

## **130th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## **SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2022**

**Legislative Document** 

No. 2038

H.P. 1526

House of Representatives, April 13, 2022

An Act To Incorporate Respectful Language into the Maine Revised Statutes, Titles 22, 25 and 34-A

Reported by the Majority from the Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety pursuant to Resolve 2021, chapter 120, section 2.

R(+ B. Hunt

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2 3	Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §3174, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1983, c. 178, is further amended to read:
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<b>3.</b> Inmate <u>Resident of a correctional facility, jail or public institution</u> . Is not an inmate of any <u>a resident of a correctional facility</u> , <u>a jail or a</u> public institution, except as a patient in a medical institution or <del>an inmate <u>a</u> resident of a correctional facility or a jail</del> during the month in which he the person becomes <del>an inmate <u>a</u> resident of a correctional facility or a jail facility or a jail</del> only to the extent permitted by federal law, but <del>an inmate <u>a</u> resident of such an <u>a</u> correctional facility, <u>a jail or an</u> institution may file application for aid and any allowance made thereon shall take takes effect and <u>must be paid upon his the person's ceasing to be an inmate of such a resident of a correctional facility, a jail or a public institution.</u></del>
13 14	<b>Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §3174-T, sub-§2, ¶C,</b> as amended by PL 2017, c. 284, Pt. SSSSSS, §1, is further amended by amending subparagraph (4) to read:
15 16	(4) Is an inmate in a resident of a correctional facility, a jail or a public institution or a patient in an institution for mental diseases; or
17	Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §8001, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 719, §6, is amended to read:
18	§8001. Definition of drug treatment center
19 20 21 22	The term "drug treatment center," as used in this subtitle, shall mean means a residential facility, not licensed as a medical care facility under chapter 405, for the care, treatment or rehabilitation of drug users, including alcohol users persons with substance use disorder, including persons whose substance use disorder centers on alcohol.
23 24	<b>Sec. 4. 25 MRSA §2002, sub-§3,</b> as amended by PL 2017, c. 407, Pt. A, §100, is further amended to read:
25 26 27	<b>3.</b> Drug user <u>Person who uses drugs</u> . "Drug user <u>Person who uses drugs</u> " has the same meaning as set forth in Title 5, section 20003, subsection 10 means a person who uses any drugs, dependency-related drugs or hallucinogens in violation of any law of the State.
28 29 30	<b>Sec. 5. 25 MRSA §2003, sub-§1, ¶D,</b> as amended by PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. C, §79 and c. 407, Pt. A, §102 and affected by PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14, is further amended by amending subparagraph (5), division (r) to read:
31 32	(r) Are you a drug user person who uses drugs or a person with substance use disorder?
33 34	<b>Sec. 6. 25 MRSA §5101, sub-§2, ¶B,</b> as amended by PL 2019, c. 343, Pt. CCCCC, §1, is further amended by amending subparagraph (1) to read:
35 36	(1) Provision of evidence-based treatment programs, including medically assisted treatment, to jail inmates residents of a jail; and
37 38	Sec. 7. 34-A MRSA §1001, sub-§1-A, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 314, §2, is amended to read:
39 40	<b>1-A. Client.</b> "Client" means any person in the custody or under the supervision of the department, including, but not limited to, a prisoner resident of a correctional facility,

1 2	person on supervised community confinement, juvenile client, contract client, probationer person on probation, parolee, juvenile detainee and <del>an</del> informally adjusted juvenile.
3 4	<b>Sec. 8. 34-A MRSA §1001, sub-§9,</b> as repealed and replaced by PL 2009, c. 391, §8, is amended to read:
5 6 7 8	<b>9. Holding facility.</b> "Holding facility" means a facility or part of a building used for the detention of adult pretrial detainees prior to arraignment, release or transfer to another facility or authority for periods of up to 48 hours. "Holding facility" also means a county jail or part of a jail used for the detention of adult inmates persons, whether detained
9 10 11	pending a trial or other court proceeding or sentenced for periods of up to 72 hours excluding Saturday, Sunday and legal holidays and excluding days during which the inmate person is at court.
12 13	Sec. 9. 34-A MRSA §1001, sub-§14, as amended by PL 2013, c. 133, §24, is repealed.
14	Sec. 10. 34-A MRSA §1001, sub-§15-C is enacted to read:
15 16 17	15-C. Resident of a correctional facility. "Resident of a correctional facility" means an adult person sentenced and committed to, transferred to or detained in the custody of the department.
18 19	<b>Sec. 11. 34-A MRSA §1001, sub-§16,</b> as amended by PL 1991, c. 314, §8, is further amended to read:
20 21 22	<b>16.</b> Segregation. "Segregation" means the separation of a prisoner resident of a correctional facility from the general population of a correctional facility for administrative or punitive reasons.
23 24	Sec. 12. 34-A MRSA §1201, as amended by PL 1991, c. 314, §9, is further amended to read:
25	§1201. Legislative intent
26 27 28 29 30 31	Recognizing the need to firmly control all of the State's correctional and detention facilities, provide for the safety of staff and clients, undertake appropriate programming for the classification, education, rehabilitation and maintenance of clients and assure an effective system for the supervision of parolees and probationers persons on probation, it is the intent of the Legislature to create a Department of Corrections to improve the administration of correctional facilities, programs and services for clients.
32 33	<b>Sec. 13. 34-A MRSA §1208, sub-§4,</b> as enacted by PL 1983, c. 581, §§10 and 59, is amended to read:
34 35 36 37	<b>4. Emergency powers.</b> The commissioner may take immediate action in response to noncompliance with a mandatory standard, if the noncompliance is determined to endanger the safety of the staff, inmates residents of a jail or visitors of any county or municipal detention facility.
38 39	A. The commissioner's action under this subsection shall expire expires within 90 days or upon compliance with the mandatory standard.
40 41	B. After having taken action under this section, the commissioner shall send a written inspection report to the affected facility.

1 2 3	C. The commissioner shall decide what long-term action to take with respect to the affected facility on the basis of county or municipality response to the inspection report and subsequent meetings.
4 5	<b>Sec. 14. 34-A MRSA §1208, sub-§5, </b> ¶ <b>A</b> , as enacted by PL 1983, c. 581, §§10 and 59, is amended to read:
6 7 8	A. The commissioner may grant a variance only when he the commissioner determines that the variance will not result in diminishing the safety, health or security of staff, inmates residents of a jail or visitors of a county or municipal detention facility.
9 10	Sec. 15. 34-A MRSA §1208-A, as amended by PL 2007, c. 102, §7, is further amended to read:
11	§1208-A. Standards for additional accommodations
12 13 14 15 16	The commissioner shall establish standards for facilities not covered by section 1208 that are used to house residents of a county prisoners jail, including secure detention facilities as defined in Title 15, section 3003, subsection 24-A and temporary holding resources as defined in Title 15, section 3003, subsection 26 and has the same power to determine compliance with and enforce those standards as provided under section 1208.
17 18	<b>Sec. 16. 34-A MRSA §1208-B, sub-§1, </b> ¶ <b>A,</b> as amended by PL 2017, c. 407, Pt. A, §152, is further amended to read:
19 20 21 22 23 24	A. The standards, policies and procedures must address record keeping and reporting of financial data, capital improvement planning, jail staffing, administration and management of prisoners residents of a jail, transfer of immates residents, notification to prisoners residents of prohibition on contact with victims and other persons, pretrial assessments and services, evidence-based programming, literacy programs, mental health and substance use disorder programs and correctional officer training.
25 26	<b>Sec. 17. 34-A MRSA §1208-B, sub-§1, ¶B,</b> as corrected by RR 2019, c. 2, Pt. A, §32, is amended by amending subparagraph (1) to read:
27 28 29 30 31	(1) Require reporting of data that indicates average daily population of prisoners residents of a jail, that excludes federal prisoners residents of a jail detained by the Federal Government, that indicates sending and receiving jails for transferred prisoners residents and that is useful in calculating the distributions to the counties pursuant to section 1210-D, subsection 4; and
32 33	Sec. 18. 34-A MRSA §1210-D, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2015, c. 335, §23, is amended to read:
34 35 36 37	<b>3. Prisoner support Support for residents of a jail.</b> The fund must be used to provide a portion of the counties' costs of the support of prisoners detained or sentenced to county jails residents of a jail. The following provisions apply to prisoner support funding to support residents.
38 39 40 41	A. Up to 70% of the funds distributed to a county under this section may be used for the purpose of support of prisoners detained or sentenced to county jails residents and for such other jail operations and correctional services purposes as the sheriff determines to be appropriate.

