## **HOUSE BILL 1809**

E1, J1 2 lr 3514 HB 15/12 - HGO & JUD

By: Delegates Glenn and Morhaim

Introduced and read first time: May 14, 2012 Assigned to: Rules and Executive Nominations

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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## Medical Marijuana - Caregiver - Affirmative Defense

3 FOR the purpose of establishing that it is an affirmative defense to a prosecution for 4 the possession of marijuana or the possession of certain drug paraphernalia that 5 the marijuana or drug paraphernalia was intended for medical use by an 6 individual with a certain debilitating medical condition for whom the defendant 7 is a certain caregiver; prohibiting a certain defendant from asserting a certain 8 affirmative defense unless, at least a certain number of days before trial, the 9 defendant notifies the State's Attorney of the defendant's intention to assert the affirmative defense and provides the State's Attorney with certain 10 documentation; prohibiting a certain affirmative defense from being used under 11 12certain circumstances; defining a certain term; and generally relating to the 13 medical use of marijuana.

- 14 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 15 Article Criminal Law
- 16 Section 5–601(c)(3) and 5–619(c)(4)
- 17 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 18 (2012 Replacement Volume)
- 19 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 20 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

## 21 Article – Criminal Law

- 22 5-601.
- 23 (c) (3) (i) 1. In this paragraph the following words have the 24 meanings indicated.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 2 3	2. "Bona fide physician—patient relationship" means a relationship in which the physician has ongoing responsibility for the assessment, care, and treatment of a patient's medical condition.
4 5 6 7	3. "CAREGIVER" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL DESIGNATED BY A PATIENT WITH A DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION TO PROVIDE PHYSICAL OR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE TO THE PATIENT, INCLUDING ASSISTING WITH THE MEDICAL USE OF MARIJUANA, WHO:
8	A. IS A RESIDENT OF THE STATE;
9	B. IS AT LEAST 21 YEARS OLD;
10 11	C. IS AN IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBER, SPOUSE, OR DOMESTIC PARTNER OF THE PATIENT;
12 13	D. HAS NOT BEEN CONVICTED OF A CRIME OF VIOLENCE AS DEFINED IN § $14-101$ OF THIS ARTICLE;
14 15	E. HAS NOT BEEN CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF A STATE OR FEDERAL CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES LAW;
16 17	F. HAS NOT BEEN CONVICTED OF A CRIME OF MORAL TURPITUDE;
18 19 20	G. HAS BEEN DESIGNATED AS CAREGIVER BY THE PATIENT IN A WRITING THAT HAS BEEN PLACED IN THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL RECORD PRIOR TO ARREST;
21 22	H. IS THE ONLY INDIVIDUAL DESIGNATED BY THE PATIENT TO SERVE AS CAREGIVER; AND
23 24	I. IS NOT SERVING AS CAREGIVER FOR ANY OTHER PATIENT.
25 26 27 28	[3.] 4. "Debilitating medical condition" means a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition or the treatment of a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition that produces one or more of the following, as documented by a physician with whom the patient has a bona fide physician—patient relationship:
29	A. cachexia or wasting syndrome;
30	B. severe or chronic pain;
31	C. severe nausea;

1		D.	seizures;				
2		E.	severe and persistent muscle spasms; or				
3 4	conventional medicine.	F.	any other condition that is severe and resistant to				
5 6 7	(ii) marijuana, the defendan factor any evidence of me		In a prosecution for the use or possession of introduce and the court shall consider as a mitigating necessity.				
8 9 10	necessity, on conviction	of a vi	Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of this subsection, if on used or possessed marijuana because of medical olation of this section, the maximum penalty that the is a fine not exceeding \$100.				
12 13 14	(iii) marijuana under this se possessed marijuana beca		In a prosecution for the use or possession of it is an affirmative defense that the defendant used or				
15 16 17	A. the defendant has a debilitating medical condition that has been diagnosed by a physician with whom the defendant has a bona fide physician—patient relationship;						
18 19	resistant to conventional	B. medic	the debilitating medical condition is severe and ine; and				
20 21	therapeutic or palliative	C. relief f	marijuana is likely to provide the defendant with rom the debilitating medical condition.				
22 23 24 25 26	THE DEFENDANT POSINTENDED FOR MEDI	SSESSI CAL	A. In a prosecution for the possession section, it is an affirmative defense that ed marijuana because the marijuana was use by an individual with a debilitating hom the defendant is a caregiver.				
27 28 29 30 31	DAYS BEFORE TRIAL, THE DEFENDANT'S IN	THE D FENTI S ATT	A DEFENDANT MAY NOT ASSERT THE ER THIS SUBSUBPARAGRAPH UNLESS, AT LEAST 30 DEFENDANT NOTIFIES THE STATE'S ATTORNEY OF ON TO ASSERT THE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE AND ORNEY WITH ALL DOCUMENTATION IN SUPPORT OF				

SUBPARAGRAPH may not be used if the defendant was:

[2.] 3. [The] AN affirmative defense UNDER THIS

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PATIENT TO SERVE AS CAREGIVER; AND

