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No. 69

H.P. 72

House of Representatives, January 22, 2013

An Act To Strengthen Financial Disclosure Laws for the Legislative and Executive Branches of State Government

Reference to the Committee on Veterans and Legal Affairs suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Jarland

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative GOODE of Bangor. Cosponsored by Representative: RUSSELL of Portland. 1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 1 MRSA §1012, sub-§4, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 561, §4, is
 amended to read:

4 A. Gifts received from a single source during the reporting period with an aggregate 5 value of \$300 \$200 or less;

6 Sec. 2. 1 MRSA §1016-G, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2011, c. 634, §11, is 7 amended to read:

8 **1. Content of statement.** The name and, where applicable, the job title of the 9 individual earning or receiving the income must be disclosed, unless otherwise noted. 10 Each source of income must be identified by name, address and principal type of 11 economic or business activity. If disclosure of this type is prohibited by statute, rule or an 12 established code of professional ethics, it is sufficient for the Legislator to specify the 13 principal type of economic or business activity from which the income is derived.

14 The statement must identify:

A. If the Legislator is an employee of another person, firm, corporation, association or organization that has provided the Legislator with compensation of \$2,000 or more, the name and address of the employer. The Legislator shall identify the title and position held by the Legislator;

- B. If the Legislator is self-employed, the name and address of the Legislator's
 business and each source of income derived from self-employment that represents
 more than 10% of the Legislator's gross income from self-employment or \$2,000,
 whichever is greater;
- C. The name, address and principal economic or business activity of any corporation,
 partnership, limited liability company or other business in which the Legislator or
 members of the Legislator's immediate family own or control, directly or indirectly,
 more than 50% of the outstanding equity, whether individually or in the aggregate,
 that has received revenue of \$2,000 or more;
- 28 D. Each source of income of \$2,000 or more the Legislator derived from providing 29 services as an attorney, the major areas of law practiced by the Legislator and, if 30 associated with a law firm, the major areas of practice of the firm;
- 31 E. Each source of income of \$2,000 or more received by the Legislator;
- F. The specific source of each gift received by the Legislator and the annual total
 value of all gifts received from each source;
- G. Each source of income of \$2,000 or more received by any member of the immediate family of the Legislator, except that the Legislator is not required to identify the names of dependent children. If the member of the Legislator's immediate family received income of \$2,000 or more in compensation, the Legislator shall identify the source of the compensation, the type of the economic activity and the title of the position held by the immediate family member;

1	H. Each source of honoraria of \$2,000 or more that the Legislator accepted and the
2	annual total value of all of those honoraria received from each source;
3 4	I. Each executive branch agency before which the Legislator or any immediate family member has represented or assisted others for compensation;
5	J. Each state governmental agency, board or commission to which the Legislator, a
6 7	member of the Legislator's immediate family or an associated organization has sold, rented or leased goods or services with a value of \$10,000 or more during the
8	preceding calendar year and a description of the goods or services sold, rented or
9 10	leased and the annual total value of all of those goods or services sold, rented or leased to each agency, board or commission;
11 12	K. Each organization that is required under Title 21-A, chapter 13 to register with the commission as a political action committee or ballot question committee for which
13	the Legislator is a treasurer, principal officer or principal fund-raiser or decision
14	maker;
15	L. Any offices, trusteeships, directorships or positions of any nature, whether
16 17	compensated or uncompensated, held by the Legislator or a member of the Legislator's immediate family with any for-profit or nonprofit firm, corporation,
18	association, limited liability company, partnership or business. For the purposes of
19 20	this paragraph, service as a clerk of a corporation or as a registered agent authorized to receive service of any process, notice or other demand for a business entity is not
20 21	considered a position with the corporation or business entity; and
22	M. All reportable liabilities incurred by the Legislator or a member of the
23	Legislator's immediate family during the reporting period.
24	For each source of income required to be reported under this subsection, the statement
25 26	must identify whether the amount of income exceeds the minimum required for reporting purposes but is less than \$5,000, the amount of income equals or exceeds \$5,000 but is
20 27	less than \$25,000, the amount of income equals or exceeds \$25,000 but is less than
28	\$100,000 or the amount of income equals or exceeds \$100,000.
29	Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §18, sub-§3-A is enacted to read:
30	3-A. Restriction on employment of former executive employee. A former
31 32	executive employee in a major policy-influencing position listed in chapter 71 commits a civil violation if the former executive employee, during the 12-month period immediately
32 33	following termination of employment as an executive employee, accepts compensation
34	for employment with, or under a contract to provide services during that period to, a
35 36	person that is engaged in a business activity that is regulated by the state or quasi-state
50	agency by which the former executive employee was employed.
37	Sec. 4. 5 MRSA §19, sub-§1, ¶E, as amended by PL 2009, c. 524, §1, is further
38	amended to read:
39 40	E. "Gift" means anything of value, including forgiveness of an obligation or debt, given to a person without that person providing equal or greater consideration to the
40 41	given to a person without that person providing equal or greater consideration to the giver. "Gift" does not include:

- 1 (1) Gifts received from a single source during the reporting period with an aggregate value of \$300 \$200 or less;
 - (2) A bequest or other form of inheritance; and

(3) A gift received from a relative or from an individual on the basis of a personal friendship as long as that individual is not a registered lobbyist or lobbyist associate under Title 3, section 313, unless the employee has reason to believe that the gift was provided because of the employee's official position and not because of a personal friendship.

