

## 131st MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-2023

**Legislative Document** 

No. 1825

S.P. 741

In Senate, April 27, 2023

An Act to Clarify Licensing Jurisdiction for Manufactured Housing Communities

Reference to the Committee on State and Local Government suggested and ordered printed.

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by President JACKSON of Aroostook.
Cosponsored by Representative BOYLE of Gorham and
Senators: BAILEY of York, BENNETT of Oxford, Representatives: ARATA of New
Gloucester, CLOUTIER of Lewiston, COLLINGS of Portland, GRAHAM of North Yarmouth,
PERRY of Bangor.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

**Sec. 1. 10 MRSA §9083,** as amended by PL 2017, c. 210, Pt. B, §30, is further amended to read:

## §9083. Fees

Application and license fees for manufactured housing communities are set under section 9021, subsection 2-A, including applications for manufactured housing community expansion and license renewal. Fees are also set under section 9021, subsection 2-A for manufactured housing community inspections; for the cost of reviewing engineering and site plans; for costs incurred in evaluating an applicant's eligibility for licensure as a manufactured housing community; and for costs incurred in evaluating a licensee's ongoing compliance with the requirements of this subchapter and the rules of the board. Failure to pay costs billed to an applicant or licensee within 90 days of the billing date constitutes grounds for license revocation, unless an extension for an additional period not to exceed 90 days is granted in writing by the board. A municipality shall accept a license issued by the board as evidence a manufactured housing community meets all requirements to operate. A municipality may not charge any additional fees for a manufactured housing community to operate.

- **Sec. 2. 10 MRSA §9088, sub-§5,** as enacted by PL 1983, c. 553, §17, is amended to read:
  - **5.** Charge. Municipalities may not charge the board for performing those inspections.
- **Sec. 3. 10 MRSA §9088, sub-§6,** as amended by PL 2007, c. 402, Pt. D, §15, is repealed.
- **Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §4358, sub-§2,** as amended by PL 1995, c. 199, §1, is further amended to read:
- 2. Location of manufactured housing. Municipalities shall permit allow manufactured housing to be placed or erected on individual house lots in a number of locations on undeveloped lots where single-family dwellings are allowed, subject to the same requirements as single-family dwellings, except as otherwise provided in this section.
  - A. For the locations required by this section, municipal ordinances may not require that manufactured housing on individual lots be greater than 14 feet in width, although municipalities may establish design criteria, including, but not limited to, a pitched, shingled roof; a permanent foundation; and exterior siding that is residential in appearance, provided that as long as:
    - (1) The requirements do not have the effect of circumventing the purposes of this section; and
    - (2) The design requirements may not be used to prevent the relocation of any manufactured housing, regardless of its date of manufacture, that is legally sited within the municipality as of August 4, 1988.
  - B. Providing one or more zones or locations where mobile home parks or mobile home subdivisions or developments are allowed does not constitute compliance with this section.

- C. This section does not prohibit municipalities from establishing controls on manufactured housing which that are less restrictive than are permitted by this section.
  - D. Municipalities may not prohibit manufactured housing, regardless of its date of manufacture, solely on the basis of a date of manufacture before June 14, 1976, or the failure of a unit to have been manufactured in accordance with the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, United States Code, Title 42, Chapter 70. Municipalities may apply the design standards permitted by this section to all manufactured housing, regardless of its date of manufacture, and may apply reasonable safety standards to manufactured housing built before June 15, 1976, or not built in accordance with the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, United States Code, Title 42, Chapter 70.
  - E. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any modular home that meets construction standards for state-certified manufactured homes adopted pursuant to Title 10, section 9042 must be allowed in all zones where other single-family homes are allowed.
- **Sec. 5. 30-A MRSA §4358, sub-§4,** as enacted by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. A, §45 and Pt. C, §10, is amended by amending the first blocked paragraph to read:

In municipalities which that require any type of permit for manufactured housing, the permit is deemed to be not approved or valid until payment of the sales tax has been certified. A municipality may not charge a fee for any type of permit for manufactured housing or the installation of manufactured housing if the manufactured housing or installation is governed by rules of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development or the Manufactured Housing Board.

24 SUMMARY

This bill requires a municipality to accept a license issued by the Manufactured Housing Board as evidence a manufactured housing community meets all requirements to operate. The bill provides that a municipality may not charge any additional fees for a manufactured housing community to operate. The bill also provides that a municipality may not charge a fee for any type of permit for manufactured housing if the manufactured housing or the installation thereof is governed by rules of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development or the Manufactured Housing Board.