

**SENATE . . . . . No. 3136**

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The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court  
(2021-2022)  
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SENATE, November 3, 2022.

The committee on Senate Ways and Means, to whom was referred the Senate Bill expanding wheelchair warranty protections for consumers with disabilities (Senate, No. 2567),- reports, recommending that the same ought to pass with an amendment substituting a new draft with the same title (Senate, No. 3136).

For the committee,  
Michael J. Rodrigues

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**In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court  
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An Act expanding wheelchair warranty protections for consumers with disabilities.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1           SECTION 1. Chapter 93 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section  
2 107, as appearing in the 2020 Official Edition, and inserting in place thereof the following  
3 section:-

4           Section 107. (a) As used in this section, the following words shall have the following  
5 meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:-

6           “Authorized wheelchair dealer”, any seller of a wheelchair that: (i) has an exclusive  
7 distribution arrangement within a specified geographic area with any person or entity that  
8 manufacturers or assembles the type of wheelchair at issue; or (ii) is designated by the person or  
9 entity that manufactures or assembles the type of wheelchair at issue to repair or accept for repair  
10 such type of wheelchair.

11           “Collateral costs”, expenses incurred by a consumer in connection with the repair of a  
12 nonconformity, including, but not limited to: (i) the cost to rent a wheelchair or other assistive  
13 device for mobility during the time repairs are attempted and until the receipt of a replacement

14 wheelchair; (ii) the cost of shipping a wheelchair that has a nonconformity to a manufacturer,  
15 lessor or authorized wheelchair dealer for repair or replacement; and (iii) out-of-pocket medical  
16 expenses for the treatment of any physical injury caused by the nonconformity in the wheelchair.

17 “Consumer”, (i) the purchaser of a wheelchair, including purchases covered by private or  
18 public insurance, if the wheelchair was purchased from a wheelchair dealer or manufacturer for  
19 purposes other than resale; (ii) a person to whom the wheelchair is transferred for purposes other  
20 than resale, if the transfer occurs before the expiration of an express warranty applicable to the  
21 wheelchair; (iii) a person who may enforce the express warranty applicable to the wheelchair; or  
22 (iv) A person who leases a wheelchair from a wheelchair lessor under a written lease; provided,  
23 that “consumer” shall include those who have not paid all or some costs out of pocket for the  
24 purchase or lease of a wheelchair.

25 “Defective”, having a condition of nonconformity.

26 “Early termination cost”, an expense or obligation incurred by a wheelchair lessor as a  
27 result of both the termination of a written lease before the termination date set forth in such lease  
28 and the return of a wheelchair to a manufacturer pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (2) of  
29 subsection (c); provided, that “early termination cost” shall include a penalty for prepayment  
30 under a finance arrangement.

31 “Early termination savings”, an expense or obligation avoided by a wheelchair lessor as a  
32 result of both the termination of a written lease before the termination date set forth in such lease  
33 and the return of a wheelchair to a manufacturer pursuant to said subparagraph (i) of said  
34 paragraph (2) of said subsection (c); provided, that “early termination savings” shall include  
35 interest charges that a wheelchair lessor would have paid to finance the wheelchair or, if the

36 wheelchair was not financed, the difference between the total amount for which the lease  
37 obligates the consumer during the period of the lease term remaining after the early termination  
38 and the present value of such amount at the date of the early termination.

39 “Express warranty”, a warranty that guarantees that the wheelchair shall be free from any  
40 condition or defect which substantially impairs the use, value or safety of the wheelchair.

41 “Inoperable”, unable to function or function safely.

42 “Manufacturer”, a person or entity that manufactures or assembles wheelchairs and  
43 agents of that person or entity, including an authorized wheelchair dealer, an importer, a  
44 distributor, factory branch, distributor branch and any warrantors of the manufacturer's  
45 wheelchair; provided, however, that “manufacturer” shall not include a professional who  
46 fabricates, without charge, a device for use in the course of medical treatment.

47 “Nonconformity”, a condition or defect that substantially impairs the use, value or safety  
48 of a wheelchair and which is covered by an express warranty applicable to the wheelchair or to a  
49 component of the wheelchair; provided, however, that “nonconformity” shall not include a  
50 condition or defect which results from abuse, neglect or the unreasonable and unforeseeable  
51 misuse of the wheelchair by consumer modification or alteration.

52 “Original wheelchair”, the nonconforming wheelchair to be repaired, should it have been  
53 fully functional.

