N2, N1

2lr0779 CF SB 853

By: **Delegates Hill and Carr** Introduced and read first time: February 11, 2022 Assigned to: Health and Government Operations

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Maryland Real Property Transfer-on-Death (TOD) Act

- 3 FOR the purpose of altering the Maryland Uniform Disclaimer of Property Interests Act to 4 provide for the disclaimer of nonprobate transfers at death; providing for the $\mathbf{5}$ creation, revocation, recordation, and effects of a transfer-on-death deed for real 6 property; requiring the Administrative Office of the Courts to develop an 7 informational sheet regarding transfer-on-death deeds for use at courthouses and 8 on the website for the Maryland courts; providing example forms for the creation and 9 revocation of a transfer-on-death deed; altering certain recording requirements for the clerks of the circuit court; exempting a transfer-on-death deed from certain 10 11 property transfer taxes; providing for the interpretation of this Act; providing for the 12retroactive application of this Act to transfer-on-death deeds executed prior to the 13 effective date of this Act; and generally relating to transfer-on-death deeds.
- 14 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 15 Article Estates and Trusts
- 16 Section 9–209 and 9–212
- 17 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 18 (2017 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 19 BY adding to
- 20 Article Estates and Trusts
- 21Section 16.5–101 through 16.5–601 to be under the new title "Title 16.5. Maryland22Real Property Transfer–on–Death (TOD) Act"
- 23 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 24 (2017 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 25 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 26 Article Real Property
- 27 Section 3–104
- 28 Annotated Code of Maryland

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1	(2015 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)						
$2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6$	BY adding to Article – Tax – Property Section 12–108(ii), 13–207(a)(27), and 13–414 Annotated Code of Maryland (2019 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)						
7 8 9 10 11	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Tax – Property Section 13–207(a)(25) and (26) Annotated Code of Maryland (2019 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)						
$\begin{array}{c} 12\\ 13 \end{array}$							
14	Article – Estates and Trusts						
15	9–209.						
16 17 18	INSTRUMENT, OTHER THAN AN INSTRUMENT CREATING A TRUST, NAMING THE						
19	(1) AN ANNUITY OR INSURANCE POLICY;						
20	(2) AN ACCOUNT WITH A DESIGNATION FOR PAYMENT ON DEATH;						
21	(3) A SECURITY REGISTERED IN BENEFICIARY FORM;						
22 23	(4) A PENSION, PROFIT-SHARING, RETIREMENT, OR OTHER EMPLOYMENT-RELATED BENEFIT PLAN; OR						
24	(5) ANY OTHER NONPROBATE TRANSFER AT DEATH.						
$25 \\ 26 \\ 27$	disclaimer may be effected by personal delivery, first-class mail, or any other method likely						
$28 \\ 29$	[(b)] (C) In the case of an interest created under the law of intestate succession or an interest created by will, other than an interest in a testamentary trust:						
30	(1) A disclaimer shall be delivered to the personal representative for the						

30 (1) A G 31 decedent's estate; or

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1 If there is no personal representative, it shall be filed with a court (2) $\mathbf{2}$ having jurisdiction to appoint the personal representative. 3 [(c)] **(D)** In the case of an interest in a testamentary trust: 4 A disclaimer shall be delivered to the trustee, or if no trustee is then (1) $\mathbf{5}$ serving, to the personal representative of the decedent's estate; or 6 If there is no personal representative, it shall be filed with a court (2)7 having jurisdiction to enforce the trust. 8 [(d)] **(E)** (1)In the case of an interest in an inter vivos trust, a disclaimer 9 shall be delivered to the trustee. 10 (2)If there is no trustee, it shall be filed with a court having jurisdiction to 11 enforce the trust.

12 (3) If the disclaimer is made before the time the instrument creating the 13 trust becomes irrevocable, it shall be delivered to the settlor of a revocable trust or the 14 transferor of the interest.

15 [(e)] (F) In the case of an interest created by a beneficiary designation [made] 16 THAT IS DISCLAIMED before [the time] the designation becomes irrevocable, [a] THE 17 disclaimer shall be delivered to the person making the beneficiary designation.

18 [(f)] (G) In the case of an interest created by a beneficiary designation [made] 19 THAT IS DISCLAIMED after [the time] the designation becomes irrevocable[, a]:

20 (1) THE disclaimer shall be delivered to the person obligated to distribute 21 the interest; AND

(2) THE DISCLAIMER OF AN INTEREST IN REAL PROPERTY MUST BE RECORDED IN THE PUBLIC LAND RECORDS OF THE COUNTY WHERE THE REAL PROPERTY THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THE DISCLAIMER IS LOCATED.

[(g)] (H) In the case of a disclaimer by a surviving holder of jointly held property,
the disclaimer shall be delivered to the person to whom the disclaimed interest passes.

[(h)] (I) In the case of a disclaimer by an object or taker in default of exercise of a power of appointment at any time after the power was created:

(1) The disclaimer shall be delivered to the holder of the power or to the
 fiduciary acting under the instrument that created the power; or

31 (2) If there is no fiduciary, it shall be filed with a court having authority to 32 appoint the fiduciary.

1 [(i)] (J) In the case of a disclaimer by an appointee of a nonfiduciary power of 2 appointment:

3 (1) The disclaimer shall be delivered to the holder, the personal 4 representative of the holder's estate, or to the fiduciary under the instrument that created 5 the power; or

6 (2) If there is no fiduciary, it shall be filed with a court having authority to 7 appoint the fiduciary.

8 [(j)] (K) In the case of a disclaimer by a fiduciary of a power over a trust or 9 estate, the disclaimer shall be delivered as provided in subsection [(b), (c), or (d)] (C), (D), 10 OR (E) of this section as if the power disclaimed were an interest in property.

11 [(k)] (L) In the case of a disclaimer of a power by an agent, the disclaimer shall 12 be delivered to the principal or the principal's representative.

13 9–212.

14 (a) If an instrument transferring an interest in or power over property subject to 15 a disclaimer is required or permitted by law to be filed, recorded, or registered, the 16 disclaimer may be filed, recorded, or registered.

17 (b) [Failure] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED UNDER § 9–209(G)(2) OF THIS 18 SUBTITLE, FAILURE to file, record, or register the disclaimer does not affect its validity.

