I4, I3 4lr2271 CF 4lr2418

By: Senator Middleton

Introduced and read first time: January 30, 2014

Assigned to: Finance

A BILL ENTITLED

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l	AN	ACT	concerning

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Commercial Law - Patent Infringement - Assertions Made in Bad Faith

3 FOR the purpose of prohibiting a person from making certain assertions of patent 4 infringement in bad faith; authorizing a court to consider certain factors as 5 evidence of whether a person has made an assertion of patent infringement in 6 bad faith or in good faith; providing that the Attorney General and the Division 7 of Consumer Protection of the Office of the Attorney General have the same 8 authority to take certain actions as the Attorney General and the Division have 9 under the Maryland Consumer Protection Act; authorizing certain individuals to bring a civil action in a certain court to recover for certain injuries or losses 10 sustained as a result of a violation of this Act; authorizing a court to award 11 12certain damages and remedies under certain circumstances; defining certain 13 terms; and generally relating to bad faith assertions of patent infringement.

- 14 BY adding to
- 15 Article Commercial Law
- Section 11–1601 through 11–1604 to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 16. Bad
- 17 Faith Assertions of Patent Infringement"
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (2013 Replacement Volume)
- 20 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 21 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 22 Article Commercial Law
- 23 Subtitle 16. Bad Faith Assertions of Patent Infringement.
- 24 **11–1601.**

- 1 (A) IN THIS SUBTITLE THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS 2 INDICATED.
- 3 (B) "CLAIM" MEANS THE SCOPE OF THE PATENT OWNER'S EXCLUSIVE 4 RIGHTS TO THE USE AND CONTROL OF THE PATENT OWNER'S INVENTION.
- 5 (C) "DEMAND LETTER" MEANS A LETTER, AN ELECTRONIC MAIL, OR 6 ANY OTHER WRITTEN COMMUNICATION ASSERTING THAT A PERSON HAS 7 ENGAGED IN PATENT INFRINGEMENT.
- 8 (D) "DIVISION" MEANS THE DIVISION OF CONSUMER PROTECTION OF 9 THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.
- 10 **(E) "TARGET" MEANS A PERSON:**
- 11 (1) WHO HAS RECEIVED A DEMAND LETTER OR AGAINST WHOM 12 AN ASSERTION OF PATENT INFRINGEMENT HAS BEEN MADE;
- 13 **(2)** WHO HAS BEEN THREATENED WITH LITIGATION OR AGAINST
 14 WHOM A LAWSUIT HAS BEEN FILED ALLEGING PATENT INFRINGEMENT; OR
- 15 (3) WHO HAS AT LEAST ONE CUSTOMER WHO HAS RECEIVED A
 16 DEMAND LETTER ASSERTING THAT THE PERSON'S PRODUCT, SERVICE, OR
 17 TECHNOLOGY HAS INFRINGED A PATENT.
- 18 **11–1602.**
- 19 (A) A PERSON MAY NOT MAKE AN ASSERTION OF PATENT 20 INFRINGEMENT AGAINST ANOTHER IN BAD FAITH.
- 21 (B) (1) A COURT MAY CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING FACTORS AS 22 EVIDENCE THAT A PERSON HAS MADE AN ASSERTION OF PATENT 23 INFRINGEMENT IN BAD FAITH:
- 24 (I) THE DEMAND LETTER SENT BY THE PERSON DOES NOT 25 CONTAIN:
- 26 THE ALLEGED PATENT NUMBER;
- 27 2. THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PATENT OWNER 28 OR ASSIGNEE, IF ANY; OR

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1 2 3	3. FACTS RELATING TO THE SPECIFIC AREAS IN WHICH THE TARGET'S PRODUCT, SERVICE, OR TECHNOLOGY INFRINGES THE PATENT OR IS COVERED BY THE CLAIMS IN THE PATENT;
4 5 6	(II) THE TARGET REQUESTED THE INFORMATION DESCRIBED IN ITEM (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, AND THE PERSON FAILED TO PROVIDE THE INFORMATION WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME;
7 8 9 10 11 12	(III) BEFORE SENDING THE DEMAND LETTER, THE PERSON DID NOT CONDUCT AN ANALYSIS COMPARING THE CLAIMS IN THE PATENT TO THE TARGET'S PRODUCT, SERVICE, OR TECHNOLOGY, OR THE ANALYSIS WAS CONDUCTED BUT DOES NOT IDENTIFY SPECIFIC AREAS IN WHICH THE PRODUCT, SERVICE, OR TECHNOLOGY IS COVERED BY THE CLAIMS IN THE PATENT;
13 14 15	(IV) THE DEMAND LETTER DEMANDED A RESPONSE OR PAYMENT OF A LICENSING FEE WITHIN AN UNREASONABLY SHORT PERIOD OF TIME;
16 17 18	(V) THE PERSON OFFERED TO LICENSE THE PATENT FOR AN AMOUNT THAT IS NOT BASED ON A REASONABLE ESTIMATE OF THE VALUE OF THE LICENSE;
19 20 21	(VI) THE ASSERTION OF PATENT INFRINGEMENT IS WITHOUT MERIT, AND THE PERSON KNEW, OR SHOULD HAVE KNOWN, THAT THE ASSERTION IS WITHOUT MERIT;
22 23	(VII) THE ASSERTION OF PATENT INFRINGEMENT IS DECEPTIVE;
24 25 26 27	(VIII) 1. THE PERSON, OR A SUBSIDIARY OR AN AFFILIATE OF THE PERSON, PREVIOUSLY HAS FILED OR THREATENED TO FILE ONE OR MORE LAWSUITS BASED ON THE SAME OR A SIMILAR ASSERTION OF PATENT INFRINGEMENT; AND
28 29	2. A. THE THREATS OR LAWSUITS DID NOT PROVIDE THE INFORMATION DESCRIBED IN ITEM (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH; AND
30	B. A COURT FOUND THE PERSON'S ASSERTION TO BE

