of natural resources, agriculture, health, and the Pollution Control Agency
and to the auditors of counties and the chief executive officials of municipalities affected
by the proposed basin board. The notice must include:
(1) a statement that an establishment petition has been filed with the board and
auditors of counties affected by the proposed basin board;
(2) a general description of the need for the basin board;
(3) a general description of the property to be included in the basin represented
by the proposed board;
(4) the date, time, and location of the hearings; and
(5) a statement that all persons affected or interested in the establishment of the basin
board may attend and give statements at the establishment hearings.
(c) The Board of Water and Soil Resources must allow all persons interested in or
affected by the proposed basin board an opportunity to make oral and written statements at
the establishment hearings. The board may continue the establishment hearings.
Subd. 9. Establishment order. (a) If the Board of Water and Soil Resources
determines after the establishment hearings that the establishment of the proposed basin
board would benefit the public welfare and public interest, the board must, by order,
establish the basin board. The order of the board establishing the basin board must include:
(1) the findings of the board supporting its determination to establish the basin board;
(2) the official name of the basin board;
(3) the location of the principal place of business of the basin board;
(4) the boundaries of the basin to be represented by the basin board; and
(5) the membership of the basin board.
(b) The Board of Water and Soil Resources must file a certified copy of the findings
and order establishing a basin board with the secretary of state and, at the same time:

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	(1) mail a copy of the findings and order to the auditor of each county affected by the
<u>basin</u>	board and to the commissioners of natural resources, agriculture, health, and the
<u>Pollut</u>	ion Control Agency; and
	(2) have each basin board member personally served with a copy of the order.
	(c) A basin board established under this section exists from the time the order
<u>establ</u>	ishing the basin board is filed with the secretary of state until the basin board is
termiı	nated under section 103B.179.
Sec	c. 7. [103B.179] AMENDMENTS AND TERMINATION.
	Subdivision 1. Amendment process. An establishment order for a basin board may
be am	ended as provided in this section. A proceeding to amend an establishment order
must 1	be initiated by a petition to the Board of Water and Soil Resources requesting the
amen	dment. Amendments may include changes to the boundaries of the area represented
by the	e basin board, withdrawal of a portion of the area represented, additions to the area
repres	sented, or consolidation of areas represented. The Red River Watershed Management
Board	I may reorganize and establish itself under this section as provided under section
103B.	<u>.177.</u>
	Subd. 2. Petition. (a) A petition for an amendment to an establishment order for a
basin	board must include:
	(1) the name of the basin boards affected by any of the proposed changes;
	(2) a description, in general terms, of the property affected by the proposed changes;
	(3) reasons for the proposed changes;
	(4) by illustration in a map, the proposed changes; and
	(5) a request for the Board of Water and Soil Resources to establish the proposed
chang	ges.
	(b) A petition for an amendment must be signed by:
	(1) one-half or more of the counties, soil and water conservation districts, or
water	shed districts located wholly or partially within the basin;
	(2) counties, soil and water conservation districts, or watershed districts collectively
<u>havin</u>	g 50 percent or more of the area within the basin;
	(3) cities that represent the majority of city residents within the basin;
	(4) 50 or more resident owners residing in a watershed from at least 25 percent of
the wa	atersheds within the basin, excluding resident owners within the corporate limits of a
city if	the city has signed the petition; or
	(5) the basin board by passage of a resolution authorizing the amendment.

