

SENATE No. 00011

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

James B. Eldridge

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill:

A Proposal for a legislative amendment to the Constitution establishing an independent redistricting commission.

PETITION OF:

NAME:

James B. Eldridge

DISTRICT/ADDRESS:

Middlesex and Worcester

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Eleven

PROPOSAL Proposal for a legislative amendment to the Constitution establishing an independent redistricting commission.

A majority of all the members elected to the Senate and House of Representatives, in joint session, hereby declares it to be expedient to alter the Constitution by the adoption of the following Article of Amendment, to the end that it may become a part of the Constitution [if similarly agreed to in a joint session of the next General Court and approved by the people at the state election next following]:

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT.

SECTION 1. ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT

Article CI of the Articles of Amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth is hereby annulled, and the following is adopted in place thereof:

Article CI

The House of Representatives shall consist of one hundred and sixty members, each of whom shall be elected from one representative district. Every representative shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he or she is chosen for at least one year at least immediately preceding his or her election and shall cease to represent such district when he or she shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth, provided, however, that for the first redistricting following the adoption of this article, the General Court may suspend the residency requirement of this section.

12 SECTION 2. The Senate shall consist of forty members, each of whom shall be elected
13 from one senatorial district. Every senator shall have been an inhabitant of the Commonwealth
14 for at least five years immediately preceding his or her election and shall be an inhabitant of the
15 district for which he or she has been selected at the time of his or her election and shall cease to
16 represent such senatorial district when he or she shall cease to be an inhabitant of the
17 Commonwealth.

18 SECTION 3. The manner of calling and conducting the elections for the choice of
19 representatives, senators, and councillors, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed
20 by law.

21 SECTION 4. The federal census shall be the basis for determining the representative,
22 senatorial, and governor's council districts for the ten-year period beginning with the first
23 Wednesday of the third January following the commencement of the taking of said census.

24 SECTION 5. In the year after each census is commenced, and only in that year, an
25 independent redistricting commission, herein referred to as the commission, shall be convened
26 and shall divide the commonwealth into congressional districts, 160 representative districts, 40
27 senatorial districts, and eight councilor districts. The federal census shall be the basis for
28 determining congressional districts for the ten year period beginning with the first Wednesday of
29 the third January following the commencement of the taking of said census. All districts shall
30 comprise contiguous territory, shall be equal in population to the extent required by law, and
31 shall comply with federal constitutional and statutory requirements. No district shall be drawn
32 for the purpose or with the effect of diluting the voting strength of any group based on race,
33 ethnicity or language minority status, or for the purpose of augmenting or diluting the voting

34 strength of a political party, or any individual. In drawing district lines, the commission shall not
35 consider residential address, party affiliation, or partisan voting history of any individual or
36 groups of individuals, except to the extent necessary to avoid dilution of voting strength based on
37 race, ethnicity or language minority status. In addition, to the maximum extent possible, district
38 boundaries shall be drawn so as to: (1) maintain the unity of well-defined municipal
39 neighborhoods; (2) observe municipal boundaries; (3) establish senatorial districts that follow
40 representative district boundaries; (4) establish councilor districts that follow representative
41 district boundaries and (5) promote geographic compactness of districts. If it is not possible to
42 draw district boundaries that fully comply with these criteria while also complying with the
43 mandatory requirements set forth herein, then districts shall be drawn to optimize the criteria in
44 the order of priority set forth hereinabove. The commission shall also consider communities of
45 interest in determining which cities, towns, or neighborhoods thereof to aggregate into a single
46 district.

47 Within 30 days of the passage of this act, the following offices shall each appoint one
48 member of the commission: the governor of the commonwealth, who shall appoint a dean or
49 professor of law or political science or government at an institution of higher learning in the
50 commonwealth; the attorney general of the commonwealth, who shall appoint a retired justice
51 who resides in the commonwealth; and the secretary of the commonwealth, who shall appoint an
52 expert in civil rights law who is a resident of the commonwealth.

53 By the same date, the house speaker, the house minority leader, the senate president, and
54 the senate minority leader shall each nominate three individuals. The appointees chosen by the
55 governor, attorney general, and secretary of the commonwealth shall then select one of the three
56 nominees named by each said official within 7 days of their nomination.

