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## State of Minnesota

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES H. F. No. 1561 NINETY-FIRST SESSION

02/21/2019

Authored by Swedzinski The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Energy and Climate Finance and Policy Division

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3	relating to energy; modifying the community solar garden program; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 216B.1641.
1.4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.5	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 216B.1641, is amended to read:
1.6	216B.1641 COMMUNITY SOLAR GARDEN.
1.7	(a) The public utility subject to section 116C.779 shall file by September 30, 2013 2019,
1.8	a plan with the commission to operate a community solar garden program which shall begin
1.9	operations within 90 days after commission approval of the plan. Upon approval of the
1.10	program required under this section, a program approved under this section before September
1.11	30, 2019, must cease operations, except that a community solar garden for which an
1.12	application is deemed complete under a prior program may continue to operate under that
1.13	program. Other public utilities may file an application at their election. The community
1.14	solar garden program must be designed to offset the energy use of not less than five
1.15	subscribers in each community solar garden facility of which no single subscriber has more
1.16	than a 40 percent interest. The owner of the community solar garden may be a public utility
1.17	or any other entity or organization that contracts to sell the output from the community solar
1.18	garden to the utility under section 216B.164. There shall be no limitation on the number or
1.19	eumulative generating capacity of community solar garden facilities other than the limitations
1.20	imposed under section 216B.164, subdivision 4c, or other limitations provided in law or
1.21	regulations. The public utility must accept qualified proposals for community solar gardens
1.22	each year in a form and on a schedule specified in the program approved by the commission.
1.23	The public utility subject to this section may submit qualified proposals to the program.

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2.1	(b) The public utility must submit evaluations of all qualified proposals to the
2.2	commission, along with recommendations regarding which qualified proposals should be
2.3	accepted. The commission must select the qualified proposals the public utility must accept.
2.4	The qualified proposals with the lowest cost to the public utility's customers must be selected.
2.5	The total nameplate capacity of qualified proposals selected by the commission must not
2.6	exceed 25 megawatts per year.
2.7	(c) A solar garden is a facility that generates electricity by means of a ground-mounted
2.8	or roof-mounted solar photovoltaic device whereby subscribers receive a bill credit for the
2.9	electricity generated in proportion to the size of their subscription. The solar garden must
2.10	have a nameplate capacity of no more than one megawatt. When determining the size of a
2.11	community solar garden under this paragraph, the nameplate capacity of the community
2.12	solar garden must be combined with the nameplate capacity of any other community solar
2.13	garden that:
2.14	(1) is constructed within the same 12-month period as the community solar garden; and
2.15	(2) exhibits characteristics indicating a single development with the community solar
2.16	garden, including but not limited to ownership structure, shared interconnection, revenue
2.17	sharing arrangements, and common debt or equity financing.
2.18	Each subscription shall be sized to represent at least 200 watts of the community solar
2.19	garden's generating capacity and to supply, when combined with other distributed generation
2.20	resources serving the premises, no more than 120 percent of the average annual consumption
2.21	of electricity by each subscriber at the premises to which the subscription is attributed.
2.22	(e) (d) The solar generation facility must be located in the service territory of the public
2.23	utility filing the plan. Subscribers must be retail customers of the public utility located in
2.24	the same county or a county contiguous to where the facility is located.
2.25	(d) (e) The public utility must purchase from the community solar garden all energy
2.26	generated by the <u>community</u> solar garden. The purchase shall be at the rate <del>calculated under</del>
2.27	section 216B.164, subdivision 10, or, until that rate for the public utility has been approved
2.28	by the commission, the applicable retail rate. A solar garden is eligible for any incentive
2.29	programs offered under either section 116C.7792 or section 216C.415 proposed in the
2.30	qualified proposal submitted under paragraph (a). A subscriber's portion of the purchase
2.31	shall be provided by a credit on the subscriber's bill. Notwithstanding any other provision
2.32	of law, the commission must not increase the rate paid for energy from the community solar
2.33	garden from the amount contained in the proposal.

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3.1	(e) (f) The commission may approve	, disapprove, or m	nodify a community	<sup>,</sup> solar garden
3.2	program. Any plan approved by the con	mission must:		
3.3	(1) reasonably allow for the creation	, financing, and ac	ccessibility of comm	nunity solar
3.4	gardens;			
3.5	(2) establish uniform standards, fees,	and processes for t	he interconnection of	of community
3.6	solar garden facilities that allow the pub	<u>lic</u> utility to recov	er reasonable interc	connection
3.7	costs for each community solar garden;			
3.8	(3) not apply different requirements	to utility and nonu	utility community se	olar garden
3.9	facilities;			
3.10	(4) be consistent with the public inte	rest;		
3.11	(5) identify the information that mus	t be provided to po	otential subscribers	to ensure fair
3.12	disclosure of future costs and benefits o	f subscriptions;		
3.13	(6) include a program implementation	on schedule;		
3.14	(7) identify all proposed rules, fees,	and charges; and		
3.15	(8) identify the means by which the	program will be p	romoted.	
3.16	(f) (g) Notwithstanding any other law	w, neither the man	ager of nor the subs	scribers to a
3.17	community solar garden facility shall be	e considered a util	ity solely as a result	t of their
3.18	participation in the community solar gai	den facility.		
3.19	(g) (h) Within 180 days of commissi	on approval of a p	olan under this secti	on, a <u>public</u>
3.20	utility shall begin crediting subscriber a	ccounts for each c	ommunity solar gar	den facility
3.21	in its service territory, and shall file with	the commissione	er of commerce a de	scription of
3.22	its crediting system.			
3.23	(h) (i) For the purposes of this section	n, the following to	erms have the mean	ings given:
3.24	(1) "subscriber" means a retail custo	mer of a <u>public</u> ut	ility who owns one	or more
3.25	subscriptions of a community solar gard	len facility interco	nnected with that p	ublic utility;
3.26	and			
3.27	(2) "subscription" means a contract be	etween a subscriber	r and the owner of a	solar garden <del>.</del> ;
3.28	and			
3.29	(3) "qualified proposal" means a prop	oosal that meets the	e requirements of th	e community
3.30	solar garden program approved by the c	ommission and th	<u>at:</u>	

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4.1 4.2	(i) provides evidence the proposer is solar garden for its proposed life;	able to construct, own	, and operate the cor	<u>nmunity</u>
4.3	(ii) delivers at least 60 percent of the	e energy generated by	the community solar	r garden
4.4	facility to residential customers;			
4.5 4.6	(iii) includes a plan to seek low-inco garden;	ome residential custom	ers in the communit	y solar.
4.7	(iv) provides a firm rate that custom	ers of the public utility	y must pay for energ	y from
4.8	the community solar garden for the life	of the community sola	ar garden; and	
4.9	(v) describes any benefits the comm	unity solar garden prov	vides to the public ut	tility, the

4.10 public utility's customers, the electric utility grid, the environment, and Minnesota.