1 2 3	B. The county treasurer shall deposit 70% of the funds received under subsection 4 into an account for <del>prisoner</del> support <u>of residents</u> , jail operations and correctional services purposes.
4 5	Sec. 19. 34-A MRSA §1210-D, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2015, c. 335, §23, is amended to read:
6 7 8 9 10	<b>4. Formula; distribution.</b> The department shall establish by rule a formula for the distribution of funds from the fund to the counties for jail operations. Beginning July 1, 2015 and annually thereafter, the department shall distribute to the counties from the fund amounts based on the formula. The formula must be based on the most recent fiscal year for which data is available and must:
11 12	A. Take into consideration total statewide county jail prisoner resident days for all jails;
13 14 15 16	B. Take into consideration and assign to a jail the number of county jail prisoner resident days attributable to each prisoner resident who was charged with committing a crime in that county or was committed to the custody of or detained by the sheriff of that county;
17 18	C. Determine the proportion of statewide county jail prisoner resident days attributable to each county;
19 20	D. Determine the per diem per prisoner county jail resident reimbursement amount; and
21 22 23	E. Determine the reimbursement amount for each county based on the county's proportion of statewide county jail prisoner resident days multiplied by the per diem per prisoner county jail resident rate.
24 25	Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
26 27	<b>Sec. 20. 34-A MRSA §1217,</b> as enacted by PL 2009, c. 213, Pt. W, §1, is amended to read:
28	§1217. <del>Prisoner</del> <u>Resident</u> Boarding Fund
29 30 31	The <u>Prisoner Resident</u> Boarding Fund is established in the department to provide funding for the boarding of <u>prisoners</u> residents of a correctional facility at county jail facilities.
32 33	<b>1. Commissioner's powers.</b> The commissioner may receive and use, for the purpose of this section, money appropriated by the State.
34 35 36 37 38	2. Prisoner <u>Resident</u> Boarding Fund. All funds appropriated for the purpose of this section must be credited to the Prisoner <u>Resident</u> Boarding Fund. State funds appropriated to the Prisoner <u>Resident</u> Boarding Fund that are unexpended at the end of the fiscal year for which the funds are appropriated do not lapse, but must carry forward into subsequent fiscal years to be expended for the purpose of this section.
39 40	Sec. 21. 34-A MRSA §1402, sub-§5, as amended by PL 2009, c. 1, Pt. S, §3, is further amended to read:

5. Grievance procedures. The commissioner shall establish procedures for hearing 2 grievances of clients. The commissioner shall establish a separate grievance process for 3 addressing complaints by prisoners residents of a correctional facility about their medical and mental health treatment. 4

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Sec. 22. 34-A MRSA §1402, sub-§9, as amended by PL 2007, c. 240, Pt. YYY, §2, is further amended to read:

7 9. Statement of correctional system impact. The commissioner shall prepare statements pertaining to the impact that proposed legislation has upon correctional system 8 9 resources, including the cost that the correctional system would bear. The commissioner shall make inquiry of a statewide association of prosecuting attorneys, the judicial branch, 10 11 a statewide association of county sheriffs and any other parties, as appropriate, in order to 12 provide the most accurate estimates of the correctional system impact, including the number of additional probationers persons on probation, the number of additional 13 14 incarcerated individuals and the number of additional jail and prison beds that may reasonably be anticipated from enactment of the legislation, by fiscal year. Whenever 15 practicable, the statements must also include the impact of such legislation in future biennia 16 as well. For purposes of this subsection, the correctional system includes correctional 17 facilities and services operated or funded by the State or by any county government. The 18 19 statements must be furnished to the appropriate committee of the Legislature for the information of its members and to the legislative staff office designated to collect and 20 assemble fiscal information for use of legislative committees under Title 3, section 163-A, 21 22 subsection 10. The statements must be considered in the preparation of the fiscal note 23 included in a committee amendment or other amendment if the legislation or amendment 24 has a fiscal impact on the correctional system. A statement is not required for any legislation that has no impact upon the correctional system. 25

26 Sec. 23. 34-A MRSA §1403, sub-§7, as amended by PL 2011, c. 340, §1, is further 27 amended to read:

28 7. Establishment of farm programs and gravel mining programs to support farm 29 programs at correctional facilities. The commissioner may establish a farm program at 30 each correctional facility for the purposes of producing agricultural and farm products and teaching prisoners residents of a correctional facility and juvenile clients cultivation and 31 32 gardening techniques. The commissioner may also establish a gravel mining program at 33 any correctional facility sited on land that contains sufficient gravel for the purpose of supporting the farm programs. 34

- 35 A. Products from farm programs under this subsection must be used by correctional 36 facilities. If a surplus exists, it may be:
  - (1) Sold or distributed to other state, county or local governmental entities;
- 38 (2) Exchanged with other state, county or local governmental entities for services or other goods; 39
- 40 (3) Sold to or exchanged with private Maine businesses; or
- (4) Sold to or exchanged with community agencies as defined in section 1206, 41 42 subsection 1.

- B. The revenue generated by the sale of farm products under this subsection must be deposited in a special account. This account does not lapse at the end of a fiscal year but must be carried forward from year to year.
- C. The funds in the special account under paragraph B may be expended to implement
  and maintain farm programs in correctional facilities. These expenditures include, but
  are not limited to, the purchase of necessary materials and equipment, construction,
  administrative costs and employee salaries.
- 8 D. The commissioner may establish, for the purpose of supporting farm programs at 9 correctional facilities by generating additional revenue for the special account under paragraph B, a gravel mining program at any correctional facility sited on land that 10 contains sufficient gravel. The commissioner shall determine the amount of gravel to 11 be mined. Gravel not used by correctional facilities may be sold, distributed or 12 13 exchanged in the same manner as farm products pursuant to paragraph A. In addition to the expenditures allowed by paragraph C, the revenue generated from a gravel 14 mining program may be expended to implement and maintain gravel mining programs 15 in correctional facilities. 16
- 17 Sec. 24. 34-A MRSA §1403, sub-§8, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 127, §3, is
  18 amended to read:
- C. The commissioner may contract with the Attorney General of the United States or
   officer designated by the Congress for the care, custody, subsistence, education,
   treatment and training of any prisoner resident of a correctional facility or juvenile
   accepted under this section. All sums paid pursuant to contracts authorized by this
   section shall accrue to the General Fund.
- Sec. 25. 34-A MRSA §1403, sub-§9, ¶D, as amended by PL 2013, c. 368, Pt.
   ZZZ, §1, is further amended to read:
- D. All revenues from direct sales of goods and services produced by prisoners at 26 correctional facilities residents of a correctional facility and all amounts received from 27 a private sector industry participating with the Department of Corrections in an 28 industries program certified by the United States Department of Justice under the 29 United States Code, Title 18, Section 1761, in consideration of lease of industry space, 30 31 provision of utilities, trash removal and other services provided to the private industry 32 that are related to the use of industry space at correctional facilities must be deposited 33 into the department's industries enterprise account, which does not lapse. All revenues 34 generated from career and technical training programs must be deposited into Other Special Revenue Funds accounts, which do not lapse and must be used to support the 35 36 costs of vocational training programs.
- 37 Sec. 26. 34-A MRSA §3032, sub-§3, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, is
  38 amended to read:
- B. The prisoner correctional facility shall be provided provide the person with a sufficient quantity of wholesome and nutritious food.
- 41 Sec. 27. 34-A MRSA §3032, sub-§3, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, is 42 amended to read:

C. Adequate The correctional facility shall provide the person with adequate sanitary and other conditions <u>as</u> required for the health of the prisoner shall be maintained person.

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- **Sec. 28. 34-A MRSA §3032, sub-§5-A,** as amended by PL 2005, c. 506, §§4 and 5, is further amended to read:
- **5-A. Restitution.** The imposition of restitution at all facilities is subject to the following conditions.

8 A. Restitution may be imposed for the purpose of replacing or repairing property 9 destroyed or damaged by the prisoner resident of a correctional facility or juvenile 10 while the prisoner resident or juvenile is at the institution. When restitution is imposed at a facility, a prisoner resident or a juvenile who is subject to that restitution and who 11 receives money from any source shall pay 25% of that money to the facility where the 12 damage occurred. The facility shall collect that money and apply it to defray the cost 13 of replacement or repair of the items destroyed or damaged. Money received by the 14 prisoner resident or juvenile and directly deposited into a telephone call account 15 established by the department for the sole purpose of paying for use of the department's 16 client telephone system is not subject to this paragraph, except that 25% of any money 17 18 received by the prisoner resident or juvenile and transferred from the telephone call 19 account to the department's general client account at the time of the prisoner's resident's 20 or juvenile's discharge or transfer to supervised community confinement or community 21 reintegration status must be collected and disbursed as provided in this paragraph.

A-1. Restitution may be imposed for the purpose of paying the cost of medical care 22 23 incurred as a result of the conduct of a prisoner resident of a correctional facility or juvenile while the prisoner resident or juvenile is at the institution. When restitution is 24 25 imposed at a facility, a prisoner resident or a juvenile who is subject to that restitution 26 and who receives money from any source shall pay 25% of that money to the facility 27 where the medical care was provided. The facility shall collect that money and apply 28 it to defray the cost of medical care. Money received by the prisoner resident or juvenile and directly deposited into a telephone call account established by the 29 30 department for the sole purpose of paying for use of the department's client telephone 31 system is not subject to this paragraph, except that 25% of any money received by the prisoner resident or juvenile and transferred from the telephone call account to the 32 33 department's general client account at the time of the prisoner's resident's or juvenile's 34 discharge or transfer to supervised community confinement or community 35 reintegration status must be collected and disbursed as provided in this paragraph.

B. A prisoner resident of a correctional facility or juvenile who is transferred to another
 facility remains liable for any restitution authorized under this chapter. The facility
 receiving the prisoner resident or juvenile shall collect the restitution and transfer it to
 the facility where the damage occurred or where the medical care was provided.

40B-1. A prisoner resident of a correctional facility or juvenile who is discharged from41the facility remains liable for any restitution authorized under this chapter. If the42prisoner resident or juvenile is returned to the custody of the department, any facility43in which the prisoner resident or juvenile resides shall collect the restitution and ensure44that it is used to defray the costs as set out in this chapter.

