02/18/2021

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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-SECOND SESSION

H. F. No. 1200

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| | The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Early Childhood Finance and Policy |
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| 02/25/2021 | Adoption of Report: Re-referred to the Committee on State Government Finance and Elections |
| 03/04/2021 | Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Commerce Finance and Policy |
| 03/10/2021 | Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Human Services Finance and Policy |
| 03/15/2021 | Adoption of Report: Re-referred to the Committee on Labor, Industry, Veterans and Military Affairs Finance and Policy |
| 03/17/2021 | Adoption of Report: Re-referred to the Committee on Health Finance and Policy |
| 03/18/2021 | Adoption of Report: Re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary Finance and Civil Law |
| 03/22/2021 | Adoption of Report: Re-referred to the Committee on Workforce and Business Development Finance and Policy |
| 04/19/2022 | Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means |
| | |

Authored by Richardson; Jordan; Olson, L.; Hortman; Stephenson and others

| 1.1 | A bill for an act |
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| 1.2 | relating to employment; providing for paid family, pregnancy, bonding, and |
| 1.3 | applicant's serious medical condition benefits; regulating and requiring certain |
| 1.4 | employment leaves; classifying certain data; authorizing rulemaking; appropriating |
| 1.5 | money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 13.719, by adding a |
| 1.6 | subdivision; 177.27, subdivision 4; 181.032; 256J.561, by adding a subdivision; |
| 1.7 | 256J.95, subdivisions 3, 11; 256P.01, subdivision 3; 268.19, subdivision 1; |
| 1.8 | proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268B. |

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

| 1.10 | ARTICLE 1 |
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| 1.11 | FAMILY AND MEDICAL BENEFITS |

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.719, is amended by adding a subdivision 1.12 to read: 1.13
- Subd. 7. Family and medical insurance data. (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, 1.14 the terms used have the meanings given them in section 268B.01. 1.15
- (b) Data on applicants, family members, or employers under chapter 268B are private 1.16 or nonpublic data, provided that the department may share data collected from applicants 1.17 with employers or health care providers to the extent necessary to meet the requirements 1.18 of chapter 268B or other applicable law. 1.19
- (c) The department and the Department of Labor and Industry may share data classified 1.20 under paragraph (b) to the extent necessary to meet the requirements of chapter 268B or 1.21 the Department of Labor and Industry's enforcement authority over chapter 268B, as provided 1 22 in section 177.27. 1.23

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 177.27, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Compliance orders. The commissioner may issue an order requiring an employer to comply with sections 177.21 to 177.435, 181.02, 181.03, 181.031, 181.032, 181.101, 181.11, 181.13, 181.14, 181.145, 181.15, 181.172, paragraph (a) or (d), 181.275, subdivision 2a, 181.722, 181.79, and 181.939 to 181.943, 268B.09, subdivisions 1 to 6, and 268B.14, subdivision 3, or with any rule promulgated under section 177.28. The commissioner shall issue an order requiring an employer to comply with sections 177.41 to 177.435 if the violation is repeated. For purposes of this subdivision only, a violation is repeated if at any time during the two years that preceded the date of violation, the commissioner issued an order to the employer for violation of sections 177.41 to 177.435 and the order is final or the commissioner and the employer have entered into a settlement agreement that required the employer to pay back wages that were required by sections 177.41 to 177.435. The department shall serve the order upon the employer or the employer's authorized representative in person or by certified mail at the employer's place of business. An employer who wishes to contest the order must file written notice of objection to the order with the commissioner within 15 calendar days after being served with the order. A contested case proceeding must then be held in accordance with sections 14.57 to 14.69. If, within 15 calendar days after being served with the order, the employer fails to file a written notice of objection with the commissioner, the order becomes a final order of the commissioner.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 181.032, is amended to read:

181.032 REQUIRED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS BY EMPLOYER; NOTICE TO EMPLOYEE.

- (a) At the end of each pay period, the employer shall provide each employee an earnings statement, either in writing or by electronic means, covering that pay period. An employer who chooses to provide an earnings statement by electronic means must provide employee access to an employer-owned computer during an employee's regular working hours to review and print earnings statements, and must make statements available for review or printing for a period of three years.
- (b) The earnings statement may be in any form determined by the employer but must include:
- 2.32 (1) the name of the employee;

| 3.1 | (2) the rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, including whether the employee is paid by |
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| 3.2 | hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other method; |
| 3.3 | (3) allowances, if any, claimed pursuant to permitted meals and lodging; |
| 3.4 | (4) the total number of hours worked by the employee unless exempt from chapter 177; |
| 3.5 | (5) the total amount of gross pay earned by the employee during that period; |
| 3.6 | (6) a list of deductions made from the employee's pay; |
| 3.7 | (7) any amount deducted by the employer under section 268B.14, subdivision 3, and |
| 3.8 | the amount paid by the employer based on the employee's wages under section 268B.14, |
| 3.9 | subdivision 1; |
| 3.10 | (7) (8) the net amount of pay after all deductions are made; |
| 3.11 | (8) (9) the date on which the pay period ends; |
| 3.12 | (9) (10) the legal name of the employer and the operating name of the employer if |
| 3.13 | different from the legal name; |
| 3.14 | (10) (11) the physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of business, |
| 3.15 | and a mailing address if different; and |
| 3.16 | $\frac{(11)}{(12)}$ the telephone number of the employer. |
| 3.17 | (c) An employer must provide earnings statements to an employee in writing, rather |
| 3.18 | than by electronic means, if the employer has received at least 24 hours notice from an |
| 3.19 | employee that the employee would like to receive earnings statements in written form. Once |
| 3.20 | an employer has received notice from an employee that the employee would like to receive |
| 3.21 | earnings statements in written form, the employer must comply with that request on an |
| 3.22 | ongoing basis. |
| 3.23 | (d) At the start of employment, an employer shall provide each employee a written notice |
| 3.24 | containing the following information: |
| 3.25 | (1) the rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, including whether the employee is paid by |
| 3.26 | the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other method, and the specific |
| 3.27 | application of any additional rates; |
| 3.28 | (2) allowances, if any, claimed pursuant to permitted meals and lodging; |
| 3.29 | (3) paid vacation, sick time, or other paid time-off accruals and terms of use; |
| 3.30 | (4) the employee's employment status and whether the employee is exempt from minimum |

wage, overtime, and other provisions of chapter 177, and on what basis;

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- (5) a list of deductions that may be made from the employee's pay; 4.1
- (6) the number of days in the pay period, the regularly scheduled pay day, and the pay 4.2 day on which the employee will receive the first payment of wages earned; 4.3

- (7) the legal name of the employer and the operating name of the employer if different from the legal name;
 - (8) the physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of business, and a mailing address if different; and
 - (9) the telephone number of the employer.
 - (e) The employer must keep a copy of the notice under paragraph (d) signed by each employee acknowledging receipt of the notice. The notice must be provided to each employee in English. The English version of the notice must include text provided by the commissioner that informs employees that they may request, by indicating on the form, the notice be provided in a particular language. If requested, the employer shall provide the notice in the language requested by the employee. The commissioner shall make available to employers the text to be included in the English version of the notice required by this section and assist employers with translation of the notice in the languages requested by their employees.
 - (f) An employer must provide the employee any written changes to the information contained in the notice under paragraph (d) prior to the date the changes take effect.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 268.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 4.19
 - Subdivision 1. Use of data. (a) Except as provided by this section, data gathered from any person under the administration of the Minnesota Unemployment Insurance Law are private data on individuals or nonpublic data not on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivisions 9 and 12, and may not be disclosed except according to a district court order or section 13.05. A subpoena is not considered a district court order. These data may be disseminated to and used by the following agencies without the consent of the subject of the data:
- (1) state and federal agencies specifically authorized access to the data by state or federal 4.27 law; 4.28
 - (2) any agency of any other state or any federal agency charged with the administration of an unemployment insurance program;
- (3) any agency responsible for the maintenance of a system of public employment offices 4.31 for the purpose of assisting individuals in obtaining employment; 4.32

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| (4) the public authority responsible for child support in Minnesota or any other state in |
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| accordance with section 256.978; |

- (5) human rights agencies within Minnesota that have enforcement powers;
- (6) the Department of Revenue to the extent necessary for its duties under Minnesota 5.4 5.5 laws;
 - (7) public and private agencies responsible for administering publicly financed assistance programs for the purpose of monitoring the eligibility of the program's recipients;
- (8) the Department of Labor and Industry and the Commerce Fraud Bureau in the Department of Commerce for uses consistent with the administration of their duties under Minnesota law; 5.10
 - (9) the Department of Human Services and the Office of Inspector General and its agents within the Department of Human Services, including county fraud investigators, for investigations related to recipient or provider fraud and employees of providers when the provider is suspected of committing public assistance fraud;
 - (10) local and state welfare agencies for monitoring the eligibility of the data subject for assistance programs, or for any employment or training program administered by those agencies, whether alone, in combination with another welfare agency, or in conjunction with the department or to monitor and evaluate the statewide Minnesota family investment program by providing data on recipients and former recipients of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits, cash assistance under chapter 256, 256D, 256J, or 256K, child care assistance under chapter 119B, or medical programs under chapter 256B or 256L or formerly codified under chapter 256D;
 - (11) local and state welfare agencies for the purpose of identifying employment, wages, and other information to assist in the collection of an overpayment debt in an assistance program;
 - (12) local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies for the purpose of ascertaining the last known address and employment location of an individual who is the subject of a criminal investigation;
 - (13) the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement has access to data on specific individuals and specific employers provided the specific individual or specific employer is the subject of an investigation by that agency;
 - (14) the Department of Health for the purposes of epidemiologic investigations;

| | HF1200 THIRD ENGROSSMENT | REVISOR | SS | H1200-3 |
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| 5.1 | (15) the Department of Correction | ns for the purposes of o | case planning and in | nternal research |
| 5.2 | for preprobation, probation, and pos | stprobation employme | nt tracking of offer | nders sentenced |
| 5.3 | to probation and preconfinement ar | nd postconfinement en | nployment trackin | g of committed |
| 5.4 | offenders; | | | |
| 5.5 | (16) the state auditor to the exten | t necessary to conduct | audits of job oppo | rtunity building |
| 5.6 | zones as required under section 469 | • | 3 11 | , . |
| 5.7 | (17) the Office of Higher Educa | ation for nurnoses of s | unnarting pragram | n improvement |
| 5.8 | system evaluation, and research init | 1 1 | 11 61 6 | • |
| 5.8 | Data System-; and | matives including the s | Statewide Longitud | illai Education |
|).9 | Data System s, and | | | |
| 5.10 | (18) the Family and Medical Be | enefits Division of the | Department of En | nployment and |
| 5.11 | Economic Development to be used | as necessary to admir | nister chapter 268E | <u>3.</u> |
| 5.12 | (b) Data on individuals and emp | ployers that are collect | ted, maintained, or | used by the |
| 5.13 | department in an investigation under | section 268.182 are co | onfidential as to dat | a on individuals |
| 5.14 | and protected nonpublic data not or | n individuals as define | ed in section 13.02, | subdivisions 3 |
| 5.15 | and 13, and must not be disclosed e | except under statute or | r district court orde | er or to a party |
| 5.16 | named in a criminal proceeding, ad | ministrative or judicia | al, for preparation | of a defense. |
| 5.17 | (c) Data gathered by the departm | ent in the administratio | on of the Minnesota | unemployment |
| 5.18 | insurance program must not be made | de the subject or the ba | asis for any suit in | any civil |
| 5.19 | proceedings, administrative or judi | cial, unless the action | is initiated by the | department. |
| 5.20 | Sec. 5. [268B.01] DEFINITION | S. | | |
| 5.21 | Subdivision 1. Scope. For the p | | r the terms defined | d in this section |
| 5.22 | | urposes of this enapter | i, the terms dermed | 1 III tills section |
| 0.22 | have the meanings given. | | | |
| 5.23 | Subd. 2. Applicant. "Applicant | " means an individual | applying for leave | e with benefits |
| 5.24 | under this chapter. | | | |
| 5.25 | Subd. 3. Applicant's average w | veekly wage. "Applica | ant's average week | y wage" means |
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Article 1 Sec. 5.

base period under this paragraph is as follows:

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Subd. 4. Base period. (a) "Base period," unless otherwise provided in this subdivision,

means the most recent four completed calendar quarters before the effective date of an

applicant's application for family or medical leave benefits if the application has an effective

date occurring after the month following the most recent completed calendar quarter. The

an amount equal to the applicant's high quarter wage credits divided by 13.

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| 7.1 | If the application for family or medical leave | <u>e</u> |
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| 7.2 7.3 | benefits is effective on or between these dates: | The base period is the prior: |
| 7.4 | February 1 to March 31 | January 1 to December 31 |
| 7.5 | May 1 to June 30 | April 1 to March 31 |
| 7.6 | August 1 to September 30 | July 1 to June 30 |
| 7.7 | November 1 to December 31 | October 1 to September 30 |
| 7.8 | (b) If an application for family or medication | al leave benefits has an effective date that is |
| 7.9 | during the month following the most recent c | completed calendar quarter, then the base period |
| 7.10 | is the first four of the most recent five compl | eted calendar quarters before the effective date |
| 7.11 | of an applicant's application for family or m | edical leave benefits. The base period under |
| 7.12 | this paragraph is as follows: | |
| 7.13 | If the application for family or medical leave | <u>e</u> |
| 7.14 7.15 | benefits is effective on or between these dates: | The base period is the prior: |
| 7.16 | January 1 to January 31 | October 1 to September 30 |
| 7.17 | April 1 to April 30 | January 1 to December 31 |
| 7.18 | July 1 to July 31 | April 1 to March 31 |
| 7.19 | October 1 to October 31 | July 1 to June 30 |
| 7.20 | (c) Regardless of paragraph (a), a base p | eriod of the first four of the most recent five |
| 7.21 | completed calendar quarters must be used if | the applicant would have more wage credits |
| 7.22 | under that base period than under a base per | iod of the four most recent completed calendar |
| 7.23 | quarters. | |
| 7.24 | (d) If the applicant has insufficient wage | credits to establish a benefit account under a |
| 7.25 | base period of the four most recent complete | d calendar quarters, or a base period of the first |
| 7.26 | four of the most recent five completed caler | ndar quarters, but during either base period the |
| 7.27 | applicant received workers' compensation for | or temporary disability under chapter 176 or a |
| 7.28 | similar federal law or similar law of another | state, or if the applicant whose own serious |
| 7.29 | illness caused a loss of work for which the a | applicant received compensation for loss of |
| 7.30 | wages from some other source, the applican | t may request a base period as follows: |
| 7.31 | (1) if an applicant was compensated for | a loss of work of seven to 13 weeks during a |
| 7.32 | base period referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) | b), then the base period is the first four of the |
| 7.33 | most recent six completed calendar quarters | before the effective date of the application for |
| 7.34 | family or medical leave benefits; | |
| 7.35 | (2) if an applicant was compensated for | a loss of work of 14 to 26 weeks during a base |
| 7.36 | period referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), the | en the base period is the first four of the most |

| 8.1 | recent seven completed calendar quarters before the effective date of the application for |
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| 8.2 | family or medical leave benefits; |
| 8.3 | (3) if an applicant was compensated for a loss of work of 27 to 39 weeks during a base |
| 8.4 | period referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), then the base period is the first four of the most |
| 8.5 | recent eight completed calendar quarters before the effective date of the application for |
| 8.6 | family or medical leave benefits; and |
| 8.7 | (4) if an applicant was compensated for a loss of work of 40 to 52 weeks during a base |
| 8.8 | period referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), then the base period is the first four of the most |
| 8.9 | recent nine completed calendar quarters before the effective date of the application for |
| 8.10 | family or medical leave benefits. |
| 8.11 | Subd. 5. Benefit. "Benefit" or "benefits" means monetary payments under this chapter |
| 8.12 | associated with qualifying bonding, family care, pregnancy, serious health condition, |
| 8.13 | qualifying exigency, or safety leave events, unless otherwise indicated by context. |
| 8.14 | Subd. 6. Benefit account. "Benefit account" means a benefit account established under |
| 8.15 | section 268B.04. |
| 8.16 | Subd. 7. Benefit year. "Benefit year" means the period of 52 calendar weeks beginning |
| 8.17 | the date a benefit account under section 268B.04 is effective. For a benefit account established |
| 8.18 | effective any January 1, April 1, July 1, or October 1, the benefit year will be a period of |
| 8.19 | 53 calendar weeks. |
| 8.20 | Subd. 8. Bonding. "Bonding" means time spent by an applicant who is a biological, |
| 8.21 | adoptive, or foster parent with a biological, adopted, or foster child in conjunction with the |
| 8.22 | child's birth, adoption, or placement. |
| 8.23 | Subd. 9. Calendar day. "Calendar day" or "day" means a fixed 24-hour period |
| 8.24 | corresponding to a single calendar date. |
| 8.25 | Subd. 10. Calendar quarter. "Calendar quarter" means the period of three consecutive |
| 8.26 | calendar months ending on March 31, June 30, September 30, or December 31. |
| 8.27 | Subd. 11. Calendar week. "Calendar week" has the same meaning as "week" under |
| 8.28 | subdivision 46. |
| 8.29 | Subd. 12. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment |
| 8.30 | and economic development, unless otherwise indicated by context. |
| 8.31 | Subd. 13. Covered employment. (a) "Covered employment" means performing services |
| 8.32 | of whatever nature, unlimited by the relationship of master and servant as known to the |

| 9.1 | common law, or any other legal relationship performed for wages or under any contract |
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| 9.2 | calling for the performance of services, written or oral, express or implied. |
| 9.3 | (b) "Employment" includes an individual's entire service performed within or without |
| 9.4 | or both within and without this state, if: |
| 9.5 | (1) the service is localized in this state; or |
| 9.6 | (2) the service is not localized in any state, but some of the service is performed in this |
| 9.7 | state and: |
| 9.8 | (i) the base of operations of the employee is in the state, or if there is no base of |
| 9.9 | operations, then the place from which such service is directed or controlled is in this state; |
| 9.10 | <u>or</u> |
| 9.11 | (ii) the base of operations or place from which such service is directed or controlled is |
| 9.12 | not in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the individual's residence |
| 9.13 | is in this state. |
| 9.14 | (c) "Covered employment" does not include: |
| 9.15 | (1) a self-employed individual; or |
| 9.16 | (2) an independent contractor. |
| 9.17 | Subd. 14. Department. "Department" means the Department of Employment and |
| 9.18 | Economic Development, unless otherwise indicated by context. |
| 9.19 | Subd. 15. Employee. (a) "Employee" means an individual who is in the employment of |
| 9.20 | an employer. |
| 9.21 | (b) Employee does not include employees of the United States of America. |
| 9.22 | Subd. 16. Employer. (a) "Employer" means: |
| 9.23 | (1) any person, type of organization, or entity, including any partnership, association, |
| 9.24 | trust, estate, joint stock company, insurance company, limited liability company, or |
| 9.25 | corporation, whether domestic or foreign, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee, or |
| 9.26 | the legal representative of a deceased person, having any individual in covered employment; |
| 9.27 | (2) the state, statewide system, and state agencies; and |
| 9.28 | (3) any local government entity, including but not limited to a county, city, town, school |
| 9.29 | district, municipal corporation, quasimunicipal corporation, or other political subdivision. |
| 9.30 | An employer also includes charter schools. |
| 9.31 | (b) Employer does not include: |

| (1) the United States of America; or | |
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| (2) a self-employed individual who has elected and been approved for coverage un | der |
| section 268B.11 with regard to the self-employed individual's own coverage and benef | fits. |
| Subd. 17. Estimated self-employment income. "Estimated self-employment income." | me" |
| means a self-employed individual's average net earnings from self-employment in the | two |
| most recent taxable years. For a self-employed individual who had net earnings from | |
| self-employment in only one of the years, the individual's estimated self-employment inco | ome |
| equals the individual's net earnings from self-employment in the year in which the individual | dual |
| had net earnings from self-employment. | |
| Subd. 18. Family and medical benefit insurance account. "Family and medical ben | <u>nefit</u> |
| insurance account" means the family and medical benefit insurance account in the spec | <u>cial</u> |
| revenue fund in the state treasury under section 268B.02. | |
| Subd. 19. Family and medical benefit insurance enforcement account. "Family | and |
| medical benefit insurance enforcement account" means the family and medical benefit | <u>-</u> |
| insurance enforcement account in the state treasury under section 268B.185. | |
| Subd. 20. Family benefit program. "Family benefit program" means the program | |
| administered under this chapter for the collection of premiums and payment of benefit | S |
| related to family care, bonding, safety leave, and leave related to a qualifying exigency | <u>y.</u> |
| Subd. 21. Family care. "Family care" means an applicant caring for a family mem | <u>ber</u> |
| with a serious health condition or caring for a family member who is a covered service | <u> </u> |
| member. | |
| Subd. 22. Family member. (a) "Family member" means, with respect to an employ | yee: |
| (1) a spouse, including a domestic partner in a civil union or other registered domes | stic |
| partnership recognized by the state, and a spouse's parent; | |
| (2) a child and a child's spouse; | |
| (3) a parent and a parent's spouse; | |
| (4) a sibling and a sibling's spouse; | |
| (5) a grandparent, a grandchild, or a spouse of a grandparent or grandchild; and | |
| (6) any other individual who is related by blood or affinity and whose association v | <u>vith</u> |
| the employee is equivalent of a family relationship. For the purposes of this clause, wi | <u>th</u> |
| respect to an employee, this includes but is not limited to: | |

