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H.P. 1273

House of Representatives, February 8, 2018

An Act Concerning Remote Participation in Public Proceedings

Reported by Representative MOONEN of Portland for the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 1, section 411, subsection 6, paragraph G.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 218.

R(+ B. Hunt

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

| 1 | Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: |
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| 2 | PART A |
| 3 | Sec. A-1. 1 MRSA §403-A is enacted to read: |
| 4 | §403-A. Remote participation in public proceedings |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 | 1. Remote participation. This section governs participation in a public proceeding of a body subject to this subchapter by a member of that body when the member is not physically present. It is the intent of the Legislature that actions of those bodies be taken openly and their deliberations be conducted openly. Remote participation through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication may not be used to defeat the purposes of this subchapter as stated in section 401. |
| 11 12 13 | 2. Prohibition. Except as provided in subsection 3, a body subject to this subchapter may not allow a member of the body to participate in any of its public proceedings through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication. |
| 14 15 16 | 3. Exceptions. A member of the following bodies may participate in a public proceeding of the body when not physically present to the extent authorized in the respective statute: |
| 17 | A. The Finance Authority of Maine, as authorized in Title 10, section 971-A; |
| 18 19 | B. The Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices, as authorized in Title 21-A, section 1002, subsection 2; |
| 20 21 | <u>C.</u> The Maine Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority, as authorized in Title 22, section 2054, subsection 4-A; |
| 22 23 | D. The Maine State Housing Authority, as authorized in Title 30-A, section 4723, subsection 2, paragraph B-1; |
| 24 25 | E. The Maine Municipal Bond Bank, as authorized in Title 30-A, section 5951, subsection 4-A; |
| 26 27 | F. The Emergency Medical Services' Board, as authorized in Title 32, section 88, subsection 1, paragraph E; and |
| 28 29 | <u>G.</u> The Workers' Compensation Board, as authorized in Title 39-A, section 151, subsection 5-A. |
| 30 | PART B |
| 31 | Sec. B-1. 10 MRSA §971, as amended by PL 1995, c. 117, Pt. C, §1, is repealed. |
| 32 | Sec. B-2. 10 MRSA §971-A is enacted to read: |
| 33 | <u>§971-A. Actions of the members</u> |
| 34 35 | <u>1.</u> Quorum required. Seven members of the authority constitute a quorum of the members. The affirmative vote of the greater of 5 members, present and voting, or a |

| 1 2 3 | majority of those members present and voting is necessary for any action taken by the members. A vacancy in the membership of the authority does not impair the right of the quorum to exercise all powers and perform all duties of the members. |
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| 4 5 6 7 | 2. Emergency meeting. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a situation determined by the chief executive officer to be an emergency requiring action of the members on not more than 3 days' oral notice, an emergency meeting of the members may be conducted by telephone in accordance with the following. |
| 8 9 | <u>A. A conference call to the members must be placed by ordinary commercial means at an appointed time.</u> |
| 10 11 | B. The authority shall arrange for recordation of the conference call when appropriate and prepare minutes of the emergency meeting. |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 | C. Public notice of the emergency meeting must be given in accordance with Title 1, section 406 and that public notice must include the time of the meeting and the location of a telephone with a speakerphone attachment that enables all persons participating in the telephone meeting to be heard and understood and that is available for members of the public to hear the business conducted at the telephone meeting. |
| 18 | This subsection is repealed July 1, 2020. |
| 19 20 | Sec. B-3. 21-A MRSA §1002, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2011, c. 389, §2, is further amended to read: |
| 21 22 23 24 25 | 2. Telephone meetings. The commission may hold meetings over the telephone if necessary, as long as the commission provides notice to all affected parties in accordance with the rules of the commission and the commission's office remains open for attendance by complainants, witnesses, the press and other members of the public. Notwithstanding Title 1, chapter 13, telephone meetings of the commission are permitted: |
| 26 27 | A. During the 28 days prior to an election when the commission is required to meet within 2 business days of the filing of any complaint with the commission; or |
| 28 29 30 31 | B. To address procedural or logistical issues before a monthly meeting, such as the scheduling of meetings, deadlines for parties' submission of written materials, setting of meeting agenda, requests to postpone or reschedule agenda items, issuing subpoenas for documents or witnesses and recusal of commission members. |
| 32 | This subsection is repealed July 1, 2020. |
| 33 34 | Sec. B-4. 22 MRSA §2054, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2015, c. 449, §2, is further amended to read: |
| 35 36 37 38 | 4. Powers of authority. The powers of the authority are vested in its members, and 5 members of the authority constitute a quorum at any meeting of the authority. A vacancy in the membership of the authority does not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the authority. An action taken by the |

