Department of Legislative Services

Maryland General Assembly 2018 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE First Reader

House Bill 1233

(Delegate Buckel, et al.)

Ways and Means

Small, Minority, and Women-Owned Businesses Account - Funding

This bill repeals the requirement that, for fiscal 2019 and 2020, proceeds from video lottery terminals (VLTs) be distributed to the Education Trust Fund (ETF) instead of the Small, Minority, and Women-owned Businesses Account (SMWOBA). The bill also repeals the requirement that up to 5%, not to exceed \$1.0 million, of the amount to be distributed to SMWOBA beginning in fiscal 2021 be instead distributed to the Nonprofit, Interest-Free, Micro Bridge Loan (NIMBL) account. **The bill takes effect July 1, 2018.**

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: Special fund revenues and expenditures of SMWOBA increase by \$15.0 million in FY 2019 and by \$15.3 million in FY 2020. Special fund revenues and expenditures for ETF decrease by \$15.0 million in FY 2019 and by \$15.3 million in FY 2020. General fund expenditures increase by \$15.0 million in FY 2019 and by \$15.3 million in FY 2020. Special fund revenues and expenditures of the NIMBL account decrease by \$774,990 in FY 2021 and by \$798,414 in FY 2023, and special fund revenues and expenditures of SMWOBA increase by a corresponding amount.

| (\$ in millions) | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 |
|------------------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| SF Revenue | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| GF Expenditure | \$15.0 | \$15.3 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| SF Expenditure | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Net Effect | (\$15.0) | (\$15.3) | \$0.0 | \$0.0 | \$0.0 |

Note:() = decrease; GF = general funds; FF = federal funds; SF = special funds; - = indeterminate increase; (-) = indeterminate decrease

Local Effect: None.

Small Business Effect: Meaningful.

Analysis

Current Law:

Video Lottery Terminal Proceeds

Generally, 1.5% of VLT proceeds at each video lottery facility must be distributed to SMWOBA. The Department of Commerce (Commerce) must make grants from the account to eligible fund managers to provide investment capital and loans to small, minority, and women-owned businesses in the State. Commerce must ensure that fund managers allocate at least 50% of available funds to eligible businesses in the jurisdictions and communities surrounding the State's video lottery facilities.

The Budget Reconciliation and Financing Act of 2017 requires that the VLT revenues that would otherwise go to SMWOBA in fiscal 2018 instead be dedicated to the general fund to pay a portion of the costs of certain education grants and that the VLT revenues that would otherwise go to SMWOBA in fiscal 2019 and 2020 instead be dedicated to ETF.

Education Trust Fund

ETF is a nonlapsing, special fund to be used for continued funding of the Bridge to Excellence formulas and programs, including the Geographic Cost of Education Index. The fund may also be used to support capital projects for public schools, community colleges, and public four-year institutions as well as to expand public early childhood education programs in the State. A portion of the proceeds from VLTs and table games is dedicated to ETF.

Nonprofit, Interest-Free, Micro Bridge Loan Account

Beginning in fiscal 2021, Chapter 629 of 2017 requires up to 5% of VLT proceeds from SMWOBA, not to exceed \$1.0 million annually, to be distributed to the NIMBL account within the Maryland Nonprofit Development Center Program Fund. Money in the NIMBL account is to be used for bridge loans to nonprofit entities that have received written confirmation of funding from government grants or contracts but have not yet received the funding. Commerce may provide a no-interest bridge loan for operating expenses of up to \$25,000 to a nonprofit entity.

Background: Appendix – Maryland Gaming provides detailed background on gaming in Maryland.

State Fiscal Effect: Special fund revenues and expenditures of SMWOBA increase by \$15.0 million in fiscal 2019 and by \$15.3 million in fiscal 2020 while ETF revenues and expenditures decrease correspondingly. ETF revenues are currently budgeted for the State Foundation program, the State's largest education aid formula. Thus, any decrease in ETF revenues increases general fund appropriations for the State Foundation program by an equal amount, so general fund expenditures increase by \$15.0 million in fiscal 2019 and by \$15.3 million in fiscal 2020.

Since the bill repeals the requirement that up to 5% of VLT proceeds from SMWOBA, up to \$1.0 million, be distributed to the NIMBL account beginning in fiscal 2021, special fund revenues and expenditures of the NIMBL account decrease by \$774,990 in fiscal 2021 and by \$798,414 in fiscal 2023. Special fund revenues and expenditures of SMWOBA increase correspondingly. **Exhibit 1** shows the fiscal effects of the bill.

