

131st MAINE LEGISLATURE

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Legislative Document

No. 2113

S.P. 906

In Senate, January 3, 2024

An Act to Provide Relief to Federal Employees Affected by a Federal Shutdown

(EMERGENCY)

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 203.

Reference to the Committee on Health Coverage, Insurance and Financial Services suggested and ordered printed.

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by President JACKSON of Aroostook.

Cosponsored by Speaker TALBOT ROSS of Portland and
Senators: BAILEY of York, DAUGHTRY of Cumberland, RENY of Lincoln, VITELLI of
Sagadahoc, Representative: PERRY of Calais.

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and		
Whereas, Maine has many residents who are employees of the Federal Government; and		
Whereas, during a partial shutdown or full shutdown of the Federal Governme these federal employees are not paid, regardless of whether they are working, which cause enormous stress, both fiscal and emotional, on those employees; and		
Whereas, it is imperative that the State respond quickly and in an appropriate manner to the needs of its residents; and		
Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,		
Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:		
Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §158 is enacted to read:		
§158. Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program Fund established		
The Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program Fund, referred to in this section as "the fund," is established as a nonlapsing Other Special Revenue Funds account within the Office of the Treasurer of State. All money received by the fund from any source, including any transfers from the General Fund unappropriated surplus, must be credited to the fund. Money credited to the fund must be used to guarantee the repayment of loans made by an eligible financial institution to an eligible affected employee pursuant to Title 10, chapter 110, subchapter 15.		
Sec. 2. 10 MRSA c. 110, sub-c. 15 is enacted to read:		
SUBCHAPTER 15		
FEDERAL SHUTDOWN LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM		
§1100-HH. Definitions		
As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.		
1. Affected employee. "Affected employee" means a person employed by the Federal Government or any federal agency who, during a shutdown, is:		
A. A resident; and		
B. Required to work as a federal employee without pay or furloughed as a federal employee without pay.		
2. Bureau. "Bureau" means the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Bureau of Financial Institutions.		

- 3. Credit union. "Credit union" has the same meaning as "credit union authorized to do business in this State" in Title 9-B, section 131, subsection 12-A.
 - 4. Eligible affected employee. "Eligible affected employee" means an affected employee who is eligible to receive a loan as determined pursuant to section 1100-JJ, subsection 1.
- 5. Eligible financial institution. "Eligible financial institution" means a credit union or financial institution that is in good standing as determined by the bureau pursuant to section 1100-II. subsection 2.
- 6. Financial institution. "Financial institution" has the same meaning as "financial institution authorized to do business in this State" in Title 9-B, section 131, subsection 17-A.
- 7. Good standing. "Good standing," with respect to a credit union or financial institution, means that the credit union or financial institution is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration.
 - **8.** Grace period. "Grace period" means the later of:

- A. Ninety days after an eligible affected employee receives disbursement of a loan under the program; and
- B. The end of the shutdown during which the loan under paragraph A was made.
- **9.** Loan. "Loan" means an extension of credit made by an eligible financial institution to an eligible affected employee pursuant to this subchapter.
- 10. Loan guarantee payment. "Loan guarantee payment" means the amount paid by the Treasurer of State in satisfaction of a claim filed by an eligible financial institution pursuant to section 1100-KK.
- 11. Program. "Program" means the Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program established in section 1100-II.
- 12. Shutdown. "Shutdown" means a full or partial shutdown of the Federal Government that lasts longer than 14 consecutive calendar days. Each shutdown is considered a separate shutdown for purposes of the program.

§1100-II. Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program established

- 1. Establishment; purpose. The Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program is established within and administered by the authority. The authority shall guarantee the repayment of loans made by an eligible financial institution to an eligible affected employee pursuant to section 1100-JJ. The authority shall submit all approved claims pursuant to section 1100-KK to the Treasurer of State, who shall pay from the Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program Fund, established in Title 5, section 158, any claims submitted by the authority pursuant to the program.
- 2. Process for credit unions and financial institutions. A credit union or financial institution may submit a request to the bureau to participate in the program. Not later than 5 business days after receiving the request to participate, the bureau shall determine whether the credit union or financial institution is an eligible financial institution and immediately notify the credit union or financial institution and the authority of that