54 “Reasonable attempt to repair”, any of the following occurring to a wheelchair after the  
55 consumer has reported the nonconformity and made the wheelchair available to the manufacturer  
56 for repair within the applicable term of warranty period:(i) a nonconformity had been repaired

57 not less than 2 times by the manufacturer, wheelchair lessor or any of the manufacturer's  
58 authorized wheelchair dealers and the nonconformity continues; or(ii) the wheelchair is out of  
59 service for an aggregate of not less than 21 days because of a warranty nonconformity.

60 “Replacement wheelchair”, a properly working wheelchair that is identical to the  
61 nonconforming wheelchair or that is comparable in all functional capabilities to the original  
62 wheelchair provided by the manufacturer, wheelchair lessor or manufacturer’s authorized  
63 wheelchair dealer to the consumer in place of the nonconforming wheelchair.

64 “Temporary loaner wheelchair”, a wheelchair provided to the consumer that: (i) is free  
65 of charge; (ii) is in good working order; (iii) is able to perform the most essential functions of the  
66 original device, in light of the disabilities of the user; and (iv) does not have any differences from  
67 the original device that create a threat to health or safety; provided, however, that a “temporary  
68 loaner wheelchair” need not be new or identical to or have functional capabilities equal to or  
69 greater than those of the original wheelchair.

70 “Wheelchair”, a manual or motorized wheeled device that enhances the mobility or  
71 positioning of an individual with a disability.

72 “Wheelchair dealer” an individual or entity that is in the business of selling wheelchairs,  
73 including, but not limited to, a manufacturer who sells wheelchairs directly to consumers.

74 “Wheelchair lessor” an individual or entity that leases a wheelchair to a consumer, or  
75 who holds the lessor’s rights, under a written lease.

76 (b)(1) A manufacturer who sells or leases a wheelchair to a consumer, either directly or  
77 through a wheelchair dealer, shall furnish the consumer with an express warranty for the

78 wheelchair; provided, however, that the duration of the express warranty shall be not less than 2  
79 years after first delivery of the wheelchair to the consumer.

80 (2) At the time of purchase or lease of a wheelchair, the manufacturer must provide  
81 directly to the consumer a statement, written in not less than 14-point all capital boldfaced type  
82 on a separate piece of paper, or in such other form as the consumer may access, including the  
83 applicable warranty period of not less than 2 years from the date of first delivery, in substantially  
84 the following form:

85 “IMPORTANT: IF THIS WHEELCHAIR IS DEFECTIVE WITHIN THE PERIOD OF  
86 YOUR WARRANTY, [INSERT WARRANTY PERIOD, NOT LESS THAN 2 YEARS FROM  
87 THE DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY], YOU MAY BE ENTITLED UNDER STATE LAW TO  
88 REPLACEMENT OF THE WHEELCHAIR OR A REFUND OF ITS PURCHASE PRICE.  
89 HOWEVER, TO BE ENTITLED TO A REFUND OR REPLACEMENT, YOU MUST FIRST  
90 NOTIFY THE MANUFACTURER, THE WHEELCHAIR LESSOR OR THE WHEELCHAIR  
91 DEALER OF THE NON-CONFORMITY AND GIVE THE MANUFACTURER OR  
92 AUTHORIZED WHEELCHAIR DEALER AN OPPORTUNITY TO REPAIR THE  
93 WHEELCHAIR IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 107 OF CHAPTER 93 OF THE  
94 MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL LAWS.

95 IF THIS WHEELCHAIR IS BOTH DEFECTIVE AND INOPERABLE WITHIN THE  
96 PERIOD OF YOUR WARRANTY, THE MANUFACTURER OR AUTHORIZED  
97 WHEELCHAIR DEALER MUST ASSESS THE WHEELCHAIR NOT LESS THAN 3  
98 BUSINESS DAYS FOLLOWING NOTICE AND, IF NECESSARY, PROVIDE A

99 TEMPORARY LOANER WHEELCHAIR WITHIN 4 BUSINESS DAYS FOR THE  
100 EXPECTED DURATION OF REPAIRS PROVIDED FOR UNDER THE WARRANTY.”

101 (3) If the manufacturer, lessor or wheelchair dealer fail to provide the statement of  
102 warranty as required pursuant to this subsection, the manufacturer shall be in violation of this  
103 subsection and the minimum express warranty period shall be extended to 3 years.

