HOUSE BILL 1161

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HB 1109/21 – HGO

By: **Delegates Ciliberti, McKay, and Wivell** Introduced and read first time: February 11, 2022 Assigned to: Health and Government Operations

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Health - Abortion - Ultrasound and Waiting Period

- FOR the purpose of prohibiting a physician from performing or inducing an abortion on a pregnant woman within a certain period of time after the woman receives certain ultrasound imaging; establishing certain requirements related to the performance of a certain transabdominal ultrasound; providing that a woman is not required to accept anything offered during certain transabdominal ultrasound imaging; and generally relating to an ultrasound and waiting period before the performance of an abortion.
- 10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 11 Article Health General
- 12 Section 20–209
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (2019 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 15 BY adding to
- 16 Article Health General
- 17 Section 20–210
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (2019 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 20 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 21 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 22 Article Health General
- 23 20–209.
- 24 (a) In this section, "viable" means that stage when, in the best medical judgment 25 of the attending physician based on the particular facts of the case before the physician,

 ${\bf EXPLANATION: CAPITALS\ indicate\ matter\ added\ to\ existing\ law}.$

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



- there is a reasonable likelihood of the fetus's sustained survival outside the womb. 1 2 (b) Except as PROVIDED IN § 20-210 OF THIS SUBTITLE OR AS otherwise 3 provided in this subtitle, the State may not interfere with the decision of a woman to 4 terminate a pregnancy: 5 (1) Before the fetus is viable; or 6 **(2)** At any time during the woman's pregnancy, if: 7 (i) The termination procedure is necessary to protect the life or 8 health of the woman; or 9 The fetus is affected by genetic defect or serious deformity or (ii) 10 abnormality. 11 (c) The Department may adopt regulations that: 12 Are both necessary and the least intrusive method to protect the life or 13 health of the woman; and 14 (2)Are not inconsistent with established medical practice. 15 The physician is not liable for civil damages or subject to a criminal penalty 16 for a decision to perform an abortion under this section made in good faith and in the 17 physician's best medical judgment in accordance with accepted standards of medical practice AND § 20–210 OF THIS SUBTITLE. 18 19 20-210. 20 (A) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO A WOMAN SEEKING AN ABORTION IF: 21**(1)** THE WOMAN IS THE VICTIM OF AN ALLEGED RAPE OR OF INCEST, 22 AS PROHIBITED UNDER § 3–323 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; AND 23**(2)** THE INCIDENT OF RAPE OR INCEST IS REPORTED TO LAW 24ENFORCEMENT. 25 **(B)** A PHYSICIAN MAY NOT PERFORM OR INDUCE AN ABORTION ON A 26 PREGNANT WOMAN:
- 27 (1) WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER THE WOMAN RECEIVES 28 TRANSABDOMINAL ULTRASOUND IMAGING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (C) 29 OF THIS SECTION; OR

1	(2) IF THE WOMAN RESIDES AT LEAST 100 MILES FROM THE FACILITY
2	IN WHICH THE ABORTION WILL BE PERFORMED, WITHIN 2 HOURS AFTER THE
3	WOMAN RECEIVES TRANSABDOMINAL ULTRASOUND IMAGING IN ACCORDANCE WITH
4	SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION.
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5	(C) THE MEDICAL PROFESSIONAL PERFORMING THE TRANSABDOMINAL
6	ULTRASOUND IMAGING REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION MUST:
7	(1) BE TRAINED IN SONOGRAPHY AND WORKING UNDER THE
8	SUPERVISION OF A LICENSED PHYSICIAN;
9	(2) IF POSSIBLE, DETERMINE THE GESTATIONAL AGE OF THE FETUS
10	BASED ON:
11	(I) MEASUREMENT OF THE FETUS IN A MANNER CONSISTENT
12	WITH THE STANDARD OF CARE; OR
13	(II) IF ONLY THE GESTATIONAL SAC IS VISIBLE DURING THE
14	TRANSABDOMINAL ULTRASOUND IMAGING, MEASUREMENT OF THE GESTATIONAL
15	SAC;
1.0	(2) TE GEGMATIONAL AGE CANNOT DE DETERMINED LINDER ITEM (2)
16 17	(3) IF GESTATIONAL AGE CANNOT BE DETERMINED UNDER ITEM (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, VERBALLY OFFER TO THE WOMAN OTHER ULTRASOUND
18	IMAGING TO DETERMINE GESTATIONAL AGE OF THE FETUS;
10	imaging to determine destational age of the fetos,
19	(4) If present and viewable, include in the ultrasound
20	IMAGE:
21	(I) THE DIMENSIONS OF THE FETUS; AND
22	(II) AN ACCURATE PORTRAYAL OF THE PRESENCE OF
23	EXTERNAL MEMBERS AND INTERNAL ORGANS OF THE FETUS;
24	(5) MAKE A PRINT OF THE ULTRASOUND IMAGE TO DOCUMENT ANY
25	MEASUREMENTS TAKEN TO DETERMINE THE GESTATIONAL AGE OF THE FETUS;
26	(6) VERBALLY OFFER TO THE WOMAN DURING THE
27	TRANSABDOMINAL ULTRASOUND IMAGING THE OPTION TO:
28	(I) VIEW THE ULTRASOUND IMAGE;

(II) Receive a printed copy of the ultrasound image; $30~{\rm AND}$

- 1 (III) HEAR THE FETAL HEARTBEAT IN A MANNER CONSISTENT 2 WITH THE STANDARD OF CARE; AND
- 3 (7) OBTAIN FROM THE WOMAN WRITTEN CERTIFICATION THAT:
- 4 (I) THE MEDICAL PROFESSIONAL PERFORMING THE 5 TRANSABDOMINAL ULTRASOUND IMAGING OFFERED OPTIONS AS REQUIRED UNDER 6 ITEM (6) OF THIS SUBSECTION; AND
- 7 (II) IF APPLICABLE, THE WOMAN RESIDES AT LEAST 100 MILES 8 FROM THE FACILITY IN WHICH THE ABORTION WILL BE PERFORMED.
- 9 (D) A WOMAN IS NOT REQUIRED TO ACCEPT ANYTHING OFFERED DURING 10 TRANSABDOMINAL ULTRASOUND IMAGING PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 11 SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING OFFERS MADE UNDER SUBSECTION 12 (C)(3) AND (6) OF THIS SECTION.
- 13 (E) THE FACILITY IN WHICH AN ABORTION IS PERFORMED SHALL MAINTAIN
 14 A PRINTED COPY OF THE ULTRASOUND IMAGE MADE UNDER SUBSECTION (C)(5) OF
 15 THIS SECTION FOR THE GREATER OF:
- 16 **(1)** 7 YEARS; OR
- 17 (2) AN AMOUNT OF TIME AS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL OR STATE LAW.
- 18 **(F)** A PHYSICIAN WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS SUBJECT TO A PENALTY 19 OF UP TO \$2,500.
- 20 (G) THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED TO PROHIBIT A PHYSICIAN 21 FROM USING ULTRASOUND IMAGING THAT THE PHYSICIAN CONSIDERS MEDICALLY 22 APPROPRIATE, CONSISTENT WITH THE STANDARD OF CARE.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2022.