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| 11.1 | (i) a child of a sibling of the employee; |
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| 11.2 | (ii) a sibling of the parents of the employee; |
| 11.3 | (iii) a child-in-law, a parent-in-law, a sibling-in-law, and a grandparent-in-law; and |
| 11.4 | (iv) an individual who has resided at the same address as the employee for at least one |
| 11.5 | year as of the first day of leave under this chapter. |
| 11.6 | (b) For the purposes of this chapter, a child includes a stepchild; biological, adopted, or |
| 11.7 | foster child of the employee; or a child for whom the employee is standing in loco parentis. |
| 11.8 | (c) For the purposes of this chapter, a grandchild includes a step-grandchild or biological, |
| 11.9 | adopted, or foster grandchild of the employee. |
| 11.10 | Subd. 23. Health care provider. "Health care provider" means: |
| 11.11 | (1) an individual who is licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized under law to practice |
| 11.12 | in the individual's scope of practice as a physician, osteopath, surgeon, or advanced practice |
| 11.13 | registered nurse; or |
| 11.14 | (2) any other individual determined by the commissioner by rule, in accordance with |
| 11.15 | the rulemaking procedures in the Administrative Procedure Act, to be capable of providing |
| 11.16 | health care services. |
| 11.17 | Subd. 24. High quarter. "High quarter" means the calendar quarter in an applicant's |
| 11.18 | base period with the highest amount of wage credits. |
| 11.19 | Subd. 25. Incapacity. "Incapacity" means inability to perform regular work, attend |
| 11.20 | school, or fully perform other regular daily activities due to a serious health condition, |
| 11.21 | treatment therefore, or recovery therefrom. |
| 11.22 | Subd. 26. Independent contractor. (a) If there is an existing specific test or definition |
| 11.23 | for independent contractor in Minnesota statute or rule applicable to an occupation or sector |
| 11.24 | as of the date of enactment of this chapter, that test or definition shall apply to that occupation |
| 11.25 | or sector for purposes of this chapter. If there is not an existing test or definition as described, |
| 11.26 | the definition for independent contractor shall be as provided in this subdivision. |
| 11.27 | (b) An individual is an independent contractor and not an employee of the person for |
| 11.28 | whom the individual is performing services in the course of the person's trade, business, |
| 11.29 | profession, or occupation only if: |
| 11.30 | (1) the individual maintains a separate business with the individual's own office, |
| 11.31 | equipment, materials, and other facilities; |

| 12.1 | (2) the individual: |
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| 12.2 | (i) holds or has applied for a federal employer identification number; or |
| 12.3 | (ii) has filed business or self-employment income tax returns with the federal Internal |
| 12.4 | Revenue Service if the individual has performed services in the previous year; |
| 12.5 | (3) the individual is operating under contract to perform the specific services for the |
| 12.6 | person for specific amounts of money and under which the individual controls the means |
| 12.7 | of performing the services; |
| 12.8 | (4) the individual is incurring the main expenses related to the services that the individual |
| 12.9 | is performing for the person under the contract; |
| 12.10 | (5) the individual is responsible for the satisfactory completion of the services that the |
| 12.11 | individual has contracted to perform for the person and is liable for a failure to complete |
| 12.12 | the services; |
| 12.13 | (6) the individual receives compensation from the person for the services performed |
| 12.14 | under the contract on a commission or per-job or competitive bid basis and not on any other |
| 12.15 | basis; |
| 12.16 | (7) the individual may realize a profit or suffer a loss under the contract to perform |
| 12.17 | services for the person; |
| 12.18 | (8) the individual has continuing or recurring business liabilities or obligations; and |
| 12.19 | (9) the success or failure of the individual's business depends on the relationship of |
| 12.20 | business receipts to expenditures. |
| 12.21 | (c) For the purposes of this chapter, an insurance producer, as defined in section 60K.31 |
| 12.22 | subdivision 6, is an independent contractor of an insurance company, as defined in section |
| 12.23 | 60A.02, subdivision 4, unless the insurance producer and insurance company agree otherwise |
| 12.24 | Subd. 27. Inpatient care. "Inpatient care" means an overnight stay in a hospital, hospice |
| 12.25 | or residential medical care facility, including any period of incapacity, or any subsequent |
| 12.26 | treatment in connection with such inpatient care. |
| 12.27 | Subd. 28. Maximum weekly benefit amount. "Maximum weekly benefit amount" |
| 12.28 | means the state's average weekly wage as calculated under section 268.035, subdivision 23 |
| 12.29 | Subd. 29. Medical benefit program. "Medical benefit program" means the program |
| 12.30 | administered under this chapter for the collection of premiums and payment of benefits |
| 12 31 | related to an applicant's serious health condition or pregnancy |

| 13.1 | Subd. 30. Net earnings from self-employment. "Net earnings from self-employment" |
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| 13.2 | has the meaning given in section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code, as defined in section |
| 13.3 | <u>290.01, subdivision 31.</u> |
| 13.4 | Subd. 31. Pregnancy. "Pregnancy" means prenatal care or incapacity due to pregnancy |
| 13.5 | or recovery from childbirth, still birth, miscarriage, or related health conditions. |
| 13.6 | Subd. 32. Qualifying exigency. (a) "Qualifying exigency" means a need arising out of |
| 13.7 | a military member's active duty service or notice of an impending call or order to active |
| 13.8 | duty in the United States armed forces, including providing for the care or other needs of |
| 13.9 | the family member's child or other dependent, making financial or legal arrangements for |
| 13.10 | the family member, attending counseling, attending military events or ceremonies, spending |
| 13.11 | time with the family member during a rest and recuperation leave or following return from |
| 13.12 | deployment, or making arrangements following the death of the military member. |
| 13.13 | (b) For the purposes of this chapter, a "military member" means a current or former |
| 13.14 | member of the United States armed forces, including a member of the National Guard or |
| 13.15 | reserves, who, except for a deceased military member, is a resident of the state and is a |
| 13.16 | family member of the employee taking leave related to the qualifying exigency. |
| 13.17 | Subd. 33. Safety leave. "Safety leave" means leave from work because of domestic |
| 13.18 | abuse, sexual assault, or stalking of the employee or employee's family member, provided |
| 13.19 | the leave is to: |
| 13.20 | (1) seek medical attention related to the physical or psychological injury or disability |
| 13.21 | |
| | caused by domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking; |
| 13.22 | caused by domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking; (2) obtain services from a victim services organization; |
| 13.22 13.23 | |
| | (2) obtain services from a victim services organization; |
| 13.23 | (2) obtain services from a victim services organization; (3) obtain psychological or other counseling; |
| 13.23 13.24 | (2) obtain services from a victim services organization; (3) obtain psychological or other counseling; (4) seek relocation due to the domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking; or |
| 13.23 13.24 13.25 | (2) obtain services from a victim services organization; (3) obtain psychological or other counseling; (4) seek relocation due to the domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking; or (5) seek legal advice or take legal action, including preparing for or participating in any |
| 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 | (2) obtain services from a victim services organization; (3) obtain psychological or other counseling; (4) seek relocation due to the domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking; or (5) seek legal advice or take legal action, including preparing for or participating in any civil or criminal legal proceeding related to, or resulting from, the domestic abuse, sexual |
| 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 | (2) obtain services from a victim services organization; (3) obtain psychological or other counseling; (4) seek relocation due to the domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking; or (5) seek legal advice or take legal action, including preparing for or participating in any civil or criminal legal proceeding related to, or resulting from, the domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking. |
| 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 | (2) obtain services from a victim services organization; (3) obtain psychological or other counseling; (4) seek relocation due to the domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking; or (5) seek legal advice or take legal action, including preparing for or participating in any civil or criminal legal proceeding related to, or resulting from, the domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking. Subd. 34. Self-employed individual. "Self-employed individual" means a resident of |

| 14.1 | Subd. 35. Self-employment premium base. "Self-employment premium base" means |
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| 14.2 | the lesser of: |
| 14.3 | (1) a self-employed individual's estimated self-employment income for the calendar year |
| 14.4 | plus the individual's self-employment wages in the calendar year; or |
| 14.5 | (2) the maximum earnings subject to the FICA Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability |
| 14.6 | Insurance tax in the taxable year. |
| 14.7 | Subd. 36. Self-employment wages. "Self-employment wages" means the amount of |
| 14.8 | wages that a self-employed individual earned in the calendar year from an entity from which |
| 14.9 | the individual also received net earnings from self-employment. |
| 14.10 | Subd. 37. Serious health condition. (a) "Serious health condition" means a physical or |
| 14.11 | mental illness, injury, impairment, condition, or substance use disorder that involves: |
| 14.12 | (1) at-home care or inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care |
| 14.13 | facility, including any period of incapacity; or |
| 14.14 | (2) continuing treatment or supervision by a health care provider which includes any |
| 14.15 | one or more of the following: |
| 14.16 | (i) a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive, full calendar days, and any |
| 14.17 | subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition, that also involves: |
| 14.18 | (A) treatment two or more times by a health care provider or by a provider of health |
| 14.19 | care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider; or |
| 14.20 | (B) treatment by a health care provider on at least one occasion that results in a regimen |
| 14.21 | of continuing treatment under the supervision of the health care provider; |
| 14.22 | (ii) a period of incapacity due to pregnancy, or for prenatal care; |
| 14.23 | (iii) a period of incapacity or treatment for a chronic health condition that: |
| 14.24 | (A) requires periodic visits, defined as at least twice a year, for treatment by a health |
| 14.25 | care provider or under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider; |
| 14.26 | (B) continues over an extended period of time, including recurring episodes of a single |
| 14.27 | underlying condition; and |
| 14.28 | (C) may cause episodic rather than continuing periods of incapacity; |
| 14.29 | (iv) a period of incapacity which is permanent or long term due to a condition for which |
| 14.30 | treatment may not be effective. The employee or family member must be under the continuing |
| 14.31 | supervision of, but need not be receiving active treatment by, a health care provider; or |

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| <u>(v)</u> | a period of absence to receive multiple treatments, including any period of recovery |
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| from th | ne treatments, by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services under |
| orders | of, or on referral by, a health care provider, for: |
| (A) | restorative surgery after an accident or other injury; or |
| (B) | a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three |
| consec | utive, full calendar days in the absence of medical intervention or treatment. |
| <u>(b)</u> | For the purposes of paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), treatment by a health care |
| provide | er means an in-person visit or telemedicine visit with a health care provider, or by a |
| provide | er of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider. |
| <u>(c)</u>] | For the purposes of paragraph (a), treatment includes but is not limited to examinations |
| to dete | rmine if a serious health condition exists and evaluations of the condition. |
| <u>(d)</u> | Absences attributable to incapacity under paragraph (a), clause (2), item (ii) or (iii), |
| qualify | for leave under this chapter even if the employee or the family member does not |
| receive | e treatment from a health care provider during the absence, and even if the absence |
| does no | ot last more than three consecutive, full calendar days. |
| Sub | od. 38. State's average weekly wage. "State's average weekly wage" means the |
| weekly | wage calculated under section 268.035, subdivision 23. |
| Sub | od. 39. Supplemental benefit payment. (a) "Supplemental benefit payment" means: |
| <u>(1)</u> | a payment made by an employer to an employee as salary continuation or as paid |
| time of | ff. Such a payment must be in addition to any family or medical leave benefits the |
| employ | yee is receiving under this chapter; and |
| <u>(2)</u> | a payment offered by an employer to an employee who is taking leave under this |
| chapter | r to supplement the family or medical leave benefits the employee is receiving. |
| <u>(b)</u> | Employers may, but are not required to, designate certain benefits including but not |
| limited | to salary continuation, vacation leave, sick leave, or other paid time off as a |
| supple | mental benefit payment. |
| (c) | Nothing in this chapter requires an employee to receive supplemental benefit |
| payme | nts. |
| Sub | od. 40. Taxable year. "Taxable year" has the meaning given in section 290.01, |
| subdiv | ision 9. |
| Sub | od. 41. Taxable wages. "Taxable wages" means those wages paid to an employee in |
| covere | d employment each calendar year up to an amount equal to the maximum wages |

| | subject to premium in a calendar year, which is equal to the maximum earnings in that year |
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| | subject to the FICA Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance tax rounded to the nearest |
| | <u>\$1,000.</u> |
| | Subd. 42. Typical workweek hours. "Typical workweek hours" means: |
| | (1) for an hourly employee, the average number of hours worked per week by an |
| | employee within the high quarter during the base year; or |
| | (2) 40 hours for a salaried employee, regardless of the number of hours the salaried |
| | employee typically works. |
| | Subd. 43. Wage credits. "Wage credits" means the amount of wages paid within an |
| | applicant's base period for covered employment, as defined in subdivision 13. |
| | Subd. 44. Wage detail report. "Wage detail report" means the report on each employee |
| | in covered employment required from an employer on a calendar quarter basis under section |
| | <u>268B.12.</u> |
| | Subd. 45. Wages. (a) "Wages" means all compensation for employment, including |
| | commissions; bonuses, awards, and prizes; severance payments; standby pay; vacation and |
| | holiday pay; back pay as of the date of payment; tips and gratuities paid to an employee by |
| | a customer of an employer and accounted for by the employee to the employer; sickness |
| : | and accident disability payments, except as otherwise provided in this subdivision; and the |
| (| cash value of housing, utilities, meals, exchanges of services, and any other goods and |
| - 1 | services provided to compensate an employee, except: |
| | (1) the amount of any payment made to, or on behalf of, an employee under a plan |
| | established by an employer that makes provision for employees generally or for a class or |
| | classes of employees, including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, |
| | or into a plan, to provide for a payment, on account of (i) retirement, (ii) medical and |
| | hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, or (iii) death; |
| | (2) the payment by an employer of the tax imposed upon an employee under United |
| | States Code, title 26, section 3101 of the Federal Insurance Contribution Act, with respect |
| | to compensation paid to an employee for domestic employment in a private household of |
| | the employer or for agricultural employment; |
| | (3) any payment made to, or on behalf of, an employee or beneficiary (i) from or to a |
| | trust described in United States Code, title 26, section 401(a) of the federal Internal Revenue |
| | Code, that is exempt from tax under section 501(a) at the time of the payment unless the |
| | payment is made to an employee of the trust as compensation for services as an employee |

| 17.1 | and not as a beneficiary of the trust, or (ii) under or to an annuity plan that, at the time of |
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| 17.2 | the payment, is a plan described in section 403(a); |
| 17.3 | (4) the value of any special discount or markdown allowed to an employee on goods |
| 17.4 | purchased from or services supplied by the employer where the purchases are optional and |
| 17.5 | do not constitute regular or systematic payment for services; |
| 17.6 | (5) customary and reasonable directors' fees paid to individuals who are not otherwise |
| 17.7 | employed by the corporation of which they are directors; |
| 17.8 | (6) the payment to employees for reimbursement of meal expenses when employees are |
| 17.9 | required to perform work after their regular hours; |
| 17.10 | (7) the payment into a trust or plan for purposes of providing legal or dental services if |
| 17.11 | provided for all employees generally or for a class or classes of employees; |
| 17.12 | (8) the value of parking facilities provided or paid for by an employer, in whole or in |
| 17.13 | part, if provided for all employees generally or for a class or classes of employees; |
| 17.14 | (9) royalties to an owner of a franchise, license, copyright, patent, oil, mineral, or other |
| 17.15 | right; |
| 17.16 | (10) advances or reimbursements for traveling or other ordinary and necessary expenses |
| 17.17 | incurred or reasonably expected to be incurred in the business of the employer. Traveling |
| 17.18 | and other reimbursed expenses must be identified either by making separate payments or |
| 17.19 | by specifically indicating the separate amounts where both wages and expense allowances |
| 17.20 | are combined in a single payment; |
| 17.21 | (11) residual payments to radio, television, and similar artists that accrue after the |
| 17.22 | production of television commercials, musical jingles, spot announcements, radio |
| 17.23 | transcriptions, film soundtracks, and similar activities; |
| 17.24 | (12) the income to a former employee resulting from the exercise of a nonqualified stock |
| 17.25 | option; |
| 17.26 | (13) supplemental unemployment benefit payments under a plan established by an |
| 17.27 | employer, if the payment is not wages under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act. The |
| 17.28 | payments are wages unless made solely for the supplementing of weekly state or federal |
| 17.29 | unemployment benefits. Supplemental unemployment benefit payments may not be assigned, |
| 17.30 | nor may any consideration be required from the applicant, other than a release of claims in |
| 17 31 | order to be excluded from wages: |

