SENATE No. 1007

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Karen E. Spilka

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying resolution:

Resolutions to encourage equitable and diverse gender representation on the boards of companies in the Commonwealth.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Karen E. Spilka	Second Middlesex and Norfolk
Patricia A. Haddad	5th Bristol
Jason M. Lewis	Fifth Middlesex
Jay D. Livingstone	8th Suffolk
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex
Tricia Farley-Bouvier	3rd Berkshire
Josh S. Cutler	6th Plymouth
Carole A. Fiola	6th Bristol
Thomas J. Calter	12th Plymouth
Carolyn C. Dykema	8th Middlesex
Gailanne M. Cariddi	1st Berkshire
Jeffrey N. Roy	10th Norfolk
Timothy R. Madden	Barnstable, Dukes and Nantucket
Ann-Margaret Ferrante	5th Essex
Tackey Chan	2nd Norfolk
Edward F. Coppinger	10th Suffolk

Lori A. Ehrlich	8th Essex
Ruth B. Balser	12th Middlesex
Barbara L'Italien	Second Essex and Middlesex
William N. Brownsberger	Second Suffolk and Middlesex
Timothy J. Toomey, Jr.	26th Middlesex
Michael J. Barrett	Third Middlesex
Denise Provost	27th Middlesex
Angelo J. Puppolo, Jr.	12th Hampden
Daniel J. Ryan	2nd Suffolk
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk
Paul McMurtry	11th Norfolk
Michael J. Moran	18th Suffolk
Kathleen O'Connor Ives	First Essex
Kate Hogan	3rd Middlesex
Louis L. Kafka	8th Norfolk
Jennifer E. Benson	37th Middlesex
Gloria L. Fox	7th Suffolk
Harriette L. Chandler	First Worcester
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester
Patricia D. Jehlen	Second Middlesex
Joseph W. McGonagle, Jr.	28th Middlesex
Joan B. Lovely	Second Essex
Walter F. Timilty	7th Norfolk
Jonathan Hecht	29th Middlesex
Peter V. Kocot	1st Hampshire
Nick Collins	4th Suffolk
Tom Sannicandro	7th Middlesex
Carmine L. Gentile	13th Middlesex
Michelle M. DuBois	10th Plymouth
Alice Hanlon Peisch	14th Norfolk
Chris Walsh	6th Middlesex

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By Ms. Spilka, a petition (accompanied by resolution, Senate, No. 1007) of Karen E. Spilka, Patricia A. Haddad, Jason M. Lewis, Jay D. Livingstone and other members of the General Court for legislation to encourage equitable and diverse gender representation on the boards of companies in the Commonwealth. Labor and Workforce Development.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Eighty-Ninth General Court (2015-2016)

Resolutions to encourage equitable and diverse gender representation on the boards of companies in the Commonwealth.

- Whereas, equitable and diverse gender representation in the leadership ranks of
- 2 Massachusetts companies is essential to enhance the Commonwealth's competitive position in
- 3 the global economy; and
- Whereas, women make up 48% of the labor force in Massachusetts and 46.9% of the
- 5 labor force nationally; women in the U.S. earned 57.3% of bachelor's degrees, 59.9% of masters
- 6 degrees, 51.4% of doctorate degrees, and 36.8% of MBA's in 2010-2011; and women make up
- 7 59% of college-educated entry-level workforce, 52% of all professional-level jobs, 14% of
- 8 executive officers, and 8.1% of top earners (2014); and
- 9 Whereas, the Boston Club's 2014 Census of Women Directors and Executive Officers of
- 10 Massachusetts Public Companies reports that as of June 2014, women hold 14.9% of the board
- seats and 11.8% of executive officer positions in the 100 largest public companies in
- 12 Massachusetts. Twenty-four of these 100 companies have no women on their boards of directors;

- 13 46 have no women executive officers; and 19 have no women on their boards of directors or in 14 their executive suites; and
- Whereas, the 2014 Credit Suisse Gender 3000 report confirmed, after analyzing over
 3,000 companies across the world, that greater gender diversity on boards of directors and in
 management "are empirically associated with higher returns on equity, higher price/book
 valuations and superior stock price performance." In addition, the authors "find no evidence that
 female led companies reflect greater financial conservatism where leverage is concerned [and]
 dividend payout ratios have been shown to be higher."; and
- Whereas, reports issued by Thomson Reuters (2013), Credit Suisse (2012) and McKinsey (2007, 2010, 2013), have substantiated the correlation between greater gender diversity in top management and enhanced corporate performance; and
- Whereas, according to the McKinsey Quarterly article "Can Women Fix Capitalism?" the case for women in leadership positions is strong, noting that "women bring improved decision making at the top, more creativity and innovation, and better problem solving, stemming from greater cognitive diversity. Women also improve the ecosystem, because company leaders better match the profile of customers and employees. And when three or more women make it to the top team, a company's organizational health appears to improve on every one of the nine dimensions McKinsey tracks"; and
- Whereas, in countries that require reporting on gender diversity policies for regulated companies, disclosure requirements have led to progress toward gender and diversity goals in executive positions and on boards of directors; therefore be it

Resolved, that the Legislature encourages equitable and diverse gender representation in the public and private leadership ranks of Massachusetts companies and state government; and be it further

Resolved, that all companies doing business in Massachusetts, privately held as well as publicly traded, should adopt policies and practices designed to increase the gender diversity in their boards of directors and senior management groups and set goals by which to measure their progress; and be it further

Resolved, that all companies in Massachusetts, privately held as well as publicly traded, should publicly disclose the number of women and total number of individuals on their boards of directors; and be it further

Resolved, that by December 31, 2018, all corporate boards with nine or more members should have a minimum of three women directors; all boards with fewer than nine members should have a minimum of two women directors; and all companies, privately held as well as publicly traded, should measure their progress toward a goal of equal representation of men and women in leadership positions on an annual basis.