FILED ON: 1/16/2013

# **SENATE**

. . No. 1260

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Marc R. Pacheco

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to establishing binding arbitration for Bristol County correction officers.

#### PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Marc R. Pacheco	First Plymouth and Bristol
Michael J. Rodrigues	First Bristol and Plymouth
William M. Straus	10th Bristol
Antonio F. D. Cabral	13th Bristol

FILED ON: 1/16/2013

#### No. 1260 **SENATE**

By Mr. Pacheco, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 1260) of Marc R. Pacheco, Michael J. Rodrigues, William M. Straus and Antonio F. D. Cabral for legislation relative to establishing binding arbitration for Bristol County correction officers. Public Service.

### The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Thirteen
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An Act relative to establishing binding arbitration for Bristol County correction officers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 150E of the General Laws, appearing in the 2004 Official edition, 1 is hereby amended by adding the following new section:

3 Section 16. If an employee organization duly recognized as representing employees of 4 the Bristol County Jail and House of Correction of the Bristol County Sheriff's Department is engaged in successor contract negotiations with the employer which have not resulted in an agreement, then such employee organization shall petition the board to make an investigation.

7 If, after an investigation, the board determines that such negotiations have not resulted in agreement, then the board shall notify the employer and the employee organization that the 8 unresolved issues in such negotiations shall be resolved by an arbitration before an arbitrator selected by the employee organization and the employer pursuant to the voluntary labor 11 arbitration rules and procedures of the American Arbitration Association.

12 The arbitrator so designated shall establish a hearing schedule, shall preside over the hearing, and shall take evidence. 13

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The arbitrator shall preside over the hearing and shall take testimony. Any oral or 15 documentary evidence and other date deemed relevant by the arbitrator may be received into 16 evidence. The arbitrator shall have the power to administer oaths and to require by subpoena the 17 attendance and testimony of witnesses, the production of books, records, and other evidence 18 relative to or pertinent to the issues presented to them for determination. If any person refuses to obey a subpoena, or refuses to be sworn or to testify, or if any witness, party, or attorney is guilty 20 of any contempt while in attendance at any hearing, the arbitrator may, or the district attorney if

21 requested, shall invoke the aid of the superior court within the jurisdiction in which the hearing is 22 being held, which court shall issue an appropriate order.

23 A record of the proceedings shall be kept, the arbitrator shall arrange for the necessary 24 recording service. Transcripts may be ordered at the expense of the party ordering them, but the transcripts shall not be necessary for an award by the arbitrator. The hearing may be continued at the discretion of the arbitrator and shall be concluded within forty days from the time of 27 commencement, provided that for good cause shown the arbitrator may extend this deadline. 28 The arbitrator shall resolve any issue before him/her on the basis of the Employer's proposal, the 29 Union's proposal, or some compromise position between the two proposals. The arbitrator's 30 decision shall be final and binding upon the parties and the Employer shall recommend and support funding of such decision by the appropriating authority. Within thirty calendar days of 32 the last and best offer selection and award, the arbitrator, shall issue a written opinion inclusive of an analysis of all statutory factors applicable to the proceedings.

At any time before the rendering of an award by the arbitrator, if he is of the opinion that 35 it would be useful or beneficial to do so, he may remand the dispute to the parties for further collective bargaining for the period not to exceed three weeks and notify the board of the remand. If the dispute is remanded for further collective bargaining the time provisions of this act shall be extended for a time period equal to that of the remand.

39 In the event that the representatives of the parties mutually resolve each of the issues in 40 dispute and agree to be bound accordingly, said representatives may, at any time prior to the final decision by the arbitrator, request that the arbitration proceedings be terminated and the arbitrator 41 shall thereupon terminate the proceedings. 42

43 The factors among others, to be given weight by the arbitrator in arriving at the decision 44 shall include;

- (1) The financial ability of the Employer to meet the costs.
- 46 (2) The interests and welfare of the public.

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- 47 (3) The hazards of employment, physical, educational and mental qualifications, job training and skills involved. 48
- 49 (4) A comparison of wages, hours and conditions of employment of the employees involved in the arbitration proceedings with the wages, hours and conditions of employment of other employees performing similar services and with other employees generally in public and 52 private employment in comparable districts, communities, or other state or federal jurisdictions.
- 53 (5) The average consumer prices for goods and services, commonly known as the cost of 54 living.

- 55 (6) The overall compensation presently received by the employees, including direct 56 wages and fringe benefits.
- 57 (7) Changes in any of the foregoing circumstances during the pendency of the arbitration proceedings. 58
- 59 (8) Such other factors, not confined to the foregoing, which are normally or traditionally taken into consideration in the determination of wages, hours and conditions of employment 60 through voluntary collective bargaining, mediation fact-finding, arbitration or otherwise between 61 parties, in the public service or in private employment. 62
  - (9) The stipulation of the parties.

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Any determination or decision of the arbitrator may be enforced at the instance of either party pursuant to G. L, Chapter 150C, provided however, that the scope of arbitration shall include wages, hours, standards of productivity and performance, and any other term and condition of employment.

The commencement of a new municipal finance year prior to the final awards by the arbitrator shall not be deemed to render a dispute moot, or to otherwise impair the jurisdiction or authority of the arbitrator or his award. Any award of the arbitrator may be retroactive to the expiration date of the last contract.

If an employer, or an employee organization willfully disobeys a lawful order of enforcement pursuant to this section, or willfully encourages or offers resistance to such order, whether by strike or otherwise, the punishment for each day that such contempt continues may be a fine for each day to be determined at the discretion of said court.

The costs of arbitration proceedings under this section shall be divided equally between the parties. Compensation for the arbitrator shall be in accordance with a schedule of payment 77 78 established by the American Arbitration Association.