| 18.1 | (14) sickness or accident disability payments made by the employer after the expiration |
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| 18.2 | of six calendar months following the last calendar month that the individual worked for the |
| 18.3 | employer; |
| 18.4 | (15) disability payments made under the provisions of any workers' compensation law; |
| 18.5 | (16) sickness or accident disability payments made by a third-party payer such as an |
| 18.6 | insurance company; or |
| 18.7 | (17) payments made into a trust fund, or for the purchase of insurance or an annuity, to |
| 18.8 | provide for sickness or accident disability payments to employees under a plan or system |
| 18.9 | established by the employer that provides for the employer's employees generally or for a |
| 18.10 | class or classes of employees. |
| 18.11 | (b) Nothing in this subdivision excludes from the term "wages" any payment made under |
| 18.12 | any type of salary reduction agreement, including payments made under a cash or deferred |
| 18.13 | arrangement and cafeteria plan, as defined in United States Code, title 26, sections 401(k) |
| 18.14 | and 125 of the federal Internal Revenue Code, to the extent that the employee has the option |
| 18.15 | to receive the payment in cash. |
| 18.16 | (c) Wages includes the total payment to the operator and supplier of a vehicle or other |
| 18.17 | equipment where the payment combines compensation for personal services as well as |
| 18.18 | compensation for the cost of operating and hiring the equipment in a single payment. This |
| 18.19 | paragraph does not apply if: |
| 18.20 | (1) there is a preexisting written agreement providing for allocation of specific amounts; |
| 18.21 | <u>or</u> |
| 18.22 | (2) at the time of each payment there is a written acknowledgment indicating the separate |
| 18.23 | allocated amounts. |
| 18.24 | (d) Wages includes payments made for services as a caretaker. Unless there is a contract |
| 18.25 | or other proof to the contrary, compensation is considered as being equally received by a |
| 18.26 | married couple where the employer makes payment to only one spouse, or by all tenants of |
| 18.27 | a household who perform services where two or more individuals share the same dwelling |
| 18.28 | and the employer makes payment to only one individual. |
| 18.29 | (e) Wages includes payments made for services by a migrant family. Where services |
| 18.30 | are performed by a married couple or a family and an employer makes payment to only one |
| 18.31 | individual, each worker is considered as having received an equal share of the compensation |
| 18.32 | unless there is a contract or other proof to the contrary. |

| 19.1 | (f) Wages includes advances or draws against future earnings, when paid, unless the |
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| 19.2 | payments are designated as a loan or return of capital on the books and records of the |
| 19.3 | employer at the time of payment. |
| 19.4 | (g) Wages includes payments made by a subchapter "S" corporation, as organized under |
| 19.5 | the Internal Revenue Code, to or on behalf of officers and shareholders that are reasonable |
| 19.6 | compensation for services performed for the corporation. |
| 19.7 | For a subchapter "S" corporation, wages does not include: |
| 19.8 | (1) a loan for business purposes to an officer or shareholder evidenced by a promissory |
| 19.9 | note signed by an officer before the payment of the loan proceeds and recorded on the books |
| 19.10 | and records of the corporation as a loan to an officer or shareholder; |
| 19.11 | (2) a repayment of a loan or payment of interest on a loan made by an officer to the |
| 19.12 | corporation and recorded on the books and records of the corporation as a liability; |
| 19.13 | (3) a reimbursement of reasonable corporation expenses incurred by an officer and |
| 19.14 | documented by a written expense voucher and recorded on the books and records of the |
| 19.15 | corporation as corporate expenses; and |
| 19.16 | (4) a reasonable lease or rental payment to an officer who owns property that is leased |
| 19.17 | or rented to the corporation. |
| 19.18 | Subd. 46. Wages paid. (a) "Wages paid" means the amount of wages: |
| 19.19 | (1) that have been actually paid; or |
| 19.20 | (2) that have been credited to or set apart so that payment and disposition is under the |
| 19.21 | control of the employee. |
| 19.22 | (b) Wage payments delayed beyond the regularly scheduled pay date are wages paid on |
| 19.23 | the missed pay date. Back pay is wages paid on the date of actual payment. Any wages |
| 19.24 | earned but not paid with no scheduled date of payment are wages paid on the last day of |
| 19.25 | employment. |
| 19.26 | (c) Wages paid does not include wages earned but not paid except as provided for in |
| 19.27 | this subdivision. |
| 19.28 | Subd. 47. Week. "Week" means calendar week ending at midnight Saturday. |
| 19.29 | Subd. 48. Weekly benefit amount. "Weekly benefit amount" means the amount of |
| 19.30 | family and medical leave benefits computed under section 268B.04. |

| 20.1 | Sec. 6. [268B.02] FAMILY AND MEDICAL BENEFIT INSURANCE PROGRAM |
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| 20.1 | CREATION. |
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| 20.3 | Subdivision 1. Creation. A family and medical benefit insurance program is created to |
| 20.4 | be administered by the commissioner according to the terms of this chapter. |
| 20.5 | Subd. 2. Creation of division. A Family and Medical Benefit Insurance Division is |
| 20.6 | created within the department under the authority of the commissioner. The commissioner |
| 20.7 | shall appoint a director of the division. The division shall administer and operate the benefit |
| 20.8 | program under this chapter. |
| 20.9 | Subd. 3. Rulemaking. The commissioner shall adopt rules to implement the provisions |
| 20.10 | of this chapter. |
| 20.11 | Subd. 4. Account creation; appropriation. The family and medical benefit insurance |
| 20.12 | account is created in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. Money in this account |
| 20.13 | is appropriated to the commissioner to pay benefits under and to administer this chapter, |
| 20.14 | including outreach required under section 268B.18. |
| 20.15 | Subd. 5. Information technology services and equipment. The department is exempt |
| 20.16 | from the provisions of section 16E.016 for the purposes of this chapter. |
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| 20.17 | Sec. 7. [268B.03] PAYMENT OF BENEFITS. |
| 20.18 | Subdivision 1. Requirements. The commissioner must pay benefits from the family |
| 20.19 | and medical benefit insurance account as provided under this chapter to an applicant who |
| 20.20 | has met each of the following requirements: |
| 20.21 | (1) the applicant has filed an application for benefits and established a benefit account |
| 20.22 | in accordance with section 268B.04; |
| 20.23 | (2) the applicant has met all of the ongoing eligibility requirements under section |
| 20.24 | <u>268B.06;</u> |
| 20.25 | (3) the applicant does not have an outstanding overpayment of family or medical leave |
| 20.26 | benefits, including any penalties or interest; |
| 20.27 | (4) the applicant has not been held ineligible for benefits under section 268.07, subdivision |
| 20.28 | 2; and |
| | |
| 20.29 | (5) the applicant is not employed exclusively by a private plan employer and has wage |
| 20.30 | credits during the base year attributable to employers covered under the state family and |

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medical leave program.

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Subd. 2. Benefits paid from state funds. Benefits are paid from state funds and are not considered paid from any special insurance plan, nor as paid by an employer. An application for family or medical leave benefits is not considered a claim against an employer but is considered a request for benefits from the family and medical benefit insurance account. The commissioner has the responsibility for the proper payment of benefits regardless of the level of interest or participation by an applicant or an employer in any determination or appeal. An applicant's entitlement to benefits must be determined based upon that information available without regard to a burden of proof. Any agreement between an applicant and an employer is not binding on the commissioner in determining an applicant's entitlement. There is no presumption of entitlement or nonentitlement to benefits.

Sec. 8. [268B.04] BENEFIT ACCOUNT; BENEFITS.

Subdivision 1. Application for benefits; determination of benefit account. (a) An application for benefits may be filed in person, by mail, or by electronic transmission as the commissioner may require. The applicant must include certification supporting a request for leave under this chapter. The applicant must meet eligibility requirements at the time the application is filed and must provide all requested information in the manner required. If the applicant does not meet eligibility at the time of the application or fails to provide all requested information, the communication is not an application for family and medical leave benefits.

- (b) The commissioner must examine each application for benefits to determine the base period and the benefit year, and based upon all the covered employment in the base period the commissioner must determine the weekly benefit amount available, if any, and the maximum amount of benefits available, if any. The determination, which is a document separate and distinct from a document titled a determination of eligibility or determination of ineligibility, must be titled determination of benefit account. A determination of benefit account must be sent to the applicant and all base period employers, by mail or electronic transmission.
- (c) If a base period employer did not provide wage detail information for the applicant as required under section 268B.12, the commissioner may accept an applicant certification of wage credits, based upon the applicant's records, and issue a determination of benefit account.
- (d) The commissioner may, at any time within 24 months from the establishment of a benefit account, reconsider any determination of benefit account and make an amended determination if the commissioner finds that the wage credits listed in the determination

Article 1 Sec. 8.

| 22.1 | were incorrect for any reason. An amended determination of benefit account must be |
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| 22.2 | promptly sent to the applicant and all base period employers, by mail or electronic |
| 22.3 | transmission. This paragraph does not apply to documents titled determinations of eligibility |
| 22.4 | or determinations of ineligibility issued. |
| 22.5 | (e) If an amended determination of benefit account reduces the weekly benefit amount |
| 22.6 | or maximum amount of benefits available, any benefits that have been paid greater than the |
| 22.7 | applicant was entitled is an overpayment of benefits. A determination or amended |
| 22.8 | determination issued under this section that results in an overpayment of benefits must set |
| 22.9 | out the amount of the overpayment and the requirement that the overpaid benefits must be |
| 22.10 | repaid according to section 268B.185. |
| 22.11 | Subd. 2. Benefit account requirements. (a) Unless paragraph (b) applies, to establish |
| 22.12 | a benefit account, an applicant must have wage credits of at least 5.3 percent of the state's |
| 22.13 | average annual wage rounded down to the next lower \$100. |
| 22.14 | (b) To establish a new benefit account following the expiration of the benefit year on a |
| 22.15 | prior benefit account, an applicant must have performed actual work in subsequent covered |
| 22.16 | employment and have been paid wages in one or more completed calendar quarters that |
| 22.17 | started after the effective date of the prior benefit account. The wages paid for that |
| 22.18 | employment must be at least enough to meet the requirements of paragraph (a). A benefit |
| 22.19 | account under this paragraph must not be established effective earlier than the Sunday |
| 22.20 | following the end of the most recent completed calendar quarter in which the requirements |
| 22.21 | of paragraph (a) were met. An applicant must not establish a second benefit account as a |
| 22.22 | result of one loss of employment. |
| 22.23 | Subd. 3. Weekly benefit amount; maximum amount of benefits available; prorated |
| 22.24 | amount. (a) Subject to the maximum weekly benefit amount, an applicant's weekly benefit |
| 22.25 | is calculated by adding the amounts obtained by applying the following percentage to an |
| 22.26 | applicant's average typical workweek and weekly wage during the high quarter of the base |
| 22.27 | period: |
| 22.28 | (1) 90 percent of wages that do not exceed 50 percent of the state's average weekly wage; |
| 22.29 | plus |
| 22.30 | (2) 66 percent of wages that exceed 50 percent of the state's average weekly wage but |
| 22.31 | not 100 percent; plus |
| | |
| 22.32 | (3) 55 percent of wages that exceed 100 percent of the state's average weekly wage. |

| 23.1 | (b) The state's average weekly wage is the average wage as calculated under section |
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| 23.2 | 268.035, subdivision 23, at the time a benefit amount is first determined. |
| 23.3 | (c) The maximum weekly benefit amount is the state's average weekly wage as calculated |
| 23.4 | under section 268.035, subdivision 23. |
| 23.5 | (d) The state's maximum weekly benefit amount, computed in accordance with section |
| 23.6 | 268.035, subdivision 23, applies to a benefit account established effective on or after the |
| 23.7 | last Sunday in October. Once established, an applicant's weekly benefit amount is not |
| 23.8 | affected by the last Sunday in October change in the state's maximum weekly benefit amount. |
| 23.9 | (e) For an employee receiving family or medical leave, a weekly benefit amount is |
| 23.10 | prorated when: |
| 23.11 | (1) the employee works hours for wages; or |
| 23.12 | (2) the employee uses paid sick leave, paid vacation leave, or other paid time off that is |
| 23.13 | not considered a supplemental benefit payment as defined in section 268B.01, subdivision |
| 23.14 | <u>37.</u> |
| 23.15 | Subd. 4. Timing of payment. Except as otherwise provided for in this chapter, benefits |
| 23.16 | must be paid weekly. |
| 23.17 | Subd. 5. Maximum length of benefits. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), in a |
| 23.18 | single benefit year, an applicant may receive up to 12 weeks of benefits under this chapter |
| 23.19 | related to the applicant's serious health condition or pregnancy and up to 12 weeks of benefits |
| 23.20 | under this chapter for bonding, safety leave, or family care. |
| 23.21 | (b) An applicant may receive up to 12 weeks of benefits in a single benefit year for leave |
| 23.22 | related to one or more qualifying exigencies. |
| 23.23 | Subd. 6. Minimum period for which benefits payable. Except for a claim for benefits |
| 23.24 | for bonding leave, any claim for benefits must be based on a single qualifying event of at |
| 23.25 | least seven calendar days. Benefits may be paid for a minimum duration of eight consecutive |
| 23.26 | hours in a week. If an employee on leave claims eight hours at any point during a week, the |
| 23.27 | minimum duration is satisfied. |
| 23.28 | Subd. 7. Right of appeal. (a) A determination or amended determination of benefit |
| 23.29 | account is final unless an appeal is filed by the applicant within 30 calendar days after the |
| 23.30 | sending of the determination or amended determination, or within 60 calendar days, if an |
| 23.31 | applicant establishes good cause for not appealing within 30 days. For the purposes of this |
| 23.32 | paragraph, "good cause" means a reason that would have prevented an applicant from acting |
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| 24.1 | linguistic and literacy limitation of the applicant, along with other relevant factors. If an |
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| 24.2 | applicant claims good cause for a late appeal, the applicant must be granted a hearing on |
| 24.3 | the issue of timeliness. This hearing can be held at the same time as a hearing on the merits |
| 24.4 | of the appeal. Proceedings on the appeal are conducted in accordance with section 268B.08. |
| 24.5 | (b) Any applicant may appeal from a determination or amended determination of benefit |
| 24.6 | account on the issue of whether services performed constitute employment, whether the |
| 24.7 | employment is covered employment, and whether money paid constitutes wages. |
| 24.8 | Subd. 8. Limitations on applications and benefit accounts. (a) An application for |
| 24.9 | family or medical leave benefits is effective the Sunday of the calendar week that the |
| 24.10 | application was filed. An application for benefits may be backdated one calendar week |
| 24.11 | before the Sunday of the week the application was actually filed if the applicant requests |
| 24.12 | the backdating within seven calendar days of the date the application is filed. An application |
| 24.13 | may be backdated only if the applicant was eligible for the benefit during the period of the |
| 24.14 | backdating. If an individual attempted to file an application for benefits, but was prevented |
| 24.15 | from filing an application by the department, the application is effective the Sunday of the |
| 24.16 | calendar week the individual first attempted to file an application. |
| 24.17 | (b) A benefit account established under subdivision 2 is effective the date the application |
| 24.18 | for benefits was effective. |
| 24.19 | (c) A benefit account, once established, may later be withdrawn if: |
| 24.20 | (1) the applicant has not been paid any benefits on that benefit account; and |
| 24.21 | (2) a new application for benefits is filed and a new benefit account is established at the |
| 24.22 | time of the withdrawal. |
| 24.23 | A benefit account may be withdrawn after the expiration of the benefit year, and the |
| 24.24 | new work requirements of subdivision 2, paragraph (b), do not apply if the applicant was |
| 24.25 | not paid any benefits on the benefit account that is being withdrawn. |
| 24.26 | A determination or amended determination of eligibility or ineligibility issued under |
| 24.27 | section 268B.07 that was sent before the withdrawal of the benefit account, remains in effect |
| 24.28 | and is not voided by the withdrawal of the benefit account. |
| 24.29 | Sec. 9. [268B.05] CONTINUED REQUEST FOR BENEFITS. |
| 24.30 | A continued request for family or medical leave benefits is a certification by an applicant, |

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done on a weekly basis, that the applicant is unable to perform usual work due to a qualifying

| 25.1 | event and meets the ongoing eligibility requirements for benefits under section 268B.06. A |
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| 25.2 | continued request must include information on possible issues of ineligibility. |
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| 25.3 | Sec. 10. [268B.06] ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS; PAYMENTS THAT AFFECT |
| 25.4 | BENEFITS. |
| 25.5 | Subdivision 1. Eligibility conditions. (a) An applicant may be eligible to receive family |
| 25.6 | or medical leave benefits for any week if: |
| 25.7 | (1) the applicant has filed a continued request for benefits for that week under section |
| 25.8 | <u>268B.05;</u> |
| 25.9 | (2) the week for which benefits are requested is in the applicant's benefit year; |
| 25.10 | (3) the applicant was unable to perform regular work due to a serious health condition, |
| 25.11 | a qualifying exigency, safety leave, family care, bonding, pregnancy, or recovery from |
| 25.12 | pregnancy for the period required under subdivision 2; |
| 25.13 | (4) the applicant has sufficient wage credits from an employer or employers as defined |
| 25.14 | in section 268B.01, subdivision 41, to establish a benefit account under section 268B.04; |
| 25.15 | and |
| 25.16 | (5) an applicant requesting benefits under this chapter must fulfill certification |
| 25.17 | requirements under subdivision 3. |
| 25.18 | (b) A self-employed individual or independent contractor who has elected and been |
| 25.19 | approved for coverage under section 268B.11 need not fulfill the requirement of paragraph |
| 25.20 | (a), clause (4). |
| 25.21 | Subd. 2. Seven-day qualifying event. (a) The period for which an applicant is seeking |
| 25.22 | benefits must be or have been based on a single event of at least seven calendar days' duration |
| 25.23 | related to pregnancy, recovery from pregnancy, family care, a qualifying exigency, safety |
| 25.24 | leave, or the applicant's serious health condition. The days need not be consecutive. |
| 25.25 | (b) Benefits related to bonding need not meet the seven-day qualifying event requirement. |
| 25.26 | (c) The commissioner shall use the rulemaking authority under section 268B.02, |
| 25.27 | subdivision 3, to adopt rules regarding what serious health conditions and other events are |
| 25.28 | prospectively presumed to constitute seven-day qualifying events under this chapter. |
| 25.29 | Subd. 3. Certification. (a) Certification for an applicant taking leave related to the |
| 25.30 | applicant's serious health condition shall be sufficient if the certification states the date on |
| 25.31 | which the serious health condition began, the probable duration of the condition, and the |

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| 26.1 | appropriate medical facts within the knowledge of the health care provider as required by |
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| 26.2 | the commissioner. |

- (b) Certification for an applicant taking leave to care for a family member with a serious health condition shall be sufficient if the certification states the date on which the serious health condition commenced, the probable duration of the condition, the appropriate medical facts within the knowledge of the health care provider as required by the commissioner, a statement that the family member requires care, and an estimate of the amount of time that the family member will require care.
- (c) Certification for an applicant taking leave related to pregnancy shall be sufficient if the certification states the expected due date and recovery period based on appropriate medical facts within the knowledge of the health care provider.
- (d) Certification for an applicant taking bonding leave because of the birth of the applicant's child shall be sufficient if the certification includes either the child's birth certificate or a document issued by the health care provider of the child or the health care provider of the person who gave birth, stating the child's birth date.
- (e) Certification for an applicant taking bonding leave because of the placement of a child with the applicant for adoption or foster care shall be sufficient if the applicant provides a document issued by the health care provider of the child, an adoption or foster care agency involved in the placement, or by other individuals as determined by the commissioner that confirms the placement and the date of placement. To the extent that the status of an applicant as an adoptive or foster parent changes while an application for benefits is pending, or while the covered individual is receiving benefits, the applicant must notify the department of such change in status in writing.
- (f) Certification for an applicant taking leave because of a qualifying exigency shall be sufficient if the certification includes:
- 26.26 (1) a copy of the family member's active-duty orders;
- 26.27 (2) other documentation issued by the United States armed forces; or
- (3) other documentation permitted by the commissioner. 26.28
 - (g) Certification for an applicant taking safety leave is sufficient if the certification includes a court record or documentation signed by a volunteer or employee of a victim's services organization, an attorney, a police officer, or an antiviolence counselor. The commissioner must not require disclosure of details relating to an applicant's or applicant's family member's domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking.