9 Sec. 5. 5 MRSA §19, sub-§2, as repealed and replaced by PL 2011, c. 634, §19,
10 is amended to read:

11 2. Content of statement. Each executive employee shall annually file with the 12 Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices a statement identifying the 13 sources of income received, positions held and reportable liabilities incurred during the preceding calendar year by the executive employee or members of the executive 14 employee's immediate family. The name and, where applicable, the job title of the 15 individual earning or receiving the income must be disclosed, unless otherwise noted. 16 Each source of income must be identified by name, address and principal type of 17 economic or business activity. If disclosure of this type is prohibited by statute, rule or an 18 established code of professional ethics, it is sufficient for the executive employee to 19 specify the principal type of economic or business activity from which the income is 20 21 derived.

22 The statement must identify:

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- A. If the executive employee is an employee of another person, firm, corporation, association or organization that has provided the executive employee with compensation of \$2,000 or more, the name and address of the employer;
- B. If the executive employee is self-employed, the name and address of the executive
 employee's business and each source of income derived from self-employment that
 represents more than 10% of the employee's gross income from self-employment or
 \$2,000, whichever is greater;
- H. The name, address and principal economic or business activity of any
 corporation, partnership, limited liability company or other business in which the
 executive employee or members of the employee's immediate family own or control,
 directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the outstanding equity, whether individually
 or in the aggregate, that has received revenue of \$2,000 or more;
- I. Each source of income of \$2,000 or more the executive employee derived from providing services as an attorney, the major areas of law practiced by the executive employee and, if associated with a law firm, the major areas of practice of the firm;
- J. Each additional source of income of \$2,000 or more received by the executive
 employee;
- 40 K. The specific source of each gift received by the executive employee <u>and the</u> 41 <u>annual total value of all gifts received from each source;</u>

L. Each source of income of \$2,000 or more received by any member of the immediate family of the executive employee, except that the employee is not required to identify the names of dependent children. If the member of the executive employee's immediate family received income of \$2,000 or more in compensation, the executive employee shall identify the source of the compensation, the type of the economic activity and the title of the position held by the immediate family member;

- M. Each source of honoraria of \$2,000 or more that the executive employee accepted
 and the annual total value of all of those honoraria received from each source;
- 9 N. Each executive branch agency before which the executive employee or a member 10 of the employee's immediate family has represented or assisted others for 11 compensation;
- O. Each state governmental agency, board or commission to which the executive employee, a member of the employee's immediate family or an associated organization has sold, rented or leased goods or services with a value of \$10,000 or more during the preceding calendar year and a description of the goods or services sold, rented or leased and the annual total value of all of those goods or services sold, rented or leased to each agency, board or commission;
- P. Each organization that is required under Title 21-A, chapter 13 to register with the
 commission as a political action committee or ballot question committee for which
 the executive employee is a treasurer, principal officer or principal fund-raiser or
 decision maker of the organization;
- Q. Any offices, trusteeships, directorships or positions of any nature, whether compensated or uncompensated, held by the executive employee or a member of the employee's immediate family with any for-profit or nonprofit firm, corporation, association, limited liability company, partnership or business. For the purposes of this paragraph, service as a clerk of a corporation or as a registered agent authorized to receive service of any process, notice or other demand for a business entity is not considered a position with the corporation or business entity; and
- R. All reportable liabilities incurred by the executive employee or members of the
 employee's immediate family during the reporting period.

For each source of income required to be reported under this subsection, the statement must identify whether the amount of income exceeds the minimum required for reporting purposes but is less than \$5,000, the amount of income equals or exceeds \$5,000 but is less than \$25,000, the amount of income equals or exceeds \$25,000 but is less than \$100,000 or the amount of income equals or exceeds \$100,000.

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SUMMARY

This bill strengthens financial disclosure laws for Legislators and certain executive branch employees with regard to annual disclosure statements by reducing the minimum value of gifts that must be disclosed from \$300 to \$200, by requiring the disclosure of the annual total value of gifts, honoraria over \$2,000 and income received over \$10,000 for the sale, rental or lease of goods and services and by requiring that reportable income be identified as falling within specified ranges of income. The bill also provides that a former executive employee in a major policy-influencing position may not accept compensation for employment during the 12-month period immediately following termination of employment as an executive employee with, or under a contract to provide services during that period to, a person that is engaged in a business activity that is regulated by the state or quasi-state agency by which the former executive employee was employed.