# **SENATE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 724**

### The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

#### PRESENTED BY:

#### Michael J. Barrett

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act consolidating statutes pertaining to jury service.

#### PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Michael J. Barrett	Third Middlesex

# SENATE DOCKET, NO. 485 FILED ON: 1/15/2015 SENATE No. 724

By Mr. Barrett, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 724) of Michael J. Barrett for legislation relative to consolidating statutes pertaining to jury service. The Judiciary.

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Eighty-Ninth General Court (2015-2016)

An Act consolidating statutes pertaining to jury service.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 234 of the Generation	l Laws, as appearing in the	e 2012 Official Edition,
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2 and as amended by section 2 of chapter 254 of the Acts and Resolves of 2014, is hereby

3 repealed.

4 SECTION 2. Chapter 234A of the General Laws, as so appearing, is hereby amended by

5 inserting after section 27 the following section:-

6 Section 27A. After a summons has been received by a juror as provided in this chapter,

7 no person shall, except as otherwise provided by law, question any juror so summoned for the

8 purpose of obtaining information as to his background in connection with his jury duty.

9 SECTION 3. Said chapter 234A is hereby further amended by inserting after section 30
10 the following section:-

Section 30A. If, by challenge or otherwise, a sufficient number of jurors duly drawn and
summoned cannot be obtained for the trial of a case, the court shall cause jurors to be returned

13 from the bystanders or from the county at large, to complete the panel, if there are on the jury not
14 less than seven of the jurors who were originally drawn and summoned as provided in this
15 chapter.

Before causing additional jurors to be returned for service the jury pool officer shall file an affidavit with the court stating that more than the usual number of jurors are required on the case and that the jury pool has been exhausted. The judge sitting on the case shall make a finding as to the accuracy of said affidavit prior to the return of additional jurors. The jurors from the bystanders shall be returned by the sheriff or his deputy or by a disinterested person appointed therefor by the court, and shall be such as are qualified and liable to be drawn as jurors.

SECTION 4. Said chapter 234A is hereby further amended by inserting after section 67
 the following three sections:-

24 Section 67A. Upon motion of either party, the court shall, or the parties or their attorneys may under the direction of the court, examine on oath a person who is called as a juror therein, to 25 learn whether he is related to either party or has any interest in the case, or has expressed or 26 27 formed an opinion, or is sensible of any bias or prejudice, therein; and the objecting party may introduce other competent evidence in support of the objection. If the court finds that the juror 28 29 does not stand indifferent in the case, another shall be called in his stead. In a criminal case such examination shall include questions designed to learn whether such juror understands that a 30 defendant is presumed innocent until proven guilty, that the commonwealth has the burden of 31 32 proving guilt beyond a reasonable doubt, and that the defendant need not present evidence in his behalf. If the court finds that such juror does not so understand, another shall be called in his 33 stead. 34

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35 For the purpose of determining whether a juror stands indifferent in the case, if it appears that, as a result of the impact of considerations which may cause a decision or decisions to be 36 made in whole or in part upon issues extraneous to the case, including, but not limited to, 37 community attitudes, possible exposure to potentially prejudicial material or possible 38 39 preconceived opinions toward the credibility of certain classes of persons, the juror may not 40 stand indifferent, the court shall, or the parties or their attorneys may, with the permission and under the direction of the court, examine the juror specifically with respect to such 41 considerations, attitudes, exposure, opinions or any other matters which may, as aforesaid, cause 42 43 a decision or decisions to be made in whole or in part upon issues extraneous to the issues in the case. Such examination may include a brief statement of the facts of the case, to the extent the 44 facts are appropriate and relevant to the issue of such examination, and shall be conducted 45 individually and outside the presence of other persons about to be called as jurors or already 46 called. 47

48 Notwithstanding the above, the following procedures shall govern in all criminal and49 civil superior court jury trials:

(1) In addition to whatever jury voir dire of the jury venire is conducted by the court, the
court shall permit, upon the request of any party's attorney or a self-represented party, the party's
attorney or self-represented party to conduct an oral examination of the prospective jurors at the
discretion of the court.

54 (2) The court may impose reasonable limitations upon the questions and the time allowed55 during such examination, including, but not limited to, requiring pre-approval of the questions.

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56 (3) In criminal cases involving multiple defendants, the commonwealth shall be entitled
57 to the same amount of time as that to which all defendants together are entitled.

(4) The court may promulgate rules to implement this section, including, but not limited
to, providing consistent policies, practices and procedures relating to the process of jury voir
dire.

61 Section 67B. In a civil case each party shall be entitled to four peremptory challenges.
62 Such challenges shall be made before the commencement of the trial and may be made after it
63 has been determined that a person called to serve as a juror stands indifferent in the case.

64 Section 67C. In indictments and penal actions for the recovery of a forfeiture, it shall not 65 be a challenge for cause to a juror that he is liable to pay taxes in a county, city or town which 66 may be benefited by such recovery.

67 SECTION 5. Said chapter 234A is hereby further amended by inserting after section 68
68 the following three sections:-

69 Section 68A. After a jury has been impanelled and sworn, the court shall appoint a

70 foreperson.

Section 68B. If a jury, after due and thorough deliberation, return to court without having agreed on a verdict, the court may state anew the evidence or any part thereof, explain to them anew the law applicable to the case and send them out for further deliberation; but if they return a second time without having agreed on a verdict, they shall not be sent out again without their own consent, unless they ask from the court some further explanation of the law.

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76	Section 68C. In any civil action the jury shall be instructed that the agreement of five
77	sixths of its members shall be sufficient to render any special or general verdict.
78	SECTION 6. Said chapter 234A is hereby further amended by inserting after section
79	69 the following section:-
80	Section 69A. The court may, upon motion, allow the jury in a civil case to view the
81	premises or place in question or any property, matter or thing relative to the case if the party
82	making the motion advances an amount sufficient to defray the expenses of the jury and the
83	officers who attend them in taking the view, which shall be taxed as costs, if the party who
84	advanced them prevails. The court may order a view by a jury impanelled to try a criminal case.
85	SECTION 7. Said chapter 234A is hereby further amended by inserting after section 74
86	the following section:-
87	Section 74A. If either party to a case at the sitting at which a verdict is returned, either
88	before or after the trial, gives to any of the jurors who try the case anything by way of treat or
89	gratuity, the court may, upon motion of the adverse party, set aside the verdict and award a new
90	trial.