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| 27.1 | (h) Certifications under paragraphs (a) to (e) must be reviewed and signed by a health |
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| 27.2 | care provider with knowledge of the qualifying event associated with the leave. |
| 27.3 | (i) For a leave taken on an intermittent or reduced-schedule basis, based on a serious |
| 27.4 | health condition of an applicant or applicant's family member, the certification under this |
| 27.5 | subdivision must include an explanation of how such leave would be medically beneficial |
| 27.6 | to the individual with the serious health condition. |
| 27.7 | Subd. 4. Not eligible. An applicant is ineligible for family or medical leave benefits for |
| 27.8 | any portion of a typical workweek: |
| 27.9 | (1) that occurs before the effective date of a benefit account; |
| 27.10 | (2) that the applicant has an outstanding misrepresentation overpayment balance under |
| 27.11 | section 268B.185, subdivision 5, including any penalties and interest; |
| 27.12 | (3) that the applicant fails or refuses to provide information on an issue of ineligibility |
| 27.13 | required under section 268B.07, subdivision 2; or |
| 27.14 | (4) for which the applicant worked for pay. |
| 27.15 | Subd. 5. Vacation, sick leave, and supplemental benefit payments. (a) An applicant |
| 27.16 | is not eligible to receive benefits for any portion of a typical workweek the applicant is |
| 27.17 | receiving, has received, or will receive vacation pay, sick pay, or personal time off pay, also |
| 27.18 | known as "PTO." |
| 27.19 | (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply: |
| 27.20 | (1) upon a permanent separation from employment; |
| 27.21 | (2) to payments from a vacation fund administered by a union or a third party not under |
| 27.22 | the control of the employer; or |
| 27.23 | (3) to supplemental benefit payments, as defined in section 268B.01, subdivision 37. |
| 27.24 | (c) Payments under this subdivision are applied to the period immediately following the |
| 27.25 | later of the date of separation from employment or the date the applicant first becomes |
| 27.26 | aware that the employer will be making a payment. The date the payment is actually made |
| 27.27 | or received, or that an applicant must agree to a release of claims, does not affect the |
| 27.28 | application of this subdivision. |
| 27.29 | Subd. 6. Workers' compensation and disability insurance offset. (a) An applicant is |
| 27.30 | not eligible to receive benefits for any portion of a week in which the applicant is receiving |
| 27.31 | or has received compensation for loss of wages equal to or in excess of the applicant's |
| 27.32 | weekly family or medical leave benefit amount under |

| 28.1 | (1) the workers' compensation law of this state; |
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| 28.2 | (2) the workers' compensation law of any other state or similar federal law; or |
| 28.3 | (3) any insurance or trust fund paid in whole or in part by an employer. |
| 28.4 | (b) This subdivision does not apply to an applicant who has a claim pending for loss of |
| 28.5 | wages under paragraph (a). If the applicant later receives compensation as a result of the |
| 28.6 | pending claim, the applicant is subject to paragraph (a) and the family or medical leave |
| 28.7 | benefits paid are overpaid benefits under section 268B.185. |
| 28.8 | (c) If the amount of compensation described under paragraph (a) for any week is less |
| 28.9 | than the applicant's weekly family or medical leave benefit amount, benefits requested for |
| 28.10 | that week are reduced by the amount of that compensation payment. |
| 28.11 | Subd. 7. Separation, severance, or bonus payments. (a) An applicant is not eligible |
| 28.12 | to receive benefits for any week the applicant is receiving, has received, or will receive |
| 28.13 | separation pay, severance pay, bonus pay, or any other payments paid by an employer |
| 28.14 | because of, upon, or after separation from employment. This subdivision applies if the |
| 28.15 | payment is: |
| 28.16 | (1) considered wages under section 268B.01, subdivision 43; or |
| 28.17 | (2) subject to the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) tax imposed to fund Social |
| 28.18 | Security and Medicare. |
| 28.19 | (b) Payments under this subdivision are applied to the period immediately following the |
| 28.20 | later of the date of separation from employment or the date the applicant first becomes |
| 28.21 | aware that the employer will be making a payment. The date the payment is actually made |
| 28.22 | or received, or that an applicant must agree to a release of claims, does not affect the |
| 28.23 | application of this paragraph. |
| 28.24 | (c) This subdivision does not apply to vacation pay, sick pay, personal time off pay, or |
| 28.25 | supplemental benefit payment under subdivision 4. |
| 28.26 | (d) This subdivision applies to all the weeks of payment. |
| 28.27 | (e) Under this subdivision, if the payment with respect to a week is equal to or more |
| 28.28 | than the applicant's weekly benefit amount, the applicant is ineligible for benefits for that |
| 28.29 | week. If the payment with respect to a week is less than the applicant's weekly benefit |
| 28.30 | amount, benefits are reduced by the amount of the payment. |

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| 29.1 | Subd. 8. Social Security disability benefits. (a) An applicant who is receiving, has |
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| 29.2 | received, or has filed for primary Social Security disability benefits for any week is ineligible |
| 29.3 | for benefits for that week, unless: |
| 29.4 | (1) the Social Security Administration approved the collecting of primary Social Security |
| 29.5 | disability benefits each month the applicant was employed during the base period; or |
| 29.6 | (2) the applicant provides a statement from an appropriate health care professional who |
| 29.7 | is aware of the applicant's Social Security disability claim and the basis for that claim, |
| 29.8 | certifying that the applicant is available for suitable employment. |
| 29.9 | (b) If an applicant meets the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (1), there is no |
| 29.10 | deduction from the applicant's weekly benefit amount for any Social Security disability |
| 29.11 | benefits. |
| 29.12 | (c) If an applicant meets the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2), there must be |
| 29.13 | deducted from the applicant's weekly benefit amount 50 percent of the weekly equivalent |
| 29.14 | of the primary Social Security disability benefits the applicant is receiving, has received, |
| 29.15 | or has filed for, with respect to that week. |
| 29.16 | If the Social Security Administration determines that the applicant is not entitled to receive |
| 29.17 | primary Social Security disability benefits for any week the applicant has applied for those |
| 29.18 | benefits, this paragraph does not apply to that week. |
| 29.19 | (d) Information from the Social Security Administration is conclusive, absent specific |
| 29.20 | evidence showing that the information was erroneous. |
| 20.21 | See 11 1269D 071 DETERMINATION ON ISSUES OF ELICIDII ITV |
| 29.21 | Sec. 11. [268B.07] DETERMINATION ON ISSUES OF ELIGIBILITY. |
| 29.22 | Subdivision 1. Employer notification. (a) Upon a determination that an applicant is |
| 29.23 | entitled to benefits, the commissioner must promptly send a notification to each current |
| 29.24 | employer of the applicant, if any, in accordance with paragraph (b). |
| 29.25 | (b) The notification under paragraph (a) must include, at a minimum: |
| 29.26 | (1) the name of the applicant; |
| 29.27 | (2) that the applicant has applied for and received benefits; |
| 29.28 | (3) the week the benefits commence; |
| 29.29 | (4) the weekly benefit amount payable; and |
| 29.30 | (5) the maximum duration of benefits. |

| 30.1 | Subd. 2. Determination. (a) The commissioner must determine any issue of ineligibility |
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| 30.2 | raised by information required from an applicant and send to the applicant and any current |
| 30.3 | base period employer, by mail or electronic transmission, a document titled a determination |
| 30.4 | of eligibility or a determination of ineligibility, as is appropriate, within two weeks. |
| 30.5 | (b) If an applicant obtained benefits through misrepresentation, the department is |
| 30.6 | authorized to issue a determination of ineligibility within 48 months of the establishment |
| 30.7 | of the benefit account. |
| 30.8 | (c) If the department has filed an intervention in a worker's compensation matter under |
| 30.9 | section 176.361, the department is authorized to issue a determination of ineligibility within |
| 30.10 | 48 months of the establishment of the benefit account. |
| 30.11 | (d) A determination of eligibility or determination of ineligibility is final unless an appeal |
| 30.12 | is filed by the applicant within 20 calendar days after sending. The determination must |
| 30.13 | contain a prominent statement indicating the consequences of not appealing. Proceedings |
| 30.14 | on the appeal are conducted in accordance with section 268B.08. |
| 30.15 | (e) An issue of ineligibility required to be determined under this section includes any |
| 30.16 | question regarding the denial or allowing of benefits under this chapter. |
| 30.17 | Subd. 3. Amended determination. Unless an appeal has been filed, the commissioner, |
| 30.18 | on the commissioner's own motion, may reconsider a determination of eligibility or |
| 30.19 | determination of ineligibility that has not become final and issue an amended determination. |
| 30.20 | Any amended determination must be sent to the applicant and any employer in the current |
| 30.21 | base period by mail or electronic transmission. Any amended determination is final unless |
| 30.22 | an appeal is filed by the applicant within 30 calendar days after sending, or within 60 calendar |
| 30.23 | days, if the applicant establishes good cause for not appealing within 30 days. For the |
| 30.24 | purposes of this paragraph, "good cause" means a reason that would have prevented an |
| 30.25 | applicant from acting with due diligence in appealing within 30 days and includes any |
| 30.26 | illness, disability, or linguistic and literacy limitation of the applicant, along with other |
| 30.27 | relevant factors. If an applicant claims good cause for a late appeal, the applicant must be |
| 30.28 | granted a hearing on the issue of timeliness. This hearing can be held at the same time as a |
| 30.29 | hearing on the merits of the appeal. Proceedings on the appeal are conducted in accordance |
| 30.30 | with section 268B.08. |
| 30.31 | Subd. 4. Benefit payment. If a determination or amended determination allows benefits |
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| | to an applicant, the family or medical leave benefits must be paid regardless of any appeal |

| 31.1 | Subd. 5. Overpayment. A determination or amended determination that holds an |
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| 31.2 | applicant ineligible for benefits for periods an applicant has been paid benefits is an |
| 31.3 | overpayment of those family or medical leave benefits. A determination or amended |
| 31.4 | determination issued under this section that results in an overpayment of benefits must set |
| 31.5 | out the amount of the overpayment and the requirement that the overpaid benefits must be |
| 31.6 | repaid according to section 268B.185. |
| 31.7 | Sec. 12. [268B.08] APPEAL PROCESS. |
| 31.8 | Subdivision 1. Hearing. (a) The commissioner shall designate a chief benefit judge. |
| 31.9 | (b) Upon a timely appeal to a determination having been filed or upon a referral for |
| 31.10 | direct hearing, the chief benefit judge must set a time and date for a de novo due-process |
| 31.11 | hearing and send notice to an applicant and an employer, by mail or electronic transmission, |
| 31.12 | not less than ten calendar days before the date of the hearing. |
| 31.13 | (c) The commissioner may adopt rules on procedures for hearings. The rules need not |
| 31.14 | conform to common law or statutory rules of evidence and other technical rules of procedure. |
| 31.15 | (d) The chief benefit judge has discretion regarding the method by which the hearing is |
| 31.16 | conducted. |
| 31.17 | Subd. 2. Decision. (a) After the conclusion of the hearing, upon the evidence obtained, |
| 31.18 | the benefit judge must serve by mail or electronic transmission to all parties the decision, |
| 31.19 | reasons for the decision, and written findings of fact. |
| 31.20 | (b) Decisions of a benefit judge are not precedential. |
| 31.21 | Subd. 3. Request for reconsideration. Any party, or the commissioner, may, within |
| 31.22 | 30 calendar days after service of the benefit judge's decision, file a request for reconsideration |
| 31.23 | asking the judge to reconsider that decision. |
| 31.24 | Subd. 4. Appeal to court of appeals. Any final determination on a request for |
| 31.25 | reconsideration may be appealed by any party directly to the Minnesota Court of Appeals. |
| 31.26 | Subd. 5. Benefit judges. (a) Only employees of the department who are attorneys licensed |
| 31.27 | to practice law in Minnesota may serve as a chief benefit judge, senior benefit judges who |
| 31.28 | are supervisors, or benefit judges. |
| 31.29 | (b) The chief benefit judge must assign a benefit judge to conduct a hearing and may |

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transfer to another benefit judge any proceedings pending before another benefit judge.

Sec. 13. [268B.085] LEAVE.

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Subdivision 1. **Right to leave.** Ninety calendar days from the date of hire, an employee has a right to leave from employment for any day, or portion of a day, for which the employee would be eligible for benefits under this chapter, regardless of whether the employee actually applied for benefits and regardless of whether the employee is covered under a private plan or the public program under this chapter.

- Subd. 2. Notice to employer. (a) If the need for leave is foreseeable, an employee must provide the employer at least 30 days' advance notice before leave under this chapter is to begin. If 30 days' notice is not practicable because of a lack of knowledge of approximately when leave will be required to begin, a change in circumstances, or a medical emergency, notice must be given as soon as practicable. Whether leave is to be continuous or is to be taken intermittently or on a reduced-schedule basis, notice need only be given one time, but the employee must advise the employer as soon as practicable if dates of scheduled leave change or are extended, or were initially unknown. In those cases where the employee is required to provide at least 30 days' notice of foreseeable leave and does not do so, the employee must explain the reasons why notice was not practicable upon request from the employer.
- (b) "As soon as practicable" means as soon as both possible and practical, taking into account all of the facts and circumstances in the individual case. When an employee becomes aware of a need for leave under this chapter less than 30 days in advance, it should be practicable for the employee to provide notice of the need for leave either the same day or the next day, unless the need for leave is based on a medical emergency. In all cases, however, the determination of when an employee could practicably provide notice must take into account the individual facts and circumstances.
- (c) An employee shall provide at least oral, telephone, or text message notice sufficient to make the employer aware that the employee needs leave allowed under this chapter and the anticipated timing and duration of the leave. An employer may require an employee giving notice of leave to include a certification for the leave as described in section 268B.06, subdivision 3. Such certification, if required by an employer, is timely when the employee delivers it as soon as practicable given the circumstances requiring the need for leave, and the required contents of the certification.
- (d) An employer may require an employee to comply with the employer's usual and customary notice and procedural requirements for requesting leave, absent unusual circumstances or other circumstances caused by the reason for the employee's need for

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| 33.1 | leave. Leave under this chapter must not be delayed or denied where an employer's usual |
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| 33.2 | and customary notice or procedural requirements require notice to be given sooner than set |
| 33.3 | forth in this subdivision. |
| 33.4 | (e) If an employer has failed to provide notice to the employee as required under section |
| 33.5 | 268B.26, paragraph (a), (b), or (e), the employee is not required to comply with the notice |
| 33.6 | requirements of this subdivision. |
| 33.7 | Subd. 3. Bonding leave. Bonding leave taken under this chapter begins at a time requested |
| 33.8 | by the employee. Bonding leave must begin within 12 months of the birth, adoption, or |
| 33.9 | placement of a foster child, except that, in the case where the child must remain in the |
| 33.10 | hospital longer than the mother, the leave must begin within 12 months after the child leaves |
| 33.11 | the hospital. |
| 33.12 | Subd. 4. Intermittent or reduced-leave schedule. (a) Leave under this chapter, based |
| 33.13 | on a serious health condition, may be taken intermittently or on a reduced-leave schedule |
| 33.14 | if such leave is reasonable and appropriate to the needs of the individual with the serious |
| 33.15 | health condition. For all other leaves under this chapter, leave may be taken intermittently |
| 33.16 | or on a reduced-leave schedule. Intermittent leave is leave taken in separate blocks of time |
| 33.17 | due to a single, seven-day qualifying event. A reduced-leave schedule is a leave schedule |
| 33.18 | that reduces an employee's usual number of working hours per workweek or hours per |
| 33.19 | workday. |
| 33.20 | (b) Leave taken intermittently or on a reduced-schedule basis counts toward the |
| 33.21 | maximums described in section 268B.04, subdivision 5. |
| 33.22 | Sec. 14. [268B.09] EMPLOYMENT PROTECTIONS. |
| 33.22 | |
| 33.23 | Subdivision 1. Retaliation prohibited. An employer must not retaliate against an |
| 33.24 | employee for requesting or obtaining benefits, or for exercising any other right under this |
| 33.25 | <u>chapter.</u> |
| 33.26 | Subd. 2. Interference prohibited. An employer must not obstruct or impede an |
| 33.27 | application for leave or benefits or the exercise of any other right under this chapter. |
| 33.28 | Subd. 3. Waiver of rights void. Any agreement to waive, release, or commute rights |
| 33.29 | to benefits or any other right under this chapter is void. |
| 33.30 | Subd. 4. No assignment of benefits. Any assignment, pledge, or encumbrance of benefits |
| 33.31 | is void. Benefits are exempt from levy, execution, attachment, or any other remedy provided |
| 33.32 | for the collection of debt. Any waiver of this subdivision is void. |

| 34.1 | Subd. 5. Continued insurance. During any leave for which an employee is entitled to |
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| 34.2 | benefits under this chapter, the employer must maintain coverage under any group insurance |
| 34.3 | policy, group subscriber contract, or health care plan for the employee and any dependents |
| 34.4 | as if the employee was not on leave, provided, however, that the employee must continue |
| 34.5 | to pay any employee share of the cost of such benefits. |
| 34.6 | Subd. 6. Employee right to reinstatement. (a) On return from leave under this chapter, |
| 34.7 | an employee is entitled to be returned to the same position the employee held when leave |
| 34.8 | commenced or to an equivalent position with equivalent benefits, pay, and other terms and |
| 34.9 | conditions of employment. An employee is entitled to reinstatement even if the employee |
| 34.10 | has been replaced or the employee's position has been restructured to accommodate the |
| 34.11 | employee's absence. |
| 34.12 | (b)(1) An equivalent position is one that is virtually identical to the employee's former |
| 34.13 | position in terms of pay, benefits, and working conditions, including privileges, prerequisites, |
| 34.14 | and status. It must involve the same or substantially similar duties and responsibilities, |
| 34.15 | which must entail substantially equivalent skill, effort, responsibility, and authority. |
| 34.16 | (2) If an employee is no longer qualified for the position because of the employee's |
| 34.17 | inability to attend a necessary course, renew a license, fly a minimum number of hours, or |
| 34.18 | similar condition, as a result of the leave, the employee must be given a reasonable |
| 34.19 | opportunity to fulfill those conditions upon return from leave. |
| 34.20 | (c)(1) An employee is entitled to any unconditional pay increases which may have |
| 34.21 | occurred during the leave period, such as cost of living increases. Pay increases conditioned |
| 34.22 | upon seniority, length of service, or work performed must be granted in accordance with |
| 34.23 | the employer's policy or practice with respect to other employees on an equivalent leave |
| 34.24 | status for a reason that does not qualify for leave under this chapter. An employee is entitled |
| 34.25 | to be restored to a position with the same or equivalent pay premiums, such as a shift |
| 34.26 | differential. If an employee departed from a position averaging ten hours of overtime, and |
| 34.27 | corresponding overtime pay, each week an employee is ordinarily entitled to such a position |
| 34.28 | on return from leave under this chapter. |
| 34.29 | (2) Equivalent pay includes any bonus or payment, whether it is discretionary or |
| 34.30 | nondiscretionary, made to employees consistent with clause (1). If a bonus or other payment |
| 34.31 | is based on the achievement of a specified goal such as hours worked, products sold, or |
| 34.32 | perfect attendance, and the employee has not met the goal due to leave under this chapter, |
| 34.33 | the payment may be denied, unless otherwise paid to employees on an equivalent leave |
| 34.34 | status for a reason that does not qualify for leave under this chapter. |

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| (d) Benefits under this section include all benefits provided or made available to |
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| employees by an employer, including group life insurance, health insurance, disability |
| insurance, sick leave, annual leave, educational benefits, and pensions, regardless of whether |
| benefits are provided by a practice or written policy of an employer through an employee |
| benefit plan as defined in section 3(3) of United States Code, title 29, section 1002(3). |
| (1) At the end of an employee's leave under this chapter, benefits must be resumed in |