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Subd. 3. Hearings. The Board of Water and Soil Resources must set a time and 10.1 location for hearings and give notice of the hearings in the same manner as establishment 10.2 hearings. If a petition for an amendment involves a common boundary of two or more 10.3 areas represented by established basin boards, the Board of Water and Soil Resources 10.4 must determine the basin where the hearings will be held. 10.5 Subd. 4. Establishment of amendment. (a) After the hearings on the petition 10.6 10.7 for an amendment, the Board of Water and Soil Resources must establish the proposed amendment, by order, if the board determines that establishment of the proposed 10.8 10.9 amendment would benefit the public welfare and public interest and the proposed 10.10 amendment would advance the purpose of this chapter. (b) In the order establishing the amendment, the board must include: 10.11 10.12 (1) the findings of the board supporting its determination to establish the amendment; 10.13 and 10.14 (2) the boundaries of the areas represented by the basin boards affected by the 10.15 amendment. (c) The board must file a certified copy of the findings and order establishing the 10.16 amendment with the secretary of state and, at the same time, mail a copy of the order to 10.17 the auditors of counties affected by the change, the commissioners of natural resources, 10.18 agriculture, health, and the Pollution Control Agency, and the members of basin boards 10.19 affected by the change. The amendment is effective the day the certified order establishing 10.20 10.21 the amendment is filed with the secretary of state. Subd. 5. **Termination process.** A basin board may be terminated under this 10.22 section. Proceedings for the termination of a basin board may only be initiated by 10.23 filing a termination petition with the Board of Water and Soil Resources. The board 10.24 may not accept a termination petition within five years from the date of a basin board's 10.25 establishment. The board may not make determinations or accept termination petitions for 10.26 10.27 basin boards more than once in five years. Subd. 6. Termination petition; certification. (a) A termination petition must be 10.28 signed by at least 25 percent of the resident owners from each of at least 50 percent of 10.29 the watersheds in the area represented by the basin board. The termination petition must 10.30 state that the existence of the basin board does not benefit the public welfare and public 10.31 10.32 interest and the basin board is not needed to accomplish the purposes of this chapter. The petitioners must file a copy of the termination petition with the auditors of the counties 10.33 affected by the basin board. The original termination petition with a statement signed for 10.34 delivery or receipt of each of the termination petitions submitted to the auditors of counties 10.35 affected by the basin board must be filed with the Board of Water and Soil Resources. 10.36

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11.1	(b) An auditor who receives a termination petition must determine from the tax
11.2	records whether the petitioners are resident owners within the area represented by the
11.3	basin board. The auditor must certify the number of petitioners that are resident owners
11.4	and file the certification with the Board of Water and Soil Resources.
11.5	Subd. 7. Termination hearing; notice. (a) When the Board of Water and Soil
11.6	Resources determines a termination petition has been filed that meets the requirements of
11.7	this section, the board must, by order, set a time within 35 days after its determination and
11.8	a location within the area represented by the basin board for a termination hearing.
11.9	(b) The board must give notice of the termination hearing by publication in a legal
11.10	newspaper that is published in counties affected by the basin board. The last publication
11.11	must occur at least ten days before the termination hearing.
11.12	(c) The board must give notice of the termination hearing by mail to the auditors of
11.13	counties and the chief executive officials of municipalities affected by the basin board.
11.14	(d) The notice must include:
11.15	(1) a statement that a termination petition has been filed with the board and auditors
11.16	of the counties affected by the basin board;
11.17	(2) a general description of why the basin board is to be terminated;
11.18	(3) a general description of the property within the area represented by the basin
11.19	board;
11.20	(4) the date, time, and location of the hearing; and
11.21	(5) a statement that all persons affected by or interested in the basin board may
11.22	attend and give statements at the termination hearing.
11.23	(e) The Board of Water and Soil Resources must allow all persons affected by or
11.24	interested in the basin board to make oral and written statements at the termination
11.25	hearing. The board may continue the termination hearing.
11.26	Subd. 8. Termination order. If, after the termination hearing, the Board of Water
11.27	and Soil Resources determines that the existence of the basin board does not benefit the
11.28	public welfare and public interest and the basin board is not needed to accomplish the
11.29	purpose of this chapter, the board must issue a termination order. The termination order
11.30	must include findings that support termination of the basin board and a statement that the
11.31	basin board is terminated. The board must file a certified copy of the termination order
11.32	with the secretary of state. A basin board ceases to be a political subdivision and ceases to

## Sec. 8. [103B.18] STANDARDS AND OVERSIGHT.

exist when a termination order for the basin board is filed with the secretary of state.