- C. Restitution is not authorized if its imposition would create an excessive financial hardship, as determined by the department, on the dependents of the prisoner resident of a correctional facility. Any payments made for the support of the dependents that are required by the Department of Health and Human Services may not be used for restitution payments.
- 6 Sec. 29. 34-A MRSA §3032, sub-§5-B, as amended by PL 2005, c. 506, §6, is 7 further amended to read:
  - **5-B. Monetary sanctions.** The imposition of monetary sanctions at adult correctional facilities is subject to the following conditions.
- 10 A. When a monetary sanction is imposed at a facility, a prisoner resident of a correctional facility who is subject to that monetary sanction and who receives money 11 from any source shall pay 25% of that money to the facility where the monetary 12 sanction was imposed. The facility shall collect that money and apply it to defray the 13 cost of holding disciplinary hearings. Money received by the prisoner resident and 14 directly deposited into a telephone call account established by the department for the 15 sole purpose of paying for use of the department's client telephone system is not subject 16 to this paragraph, except that 25% of any money received by the prisoner resident and 17 18 transferred from the telephone call account to the department's general client account 19 at the time of the prisoner's resident's discharge or transfer to supervised community confinement must be collected and disbursed as provided in this paragraph. 20
- B. A prisoner resident of a correctional facility who is transferred to another facility
   remains liable for any monetary sanction authorized under this chapter. The facility
   receiving the prisoner resident shall collect the monetary sanction and transfer it to the
   facility where the monetary sanction was imposed.
- C. A prisoner resident of a correctional facility who is discharged from a facility remains liable for any monetary sanction authorized under this chapter. If the prisoner resident is returned to the custody of the department, any facility in which the prisoner resident resides shall collect the monetary sanction and ensure that it is used to defray costs as set out in this chapter.
- 30D. A monetary sanction is not authorized if its imposition would create an excessive31financial hardship, as determined by the department, on the dependents of the prisoner32resident of a correctional facility. Any payments made for the support of the33dependents that are required by the Department of Health and Human Services may34not be used for monetary sanction payments.
- Sec. 30. 34-A MRSA §3033, as amended by PL 1989, c. 127, §§7 to 9, PL 2011, c.
  657, Pt. W, §7 and PL 2013, c. 405, Pt. A, §23, is further amended to read:
- 37 §3033. Work assignments

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**1. Public works.** The commissioner may authorize the employment of able-bodied prisoners physically able residents of a correctional facility in the construction and improvement of highways or other public works within the State under such arrangements as may be made with the Department of Transportation or with another department or commission of the State, county or municipality in charge of these public works, and the commissioner may prescribe whatever rules and conditions the commissioner considers

1	expedient to ensure the proper care and treatment of the prisoners residents while so
2	employed and to ensure their safekeeping and return.
3 4 5 6	<b>2. Fire or disaster.</b> The commissioner may authorize the training and use of able- bodied prisoners physically able residents of a correctional facility by the Bureau of Forestry or the Maine Emergency Management Agency, to fight fires or provide assistance during or after a civil disaster.
7 8 9	<b>3.</b> Charitable property improvement. The commissioner may authorize the use of able-bodied prisoners physically able residents of a correctional facility to provide assistance in the improvement of property owned by charitable, nonprofit organizations.
10 11 12	A. The commissioner shall promulgate adopt such rules as he deems the commissioner determines proper to ensure the care and treatment of the prisoners residents and the safe working conditions of prisoners residents and departmental employees.
13 14 15 16	B. The commissioner may request that charitable, nonprofit organizations pay for the transportation of the prisoners residents of a correctional facility and pay the per diem compensation of guards, correctional officers or instructors who must accompany the prisoners residents or oversee the work to be performed.
17 18 19 20 21	<b>4. Prohibited act.</b> A person is guilty of escape under Title 17-A, section 755, if that person is a prisoner resident of a correctional facility and escapes from any assignments described in this section or from any other assignment beyond the walls or other security restraints surrounding a correctional facility or otherwise off the grounds of an assigned location.
22 23	<b>Sec. 31. 34-A MRSA §3035, sub-§6,</b> as enacted by PL 1997, c. 714, §4, is amended to read:
24 25 26 27	6. Notification of law enforcement agencies. A prisoner resident of a correctional facility may not participate in a furlough under subsection 2 unless, in advance of the chief administrative officer's consideration of the request for that furlough, the department notifies:
28	A. The district attorney for the district in which the prisoner resident will reside;
29	B. The sheriff for the county in which the prisoner resident will reside;
30	C. The chief of police of any municipality in which the prisoner resident will reside;
31	D. The Department of Public Safety; and
32 33	E. The district attorney for the district where the prisoner's underlying commitment $\underline{of}$ the resident to the department originated.
34 35	If the department grants a <del>prisoner</del> <u>resident of a correctional facility</u> furlough request, the department shall again notify those listed in paragraphs A to E.
36 37	A furlough may be granted in an emergency without any prior notification as long as notification is given as soon as practicable.
38 39	<b>Sec. 32. 34-A MRSA §3036-A,</b> as amended by PL 2021, c. 376, §§1 to 7, is further amended to read:
40	§3036-A. Supervised community confinement program

Establishment. The commissioner shall adopt rules establishing and governing a
 supervised community confinement program for certain prisoners committed to the
 department residents of a correctional facility.

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- **2. Participation and eligibility.** The commissioner may transfer any prisoner committed to the department resident of a correctional facility from a the correctional facility to supervised community confinement subject to the following restrictions.
- A. A transfer to supervised community confinement may be granted only subject to rules adopted by the commissioner.
- 9 B. A prisoner resident of a correctional facility may not be transferred to supervised 10 community confinement until the prisoner resident has served at least 2/3 of the term 11 of imprisonment imposed or, in the case of a split sentence, at least 2/3 of the unsuspended portion, after consideration of any deductions that the prisoner resident 12 13 has received and retained under Title 17-A, section 2302, subsection 1; section 2305; 14 section 2307; section 2308; section 2309; section 2310; or section 2311 if the term of imprisonment or, in the case of a split sentence, the unsuspended portion is more than 15 16 5 years. A prisoner resident may not be transferred to supervised community confinement until the prisoner resident has served at least 1/2 of the term of 17 imprisonment imposed or, in the case of a split sentence, at least 1/2 of the unsuspended 18 19 portion after consideration of any deductions that the prisoner resident has received 20 and retained under Title 17-A, section 2302, subsection 1; section 2305; section 2307; section 2308; section 2309; section 2310; or section 2311 if the term of imprisonment 21 22 or, in the case of a split sentence, the unsuspended portion is 5 years or less.
- C. Except as provided in paragraph C-1, a prisoner resident of a correctional facility may not be transferred to supervised community confinement unless the prisoner resident has no more than 2 years remaining on the term of imprisonment or, in the case of a split sentence, on the unsuspended portion, after consideration of any deductions that the prisoner resident has received and retained under Title 17-A, section 2302, subsection 1; section 2305; section 2307; section 2308; section 2309; section 2310; or section 2311.
- 30 C-1. If the commissioner determines that the average statewide probation case load is 31 no more than 90 probationers persons on probation to one probation officer, then a 32 prisoner resident of a correctional facility may be transferred to supervised community 33 confinement if that prisoner resident has no more than 30 months remaining on the 34 term of imprisonment or, in the case of a split sentence, on the unsuspended portion, 35 after consideration of any deductions that the prisoner resident has received and 36 retained under Title 17-A, section 2302, subsection 1; section 2305; section 2307; 37 section 2308; section 2309; section 2310; or section 2311.
- D. A prisoner resident of a correctional facility may not be transferred to supervised
   community confinement if the prisoner resident has a custody classification level
   higher than minimum.
- 2-A. Criteria and process. The commissioner shall establish criteria and a process
   for determining whether a prisoner resident of a correctional facility eligible for transfer to
   supervised community confinement as provided in subsection 2 is approved for transfer.
   The primary determining factor for approval must be the prisoner's resident's likelihood of
   completion of supervised community confinement if transferred.

A. The criteria must be evidence-based and designed to evaluate the likelihood of a 1 2 <del>prisoner's</del> completion by a resident of a correctional facility of supervised community confinement if transferred. The criteria must be specific and include, but may not be 3 4 limited to, fulfillment of expectations as to conduct, fulfillment of expectations as to work, education and rehabilitation programs assigned in the case plan, other 5 rehabilitative efforts and accomplishments, arrangements for suitable housing in the 6 community, taking into consideration the proximity of this housing to the victim, and 7 8 the existence of support systems and resources in the community.

9 B. The process must reflect best practices for evaluating the likelihood of a prisoner's 10 completion by a resident of a correctional facility of supervised community confinement if transferred and must provide guidance to department staff as to how to 11 apply the established criteria when conducting the evaluation. The process must 12 13 require, when information is obtained by the department from persons in the community for the purpose of determining whether to approve a prisoner resident for 14 15 transfer to supervised community confinement, that those persons be informed of the prisoner's resident's fulfillment of expectations as to conduct, fulfillment of 16 expectations as to work, education, and rehabilitation programs assigned in the case 17 18 plan and other rehabilitative efforts and accomplishments. The process must also 19 include the right of a prisoner resident who is eligible for transfer to supervised community confinement as provided in subsection 2 but who has not been approved 20 21 for transfer to appeal that determination to the commissioner.

3. Mandatory conditions for supervised community confinement. Prisoners
 Residents of a correctional facility transferred to supervised community confinement are
 clients when they are accepted into supervised community confinement and are subject to
 the following mandatory conditions.