39 authority under this chapter may be authorized by resolution approved by a majority of 40 the members present at any regular or special meeting, which resolution takes effect immediately, or an action taken by the authority may be authorized by a resolution
circularized or sent to each member of the authority, which resolution takes effect at such
time as a majority of the members have signed an assent to such resolution. Resolutions
of the authority need not be published or posted. The authority may delegate by
resolution to one or more of its members or its executive director such powers and duties
as it considers proper.

7 The authority may meet by telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of
8 communication with less than a quorum assembled physically at the location of a public
9 proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 only if:

10A. Each member can hear all other members, speak to all other members and, to the11extent reasonably practicable, see all other members by videoconferencing or other12similar means of communication during the public proceeding, and members of the13public attending the public proceeding at the location identified in the notice required14by Title 1, section 406 are able to hear and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see15all members participating from other locations by videoconferencing or other similar16means of communication;

B. Each member who is not physically present at the location of the public
proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other
similar means of communication identifies all persons present at the location from
which the member is participating;

C. A member who participates while not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 does so only when the member's attendance is not reasonably practical. The reason that the member's attendance is not reasonably practical must be stated in the minutes of the meeting; and

26 D. Each member who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other 27 28 similar means of communication has received prior to the public proceeding all 29 documents and materials discussed at the public proceeding, with substantially the 30 same content as those presented at the public proceeding. Documents or other 31 materials made available at the public proceeding may be transmitted to the member 32 not physically present during the public proceeding if the transmission technology is 33 available. Failure to comply with this paragraph does not invalidate an action taken 34 by the authority at the public proceeding.

35 Sec. B-5. 22 MRSA §2054, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:

4-A. Remote participation in meetings. The authority may meet by telephonic,
 video, electronic or other similar means of communication with less than a quorum
 assembled physically at the location of a public proceeding identified in the notice
 required by Title 1, section 406 only if:

40A. Each member can hear all other members, speak to all other members and, to the41extent reasonably practicable, see all other members by videoconferencing or other42similar means of communication during the public proceeding, and members of the43public attending the public proceeding at the location identified in the notice required

by Title 1, section 406 are able to hear and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see
 all members participating from other locations by videoconferencing or other similar
 means of communication;

B. Each member who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication identifies all persons present at the location from which the member is participating;

9 C. A member who participates while not physically present at the location of the 10 public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 does so 11 only when the member's attendance is not reasonably practicable. The reason that the 12 member's attendance is not reasonably practicable must be stated in the minutes of 13 the meeting; and

- 14 Each member who is not physically present at the location of the public D. proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is 15 participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of 16 17 communication has received prior to the public proceeding all documents and 18 materials discussed at the public proceeding, with substantially the same content as 19 those presented at the public proceeding. Documents or other materials made available at the public proceeding may be transmitted to the member not physically 20 present during the public proceeding if the transmission technology is available. 21 Failure to comply with this paragraph does not invalidate an action taken by the 22 authority at the public proceeding. 23
- 24 <u>This subsection is repealed July 1, 2020.</u>

Sec. B-6. 30-A MRSA §4723, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 2015, c. 449, §3, is further amended to read:

27 B. The Maine State Housing Authority, as authorized by Title 5, chapter 379, must 28 have 10 commissioners, 8 of whom must be appointed by the Governor, subject to review by the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over 29 30 economic development and to confirmation by the Legislature. The 9th 31 commissioner is the Treasurer of State who serves as an ex officio voting member. 32 The Treasurer of State may designate the Deputy Treasurer of State to serve in place of the Treasurer of State. The 10th commissioner is the director of the Maine State 33 34 Housing Authority who serves as an ex officio nonvoting member. At least 3 gubernatorial appointments must include a representative of bankers, a representative 35 of elderly people and a resident of housing that is subsidized or assisted by programs 36 37 of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development or of the Maine State Housing Authority. In appointing the resident, the Governor shall give priority 38 consideration to nominations that may be made by tenant associations established in 39 the State. Of the 5 remaining gubernatorial appointments, the Governor shall give 40 41 priority to a representative involved in the housing business and a representative of 42 people with disabilities. The powers of the Maine State Housing Authority are vested 43 in the commissioners. The commissioners may delegate such powers and duties to 44 the director of the Maine State Housing Authority as they determine appropriate.

