

HOUSE BILL 158

R5

3lr0724
CF 3lr0615

By: **Delegates Reznik, Barkley, Beidle, DeBoy, Hogan, B. Robinson, and M. Washington**

Introduced and read first time: January 18, 2013

Assigned to: Environmental Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Vehicle Laws – Child Safety Seats and Seat Belts – Penalty**

3 FOR the purpose of increasing the fine for failing to secure a child under a certain age
4 in a child safety seat or seat belt while transporting the child in a motor vehicle
5 or operating a motor vehicle; repealing a requirement that court costs are
6 included in a certain fine; making stylistic changes; and generally relating to
7 child safety seats and seat belts.

8 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
9 Article – Transportation
10 Section 22–412.2, 22–412.3, and 27–106(b)
11 Annotated Code of Maryland
12 (2012 Replacement Volume)

13 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
14 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

15 **Article – Transportation**

16 22–412.2.

17 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

18 (2) (i) “Child safety seat” means a device, including a child booster
19 seat, that the manufacturer:

20 1. Certifies is manufactured in accordance with
21 applicable federal safety standards; and

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 2. Intends to be used to restrain, seat, or position a child
2 who is transported in a motor vehicle.

3 (ii) “Child safety seat” does not mean a seat belt or combination
4 seat belt–shoulder harness used alone.

5 (3) (i) “Seat belt” means a restraining device described under §
6 22–412 of this subtitle.

7 (ii) “Seat belt” includes a combination seat belt–shoulder
8 harness.

9 (b) A child safety seat meets the requirements of this section only if it is
10 installed and used in accordance with the directions of the manufacturer.

11 (c) This section applies to the transportation of a child in:

12 (1) A motor vehicle registered, or of a type capable of being registered,
13 in this State as a:

14 (i) Class A (passenger) vehicle;

15 (ii) Class E (truck) vehicle; or

16 (iii) Class M (multipurpose) vehicle; and

17 (2) A vehicle registered in another state or Puerto Rico that is the
18 same type of vehicle as a vehicle identified in item (1) of this subsection.

19 (d) A person transporting a child under the age of 8 years in a motor vehicle
20 shall secure the child in a child safety seat in accordance with the child safety seat and
21 vehicle manufacturers’ instructions unless the child is 4 feet, 9 inches tall or taller.

22 (e) Subject to subsection (d) of this section, a person may not transport a
23 child under the age of 16 years unless the child is secured in:

24 (1) A child safety seat in accordance with the child safety seat and
25 vehicle manufacturers’ instructions; or

26 (2) A seat belt.

27 (f) Notwithstanding subsection (d) of this section, if a physician, who is
28 licensed to practice medicine in the state in which the vehicle transporting the child is
29 registered, certifies in writing that use of a child safety seat by a particular child
30 would be impractical due to the child’s weight, height, physical unfitness, or other
31 medical reason, there is not a violation of this section.

1 (g) A child safety seat or seat belt may not be used to restrain, seat, or
2 position more than one individual at a time.

3 (h) Notwithstanding subsection (d) of this section, if the number of children
4 subject to the provisions of this section exceeds the number of passenger securing
5 locations suitable for securing a child either in a seat belt or in a child safety seat in
6 accordance with this section, and all of those securing locations are in use by children,
7 there is not a violation of this section.

8 (i) A violation of this section is not contributory negligence and may not be
9 admitted as evidence in the trial of any civil action.

10 (j) A violation of this section is not considered a moving violation for
11 purposes of § 16-402 of this article.

12 (k) The failure to provide a child safety seat or seat belt for more than one
13 child in the same vehicle at the same time, as required by this section, shall be treated
14 as a single violation.

15 (l) (1) Any person convicted of a violation of this section is subject to a
16 fine of [~~\$25~~] **\$75**.

17 (2) A judge may waive the fine if the person charged with violation of
18 this section:

19 (i) Did not possess a child safety seat at the time of the
20 violation;

21 (ii) Acquires a child safety seat prior to the hearing date; and

22 (iii) Provides proof of acquisition to the court.

23 (m) The Department of Transportation and the Department of Health and
24 Mental Hygiene shall jointly implement the Child Safety Seat Program and foster
25 compliance with this section through educational and promotional efforts.