- A. The prisoner <u>client</u> must be involved in a program of work or education that is approved by the commissioner together with any treatment program that the commissioner might require. The commissioner may waive the requirement of involvement in a program of work or education for a <u>prisoner client</u> who is involved in an approved full-time treatment program.
- B. The prisoner <u>client</u> must live in a residence that is approved by the commissioner.
- 32 C. The <u>prisoner client</u> must be subject to a curfew set by the commissioner during 33 which time the <u>prisoner client</u> must be at the approved residence.
- D. The prisoner client must be subject to travel or movement restrictions set by the commissioner limiting the prisoner's client's travel to times and places directly related to approved employment, education, treatment or such other specific purposes as are approved in advance by the commissioner.
- E. The prisoner client must be subject to searches of the prisoner's client's person, residence, papers and effects without a warrant and without probable cause, for items prohibited by law or by the conditions of supervised community confinement or otherwise subject to seizure, upon the request of the commissioner. The commissioner may prohibit the prisoner client from residing with anyone who does not consent to a search of the residence to the extent necessary to search the prisoner's client's person, residence, papers and effects.

1 2	F. The prisoner client may not possess or use illegal drugs or other illegal substances, may not possess or use alcohol and may not misuse any other legal substance.
3 4	G. The prisoner <u>client</u> must submit to urinalysis, breath testing or other chemical tests without probable cause at the request of the commissioner.
5 6 7 8	H. The prisoner <u>client</u> must notify any law enforcement officer, if stopped, of the prisoner's <u>client's</u> status as a prisoner person on supervised community confinement and notify the commissioner within 8 hours of any such contact with any law enforcement officer.
9	I. The prisoner client may not violate state or federal criminal law.
10 11 12 13	J. When required by the commissioner and to the extent that the commissioner determines that the prisoner client has the financial resources, the prisoner client must pay part or all of the costs of the prisoner's client's participation in the supervised community confinement program.
14 15 16	<b>4.</b> Additional conditions. In addition to the mandatory conditions, the conditions of supervised community confinement that may be imposed on a prisoner <u>client</u> at any time include:
17 18	A. Any condition that may be imposed as a condition of probation pursuant to Title 17-A, section 1807; and
19 20 21 22 23	B. Any condition that would be appropriate for the prisoner <u>client</u> and the supervised community confinement program. The conditions imposed may be as stringent or restrictive as, but not more stringent or restrictive than, those that may be constitutionally imposed if the prisoner <u>client</u> were actually housed at a maximum security institution.
24 25	<b>5.</b> Copy of rules. Copies of rules must be provided to prisoners residents of a correctional facility as follows.
26 27 28	A. The commissioner shall provide to any prisoner resident of a correctional facility permitted to participate in the supervised community confinement program under this section a copy of the rules applicable to the program.
29 30	B. The prisoner resident of a correctional facility shall attest to the receipt of the copy of the rules.
31	6. Prohibited acts. Prohibited acts under this section are governed as follows.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38	A. A person 18 years of age or older is guilty of interference with supervised community confinement if that person intentionally or knowingly obstructs, intimidates or otherwise abets any prisoner client participating in the supervised community confinement program under this section and intentionally contributes or causes the prisoner client to violate any term of supervised community confinement program participation, after having been warned by the commissioner to end the offending activity.
39	B. Interference with supervised community confinement is a Class D crime.
40 41 42	<b>7. Investigation of compliance.</b> The commissioner, at any time and in any manner the commissioner determines appropriate, may investigate compliance with the conditions imposed. The means of investigation may include, but are not limited to, the following:

1 A. Personal contact with the <u>prisoner client</u> at the <u>prisoner's client's</u> residence, place 2 of employment or any other place;

- B. Direct inquiry of the prisoner's <u>client's</u> employer, school or any other person or entity;
  - C. Criminal, court and law enforcement agency investigations; and
- 6

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D. Credit and other financial inquiries.

8. Funding. Funds generated pursuant to this section must be deposited into the
Supervised Community Confinement Account established by the department, except that
where authorized by the department, a person participating in the supervised community
confinement program may be required to pay fees directly to a provider of electronic
monitoring, drug testing or other services. Funds from this account, which may not lapse,
must be used to pay for the costs of the supervised community confinement program.

**9. Probation violation; revocation.** If a prisoner client on supervised community confinement violates a condition of supervised community confinement imposed on the prisoner client and if the violation conduct is also a violation of a condition of probation imposed as part of the sentence the prisoner client is serving while on supervised community confinement, a probation officer may file with any court a motion for revocation of probation and the court may revoke probation as specified in Title 17-A, section 1812.

20 10. Terminally ill or incapacitated prisoner resident of a correctional facility. With the consent of the prisoner resident of a correctional facility, the commissioner may 21 22 transfer a prisoner resident of a correctional facility committed to the department from a 23 correctional facility to supervised community confinement status without meeting the 24 eligibility requirements of subsection 2, paragraphs B and C and without meeting the 25 criteria or fulfilling the process provided for under subsection 2-A if the department's director of medical care has determined that the prisoner resident of a correctional facility 26 27 has a terminal or severely incapacitating medical condition and that care outside a correctional facility is medically appropriate. A resident of a correctional facility 28 29 transferred under this subsection becomes a client notwithstanding that the person does not 30 meet the requirements for supervised community confinement. Except as set out in this subsection, the prisoner client must live in a hospital or other appropriate care facility, such 31 32 as a nursing facility, residential care facility or a facility that is a licensed hospice program 33 pursuant to Title 22, section 8622, approved by the commissioner. As approved by the 34 commissioner, the prisoner client may receive hospice services from an entity licensed pursuant to Title 22, chapter 1681, subchapter 1 or other care services provided by an entity 35 approved by the commissioner and, subject to approval by the commissioner, may live at 36 home while receiving these services. The commissioner may exempt a prisoner client 37 transferred to supervised community confinement pursuant to this subsection from any 38 mandatory condition under subsection 3 that the commissioner determines to be 39 inapplicable. The prisoner client shall provide any information pertaining to the prisoner's 40 41 client's medical condition or care that is requested by the commissioner at any time while the prisoner client is on supervised community confinement. 42 If the commissioner determines that the prisoner client has failed to fully comply with a request or if at any time 43 the department's director of medical care determines that the prisoner client does not have 44 a terminal or severely incapacitating medical condition or that care outside a correctional 45

1 facility is not medically appropriate, the commissioner shall revoke the transfer to 2 supervised community confinement.

**11. Revocation of transfer.** The commissioner may revoke a transfer to supervised
 community confinement at any time for any reason in the commissioner's discretion.

5 **12. Information for prisoners** <u>residents of a correctional facility</u>. The department 6 shall make available to all prisoners residents of a correctional facility written information 7 about supervised community confinement, including eligibility requirements, the 8 application process and the criteria and process for determining whether a prisoner resident 9 of a correctional facility eligible for transfer to supervised community confinement may be 10 approved for transfer.

11 **13. Data tracking.** The department shall track data for all prisoners residents of a 12 correctional facility who apply for supervised community confinement and approval, denial 13 and, if approved, completion of the program. Such data must include, but is not limited to, 14 demographic data regarding race and ethnicity, gender, age and convictions leading to the 15 prisoner's resident's current incarceration.

Sec. 33. 34-A MRSA §3036-B, as enacted by PL 2019, c. 396, §1, is amended to
 read:

18 §3036-B. Reentry houses

Reentry house defined; requirement. For purposes of this section, "reentry house" means a correctional program provided by the department through a written contract with one or more private employers under which the employers provide and maintain housing for specified prisoners clients, employ those prisoners clients and provide to those prisoners clients all meals, laundry facilities and transportation to and from job sites. A reentry house is not a correctional facility. A reentry house must meet all state and local building and life safety codes for the type of building in which the reentry house is located.

Contract. The commissioner may enter into contracts for the establishment of
 reentry houses for the purpose of providing housing and other assistance to prisoners clients
 transferred to supervised community confinement under section 3036-A.

3. Other assistance. The department shall employ, or contract for, program staff to
 provide other assistance to prisoners clients housed at a reentry house, including, but not
 limited to, assistance with reentry planning.

**4. Transfer.** A prisoner resident of a correctional facility may be transferred to supervised community confinement to be housed in a reentry house only if the prisoner resident of a correctional facility meets all of the eligibility requirements of section 3036-A and the rules adopted by the commissioner pursuant to section 3036-A, has successfully participated in a work release program at a department facility and has the skills necessary to perform a job available from a private employer with which the department has contracted.

5. Supervision. All of the provisions of section 3036-A and the rules adopted by the
 commissioner pursuant to section 3036-A apply to a prisoner client housed at a reentry
 house, and supervision of the prisoner client must be conducted by a probation officer in
 the same manner as for any other prisoner client transferred to supervised community
 confinement.

6. Escape. A prisoner client who is transferred to supervised community confinement
 who intentionally violates a requirement to reside at a reentry house or otherwise escapes
 is guilty of escape under Title 17-A, section 755.

**Sec. 34. 34-A MRSA §3039-A,** as enacted by PL 1997, c. 358, §4 and amended by PL 2003, c. 689, Pt. B, §6, is further amended to read:

6 §3039-A. Family support

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7 A prisoner resident of a correctional facility may not participate in an industry program 8 under section 1403, a work program under section 3035 or any other program administered 9 by the department by which a prisoner resident is able to generate money unless the prisoner resident consents to pay at least 25% of that money for the support of any 10 dependent child if the parent, legal guardian or legal custodian of the child requests that 11 payment. Upon the written request of a parent, legal guardian or legal custodian, the chief 12 administrative officer of the correctional facility where the prisoner resident is incarcerated 13 14 shall collect and disburse to the parent, legal guardian or legal custodian that portion of the prisoner's resident's money to be paid for the support of the dependent child. This section 15 16 does not apply to any prisoner resident making payments for the support of a dependent child pursuant to a support order issued by a court or by the Department of Health and 17 18 Human Services.