- 1 The Governor shall appoint the chair of the commissioners from among the 8 2 gubernatorial appointments. The chair serves as a nonvoting member, except that the 3 chair may vote only when the chair's vote will affect the result. The commissioners 4 shall elect a vice-chair of the commissioners from among their number.
- 5 Following reasonable notice to each commissioner, 5 commissioners of the Maine 6 State Housing Authority constitute a quorum for the purpose of conducting its 7 business, exercising its powers and for all other purposes, notwithstanding the 8 existence of any vacancies. Action may be taken by the commissioners upon a vote 9 of a majority of the commissioners present, unless otherwise specified in law or 10 required by its bylaws.
- 11The Maine State Housing Authority may meet by telephonic, video, electronic or12other similar means of communication with less than a quorum assembled physically13at the location of a public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1,14section 406 only if:
- 15 (1) Each commissioner can hear all other commissioners, speak to all other commissioners and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all other 16 commissioners by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication 17 during the public proceeding, and members of the public attending the public 18 19 proceeding at the location identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 20 are able to hear and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all commissioners 21 participating from other locations by videoconferencing or other similar means of 22 communication;
- 23 (2) Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public
 24 proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other
 25 similar means of communication identifies all persons present at the location
 26 from which the commissioner is participating;
- (3) A commissioner who participates while not physically present at the location
 of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406
 does so only when the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practical.
 The reason that the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practical must be
 stated in the minutes of the meeting; and
- 32 (4) Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public 33 proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other 34 similar means of communication has received prior to the public proceeding all 35 documents and materials discussed at the public proceeding, with substantially 36 the same content as those presented at the public proceeding. Documents or 37 other materials made available at the public proceeding may be transmitted to the 38 commissioner not physically present during the public proceeding if the 39 transmission technology is available. Failure to comply with this subparagraph 40 does not invalidate an action taken by the Maine State Housing Authority at the 41 public proceeding.
- 42 Sec. B-7. 30-A MRSA §4723, sub-§2, ¶B-1 is enacted to read:

| 1 | B-1. The Maine State Housing Authority may meet by telephonic, video, electronic |
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| 2 | or other similar means of communication with less than a quorum assembled |
| 3 | physically at the location of a public proceeding identified in the notice required by |
| 4 | Title 1, section 406 only if: |
| 5 | (1) Each commissioner can hear all other commissioners, speak to all other |
| 6 | commissioners and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all other |
| 7 | commissioners by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication |
| 8 | during the public proceeding, and members of the public attending the public |
| 9 | proceeding at the location identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 |
| 10 | are able to hear and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all commissioners |
| 11 | participating from other locations by videoconferencing or other similar means of |
| 12 | communication; |
| 13 | (2) Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public |
| 14 | proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is |
| 15 | participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of |
| 16 | communication identifies all persons present at the location from which the |
| 17 | commissioner is participating; |
| | |
| 18 | (3) A commissioner who participates while not physically present at the location |
| 19 | of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 |
| 20 | does so only when the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practicable. |
| 21 | The reason that the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practicable must |
| 22 | be stated in the minutes of the meeting; and |
| 23 | (4) Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public |
| 24 | proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is |
| 25 | participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of |
| 26 | communication has received prior to the public proceeding all documents and |
| 27 | materials discussed at the public proceeding, with substantially the same content |
| 28 | as those presented at the public proceeding. Documents or other materials made |
| 29 | available at the public proceeding may be transmitted to the commissioner not |
| 30 | physically present during the public proceeding if the transmission technology is |
| 31 | available. Failure to comply with this subparagraph does not invalidate an action |
| 32 | taken by the Maine State Housing Authority at the public proceeding. |
| 33 | This paragraph is repealed July 1, 2020. |
| 34 | Sec. B-8. 30-A MRSA §5951, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2015, c. 449, §4, is |
| 35 | further amended to read: |
| 36 | 4 Officients of board, examples of new ore. The board of commissioners shall elect |
| | 4. Officers of board; exercise of powers. The board of commissioners shall elect |
| 37 | one of its members as chair and one as vice-chair and shall appoint an executive director who also sorrise as both socretary and transvers. The powers of the bank are vested in the |
| 38 | who also serves as both secretary and treasurer. The powers of the bank are vested in the |
| 39 40 | commissioners of the bank in office from time to time. Three commissioners of the bank |
| 40 | constitute a quorum at any meeting of the commissioners. Action may be taken and |
| 41 | motions and resolutions adopted by the bank at any meeting by the affirmative vote of at |

motions and resolutions adopted by the bank at any meeting by the affirmative vote of at
least 3 commissioners of the bank. A vacancy in the office of commissioner of the bank
does not impair the right of a quorum of the commissioners to exercise all the powers and
perform all the duties of the bank.