- (1) At the end of an employee's leave under this chapter, benefits must be resumed in the same manner and at the same levels as provided when the leave began, and subject to any changes in benefit levels that may have taken place during the period of leave affecting the entire workforce, unless otherwise elected by the employee. Upon return from a leave under this chapter, an employee must not be required to requalify for any benefits the employee enjoyed before leave began, including family or dependent coverages.
- (2) An employee may, but is not entitled to, accrue any additional benefits or seniority during a leave under this chapter. Benefits accrued at the time leave began must be available to an employee upon return from leave.
- (3) With respect to pension and other retirement plans, leave under this chapter must not be treated as or counted toward a break in service for purposes of vesting and eligibility to participate. If the plan requires an employee to be employed on a specific date in order to be credited with a year of service for vesting, contributions, or participation purposes, an employee on leave under this chapter must be treated as employed on that date. Periods of leave under this chapter need not be treated as credited service for purposes of benefit accrual, vesting, and eligibility to participate.
- (4) Employees on leave under this chapter must be treated as if they continued to work for purposes of changes to benefit plans. Employees on leave under this chapter are entitled to changes in benefit plans, except those which may be dependent upon seniority or accrual during the leave period, immediately upon return from leave or to the same extent they would have qualified if no leave had been taken.
- (e) An equivalent position must have substantially similar duties, conditions, responsibilities, privileges, and status as the employee's original position.
- (1) The employee must be reinstated to the same or a geographically proximate worksite from where the employee had previously been employed. If the employee's original worksite has been closed, the employee is entitled to the same rights as if the employee had not been on leave when the worksite closed.
- (2) The employee is ordinarily entitled to return to the same shift or the same or an equivalent work schedule.

| 36.1 | (3) The employee must have the same or an equivalent opportunity for bonuses, |
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| 36.2 | profit-sharing, and other similar discretionary and nondiscretionary payments. |
| 36.3 | (4) This chapter does not prohibit an employer from accommodating an employee's |
| 36.4 | request to be restored to a different shift, schedule, or position which better suits the |
| 36.5 | employee's personal needs on return from leave, or to offer a promotion to a better position. |
| 36.6 | However, an employee must not be induced by the employer to accept a different position |
| 36.7 | against the employee's wishes. |
| 36.8 | (f) The requirement that an employee be restored to the same or equivalent job with the |
| 36.9 | same or equivalent pay, benefits, and terms and conditions of employment does not extend |
| 36.10 | to de minimis, intangible, or unmeasurable aspects of the job. |
| 36.11 | Subd. 7. Limitations on an employee's right to reinstatement. An employee has no |
| 36.12 | greater right to reinstatement or to other benefits and conditions of employment than if the |
| 36.13 | employee had been continuously employed during the period of leave under this chapter. |
| 36.14 | An employer must be able to show that an employee would not otherwise have been |
| 36.15 | employed at the time reinstatement is requested in order to deny restoration to employment. |
| 36.16 | (1) If an employee is laid off during the course of taking a leave under this chapter and |
| 36.17 | employment is terminated, the employer's responsibility to continue the leave, maintain |
| 36.18 | group health plan benefits, and restore the employee cease at the time the employee is laid |
| 36.19 | off, provided the employer has no continuing obligations under a collective bargaining |
| 36.20 | agreement or otherwise. An employer has the burden of proving that an employee would |
| 36.21 | have been laid off during the period of leave under this chapter and, therefore, would not |
| 36.22 | be entitled to restoration to a job slated for layoff when the employee's original position |
| 36.23 | would not meet the requirements of an equivalent position. |
| 36.24 | (2) If a shift has been eliminated or overtime has been decreased, an employee would |
| 36.25 | not be entitled to return to work that shift or the original overtime hours upon restoration. |
| 36.26 | However, if a position on, for example, a night shift has been filled by another employee, |
| 36.27 | the employee is entitled to return to the same shift on which employed before taking leave |
| 36.28 | under this chapter. |
| 36.29 | (3) If an employee was hired for a specific term or only to perform work on a discrete |
| 36.30 | project, the employer has no obligation to restore the employee if the employment term or |
| 36.31 | project is over and the employer would not otherwise have continued to employ the employee. |
| 36.32 | Subd. 8. Remedies. (a) In addition to any other remedies available to an employee in |
| 36.33 | law or equity, an employer who violates the provisions of this section is liable to any |

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employee affected for:

| 37.1 | (1) damages equal to the amount of: |
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| 37.2 | (i) any wages, salary, employment benefits, or other compensation denied or lost to such |
| 37.3 | employee by reason of the violation, or, in cases in which wages, salary, employment |
| 37.4 | benefits, or other compensation have not been denied or lost to the employee, any actual |
| 37.5 | monetary losses sustained by the employee as a direct result of the violation; and |
| 37.6 | (ii) reasonable interest on the amount described in item (i); and |
| 37.7 | (2) such equitable relief as may be appropriate, including employment, reinstatement, |
| 37.8 | and promotion. |
| 37.9 | (b) An action to recover damages or equitable relief prescribed in paragraph (a) may be |
| 37.10 | maintained against any employer in any federal or state court of competent jurisdiction by |
| 37.11 | any one or more employees for and on behalf of: |
| 37.12 | (1) the employees; or |
| 37.13 | (2) the employees and other employees similarly situated. |
| 37.14 | (c) The court in an action under this section must, in addition to any judgment awarded |
| 37.15 | to the plaintiff or plaintiffs, allow reasonable attorney fees, reasonable expert witness fees, |
| 37.16 | and other costs of the action to be paid by the defendant. |
| 37.17 | (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow an employee to recover damages |
| 37.18 | from an employer for the denial of benefits under this chapter by the department, unless the |
| 37.19 | employer unlawfully interfered with the application for benefits under subdivision 2. |
| 37.20 | Sec. 15. [268B.10] SUBSTITUTION OF A PRIVATE PLAN. |
| 37.21 | Subdivision 1. Application for substitution. Employers may apply to the commissioner |
| 37.22 | for approval to meet their obligations under this chapter through the substitution of a private |
| 37.23 | plan that provides paid family, paid medical, or paid family and medical benefits. In order |
| 37.24 | to be approved as meeting an employer's obligations under this chapter, a private plan must |
| 37.25 | confer all of the same rights, protections, and benefits provided to employees under this |
| 37.26 | chapter, including but not limited to benefits under section 268B.04 and employment |
| 37.27 | protections under section 268B.09. An employee covered by a private plan under this section |
| 37.28 | retains all applicable rights and remedies under section 268B.09. |
| 37.29 | Subd. 2. Private plan requirements; medical benefit program. (a) The commissioner |
| 37.30 | must approve an application for private provision of the medical benefit program if the |

commissioner determines:

| 38.1 | (1) all of the employees of the employer are to be covered under the provisions of the |
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| 38.2 | employer plan; |
| 38.3 | (2) eligibility requirements for benefits and leave are no more restrictive than as provided |
| 38.4 | under this chapter; |
| 38.5 | (3) the weekly benefits payable under the private plan for any week are at least equal to |
| 38.6 | the weekly benefit amount payable under this chapter, taking into consideration any coverage |
| 38.7 | with respect to concurrent employment by another employer; |
| 38.8 | (4) the total number of weeks for which benefits are payable under the private plan is |
| 38.9 | at least equal to the total number of weeks for which benefits would have been payable |
| 38.10 | under this chapter; |
| 38.11 | (5) no greater amount is required to be paid by employees toward the cost of benefits |
| 38.12 | under the employer plan than by this chapter; |
| 38.13 | (6) wage replacement benefits are stated in the plan separately and distinctly from other |
| 38.14 | benefits; |
| 38.15 | (7) the private plan will provide benefits and leave for any serious health condition or |
| 38.16 | pregnancy for which benefits are payable, and leave provided, under this chapter; |
| 38.17 | (8) the private plan will impose no additional condition or restriction on the use of |
| 38.18 | medical benefits beyond those explicitly authorized by this chapter or regulations |
| 38.19 | promulgated pursuant to this chapter; |
| 38.20 | (9) the private plan will allow any employee covered under the private plan who is |
| 38.21 | eligible to receive medical benefits under this chapter to receive medical benefits under the |
| 38.22 | employer plan; and |
| 38.23 | (10) coverage will continue under the private plan while an employee remains employed |
| 38.24 | by the employer. |
| 38.25 | (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a private plan may provide shorter durations of leave |
| 38.26 | and benefit eligibility if the total dollar value of wage replacement benefits under the private |
| 38.27 | plan for an employee for any particular qualifying event meets or exceeds what the total |
| 38.28 | dollar value would be under the public family and medical benefit program. |
| 38.29 | Subd. 3. Private plan requirements; family benefit program. (a) The commissioner |
| 38.30 | must approve an application for private provision of the family benefit program if the |
| 38.31 | commissioner determines: |

| 39.1 | (1) all of the employees of the employer are to be covered under the provisions of the |
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| 39.2 | employer plan; |
| 39.3 | (2) eligibility requirements for benefits and leave are no more restrictive than as provided |
| 39.4 | under this chapter; |
| 39.5 | (3) the weekly benefits payable under the private plan for any week are at least equal to |
| 39.6 | the weekly benefit amount payable under this chapter, taking into consideration any coverage |
| 39.7 | with respect to concurrent employment by another employer; |
| 39.8 | (4) the total number of weeks for which benefits are payable under the private plan is |
| 39.9 | at least equal to the total number of weeks for which benefits would have been payable |
| 39.10 | under this chapter; |
| 39.11 | (5) no greater amount is required to be paid by employees toward the cost of benefits |
| 39.12 | under the employer plan than by this chapter; |
| 39.13 | (6) wage replacement benefits are stated in the plan separately and distinctly from other |
| 39.14 | benefits; |
| 39.15 | (7) the private plan will provide benefits and leave for any care for a family member |
| 39.16 | with a serious health condition, bonding with a child, qualifying exigency, or safety leave |
| 39.17 | event for which benefits are payable, and leave provided, under this chapter; |
| 39.18 | (8) the private plan will impose no additional condition or restriction on the use of family |
| 39.19 | benefits beyond those explicitly authorized by this chapter or regulations promulgated |
| 39.20 | pursuant to this chapter; |
| 39.21 | (9) the private plan will allow any employee covered under the private plan who is |
| 39.22 | eligible to receive medical benefits under this chapter to receive medical benefits under the |
| 39.23 | employer plan; and |
| 39.24 | (10) coverage will continue under the private plan while an employee remains employed |
| 39.25 | by the employer. |
| 39.26 | (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a private plan may provide shorter durations of leave |
| 39.27 | and benefit eligibility if the total dollar value of wage replacement benefits under the private |
| 39.28 | plan for an employee for any particular qualifying event meets or exceeds what the total |
| 39.29 | dollar value would be under the public family and medical benefit program. |
| 39.30 | Subd. 4. Use of private insurance products. Nothing in this section prohibits an |
| 39.31 | employer from meeting the requirements of a private plan through a private insurance |

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product. If the employer plan involves a private insurance product, that insurance product must conform to any applicable law or rule.

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Subd. 5. Private plan approval and oversight fee. An employer with an approved private plan is not required to pay premiums established under section 268B.14. An employer with an approved private plan is responsible for a private plan approval and oversight fee equal to \$250 for employers with fewer than 50 employees, \$500 for employers with 50 to 499 employees, and \$1,000 for employers with 500 or more employees. The employer must pay this fee (1) upon initial application for private plan approval, and (2) any time the employer applies to amend the private plan. The commissioner must review and report on the adequacy of this fee to cover private plan administrative costs annually beginning December 1, 2024, as part of the annual report established in section 268B.24.

Subd. 6. Plan duration. A private plan under this section must be in effect for a period of at least one year and, thereafter, continuously unless the commissioner finds that the employer has given notice of withdrawal from the plan in a manner specified by the commissioner in this section or rule. The plan may be withdrawn by the employer within 30 days of the effective date of any law increasing the benefit amounts or within 30 days of the date of any change in the rate of premiums. If the plan is not withdrawn, it must be amended to conform to provide the increased benefit amount or change in the rate of the employee's premium on the date of the increase or change.

- Subd. 7. **Appeals.** An employer may appeal any adverse action regarding that employer's private plan to the commissioner, in a manner specified by the commissioner.
- Subd. 8. Employees no longer covered. (a) An employee is no longer covered by an 40.22 approved private plan if a leave under this chapter occurs after the employment relationship 40.23 40.24 with the private plan employer ends, or if the commissioner revokes the approval of the private plan. 40.25
- (b) An employee no longer covered by an approved private plan is, if otherwise eligible, 40.26 immediately entitled to benefits under this chapter to the same extent as though there had 40.27 40.28 been no approval of the private plan.
- Subd. 9. Posting of notice regarding private plan. An employer with a private plan 40.29 must provide a notice prepared by or approved by the commissioner regarding the private 40.30 plan consistent with section 268B.26. 40.31
- 40.32 Subd. 10. Amendment. (a) The commissioner must approve any amendment to a private plan adjusting the provisions thereof, if the commissioner determines: 40.33

| 11.1 | (1) that the plan, as amended, will conform to the standards set forth in this chapter; and |
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| 11.2 | (2) that notice of the amendment has been delivered to all affected employees at least |
| 11.3 | ten days before the submission of the amendment. |
| 11.4 | (b) Any amendments approved under this subdivision are effective on the date of the |
| 41.5 | commissioner's approval, unless the commissioner and the employer agree on a later date |
| 11.6 | Subd. 11. Successor employer. A private plan in effect at the time a successor acquires |
| 11.7 | the employer organization, trade, or business, or substantially all the assets thereof, or a |
| 11.8 | distinct and severable portion of the organization, trade, or business, and continues its |
| 11.9 | operation without substantial reduction of personnel resulting from the acquisition, must |
| 11.10 | continue the approved private plan and must not withdraw the plan without a specific reques |
| 11.11 | for withdrawal in a manner and at a time specified by the commissioner. A successor may |
| 11.12 | terminate a private plan with notice to the commissioner and within 90 days from the date |
| 11.13 | of the acquisition. |
| 11.14 | Subd. 12. Revocation of approval by commissioner. (a) The commissioner may |
| 11.15 | terminate any private plan if the commissioner determines the employer: |
| 11.16 | (1) foiled to pay hanofits: |
| 11.16 | (1) failed to pay benefits; |
| 11.17 | (2) failed to pay benefits in a timely manner, consistent with the requirements of this |
| 41.18 | <u>chapter;</u> |
| 11.19 | (3) failed to submit reports as required by this chapter or rule adopted under this chapter |
| 11.20 | <u>or</u> |
| 11.21 | (4) otherwise failed to comply with this chapter or rule adopted under this chapter. |
| 11.22 | (b) The commissioner must give notice of the intention to terminate a plan to the application |
| 41.22 41.23 | (b) The commissioner must give notice of the intention to terminate a plan to the employed at least ten days before taking any final action. The notice must state the effective date and |
| +1.23 +1.24 | the reason for the termination. |
| | |
| 11.25 | (c) The employer may, within ten days from mailing or personal service of the notice, |
| 11.26 | file an appeal to the commissioner in the time, manner, method, and procedure provided by |
| 11.27 | the commissioner under subdivision 7. |
| 11.28 | (d) The payment of benefits must not be delayed during an employer's appeal of the |
| 11.29 | revocation of approval of a private plan. |
| 11.30 | (e) If the commissioner revokes approval of an employer's private plan, that employer |
| 41.31 | is ineligible to apply for approval of another private plan for a period of three years, beginning |

41.32 <u>on the date of revocation.</u>

| 42.1 | Subd. 13. Employer penalties. (a) The commissioner may assess the following monetary |
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| 42.2 | penalties against an employer with an approved private plan found to have violated this |
| 42.3 | chapter: |
| 42.4 | (1) \$1,000 for the first violation; and |
| 42.5 | (2) \$2,000 for the second, and each successive violation. |
| 42.6 | (b) The commissioner must waive collection of any penalty if the employer corrects the |
| 42.7 | violation within 30 days of receiving a notice of the violation and the notice is for a first |
| 42.8 | violation. |
| 42.9 | (c) The commissioner may waive collection of any penalty if the commissioner determines |
| 42.10 | the violation to be an inadvertent error by the employer. |
| 42.11 | (d) Monetary penalties collected under this section shall be deposited in the family and |
| 42.12 | medical benefit insurance account. |
| 42.13 | (e) Assessment of penalties under this subdivision may be appealed as provided by the |
| 42.14 | commissioner under subdivision 7. |
| 42.15 | Subd. 14. Reports, information, and records. Employers with an approved private |
| 42.16 | plan must maintain all reports, information, and records as relating to the private plan and |
| 42.17 | claims for a period of six years from creation and provide to the commissioner upon request. |
| 42.18 | Subd. 15. Audit and investigation. The commissioner may investigate and audit plans |
| 42.19 | approved under this section both before and after the plans are approved. |
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| 42.20 | Sec. 16. [268B.11] SELF-EMPLOYED AND INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR |
| 42.21 | ELECTION OF COVERAGE. |
| 42.22 | Subdivision 1. Election of coverage. (a) A self-employed individual or independent |
| 42.23 | contractor may file with the commissioner by electronic transmission in a format prescribed |
| 42.24 | by the commissioner an application to be entitled to benefits under this chapter for a period |
| 42.25 | not less than 104 consecutive calendar weeks. Upon the approval of the commissioner, sent |
| 42.26 | by United States mail or electronic transmission, the individual is entitled to benefits under |
| 42.27 | this chapter beginning the calendar quarter after the date of approval or beginning in a later |
| 42.28 | calendar quarter if requested by the self-employed individual or independent contractor. |
| 42.29 | The individual ceases to be entitled to benefits as of the first day of January of any calendar |
| 42.30 | year only if, at least 30 calendar days before the first day of January, the individual has filed |
| 42.31 | with the commissioner by electronic transmission in a format prescribed by the commissioner |
| 42.32 | a notice to that effect. |

| 3.1 | (b) The commissioner may terminate any application approved under this section with |
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| 13.2 | 30 calendar days' notice sent by United States mail or electronic transmission if the |
| 3.3 | self-employed individual is delinquent on any premiums due under this chapter. If an |
| 3.4 | approved application is terminated in this manner during the first 104 consecutive calendar |
| 3.5 | weeks of election, the self-employed individual remains obligated to pay the premium under |
| 3.6 | subdivision 3 for the remainder of that 104-week period. |
| 13.7 | Subd. 2. Application. A self-employed individual who applies for coverage under this |
| 3.8 | section must provide the commissioner with (1) the amount of the individual's net earnings |
| 13.9 | from self-employment, if any, from the two most recent taxable years and all tax documents |
| 3.10 | necessary to prove the accuracy of the amounts reported, and (2) any other documentation |
| 3.11 | the commissioner requires. A self-employed individual who is covered under this chapter |
| 3.12 | must annually provide the commissioner with the amount of the individual's net earnings |
| 3.13 | from self-employment within 30 days of filing a federal income tax return. |
| 3.14 | Subd. 3. Premium. A self-employed individual who elects to receive coverage under |
| 3.15 | this chapter must annually pay a premium equal to one-half the percentage in section |
| 3.16 | 268B.14, subdivision 5, clause (1), times the lesser of: |
| 3.17 | (1) the individual's self-employment premium base; or |
| 3.18 | (2) the maximum earnings subject to the FICA Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability |
| 3.19 | Insurance tax. |
| 3.20 | Subd. 4. Benefits. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, a self-employed individual |
| 3.21 | who has applied to and been approved for coverage by the commissioner under this section |
| 3.22 | is entitled to benefits on the same basis as an employee under this chapter, except that a |
| 3.23 | self-employed individual's weekly benefit amount under section 268B.04, subdivision 1, |
| 3.24 | must be calculated as a percentage of the self-employed individual's self-employment |
| 3.25 | premium base, rather than wages. |
| 3.26 | Sec. 17. [268B.12] WAGE REPORTING. |
| 3.27 | Subdivision 1. Wage detail report. (a) Each employer must submit, under the employer |
| 3.27 | premium account described in section 268B.13, a quarterly wage detail report by electronic |
| 3.29 | transmission, in a format prescribed by the commissioner. The report must include for each |
| 3.30 | employee in covered employment during the calendar quarter, the employee's name, Social |
| 3.31 | Security number, the total wages paid to the employee, and total number of paid hours |
| 3.31 | worked. For employees exempt from the definition of employee in section 177.23, |
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| 3.33 | subdivision 7, clause (6), the employer must report 40 hours worked for each week any |