19 Sec. 35. 34-A MRSA §3042, as amended by PL 2019, c. 113, Pt. C, §96, is further
 20 amended to read:

21 §3042. Disposition of detainers

Notice to prisoner resident of a correctional facility. The commissioner, chief
 administrative officer or other official having custody of a prisoner resident of a
 correctional facility serving a term of imprisonment in a correctional facility in this State
 shall promptly inform the prisoner resident in writing of:

- A. The source and contents of any untried indictment, information or complaint pending in this State against the prisoner resident of which the commissioner, warden or other official has knowledge; and
- B. The prisoner's right of the resident to request a final disposition of the untried indictment, information or complaint.

**2. Right to trial.** A prisoner resident of a correctional facility serving a term of
 imprisonment in a correctional facility in this State is entitled to be brought to trial on any
 untried indictment, information or complaint pending in this State against him the resident
 within 180 days after giving proper notice in accordance with subsections 3 and 4.

35 **3. Proper notice.** To constitute proper notice under subsection 2, the <u>prisoner resident</u> 36 <u>of a correctional facility</u> must send to the prosecuting official of the county in which the 37 indictment, information or complaint is pending, and to the appropriate court, the 38 following:

- 39 A. Written notice of the place of imprisonment;
- 40 B. Written notice of the request for final disposition to be made of the untried 41 indictment, information or complaint; and

1	C A contribute of the commissioner worden or other official having sustably of the
1 2	C. A certificate of the commissioner, warden or other official having custody of the prisoner resident stating:
3	(1) The term of commitment under which the prisoner resident is held;
4	(2) The time already served on the sentence;
5	(3) The time remaining to be served;
6	(4) The total of deductions received and retained;
7	(5) The time of parole eligibility of the prisoner resident; and
8	(6) Any decisions of the State Parole Board relating to the prisoner resident.
9 10	<b>4. Manner of giving proper notice.</b> The manner of giving proper notice under subsection 2 is as follows.
11 12 13	A. The prisoner resident of a correctional facility shall give or send the written notice of place of imprisonment and the written notice of request for final disposition to the commissioner, warden or other official having custody of him the resident.
14 15 16 17	B. The commissioner, warden or other official having custody of the prisoner resident shall promptly forward the written notices, together with the certificate to the appropriate prosecuting official and court by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested.
18 19 20	<b>5.</b> Continuance. For good cause shown in open court, the prisoner resident of a <u>correctional facility</u> or his the resident's counsel being present, the court having jurisdiction of the matter may grant any necessary or reasonable continuance.
21 22 23	<b>6. Time limitation.</b> If the prisoner resident of a correctional facility is not brought to trial on the untried indictment, information or complaint within 180 days after the prisoner resident gave or sent proper notice under subsection 2:
24	A. The untried indictment, information or complaint is no longer of any force or effect;
25	B. No court has jurisdiction over it; and
26	C. The appropriate court shall enter an order dismissing it with prejudice.
27 28 29	7. Effect of escape. If a prisoner resident of a correctional facility escapes from custody after his the resident's execution of the request for final disposition, his the resident's request is voided.
30	8. Exception. This section does not apply to any person adjudged to be mentally ill.
31 32	<b>Sec. 36. 34-A MRSA §3047,</b> as amended by PL 2019, c. 113, Pt. C, §97, is further amended to read:
33	§3047. Discharge or parole
34 35	When any prisoner resident of a correctional facility sentenced to the department is paroled or discharged, the commissioner:
36	1. Clothing. Shall ensure that the prisoner person is provided with decent clothing;
37 38 39	<b>2.</b> Money. May give the <u>prisoner person</u> an amount equal to the net salary of a single wage earner with no dependents for 40 hours of work at the state minimum wage less all applicable state and federal deductions except that any amount in excess of \$50 may not be

provided by the General Fund, except that the commissioner may not give money to a 1 2 prisoner person who: 3 A. Has, within the 6 months prior to the date of parole or discharge, transferred from 4 the department's general client account to any person more than \$500, excluding any money transferred for the support of dependents; or 5 6 B. Has, on the date of parole or discharge, more than \$500 in personal assets. 7 Money received by the prisoner person under this subsection is not subject to section 3032, subsection 5-A or 5-B or Title 17-A, section 2016, subsection 2; 8 9 **3.** Transportation. Shall furnish transportation to the place where the prisoner person 10 was convicted, except that: 11 A. If the prisoner's home of the person is within the State, transportation must be 12 furnished to the prisoner's home of the person; 13 B. If the prisoner person has secured employment within the State, transportation must be furnished to the place of employment; 14 15 C. If the prisoner's home of the person is outside the State, or if the prisoner person has secured employment outside the State, transportation must be furnished to the place 16 on the Maine border nearest the place of employment; or 17 18 D. If the prisoner person requests a reasonable place nearer the place of incarceration 19 than any of the foregoing, transportation must be furnished to that place; or 20 4. Extreme circumstances. May, in extreme circumstances, if the prisoner's home of the person is outside the State, or if the prisoner person has secured employment outside 21 22 the State, furnish transportation to the prisoner's home or place of employment of the 23 person. 24 Sec. 37. 34-A MRSA §3048, as enacted by PL 2007, c. 546, §1, is amended to read: 25 §3048. Religious services 26 The commissioner shall adopt rules that provide for the accommodation of any prisoner 27 resident of a correctional facility who expresses a desire to practice a religion of the prisoner's resident's choice as long as the practice does not present a threat to the safety, 28 security or orderly management of the facility in which the prisoner resident is housed. 29 The rules must be consistent with all federal requirements. Rules adopted under this section 30 are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. 31 32 Sec. 38. 34-A MRSA §3062, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1991, c. 314, §54, is further amended to read. 33 34 1. Requirements. The commissioner may transfer any prisoner resident of a correctional facility sentenced to the department to a federal penal or correctional 35 institution if the United States Federal Bureau of Prisons accepts the commissioner's 36 application for transfer of the prisoner resident. A person transferred under this section is 37 considered a resident of a correctional facility for the purposes of this section. 38 39 Sec. 39. 34-A MRSA §3062, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 1991, c. 314, §55, is further amended to read: 40

1 2	B. The chief administrative officer shall affix to the contract a copy of the mittimus or mittimuses under which the prisoner resident of a correctional facility is held.
3 4	Sec. 40. 34-A MRSA §3062, sub-§2, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, is amended to read:
5 6	C. The contract and mittimus or mittimuses are sufficient authority for the United States to hold the prisoner resident of a correctional facility on behalf of the State.
7 8	<b>Sec. 41. 34-A MRSA §3062, sub-§3,</b> as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, is amended to read:
9 10	<b>3. Effect on <b>prisoner</b> resident of a correctional facility.</b> The rights of transferred prisoners residents of a correctional facility are governed as follows.
11 12 13 14	A. A prisoner resident of a correctional facility transferred under this section is subject to the terms of his the resident's original sentence or sentences as if he the resident were serving the sentence or sentences within the confines of the prison correctional facility from which the person was transferred.
15 16 17	B. Nothing in this section deprives a prisoner resident of a correctional facility transferred under this section of his the resident's rights to parole or his the resident's rights to legal process in the courts of this State.
18 19	<b>Sec. 42. 34-A MRSA §3063-B,</b> as enacted by PL 2015, c. 335, §28, is amended to read:
20	<b>§3063-B.</b> Transfer from jails
21 22	The commissioner may accept custody of prisoners residents of a jail transferred to the department from county jails under Title 30-A, section 1557-B.
23 24	Sec. 43. 34-A MRSA §3063-C, as amended by PL 2019, c. 113, Pt. C, §100, is further amended to read:
25	§3063-C. Transfer to jails
26 27 28 29	<b>1.</b> Transfer of prisoner resident of a correctional facility. The commissioner may transfer a prisoner resident of a correctional facility serving a sentence in a correctional facility to a county jail, upon the request of the chief administrative officer and the approval of the sheriff of the jail.
30 31	<b>2.</b> Cost of transfer. The department shall pay the cost of the transfer or the return of the prisoner resident of a correctional facility.
32 33 34	<b>3. Reimbursement.</b> By agreement between the commissioner and the sheriff of the receiving jail pursuant to this section, the department shall pay directly to the jail reimbursement in accordance with this subsection.
35 36 37 38 39 40	A. During a state fiscal year in which at least \$12,202,104 has been appropriated to the County Jail Operations Fund and disbursements have been made equal to the amount appropriated to the counties as required by section 1210-D, the receiving jail may charge the department for the transferred prisoner resident of a correctional facility a rate to be negotiated between the sheriff of the jail and the department that is no higher than \$25 per diem per prisoner resident.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>B. During a state fiscal year in which less than \$12,202,104 has been appropriated to the County Jail Operations Fund or disbursements have not been made equal to that amount to the counties as required by section 1210-D, the receiving jail may charge the department for the transferred prisoner resident of a correctional facility a rate to be negotiated between the sheriff of the county jail and the department that is no higher than \$108 per diem per prisoner resident.</li> <li>C. The department shall reimburse the receiving jail for any costs incurred in the provision of extraordinary medical or surgical treatment for conditions of the prisoner resident of a correctional facility that existed prior to transfer.</li> </ul>
10 11	D. Payment amounts provided for in this section may be adjusted or dispensed with upon terms mutually agreeable to the commissioner and the sheriff of the receiving jail.
12 13 14	<b>4.</b> Transferee subject to rules. A prisoner resident of a correctional facility transferred under this section is subject to the general rules of the facility to which the prisoner resident is transferred, except that for a prisoner resident who has been sentenced:
15	A. The term of the original sentence remains the same unless altered by the court;
16 17 18 19	B. The prisoner transferred resident becomes eligible for deductions as provided in Title 17-A, section 2302, subsection 1; section 2305; section 2307; section 2308; section 2309; section 2310; or section 2311 for a prisoner committed to the department resident;
20 21 22	C. The prisoner transferred resident becomes eligible for release and discharge as provided in Title 17-A, section 2314, subsection 1 for a prisoner committed to the department resident;
23 24	D. The prisoner transferred resident is entitled to have the time served in the jail under this section deducted from the sentence; and
25 26 27 28	E. The prisoner transferred resident becomes eligible for furloughs, work or other release programs, and supervised community confinement as authorized by sections 3035 and 3036-A and may apply pursuant to the rules governing the correctional facility from which the prisoner transferred resident was transferred.
29 30 31	<b>5.</b> Return of prisoner resident of a correctional facility. A prisoner resident of a correctional facility transferred pursuant to this section must be returned to the department upon the request of the commissioner or the sheriff.
32 33	Sec. 44. 34-A MRSA §3069, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2007, c. 102, §10, is further amended to read:
34 35 36 37	<b>1. Involuntary.</b> When a <u>prisoner resident</u> of a correctional facility has been determined by a competent medical authority to require inpatient treatment for mental illness, the chief administrative officer of that facility shall make application in accordance with Title 34-B, section 3863.
38 39	A. Any person with respect to whom an application and certification under Title 34-B, section 3863 are made may be admitted to either state mental health institute.
40 41 42	B. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this section, Title 34-B, chapter 3, subchapter 4, Article 3 is applicable to the person as if the admission of the person were applied for under Title 34-B, section 3863.