26 22-412.3.

27 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

28 (2) (i) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle that is:

29 1. Registered or capable of being registered in this State
30 as a Class A (passenger), Class E (truck), Class F (tractor), Class M (multipurpose), or
31 Class P (passenger bus) vehicle; and

1 2. Required to be equipped with seat belts under federal
2 motor vehicle safety standards contained in the Code of Federal Regulations.

3 (ii) “Motor vehicle” does not include a Class L (historic) vehicle.

4 (3) “Outboard front seat” means a front seat position that is adjacent
5 to a door of a motor vehicle.

6 (4) (i) “Seat belt” means a restraining device described under §
7 22–412 of this subtitle.

8 (ii) “Seat belt” includes a combination seat belt–shoulder
9 harness.

10 (b) A person may not operate a motor vehicle unless [the person and each]:

11 **(1) THE PERSON IS RESTRAINED BY A SEAT BELT; AND**

12 **(2) EACH** occupant under 16 years old [are] **IS** restrained by a seat
13 belt or a child safety seat as provided in § 22–412.2 of this subtitle.

14 (c) (1) The provisions of this subsection apply to a person who is at least
15 16 years old.

16 (2) Unless a person is restrained by a seat belt, the person may not be
17 a passenger in an outboard front seat of a motor vehicle.

18 (3) A person who violates the provisions of this subsection shall be
19 subject to the penalties under Title 27 of this article.

20 (d) If a physician licensed to practice medicine in this State determines and
21 certifies in writing that use of a seat belt by a person would prevent appropriate
22 restraint due to a person’s physical disability or other medical reason, the provisions of
23 this section do not apply to the person.

24 (e) A certification under subsection (d) of this section shall state:

25 (1) The nature of the physical disability; and

26 (2) The reason that restraint by a seat belt is inappropriate.

27 (f) The provisions of this section do not apply to U.S. Postal Service and
28 contract carriers while delivering mail to local box routes.

29 (g) A violation of this section is not considered a moving violation for
30 purposes of § 16–402 of this article.

1 (h) (1) Failure of an individual to use a seat belt in violation of this
2 section may not:

3 (i) Be considered evidence of negligence;

4 (ii) Be considered evidence of contributory negligence;

5 (iii) Limit liability of a party or an insurer; or

6 (iv) Diminish recovery for damages arising out of the ownership,
7 maintenance, or operation of a motor vehicle.

8 (2) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (3) of this subsection, a
9 party, witness, or counsel may not make reference to a seat belt during a trial of a civil
10 action that involves property damage, personal injury, or death if the damage, injury,
11 or death is not related to the design, manufacture, installation, supplying, or repair of
12 a seat belt.

13 (3) (i) Nothing contained in this subsection may be construed to
14 prohibit the right of a person to institute a civil action for damages against a dealer,
15 manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or other appropriate entity arising out of an
16 incident that involves a defectively installed or defectively operating seat belt.

17 (ii) In a civil action in which 2 or more parties are named as
18 joint tort-feasors, interpleaded as defendants, or impleaded as defendants, and 1 of
19 the joint tort-feasors or defendants is not involved in the design, manufacture,
20 installation, supplying, or repair of a seat belt, a court shall order separate trials to
21 accomplish the ends of justice on a motion of any party.

22 (i) The Administration and the Department of State Police shall establish
23 prevention and education programs to encourage compliance with the provisions of
24 this section.

25 (j) The Administration shall include information on this State's experience
26 with the provisions of this section in the annual evaluation report on the State's
27 highway safety plan that this State submits to the National Highway Traffic Safety
28 Administration and the Federal Highway Administration under 23 U.S.C. § 402.

29 27-106.

30 (b) (1) [Any] **EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS**
31 **SUBSECTION, ANY** person who is convicted of a violation of § 22-412.3 of this article is
32 subject to a fine of not more than \$25[, including court costs].

33 (2) **ANY PERSON WHO IS CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF §**
34 **22-412.3(B)(2) OF THIS ARTICLE IS SUBJECT TO A FINE OF \$75.**

1 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
2 October 1, 2013.