19 TITLE 16.5 MARYLAND REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER-ON-DEATH (TOD) ACT.

20

SUBTITLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

21 **16.5–101.**

22 (A) IN THIS TITLE THE FOLLOWING TERMS HAVE THE MEANINGS 23 INDICATED.

24 (B) "BENEFICIARY" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO RECEIVES REAL 25 PROPERTY UNDER A TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED.

26 (C) "DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL DESIGNATED TO 27 RECEIVE REAL PROPERTY IN A TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED.

28 (D) (1) "FIDUCIARY" HAS THE MEANING STATED UNDER § 15–101 OF THIS 29 ARTICLE.

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(2) "FIDUCIARY" INCLUDES AN ATTORNEY IN FACT.

2 (E) "PROPERTY" MEANS AN INTEREST IN REAL PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE 3 STATE THAT IS TRANSFERABLE ON THE DEATH OF THE OWNER.

4 (F) "TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED" MEANS A DEED AUTHORIZED UNDER 5 THIS TITLE.

6 (G) "TRANSFEROR" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO MAKES A 7 TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED.

- 8 **16.5–102.**
- 9 **THIS TITLE DOES NOT:**

10 (1) AFFECT ANY METHOD OF TRANSFERRING PROPERTY OTHERWISE 11 ALLOWED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE;

12 (2) LIMIT THE RIGHT OF ANY PERSON TO MAINTAIN A CIVIL ACTION 13 FOR DAMAGES OR OTHER REMEDIES OTHERWISE AVAILABLE UNDER ANY OTHER 14 PROVISION OF LAW; OR

15(3)APPLY TO PROPERTY THAT IS HELD AS JOINT TENANTS, TENANTS16IN COMMON, OR TENANTS BY THE ENTIRETY.

17 **16.5–103.**

18 AN INDIVIDUAL SOLE OWNER OF PROPERTY MAY TRANSFER THE PROPERTY 19 TO ONE OR MORE BENEFICIARIES EFFECTIVE AT THE TRANSFEROR'S DEATH BY A 20 PROPERTY TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED.

21 **16.5–104**.

22 (A) A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED IS NONTESTAMENTARY.

23(B)A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED IS REVOCABLE BY A TRANSFEROR EVEN24IF THE DEED OR OTHER INSTRUMENT CONTAINS A CONTRARY PROVISION.

25 (C) THE CAPACITY REQUIRED TO MAKE OR REVOKE A 26 TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED IS THE SAME AS THE CAPACITY REQUIRED TO MAKE A 27 WILL.

	6 HOUSE BILL 1270
$\frac{1}{2}$	SUBTITLE 2. ELEMENTS, RECORDATION, AND EFFECT DURING LIFE OF TRANSFEROR.
3	16.5–201.
4	(A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, A
5	TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED SHALL COMPLY WITH § $4-101$ of the Real Property
6	ARTICLE.
7	(B) A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED SHALL STATE THAT THE TRANSFER TO
8	THE DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY IS TO OCCUR AT THE TRANSFEROR'S DEATH.
9	16.5–202.
10	(A) A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED IS EFFECTIVE IF, PRIOR TO THE DEATH
11	OF THE TRANSFEROR, IT IS RECORDED IN THE PUBLIC LAND RECORDS OF THE
12	COUNTY WHERE THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 3–104 OF THE
13	REAL PROPERTY ARTICLE.
14	(B) A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED IS EFFECTIVE WITHOUT:
15	(1) NOTICE OR DELIVERY TO OR ACCEPTANCE BY THE DESIGNATED
16	BENEFICIARY DURING THE TRANSFEROR'S LIFE; OR
17	(2) CONSIDERATION.
18	16.5–203.
19	DURING A TRANSFEROR'S LIFE, A TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED DOES NOT:
20	(1) AFFECT AN INTEREST OR RIGHT OF THE TRANSFEROR OR ANY
21	OTHER OWNER, INCLUDING THE RIGHT TO TRANSFER OR ENCUMBER THE
22	PROPERTY;
23	(2) AFFECT AN INTEREST OR RIGHT OF A TRANSFEREE, EVEN IF THE
24	TRANSFEREE HAS ACTUAL OR CONSTRUCTIVE NOTICE OF THE
25	TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED;
26	(3) AFFECT AN INTEREST OR A RIGHT OF A SECURED OR UNSECURED
27	CREDITOR OR FUTURE CREDITOR OF THE TRANSFEROR, EVEN IF THE CREDITOR HAS
28	ACTUAL OR CONSTRUCTIVE NOTICE OF THE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED;

1 (4) AFFECT THE TRANSFEROR'S OR DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY'S 2 ELIGIBILITY FOR ANY FORM OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE;

3 (5) CREATE A LEGAL OR EQUITABLE INTEREST IN FAVOR OF A 4 DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY; OR

5 (6) SUBJECT THE PROPERTY TO CLAIMS OR PROCESS OF A CREDITOR 6 OF THE DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY.

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SUBTITLE 3. REVOCATION.

8 **16.5–301.**

(1) PRIOR TO THE DEATH OF A TRANSFEROR, THE TRANSFEROR OR 9 (A) 10 THE TRANSFEROR'S FIDUCIARY MAY REVOKE A PREVIOUSLY RECORDED 11 TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED, OR ANY PART OF THAT RECORDED TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED, BY RECORDING IN THE LAND RECORDS OF THE 12COUNTY IN WHICH THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED AN EXECUTED AND ACKNOWLEDGED: 13

14(I)**TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED THAT REVOKES THE DEED OR**15**PART OF THE DEED EXPRESSLY OR BY INCONSISTENCY;**

16(II)REVOCATION DOCUMENT THAT EXPRESSLY REVOKES THE17DEED OR PART OF THE DEED; OR

18(III) INTER VIVOS DEED THAT EXPRESSLY OR BY19INCONSISTENCY REVOKES A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED OR PART OF THE20TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED.

(2) IN ORDER TO BE EFFECTIVE, A DOCUMENT DESCRIBED UNDER
 PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE EXECUTED SUBSEQUENT TO THE
 TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED THAT THE DOCUMENT REVOKES.