- 1 C. A copy of the document by which the person is held in the facility must accompany 2 the application for admission.
- D. If the sentence being served at the time of admission has not expired or commitment has not been terminated in accordance with law at the time the person is ready for discharge from hospitalization, the person must be returned by the appropriate officers of the correctional facility.
- E. Admission to a mental health institute under this section has no effect upon a sentence then being served or a commitment then in effect. The sentence continues to run and the commitment remains in force, unless terminated in accordance with law.
  While the sentence or commitment is in effect, the person may not receive a privilege, including, but not limited to, a furlough or its equivalent, a funeral or deathbed visit or the use of tobacco, unless the chief administrative officer of the correctional facility approves the receipt of the privilege.
- 14 **Sec. 45. 34-A MRSA §3069, sub-§4,** as enacted by PL 2003, c. 482, Pt. C, §1 and 15 amended by c. 689, Pt. B, §6, is amended to read:
- 16 4. Review use of seclusion and restraint with prisoners residents of a correctional facility with major mental illness; report. Beginning October 1, 2003, the Department 17 of Health and Human Services, utilizing its medical directors and forensic psychiatrists, 18 19 shall review the use of seclusion and restraint with prisoners residents with major mental 20 illness in all adult correctional facilities. The department and the Department of Health 21 and Human Services shall agree to the design and scope of this review. This review must include, but not be limited to, a case review of the rates of and duration of such practices 22 23 with prisoners residents with major mental illness, whether the use of seclusion and 24 restraint is appropriate and whether there is a pattern of restraint and seclusion with any 25 particular prisoners residents with major mental illness. Beginning December 30, 2004 and 26 annually thereafter, the Department of Health and Human Services shall issue a written 27 report that includes its findings and recommendations for improvements determined to be 28 necessary. That report must be forwarded to the commissioner and to the joint standing 29 committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over criminal justice and public safety 30 matters.
- 31 Sec. 46. 34-A MRSA §3069-A, as amended by PL 2017, c. 147, §4, is further 32 amended to read:
- 33 §3069-A. Transfer of jail inmates residents of a jail for mental health services
- 34 1. Eligible inmates residents of a jail. The commissioner may transfer from a jail to 35 a correctional facility an adult inmate resident of a jail who the chief administrative officer of the Riverview Psychiatric Center confirms is eligible for admission to a state mental 36 37 health institute under Title 34-B, section 3863, but for whom no suitable bed is available, 38 for the purpose of providing to the inmate person mental health services in a mental health 39 unit of a correctional facility that provides intensive mental health care and treatment. The 40 commissioner may not transfer pursuant to this section a person who has been found not criminally responsible by reason of insanity. The commissioner may return an inmate a 41 person transferred pursuant to this subsection back to the sending facility. 42
- For purposes of this subsection, "intensive mental health care and treatment" has the same meaning as in section 3049, subsection 1.

2. Evaluation. The commissioner may transfer from a jail to a correctional facility an 1 2 adult inmate resident of a jail whom the court orders to be examined or further evaluated 3 by the State Forensic Service under Title 15, section 101-D, subsection 1, 2, 3 or 9 if the State Forensic Service determines that the jail where the inmate person is incarcerated 4 cannot provide an appropriate setting for the examination but that a mental health unit in a 5 correctional facility can provide an appropriate setting for the examination. 6 The 7 commissioner shall return an inmate a person transferred pursuant to this subsection back 8 to the sending facility upon the completion of the examination ordered, including any 9 further evaluation ordered, unless the commissioner transferred the inmate person for 10 another reason in addition to the examination.

**3. Disclosure of information.** With respect to an adult inmate resident of a jail who has previously been hospitalized under Title 34-B, chapter 3, subchapter 4, the commissioner may make it a prerequisite to a transfer of the inmate resident of the jail under this section that necessary information be disclosed to the department pursuant to Title 34-B, section 1207, subsection 1, paragraph B.

4. Application of other laws. All other applicable provisions of law governing
 inmates residents of a jail, whether detained pending a trial or other court proceeding or
 sentenced, apply to inmates persons transferred under this section.

5. Discretion. Nothing in this section or in any other provision of law requires the commissioner to transfer an adult inmate resident of a jail from a jail to a correctional facility or precludes the commissioner from transferring an adult inmate resident of a jail from a jail to a correctional facility at any time for any other reason at the commissioner's discretion.

Sec. 47. 34-A MRSA §3073, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 228, §2, is amended to read:

### 25 §3073. Transportation to and from courts

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, transportation of a prisoner resident of a correctional facility between a correctional facility and a court in connection with the prosecution of the prisoner resident of a correctional facility for a crime committed within a correctional facility is the responsibility of the department, unless the department and the sheriff agree that the sheriff will undertake the responsibility of the transportation at an agreed-upon rate of reimbursement to the county by the department.

32 Sec. 48. 34-A MRSA c. 3, sub-c. 1, art. 4, headnote is amended to read:

# 34 PREGNANT PRISONERS RESIDENTS OF A CORRECTIONAL FACILITY 35 AND PREGNANT JUVENILES

**ARTICLE 4** 

36 Sec. 49. 34-A MRSA §3101, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 2015, c. 315, §4, is amended
 37 to read:

**5. Restraints.** "Restraints" means any physical restraint or mechanical device used to
 control the movement of a prisoner's or juvenile's the body or limbs of a resident of a
 correctional facility or a juvenile, including, but not limited to, disposable or soft restraints,

- handcuffs, a security restraint system that combines handcuffs with a rigid component, leg
   irons, belly chains, a security or tether chain and a convex shield.
  - Sec. 50. 34-A MRSA §3102, as enacted by PL 2015, c. 315, §4, is amended to read:
- 4 §3102. Restraint of pregnant prisoners residents of a correctional facility and 5 pregnant juveniles

6 **1. Restraints prohibited.** A correctional facility or a detention facility may not use 7 restraints on a prisoner resident of a correctional facility or juvenile known to be pregnant, 8 including during transport to a medical facility or birthing center, labor, delivery and 9 postpartum recovery, unless the chief administrative officer or the designee of the chief 10 administrative officer makes a determination that the prisoner resident or juvenile presents 11 an extraordinary circumstance as described in subsection 2.

2. Exceptions. Use of restraints on a pregnant prisoner resident of a correctional 12 facility or a pregnant juvenile for an extraordinary circumstance is permitted only if the 13 chief administrative officer or the designee of the chief administrative officer makes a 14 determination that there is a substantial flight risk or other extraordinary medical or security 15 16 circumstance that requires restraints to be used to ensure the safety and security of the pregnant prisoner resident or pregnant juvenile, the staff of the correctional facility, 17 detention facility or medical facility, other prisoners residents or juveniles or the public, 18 19 except that:

- A. If a doctor, nurse or other health professional treating the prisoner resident or juvenile requests that restraints not be used, the corrections officer accompanying the prisoner resident or juvenile shall immediately remove all restraints; and
- B. Notwithstanding this subsection, leg or waist restraints may not be used at any time, and restraints may not be used on a prisoner resident or juvenile in labor or childbirth.

**3. Procedures.** If restraints are used on a pregnant prisoner resident of a correctional
 <u>facility</u> or pregnant juvenile pursuant to subsection 2:

- A. The corrections officer must apply the least restrictive type of restraints in the least
   restrictive manner necessary; and
- B. The chief administrative officer or the designee of the chief administrative officer shall make written findings within 10 days as to the extraordinary circumstance that required the use of the restraints. These findings must be kept on file by the correctional facility or detention facility for at least 5 years and must be made available for public inspection, except that individually identifying information of any prisoner resident or juvenile may not be made public under this paragraph without the prior written consent of the prisoner resident or juvenile.