104 (c)(1)(i) If a new wheelchair does not conform to an applicable express warranty and the  
105 consumer reports such nonconformity to the manufacturer, a wheelchair lessor or a wheelchair  
106 dealer and such consumer makes the wheelchair available for repair prior to the expiration of the  
107 applicable warranty period from the date of first delivery, the nonconformity shall be repaired at  
108 no charge to the consumer. It shall be presumed that the consumer has made the wheelchair  
109 available to the manufacturer or authorized wheelchair dealer for repair if such consumer allows  
110 the manufacturer or dealer to take it from the consumer’s home or other location where the user  
111 customarily uses the wheelchair.

112 (ii) If a wheelchair covered by a manufacturer’s warranty has a nonconformity to which  
113 the warranty is applicable and is made available by a consumer to the manufacturer or authorized  
114 wheelchair dealer for the repair of the nonconformity, the manufacturer shall cover all collateral  
115 costs and shall provide directly to the consumer, for the duration of the repair period and as  
116 selected by the consumer: (A) a temporary loaner wheelchair; or (B) reimbursement for the cost  
117 incurred by the consumer for renting a wheelchair while the original wheelchair is assessed and  
118 repaired. If the original wheelchair within the period of the warranty is both defective and  
119 inoperable, the manufacturer or authorized wheelchair dealer must assess the wheelchair not less  
120 than 3 business days following notice from the consumer and, if necessary, provide a temporary

121 loaner wheelchair to the consumer not less than 4 business days following notice from the  
122 consumer for the expected duration of repairs provided under the warranty. The manufacturer or  
123 authorized dealer shall provide the consumer with an estimated timeframe for assessment and,  
124 following assessment, any repairs.

125 (iii) Manufacturers shall be required to fill all repair and replacement orders for  
126 wheelchairs under warranty pursuant to this section from their own inventory or have a written  
127 subcontract for the purchase of items necessary to fill repair and replacement orders; provided,  
128 however, that the subcontract shall be in writing and contain, at a minimum: (A) names,  
129 addresses, phone numbers and contact information for both entities; (B) the contract term start  
130 and end dates; (C) a description of the wheelchairs covered under the subcontract and the cost of  
131 each item; (D) signatures of both parties, including signature dates and position titles; (E) an  
132 established credit limit that is reasonable, based on the value of the products and services to be  
133 provided by the contractor; and (F) a provision requiring shipping of parts, whenever feasible, by  
134 overnight mail.

135 (iv) The manufacturer shall keep written record of all repair attempts made, including,  
136 but not limited to: (A) the date a repair was requested; (B) the type of repair requested; (C) the  
137 date the repair attempt began; (D) the length of the repair attempt; (E) collateral costs covered;  
138 (F) the results of the repair attempt; and (G) the total number of repair attempts made.

139 (2)(i) If, after a reasonable attempt to repair, the nonconformity is not repaired, the  
140 manufacturer shall:

141 (A) at the direction of a consumer other than one who leases a wheelchair: (1) accept  
142 return of the wheelchair, issue a replacement wheelchair and refund any collateral costs; or (2)



143 accept return of the wheelchair and refund to the consumer and to any holder of a perfected  
144 security interest, as their interest may appear, the full purchase price and any finance charge  
145 amount paid by the consumer at the point of sale and any collateral costs, less a reasonable  
146 allowance for use; provided, however, that a reasonable allowance for use shall not exceed the  
147 amount obtained by multiplying the full purchase price of the wheelchair by a fraction, the  
148 denominator of which shall be 1,825 and the numerator of which shall be the number of days that  
149 the wheelchair was in the consumer's possession before the consumer first reported the  
150 nonconformity to the wheelchair dealer; or

151 (B) at the direction of a consumer who leases a wheelchair, accept return of the  
152 wheelchair, refund to the wheelchair lessor and to any holder of a perfected security interest, as  
153 their interest may appear, the current value of the written lease and refund to the consumer the  
154 amount such consumer paid under the written lease and any collateral costs, less a reasonable  
155 allowance for use; provided, however, that a reasonable allowance for use shall not exceed the  
156 amount obtained by multiplying the total amount for which the written lease obligates the  
157 consumer by a fraction, the denominator of which shall be 1,825, or the number of days of the  
158 lease, whichever number is greater, and the numerator of which shall be half of the number of  
159 days that the consumer possessed the wheelchair before first reporting the nonconformity to the  
160 manufacturer, wheelchair lessor or wheelchair dealer.