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A basin board may, in its basin management plan, adopt		
ational standards for its member watershed management		
additional performance and operational standards for its member watershed management		
anagement entity, or other local water management		
ands from the clean water legacy account under section		
fund under section 114D.50 unless:		
<u>.</u>		
oved by the Board of Water and Soil Resources;		
ordination, and implementation on a watershed basin		
s are available.		
ns. (a) In addition to any other powers granted to the		
ces, the Board of Water and Soil Resources has the		
pose of resolving disputes between a basin board and its		
entities and between watershed management entities.		
tion the Board of Water and Soil Resources to establish a		
identified by the Board of Water and Soil Resources are		
The Board of Water and Soil Resources may, after public		
tershed management organization nonimplementing and		
ment of a watershed district.		
08, section 103B.231, subdivision 4, is amended to read:		
<b>ds.</b> (a) The watershed management plan must specify the		
nust extend at least five years but no more than ten years		
s the plan. Plans that contain revision dates inconsistent		
th that date, provided it is not more than ten years beyond		
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wed for consistency with an adopted county groundwater		
ecessary to become compliant with the groundwater plan		
otion by the county. A one-year extension may be granted		
of a watershed management organization, the county shall		
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(c) The plan shall contain the elements required by subdivision 6. Each element shall be set out in the degree of detail and prescription necessary to accomplish the purposes of sections 103B.205 to 103B.255, considering the character of existing and anticipated physical and hydrogeologic conditions, land use, and development and the severity of existing and anticipated water management problems in the watershed.

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- (d) Existing plans of a watershed management organization shall remain in force and effect until amended or superseded by plans adopted under sections 103B.205 to 103B.255.
- (e) Watershed management organizations shall coordinate their planning activities with <u>basin boards</u>, contiguous watershed management organizations and counties conducting water planning and implementation under sections 103B.101 and 103B.301 to 103B.355.
- (f) The plan must be consistent with the basin watershed management policy established in section 103A.212.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103B.245, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Watershed management tax district.** (a) Any local government unit planning for water management under sections section 103B.177, 103B.178, 103B.231 and, or 103B.235 may establish a watershed management tax district in the territory within the watershed, for the purpose of paying the costs of the planning required under sections section 103B.177, 103B.231 and, or 103B.235.
- (b) Any local government unit which has part of its territory within a watershed for which a plan has been adopted in accordance with section 103B.177, 103B.178, or 103B.231 and which has a local water management plan adopted in accordance with section 103B.177, 103B.178, or 103B.235 may establish a watershed management tax district in the territory within the watershed or a subwatershed unit in the watershed, for the purpose of paying capital costs of the water management facilities described in the capital improvement program of the plans and for the purpose of paying for normal and routine maintenance of the facilities.
- (c) A county or counties required by section 103B.231, subdivision 3, to prepare, adopt, and implement a watershed plan shall apportion the costs of planning, capital improvements, and maintenance proportionate to benefits. The county may apportion the costs among the subwatershed units in the watershed, or among the statutory and home rule charter cities and towns having territory in the watershed, and for this purpose may establish more than one watershed management tax district in the watershed.