24 (B) AFTER A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED IS RECORDED, IT MAY NOT BE 25 REVOKED BY:

26 (1) A REVOCATORY ACT ON THE DEED; OR

27 (2) A TESTAMENTARY DOCUMENT EXECUTED BY THE TRANSFEROR, 28 EVEN IF THE TESTAMENTARY DOCUMENT IS EXECUTED AFTER THE DATE OF 29 RECORDATION OF THE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED.

1 (C) THIS SECTION DOES NOT LIMIT THE EFFECT OF AN INTER VIVOS 2 TRANSFER OF THE PROPERTY.

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SUBTITLE 4. TRANSFEROR'S DEATH.

4 **16.5–401.**

5 (A) (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH 6 DEED OR IN THIS SECTION, THIS SECTION APPLIES ON THE DEATH OF A TRANSFEROR 7 TO PROPERTY THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED OWNED BY 8 THE TRANSFEROR AT DEATH, SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS UNDER:

9 (I) TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 1 OF THIS ARTICLE (INTESTATE 10 SUCCESSION);

11(II)TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 3 OF THIS ARTICLE (STATUTORY SHARE12OF PRETERMITTED CHILD AND ISSUE);

13(III)**TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 4 OF THIS ARTICLE (ELECTIVE SHARE**14OF SURVIVING SPOUSE);

 15
 (IV) § 4–105(B)(3) AND (4) OF THIS ARTICLE (REVOCATION BY

 16
 DIVORCE);

17

(V) $\S 4-403$ OF THIS ARTICLE (LAPSE);

18 (VI) § 11–112 OF THIS ARTICLE (DISQUALIFICATION FROM 19 INHERITING PROPERTY OR AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY FOR FELONIOUSLY AND 20 INTENTIONALLY KILLING, CONSPIRING TO KILL, OR PROCURING THE KILLING OF A 21 DECEDENT); AND

22 (VII) TITLE 10, SUBTITLE 8 OF THE COURTS ARTICLE 23 (SIMULTANEOUS DEATH).

(2) (I) THE INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY IS TRANSFERRED TO THE
 DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED
 IF THE BENEFICIARY SURVIVES THE TRANSFEROR.

27(II)THE INTEREST OF A DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY WHO FAILS28TO SURVIVE THE TRANSFEROR LAPSES.

29 (3) (I) IF THE TRANSFEROR HAS IDENTIFIED TWO OR MORE 30 DESIGNATED BENEFICIARIES TO RECEIVE CONCURRENT INTERESTS IN THE

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1 PROPERTY, THE CONCURRENT INTERESTS ARE TRANSFERRED TO THE DESIGNATED 2 BENEFICIARIES IN EQUAL AND UNDIVIDED SHARES WITH NO RIGHT OF 3 SURVIVORSHIP.

4 (II) IF THE INTEREST OF A DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY LAPSES 5 OR FAILS FOR ANY REASON, THAT DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY'S SHARE IS 6 TRANSFERRED TO THE OTHER DESIGNATED BENEFICIARIES IN PROPORTION TO THE 7 INTEREST OF EACH IN THE REMAINING PART OF THE PROPERTY HELD 8 CONCURRENTLY.

9 (B) (1) SUBJECT TO TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 2 OF THE REAL PROPERTY 10 ARTICLE, A BENEFICIARY TAKES THE PROPERTY TRANSFERRED BY THE 11 TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED SUBJECT TO ALL CONVEYANCES, ENCUMBRANCES, 12 ASSIGNMENTS, CONTRACTS, MORTGAGES, LIENS, AND OTHER INTERESTS TO WHICH 13 THE PROPERTY IS SUBJECT AT THE TRANSFEROR'S DEATH.

14 (2) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE DELIVERY OF THE 15 TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED IS DEEMED TO HAVE OCCURRED AT THE 16 TRANSFEROR'S DEATH.

17 (C) A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED TRANSFERS PROPERTY WITHOUT 18 COVENANT OR WARRANTY OF TITLE EVEN IF THE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED 19 CONTAINS A CONTRARY PROVISION.

20 **16.5–402.**

A BENEFICIARY MAY DISCLAIM ALL OR PART OF THE BENEFICIARY'S INTEREST AS PROVIDED UNDER THE MARYLAND UNIFORM DISCLAIMER OF PROPERTY INTERESTS ACT, TITLE 9, SUBTITLE 2 OF THIS ARTICLE.

24 **16.5–403**.

A PRIVATE LIENHOLDER OR GOVERNMENT JURISDICTION WITH AN INTEREST
IN PROPERTY TRANSFERRED BY A TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED MAY NOT IMPOSE OR
ASSESS ANY PENALTY, FEE, OR INTEREST RELATING TO THE PROPERTY DURING ANY
PERIOD OF TIME FOLLOWING THE DEATH OF THE TRANSFEROR AND PRIOR TO A
BENEFICIARY EXERCISING OWNERSHIP OVER THE PROPERTY.

30 SUBTITLE 5. COURT INFORMATIONAL DOCUMENT AND FORMS.

31 **16.5–501.**

1 (A) THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS SHALL DEVELOP AND 2 MAKE AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC AT COURTHOUSES AND ON THE WEBSITE FOR THE 3 MARYLAND COURTS AN INFORMATIONAL DOCUMENT EXPLAINING THE FUNCTION 4 AND USE OF TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEEDS.