161 (ii) The current value of the written lease shall be the total amount for which that lease  
162 obligates the consumer during the period of the lease remaining after its early termination, plus  
163 the wheelchair dealer's early termination costs and the value of the wheelchair at the lease  
164 expiration date if the lease sets forth that value, less the wheelchair lessor's early termination  
165 savings.

166 (3) In order to receive a replacement wheelchair or a refund due under clause (A) of  
167 subparagraph (i) of paragraph (2), a consumer described thereunder shall offer to transfer  
168 possession of the wheelchair having the nonconformity to its manufacturer. Not later than 30  
169 days after such offer, the manufacturer shall provide the consumer with the replacement  
170 wheelchair or refund. When the manufacturer provides the replacement wheelchair or refund, the  
171 consumer shall make the wheelchair having the nonconformity available for return to the  
172 manufacturer, along with any endorsements necessary to transfer legal possession to the  
173 manufacturer.

174 (4)(i) In order to receive a refund due under clause (B) of subparagraph (i) of paragraph  
175 (2), a consumer described thereunder shall offer to return the wheelchair having the  
176 nonconformity to its manufacturer. Not later than 30 days after such offer, the manufacturer shall  
177 provide the refund to the consumer. When the manufacturer provides the refund, the consumer  
178 shall make the wheelchair having the nonconformity available for return to the manufacturer.

179 (ii) To receive a refund due under clause (B) of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (2), a  
180 wheelchair lessor shall offer to transfer possession of the wheelchair having the nonconformity  
181 to its manufacturer. No later than 30 days after such offer, the manufacturer shall provide the  
182 refund to the wheelchair lessor. When the manufacturer provides the refund, the wheelchair  
183 lessor shall provide to the manufacturer any endorsements necessary to transfer legal possession  
184 to the manufacturer.

185 (iii) No person may enforce the lease against the consumer after such consumer exercises  
186 rights pursuant to clause (B) of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (2).

187 (iv) No wheelchair returned by a consumer or wheelchair lessor in the commonwealth, or  
188 by a consumer or wheelchair lessor in another state under a similar law of that state, may be  
189 resold or leased in the commonwealth unless full disclosure of the reasons for such return has  
190 been made to a prospective buyer or lessee.

191 (d) Each consumer shall have the option of submitting any dispute arising under this  
192 section, upon the payment of a prescribed filing fee, to an alternate arbitration mechanism  
193 established pursuant to regulations promulgated hereunder by the secretary of consumer affairs  
194 and business regulation. Upon application of the consumer and payment of the appropriate filing  
195 fee, all manufacturers shall submit to such alternative arbitration. Such alternate arbitration shall  
196 be conducted by a professional arbitrator or arbitration firm appointed by and under regulations  
197 established by the attorney general. Such mechanism shall ensure the personal objectivity of its  
198 arbitrators and the right of each party to present its case, be in attendance during any presentation  
199 made by the other party and rebut or refute such presentation.

200 (e) The attorney general is hereby authorized to bring an action under section 4 of chapter  
201 93A to enforce this section and to obtain restitution, civil penalties, injunctive relief and any  
202 other relief awarded pursuant to said chapter 93A. Nothing contained in this section shall limit  
203 any rights or remedies available to a consumer under any other law. Any waiver by a consumer  
204 of rights under this section shall be void.

205 (f) A consumer may bring a private right of action under chapter 93A to enforce this  
206 section. A violation of this section shall constitute an unfair or deceptive act under said chapter  
207 93A. In addition to pursuing any other remedy, including relief under said chapter 93A, a  
208 consumer may bring an action to recover for damages caused by a violation of this section. The

209 court shall award a consumer who prevails in such an action twice the amount of any pecuniary  
210 loss, together with costs, disbursements and reasonable attorney fees and any equitable relief that  
211 the court deems is appropriate.

212 (g) Annually, not later than January 1, the office of consumer affairs and business  
213 regulation shall report to the joint committee on children, families and persons with disabilities  
214 and the joint committee on consumer protection and professional licensure on the operational  
215 status of the wheelchair alternate arbitration mechanism, including, but not limited to, data  
216 regarding the number of complaints filed through the alternate arbitration mechanism and the  
217 aggregate results of such arbitration procedures.

218 SECTION 2. Not later than 90 days after the effective date of this act, the secretary of  
219 consumer affairs and business regulation shall promulgate regulations necessary to carry out this  
220 act.