| 44.1 | duties were performed by a full-time employee and must report a reasonable estimate of |
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| 44.2 | the hours worked for each week duties were performed by a part-time employee. In addition, |
| 44.3 | the wage detail report must include the number of employees employed during the payroll |
| 44.4 | period that includes the 12th day of each calendar month and, if required by the |
| 44.5 | commissioner, the report must be broken down by business location and separate business |
| 44.6 | unit. The report is due and must be received by the commissioner on or before the last day |
| 44.7 | of the month following the end of the calendar quarter. The commissioner may delay the |
| 44.8 | due date on a specific calendar quarter in the event the department is unable to accept wage |
| 44.9 | detail reports electronically. |
| 44.10 | (b) The employer may report the wages paid to the next lower whole dollar amount. |
| 44.11 | (c) An employer need not include the name of the employee or other required information |
| 44.12 | on the wage detail report if disclosure is specifically exempted from being reported by |
| 44.13 | <u>federal law.</u> |
| 44.14 | (d) A wage detail report must be submitted for each calendar quarter even though no |
| 44.15 | wages were paid, unless the business has been terminated. |
| 44.16 | Subd. 2. Electronic transmission of report required. Each employer must submit the |
| 44.17 | quarterly wage detail report by electronic transmission in a format prescribed by the |
| 44.18 | commissioner. The commissioner has the discretion to accept wage detail reports that are |
| 44.19 | submitted by any other means or the commissioner may return the report submitted by other |
| 44.20 | than electronic transmission to the employer, and reports returned are considered as not |
| 44.21 | submitted and the late fees under subdivision 3 may be imposed. |
| 44.22 | Subd. 3. Failure to timely file report; late fees. (a) Any employer that fails to submit |
| 44.23 | the quarterly wage detail report when due must pay a late fee of \$10 per employee, computed |
| 44.24 | based upon the highest of: |
| 44.25 | (1) the number of employees reported on the last wage detail report submitted; |
| 44.26 | (2) the number of employees reported in the corresponding quarter of the prior calendar |
| 44.27 | year; or |
| 44.28 | (3) if no wage detail report has ever been submitted, the number of employees listed at |
| 44.29 | the time of employer registration. |
| 44.30 | The late fee is canceled if the wage detail report is received within 30 calendar days after |
| 44.31 | a demand for the report is sent to the employer by mail or electronic transmission. A late |
| 44.32 | fee assessed an employer may not be canceled more than twice each 12 months. The amount |
| 44 33 | of the late fee assessed may not be less than \$250 |

| 45.1 | (b) If the wage detail report is not received in a manner and format prescribed by the |
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| 15.2 | commissioner within 30 calendar days after demand is sent under paragraph (a), the late |
| 15.3 | fee assessed under paragraph (a) doubles and a renewed demand notice and notice of the |
| 15.4 | increased late fee will be sent to the employer by mail or electronic transmission. |
| 15.5 | (c) Late fees due under this subdivision may be canceled, in whole or in part, under |
| 15.6 | section 268B.16. |
| 15.7 | Subd. 4. Missing or erroneous information. (a) Any employer that submits the wage |
| 15.8 | detail report, but fails to include all required employee information or enters erroneous |
| 15.9 | information, is subject to an administrative service fee of \$25 for each employee for whom |
| 45.10 | the information is partially missing or erroneous. |
| 45.11 | (b) Any employer that submits the wage detail report, but fails to include an employee, |
| 45.12 | is subject to an administrative service fee equal to two percent of the total wages for each |
| 45.13 | employee for whom the information is completely missing. |
| 45.14 | Subd. 5. Fees. The fees provided for in subdivisions 3 and 4 are in addition to interest |
| 45.15 | and other penalties imposed by this chapter and are collected in the same manner as |
| 45.16 | delinquent taxes and credited to the family and medical benefit insurance account. |
| 45.17 | Sec. 18. [268B.13] EMPLOYER PREMIUM ACCOUNTS. |
| 15.18 | The commissioner must maintain a premium account for each employer. The |
| 15.19 | commissioner must assess the premium account for all the premiums due under section |
| 15.20 | 268B.14, and credit the family and medical benefit insurance account with all premiums |
| 15.21 | paid. |
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| 15.22 | Sec. 19. [268B.14] PREMIUMS. |
| 15.23 | Subdivision 1. Payments. (a) Family and medical leave premiums accrue and become |
| 15.24 | payable by each employer for each calendar year on the taxable wages that the employer |
| 15.25 | paid to employees in covered employment. |
| 15.26 | Each employer must pay premiums quarterly, at the premium rate defined under this |
| 15.27 | section, on the taxable wages paid to each employee. The commissioner must compute the |
| 15.28 | premium due from the wage detail report required under section 268B.12 and notify the |
| 15.29 | employer of the premium due. The premiums must be paid to the family and medical benefit |
| 15.30 | insurance account and must be received by the department on or before the last day of the |
| 45.31 | month following the end of the calendar quarter. |
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| 46.1 | (b) If for any reason the wages on the wage detail report under section 268B.12 are |
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| 46.2 | adjusted for any quarter, the commissioner must recompute the premiums due for that quarter |
| 46.3 | and assess the employer for any amount due or credit the employer as appropriate. |
| 46.4 | Subd. 2. Payments by electronic payment required. (a) Every employer must make |
| 46.5 | any payments due under this chapter by electronic payment. |
| 46.6 | (b) All third-party processors, paying on behalf of a client company, must make any |
| 46.7 | payments due under this chapter by electronic payment. |
| 46.8 | (c) Regardless of paragraph (a) or (b), the commissioner has the discretion to accept |
| 46.9 | payment by other means. |
| 46.10 | Subd. 3. Employee charge back. Notwithstanding section 177.24, subdivision 4, or |
| 46.11 | 181.06, subdivision 1, employers and covered business entities may deduct up to 50 percent |
| 46.12 | of annual premiums paid under this section from employee wages. Such deductions for any |
| 46.13 | given employee must be in equal proportion to the premiums paid based on the wages of |
| 46.14 | that employee, and all employees of an employer must be subject to the same percentage |
| 46.15 | deduction. Deductions under this section must not cause an employee's wage, after the |
| 46.16 | deduction, to fall below the rate required to be paid to the worker by law, including any |
| 46.17 | applicable statute, regulation, rule, ordinance, government resolution or policy, contract, or |
| 46.18 | other legal authority, whichever rate of pay is greater. |
| 46.19 | Subd. 4. Wages and payments subject to premium. The maximum wages subject to |
| 46.20 | premium in a calendar year is equal to the maximum earnings in that year subject to the |
| 46.21 | FICA Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance tax. |
| 46.22 | Subd. 5. Annual premium rates. The employer premium rates for the calendar year |
| 46.23 | beginning January 1, 2025, shall be as follows: |
| 46.24 | (1) for employers participating in both family and medical benefit programs, 0.6 percent; |
| 46.25 | (2) for an employer participating in only the medical benefit program and with an |
| 46.26 | approved private plan for the family benefit program, 0.486 percent; and |
| 46.27 | (3) for an employer participating in only the family benefit program and with an approved |
| 46.28 | private plan for the medical benefit program, 0.114 percent. |
| 46.29 | Subd. 6. Premium rate adjustments. (a) Beginning January 1, 2026, and each calendar |
| 46.30 | year thereafter, the commissioner must adjust the annual premium rates using the formula |
| 46.31 | in paragraph (b). |
| 46.32 | (b) To calculate the employer rates for a calendar year, the commissioner must: |

| 47.1 | (1) multiply 1.45 times the amount disbursed from the family and medical benefit |
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| 47.2 | insurance account for the 52-week period ending September 30 of the prior year; |
| 47.3 | (2) subtract the amount in the family and medical benefit insurance account on that |
| 47.4 | September 30 from the resulting figure; |
| 47.5 | (3) divide the resulting figure by twice the total wages in covered employment of |
| 47.6 | employees of employers without approved private plans under section 268B.10 for either |
| 47.7 | the family or medical benefit program. For employers with an approved private plan for |
| 47.8 | either the medical benefit program or the family benefit program, but not both, count only |
| 47.9 | the proportion of wages in covered employment associated with the program for which the |
| 47.10 | employer does not have an approved private plan; and |
| 47.11 | (4) round the resulting figure down to the nearest one-hundredth of one percent. |
| 47.12 | (c) The commissioner must apportion the premium rate between the family and medical |
| 47.13 | benefit programs based on the relative proportion of expenditures for each program during |
| 47.14 | the preceding year. |
| 47.15 | Subd. 7. Deposit of premiums. All premiums collected under this section must be |
| 47.16 | deposited into the family and medical benefit insurance account. |
| 47.17 | Subd. 8. Nonpayment of premiums by employer. The failure of an employer to pay |
| 47.18 | premiums does not impact the right of an employee to benefits, or any other right, under |
| 47.19 | this chapter. |
| 47.20 | Sec. 20. [268B.145] INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING. |
| 47.21 | If the Internal Revenue Service determines that benefits are subject to federal income |
| 47.22 | tax, and an applicant elects to have federal income tax deducted and withheld from the |
| 47.23 | applicant's benefits, the commissioner must deduct and withhold the amount specified in |
| 47.24 | the Internal Revenue Code in a manner consistent with state law. |
| 47.25 | Sec. 21. [268B.15] COLLECTION OF PREMIUMS. |
| 47.26 | Subdivision 1. Amount computed presumed correct. Any amount due from an |
| 47.27 | employer, as computed by the commissioner, is presumed to be correctly determined and |
| 47.28 | assessed, and the burden is upon the employer to show its incorrectness. A statement by the |
| 47.29 | commissioner of the amount due is admissible in evidence in any court or administrative |
| 47.30 | proceeding and is prima facie evidence of the facts in the statement. |
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| 48.1 | Subd. 2. Priority of payments. (a) Any payment received from an employer must be |
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| 48.2 | applied in the following order: |
| 48.3 | (1) family and medical leave premiums under this chapter; then |
| 48.4 | (2) interest on past due premiums; then |
| 48.5 | (3) penalties, late fees, administrative service fees, and costs. |
| 48.6 | (b) Paragraph (a) is the priority used for all payments received from an employer, |
| 48.7 | regardless of how the employer may designate the payment to be applied, except when: |
| 48.8 | (1) there is an outstanding lien and the employer designates that the payment made |
| 48.9 | should be applied to satisfy the lien; |
| 48.10 | (2) the payment is specifically designated by the employer to be applied to an outstanding |
| 48.11 | overpayment of benefits of an applicant; |
| 48.12 | (3) a court or administrative order directs that the payment be applied to a specific |
| 48.13 | obligation; |
| 48.14 | (4) a preexisting payment plan provides for the application of payment; or |
| 48.15 | (5) the commissioner, under the compromise authority of section 268B.16, agrees to |
| 48.16 | apply the payment to a different priority. |
| 48.17 | Subd. 3. Estimating the premium due. Only if an employer fails to make all necessary |
| 48.18 | records available for an audit under section 268B.21 and the commissioner has reason to |
| 48.19 | believe the employer has not reported all the required wages on the quarterly wage detail |
| 48.20 | reports, may the commissioner then estimate the amount of premium due and assess the |
| 48.21 | employer the estimated amount due. |
| 48.22 | Subd. 4. Costs. (a) Any employer and any applicant subject to section 268B.185, |
| 48.23 | subdivision 2, that fails to pay any amount when due under this chapter is liable for any |
| 48.24 | filing fees, recording fees, sheriff fees, costs incurred by referral to any public or private |
| 48.25 | collection agency, or litigation costs, including attorney fees, incurred in the collection of |
| 48.26 | the amounts due. |
| 48.27 | (b) If any tendered payment of any amount due is not honored when presented to a |
| 48.28 | financial institution for payment, any costs assessed the department by the financial institution |
| 48.29 | and a fee of \$25 must be assessed to the person. |
| 48.30 | (c) Costs and fees collected under this subdivision are credited to the enforcement account |
| 48.31 | under section 268B.185, subdivision 3. |

| 49.1 | Subd. 5. Interest on amounts past due. If any amounts due from an employer under |
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| 49.2 | this chapter are not received on the date due, the commissioner must assess interest on any |
| 49.3 | amount that remains unpaid. Interest is assessed at the rate of one percent per month or any |
| 49.4 | part of a month. Interest is not assessed on unpaid interest. Interest collected under this |
| 49.5 | subdivision is credited to the account. |
| 49.6 | Subd. 6. Interest on judgments. Regardless of section 549.09, if a judgment is entered |
| 49.7 | upon any past due amounts from an employer under this chapter, the unpaid judgment bears |
| 49.8 | interest at the rate specified in subdivision 5 until the date of payment. |
| 49.9 | Subd. 7. Credit adjustments; refunds. (a) If an employer makes an application for a |
| 49.10 | credit adjustment of any amount paid under this chapter within four years of the date that |
| 49.11 | the payment was due, in a manner and format prescribed by the commissioner, and the |
| 49.12 | commissioner determines that the payment or any portion thereof was erroneous, the |
| 49.13 | commissioner must make an adjustment and issue a credit without interest. If a credit cannot |
| 49.14 | be used, the commissioner must refund, without interest, the amount erroneously paid. The |
| 49.15 | commissioner, on the commissioner's own motion, may make a credit adjustment or refund |
| 49.16 | under this subdivision. |
| 49.17 | (b) Any refund returned to the commissioner is considered unclaimed property under |
| 49.18 | chapter 345. |
| 49.19 | (c) If a credit adjustment or refund is denied in whole or in part, a determination of denial |
| 49.20 | must be sent to the employer by mail or electronic transmission. The determination of denial |
| 49.21 | is final unless an employer files an appeal within 20 calendar days after sending. Proceedings |
| 49.22 | on the appeal are conducted in accordance with section 268B.08. |
| 49.23 | (d) If an employer receives a credit adjustment or refund under this section, the employer |
| 49.24 | must determine the amount of any overpayment attributable to a deduction from employee |
| 49.25 | wages under section 268B.14, subdivision 3, and return any amount erroneously deducted |
| 49.26 | to each affected employee. |
| 49.27 | Subd. 8. Priorities under legal dissolutions or distributions. In the event of any |
| 49.28 | distribution of an employer's assets according to an order of any court, including any |
| 49.29 | receivership, assignment for benefit of creditors, adjudicated insolvency, or similar |
| 49.30 | proceeding, premiums then or thereafter due must be paid in full before all other claims |
| 49.31 | except claims for wages of not more than \$1,000 per former employee, earned within six |
| 49.32 | months of the commencement of the proceedings. In the event of an employer's adjudication |
| 49.33 | in bankruptcy under federal law, premiums then or thereafter due are entitled to the priority |
| 49.34 | provided in that law for taxes due in any state. |

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| 50.1 | Sec. 22. [268B.155] CHILD SUPPORT DEDUCTION FROM BENEFITS. |
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| 50.2 | Subdivision 1. Definitions. As used in this section: |
| 50.3 | (1) "child support agency" means the public agency responsible for child support |
| 50.4 | enforcement, including federally approved comprehensive Tribal IV-D programs; and |
| 50.5 | (2) "child support obligations" means obligations that are being enforced by a child |
| 50.6 | support agency in accordance with a plan described in United States Code, title 42, sections |
| 50.7 | 454 and 455 of the Social Security Act that has been approved by the secretary of health |
| 50.8 | and human services under part D of title IV of the Social Security Act. This does not include |
| 50.9 | any type of spousal maintenance or foster care payments. |

Subd. 2. Notice upon application. In an application for family or medical leave benefits, the applicant must disclose if child support obligations are owed and, if so, in what state and county. If child support obligations are owed, the commissioner must, if the applicant establishes a benefit account, notify the child support agency.

Subd. 3. Withholding of benefit. The commissioner must deduct and withhold from any family or medical leave benefits payable to an applicant who owes child support obligations:

(1) the amount required under a proper order of a court or administrative agency; or

(2) if clause (1) is not applicable, the amount determined under an agreement under United States Code, title 42, section 454 (20)(B)(i), of the Social Security Act; or

(3) if clause (1) or (2) is not applicable, the amount specified by the applicant.

Subd. 4. Payment. Any amount deducted and withheld must be paid to the child support agency, must for all purposes be treated as if it were paid to the applicant as family or medical leave benefits and paid by the applicant to the child support agency in satisfaction of the applicant's child support obligations.

Subd. 5. Payment of costs. The child support agency must pay the costs incurred by the commissioner in the implementation and administration of this section and sections 518A.50 and 518A.53.

Sec. 23. [268B.16] COMPROMISE.

(a) The commissioner may compromise in whole or in part any action, determination, or decision that affects only an employer and not an applicant. This paragraph applies if it is determined by a court of law, or a confession of judgment, that an applicant, while employed, wrongfully took from the employer \$500 or more in money or property.

Article 1 Sec. 23.

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| 51.1 | (b) The commissioner may at any time compromise any premium or reimbursement du |
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| 51.2 | from an employer under this chapter. |

- (c) Any compromise involving an amount over \$10,000 must be authorized by an attorney licensed to practice law in Minnesota who is an employee of the department designated by the commissioner for that purpose.
 - (d) Any compromise must be in the best interest of the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 24. [268B.17] ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.

From July 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025, the commissioner may spend up to seven percent of premiums collected under section 268B.15 for administration of this chapter. Beginning January 1, 2025, and each calendar year thereafter, the commissioner may spend up to seven percent of projected benefit payments for that calendar year for the administration of this chapter. The department may enter into interagency agreements with the Department of Labor and Industry, including agreements to transfer funds, subject to the limit in this section, for the Department of Labor and Industry to fulfill its enforcement authority of this chapter.

Sec. 25. [268B.18] PUBLIC OUTREACH.

Beginning in fiscal year 2025, the commissioner must use at least 0.5 percent of revenue collected under this chapter for the purpose of outreach, education, and technical assistance for employees, employers, and self-employed individuals eligible to elect coverage under section 268B.11. The department may enter into interagency agreements with the Department of Labor and Industry, including agreements to transfer funds, subject to the limit in section 268B.17, to accomplish the requirements of this section. At least one-half of the amount spent under this section must be used for grants to community-based groups.

Sec. 26. [268B.185] BENEFIT OVERPAYMENTS.

Subdivision 1. Repaying an overpayment. (a) Any applicant who (1) because of a determination or amended determination issued under this chapter, or (2) because of a benefit law judge's decision under section 268B.08, has received any family or medical leave benefits that the applicant was held not entitled to, is overpaid the benefits and must promptly repay the benefits to the family and medical benefit insurance account.