- The board of commissioners may meet by telephonic, video, electronic or other similar
 means of communication with less than a quorum assembled physically at the location of
 a public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 only if:
- A. Each commissioner can hear all other commissioners, speak to all other
 commissioners and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all other commissioners
 by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication during the public
 proceeding, and members of the public attending the public proceeding at the location
 identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 are able to hear and, to the
 extent reasonably practicable, see all commissioners participating from other
 locations by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication;
- 11B. Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public12proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other13similar means of communication identifies all persons present at the location from14which the commissioner is participating;
- 15 C. A commissioner who participates while not physically present at the location of 16 the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 does so 17 only when the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practical. The reason that 18 the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practical must be stated in the 19 minutes of the meeting; and
- 20 D. Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public 21 proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other 22 similar means of communication has received prior to the public proceeding all 23 documents and materials discussed at the public proceeding, with substantially the 24 same content as those presented at the public proceeding. Documents or other 25 materials made available at the public proceeding may be transmitted to the 26 commissioner not physically present during the public proceeding if the transmission 27 technology is available. Failure to comply with this paragraph does not invalidate an action taken by the bank at the public proceeding. 28
- 29 Sec. B-9. 30-A MRSA §5951, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:

4-A. Remote participation. The board of commissioners may meet by telephonic,
 video, electronic or other similar means of communication with less than a quorum
 assembled physically at the location of a public proceeding identified in the notice
 required by Title 1, section 406 only if:

- 34A. Each commissioner can hear all other commissioners, speak to all other35commissioners and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all other commissioners36by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication during the public37proceeding, and members of the public attending the public proceeding at the location38identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 are able to hear and, to the39extent reasonably practicable, see all commissioners participating from other40locations by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication;
- B. Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public
 proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is
 participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of

2 commissioner is participating; 3 C. A commissioner who participates while not physically present at the location of 4 the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 does so only when the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practicable. The reason 5 that the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practicable must be stated in the 6 minutes of the meeting; and 7 8 D. Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public 9 proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of 10 communication has received prior to the public proceeding all documents and 11 materials discussed at the public proceeding, with substantially the same content as 12 13 those presented at the public proceeding. Documents or other materials made 14 available at the public proceeding may be transmitted to the commissioner not 15 physically present during the public proceeding if the transmission technology is 16 available. Failure to comply with this paragraph does not invalidate an action taken 17 by the bank at the public proceeding. 18 This subsection is repealed July 1, 2020. 19 Sec. B-10. 32 MRSA §88, sub-§1, ¶D, as amended by PL 2007, c. 274, §19, is

communication identifies all persons present at the location from which the

20 further amended to read:

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21 D. A majority of the members appointed and currently serving constitutes a quorum 22 for all purposes and no decision of the board may be made without a quorum present. 23 A majority vote of those present and voting is required for board action, except that 24 for purposes of either granting a waiver of any of its rules or deciding to pursue the 25 suspension or revocation of a license, the board may take action only if the proposed 26 waiver, suspension or revocation receives a favorable vote from at least 2/3 of the 27 members present and voting and from no less than a majority of the appointed and currently serving members. The board may use video conferencing and other 28 29 technologies to conduct its business but is not exempt from Title 1, chapter 13, 30 subchapter 1. Members of the board, its subcommittees or its staff may participate in 31 a meeting of the board, subcommittees or staff via video conferencing, conference 32 telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting 33 34 pursuant to this subsection constitutes presence in person at such meeting.

35 Sec. B-11. 32 MRSA §88, sub-§1, ¶E is enacted to read:

E. The board may use videoconferencing and other technologies to conduct its business but is not exempt from Title 1, chapter 13, subchapter 1. Members of the board, its subcommittees or its staff may participate in a meeting of the board, subcommittees or staff via videoconferencing, conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this paragraph constitutes presence in person at such meeting.