4. Privacy. When a prisoner resident of a correctional facility or juvenile is admitted
 to a medical facility or birthing center for labor or childbirth, a corrections officer may not
 be present in the room during labor or childbirth unless specifically requested by medical
 personnel. If a corrections officer's presence is requested by medical personnel, the
 corrections officer must be female if practicable.

- 41 Sec. 51. 34-A MRSA §3104, as enacted by PL 2015, c. 315, §4, is amended to read:
- 42 **§3104.** Notice

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1 2 3 4	A correctional facility or detention facility shall inform all female prisoners residents of correctional facilities and juveniles of the rules developed pursuant to section 3103 upon admission to the correctional facility or detention facility and shall include the rules in any handbook provided to female prisoners residents or juveniles.
5 6	<b>Sec. 52. 34-A MRSA §3231, sub-§2,</b> as repealed and replaced by PL 1999, c. 583, §18, is amended to read:
7 8 9	<b>2.</b> Duties. In addition to other duties set out in this Title, the warden shall supervise and control the prisoners residents of the prison, pretrial detainees, employees, grounds, buildings and equipment at the prison.
10 11	<b>Sec. 53. 34-A MRSA §3233, sub-§1, ¶B,</b> as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, is amended to read:
12 13 14	B. If a prisoner at resident of the prison resists the authority of any uniformed or ununiformed officer or refuses to obey his the officer's lawful commands, the officer shall immediately enforce obedience.
15 16	<b>Sec. 54. 34-A MRSA §3236, sub-§2, ¶C,</b> as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, is amended to read:
17 18	C. Labor diligently and faithfully for the mental, moral and religious improvement of the prisoners residents of the prison; and
19 20	Sec. 55. 34-A MRSA §3236, sub-§2, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, is amended to read:
21 22	D. Aid the prisoners residents of the prison, when practicable, in obtaining employment after their discharge.
23	Sec. 56. 34-A MRSA c. 3, sub-c. 2, art. 3, headnote is amended to read:
24	ARTICLE 3
25	PRISONERS RESIDENTS OF THE MAINE STATE PRISON
26 27	Sec. 57. 34-A MRSA §3264, as amended by PL 1999, c. 583, §22, is further amended to read:
28	§3264. Conditions of imprisonment
29 30	Prisoners in the prison <u>Residents of the prison</u> shall work at tasks normal to the maintenance, service, industrial, agricultural and other activities of the prison.
31 32	Sec. 58. 34-A MRSA §3401, as repealed and replaced by PL 1995, c. 502, Pt. F, §24, is amended to read:
33	§3401. Establishment
34 35 36	The Maine Correctional Center in South Windham, referred to in this subchapter as "the center," is established for the confinement and rehabilitation of persons, male and female, lawfully in the custody of the department, as provided by law.

1 2	Sec. 59. 34-A MRSA §3402, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2013, c. 508, §1, is further amended to read:
3 4 5	2. Duties. In addition to other duties set out in this Title, the warden shall supervise and control the prisoners residents of the center, pretrial detainees, employees, grounds, buildings and equipment at the center.
6 7	<b>Sec. 60. 34-A MRSA §3403,</b> as amended by PL 2013, c. 508, §2, is further amended by amending the section headnote to read:
8	§3403. Prisoners Residents of the Maine Correctional Center generally
9 10	<b>Sec. 61. 34-A MRSA §3403, sub-§1,</b> as amended by PL 2013, c. 508, §2, is further amended to read:
11 12	1. Conditions of confinement. Conditions of confinement of prisoners residents of the center are governed as follows.
13 14	A. The warden shall detain and confine all persons committed to the department in accordance with the sentences of the courts and with the rules of the department.
15 16 17	B. The warden shall provide for the safekeeping or employment of persons committed to the department in order to teach them a useful trade or profession and to improve their mental and moral condition, which may include work involving public restitution.
18 19	<b>Sec. 62. 34-A MRSA §3903, sub-§2, ¶B,</b> as repealed and replaced by PL 2019, c. 343, Pt. LLLL, §2, is amended to read:
20 21	B. The superintendent shall supervise and control the prisoners at residents of the Downeast Correctional Facility in accordance with departmental rules.
22 23	Sec. 63. 34-A MRSA §3904, as amended by PL 2019, c. 343, Pt. LLLL, §3, is further amended to read:
24	§3904. Prisoners Residents of the Downeast Correctional Facility generally
25 26 27	<b>1. Confinement.</b> All prisoners at residents of the Downeast Correctional Facility shall <u>must</u> be detained and confined in accordance with the sentences of the court and the rules of the department.
28 29 30 31	<b>2. Education.</b> The superintendent shall maintain suitable courses for academic and career and technical education of the <u>prisoners residents</u> of the Downeast Correctional Facility. The superintendent shall maintain necessary equipment and employ suitable qualified instructors as necessary to carry out the objectives of the facility's programs.
32 33 34 35 36	<b>3.</b> Employment. The commissioner may authorize the employment of prisoners residents of the Downeast Correctional Facility on public works with any department, agency or entity of the State, county or local government and may authorize the use of prisoners residents of the Downeast Correctional Facility to provide assistance in the improvement of property owned by nonprofit organizations.
37 38 39	A. The commissioner shall promulgate adopt such rules as he deems the commissioner determines proper to ensure the care and treatment of the prisoners residents and the safe working conditions of prisoners residents and departmental employees.

1 2 3	B. The purpose of the employment authorized in this subsection is to provide training to the <u>prisoner resident</u> and to be a form of public restitution for the crime or crimes apprentiated by the prisoner resident.
3	committed by the prisoner resident.
4	C. The commissioner may request that nonprofit organizations pay for the
5	transportation of the prisoners residents and pay the per diem compensation of
6	correctional officers or instructors who must accompany the prisoners residents or
7	oversee the work to be performed.
8	4. Escape. Any prisoner A resident of the Downeast Correctional Facility who escapes
9	from the facility, or from any assignment beyond the grounds of the facility, to include
10	community-rehabilitative programs, is guilty of escape under Title 17-A, section 755.
11	Sec. 64. 34-A MRSA §4102-B, as enacted by PL 2017, c. 148, §12, is amended to
12	read:
13	§4102-B. Purposes for <del>prisoners</del> <u>residents</u>
14	The purposes of the Mountain View Correctional Facility with respect to prisoners
15	residents of that facility include vocational and academic education and rehabilitative
16	programs, including work release and work involving public restitution.
17	Sec. 65. 34-A MRSA §4103, sub-§2, ¶C, as enacted by PL 2017, c. 148, §14, is
18	amended to read:
19	C. The superintendent shall supervise and control the prisoners at residents of the
20	Mountain View Correctional Facility in accordance with department rules.
21	Sec. 66. 34-A MRSA §4117, as amended by PL 2017, c. 148, §26, is further
22	amended to read:
23	§4117. Confinement of prisoners residents of the Mountain View Correctional
24	Facility
25	The commissioner may confine adults sentenced and committed to the custody of the
23 26	department in the Mountain View Correctional Facility as long as the housing facilities for
20 27	prisoners residents of that facility are fully separated from the housing facilities for juvenile
27	detainees and juvenile clients and the commissioner maintains at all times full compliance
28	with mandatory sight and sound separation standards established by federal law. All
30	provisions of this Title that are applicable to prisoners residents apply to prisoners residents
30	confined in the Mountain View Correctional Facility as if they were confined in a
31	correctional facility housing only adults.
33	Sec. 67. 34-A MRSA §4118, as enacted by PL 2017, c. 148, §27, is amended to
34	read:
35	§4118. Prisoners <u>Residents of the Mountain View Correctional Facility</u> generally
36	1. Evaluation. Before assignment to the Mountain View Correctional Facility,
37	prisoners residents of a correctional facility must be evaluated for security status, program
38	needs and emotional stability by the classification process approved by the commissioner.
39	2. Transferred prisoners residents of a correctional facility. All prisoners residents
40	of a correctional facility transferred to the Mountain View Correctional Facility must be
41	detained and confined in accordance with the sentences of the court and the rules of the
42	department.

1 2 3	<b>3. Education.</b> The superintendent shall maintain suitable courses for academic and career and technical education of the prisoners residents of the Mountain View Correctional Facility.	
4 5	A. The superintendent shall maintain necessary equipment and employ suitable qualified instructors as necessary to carry out the objectives of the Mountain View	
6	Correctional Facility's programs.	
7 8	B. Before employing instructors in career and technical education, the superintendent shall obtain the approval of the Department of Education.	
9	4. Employment. The commissioner may authorize the employment of prisoners	
10 11	residents of the Mountain View Correctional Facility on public works with any department,	
11	agency or entity of the State or county or local government and may authorize the use of prisoners residents of the Mountain View Correctional Facility to provide assistance in the	
13	improvement of property owned by nonprofit organizations.	
14 15 16	A. The commissioner shall adopt rules that the commissioner considers proper to ensure the care and treatment of the prisoners residents and the safe working conditions of prisoners residents and department employees.	
17	B. The purpose of the employment authorized in this subsection is to provide training	
18	to the prisoner resident and to be a form of public restitution for the crime or crimes	
19	committed by the prisoner resident.	
20 21	C. The prisoners residents employed under this subsection may not be compensated monetarily for the work performed.	
22	D. The commissioner may request that nonprofit organizations pay for the	
23	transportation of the prisoners residents and pay the per diem compensation of	
24 25	correctional officers or instructors who must accompany the prisoners residents or oversee the work to be performed.	
26	5. Escape. A prisoner resident who escapes from the Mountain View Correctional	
27	Facility, or from any assignment beyond the grounds of the facility, is guilty of escape	
28	under Title 17-A, section 755.	
29	Sec. 68. 34-A MRSA §4203, sub-§2, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2013, c. 508, §7, is	
30	amended to read:	
31 32	B. The director shall supervise and control the prisoners at the facility residents of the Bolduc Correctional Facility in accordance with departmental rules.	
33	Sec. 69. 34-A MRSA §4204, as enacted by PL 2013, c. 508, §7, is amended to read:	
34	§4204. Prisoners <u>Residents of the Bolduc Correctional Facility</u> generally	
35	1. Confinement of <del>prisoners</del> <u>residents of a correctional facility</u> transferred to	
36	facility the Bolduc Correctional Facility. All prisoners residents of a correctional facility	
37 38	transferred to the facility Bolduc Correctional Facility must be detained and confined in accordance with the sentences of the court and the rules of the department.	
38 39		
39 40	<b>2. Education.</b> The director shall maintain suitable courses for academic and career and technical education of the prisoners residents of the Bolduc Correctional Facility. The	
41	director shall maintain necessary equipment and employ suitable qualified instructors as	
42	necessary to carry out the objectives of the facility's programs.	

