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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-FIRST SESSION

H. F. No. 1257

02/14/2019 Authored by Cantrell, Hamilton, Mann, Halverson, Baker and others
The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Commerce

1.1 A bill for an act
1.2 relating to health care coverage; requiring prescription drug benefit transparency
1.3 and disclosure; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.69, subdivision
1.4 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62Q.

1.5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.6 Section 1. 62Q.83 PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFIT TRANSPARENCY AND
1.7 MANAGEMENT.

1.8 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
1.9 the meanings given them.

1.10 (b) "Drug" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision 5.

1.11 (c) "Enrollee contract year" means the 12-month term during which benefits associated
1.12 with health plan company products are in effect. For managed care plans and county-based
1.13 purchasing plans under section 256B.69 and chapter 256L, it means a calendar year beginning
1.14 January through December.

1.15 (d) "Formulary" means a list of prescription drugs that have been developed by clinical
1.16 and pharmacy experts and represents the health plan company's medically appropriate and
1.17 cost-effective prescription drugs approved for use.

1.18 (e) "Health plan company" has the meaning given in section 62Q.01, subdivision 4, and
1.19 includes an entity that performs pharmacy benefits management for the health plan company.
1.20 For purposes of this definition, "pharmacy benefits management" means the administration
1.21 or management of prescription drug benefits provided by the health plan company for the
1.22 benefit of its enrollees and may include but is not limited to procurement of prescription

2.1 drugs, clinical formulary development and management services, claims processing, and
2.2 rebate contracting and administration.

2.3 (f) "Prescription" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision 16a.

2.4 Subd. 2. **Prescription drug benefit disclosure.** (a) A health plan company that provides
2.5 prescription drug benefit coverage and uses a formulary must make its formulary and related
2.6 benefit information available by electronic means and, upon request, in writing, at least 30
2.7 days prior to annual renewal dates.

2.8 (b) Formularies must be organized and disclosed consistent with the most recent version
2.9 of the United States Pharmacopeia's (USP) Model Guidelines.

2.10 (c) For each item or category of items on the formulary, the specific enrollee benefit
2.11 terms must be identified, including enrollee cost-sharing and expected out-of-pocket costs.

2.12 Subd. 3. **Formulary changes.** (a) Once a formulary has been established, a health plan
2.13 company may, at any time during the enrollee's contract year:

2.14 (1) expand its formulary by adding drugs to the formulary;

2.15 (2) reduce co-payments or coinsurance; or

2.16 (3) move a drug to a benefit category that reduces an enrollee's cost.

2.17 (b) A health plan company may remove a brand name drug from its formulary or place
2.18 a brand name drug in a benefit category that increases an enrollee's cost only upon the
2.19 addition to the formulary of a generic or multisource brand name drug rated as therapeutically
2.20 equivalent according to the FDA Orange Book or a biologic drug rated as interchangeable
2.21 according to the FDA Purple Book at a lower cost to the enrollee, and upon at least a 60-day
2.22 notice to prescribers, pharmacists, and affected enrollees.

2.23 (c) A health plan company may change utilization review requirements or move drugs
2.24 to a benefit category that increases an enrollee's cost during the enrollee's contract year upon
2.25 at least a 60-day notice to prescribers, pharmacists, and affected enrollees, provided that
2.26 these changes do not apply to enrollees who are currently taking the drugs affected by these
2.27 changes for the duration of the enrollee's contract year.

2.28 (d) A health plan company may remove any drugs from its formulary that have been
2.29 deemed unsafe by the Food and Drug Administration, that have been withdrawn by either
2.30 the Food and Drug Administration or the product manufacturer, or when an independent
2.31 source of research, clinical guidelines, or evidence-based standards has issued drug-specific
2.32 warnings or recommended changes in drug usage.

3.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.69, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

3.2 Subd. 6. **Service delivery.** (a) Each demonstration provider shall be responsible for the
3.3 health care coordination for eligible individuals. Demonstration providers:

3.4 (1) shall authorize and arrange for the provision of all needed health services including
3.5 but not limited to the full range of services listed in sections 256B.02, subdivision 8, and
3.6 256B.0625 in order to ensure appropriate health care is delivered to enrollees.

3.7 Notwithstanding section 256B.0621, demonstration providers that provide nursing home
3.8 and community-based services under this section shall provide relocation service coordination
3.9 to enrolled persons age 65 and over;

3.10 (2) shall accept the prospective, per capita payment from the commissioner in return for
3.11 the provision of comprehensive and coordinated health care services for eligible individuals
3.12 enrolled in the program;

3.13 (3) may contract with other health care and social service practitioners to provide services
3.14 to enrollees; and

3.15 (4) shall institute recipient grievance procedures according to the method established
3.16 by the project, utilizing applicable requirements of chapter 62D. Disputes not resolved
3.17 through this process shall be appealable to the commissioner as provided in subdivision 11.

3.18 (b) Demonstration providers must comply with the standards for claims settlement under
3.19 section 72A.201, subdivisions 4, 5, 7, and 8, when contracting with other health care and
3.20 social service practitioners to provide services to enrollees. A demonstration provider must
3.21 pay a clean claim, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 447.45(b),
3.22 within 30 business days of the date of acceptance of the claim.

3.23 (c) Managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans must comply with section
3.24 62Q.83.