57 If nominations or appointments are not made within 30 days of the passage of this act,
58 the office responsible for making the appointment or nominations shall forfeit its rights under
59 this section and the remaining direct appointees shall then make an appointment to fill the
60 vacancy within 7 days. Nominations and appointments shall reflect the geographic, racial, ethnic,
61 gender, and age diversity of the commonwealth to the maximum extent feasible and shall be
62 selected on the basis of civic involvement and knowledge of redistricting policy, civil rights,
63 political science, demographics or statistics, election expertise, voting rights, community
64 organizing, or law. No person nominated or appointed to the commission, in the five years
65 preceding such nomination or appointment, shall have held Congressional, state legislative or
66 statewide elective office, or shall have served as mayor or city councilor of a city in the
67 commonwealth, governor's councilor, or shall have been elected to a state or federal party
68 committee; or shall be a current employee, agent or family member of any of the above; or, in
69 the two years preceding such nomination or appointment, shall have been a legislative agent. The
70 commissioners shall agree: (1) not to stand for election to the general court, congress, or the
71 governor's council until districts are redrawn following the next census; (2) to apply the
72 provisions of this article in an honest, independent, and impartial fashion; and (3) to act at all
73 times so as to uphold public confidence in the integrity of the redistricting process.

74 The commission shall be convened no later than 60 days following the passage of this
75 act. The commission shall disband only upon final adoption and exhaustion of judicial review of
76 challenges to representative, councilor, and senatorial districts.

77 The commission shall hire staff and may retain experts to assist it in the performance of
78 its duties. The commission shall establish rules governing its operation and procedures.

79 Commissioners may receive compensation for actual time spent on commission duties and shall

80 be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses. The budget of the commonwealth shall
81 provide adequate funding for the operation of the commission.

82 A member of the commission or an appointing authority may petition the supreme
83 judicial court to remove a commissioner on the grounds of neglect, misconduct, or inability to
84 perform the duties of a commissioner. A vacancy so created shall be filled by the office which
85 appointed the removed commissioner or by the nomination and selection process set forth in
86 section 6, as applicable.

87 All meetings of the commission shall be open to the public, consistent with the laws of
88 the commonwealth concerning open meetings as of the date of the adoption of this Article. All
89 documents produced by or for the commission shall be public. The commission shall hold public
90 hearings in at least five geographically disbursed counties. The public shall be afforded the
91 opportunity to submit proposed maps for consideration by the commission and the commission
92 shall make map-making software available for public use. The commission shall take all steps
93 necessary to ensure that the public can exercise its right to review and comment on proposed
94 district maps before they are approved and shall publish all preliminary and final plans in
95 publicly accessible forums that are free of charge and that ensure wide public distribution.
96 Proposed districts shall be presented in both graphic and narrative form.

97 No later than April 20, 2011, the commission shall prepare and publish for public
98 comment a preliminary plan for representative, councilor, and senatorial districts. The public
99 shall have a three-week period to comment on the preliminary district plan. The commission may
100 revise the preliminary district plan in response to public comment and shall, no later than May
101 11, 2011, submit the revised plan to the special joint committee on redistricting, as created by

102 order of the general court, as adopted by the senate on January 29, 2009 and adopted by the
103 house on March 5, 2009, which shall vote on the revised plan. If the plan is rejected by either the
104 committee or the general court, the commission shall prepare, publish, revise, and submit a
105 second-round preliminary district plan in the same manner as the first within 30 days of the
106 rejection of the initial plan. Following the three-week period for public comment, the
107 commission may revise the preliminary district plan in response to public comment and shall
108 submit the revised plan to the joint committee for a vote no later than July 29, 2011.

109 With respect to each plan the commission submits to the joint committee for a vote, the
110 vote must be taken within two weeks of submission. No amendments to the plan as submitted
111 may be made. If the plan is approved by a majority of the joint committee present and voting, or
112 if no vote is taken within the two-week period, it shall be submitted to the general court for a
113 vote. With respect to each plan the joint committee submits to the general court for a vote, the
114 vote must be taken within two weeks of submission. No amendments to the plan as submitted
115 may be made. If the plan is approved by a majority of the members of the house of
116 representatives and the senate present and voting or if no vote is taken within the two-week
117 period, then the plan as submitted shall become law.

118 Original jurisdiction is hereby vested in the supreme judicial court upon the petition of
119 any voter of the commonwealth for judicial relief relative to the establishment of the
120 congressional districts. The general court may by law limit the time within which judicial
121 proceedings may be instituted to challenge any redistricting map.