1 2 3 4 5	<b>3.</b> Employment. The commissioner may authorize the employment of prisoners residents of the facility Bolduc Correctional Facility on public works with any department, agency or entity of state, county or local government and may authorize the use of prisoners residents of the Bolduc Correctional Facility to provide assistance in the improvement of property owned by nonprofit organizations.
6 7 8 9	A. The commissioner shall adopt those rules as the commissioner considers proper to ensure the care and treatment of the prisoners residents and the safe working conditions of prisoners the residents and departmental employees. Rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
10 11 12	B. The purpose of the employment authorized in this subsection is to provide training to the prisoner residents and to be a form of public restitution for the crime or crimes committed by the prisoner.
13 14	C. The prisoners residents employed under this subsection may not be compensated monetarily for work performed.
15 16 17 18	D. The commissioner may request that nonprofit organizations pay for the transportation of the prisoners residents and pay the per diem compensation of correctional officers or instructors who must accompany the prisoners residents or oversee the work to be performed.
19 20 21 22	<b>4. Escape.</b> Any prisoner resident of the Bolduc Correctional Facility who escapes from the facility, or from any assignment beyond the grounds of the facility, including assignment with community-rehabilitative programs, is guilty of escape under Title 17-A, section 755.
23 24	<b>Sec. 70. 34-A MRSA §5003, sub-§1,</b> as amended by PL 2003, c. 706, Pt. B, §3, is further amended to read:
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<b>1. Interference with probation.</b> A person 18 years of age or older is guilty of interference with probation if that person willfully obstructs, intimidates or otherwise abets a probationer person on probation under the supervision and control of the department and thereby causes or contributes to causing the probationer person on probation to violate the conditions of that person's probation, after having been warned in writing by the commissioner to end that person's relationship or association with the probationer person on probation.
32 33 34	A. Interference with probation is a Class E crime, except that, notwithstanding Title 17-A, it is punished by a fine of not more than \$500 or by imprisonment for not more than 11 months, or by both.
35 36 37 38	B. This subsection applies to interferences with the probation of probationers persons on probation who are under the supervision and control of the department at the request of other states under terms of the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision and the Interstate Compact for Juveniles.
39 40	<b>Sec. 71. 34-A MRSA §5402, sub-§2, ¶B,</b> as amended by PL 2013, c. 491, §6, is further amended to read:
41 42 43	B. Appoint, subject to the Civil Service Law, field probation and parole officers, juvenile community corrections officers and such other employees as may be required to carry out adequate supervision of all probationers persons on probation, parolees

from the correctional facilities and other persons placed under the supervision of an 1 2 employee listed in this paragraph; 3 Sec. 72. 34-A MRSA §5402, sub-§2, ¶M, as amended by PL 1995, c. 502, Pt. F, §34, is further amended to read: 4 5 M. Aggregate the statistics contained in any reports the department receives on individual probationers persons on probation and make the aggregated statistics 6 7 available to other state agencies provided as long as the data is aggregated in such a 8 way that statistics pertaining to any individual probationer person on probation can not 9 be disaggregated. Sec. 73. 34-A MRSA §5402, sub-§3, ¶F, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 265, §21, is 10 amended to read: 11 12 F. Provide for necessary assessment and supervision procedures and direct the use of 13 adult probation resources and staff to the management of adult probationers persons on probation with a high risk of reoffending. 14 15 Sec. 74. 34-A MRSA c. 5, sub-c. 5, headnote is amended to read: 16 **SUBCHAPTER 5** 17 PAROLE LAWS FOR PRECRIMINAL CODE PRISONERS RESIDENTS OF 18 THE MAINE STATE PRISON AND THE MAINE CORRECTIONAL CENTER 19 Sec. 75. 34-A MRSA §5802, first ¶, as amended by PL 2013, c. 508, §8, is further 20 amended to read: 21 The board may grant a parole from a penal or correctional institution the Maine State Prison and the Maine Correctional Center after the expiration of the period of confinement, 22 23 less deductions for good behavior, or after compliance with conditions provided for in 24 section 5803 applicable to the sentence being served by the prisoner or inmate resident of the correctional facility. It may revoke a parole when a condition of the parole is violated. 25 Sec. 76. 34-A MRSA §5803, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, is amended to read: 26 27 §5803. Eligibility for hearing; Maine State Prison or Maine Correctional Center 28 A prisoner at resident of the Maine State Prison or Maine Correctional Center becomes 29 eligible for a hearing by the board as follows: 30 1. Expiration of minimum term in minimum-maximum sentence. Prior to the 31 expiration of the prisoner's resident's minimum term of imprisonment, less the deduction for good behavior, when the law provides for a minimum-maximum sentence; 32 33 **2.** Expiration of 1/2 of term in certain cases. Prior to the expiration of 1/2 of the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, less the deduction for good behavior, when 34 35 the prisoner resident has been convicted of an offense under Title 17, former section 1951, 3151, 3152 or 3153. This subsection applies to a prisoner resident who has been convicted 36 previously of an offense under Title 17, former section 1951, 3151, 3152 or 3153; 37

- 3. Expiration of 15-year term in life imprisonment cases. Prior to the expiration of
   a 15-year term of imprisonment, less deduction for good behavior, when the prisoner
   resident has been convicted of an offense punishable only by life imprisonment; and
  - **4. Expiration of 15-year term in other cases.** Prior to the expiration of a 15-year term of imprisonment, less deduction for good behavior, when, following conviction, the prisoner resident has been sentenced to a minimum term of 15 years or more.
- 7 Sec. 77. 34-A MRSA §5806, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, is amended
   8 to read:
- 9 1. Forfeits deductions. Upon revocation of parole by the board, the prisoner a resident
   10 of a correctional facility forfeits any deductions for good behavior earned while on parole.
- Sec. 78. 34-A MRSA §5806, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, is amended
   to read:
- 13 2. May earn deductions. While serving the unexpired portion of his <u>a</u> sentence after
   parole has been revoked, the prisoner <u>a resident of a correctional facility</u> may earn
   deductions for good conduct.
- Sec. 79. 34-A MRSA §5810, as amended by PL 2013, c. 508, §14, is further
   amended to read:
- 18 §5810. Records forwarded to State Police
- 19 When a person who has been convicted under Title 17, former section 1951, 3151, 3152 or 3153 is paroled, the warden of the institution shall forward to the State Police a 20 21 copy of the person's record and a statement of facts necessary for full comprehension of 22 the case. Whenever any prisoner resident of a correctional facility who has been convicted 23 of an offense under Title 17, former section 1951, 3151, 3152 or 3153 is discharged in full execution of the prisoner's resident's sentence, the warden shall make and forward to the 24 25 State Police a copy of the prison record of that prisoner resident together with a statement 26 of any fact or facts that the warden may consider necessary for a full comprehension of the 27 case.
- **Sec. 80. Rules, policies, procedures, forms and publications.** To conform to the respectful terms adopted by the Legislature in this Act, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Public Safety shall amend their rules, policies and procedures as the rules, policies and procedures are amended for routine and other changes and shall reprint their forms and publications as reprinting becomes necessary.
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SUMMARY

35 This bill is supported by a majority of the Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety. The bill is reported out to the Legislature pursuant to Resolve 36 37 2021, chapter 120. The bill changes language in the Maine Revised Statutes, Titles 22, 25 38 and 34-A to respectful so-called person-first language. The bill also changes "prisoner" to "resident of a correctional facility" and "probationer" to "person on probation." To conform 39 40 to the respectful terms adopted by the Legislature in this Act, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Public 41 42 Safety shall amend their rules, policies and procedures as the rules, policies and procedures

- are amended for routine and other changes and shall reprint their forms and publications as reprinting becomes necessary. 1
- 2

3	FISCAL NOTE REQUIRED
4	(See attached)

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## **130th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

LD

LR 2663(01)

An Act To Incorporate Respectful Language into the Maine Revised Statutes, Titles 22, 25 and 34-A

Fiscal Note for Original Bill Committee: Criminal Justice and Public Safety Fiscal Note Required: Yes

### **Fiscal Note**

Minor cost increase - General Fund

#### **Fiscal Detail and Notes**

Any additional costs to the Departments of Health and Human Services, Corrections and Public Safety to implement the provisions of this bill are expected to be minor and can be absorbed within existing budgeted resources.