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# The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

#### PRESENTED BY:

### Patricia D. Jehlen

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to expungement for repealed crimes.

#### PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	
Patricia D. Jehlen	Second Middlesex	
Mike Connolly	26th Middlesex	1/26/2017
Jack Lewis	7th Middlesex	2/1/2017
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester	2/2/2017
Jay D. Livingstone	8th Suffolk	2/2/2017
Kenneth I. Gordon	21st Middlesex	2/2/2017
Paul R. Heroux	2nd Bristol	2/3/2017
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk	2/3/2017

SENATE DOCKET, NO. 1927 FILED ON: 1/20/2017

# **SENATE** . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 1063

By Ms. Jehlen, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 1063) of Patricia D. Jehlen, Mike Connolly, Jack Lewis, James B. Eldridge and other members of the General Court for legislation to expunge repealed crimes. Marijuana Policy.

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninetieth General Court (2017-2018)

An Act relative to expungement for repealed crimes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:* 

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 276 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting, after
2	section 100D, the following new section:-
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3 Section 100D. Expungement of records of marihuana arrest, detention, conviction and
4 incarceration.

5 (a) Expungement of marihuana records. Any person having a record of criminal court 6 appearances and dispositions in the commonwealth on file with the office of the commissioner of 7 probation, or the Department of Criminal Justice Information Services established by c. 6, sec. 8 167A et seq., for a marihuana offense as defined by c. 94C or other provisions of law repealed by 9 Cannabis Regulation and Taxation Act, shall have all such records expunged forthwith from all 10 criminal record information systems collected or distributed by any state agency, court or 11 municipality. Any person with a criminal record eligible for expungement hereunder may apply 12 to the commissioner, the department or the clerk of the court where an expunged record exists,

for expedited expungement in compliance with the provisions hereunder, and have theapplication acted on forthwith.

(b) Notice of expungement. When records of criminal appearances and criminal dispositions are expunged by the commissioner or department in their files, the commissioner or department shall notify forthwith the clerk and the probation officer of the courts in which the convictions or dispositions have occurred, or other entries have been made, of such expungement, and said clerks and probation officers likewise shall expunge records of the same proceedings in their files.

(c) Effect of expungement. Such expunged records shall not operate to disqualify a
person in any examination, appointment or application for public service in the service of the
commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof; nor shall such expunged records be
admissible in evidence or used in any way in any court proceedings or hearings before any
boards or commissions.

26 (d) Employment applications. An application for employment used by an employer which 27 seeks information concerning prior arrests or convictions of the applicant shall include the 28 following statement: "An applicant for employment with an expunged record on file with the 29 commissioner of probation may answer 'no record' with respect to an inquiry herein relative to 30 prior arrests, criminal court appearances or convictions. An applicant for employment with an 31 expunged record on file with the commissioner of probation may answer 'no record' to an 32 inquiry herein relative to prior arrests or criminal court appearances. In addition, any applicant 33 for employment may answer 'no record' with respect to any inquiry relative to prior arrests, 34 court appearances and adjudications in all cases of delinquency or as a child in need of services

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which did not result in a complaint transferred to the superior court for criminal prosecution."
The attorney general may enforce the provisions of this paragraph by a suit in equity commenced
in the superior court.

(e) "No record" report of expunged records. The commissioner of the department, in
response to inquiries by authorized persons, shall in the case of an expunged record or in the case
of court appearances and adjudications in a case of delinquency or the case of a child in need of
services, report that no record exists.

42 (f) Prisoners serving sentences for expunged offenses. The commissioner of correction, 43 and the sheriffs and masters of all county Houses of Correction shall forthwith review the 44 sentencing mittimus of all prisoners in their custody to identify any prisoner held pursuant to a 45 conviction for a marihuana offense as defined by c. 94C or other provisions of law repealed by 46 the Cannabis Regulation and Taxation Act. Any prisoner so identified shall be reported to the 47 committee for public counsel services, and the district attorney for the county of the sentencing 48 court, along with a copy of the sentencing mittimus. Any prisoner being held only for sentence 49 under an expunged or repealed marihuana offense, or held on a probation surrender based only 50 on drug testing or other probation violation regarding the probationer's use of marihuana, may 51 apply to the sentencing court for an order of discharge and release. An initial hearing shall be 52 held within ten days of court application, to determine whether any basis other than a marihuana 53 or marihuana law violation exists for the prisoner's continued detention. If no other basis exists 54 the prisoner shall be released forthwith at the initial hearing; if other non-marihuana related 55 cause for custody appears to exist, the prisoner may seek a continuance of the initial hearing to 56 further investigate and present evidence regarding a claim that the only basis for the prisoner's

custody is a conviction or probation surrender for the violation of an expunged or other
marihuana offense or the prisoner's use of marihuana while on probation.

59 SECTION 2. Not later than July 1, 2017, the governor in consultation with the 60 department of correction, the parole board, the office of probation and the executive office of the 61 trial court, shall compile and submit to the advisory board on pardons a list identifying any 62 person convicted of an offense repealed by Chapter 334 of the Acts of 2016 within 5 years of the 63 effective date of repeal, the details of that person's conviction, and the sentence or sanction 64 imposed. Within 60 days of receipt of said list, the advisory board on pardons shall issue notice 65 to every person on said list of his or her right to apply for a pardon with the advisory board on 66 pardons for a repealed offense. The list shall contain people currently serving a sentence in a 67 house of correction or department of correction facility, a probation sentence or on release as a 68 result of the issuance of a parole warrant.

69 SECTION 3. Within 10 weeks of the original receipt of any petition filed under this act, 70 the advisory board shall transmit the original petition to the governor, together with its 71 conclusions and recommendations and together with such recommendations as have been 72 received from the above officials; except that if the board shall determine that adequate 73 consideration of the case requires a hearing on its merits by the board, said board shall not be 74 required to submit its recommendations at the end of ten weeks but shall notify the governor of 75 its intention to hold a hearing; but such a hearing shall be held and a report made to the governor 76 within six months of the original receipt of the petition by the board. If the board shall determine 77 that such a hearing shall be held, in the case of a petitioner who is confined under sentence for a 78 felony, the attorney general and the district attorney shall be notified of the hearing and they or

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their representatives given the opportunity to appear, examine the petitioner's witnesses and beheard.

81 In determining whether a petition for pardon shall come before a hearing, the board shall 82 only hold a hearing in cases when there is a question of fact regarding whether the conviction in 83 question was substantially related in time or circumstance to another conviction. In all other 84 cases, where the exclusive question is whether the conviction is for a crime repealed by this act, 85 the board shall issue a decision on whether the crime is a repealed crime and if the crime is a 86 crime repealed by the act, the board shall within 10 weeks of the filing of a petition issue a 87 positive recommendation for the pardon to the governor. In all other cases where a conviction is 88 subject to a question of fact or law, the board shall convene a hearing to make a determination.

The governor, within 10 days after any recommendation from the board shall have been laid before him, may disapprove of the recommendation. In case he shall fail so to transmit such disapproval with reasons 10 days after the recommendation shall have been presented to him, such recommendation shall have the force of law.