- 5 (B) THE DOCUMENT UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION:
- 6 (1) SHALL BE REASONABLY CALCULATED TO BE UNDERSTOOD BY A 7 LAY PERSON; AND
- 8 (2) MAY:

9 (I) INFORM INDIVIDUALS THAT A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED 10 MAY BE USED ONLY FOR THE TRANSFER OF PROPERTY ON THE DEATH OF THE 11 TRANSFEROR AND IS VALID ONLY IF PROPERLY EXECUTED AND RECORDED DURING 12 THE LIFE OF THE TRANSFEROR;

13(II) PROVIDE INFORMATION ON THE PROCESS FOR THE14RECORDATION OF THE DEED IN LOCAL LAND RECORDS;

15 (III) EXPLAIN THAT A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED MUST BE 16 REVOKED PRIOR TO THE DEATH OF THE TRANSFEROR IN ORDER FOR THE PROPERTY 17 SUBJECT TO A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED TO TRANSFER IN ACCORDANCE WITH A 18 TESTAMENTARY DOCUMENT;

19(IV) PROVIDE INFORMATION ON HOW AN INDIVIDUAL MAY20ALTER OR REPLACE DESIGNATED BENEFICIARIES;

21(v)PROVIDE INFORMATION ON THE METHODS AND PROCESS22FOR THE REVOCATION OF A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED;

23(VI) INFORMINDIVIDUALSTHATTHEEXECUTION,24RECORDATION, OR REVOCATION OF A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED DOES NOT25REQUIRE NOTICE TO OR ACCEPTANCE BY A DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY;

(VII) INFORM INDIVIDUALS THAT THE EXECUTION AND
RECORDATION OF A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED DOES NOT REQUIRE THE SERVICES
OF AN ATTORNEY BUT THAT CONSULTING AN ATTORNEY MAY BE HELPFUL; AND

29(VIII) INCLUDE ANY OTHER INFORMATION THAT THE30ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS CONSIDERS PRUDENT.

31 **16.5–502.**

1 (A) THIS TITLE GOVERNS THE EFFECT OF THE FORM DEED PROVIDED IN 2 THIS SECTION OR ANY OTHER INSTRUMENT USED TO CREATE A 3 TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED.

4 (B) THE FOLLOWING FORM MAY BE USED TO CREATE A 5 TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED:

6 **REVOCABLE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH (TOD) DEED**

7 NOTICE TO OWNER

8 YOU MAY WANT TO CONSULT A LAWYER BEFORE USING THIS FORM.

9 THIS FORM MUST BE RECORDED BEFORE YOUR DEATH, OR IT WILL NOT 10 BE EFFECTIVE.

A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED MAY ONLY BE EXECUTED BY THE SOLE
 OWNER OF REAL PROPERTY.

13 **IDENTIFYING INFORMATION**

14 **OWNER MAKING THIS DEED:**

16 PRINTED NAME MAILING ADDRESS

17 LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:

18

19 PRIMARY BENEFICIARY

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20 I DESIGNATE THE FOLLOWING BENEFICIARY IF THE BENEFICIARY 21 SURVIVES ME.

22 23 PRINTED NAME MAILING ADDRESS, IF AVAILABLE

24 ALTERNATE BENEFICIARY – OPTIONAL

25 IF MY PRIMARY BENEFICIARY DOES NOT SURVIVE ME, I DESIGNATE THE 26 FOLLOWING ALTERNATE BENEFICIARY IF THAT BENEFICIARY SURVIVES ME.

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1						
2	PRINTED NAME MAILING ADDRESS, IF AVAILABLE					
3	TRANSFER ON DEATH					
45						
6	BEFORE MY DEATH, I HAVE THE RIGHT TO REVOKE THIS DEED.					
7	SIGNATURE OF OWNER OR OWNERS MAKING THIS DEED					
8	[(SEAL)]					
9	SIGNATURE DATE					
10	ACKNOWLEDGMENT					
11	(INSERT ACKNOWLEDGMENT FOR DEED HERE)					
12	I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS REVOCABLE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED WAS					
13	PREPARED BY, (OWNER/PRIMARY BENEFICIARY/ALTERNATE					
14						
15	SIGNATURE					
16						
17	(C) THE FOLLOWING INFORMATIONAL SHEET MAY BE USED TO EXPLAIN					
18	THE FORM TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED:					
19	COMMON QUESTIONS ABOUT THE USE OF THIS FORM					
20	THIS INFORMATIONAL SHEET SHOULD NOT BE RECORDED WITH					
$\frac{20}{21}$	A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED AT THE OFFICE OF LAND RECORDS.					
41	A HEADFER-ON-DEATH DEED AT THE OFFICE OF LAND RECORDS.					
22	What does the transfer-on-death (TOD) deed do? When you					
23	DIE, THIS DEED TRANSFERS THE DESCRIBED PROPERTY, SUBJECT TO ANY LIENS OR					
24						
25						
26						
27	SOMEONE ELSE DURING YOUR LIFETIME. IF YOU DO NOT OWN ANY INTEREST IN THE					
28	PROPERTY WHEN YOU DIE, THIS DEED WILL HAVE NO EFFECT.					

1 How do I make a TOD deed? Complete this form. Have it 2 ACKNOWLEDGED BEFORE A NOTARY PUBLIC OR OTHER INDIVIDUAL AUTHORIZED 3 UNDER LAW TO TAKE ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. RECORD THE FORM IN EACH [COUNTY] 4 WHERE ANY PART OF THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED. THE FORM HAS NO EFFECT 5 UNLESS IT IS ACKNOWLEDGED AND RECORDED BEFORE YOUR DEATH.

6 IS THE "LEGAL DESCRIPTION" OF THE PROPERTY NECESSARY? YES.

How do I find the "Legal description" of the property? This
INFORMATION MAY BE ON THE DEED YOU RECEIVED WHEN YOU BECAME AN OWNER
OF THE PROPERTY. THIS INFORMATION MAY ALSO BE AVAILABLE IN THE OFFICE OF
THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY WHERE THE PROPERTY IS
LOCATED. IF YOU ARE NOT ABSOLUTELY SURE, CONSULT A LAWYER.

12 CAN I CHANGE MY MIND BEFORE I RECORD THE TOD DEED? YES. IF 13 YOU HAVE NOT YET RECORDED THE DEED AND WANT TO CHANGE YOUR MIND, 14 SIMPLY TEAR UP OR OTHERWISE DESTROY THE DEED.

How do I "RECORD" THE TOD DEED? TAKE THE COMPLETED AND ACKNOWLEDGED FORM TO THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY WHERE THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED. FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN BY THE CLERK'S OFFICE TO MAKE THE FORM PART OF THE OFFICIAL PROPERTY RECORDS. IF THE PROPERTY IS IN MORE THAN ONE COUNTY, YOU SHOULD RECORD THE DEED IN EACH COUNTY.