Exhibit 1 Fiscal Effects of the Bill Fiscal 2019-2023

| | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| SMWOBA Revenues | \$15,045,062 | \$15,270,738 | \$774,990 | \$786,615 | \$798,414 |
| ETF Special Fund Revenues | (15,045,062) | (15,270,738) | - | - | - |
| NIMBL Revenues | - | - | (774,990) | (786,615) | (798,414) |
| Total Revenues | - | - | - | - | - |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| SMWOBA Expenditures | 15,045,062 | 15,270,738 | 774,990 | 786,615 | 798,414 |
| ETF Special Fund Expenditures | (15,045,062) | (15,270,738) | - | - | - |
| Education General Fund | | | | | |
| Expenditures | 15,045,062 | 15,270,738 | - | - | - |
| NIMBL Expenditures | - | - | (774,990) | (786,615) | (798,414) |
| Total Expenditures | \$15,045,062 | \$15,270,738 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Net Effect | (\$15,045,062) | (\$15,270,738) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

ETF: Education Trust Fund

NIMBL: Nonprofit, Interest-Free, Micro Bridge Loan

SMWOBA: Small, Minority, and Women-owned Businesses Account

Source: Comptroller's Office; Department of Legislative Services

Small Business Effect: Small businesses benefit by having the SMWOBA funds restored. Eligible fund managers provide investment capital and loans to small, minority, and

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women-owned businesses in the State with funds from SMWOBA. Thus, small businesses receive \$15.0 million in additional investment capital and loans in fiscal 2019 and approximately \$800,000 more in fiscal 2023.

Additional Information

Prior Introductions: None.

Cross File: None.

Information Source(s): Department of Commerce; Comptroller's Office; Maryland State

Lottery and Gaming Control Agency; Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - February 26, 2018

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Appendix - Maryland Gaming

The State of Maryland has authorized and awarded six video lottery operation licenses in Baltimore City and Allegany, Anne Arundel, Cecil, Prince George's, and Worcester counties with a maximum number of 16,500 video lottery terminals (VLTs) allotted in the State. The opening date and the number of VLTs and table games for each facility as of January 2018 are shown in **Exhibit 1**.

Exhibit 1 Number of VLTs and Table Games in Maryland

| <u>Casino</u> | County | Opening Date | VLTs | Table Games |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Hollywood Casino | Cecil | September 2010 | 822 | 21 |
| Ocean Downs | Worcester | January 2011 | 853 | 10 |
| Maryland Live! | Anne Arundel | June 2012 | 3,868 | 186 |
| Rocky Gap Casino | Allegany | May 2013 | 665 | 17 |
| Horseshoe Casino | Baltimore City | August 2014 | 2,202 | 177 |
| MGM National Harbor | Prince George's | December 2016 | 2,821 | 173 |

VLT: video lottery terminal

Source: State Lottery and Gaming Control Agency; Department of Legislative Services

VLT and Table Game Revenues

The estimated revenues from VLTs and table games in fiscal 2019 through 2023 are shown in **Exhibit 2**. A total of \$1.66 billion in gross gaming revenues is projected in fiscal 2019, including \$502.9 million to be distributed to the Education Trust Fund.

Exhibit 2
Distribution of Estimated VLT and Table Game Revenues in Maryland
Current Law
(\$ in Millions)

| | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|-----------|----------------|
| VLTs Distribution | | | | | |
| Education Trust Fund | \$408.1 | \$414.2 | \$404.9 | \$411.0 | \$417.2 |
| Lottery Operations | 10.3 | 10.4 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 10.9 |
| Purse Dedication Account | 59.9 | 60.8 | 61.8 | 62.7 | 63.6 |
| Racetrack Renewal Account | 9.8 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 10.4 |
| Local Impact Grants | 55.6 | 56.5 | 57.3 | 58.2 | 59.0 |
| Business Investment | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.5 | 15.7 | 16.0 |
| Licensees | 482.7 | 490.0 | 497.3 | 504.8 | 512.4 |
| Total VLTs | \$1,026.4 | \$1,041.8 | \$1,057.5 | \$1,073.3 | \$1,089.4 |
| | | | | | |
| Table Games Distribution | | | | | |
| Education Trust Fund | \$94.8 | \$96.3 | \$97.7 | \$99.2 | \$100.7 |
| Local Impact Grants | 31.6 | 32.1 | 32.6 | 33.1 | 33.6 |
| Licensees | 505.8 | 513.4 | 521.1 | 528.9 | 536.9 |
| Total Table Games | \$632.2 | \$641.8 | \$651.4 | \$661.2 | \$671.1 |
| Total VI Ta and Table Comes | ¢1 | ¢1 (02 (| ¢1 7 00 0 | ¢1 721 5 | ¢1 740 5 |
| Total VLTs and Table Games | \$1,658.6 | \$1,683.6 | \$1,708.9 | \$1,734.5 | \$1,760.5 |
| Total Education Trust Fund | \$502.9 | \$510.5 | \$502.6 | \$510.2 | \$517.8 |

VLT: video lottery terminal

Source: Board of Revenue Estimates; Department of Budget and Management; Department of Legislative Services