By: The Speaker (By Request – Administration) and Delegates Anderton, Boteler, Buckel, Chisholm, Griffith, Hornberger, Howard, Jacobs, Kipke, Krebs, Long, McComas, McKay, Metzgar, Morgan, Munoz, Novotny, Otto, Saab, Szeliga, Thiam, and Wivell Introduced and read first time: January 19, 2022

Assigned to: Health and Government Operations

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Statewide Targeted Overdose Prevention (STOP) Act of 2022

- 3 FOR the purpose of authorizing certain emergency medical services providers to dispense 4 naloxone to individuals who received treatment for a nonfatal drug overdose or were evaluated by a crisis evaluation team; requiring certain community services $\mathbf{5}$ 6 programs, certain private and public entities, and hospitals to have a protocol to 7 dispense naloxone to certain individuals under certain circumstances; prohibiting a 8 cause of action from arising against businesses and business owners related to the 9 provision of naloxone to employees and patrons of the business; and generally relating to the dispensing of naloxone. 10
- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 12 Article Education
- 13 Section 13–516(f)
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (2018 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 16 BY adding to
- 17 Article Health General
- 18 Section 8–408
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (2019 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 21 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 22 Article Health General
- 23 Section 13–3101(a) and (c)
- 24 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 25 (2019 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



$1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5$	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Health – General Section 13–3104, 13–3108, and 19–310.3 Annotated Code of Maryland (2019 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)		
$6 \\ 7$	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:		
8		Article – Education	
9	13–516.		
10 11	· · · · · ·	to the rules, regulations, protocols, orders, and standards of the medical direction, while providing emergency medical services:	
$\begin{array}{c} 12\\ 13 \end{array}$	(i) A a paramedic may:	cardiac rescue technician, an emergency medical technician, or	
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	1 EMS Board;	. Perform specified medical procedures as authorized by the	
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	2 solutions; [and]	. Administer specified medications or intravenous	
18 19 20	3 RECEIVED TREATMENT F A CRISIS EVALUATION TE	OR A NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE OR WAS EVALUATED BY	
21	[3.] 4. Provide emergency medical transport;	
22	(ii) A	an emergency medical dispatcher may:	
$\begin{array}{c} 23\\ 24 \end{array}$	1 type and level of response r	Perform medical interrogation in order to determine the equired at the scene of a medical emergency; and	
$\begin{array}{c} 25\\ 26 \end{array}$	2 cardiopulmonary resuscitat	1 0	
27	(iii) A	an emergency medical responder:	
$28 \\ 29$	1 the EMS Board; and	. May perform specified medical procedures as defined by	
30	2	. May not be the primary emergency medical services	

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1	provider during emergency medical transport.		
$\frac{2}{3}$	(2) Participation in emergency medical dispatch programs by jurisdictions is totally voluntary.		
4	Article – Health – General		
5	8-408.		
6 7	(A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS INDICATED.		
8	(2) "COMMUNITY SERVICES PROGRAM" INCLUDES:		
9	(I) A HOMELESS SERVICES PROGRAM;		
10	(II) AN INTENSIVE OUTPATIENT PROGRAM;		
11	(III) AN OPIOID TREATMENT PROGRAM; AND		
12	(IV) A REENTRY PROGRAM.		
$13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17$	(3) "HOMELESS SERVICES PROGRAM" MEANS A PROGRAM OPERATED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES THROUGH A LOCAL ADMINISTERING AGENCY OR SERVICE PROVIDER FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING SHELTER, FOOD, AND SERVICES TO HOMELESS FAMILY UNITS IN THE STATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH COMAR 7.01.19.01.		
18	(4) "INTENSIVE OUTPATIENT PROGRAM" MEANS A TREATMENT		
$\frac{19}{20}$	PROGRAM THAT ADDRESSES SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS OR OTHER DISORDERS THAT DO NOT REQUIRE DETOXIFICATION OR INPATIENT SUPERVISION AND ARE		
<u>4</u> 0	THAT DO NOT REQUIRE DETUATION OR INPATIENT SUPERVISION AND ARE		

DESIGNATED BY THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF ADDICTION MEDICINE AS A LEVEL 2.1
SETTING.

23 (5) "OPIOID TREATMENT PROGRAM" MEANS A PROGRAM APPROVED 24 BY THE DEPARTMENT TO PROVIDE OPIOID MAINTENANCE THERAPY UNDER 25 COMAR 10.47.02.11.

26 (6) "REENTRY PROGRAM" MEANS A PROGRAM ESTABLISHED BY A 27 GOVERNMENT AGENCY OR COMMUNITY-BASED ORGANIZATION SERVING 28 PREVIOUSLY INCARCERATED INDIVIDUALS RETURNING TO THEIR COMMUNITIES.