CAN I LATER REVOKE THE TOD DEED IF I CHANGE MY MIND? YES. YOU
 CAN REVOKE THE TOD DEED. NO ONE, INCLUDING THE BENEFICIARIES, CAN
 PREVENT YOU FROM REVOKING THE DEED.

24HOW DO I REVOKE THE TOD DEED AFTER IT IS RECORDED? THERE ARE THREE WAYS TO REVOKE A RECORDED TOD DEED: (1) COMPLETE AND 25ACKNOWLEDGE A REVOCATION FORM, AND RECORD IT IN EACH COUNTY WHERE THE 2627PROPERTY IS LOCATED. (2) COMPLETE AND ACKNOWLEDGE A NEW TOD DEED THAT 28DISPOSES OF THE SAME PROPERTY, AND RECORD IT IN EACH COUNTY WHERE THE 29**PROPERTY IS LOCATED. (3) TRANSFER THE PROPERTY TO SOMEONE ELSE DURING** YOUR LIFETIME BY A RECORDED DEED THAT EXPRESSLY REVOKES THE TOD DEED. 30 YOU MAY NOT REVOKE THE TOD DEED BY WILL. 31

I AM BEING PRESSURED TO COMPLETE THIS FORM. WHAT SHOULD I DO?
 DO NOT COMPLETE THIS FORM UNDER PRESSURE. SEEK HELP FROM A TRUSTED
 FAMILY MEMBER, FRIEND, OR LAWYER.

1 DO I NEED TO TELL THE BENEFICIARIES ABOUT THE TOD DEED? NO, 2 BUT IT IS RECOMMENDED. SECRECY CAN CAUSE LATER COMPLICATIONS AND MIGHT 3 MAKE IT EASIER FOR OTHERS TO COMMIT FRAUD.

4 I HAVE OTHER QUESTIONS ABOUT THIS FORM. WHAT SHOULD I DO? 5 THIS FORM IS DESIGNED TO FIT SOME BUT NOT ALL SITUATIONS. IF YOU HAVE 6 OTHER QUESTIONS, YOU ARE ENCOURAGED TO CONSULT A LAWYER.

7 **16.5–503.**

8 (A) THIS TITLE GOVERNS THE EFFECT OF THE FORM PROVIDED UNDER THIS 9 SECTION, OR ANY OTHER INSTRUMENT USED TO REVOKE A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH 10 DEED.

11 (B) THE FOLLOWING FORM MAY BE USED TO CREATE AN INSTRUMENT OF 12 REVOCATION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE:

- 13 **REVOCATION OF TRANSFER-ON-DEATH (TOD) DEED**
- 14 NOTICE TO OWNER

15 THIS REVOCATION MUST BE RECORDED BEFORE YOU DIE OR IT WILL NOT BE 16 EFFECTIVE. THIS REVOCATION IS EFFECTIVE ONLY AS TO THE INTERESTS IN THE 17 PROPERTY OF THE OWNER WHO SIGNS THIS REVOCATION.

18 **IDENTIFYING INFORMATION**

- 19 **OWNER OF PROPERTY MAKING THIS REVOCATION:**
- 20
 PRINTED NAME
 MAILING ADDRESS

 22
 LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:

 23

24 **REVOCATION**

25 I REVOKE ALL MY PREVIOUS TRANSFERS OF THIS PROPERTY BY 26 TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED.

27 SIGNATURE OF OWNER OR OWNERS MAKING THIS REVOCATION

2 SIGNATURE

1

[(SEAL)]_____ DATE

3 ACKNOWLEDGMENT

4 (INSERT ACKNOWLEDGMENT HERE)

5 I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS REVOCATION OF TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED WAS

6 PREPARED BY _____, (OWNER/PRIMARY BENEFICIARY/ALTERNATE

7 BENEFICIARY), A PARTY TO THIS INSTRUMENT.

8 SIGNATURE ______ 9 PRINTED NAME:

10 (C) THE FOLLOWING MAY BE USED AS AN INFORMATIONAL SHEET TO

11 EXPLAIN THE REVOCATION FORM FOR TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED:

12 COMMON QUESTIONS ABOUT REVOKING A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH
 13 DEED

14 THIS INFORMATIONAL SHEET SHOULD NOT BE RECORDED WITH A
15 REVOCATION OF A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED AT THE OFFICE OF
16 LAND RECORDS.

How do I use this form to revoke a transfer-on-death (TOD) deed?
Complete this form. Have it acknowledged before a notary public or
Other individual authorized under law to take acknowledgments.
Record the form in the public land records of each county where the
PROPERTY IS LOCATED. THE FORM MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED AND RECORDED
BEFORE YOUR DEATH OR IT HAS NO EFFECT.

How do I find the "legal description" of the property? This information may be on the TOD deed. It may also be available in the public land records for the county where the property is located. If you are not absolutely sure, consult a lawyer.

How do I "Record" the form? Take the completed and ACKNOWLEDGED FORM TO THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY WHERE THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED. FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN BY THE CLERK'S OFFICE TO MAKE THE FORM PART OF THE OFFICIAL PROPERTY RECORDS. IF THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN MORE THAN ONE COUNTY, YOU SHOULD RECORD THE FORM IN EACH OF THOSE COUNTIES. I AM BEING PRESSURED TO COMPLETE THIS FORM. WHAT SHOULD I DO? DO NOT COMPLETE THIS FORM UNDER PRESSURE. SEEK HELP FROM A TRUSTED FAMILY MEMBER, FRIEND, OR LAWYER.

I HAVE OTHER QUESTIONS ABOUT THIS FORM. WHAT SHOULD I DO? THIS FORM IS DESIGNED TO FIT SOME BUT NOT ALL SITUATIONS. IF YOU HAVE OTHER QUESTIONS, CONSULT A LAWYER.

7

SUBTITLE 6. EFFECT ON FEDERAL LAW.