(b) If the applicant fails to repay the benefits overpaid, including any penalty and interest assessed under subdivisions 2 and 4, the total due may be collected by the methods allowed under state and federal law.

| 52.1 | Subd. 2. Overpayment because of misrepresentation. (a) An applicant has committed |
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| 52.2 | misrepresentation if the applicant is overpaid benefits by making a false statement or |
| 52.3 | representation without a good faith belief as to the correctness of the statement or |
| 52.4 | representation. |
| 52.5 | (b) After the discovery of facts indicating misrepresentation, the commissioner must |
| 52.6 | issue a determination of overpayment penalty assessing a penalty equal to 20 percent of the |
| 52.7 | amount overpaid. This penalty is in addition to penalties under section 268B.19. |
| 52.8 | (c) Unless the applicant files an appeal within 30 calendar days after the sending of a |
| 52.9 | determination of overpayment penalty to the applicant by mail or electronic transmission, |
| 52.10 | or within 60 calendar days, if the applicant establishes good cause for not appealing within |
| 52.11 | 30 days, the determination is final. For the purposes of this paragraph, "good cause" means |
| 52.12 | a reason that would have prevented an applicant from acting with due diligence in appealing |
| 52.13 | within 30 days and includes any illness, disability, or linguistic and literacy limitation of |
| 52.14 | the applicant, along with other relevant factors. If an applicant claims good cause for a late |
| 52.15 | appeal, the applicant must be granted a hearing on the issue of timeliness. This hearing can |
| 52.16 | be held at the same time as a hearing on the merits of the appeal. Proceedings on the appeal |
| 52.17 | are conducted in accordance with section 268B.08. |
| 52.18 | (d) A determination of overpayment penalty must state the methods of collection the |
| 52.19 | commissioner may use to recover the overpayment, penalty, and interest assessed. Money |
| 52.20 | received in repayment of overpaid benefits, penalties, and interest is first applied to the |
| 52.21 | benefits overpaid, second to the penalty amount due, and third to any interest due. |
| 52.22 | (e) The department is authorized to issue a determination of overpayment penalty under |
| 52.23 | this subdivision within 48 months of the establishment of the benefit account upon which |
| 52.24 | the benefits were obtained through misrepresentation. |
| 52.25 | Subd. 3. Family and medical benefit insurance enforcement account created. The |
| 52.26 | family and medical benefit insurance enforcement account is created in the state treasury. |
| 52.27 | Any penalties and interest collected under this section shall be deposited into the account |
| 52.28 | under this subdivision and shall be used only for the purposes of administering and enforcing |
| 52.29 | this chapter. Only the commissioner may authorize expenditures from the account under |
| 52.30 | this subdivision. |
| 52.31 | Subd. 4. Interest. For any family and medical leave benefits obtained by |
| 52.32 | misrepresentation, and any penalty amounts assessed under subdivision 2, the commissioner |
| 52.33 | must assess interest on any amount that remains unpaid beginning 30 calendar days after |
| 52.34 | the date of a determination of overpayment penalty. Interest is assessed at the rate of one |

| 53.1 | percent per month or any part of a month. A determination of overpayment penalty must |
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| 53.2 | state that interest will be assessed. Interest is not assessed on unpaid interest. Interest collected |
| 53.3 | under this subdivision is credited to the family and medical benefit insurance enforcement |
| 53.4 | account. |
| 53.5 | Subd. 5. Offset of benefits. The commissioner may offset from any future family and |
| 53.6 | medical leave benefits otherwise payable the amount of a nonmisrepresentation overpayment. |
| 53.7 | Except when the nonmisrepresentation overpayment resulted because the applicant failed |
| 53.8 | to report deductible earnings or deductible or benefit delaying payments, no single offset |
| 53.9 | may exceed 50 percent of the amount of the payment from which the offset is made. |
| 53.10 | Subd. 6. Cancellation of overpayments. (a) If family and medical leave benefits overpaid |
| 53.11 | for reasons other than misrepresentation are not repaid or offset from subsequent benefits |
| 53.12 | within six years after the date of the determination or decision holding the applicant overpaid, |
| 53.13 | the commissioner must cancel the overpayment balance, and no administrative or legal |
| 53.14 | proceedings may be used to enforce collection of those amounts. |
| 53.15 | (b) If family and medical leave benefits overpaid because of misrepresentation including |
| 53.16 | penalties and interest are not repaid within ten years after the date of the determination of |
| 53.17 | overpayment penalty, the commissioner must cancel the overpayment balance and any |
| 53.18 | penalties and interest due, and no administrative or legal proceeding may be used to enforce |
| 53.19 | collection of those amounts. |
| 53.20 | (c) The commissioner may cancel at any time any overpayment, including penalties and |
| 53.21 | interest that the commissioner determines is uncollectible because of death or bankruptcy. |
| 53.22 | Subd. 7. Court fees; collection fees. (a) If the department is required to pay any court |
| 53.23 | fees in an attempt to enforce collection of overpaid family and medical leave benefits, |
| 53.24 | penalties, or interest, the amount of the court fees may be added to the total amount due. |
| 53.25 | (b) If an applicant who has been overpaid family and medical leave benefits because of |
| 53.26 | misrepresentation seeks to have any portion of the debt discharged under the federal |
| 53.27 | bankruptcy code, and the department files an objection in bankruptcy court to the discharge, |
| 53.28 | the cost of any court fees may be added to the debt if the bankruptcy court does not discharge |
| 53.29 | the debt. |
| 53.30 | (c) If the Internal Revenue Service assesses the department a fee for offsetting from a |
| 53.31 | federal tax refund the amount of any overpayment, including penalties and interest, the |
| 53.32 | amount of the fee may be added to the total amount due. The offset amount must be put in |
| 53.33 | the family and medical benefit insurance enforcement account and that amount credited to |
| 53.34 | the total amount due from the applicant. |

| 54.1 | Subd. 8. Collection of overpayments. (a) The commissioner has discretion regarding |
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| 54.2 | the recovery of any overpayment for reasons other than misrepresentation. Regardless of |
| 54.3 | any law to the contrary, the commissioner is not required to refer any overpayment for |
| 54.4 | reasons other than misrepresentation to a public or private collection agency, including |
| 54.5 | agencies of this state. |
| 54.6 | (b) Amounts overpaid for reasons other than misrepresentation are not considered a |
| 54.7 | "debt" to the state of Minnesota for purposes of any reporting requirements to the |
| 54.8 | commissioner of management and budget. |
| 54.9 | (c) A pending appeal under section 268B.08 does not suspend the assessment of interest, |
| 54.10 | penalties, or collection of an overpayment. |
| 54.11 | (d) Section 16A.626 applies to the repayment by an applicant of any overpayment, |
| 54.12 | penalty, or interest. |
| 54.13 | Sec. 27. [268B.19] APPLICANT ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES. |
| 54.14 | (a) Any applicant who makes a false statement or representation without a good faith |
| 54.15 | belief as to the correctness of the statement or representation in order to obtain or in an |
| 54.16 | attempt to obtain benefits may be assessed, in addition to any other penalties, an |
| 54.17 | administrative penalty of being ineligible for benefits for 13 to 104 weeks. |
| 54.18 | (b) A determination of ineligibility setting out the weeks the applicant is ineligible must |
| 54.19 | be sent to the applicant by mail or electronic transmission. The department is authorized to |
| 54.20 | issue a determination of ineligibility under this subdivision within 48 months of the |
| 54.21 | establishment of the benefit account upon which the benefits were obtained, or attempted |
| 54.22 | to be obtained. Unless an appeal is filed within 20 calendar days of sending, the determination |
| 54.23 | is final. Proceedings on the appeal are conducted in accordance with section 268B.08. |
| 54.24 | Sec. 28. [268B.20] EMPLOYER MISCONDUCT; PENALTY. |
| 54.25 | (a) The commissioner must penalize an employer if that employer or any employee, |
| 54.26 | officer, or agent of that employer is in collusion with any applicant for the purpose of |
| 54.27 | assisting the applicant in receiving benefits fraudulently. The penalty is \$500 or the amount |
| 54.28 | of benefits determined to be overpaid, whichever is greater. |
| 54.29 | (b) The commissioner must penalize an employer if that employer or any employee, |
| 54.30 | officer, or agent of that employer: |
| 54.31 | (1) made a false statement or representation knowing it to be false; |

| 55.1 | (2) made a false statement or representation without a good-faith belief as to the |
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| 55.2 | correctness of the statement or representation; or |
| 55.3 | (3) knowingly failed to disclose a material fact. |
| 55.4 | (c) The penalty is the greater of \$500 or 50 percent of the following resulting from the |
| 55.5 | employer's action: |
| 55.6 | (1) the amount of any overpaid benefits to an applicant; |
| 55.7 | (2) the amount of benefits not paid to an applicant that would otherwise have been paid; |
| 55.8 | <u>or</u> |
| 55.9 | (3) the amount of any payment required from the employer under this chapter that was |
| 55.10 | not paid. |
| 55.11 | (d) Penalties must be paid within 30 calendar days of issuance of the determination of |
| 55.12 | penalty and credited to the family and medical benefit insurance account. |
| 55.13 | (e) The determination of penalty is final unless the employer files an appeal within 30 |
| 55.14 | calendar days after the sending of the determination of penalty to the employer by United |
| 55.15 | States mail or electronic transmission. |
| 55.16 | Sec. 29. [268B.21] RECORDS; AUDITS. |
| 55.17 | Subdivision 1. Employer records; audits. (a) Each employer must keep true and accurate |
| 55.18 | records on individuals performing services for the employer, containing the information |
| 55.19 | the commissioner may require under this chapter. The records must be kept for a period of |
| 55.20 | not less than four years in addition to the current calendar year. |
| 55.21 | (b) For the purpose of administering this chapter, the commissioner has the power to |
| 55.22 | audit, examine, or cause to be supplied or copied, any books, correspondence, papers, |
| 55.23 | records, or memoranda that are the property of, or in the possession of, an employer or any |
| 55.24 | other person at any reasonable time and as often as may be necessary. Subpoenas may be |
| 55.25 | issued under section 268B.22 as necessary, for an audit. |
| 55.26 | (c) An employer or other person that refuses to allow an audit of its records by the |
| 55.27 | department or that fails to make all necessary records available for audit in the state upon |
| 55.28 | request of the commissioner may be assessed an administrative penalty of \$500. The penalty |
| 55.29 | collected is credited to the family and medical benefit insurance account. |
| 55.30 | (d) An employer, or other person, that fails to provide a weekly breakdown of money |
| 55.31 | earned by an applicant upon request of the commissioner, information necessary for the |
| 55.32 | detection of applicant misrepresentation under section 268B.185, subdivision 2, may be |

| 56.1 | assessed an administrative penalty of \$100. Any notice requesting a weekly breakdown |
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| 56.2 | must clearly state that a \$100 penalty may be assessed for failure to provide the information. |
| 56.3 | The penalty collected is credited to the family and medical benefit insurance account. |
| 56.4 | Subd. 2. Department records; destruction. (a) The commissioner may make summaries, |
| 56.5 | compilations, duplications, or reproductions of any records pertaining to this chapter that |
| 56.6 | the commissioner considers advisable for the preservation of the information. |
| 56.7 | (b) Regardless of any law to the contrary, the commissioner may destroy any records |
| 56.8 | that are no longer necessary for the administration of this chapter. In addition, the |
| 56.9 | commissioner may destroy any record from which the information has been electronically |
| 56.10 | captured and stored. |
| 56.11 | Sec. 30. [268B.22] SUBPOENAS; OATHS. |
| 56.12 | (a) The commissioner or benefit judge has authority to administer oaths and affirmations, |
| 56.13 | take depositions, certify to official acts, and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of |
| 56.14 | individuals and the production of documents and other personal property necessary in |
| 56.15 | connection with the administration of this chapter. |
| 56.16 | (b) Individuals subpoenaed, other than applicants or officers and employees of an |
| 56.17 | employer that is the subject of the inquiry, are paid witness fees the same as witness fees |
| 56.18 | in civil actions in district court. The fees need not be paid in advance. |
| 56.19 | (c) The subpoena is enforceable through the district court in Ramsey County. |
| 56.20 | Sec. 31. [268B.23] LIEN; LEVY; SETOFF; AND CIVIL ACTION. |
| 56.21 | Subdivision 1. Lien. (a) Any amount due under this chapter, from an applicant or an |
| 56.22 | employer, becomes a lien upon all the property, within this state, both real and personal, of |
| 56.23 | the person liable, from the date of assessment. For the purposes of this section, "date of |
| 56.24 | assessment" means the date the obligation was due. |
| 56.25 | (b) The lien is not enforceable against any purchaser, mortgagee, pledgee, holder of a |
| 56.26 | Uniform Commercial Code security interest, mechanic's lien, or judgment lien creditor, |
| 56.27 | until a notice of lien has been filed with the county recorder of the county where the property |
| 56.28 | is situated, or in the case of personal property belonging to a nonresident person in the Office |
| 56.29 | of the Secretary of State. When the notice of lien is filed with the county recorder, the fee |
| 56.30 | for filing and indexing is as provided in sections 272.483 and 272.484. |
| 56.31 | (c) Notices of liens, lien renewals, and lien releases, in a form prescribed by the |
| 56.32 | commissioner, may be filed with the county recorder or the secretary of state by mail, |

| 57.1 | personal delivery, or electronic transmission into the computerized filing system of the |
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| 57.2 | secretary of state. The secretary of state must, on any notice filed with that office, transmit |
| 57.3 | the notice electronically to the appropriate county recorder. The filing officer, whether the |
| 57.4 | county recorder or the secretary of state, must endorse and index a printout of the notice as |
| 57.5 | if the notice had been mailed or delivered. |
| 57.6 | (d) County recorders and the secretary of state must enter information on lien notices, |
| 57.7 | renewals, and releases into the central database of the secretary of state. For notices filed |
| 57.8 | electronically with the county recorders, the date and time of receipt of the notice and county |
| 57.9 | recorder's file number, and for notices filed electronically with the secretary of state, the |
| 57.10 | secretary of state's recording information, must be entered into the central database before |
| 57.11 | the close of the working day following the day of the original data entry by the commissioner. |
| 57.12 | (e) The lien imposed on personal property, even though properly filed, is not enforceable |
| 57.13 | against a purchaser of tangible personal property purchased at retail or personal property |
| 57.14 | listed as exempt in sections 550.37, 550.38, and 550.39. |
| 57.15 | (f) A notice of lien filed has priority over any security interest arising under chapter 336, |
| 57.16 | article 9, that is perfected prior in time to the lien imposed by this subdivision, but only if: |
| 57.17 | (1) the perfected security interest secures property not in existence at the time the notice |
| 57.18 | of lien is filed; and |
| 57.19 | (2) the property comes into existence after the 45th calendar day following the day the |
| 57.20 | notice of lien is filed, or after the secured party has actual notice or knowledge of the lien |
| 57.21 | filing, whichever is earlier. |
| 57.22 | (g) The lien is enforceable from the time the lien arises and for ten years from the date |
| 57.23 | of filing the notice of lien. A notice of lien may be renewed before expiration for an additional |
| 57.24 | ten years. |
| 57.25 | (h) The lien is enforceable by levy under subdivision 2 or by judgment lien foreclosure |
| 57.26 | under chapter 550. |
| 57.27 | (i) The lien may be imposed upon property defined as homestead property in chapter |
| 57.28 | 510 but may be enforced only upon the sale, transfer, or conveyance of the homestead |
| 57.29 | property. |
| 57.30 | (j) The commissioner may sell and assign to a third party the commissioner's right of |
| 57.31 | redemption in specific real property for liens filed under this subdivision. The assignee is |
| 57.32 | limited to the same rights of redemption as the commissioner, except that in a bankruptcy |

proceeding, the assignee does not obtain the commissioner's priority. Any proceeds from

| 58.1 | the sale of the right of redemption are credited to the family and medical benefit insurance |
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| 58.2 | account. |
| 58.3 | Subd. 2. Levy. (a) If any amount due under this chapter, from an applicant or an employer, |
| 58.4 | is not paid when due, the amount may be collected by the commissioner by direct levy upon |
| 58.5 | all property and rights of property of the person liable for the amount due except property |
| 58.6 | exempt from execution under section 550.37. For the purposes of this section, "levy" includes |
| 58.7 | the power of distraint and seizure by any means. |
| 58.8 | (b) In addition to a direct levy, the commissioner may issue a warrant to the sheriff of |
| 58.9 | any county who must proceed within 60 calendar days to levy upon the property or rights |
| 58.10 | to property of the delinquent person within the county, except property exempt under section |
| 58.11 | 550.37. The sheriff must sell that property necessary to satisfy the total amount due, together |
| 58.12 | with the commissioner's and sheriff's costs. The sales are governed by the law applicable |
| 58.13 | to sales of like property on execution of a judgment. |
| 58.14 | (c) Notice and demand for payment of the total amount due must be mailed to the |
| 58.15 | delinquent person at least ten calendar days before action being taken under paragraphs (a) |
| 58.16 | and (b). |
| 58.17 | (d) If the commissioner has reason to believe that collection of the amount due is in |
| 58.18 | jeopardy, notice and demand for immediate payment may be made. If the total amount due |
| 58.19 | is not paid, the commissioner may proceed to collect by direct levy or issue a warrant without |
| 58.20 | regard to the ten calendar day period. |
| 58.21 | (e) In executing the levy, the commissioner must have all of the powers provided in |
| 58.22 | chapter 550 or any other law that provides for execution against property in this state. The |
| 58.23 | sale of property levied upon and the time and manner of redemption is as provided in chapter |
| 58.24 | 550. The seal of the court is not required. The levy may be made whether or not the |
| 58.25 | commissioner has commenced a legal action for collection. |
| 58.26 | (f) Where any assessment has been made by the commissioner, the property seized for |
| 58.27 | collection of the total amount due must not be sold until any determination of liability has |
| 58.28 | become final. No sale may be made unless a portion of the amount due remains unpaid for |
| 58.29 | a period of more than 30 calendar days after the determination of liability becomes final. |

(1) the delinquent person consents in writing to the sale; or

Seized property may be sold at any time if:

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| 59.1 | (2) the commissioner determines that the property is perishable or may become greatly |
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| 59.2 | reduced in price or value by keeping, or that the property cannot be kept without great |
| 59.3 | expense. |
| 59.4 | (g) Where a levy has been made to collect the amount due and the property seized is |
| 59.5 | properly included in a formal proceeding commenced under sections 524.3-401 to 524.3-505 |
| 59.6 | and maintained under full supervision of the court, the property may not be sold until the |
| 59.7 | probate proceedings are completed or until the court orders. |
| 59.8 | (h) The property seized must be returned if the owner: |
| 59.9 | (1) gives a surety bond equal to the appraised value of the owner's interest in the property, |
| 9.10 | as determined by the commissioner; or |
| 59.11 | (2) deposits with the commissioner security in a form and amount the commissioner |
| 59.12 | considers necessary to insure payment of the liability. |
| 59.13 | (i) If a levy or sale would irreparably injure rights in property that the court determines |
| 9.14 | superior to rights of the state, the court may grant an injunction to prohibit the enforcement |
| 59.15 | of the levy or to prohibit the sale. |
| 59.16 | (j) Any person who fails or refuses to surrender without reasonable cause any property |
| 59.17 | or rights to property subject to levy is personally liable in an amount equal to the value of |
| 9.18 | the property or rights not so surrendered, but not exceeding the amount due. |
| 59.19 | (k) If the commissioner has seized the property of any individual, that individual may, |
| 59.20 | upon giving 48 hours notice to the commissioner and to the court, bring a claim for equitable |
| 59.21 | relief before the district court for the release of the property upon terms and conditions the |
| 9.22 | court considers equitable. |
| 9.23 | (l) Any person in control or possession of property or rights to property upon which a |
| 9.24 | levy has been made who surrenders the property or rights to property, or who pays the |
| 9.25 | amount due is discharged from any obligation or liability to the person liable for the amount |
| 9.26 | due with respect to the property or rights to property. |
| 9.27 | (m) The notice of any levy may be served personally or by mail. |
| 59.28 | (n) The commissioner may release the levy upon all or part of the property or rights to |
| 9.29 | property levied upon if the commissioner determines that the release will facilitate the |
| 59.30 | collection of the liability, but the release does not prevent any subsequent levy. If the |
| 9.31 | commissioner determines that property has been wrongfully levied upon, the commissioner |

must return:

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(2) an amount of money equal to the amount of money levied upon, at any time before the expiration of nine months from the date of levy.