29 (B) ON OR BEFORE JUNE 30, 2024, A COMMUNITY SERVICES PROGRAM 30 THAT PROVIDES SERVICES TO INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE A SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER

OR AN OPIOID USE DISORDER OR ARE AT RISK OF EXPERIENCING A DRUG OVERDOSE
 SHALL HAVE A PROTOCOL TO DISPENSE OR MAKE AVAILABLE NALOXONE, FREE OF
 CHARGE, TO THOSE INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE AN OPIOID USE DISORDER OR ARE AT
 RISK OF EXPERIENCING A DRUG OVERDOSE WHEN THE INDIVIDUAL RECEIVES
 SERVICES FROM THE COMMUNITY SERVICES PROGRAM.

6 13–3101.

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(a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.

8 (c) "Private or public entity" means a health care provider, local health 9 department, community-based organization, substance abuse treatment organization, or 10 other person that addresses medical or social issues related to drug addiction.

11 13–3104.

12 (A) An authorized private or public entity shall enter into a written agreement 13 with a licensed health care provider with prescribing authority to establish protocols for 14 the prescribing and dispensing of naloxone to any individual in accordance with this 15 subtitle.

16 (B) ON OR BEFORE JUNE 30, 2024, THE PROTOCOLS ESTABLISHED UNDER 17 SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION SHALL INCLUDE A REQUIREMENT THAT THE 18 AUTHORIZED PRIVATE OR PUBLIC ENTITY MUST DISPENSE, FREE OF CHARGE, 19 NALOXONE TO AN INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS AN OPIOID USE DISORDER OR IS AT RISK OF 20 EXPERIENCING A DRUG OVERDOSE WHEN THE INDIVIDUAL:

21 (1) IS ENROLLED IN A PROGRAM OFFERED BY THE PRIVATE OR 22 PUBLIC ENTITY; OR

23(2)RECEIVES TREATMENT OR SERVICES FROM THE PRIVATE OR24PUBLIC ENTITY.

25 13–3108.

(a) An individual who administers naloxone to an individual who is or in good
faith is believed to be experiencing an opioid overdose shall have immunity from liability
under §§ 5–603 and 5–629 of the Courts Article.

(b) A cause of action may not arise against any licensed health care provider with prescribing authority or pharmacist for any act or omission when the health care provider with prescribing authority or pharmacist in good faith prescribes or dispenses naloxone and the necessary paraphernalia for the administration of naloxone to an individual under § 13–3106 of this subtitle.

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1 (C) A CAUSE OF ACTION MAY NOT ARISE AGAINST ANY BUSINESS OR 2 BUSINESS OWNER FOR ANY ACT OR OMISSION WHEN THE BUSINESS OR BUSINESS 3 OWNER IN GOOD FAITH MAKES NALOXONE AVAILABLE TO THE EMPLOYEES OR 4 PATRONS OF THE BUSINESS ALONG WITH THE NECESSARY PARAPHERNALIA FOR 5 ADMINISTRATION OF NALOXONE TO AN INDIVIDUAL UNDER § 13–3104 OR § 13–3106 6 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

7 [(c)] (D) This subtitle may not be construed to create a duty on any individual 8 to:

9 (1) Obtain education and training from an authorized private or public 10 entity under this subtitle, and an individual may not be held civilly liable for failing to 11 obtain education and training from an authorized private or public entity under this 12 subtitle; or

13 (2) Administer naloxone to an individual who is experiencing or believed 14 by the individual to be experiencing an opioid overdose.

15 19-310.3.

16 (a) On or before January 1, 2018, each hospital shall have a protocol for 17 discharging a patient who was treated by the hospital for a drug overdose or was identified 18 as having a substance use disorder.

- 19 (b) The protocol [may include]:
- 20 (1) **MAY INCLUDE:**

(I) Coordination with peer recovery counselors who can conduct a screening, a brief intervention, and referral to treatment and connection of the patient with community services; and

24 [(2)] (II) Prescribing naloxone for the patient; AND

(2) ON OR BEFORE JUNE 30, 2024, SHALL REQUIRE DISPENSING
NALOXONE, FREE OF CHARGE, TO A PATIENT WHO RECEIVED TREATMENT FOR A
SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER, OPIOID USE DISORDER, OR NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE
EVENT.

(c) (1) Beginning in 2018, a hospital shall submit to the Maryland Hospital
 Association the hospital's protocol for discharging a patient who was treated by the hospital
 for a drug overdose or was identified as having a substance use disorder.

32 (2) On or before December 1, 2018, the Maryland Hospital Association 33 shall submit a report to the Department and, in accordance with § 2–1257 of the State 34 Government Article, to the Senate Finance Committee, the House Health and Government

1 Operations Committee, and the Joint Committee on Behavioral Health and Substance Use

Disorders on each hospital's discharge protocol as submitted to the Maryland Hospital
Association under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

4 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 5 1, 2022.