1 2 3	A. using marijuana in a public place <b>OR ASSISTING THE INDIVIDUAL FOR WHOM THE DEFENDANT IS A CAREGIVER IN USING THE MARIJUANA IN A PUBLIC PLACE</b> ; or
4	B. in possession of more than 1 ounce of marijuana.
5	5–619.
6 7	(c) (4) (i) 1. In this paragraph the following words have the meanings indicated.
8 9 10	2. "Bona fide physician—patient relationship" means a relationship in which the physician has ongoing responsibility for the assessment, care, and treatment of a patient's medical condition.
11 12 13 14	3. "CAREGIVER" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL DESIGNATED BY A PATIENT WITH A DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION TO PROVIDE PHYSICAL OR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE TO THE PATIENT, INCLUDING ASSISTING WITH THE MEDICAL USE OF MARIJUANA, WHO:
15	A. IS A RESIDENT OF THE STATE;
16	B. IS AT LEAST 21 YEARS OLD;
17 18	C. IS AN IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBER, SPOUSE, OR DOMESTIC PARTNER OF THE PATIENT;
19 20	D. HAS NOT BEEN CONVICTED OF A CRIME OF VIOLENCE AS DEFINED IN § 14–101 OF THIS ARTICLE;
21 22	E. HAS NOT BEEN CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF A STATE OR FEDERAL CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES LAW;
23 24	F. HAS NOT BEEN CONVICTED OF A CRIME OF MORAL TURPITUDE;
25 26 27	G. HAS BEEN DESIGNATED AS CAREGIVER BY THE PATIENT IN A WRITING THAT HAS BEEN PLACED IN THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL RECORD PRIOR TO ARREST;
28	H. IS THE ONLY INDIVIDUAL DESIGNATED BY THE

1 2	PATIENT.	I.	IS NOT SERVING AS CAREGIVER FOR ANY OTHER			
3 4 5 6	disease or medical condition	edical ion tha	"Debilitating medical condition" means a chronic or condition or the treatment of a chronic or debilitating it produces one or more of the following, as documented atient has a bona fide physician—patient relationship:			
7		A.	cachexia or wasting syndrome;			
8		В.	severe or chronic pain;			
9		C.	severe nausea;			
10		D.	seizures;			
1		E.	severe and persistent muscle spasms; or			
12 13	conventional medicine.	F.	any other condition that is severe and resistant to			
14 15 16			In a prosecution under this subsection involving drug ana, the defendant may introduce and the court shall any evidence of medical necessity.			
17 18 19 20 21	2. Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of this subsection, if the court finds that the person used or possessed drug paraphernalia related to marijuana because of medical necessity, on conviction of a violation of this subsection the maximum penalty that the court may impose on the person is a fine not exceeding \$100.					
22 23 24	(iii) 1. In a prosecution under this subsection involving drug paraphernalia related to marijuana, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant used or possessed drug paraphernalia related to marijuana because:					
25 26 27	that has been diagnosed physician–patient relation		the defendant has a debilitating medical condition physician with whom the defendant has a bona fide			
28 29	resistant to conventional	B. medici	the debilitating medical condition is severe and ne; and			
30 31	therapeutic or palliative 1	C. relief fi	marijuana is likely to provide the defendant with com the debilitating medical condition.			

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**A.** 

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SUBSECTION INVOLVING DRUG PARAPHERNALIA RELATED TO MARIJUANA, IT IS

PROSECUTION

**UNDER** 

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1	AN	<b>AFFIRMATIVE</b>	DEFENSE	THAT	$\mathbf{THE}$	DEFENDANT	POSSESSED	DRUG
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- 2 PARAPHERNALIA RELATED TO MARIJUANA BECAUSE THE DRUG
- 3 PARAPHERNALIA RELATED TO MARIJUANA WAS INTENDED FOR MEDICAL USE
- 4 BY AN INDIVIDUAL WITH A DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION FOR WHOM THE
- 5 DEFENDANT IS A CAREGIVER.
- B. A DEFENDANT MAY NOT ASSERT THE
- 7 AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE UNDER THIS SUBSUBPARAGRAPH UNLESS, AT LEAST 30
- 8 DAYS BEFORE TRIAL, THE DEFENDANT NOTIFIES THE STATE'S ATTORNEY OF
- 9 THE DEFENDANT'S INTENTION TO ASSERT THE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE AND
- 10 PROVIDES THE STATE'S ATTORNEY WITH ALL DOCUMENTATION IN SUPPORT OF
- 11 THE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE.
- 12 [2.] 3. [The] AN affirmative defense UNDER THIS
- 13 **SUBPARAGRAPH** may not be used if the defendant was:
- A. using marijuana in a public place **OR ASSISTING THE**
- 15 INDIVIDUAL FOR WHOM THE DEFENDANT IS A CAREGIVER IN USING THE
- 16 MARIJUANA IN A PUBLIC PLACE; or
- B. in possession of more than 1 ounce of marijuana.
- 18 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
- 19 June 1, 2012.