determination. An eligible financial institution may make loans to an eligible affected 1 2 employee in accordance with section 1100-JJ. 3 3. Notification of loan and borrower information. Each eligible financial institution 4 that makes a loan to an eligible affected employee pursuant to section 1100-JJ shall notify the authority in writing not later than 5 business days after making the loan, specifying such 5 information about the eligible affected employee borrower as the authority may request. 6 7 §1100-JJ. Eligibility of affected employees; loan terms; process 8 1. Determination of eligibility of affected employee. An eligible financial institution 9 may make a loan to an affected employee who meets the following eligibility requirements: 10 A. An affected employee shall provide to the eligible financial institution proof of the affected employee's employment status, income and residence in this State. An affected 11 12 employee may meet the requirements of this paragraph by providing to the eligible 13 financial institution proof such as a pay stub or bank statement, a federal employee 14 identification card or the federal tax identification number of the affected employee's 15 employer; and 16 B. In addition to the proof required in paragraph A, an affected employee shall submit 17 to the eligible financial institution a sworn affidavit from the affected employee stating: 18 (1) That the affected employee is currently a federal employee residing in this 19 State; 20 (2) That the affected employee is eligible to receive back pay when a shutdown 21 ends: 22 (3) That the affected employee is not receiving a loan from any other eligible 23 financial institution pursuant to this subchapter; and 24 (4) The amount per week of unemployment compensation benefits pursuant to 25 Title 26, chapter 13: 26 (a) Received by the affected employee, if any, during a shutdown; and 27 (b) The affected employee is eligible to receive, if any, during a shutdown. 28 **2. Determination of loan amount.** The maximum amount of the loan is the lesser of 29 \$6,000 and the affected employee's most recent monthly after-tax pay, offset by any 30 unemployment benefits, as determined pursuant to this subsection. 31 A. Offsetting unemployment benefits are determined by multiplying by 4 the greater 32 of the amount per week of unemployment benefits pursuant to Title 26, chapter 13, as 33 reported pursuant to subsection 1, paragraph B, subparagraph (4): 34 (1) Actually received by the affected employee during the shutdown; and 35 (2) The affected employee is eligible to receive during the shutdown. 36 B. The amount of offsetting unemployment benefits, if any, as determined pursuant to 37 paragraph A is subtracted from the lesser of \$6,000 and the affected employee's most 38 recent monthly after-tax pay. 39 C. The amount of the loan is the lesser of the amount determined following the 40 calculation in paragraph B and \$6,000.

- 3. Creditworthiness. An eligible financial institution may not use an affected employee's creditworthiness as a factor for the purposes of determining eligibility for a loan under this subchapter.
- **4. Terms of loan agreement.** Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the following terms apply to a loan issued pursuant to this subchapter.
 - A. A loan agreement may not:

- (1) Require repayment during the grace period;
- (2) Charge interest on the principal amount before or during the grace period or for 180 days after the grace period; or
- (3) Contain a fee or penalty for the prepayment or early payment of the loan.
- B. The loan agreement must require that the affected employee repay the loan in full not later than 180 days after the end of the grace period and permit repayment to be made in installments. An affected employee who chooses to repay the loan in installments must be allowed to make at least 3 and no more than 6 equal installment payments.
- C. After 180 days have elapsed following the grace period, the eligible financial institution may charge interest or fees in accordance with the eligible financial institution's lending policy and the terms of the loan agreement.
- 5. Multiple loans to same eligible affected employee during same shutdown. An eligible affected employee who has received a loan pursuant to this section may apply to the same eligible financial institution for an additional loan for each 30-day period beyond the first that the affected employee remains an eligible affected employee, except that an eligible affected employee may not receive more than 3 loans under the program during a shutdown. An eligible affected employee who applies for an additional loan shall provide the eligible financial institution with updated information as required under subsection 1, including the amount of unemployment compensation benefits the affected employee has been determined eligible to receive or has received during the shutdown. Each additional loan must be made in accordance with this section.
- 6. Treatment of deferred interest. Notwithstanding any provision of Title 36, Part 8 to the contrary, any interest deferred or not charged related to a loan issued pursuant to this section is exempt from all state taxes that may be applicable to such interest amounts as they relate to an affected employee. An eligible financial institution shall disclose to eligible affected employee borrowers in the signed affidavit or loan documents that there may be federal tax consequences to the program loans and that loan information may be shared with the authority.

§1100-KK. Loan guarantee

- 1. Claims. No sooner than the 180th day following the end of the grace period and no later than the 300th day following the end of the grace period, an eligible financial institution that has made a good faith effort to collect the outstanding principal of a loan issued pursuant to section 1100-JJ and has been unsuccessful may make a claim to the authority for recovery of an amount equal to the outstanding principal of that loan.
- An eligible financial institution shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the authority that the eligible financial institution has made a good faith effort to collect the outstanding

- principal from the eligible affected employee in accordance with the eligible financial institution's loan servicing and collection policies and has been unsuccessful.
 - 2. Loan guarantee payment. The authority, upon receipt of a properly documented claim submitted by an eligible financial institution pursuant to subsection 1, shall submit the claim immediately to the Treasurer of State for payment. The Treasurer of State immediately shall pay to the authority from the Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program Fund, established in Title 5, section 158, any claims submitted by the authority pursuant to the program. The authority shall distribute the loan guarantee payment to the eligible financial institution.
 - **3. Effect of payment of claim.** After payment of a loan guarantee payment to an eligible financial institution pursuant to subsection 2:
 - A. The loan must be assigned by the eligible financial institution to the authority on behalf of the State; and
 - B. The duty of the authority to continue collection efforts on the loan pursuant to section 1100-LL, subsection 4 applies.