8 **16.5–601.**

9 THIS SUBTITLE MODIFIES, LIMITS, AND SUPERSEDES THE FEDERAL 10 ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT, 15 U.S.C. 11 SECTION 7001, ET SEQ., BUT DOES NOT MODIFY, LIMIT, OR SUPERSEDE SECTION 12 101(C) OF THAT ACT, 15 U.S.C. SECTION 7001(C), OR AUTHORIZE ELECTRONIC 13 DELIVERY OF ANY OF THE NOTICES DESCRIBED IN SECTION 103(B) OF THAT ACT, 15 14 U.S.C. SECTION 7003(B).

15

Article – Real Property

16 3–104.

(a) (1) (I) [The] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS
 PARAGRAPH, THE Clerk of the Circuit Court may record an instrument that effects a
 change of ownership if the instrument is:

20 [(i)] **1.** Endorsed with the certificate of the collector of taxes of the 21 county in which the property is assessed, required under subsection (b) of this section;

22 [(ii)] 2. [1.] A. Accompanied by a complete intake sheet; or

23 [2.] B. Endorsed by the assessment office for the county as
24 provided in subsection (g)(8) of this section; and

[(iii)] 3. Accompanied by a copy of the instrument, and any survey,
for submission to the Department of Assessments and Taxation.

271. THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBPARAGRAPH (I)1 AND 2B **(II)** 28PARAGRAPH NOT APPLY ТО THE **RECORDATION OF** OF THIS DO Α 29TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED OR A REVOCATION OF A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED 30 EXECUTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TITLE 16.5 OF THE ESTATES AND TRUSTS ARTICLE. 31

THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT SHALL SUBMIT 1 2. $\mathbf{2}$ TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS AND TAXATION A COPY OF ANY 3 TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED OR A REVOCATION OF A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED 4 THAT IT RECORDS: A. $\mathbf{5}$ WITH ANY SURVEY; AND 6 В. WITHOUT A CERTIFICATE OF THE COLLECTOR OF 7 TAXES OF THE COUNTY. 8 (2)**(I)** [The] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE Supervisor of Assessments shall transfer ownership of property 9 10 in the assessment records, effective as of the date of recordation, upon receipt from the 11 Clerk of the Circuit Court of a copy of the instrument, the completed intake sheet, and any 12survey submitted under paragraph (1) of this subsection. 13**(II)** 1. FOR Α **TRANSFER-ON-DEATH** DEED OR THE 14**REVOCATION OF A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED EXECUTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH** 15TITLE 16.5 OF THE ESTATES AND TRUSTS ARTICLE, ON RECEIPT FROM THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT OF A COPY OF THE INSTRUMENT, THE SUPERVISOR OF 16 ASSESSMENTS SHALL RECORD THE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED OR 17THE 18 **REVOCATION OF THE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED IN THE REGISTRY ESTABLISHED** BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS AND TAXATION. 19202. **PROVIDED THAT THERE IS NOT A REVOCATION** 21RECORDED SUBSEQUENT TO THE RECORDATION OF A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED, 22OWNERSHIP OF A PROPERTY THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH 23DEED MAY BE TRANSFERRED IN THE ASSESSMENT RECORDS ONLY FOLLOWING THE 24DEATH OF THE TRANSFEROR NAMED ON THE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED. 25(b)(1)(i) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, property may not be transferred on the assessment books or records until: 2627All public taxes, assessments, and charges currently due 1. and owed on the property have been paid to the treasurer, tax collector, or director of 2829finance of the county in which the property is assessed; and 30 All taxes on personal property in the county due by the 2. 31 transferor have been paid when all land owned by the transferor in the county is being 32transferred.

(ii) The certificate of the collecting agent designated by law, showing
 that all taxes, assessments, and charges have been paid, shall be endorsed on the deed, and
 the endorsement shall be sufficient authority for transfer on the assessment books.

1 Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, in Allegany, (2)(i) $\mathbf{2}$ Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Harford, Howard, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, and St. 3 Mary's counties no property may be transferred on the assessment books or records until: 4 1. All public taxes, assessments, any charges due a municipal corporation, and charges due on the property have been paid as required by law; $\mathbf{5}$ 6 and 7 2. All taxes on personal property in the county due by the 8 transferor have been paid when all land owned by the transferor in the county and municipal corporation is being transferred. 9 10 The certificate of the collecting agent and municipal corporation (ii) designated by law showing that all taxes, assessments, and charges have been paid, shall 11 12be endorsed on the deed and the endorsement shall be sufficient authority for transfer on the assessment books. 1314(c) (1)The requirements for prepayment of personal property taxes in (i) subsection (b) of this section do not apply to grants of land made: 1516By or on behalf of any mortgagee, lien creditor, trustee of 1. 17a deed of trust, judgment creditor, trustee in bankruptcy or receiver, and any other 18court-appointed officer in an insolvency or liquidation proceeding; or 192. By a deed in lieu of foreclosure to any holder of a mortgage 20or deed of trust or to the holder's assignee or designee. 21(ii) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as 22provided in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, after the recordation of a deed or other 23instrument that effects a grant of land described in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the 24land shall be free and clear of, and unencumbered by, any lien or claim of lien for any 25unpaid taxes on personal property. 26Subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph does not apply to: (iii) 271. Any lien for unpaid taxes on personal property that 28attached to the land by recording and indexing a notice as provided in § 14-804(b) of the 29Tax – Property Article prior to the recording of the mortgage, lien, deed of trust, or other encumbrance giving rise to the grant of land described in subparagraph (i) of this 30 31 paragraph; or 32Unpaid taxes on personal property owed by the transferee 2. 33 or subsequent owner of the land after a grant of land described in subparagraph (i) of this 34paragraph.

1 (iv) This paragraph does not affect the rights of the personal property 2 tax lienholder to make a claim to any surplus proceeds from a judicial sale of land resulting 3 in a grant of land described in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.