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4.1	(d) Notification of new water	shed management tax	districts established	d under this
4.2	subdivision must be made to the co	ounty auditor by July	1 in order to be effe	ective for
4.3	taxes payable in the following year	r.		
4.4	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 200	08, section 103B.3369	), subdivision 2, is a	mended to
4.5	read:			
4.6	Subd. 2. Establishment. A	local water resources	protection and man	agement
4.7	program is established. The board	may provide financia	l assistance to local	units of
4.8	government or to basin boards as d	efined in section 1031	3.176, paragraph (b)	, for activities
4.9	that protect or manage water and re	elated land quality. The	he activities include	planning,
4.10	zoning, official controls, and other	activities to implemen	nt local water manag	gement plans.
4.11	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 20	09 Supplement, section	on 103B.3369, subdi	ivision 5,
4.12	is amended to read:			
4.13	Subd. 5. Financial assistance	ce. (a) A base grant m	ay be awarded to a	county that
4.14	provides a match utilizing a water	implementation tax o	r other local source.	A water
4.15	implementation tax that a county in	ntends to use as a mate	ch to the base grant i	must be levied
4.16	at a rate determined by the board.	The minimum amount	t of the water impler	nentation tax
4.17	shall be a tax rate times the adjuste	d net tax capacity of t	he county for the pr	receding year.
4.18	The rate shall be the rate, rounded	to the nearest .001 of	a percent, that, whe	n applied to
4.19	the adjusted net tax capacity for all	counties, raises the a	mount of \$1,500,00	0. The base
4.20	grant will be in an amount equal to	\$37,500 less the amo	ount raised by the lo	cal match.

- If the amount necessary to implement the local water plan for the county is less than 14.21 \$37,500, the amount of the base grant shall be the amount that, when added to the match 14.22 amount, equals the amount required to implement the plan. For counties where the tax 14.23 rate generates an amount equal to or greater than \$18,750, the base grant shall be in an 14.24 amount equal to \$18,750. 14.25
- (b) A base grant may be awarded to a basin board as defined in section 103B.176, 14.26 paragraph (b), for the development and implementation of a basin management plan under 14.27 14.28 section 103B.177, subdivision 5.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103D.205, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 14.29 Subd. 3. **Signatures.** The establishment petition must be signed by one or more 14.30 of the following groups: 14.31
  - (1) one-half or more of the counties within the proposed watershed district;

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15.1	(2) counties having 50 percent or more of the area within the proposed watershed
15.2	district;
15.3	(3) a majority of the cities within the proposed watershed district; or
15.4	(4) 50 or more resident owners residing in the proposed watershed district, excluding
15.5	resident owners within the corporate limits of a city if the city has signed the petition; or
15.6	(5) a basin board as defined under section 103B.176, paragraph (b).
15.7	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103D.401, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
15.8	Subdivision 1. Contents. (a) The managers must adopt a watershed management
15.9	plan for any or all of the purposes for which a watershed district may be established.
15.10	The watershed management plan must give a narrative description of existing water and
15.11	water-related problems within the watershed district, possible solutions to the problems,
15.12	and the general objectives of the watershed district. The watershed management plan
15.13	must also conform closely with watershed management plan guidelines as adopted and
15.14	amended from time to time by the Board of Water and Soil Resources and be consistent
15.15	with the basin watershed management policy established in section 103A.212.
15.16	(b) The watershed management plan may include a separate section on proposed
15.17	projects. If the watershed district is within the metropolitan area, the separate section of
15.18	proposed projects or petitions for projects to be undertaken according to the watershed
15.19	management plan is a comprehensive plan of the watershed district for purposes of review
15.20	by the Metropolitan Council under section 473.165.
15.21	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 275.066, is amended to read:
15.22	275.066 SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICTS; DEFINITION.
15.23	For the purposes of property taxation and property tax state aids, the term "special
15.24	taxing districts" includes the following entities:
15.25	(1) watershed districts under chapter 103D;
15.26	(2) sanitary districts under sections 115.18 to 115.37;
15.27	(3) regional sanitary sewer districts under sections 115.61 to 115.67;
15.28	(4) regional public library districts under section 134.201;
15.29	(5) park districts under chapter 398;
15.30	(6) regional railroad authorities under chapter 398A;
15.31	(7) hospital districts under sections 447.31 to 447.38;
15.32	(8) St. Cloud Metropolitan Transit Commission under sections 458A.01 to 458A.15;
15.33	(9) Duluth Transit Authority under sections 458A.21 to 458A.37;

(10) regional development commissions under sections 462.381 to 462.398;

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(27) any other political subdivision of the state of Minnesota, excluding counties,

school districts, cities, and towns, that has the power to adopt and certify a property tax

levy to the county auditor, as determined by the commissioner of revenue.

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