

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Richard T. Moore

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill:

An Act establishing the Commission on Government Accountability, Economy, and Efficiency.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Richard T. Moore	Worcester and Norfolk
Angelo L. D'Emilia	8th Plymouth
Michael O. Moore	Second Worcester
John V. Fernandes	10th Worcester
Karen E. Spilka	Second Middlesex and Norfolk
Mark C. Montigny	Second Bristol and Plymouth
Tom Sannicandro	7th Middlesex
Michael R. Knapik	Second Hampden and Hampshire
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester
Jason M. Lewis	31st Middlesex
Bruce E. Tarr	First Essex and Middlesex
Paul R. Heroux	2nd Bristol

SENATE DOCKET, NO. 1303 FILED ON: 1/18/2013 SENATE No. 1509

By Mr. Richard T. Moore, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 1509) of Richard T. Moore, Angelo L. D'Emilia, Michael O. Moore, John V. Fernandes and other members of the General Court for legislation to establish the commission on government accountability, economy, and efficiency. State Administration and Regulatory Oversight.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE SENATE , NO. 1599 OF 2011-2012.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Thirteen

An Act establishing the Commission on Government Accountability, Economy, and Efficiency.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. There is hereby established a special commission to investigate and study 2 methods of improving the accountability, economy and efficiency of the government of the 3 commonwealth and the operation of its agencies, departments, instrumentalities, and political 4 subdivisions, hereinafter referred to as "the commission".

5 SECTION 2. The purpose of the commission shall be to make recommendations to the 6 governor and the general court to promote economy, efficiency, and improved service in the 7 transaction of the public business in the various departments, agencies, instrumentalities and 8 political subdivisions in the executive, legislative and judicial branches of state and local 9 government, and in making the operation of all state departments, agencies, and 10 instrumentalities, and local government and all expenditures of public funds, more directly 11 responsive to the needs of the Commonwealth and its political subdivisions, by any or all of the 12 following means:

(a) By adopting methods and procedures for reducing expenditures to the lowest amountconsistent with the efficient performance of essential services, activities and functions.

(b) By eliminating duplication and overlapping services, activities, and functions, andtime- consuming or wasteful practices.

17 (c) By consolidating services, activities, and functions of a similar nature.

(d) By abolishing services, activities, and functions not necessary to the efficient conductof state or local government.

(e) By the elimination of unnecessary departments and agencies, the creation of necessary
new departments and agencies, the reorganization of existing departments and agencies, and the
transfer of functions and responsibilities among departments and agencies.

23 (f) By defining or redefining duties and responsibilities of state or local officers.

(g) By revising present provisions for continuing or permanent appropriations of state
funds or bond authorizations, for whatever purpose, by eliminating any such existing provisions
and by adopting new provisions.

(h) By establishing means for performance measurement and methods of reporting suchmeasurement.

(i) Reorganizing all aspects of career public service including, but not limited to, methods
of recruitment and retention of public employees; training and re-training of public employees;
job classification, salaries and benefits of public employees; discipline and termination of public
employees, clarifying the state responsibilities and functions that are best served by regular
public employees and those best served by contract employees; and encouraging and facilitating
opportunities for private sector and non-profit sector employees to work in state or local
government for limited periods of time.

(j) By analyzing and evaluating all state and local contracts with private vendors for the
 purpose of confirming that all contracted approaches to the delivery of goods and services are
 accountable, economical, and efficient.

(k) To review state requirements for contracting for goods and services and for the
retention of professional services to determine the most effective means of determining the most
qualified vendor, including but not limited to, a review of the method by which state and local
agencies, state authorities, boards and commissions retain legal counsel, accounting,
architectural and engineering services.

44 SECTION 3. The commission shall be comprised of the following members, each of 45 whom shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority:

46 (a) Seven members appointed by the governor. Not more than four of such members
47 shall be registered voters in the same political party, and none shall hold public office in the
48 executive branch of the state government. Two of the seven shall have expertise in the

49 management of municipal government and one shall have expertise in managing a major not for

50 profit agency. Appointments shall include, but not be limited to, residents of the commonwealth

51 in the fields of business and government management, accounting, labor relations, finance,

52 human relations or academic fields including, but not limited to, deans of schools of business or

53 public administration.

(b) Three members of the senate who shall be the chair of the senate committee on ways
and means, the chair of the senate committee on post audit and oversight, and one member
designated by the senate minority leader.

57 (c) Three members of the house of representatives, who shall be the chair of the house 58 committee on ways and means, the chair of the house committee on post audit and oversight, and 59 one member designated by the house minority leader.

60 (d) The governor, the president of the senate, and the speaker of the house, who shall 61 jointly designate the chair or co-chairs of the special commission, shall each serve on the task 62 force, ex- officio.

63 (e) The auditor of the commonwealth and the inspector general of the commonwealth, ex-64 officio.

65 SECTION 4. The commission shall meet not less than quarterly and shall have the authority, subject to the approval of the secretary of administration and finance, to request staff 66 support and research from state agencies to carry out its responsibilities. The commission may 67 68 seek assistance from other organizations or individuals on a pro bono basis. The commission 69 shall file annual reports with the clerk of the senate and the clerk of the house of representatives and shall make a final report not later than June 30, 2014 unless revived and continued for a 70 longer period of time by the general court. The commission may make interim reports as 71 72 appropriate in order to address the serious fiscal problems facing the commonwealth in the next 73 few years.

74 In particular, the commission shall examine the feasibility of developing one or more 75 pilot projects for the development and use of the Baldrige National Quality Program criteria by selected agencies to improve their capabilities and results, as well as to increase their 76 sustainability. The objective of each said pilot project is to help the participating agency to learn 77 78 about and implement a framework of robust systems and processes that will enable them to 79 withstand harsh budget conditions and continue to offer essential public services in a cost-80 effective manner. A pilot project shall demonstrate the business case for improved results in service delivery using the Baldrige Criteria as set forth by the National Institute of Standards 81 and Technology, including alignment of agency goals with key systems and processes such as 82 strategic planning, training of managers and staff in the principles of the criteria, attention to 83 stakeholder satisfaction, complaint management and resolution, process management, succession 84 planning, learning and development, and evaluation of programs. 85