- 4 (2)Subsection (b) of this section does not apply in Charles, St. Mary's, $\mathbf{5}$ Dorchester, Harford, Howard, Kent, Prince George's, Worcester, Carroll, Montgomery, 6 Frederick and Washington counties to any deed executed as a mere conduit or for 7 convenience in holding and passing title, known popularly as a straw deed or, as provided in § 4–108 of this article, a deed making a direct grant in lieu of a straw deed, or to a deed 8 9 which is a supplementary instrument merely confirming, correcting, or modifying a 10 previously recorded deed, if there is no actual consideration paid or to be paid for the 11 execution of the supplementary instrument.
- 12 (3) Subsection (b) of this section does not apply in Baltimore City and Anne 13 Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, St. Mary's, or Washington counties to any deed 14 transferring property to the county when the controller or treasurer of the county has 15 certified that the conveyance does not impair the security for any public taxes, assessments, 16 and charges due on the remaining property of the grantor.
- 17 (4) (i) Property may be transferred on the assessment books or records 18 in July, August, or September if instead of paying the taxes required under subsection (b)(1) 19 of this section on a property transfer by assumption, a lender or the attorney handling the 20 transfer of title files with the county treasurer, tax collector, or director of finance of the 21 county in which the property is assessed a statement that certifies that the lender 22 maintains a real estate tax escrow account.
- (ii) Upon receipt of the statement required in subparagraph (i) of
 this paragraph, the county treasurer, tax collector, or director of finance shall endorse on
 the deed an appropriate certification and the endorsement shall be sufficient authority for
 transfer on the assessment books.
- 27 (5) At the time of transfer of real property subject to a semiannual payment 28 schedule for the payment of property taxes, only those semiannual payments that are due 29 for the current taxable year under § 10–204.3 of the Tax – Property Article must be paid 30 prior to the transfer of the property.
- 31 (d) Every deed or other instrument offered for recordation shall have the name of 32 each person typed or printed directly above or below the signature of the person. If a typed 33 or printed name is not provided as required in this subsection, the clerk shall make 34 reasonable efforts to determine the correct name under which the deed or other instrument 35 shall be indexed.
- 36 (e) (1) Any printed deed or other instrument offered for recordation shall be 37 printed in not less than eight-point type and in black letters and be on white paper of 38 sufficient weight and thickness to be clearly readable. If the deed or other instrument is 39 wholly typewritten or typewritten on a printed form, the typewriting shall be in black 40 letters, in not less than elite type and upon white paper of sufficient weight or thickness as

to be clearly readable. The foregoing provisions do not apply to manuscript covers or backs 1 $\mathbf{2}$ customarily used on documents offered for recordation. The recording charge for any 3 instrument not conforming to these requirements shall be treble the normal charge. In any 4 clerk's office where the deeds or other instruments are photostated or microfilmed, no instrument on which a rider has been placed or attached in a manner obscuring, hiding, or $\mathbf{5}$ 6 covering any other part of the instrument may be offered or received for record. No 7instrument not otherwise readily subject to photostating or microfilming may be offered or 8 received for record until treble the normal recording charge is paid to the clerk and unless 9 an affidavit, black type on white paper, is attached and made a part of the document stating 10 the kind of instrument, the date, the parties to the transaction, description of the property, and all other pertinent data. After any document has been recorded in one county, a 11 12certified copy of the recorded document may be recorded in any other county.

13 (2) A certified copy of any document from a state, commonwealth, territory, 14 or possession of the United States, or the District of Columbia that would otherwise be 15 recordable under Maryland law may be recorded in this State, if the document contains:

16 (i) An original certification made by the clerk or other governmental 17 official having responsibility for the certification or authentication of recorded documents 18 in the jurisdiction where the document is recorded; and

19 (ii) An indication of the recording reference and court or other public 20 registry where the original document is recorded.

21 (f) (1) (i) In this paragraph, "under the attorney's supervision" includes 22 review of an instrument by the certifying attorney.

(ii) A deed other than a mortgage, a deed of trust, an assignment of
rents, an assignment of a lease for security purposes, or an assignment or a release of a
mortgage or a deed of trust may not be recorded unless it bears:

26 1. The certification of an attorney admitted to the Bar of this
27 State that the instrument has been prepared by the attorney or under the attorney's
28 supervision; or

29 2. A certification by a party named in the instrument that 30 the instrument was prepared by that party.

(iii) A mortgage, a deed of trust, an assignment of rents, an
assignment of a lease for security purposes, or an assignment or a release of a mortgage or
a deed of trust prepared by any attorney or one of the parties named in the instrument may
be recorded without the certification required under subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph.

35 (2) Every deed recorded in Prince George's County shall contain a reference
 36 to the election district in which the property described in the deed is located.

1 (3) Every deed or other instrument recorded in Talbot County shall have 2 written, typed, or printed on its back, to be readily visible when folded for filing in the 3 appropriate drawer or file, the name of every party to the deed or other instrument and the 4 nature or character of the instrument.

5 (4) (1) THIS PARAGRAPH DOES NOT APPLY TO A 6 TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED EXECUTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS 7 OF TITLE 16.5 OF THE ESTATES AND TRUSTS ARTICLE.

8 (II) No deed granting property lying within the boundaries of any 9 sanitary district operated by the County Commissioners of Worcester County may be 10 accepted by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for recording unless the deed is marked by the 11 county to indicate that every assessment or charge currently due and owed to the county 12 with respect to the property described in the deed has been paid.

13 (5) (I) In Frederick County, if the property to be transferred is a 14 subdivision, which is being dissected from a larger tract of land, then every public tax, 15 assessment, and charge due on the larger tract shall be paid before the property is 16 transferred on the assessment books or land records.

17 (II) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, in Frederick 18 County the certificate of the Treasurer and the appropriate municipal tax collector, if the 19 property is within an incorporated town or city, showing that every tax has been paid shall 20 be endorsed on the deed. The endorsement is sufficient authority for transfer on the 21 assessment books or land records.

22 (6) Every deed granting a right-of-way or other easement to a public 23 utility, public agency, or a department or agency of the State shall contain an accurate and 24 definite description as well as a reference to the liber and folio where the servient land was 25 granted and a recitation of the grantors, grantees, and the date of the reference deed.