§1100-LL. Duties and powers of authority

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- 1. Maintenance and review of records. The authority shall maintain records in the regular course of administration of the program, including a record of loans issued pursuant to section 1100-JJ and loan guarantee payments issued pursuant to section 1100-KK, subsection 2 to honor claims on defaulted loans. The authority shall regularly review these records to monitor all the loans issued and identify duplicative applications.
- 2. Termination of loan recovery guarantee based on misrepresentation or failure to comply by financial institution. The authority may terminate any agreement to pay the claim of an eligible financial institution pursuant to section 1100-KK if the eligible financial institution misrepresents any information pertaining to the loan or fails to comply with any requirements of this section or section 1100-KK in connection with the claim for the loan.
- 3. Termination of loan recovery guarantee based on excess claims. If the amount expended for loan guarantee payments under section 1100-KK equals or exceeds 10% of the total of all loans issued, the authority shall immediately cease to approve claims and shall notify the Treasurer of State and each eligible financial institution of the total amount of loan guarantee payments made and that the authority has ceased honoring loan claims.
- **4. Recovery of defaulted loans.** The authority, on its own or by contracting with a private entity, shall make reasonable efforts to recover the amount of loan guarantee payments made pursuant to section 1100-KK, subsection 2. Any funds recovered pursuant to this subsection, less reasonable administrative costs, must be deposited in the Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program Fund established in Title 5, section 158.

§1100-MM. New loans prohibited after shutdown

An affected employee may not apply for a loan under the program after a shutdown ends. A financial institution may not approve a loan under the program after a shutdown ends.

§1100-NN. Review of funding needs

The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over appropriations and financial affairs, in consultation with the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over financial services matters, may report out legislation to address any funding needs of the program.

- **Sec. 3. Transfer.** Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the State Controller shall transfer \$250,000 from the General Fund unappropriated surplus to the Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program Fund, established within the Office of the Treasurer of State pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 158, no later than 14 days following the effective date of this Act to be used to guarantee the repayment of loans made by an eligible financial institution to an eligible affected employee pursuant to Title 10, chapter 110, subchapter 15.
- **Sec. 4. Additional transfer and allocation in 2024.** The Joint Standing Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs, after consultation with the Joint Standing Committee on Health Coverage, Insurance and Financial Services, may report out legislation to the Second Regular Session of the 131st Legislature to address any funding needs of the Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program established in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 10, chapter 110, subchapter 15.
- **Sec. 5. Appropriations and allocations.** The following appropriations and allocations are made.

TREASURER OF STATE, OFFICE OF

Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program Fund N296

Initiative: Establishes the Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program Fund with a \$250,000 transfer from the unappropriated surplus of the General Fund.

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	2023-24	2023-24 2024-25
All Other	\$250,000	\$0
OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TOTAL	\$250,000	

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.

30 SUMMARY

This bill establishes the Federal Shutdown Loan Guarantee Program. The program, administered by the Finance Authority of Maine, or FAME, provides access to no-interest loans for certain federal employees in Maine affected by a partial or full shutdown of the Federal Government that lasts for longer than 14 consecutive days by guaranteeing up to 10% of the loans eligible credit unions and financial institutions make to affected employees.

Under the bill, affected employees are eligible for up to 3 loans during a shutdown, each equal to their monthly after-tax pay, less unemployment benefits, up to a maximum of \$6,000. Eligibility must be proven by the employee based on certain requirements; the creditworthiness of an employee may not be used as a factor to determine eligibility for the program.

An eligible financial institution that makes a loan pursuant to the program is prohibited from requiring repayment of the loan during the grace period, which is the time during the shutdown or 90 days after the disbursement of the loan, whichever is later, and from imposing interest on the loan for 180 days following the grace period. Following the end of the 180 days, an institution that made a loan under the program, after a good faith effort to collect the principal amount of the loan, may apply to FAME for repayment of the uncollected amount of the loan in default. The Treasurer of State is required to make the payment to the financial institution. FAME is required to make reasonable efforts to recoup the amount of any payments made to eligible financial institutions from the employee who defaulted on the loan.

Finally, the bill gives the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over appropriations and financial affairs, in consultation with the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over financial services matters, authority to report out legislation to address any funding needs of the program.