REVISOR

- (o) Regardless of section 52.12, a levy upon a person's funds on deposit in a financial institution located in this state, has priority over any unexercised right of setoff of the financial institution to apply the levied funds toward the balance of an outstanding loan or loans owed by the person to the financial institution. A claim by the financial institution that it exercised its right to setoff before the levy must be substantiated by evidence of the date of the setoff, and verified by an affidavit from a corporate officer of the financial institution. For purposes of determining the priority of any levy under this subdivision, the levy is treated as if it were an execution under chapter 550.
- Subd. 3. Right of setoff. (a) Upon certification by the commissioner to the commissioner of management and budget, or to any state agency that disburses its own funds, that a person, applicant, or employer has a liability under this chapter, and that the state has purchased personal services, supplies, contract services, or property from that person, the commissioner of management and budget or the state agency must set off and pay to the commissioner an amount sufficient to satisfy the unpaid liability from funds appropriated for payment of the obligation of the state otherwise due the person. No amount may be set off from any funds exempt under section 550.37 or funds due an individual who receives assistance under chapter 256.
- (b) All funds, whether general or dedicated, are subject to setoff.
- 60.22 (c) Regardless of any law to the contrary, the commissioner has first priority to setoff
 60.23 from any funds otherwise due from the department to a delinquent person.
- Subd. 4. Collection by civil action. (a) Any amount due under this chapter, from an applicant or employer, may be collected by civil action in the name of the state of Minnesota.

 Civil actions brought under this subdivision must be heard as provided under section 16D.14.

 In any action, judgment must be entered in default for the relief demanded in the complaint without proof, together with costs and disbursements, upon the filing of an affidavit of default.
 - (b) Any person that is not a resident of this state and any resident person removed from this state, is considered to appoint the secretary of state as its agent for the acceptance of process in any civil action. The commissioner must file process with the secretary of state, together with a payment of a fee of \$15 and that service is considered sufficient service and has the same force and validity as if served personally within this state. Notice of the service

Article 1 Sec. 31.

| 61.1 | of process, together with a copy of the process, must be sent by certified mail to the person's |
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| 61.2 | last known address. An affidavit of compliance with this subdivision, and a copy of the |
| 61.3 | notice of service must be appended to the original of the process and filed in the court. |
| 61.4 | (c) No court filing fees, docketing fees, or release of judgment fees may be assessed |
| 61.5 | against the state for actions under this subdivision. |
| 61.6 | Subd. 5. Injunction forbidden. No injunction or other legal action to prevent the |
| 61.7 | determination, assessment, or collection of any amounts due under this chapter, from an |
| 61.8 | applicant or employer, are allowed. |
| 61.9 | Sec. 32. [268B.24] CONCILIATION SERVICES. |
| 61.10 | The Department of Labor and Industry may offer conciliation services to employers and |
| 61.11 | employees to resolve disputes concerning alleged violations of employment protections |
| 61.12 | identified in section 268B.09. |
| 61.13 | Sec. 33. [268B.25] ANNUAL REPORTS. |
| 61.14 | (a) Beginning on or before December 1, 2024, the commissioner must annually report |
| 61.15 | to the Department of Management and Budget and the house of representatives and senate |
| 61.16 | committee chairs with jurisdiction over this chapter on program administrative expenditures |
| 61.17 | and revenue collection for the prior fiscal year, including but not limited to: |
| 61.18 | (1) total revenue raised through premium collection; |
| 61.19 | (2) the number of self-employed individuals or independent contractors electing coverage |
| 61.20 | under section 268B.11 and amount of associated revenue; |
| 61.21 | (3) the number of covered business entities paying premiums under this chapter and |
| 61.22 | associated revenue; |
| 61.23 | (4) administrative expenditures including transfers to other state agencies expended in |
| 61.24 | the administration of the chapter; |
| 61.25 | (5) summary of contracted services expended in the administration of this chapter; |
| 61.26 | (6) grant amounts and recipients under sections 268B.29 and 268B.18; |
| 61.27 | (7) an accounting of required outreach expenditures; |
| 61.28 | (8) summary of private plan approvals including the number of employers and employees |
| 61.29 | covered under private plans; and |
| 61.30 | (9) adequacy and use of the private plan approval and oversight fee |

| 62.1 | (b) Beginning on or before December 1, 2024, the commissioner must annually publish |
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| 62.2 | a publicly available report providing the following information for the previous fiscal year: |
| 62.3 | (1) total eligible claims; |
| 62.4 | (2) the number and percentage of claims attributable to each category of benefit; |
| 62.5 | (3) claimant demographics by age, gender, average weekly wage, occupation, and the |
| 62.6 | type of leave taken; |
| 62.7 | (4) the percentage of claims denied and the reasons therefor, including but not limited |
| 62.8 | to insufficient information and ineligibility and the reason therefor; |
| 62.9 | (5) average weekly benefit amount paid for all claims and by category of benefit; |
| 62.10 | (6) changes in the benefits paid compared to previous fiscal years; |
| 62.11 | (7) processing times for initial claims processing, initial determinations, and final |
| 62.12 | decisions; |
| 62.13 | (8) average duration for cases completed; and |
| 62.14 | (9) the number of cases remaining open at the close of such year. |
| 62.15 | Sec. 34. [268B.26] NOTICE REQUIREMENTS. |
| 62.16 | (a) Each employer must post in a conspicuous place on each of its premises a workplace |
| 62.17 | notice prepared or approved by the commissioner providing notice of benefits available |
| 62.18 | under this chapter. The required workplace notice must be in English and each language |
| 62.19 | other than English which is the primary language of five or more employees or independent |
| 62.20 | contractors of that workplace, if such notice is available from the department. |
| 62.21 | (b) Each employer must issue to each employee not more than 30 days from the beginning |
| 62.22 | date of the employee's employment, or 30 days before premium collection begins, whichever |
| 62.23 | is later, the following written information provided or approved by the department in the |
| 62.24 | primary language of the employee: |
| 62.25 | (1) an explanation of the availability of family and medical leave benefits provided under |
| 62.26 | this chapter, including rights to reinstatement and continuation of health insurance; |
| 62.27 | (2) the amount of premium deductions made by the employer under this chapter; |
| 62.28 | (3) the employer's premium amount and obligations under this chapter; |
| 62.29 | (4) the name and mailing address of the employer; |
| 62.30 | (5) the identification number assigned to the employer by the department; |

| 63.1 | (6) instructions on how to file a claim for family and medical leave benefits; |
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| 63.2 | (7) the mailing address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the department; and |
| 63.3 | (8) any other information required by the department. |
| 63.4 | Delivery is made when an employee provides written acknowledgment of receipt of the |
| 63.5 | information, or signs a statement indicating the employee's refusal to sign such |
| 63.6 | acknowledgment. |
| 63.7 | (c) Each employer shall provide to each independent contractor with whom it contracts, |
| 63.8 | at the time such contract is made or, for existing contracts, within 30 days of the effective |
| 63.9 | date of this section, the following written information provided or approved by the department |
| 63.10 | in the self-employed individual's primary language: |
| 63.11 | (1) the address and telephone number of the department; and |
| 63.12 | (2) any other information required by the department. |
| 63.13 | (d) An employer that fails to comply with this subdivision may be issued, for a first |
| 63.14 | violation, a civil penalty of \$50 per employee and per independent contractor with whom |
| 63.15 | it has contracted, and for each subsequent violation, a civil penalty of \$300 per employee |
| 63.16 | or self-employed individual with whom it has contracted. The employer shall have the |
| 63.17 | burden of demonstrating compliance with this section. |
| 63.18 | (e) Employer notice to an employee under this section may be provided in paper or |
| 63.19 | electronic format. For notice provided in electronic format only, the employer must provide |
| 63.20 | employee access to an employer-owned computer during an employee's regular working |
| 63.21 | hours to review and print required notices. |
| 63.22 | Sec. 35. [268B.27] RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LEAVE; CONSTRUCTION. |
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| 63.23 | Subdivision 1. Concurrent leave. An employer may require leave taken under this |
| 63.24 | chapter to run concurrently with leave taken for the same purpose under section 181.941 |
| 63.25 | or the Family and Medical Leave Act, United States Code, title 29, sections 2601 to 2654, |
| 63.26 | as amended. |
| 63.27 | Subd. 2. Construction. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to: |
| 63.28 | (1) allow an employer to compel an employee to exhaust accumulated sick, vacation, |
| 63.29 | or personal time before or while taking leave under this chapter; |
| 63.30 | (2) except as provided under section 268B.01, subdivision 37, prohibit an employer |
| 63.31 | from providing additional benefits, including but not limited to covering the portion of |

| 64.1 | earnings not provided under this chapter during periods of leave covered under this chapter |
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| 64.2 | <u>or</u> |
| 64.3 | (3) limit the parties to a collective bargaining agreement from bargaining and agreeing |
| 64.4 | with respect to leave benefits and related procedures and employee protections that meet |
| 64.5 | or exceed, and do not otherwise conflict with, the minimum standards and requirements in |
| 64.6 | this chapter. |
| 64.7 | Sec. 36. [268B.28] SEVERABLE. |
| 64.8 | If the United States Department of Labor or a court of competent jurisdiction determines |
| 64.9 | that any provision of the family and medical benefit insurance program under this chapter |
| 64.10 | is not in conformity with, or is inconsistent with, the requirements of federal law, the |
| 64.11 | provision has no force or effect. If only a portion of the provision, or the application to any |
| 64.12 | person or circumstances, is determined not in conformity, or determined inconsistent, the |
| 64.13 | remainder of the provision and the application of the provision to other persons or |
| 64.14 | circumstances are not affected. |
| 64.15 | Sec. 37. [268B.29] SMALL BUSINESS ASSISTANCE GRANTS. |
| 64.16 | (a) Employers with 50 or fewer employees may apply to the department for grants under |
| 64.17 | this section. |
| 64.18 | (b) The commissioner may approve a grant of up to \$3,000 if the employer hires a |
| 64.19 | temporary worker to replace an employee on family or medical leave for a period of sever |
| 64.20 | days or more. |
| 64.21 | (c) For an employee's family or medical leave, the commissioner may approve a grant |
| 64.22 | of up to \$1,000 as reimbursement for significant additional wage-related costs due to the |
| 64.23 | employee's leave. |
| 64.24 | (d) To be eligible for consideration for a grant under this section, the employer must |
| 64.25 | provide the department written documentation showing the temporary worker hired or |
| 64.26 | significant wage-related costs incurred are due to an employee's use of leave under this |
| 64.27 | <u>chapter.</u> |
| 64.28 | (e) The grants under this section may be funded from the family and medical benefit |
| 64.29 | insurance account. |
| 64.30 | (f) For the purposes of this section, the commissioner shall average the number of |
| 64.31 | employees reported by an employer over the last four completed calendar quarters to |
| 64.32 | determine the size of the employer. |

| 65.1 | (g) An employer who has an approved private plan is not eligible to receive a grant under |
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| 65.2 | this section. |
| 65.3 | (h) The commissioner may award grants under this section only up to a maximum of |
| 65.4 | \$5,000,000 per calendar year. |
| 65.5 | Sec. 38. APPROPRIATIONS. |
| 65.6 | (a) \$1,700,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the |
| 65.7 | commissioner of employment and economic development for transfer to the family and |
| 65.8 | medical insurance benefit account for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268B, |
| 65.9 | including: |
| 65.10 | (1) payment of family and medical benefits for calendar years 2024 and 2025; |
| 65.11 | (2) implementation and administration of the family and medical benefit insurance |
| 65.12 | program; |
| 65.13 | (3) staffing, outreach, information technology implementation, and related activities; |
| 65.14 | <u>and</u> |
| 65.15 | (4) outreach, education, and technical assistance for employees, employers, and |
| 65.16 | self-employed individuals regarding Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268B. |
| 65.17 | This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2026. Any unspent money |
| 65.18 | cancels to the general fund. |
| 65.19 | (b) \$ in fiscal year 2027 is appropriated from the family and medical insurance |
| 65.20 | benefit account to the commissioner of employment and economic development for the |
| 65.21 | purposes of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268B, including administration of the family and |
| 65.22 | medical benefit insurance program, and outreach, education, and technical assistance for |
| 65.23 | employees, employers, and self-employed individuals. Of the amount used for outreach, |
| 65.24 | education, and technical assistance, at least half must be used for grants to community-based |
| 65.25 | groups providing outreach, education, and technical assistance for employees, employers, |
| 65.26 | and self-employed individuals regarding Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268B. Outreach must |
| 65.27 | include efforts to notify self-employed individuals of their ability to elect coverage under |
| 65.28 | Minnesota Statutes, section 268B.11, and providing individuals with technical assistance |
| 65.29 | to elect coverage. The base for fiscal year 2028 and beyond is \$ |

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Sec. 39. EFFECTIVE DATES.

| 66.1 | Sec. 39. <u>EFFECTIVE DATES.</u> |
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| 66.2 | (a) Family and medical benefits under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268B, may be applied |
| 66.3 | for and paid starting January 1, 2024. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 268B.03, |
| 66.4 | or any other law to the contrary, for calendar years 2024 and 2025, the commissioner shall |

pay benefits under this chapter from the money appropriated in section 38.

- (b) Sections 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 are effective July 1, 2022. 66.6
- 66.7 (c) Section 15 is effective January 1, 2023.
- (d) Except as provided in paragraph (a), sections 7 to 14, 16 to 18, 20, 22, 26 to 31, and 66.8 33 to 36 are effective January 1, 2024. 66.9
- (e) Sections 3, 19, 21, 23 to 25, and 32 are effective January 1, 2025. 66.10

ARTICLE 2 66.11

FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE BENEFIT AS EARNINGS

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 256J.561, is amended by adding a subdivision 66.13 to read: 66.14
- Subd. 4. Parents receiving family and medical leave benefits. A parent who meets 66.15 66.16 the criteria under subdivision 2 and who receives benefits under chapter 268B is not required to participate in employment services. 66.17
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 256J.95, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 66.18
- Subd. 3. Eligibility for diversionary work program. (a) Except for the categories of 66.19 family units listed in clauses (1) to (8), all family units who apply for cash benefits and who 66.20 meet MFIP eligibility as required in sections 256J.11 to 256J.15 are eligible and must 66.21 participate in the diversionary work program. Family units or individuals that are not eligible 66.22 for the diversionary work program include: 66.23
- (1) child only cases; 66.24
- (2) single-parent family units that include a child under 12 months of age. A parent is 66.25 eligible for this exception once in a parent's lifetime; 66.26
- (3) family units with a minor parent without a high school diploma or its equivalent; 66.27
- (4) family units with an 18- or 19-year-old caregiver without a high school diploma or 66.28 its equivalent who chooses to have an employment plan with an education option; 66.29

- (5) family units with a caregiver who received DWP benefits within the 12 months prior 67.1 to the month the family applied for DWP, except as provided in paragraph (c); 67.2 (6) family units with a caregiver who received MFIP within the 12 months prior to the 67.3 month the family applied for DWP; 67.4 (7) family units with a caregiver who received 60 or more months of TANF assistance; 67.5 and 67.6 67.7 (8) family units with a caregiver who is disqualified from the work participation cash benefit program, DWP, or MFIP due to fraud-; and 67.8 (9) single-parent family units where a parent is receiving family and medical leave 67.9 benefits under chapter 268B. 67.10 (b) A two-parent family must participate in DWP unless both caregivers meet the criteria 67.11 for an exception under paragraph (a), clauses (1) through (5), or the family unit includes a 67.12 parent who meets the criteria in paragraph (a), clause (6), (7), or (8). 67.13 (c) Once DWP eligibility is determined, the four months run consecutively. If a participant 67.14 leaves the program for any reason and reapplies during the four-month period, the county 67.15 must redetermine eligibility for DWP. 67.16 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 256J.95, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 67.17 Subd. 11. Universal participation required. (a) All DWP caregivers, except caregivers 67.18 who meet the criteria in paragraph (d), are required to participate in DWP employment 67.19 services. Except as specified in paragraphs (b) and (c), employment plans under DWP must, 67.20 at a minimum, meet the requirements in section 256J.55, subdivision 1. 67.21 (b) A caregiver who is a member of a two-parent family that is required to participate 67.22 in DWP who would otherwise be ineligible for DWP under subdivision 3 may be allowed 67.23 to develop an employment plan under section 256J.521, subdivision 2, that may contain 67.24 alternate activities and reduced hours. 67.25 (c) A participant who is a victim of family violence shall be allowed to develop an 67.26 employment plan under section 256J.521, subdivision 3. A claim of family violence must 67.27 be documented by the applicant or participant by providing a sworn statement which is 67.28 supported by collateral documentation in section 256J.545, paragraph (b). 67.29
 - (d) One parent in a two-parent family unit that has a natural born child under 12 months of age is not required to have an employment plan until the child reaches 12 months of age unless the family unit has already used the exclusion under section 256J.561, subdivision

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| 68.1 | 3, or the previously allowed child under age one exemption under section 256J.56, paragraph |
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| 68.2 | (a), clause (5). if that parent: |

- (1) receives family and medical leave benefits under chapter 268B; or
- 68.4 (2) has a natural born child under 12 months of age until the child reaches 12 months
 68.5 of age unless the family unit has already used the exclusion under section 256J.561,
 68.6 subdivision 3, or the previously allowed child under age one exemption under section
 68.7 256J.56, paragraph (a), clause (5).
 - (e) The provision in paragraph (d) ends the first full month after the child reaches 12 months of age. This provision is allowable only once in a caregiver's lifetime. In a two-parent household, only one parent shall be allowed to use this category.
 - (f) The participant and job counselor must meet in the month after the month the child reaches 12 months of age to revise the participant's employment plan. The employment plan for a family unit that has a child under 12 months of age that has already used the exclusion in section 256J.561 must be tailored to recognize the caregiving needs of the parent.
- 68.15 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 256P.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Earned income.** "Earned income" means cash or in-kind income earned through the receipt of wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, tips, gratuities, profit from employment activities, net profit from self-employment activities, payments made by an employer for regularly accrued vacation or sick leave, severance pay based on accrued leave time, benefits paid under chapter 268B, payments from training programs at a rate at or greater than the state's minimum wage, royalties, honoraria, or other profit from activity that results from the client's work, service, effort, or labor. The income must be in return for, or as a result of, legal activity.

68.24 Sec. 5. **EFFECTIVE DATES.**

Sections 1 to 4 are effective January 1, 2024.