26 (g) (1) This subsection does not apply to:

27 (i) An assignment of a mortgage or if presented for recordation, an
 28 assignment of a deed of trust;

- 29 (ii) A release of a deed of trust or mortgage;
- 30 (iii) A substitution of trustees on a deed of trust;
- 31 (iv) A power of attorney;

32 (v) A financing statement or an amendment, continuation, release,
 33 or termination of a financing statement recorded in land records; or

	22 HOUSE BILL 1270						
$\frac{1}{2}$	this subtitle.	(vi)	A restrictive covenant modification executed under § 3–112 of				
$\frac{3}{4}$	(2) Except as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, each deed or other instrument affecting property and presented for recordation shall be:						
5 6	Administrative Of	(i) Accompanied by a complete intake sheet, on the form that the istrative Office of the Courts provides; or					
7		(ii)	Endorsed as provided under paragraph (8) of this subsection.				
8	(3)	A com	plete intake sheet shall:				
9 10	identifiers:	(i)	Describe the property by at least one of the following property				
11 12 13	1. The property tax account identification number, if any, or in Montgomery County, any parcel identifier required under § 3–501 of this title, if different from the tax account number;						
14			2. The street address, if any;				
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16 \end{array}$	3. If the property is a lot within a subdivided tract, the lot and block designation, or in Baltimore City, the current land record block number;						
17 18 19 20	4. If the property is part of a tract that has been subdivided informally and there is neither an assigned tax account identification number for the parcel nor a lot and block designation, then the street address, if any, or the amount of acreage; or						
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	designation "vario	us lots	5. If the property consists of multiple parcels, the of ground" or the abbreviation "VAR. L.O.G.";				
$\begin{array}{c} 23\\ 24 \end{array}$	grantee, donee, mo	(ii) ortgage	Name each grantor, donor, mortgagor, and assignor and each ee, and assignee;				
25		(iii)	State the type of instrument;				
26 27 28	of any mortgage o secured;	(iv) r deed	State the amount of consideration payable, including the amount of trust indebtedness assumed, or the principal amount of debt				
29 30	records surcharge	(v) and an	State the amount of recording charges due, including the land ay transfer and recordation taxes;				
$\frac{31}{32}$	recording taxes;	(vi)	Identify, by citation or explanation, each claimed exemption from				

1 (vii) For an instrument effecting a change in ownership, state a tax 2 bill mailing address; and

3

(viii) Indicate the person to whom the instrument is to be returned.

4 (4) An intake sheet may request any other information that the 5 Administrative Office of the Courts considers necessary in expediting transfers of property 6 or recording and indexing of instruments.

7

(5) A clerk may not charge any fee for recording an intake sheet.

8 (6) (I) [A] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS 9 PARAGRAPH, A clerk may not refuse to record an instrument that does not effect a change 10 of ownership on the assessment books solely because it is not accompanied by an intake 11 sheet.

12 (II) A CLERK MAY REFUSE TO RECORD A TRANSFER-ON-DEATH 13 DEED EXECUTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TITLE 16.5 OF THE ESTATES AND TRUSTS 14 ARTICLE IF IT IS NOT ACCOMPANIED BY AN INTAKE SHEET.

15 (7) A clerk may refuse to record a deed or instrument that effects a change 16 of ownership on the assessment rolls if the instrument is not accompanied by a complete 17 intake sheet or endorsed as transferred on the assessment books by the assessment office 18 for the county where the property is located.

19(8)(i)THISPARAGRAPHDOESNOTAPPLYTOA20TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED EXECUTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TITLE16.5 OF THE21ESTATES AND TRUSTS ARTICLE.

(II) If a deed or other instrument that effects a change in ownership is submitted for transfer on the assessment books without an intake sheet, the person offering the deed or other instrument shall mail or deliver to the person having charge of the assessment books the information required on the intake sheet.

26 [(ii)] (III) When property is transferred on the assessment books 27 under this paragraph:

- 1. The transfer shall be to the grantee or assignee named in
 the deed or other instrument; and
- 30
 31 of the transfer on the deed or other instrument.

1 (iii)] (IV) An endorsement under this paragraph is sufficient to authorize the recording of the deed or other instrument by the clerk of the appropriate $\mathbf{2}$ 3 court. A clerk may not record an instrument that effects a real property lease 4 (9) $\mathbf{5}$ dealing in natural gas and oil unless the instrument is accompanied by a complete intake 6 sheet. 7 (10)An intake sheet shall be recorded immediately after the (i) 8 instrument it accompanies. 9 The intake sheet is not part of the instrument and does not (ii) 10 constitute constructive notice as to the contents of the instrument. 11 (iii) 1. THIS SUBPARAGRAPH DOES NOT APPLY TO A 12TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED. 2. 13The lack of an intake sheet does not affect the validity of 14any conveyance, lien, or lien priority based on recordation of an instrument. THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS AND TAXATION SHALL 15**(H)** 16 DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT Α REGISTRY FOR THE REGISTRATION OF 17TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEEDS FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE TRANSFERRING OF 18 **OWNERSHIP OF A PROPERTY ON THE ASSESSMENT RECORDS ON THE DEATH OF THE** 19TRANSFEROR INDICATED ON THE TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED. 20Article – Tax – Property 2112 - 108.22A REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER-ON-DEATH DEED UNDER TITLE 16.5 OF **(II)** THE ESTATES AND TRUSTS ARTICLE IS NOT SUBJECT TO RECORDATION TAX. 2313 - 207.2425An instrument of writing is not subject to transfer tax to the same extent that (a) 26it is not subject to recordation tax under: § 12–108(gg) of this article (Transfer of principal residence surrendered 27(25)28in bankruptcy); [or] 29§ 12–108(hh) of this article (Transfer of real property within the Laurel (26)Park racing facility site, Pimlico racing facility site, Pimlico site, or Bowie Race Course 30 Training Center property): OR 31

1 (27) § 12–108(II) OF THIS ARTICLE (REAL PROPERTY 2 TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED).

3 **13–414.**

4 AN INSTRUMENT OF WRITING THAT IS EXEMPT FROM RECORDATION TAX 5 UNDER § 12–208(II) (REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER–ON–DEATH DEED) IS NOT 6 SUBJECT TO COUNTY TRANSFER TAX.

7 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act, to the extent 8 practicable, shall be interpreted and enforced by a court in accordance with existing law 9 governing life estates with powers of alienation.

10 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall apply to a 11 transfer–on–death deed that was made before, on, or after the effective date of this Act by 12 a transferor who dies on or after the effective date of this Act.

13 SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 14 October 1, 2022.