43 This paragraph is repealed July 1, 2020.

1 Sec. B-12. 39-A MRSA §151, sub-§5, as amended by PL 2003, c. 608, §9, is 2 further amended to read:

3 5. Voting requirements; meetings. The board may take action only by majority 4 vote of its membership. The board may hold sessions at its central office or at any other 5 place within the State and shall establish procedures through which members who are not 6 physically present may participate by telephone or other remote-access technology. Regular meetings may be called by the executive director or by any 4 members of the 7 8 board, and all members must be given at least 7 days' notice of the time, place and agenda 9 of the meeting. A quorum of the board is 4 members, but a smaller number may adjourn 10 until a quorum is present. Emergency meetings may be called by the executive director 11 when it is necessary to take action before a regular meeting can be scheduled. The 12 executive director shall make all reasonable efforts to notify all members as promptly as possible of the time and place of any emergency meeting and the specific purpose or 13 14 purposes for which the meeting is called. For an emergency meeting, the 4 members constituting a quorum must include at least one board member representing management 15 and at least one board member representing labor. 16

17 Sec. B-13. 39-A MRSA §151, sub-§5-A is enacted to read:

18 <u>5-A. Remote participation.</u> The board shall establish procedures through which
 19 members who are not physically present may participate by telephone or other
 20 remote-access technology.

PART C

- 21 This subsection is repealed July 1, 2020.
- 22
- 23 Sec. C-1. 1 MRSA §431, sub-§4 is enacted to read:

4. Remote participation. "Remote participation" means participation in a public
 proceeding by a member of the body that is holding or conducting the public proceeding
 while the member is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding
 identified in the notice required by section 406.

- 28 Sec. C-2. 1 MRSA §435 is enacted to read:
- 29 §435. Review of proposed remote participation authorization

30 1. Procedures before legislative committees. Whenever a legislative measure containing a new remote participation authorization or a change that affects the 31 32 accessibility of a public proceeding is proposed, the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over the proposal shall hold a public hearing and 33 34 determine the level of support for the proposal among the members of the committee. If 35 there is support for the proposal among a majority of the members of the committee, the committee shall request the review committee to review and evaluate the proposal 36 37 pursuant to subsection 2 and to report back to the committee of jurisdiction. A proposed 38 remote participation authorization or proposed change that affects the accessibility of a public proceeding may not be enacted into law unless review and evaluation pursuant to
 subsection 2 have been completed.

2. Review and evaluation. Upon referral of a proposed remote participation authorization or proposed limitation on accessibility from the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over the proposal, the review committee shall conduct a review and evaluation of the proposal and shall report in a timely manner to the committee to which the proposal was referred. The review committee shall use the following criteria to determine whether the proposed remote participation authorization should be enacted:

10 <u>A. Geographic distribution of members;</u>

22

- 11 B. Demonstrated need based on emergency nature of action;
- 12C. Demonstrated need based on exigent circumstances, such as a natural disaster or13an emergency declaration by the Governor directly related to the activities of the14body; and
- D. Any other criteria that assist the review committee in determining the value of the
 proposed remote participation authorization as compared to the public's interest in all
 members participating.

3. Report. The review committee shall report its findings and recommendations on
 whether the proposed remote participation authorization or proposed limitation on
 accessibility to public proceedings should be enacted to the joint standing committee of
 the Legislature having jurisdiction over the proposal.

SUMMARY

This bill is in response to recommendations contained in the Right To Know Advisory Committee's 12th annual report concerning remote participation in public proceedings by members of public bodies that are subject to the Freedom of Access Act. The bill expressly prohibits a member of a body subject to the Freedom of Access Act from participating in the body's public proceedings if the member is not physically present.

29 Part A prohibits a member of a public body from participating in a public proceeding 30 when that member is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding as indicated in the required public notice. The members of 7 specific public bodies are 31 32 currently statutorily authorized to participate remotely in the public proceedings of those 33 bodies, and they may continue to do so as long as the statutes still authorize such 34 participation. The 7 bodies are the Finance Authority of Maine, the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices, the Maine Health and Higher Educational 35 Facilities Authority, the Maine State Housing Authority, the Maine Municipal Bond Bank 36 37 the Emergency Medical Services' Board and the Workers' Compensation Board.

Part B amends the statutes enabling remote participation for the 7 bodies to repeal the
 authorization for remote participation July 1, 2020.

Part C amends the Freedom of Access Act to require the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over judiciary matters to conduct a review of any proposed statutory authorization of remote participation or change in accessibility with respect to public proceedings.