## **SENATE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 954**

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Sal N. DiDomenico

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act ensuring integrity in juvenile interrogations.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk	
Adam Gomez	Hampden	2/24/2023

## **SENATE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 954**

By Mr. DiDomenico, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 954) of Sal N. DiDomenico and Adam Gomez for legislation to ensure integrity in juvenile interrogations. The Judiciary.

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Third General Court (2023-2024)

An Act ensuring integrity in juvenile interrogations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 Chapter 119 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2020 Official Edition, is hereby 2 amended by inserting after section 89 the following section:
- 3 Section 90. Prohibition on use of deception during juvenile custodial interrogations
- 4 Section 90. (a) As used in this section, the following words shall have the following
- 5 meanings:
- i. "Statement" means a juvenile's oral assertion, written assertion, or nonverbal conduct if
  intended as an assertion.
- 8 ii. "Juvenile" shall have the same meaning as set forth in G.L. ch. 119, section 89.
- 9 iii. "Deception" means communicating, or relaying in any way, false or misleading facts, 10 false or misleading information, false or misleading evidence, or unauthorized implicit or explicit
- 11 offers of leniency.

iv. "Custodial Interrogation" means any questioning by law enforcement officers, or persons acting on behalf of a law enforcement officers, in relation to an investigation, under circumstances where a reasonable juvenile would consider themselves to be in custody, and that questioning is likely to elicit an incriminating response.

(b)A statement made by a juvenile during a custodial interrogation shall be presumed to be involuntary, and therefore inadmissible in any court where such statement is offered as evidence, if during the custodial interrogation a law enforcement officer, or person acting on behalf of a law enforcement officer, knowingly engages in deception.

A statement that is involuntary, as described in the above paragraph, shall not form the basis of any further investigative activities; any evidence that flows from that statement shall be considered tainted by such deception, and shall be inadmissible as such.

- (c)The presumption that such statement, as described in subsection (b), is inadmissible, may be overcome if the Commonwealth proves, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the statement was voluntary and not made due to any deception.
- (d) Nothing in this section shall abrogate the Commonwealth's burden to prove a statement is voluntary prior to introducing that statement into evidence.
- (e)Subsection (b) shall apply to all statements, as described in subsection (b), made on or after the effective date of this statute.