32 (IX) ANY OTHER FACTOR THE COURT DETERMINES TO BE

33 RELEVANT.

WITHOUT MERIT; AND

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11–1603.

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1	(2) THE COURT MAY CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING FACTORS AS		
2	EVIDENCE THAT A PERSON HAS MADE AN ASSERTION OF PATENT		
3	INFRINGEMENT IN GOOD FAITH:		
J	1		
4	(I) IF THE DEMAND LETTER SENT BY THE PERSON DOES		
5	NOT CONTAIN THE INFORMATION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1)(I) OF THIS		
6	SUBSECTION, THE PERSON PROVIDES THE INFORMATION TO THE TARGET		
7	WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME;		
8	(II) THE PERSON HAS:		
9	1. ENGAGED IN A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO		
10	ESTABLISH THAT THE TARGET HAS INFRINGED THE PATENT; AND		
10	ESTABLISH THE TAKE IN INTERNACED THE TAKEN, AND		
11	2. ATTEMPTED TO NEGOTIATE AN APPROPRIATE		
$\overline{12}$	REMEDY;		
13	(III) THE PERSON HAS:		
14	1. Demonstrated good faith business		
15	PRACTICES IN PREVIOUS EFFORTS TO ENFORCE A PATENT; OR		
16	2. Successfully enforced a patent through		
17	LITIGATION;		
10	(Tr) Mary Deposit Mass Market A supportant transformation		
18	(IV) THE PERSON HAS MADE A SUBSTANTIAL INVESTMENT		
19	IN THE USE OF THE PATENT OR IN THE PRODUCTION OR SALE OF A PRODUCT		
20	COVERED BY THE PATENT;		
21	(V) THE PERSON IS:		
41	(V) THE LEASON IS.		
22	1. An inventor of the patent or an original		
23	ASSIGNEE; OR		
24	2. A REPRESENTATIVE OF AN INSTITUTION OF		
25	HIGHER EDUCATION OR A TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER ORGANIZATION AFFILIATED		
26	WITH AN INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION; AND		
27	(VI) ANY OTHER FACTOR THE COURT DETERMINES TO BE		
28	RELEVANT.		

- THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AND THE DIVISION SHALL HAVE THE SAME
- 2 AUTHORITY UNDER THIS SUBTITLE TO ADOPT REGULATIONS, CONDUCT
- 3 INVESTIGATIONS, AND BRING CIVIL AND CRIMINAL ACTIONS AS PROVIDED IN
- 4 TITLE 13 OF THIS ARTICLE.
- 5 **11–1604.**
- 6 (A) IN ADDITION TO ANY ACTION BY THE DIVISION OR ATTORNEY
- 7 GENERAL AUTHORIZED BY TITLE 13 OF THIS ARTICLE, A TARGET MAY BRING AN
- 8 ACTION IN AN APPROPRIATE COURT TO RECOVER FOR INJURY OR LOSS
- 9 SUSTAINED AS A RESULT OF A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBTITLE.
- 10 (B) IF A TARGET PREVAILS IN AN ACTION BROUGHT UNDER THIS
- 11 SUBTITLE AND IS AWARDED DAMAGES, THE COURT ALSO MAY AWARD:
- 12 (1) COURT COSTS AND FEES, INCLUDING REASONABLE
- 13 ATTORNEY'S FEES;
- 14 (2) EXEMPLARY DAMAGES IN AN AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED THE
- 15 GREATER OF:
- 16 (I) \$50,000; OR
- 17 (II) THREE TIMES THE TOTAL OF DAMAGES, COSTS, AND
- 18 FEES; AND
- 19 (3) ANY EQUITABLE RELIEF THAT THE COURT CONSIDERS
- 20 APPROPRIATE.
- 21 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
- 22 June 1, 2014.