SENATE No. 2128

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Fourteen

relative to the in-office sales of medical devices and products.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. The General Laws are hereby amended by adding the following as Chapter 2 1110:

- 3 CHAPTER 1110.
- 4 Section 1. Short title; purpose.
- 5 It is the purpose of this chapter to protect patients from certain aspects of the practice of
- 6 in-office sales of medical devices or products. The practice of health care practitioners selling
- 7 products for profit in their offices to patients creates the potential for a conflict of interest,
- 8 creates undue pressure on the patient, and may lead to adverse decision making by health care
- 9 practitioners and patients. The conditions of this chapter are therefore established in the interest
- 10 of transparency in the execution of these sales.
- 11 Section 2. Definitions.
- 12 As used in this chapter the following words shall, unless the context clearly requires
- 13 otherwise, have the following meanings:—
- "Board," the board of professional licensure that provides the license under which the
- 15 health care practitioner conducts their practice, or that registers the health care practitioner to
- 16 conduct their practice, or that otherwise regulates and establishes the standards for professional
- 17 conduct relevant to that practitioner.
- 18 "Health care practitioner," any person licensed to provide health care under chapter 112
- 19 of the General Laws, or a partnership or corporation comprised of such persons, or an officer,
- 20 employee, agent or contractor of such person acting in the course and scope of the employment,
- 21 agency or contract related to or in support of the provision of health care to patients.

22 "In-office sale," the transfer, exchange, barter, lease, contract for use, or other financial 23 transaction for the possession or use of a medical device or product, that occurs within the 24 business office of a health care practitioner.

25 "Medical device" shall have the meaning given to the same in chapter 111N; provided 26 further that for the purposes of this chapter only, medical device shall not include an item that is 27 prescribed or commonly covered by a health insurance carrier.

28 "Patient," an individual who receives health services from a health care practitioner, as 29 defined in this chapter at a hospital, health care facility, or long term care facility.

"Product," or "products," health and non-health related drugs, devices, appliances, goods, supplements, vitamins, ointments, or procedures, including aesthetic pharmaceutical products as 31 32 defined in section 9 of chapter 94C; provided, however, that products shall not include 33 prescription items or items commonly covered by health insurance carriers.

Section 3. Conditions for in-office sales; and prohibitions.

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- (a) Any health care practitioner engaging in the in-office sale of medical devices or 36 products must observe the following conditions. Unless otherwise specified in section 4 of this chapter, in-office sales not in compliance with all of the conditions listed in this section shall be prohibited, and subject to the penalties established in section 5 of this chapter; provided further, that nothing in this chapter shall be construed to authorize the sale or dispensing of medical and pharmaceutical devices and products that is otherwise prohibited by Federal or State laws and regulations; and provided further that nothing in this chapter shall be construed to replace or exempt a health care practitioner from the requirements established pursuant to chapter 111N:
- 43 (1) The health care practitioner must disclose to the patient any profit gained or 44 financial interest held by the health care practitioner, or any immediate family member, in the sale of the medical device or product, or any professional or other relationship between the 46 health care practitioner and the manufacturer or marketer of the medical device or product; where the terms "financial interest" and "professional or other relationship," for the purposes of this chapter only, shall be defined in regulation by the board;
- 49 (2) The health care practitioner must advise the patient as the availability of the 50 medical device or product, or any reasonable equivalents, for purchase at a retail pharmacy or other commercial retail source, and as to the market price of said devices or products or 52 equivalents if purchased at another source;
- 53 (3) The medical device or product sold must provide a reasonable potential for 54 therapeutic and medical gain specific to the patient's medical condition or complaint;
- 55 (4) The health care practitioner must have available, and upon request must 56 provide to the patient, easily understandable literature or an explanation of the device's or

- product's medical or therapeutic benefits, and any risks associated with the device or product, and the scientific evidence upon which any claims of said benefits or risks are based;
- or must otherwise reasonably communicate to the patient, that the patient is under no obligation to purchase the medical device or product in the office; provided further that such notice or communication shall also include an explanation to the patient of how to contact the board if the patient feels the in-office sale or discussion promoting said sale creates undue pressure on the patient to purchase a medical device or product, or otherwise violates the standards for professional conduct applicable to the health care practitioner.
- 66 (6) Any other conditions deemed appropriate and as may be established in 67 regulation by the board under which the health care practitioner primarily involved in the 68 execution of the in-office sale is registered or licensed.
- 69 Section 4. Exemptions.
- The in-office sale of a medical device or product to a particular patient shall be exempt from the conditions stated in section 3, if forcing or allowing the patient to travel away from the health care practitioner's office without having obtained said device or product would bring harm, or cause undue pain or distress, to that patient, or put that patient's health and safety in immediate danger.
- 75 Section 5. Enforcement.
- (a) This chapter shall be enforced by the board; provided that in the event that punishment for a violation includes assessment of a financial penalty, the board will refer the case to the Department of Public Health to assess that penalty. A health care practitioner that violates this chapter shall be punished by any or all of the following:
- 80 (1) a fine of not more than \$5,000 for each transaction, occurrence or event that violates any provision of this chapter;
- 82 (2) restitution payments to the patient for the costs incurred by the patient for the 83 purchase of a medical device or product sold in violation of this chapter.
- 84 (3) suspension or revocation of the health care practitioner's licensure.
- SECTION 2. Section 9(b) of chapter 94C, as so appearing, is hereby amended by inserting after the paragraph that begins "For the purposes of this section, 'therapeutic contact lenses'" the following paragraphs:
- A physician may, when acting in accordance with applicable federal law and any provision of this chapter which is consistent with federal law and in good faith and in the practice of medicine, dispense and sell aesthetic pharmaceuticals directly to patients in amounts

greater than necessary for immediate and proper treatment. Physicians dispensing aesthetic pharmaceuticals must comply with all applicable state and federal labeling and recordkeeping requirement, and must, prior to each dispensing of said products, comply with the requirements of chapter 111O. Records maintained under this section must be accessible as provided under state and federal law. The department shall promulgate rules and regulation governing the dispensing and sale of aesthetic pharmaceuticals pursuant to this section.

For purposes of this section "aesthetic pharmaceutical" shall mean, (i) bimatoprost, hydroquinone, metronidazole, and tretinoin, or (ii) a prescription medication that (A) is classified by the department as a schedule VI controlled substance; (B) has been approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration; and (C) is prescribed for the treatment of a diagnosed skin condtion, or to alleviate symptoms of said condition that may affect the patient's appearance.